

Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)




Data on COVID-19 during Pregnancy

Updated Sept. 10, 2020 [Print](#)

Tracking data on COVID-19 during pregnancy can protect pregnant women and their babies.

An [MMWR study](#) suggests that pregnant women with COVID-19 are more likely to be hospitalized and are at increased risk for intensive care unit (ICU) admission and receipt of mechanical ventilation than nonpregnant women. Risk of death is similar for both groups. But much remains unknown.



CDC is collaborating with state, local, and territorial health departments and external partners to better understand COVID-19 during pregnancy. Health departments that are notified of COVID-19 cases in pregnant women may collect more information on these women using an [optional module](#)  in addition to the [case report form](#). Findings will be rapidly translated into updated clinical guidance for pregnant women and infants.

What CDC is doing to learn more about COVID-19 during pregnancy.

Latest Guidance

- [Evaluation and Management Considerations for Neonates At Risk for COVID-19](#)
- [Considerations for Inpatient Obstetric Healthcare Settings](#)
- [Care for Breastfeeding Women](#)

Weekly COVID-19 Pregnancy Data

Last updated September 10, 2020

Tracking data on COVID-19 during pregnancy can protect moms and babies affected by COVID-19.

Pregnant women with COVID-19, United States [January 22-September 8, 2020]

TOTAL CASES

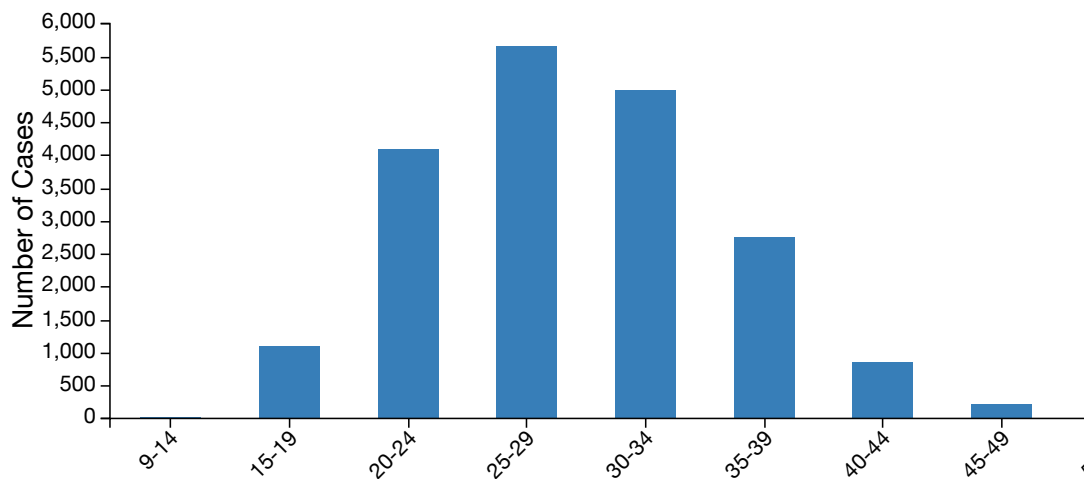
20,798

TOTAL DEATHS

44

Pregnant women with COVID-19 by age, United States, [January 22-September 8, 2020]

Data were collected from 20,798 women, and age was available for 19,769 (95%) women.



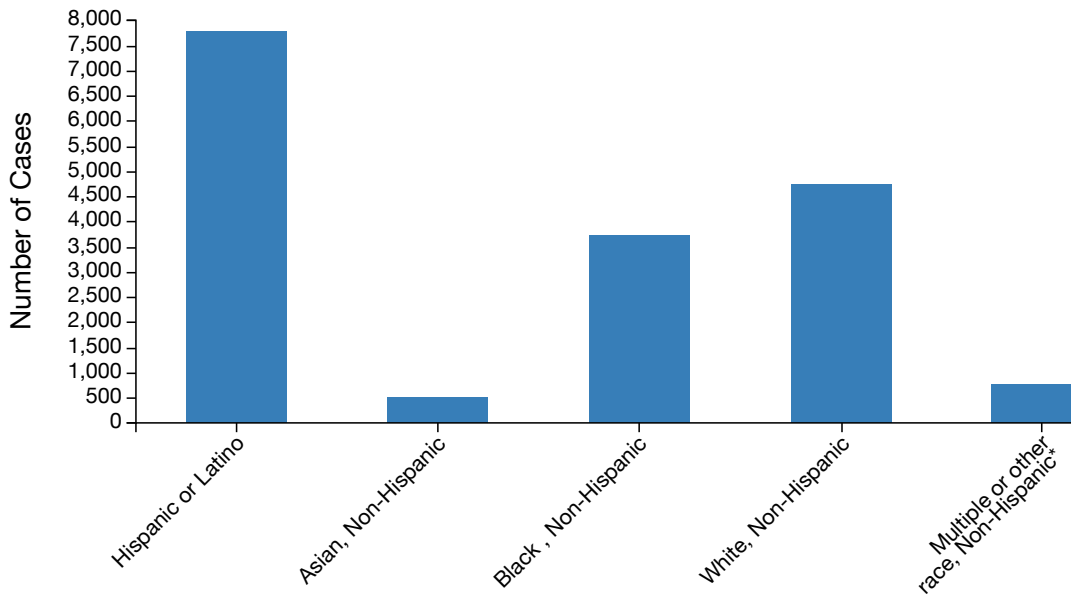
Data Table

	9-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49
Pregnant Women	28	1,094	4,101	5,661	4,987	2,753	854	218

*Ages that are <9 and >54 are not reported.

Pregnant women with COVID-19 by race/ethnicity, United States, [January 22-September 8, 2020]

Data were collected from 20,798 women, but race/ethnicity was only available for 17,523 (84.3%) women.



[View Data](#)

	Hispanic or Latino	Asian, Non-Hispanic	Black, Non-Hispanic	White, Non-Hispanic
Cases	7,786	512	3,729	4,733

Scroll for additional info

*Other race includes non-Hispanic American Indian or Alaska Native or non-Hispanic Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

Pregnant women with COVID-19 who were hospitalized,* United States, [January 22-September 8, 2020]

Data were collected from 20,798 women, but hospitalization data were only available for 17,697 (85%).

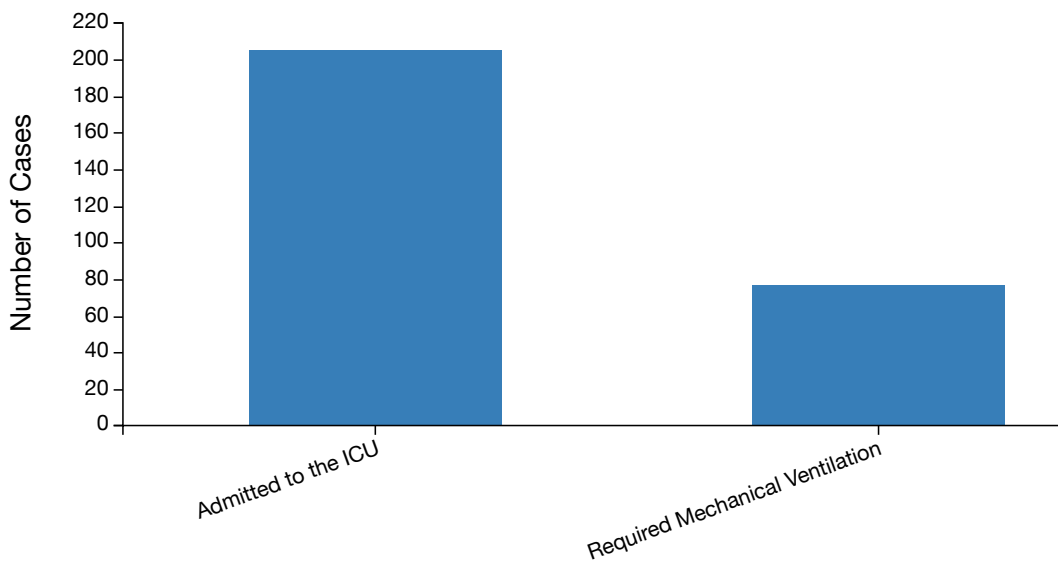
HOSPITALIZED CASES

4,882

*Data were not available to distinguish hospitalization for COVID-19-related indications, such as worsening respiratory status, from hospital admission for pregnancy-related indications, such as delivery.

Pregnant women with COVID-19 admitted to the ICU, or who required mechanical ventilation, United States, [January 22-September 8, 2020]

Data were collected from 20,798 women, but ICU admission data were only available for 5,339 (25.7%) women, and mechanical ventilation data were only available for 4,674 (22.5%) women.



[View Data](#)

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	Admitted to the ICU	Required Mechanical Ventilation
Cases	205	77

Abbreviation: ICU, intensive care unit.

About the Data

This page is updated weekly on Thursday at 1:00pm ET based on data collected by Tuesday at 12:30pm ET. The cases reported are only confirmed cases with laboratory evidence of SARS-CoV-2 infection.

There are currently 56 U.S.-affiliated jurisdictions reporting cases of COVID-19. This includes 50 states, District of Columbia, Guam, New York City, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the U.S Virgin Islands.

Because only about a quarter of case report forms include information on pregnancy status, these numbers likely do not include all pregnant women with COVID-19 in the United States and must be interpreted with caution. The completeness of this variable continues to improve each week. Increases in the total number of cases of COVID-19 among pregnant women are largely due to the updating of pregnancy status among already reported cases. Case numbers reported on other websites may differ from what is posted on CDC's website because CDC's overall case numbers are validated through a confirmation process with each jurisdiction. Differences between reporting jurisdictions and CDC's website may occur because of the timing of reporting and website updates. The process used for finding and confirming cases displayed by other sites may differ. Case counts may fluctuate from week to week due to data quality and cleaning processes.

For more information on how CDC collects COVID-19 surveillance data, see [FAQ: COVID-19 Data and Surveillance](#).

Last Updated Sept. 10, 2020

Content source: [National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases \(NCIRD\), Division of Viral Diseases](#)