

#### Safety and immunogenicity of MenQuadfi<sup>™</sup> Meningococcal (Groups A, C, Y, W) Conjugate Vaccine

ACIP Meeting, 24 June 2020



### Agenda

- Public health burden of invasive meningococcal disease
- Introduction of MenQuadfi
- Clinical data supporting approval of MenQuadfi by US FDA
- Summary

### Public health burden of meningococcal disease

- Invasive meningococcal disease (IMD) remains a major global health challenge because it can strike quickly and with devastating effect, taking a life in < 24 hours<sup>1,2</sup>
- Case-fatality rate is ~10% to 15% even with appropriate treatment<sup>2</sup>
- ~1 in 5 survivors suffer permanent sequelae<sup>3,4</sup>
  - Limb amputation
  - Deafness
  - Brain damage
- Since introduction of the first MenACWY in 2005, MenACWY-D, IMD caused by serogroups C, W, and Y has declined by > 90% among adolescents and young adults<sup>5</sup>
- Despite impact of available MenACWY on meningococcal disease burden, there remains room for improvement

References: 1. Thompson MJ, et al. Lancet. 2006;367(9508):397-403. 2. WHO. https://www.who.int/en/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/meningococcal-meningitis [accessed March 2020]. 3. CDC. MMWR. 2013;62(RR-2):1-22. 4. Rosenstein NE, et al. N Engl J Med. 2001;344(18):1378-1388. 5. MacNeil JR, et al. Clin Infect Dis 2018; 66:1276–81.

### What is MenQuadfi (MenACYW-TT)?

- A quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine to help prevent invasive meningococcal disease caused by serogroups A, C, W, and Y
- FDA approved on 23 April 2020 for use in persons 2 years of age and older
- Developed with the **ambition** of being:
  - Used across a broad age range
    - Studies to support expansion of age indication to include infants as young as 6 weeks of age are in progress
  - Incorporated in various immunization schedules that exist worldwide
- Conjugated to **tetanus toxoid** (approximately 55 µg)
  - Each 0.5-mL intramuscular dose contains 10 µg each of the 4 meningococcal polysaccharides
- Fully liquid solution that **does not require reconstitution** and supplied in a single-dose vial

Clinical Study Code	Phase	Title	Comparator	ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier
MET50	II	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Healthy Adolescents (NOTE: Coadministered vaccines were Tdap and HPV4)	MenACWY-CRM (Menveo)	NCT02199691
MET49	III	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adults Age 56 Years and Older	MPSV4 (Menomune – A/C/Y/W-135)	NCT02842866
MET56	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of a Booster Dose of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults	MenACWY-D (Menactra)	NCT02752906
MET35	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine Administered in Healthy Children 2 to 9 Years of Age	MenACWY-CRM (Menveo)	NCT03077438
MET43	Ш	Immune Lot Consistency, Immunogenicity, and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults Aged 10 to 55 Years	MenACWY-D (Menactra)	NCT02842853

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		Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent	MPSV4	
MET49		Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adults Age 56 Years and Older	(Menomune – A/C/Y/W-135)	NCT02842866
MET56	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of a Booster Dose of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults	MenACWY-D (Menactra)	NCT02752906
MET35	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine Administered in Healthy Children 2 to 9 Years of Age	MenACWY-CRM (Menveo)	NCT03077438
MET43	Ш	Immune Lot Consistency, Immunogenicity, and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults Aged 10 to 55 Years	MenACWY-D (Menactra)	NCT02842853

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MET35	111	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine Administered in Healthy Children 2 to 9 Years of Age	MenACWY-CRM (Menveo)	NCT03077438
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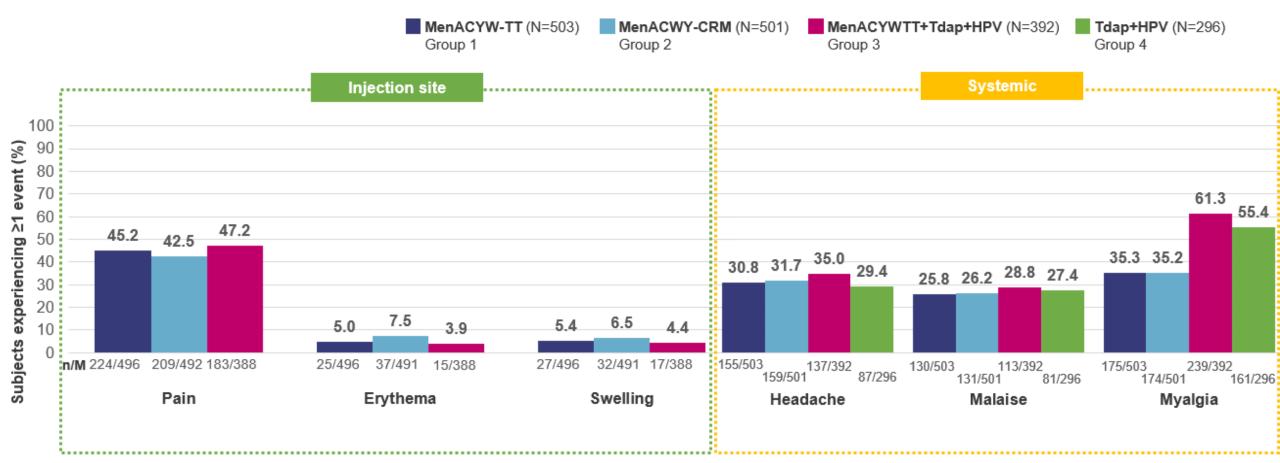
# MET50: Phase II study in MenACWY-naïve adolescents 10–17 years of age

Short Study Title	Immune Non-i in Adolescents	nferiority, Safety and Co-administration study s	Baseline Demographics (Safety Analysis Set)
Study Population	Age Number of	10-17 years 1715	Characteristic ↓
	subjects Meningococcal-v	vaccine naïve	<b>Gender</b> , n (%) Female
Study Design	Group 1: MenA Group 2: MenA		Age in years, mean (std deviation)
Vaccination Schedule	Single dose of MenACYW-TT or MenACWY-CRM Single dose of Tdap 3 doses of HPV (0,2,6 months)		<b>Race</b> , n (%) White African-American Other
First subject visit	22 July 2014		Ethnicity p (%)
Last subject visit	02 October 2015	5	<b>Ethnicity</b> , n (%) Hispanic or Latino

\*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

### **MET50: Frequency of solicited reactions**

Within 7 days after vaccination, Safety Analysis Set

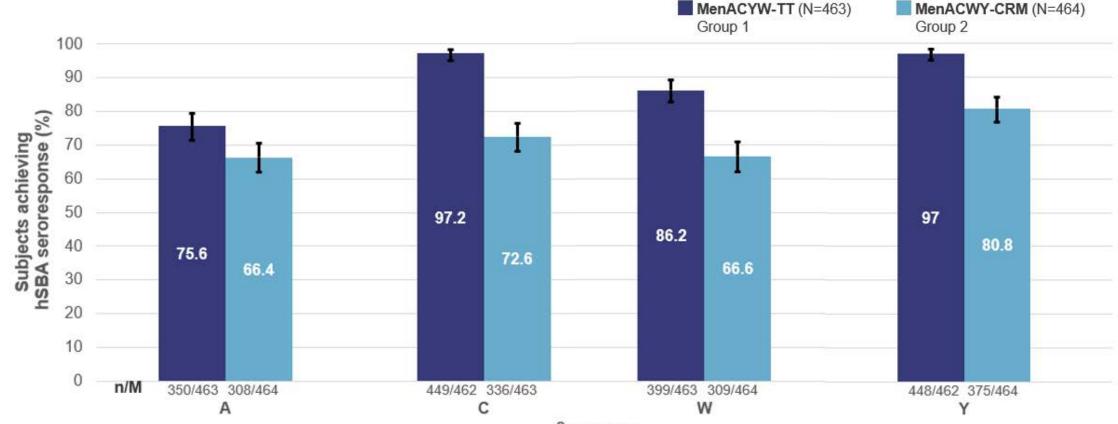


n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group.

References: 1. Chang LJ et al. Vaccine. 2020 Apr 23:38(19):3560-3569. 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02199691 (MET50). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02199691 [accessed June 2020]

### MET50: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in adolescents 10–17 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

Serogroup

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be  $\geq$  1:8

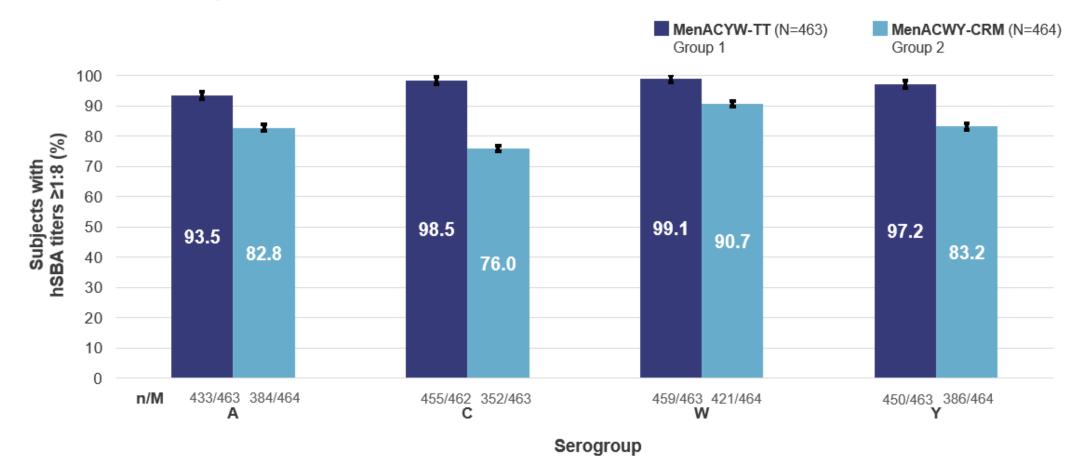
• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer ≥ 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

### MET50: Percentage of subjects 10–17 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

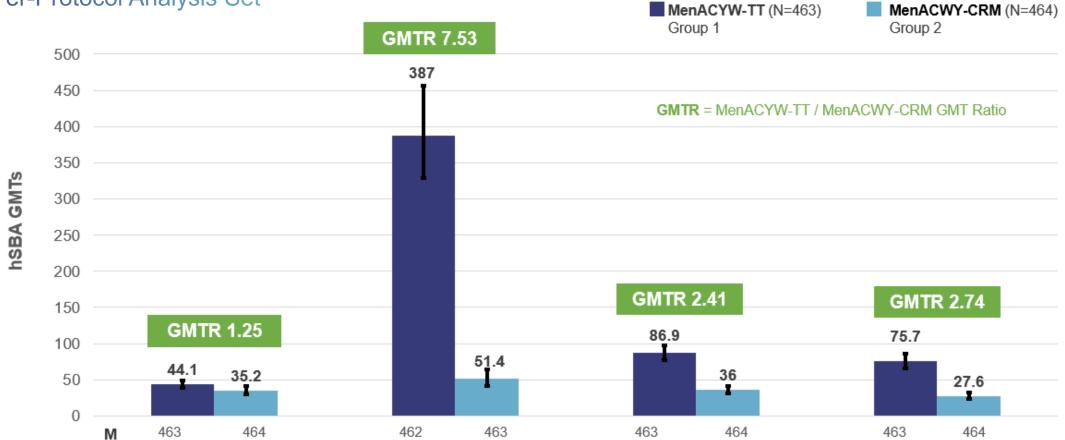
Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8; N, total number of subjects in group

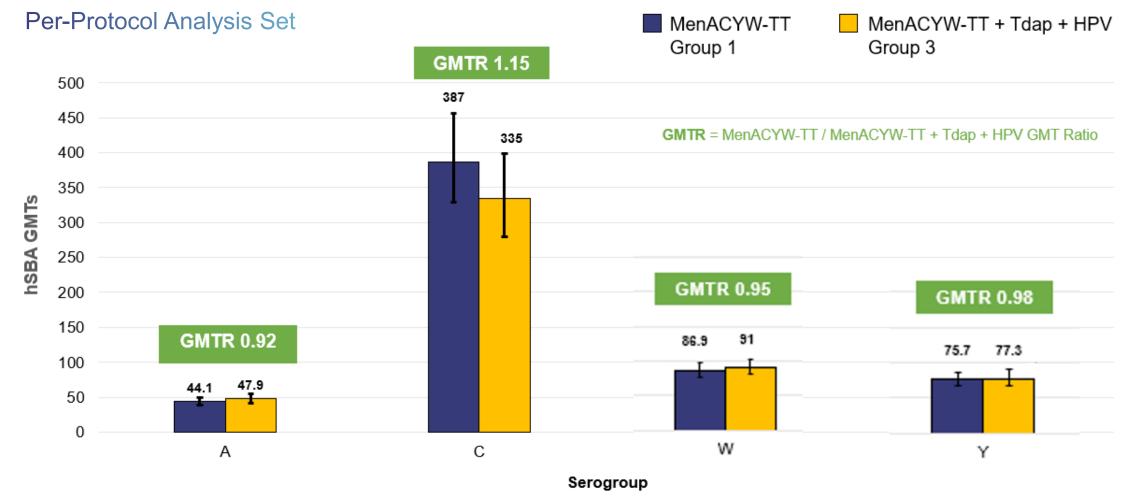
### **MET50: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30**

#### Per-Protocol Analysis Set



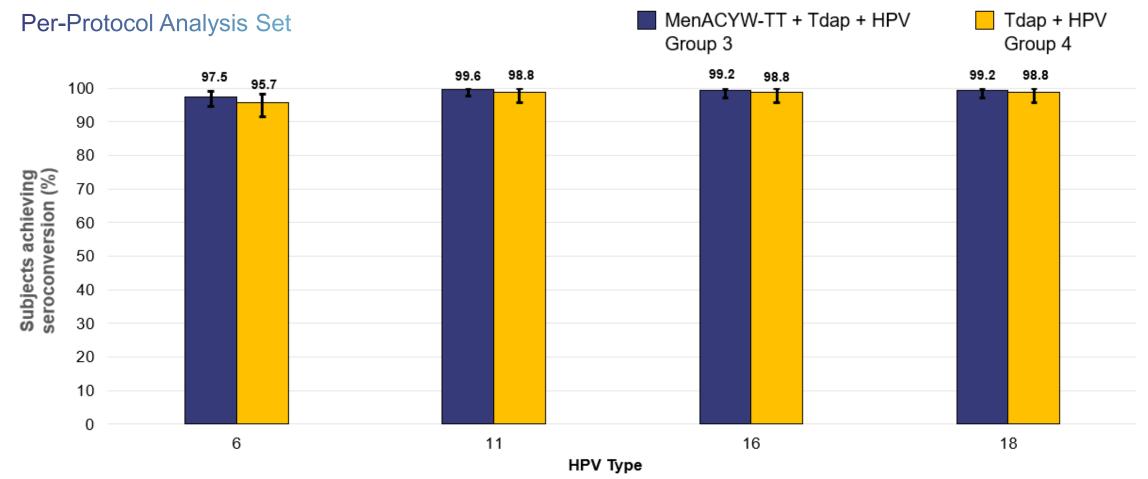
D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in group **Reference:** Chang LJ et al. *Vaccine.* 2020 Apr 23:38(19):3560-3569

### MET50: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement

#### MET50: HPV type-specific SEROCONVERSION rates at D210

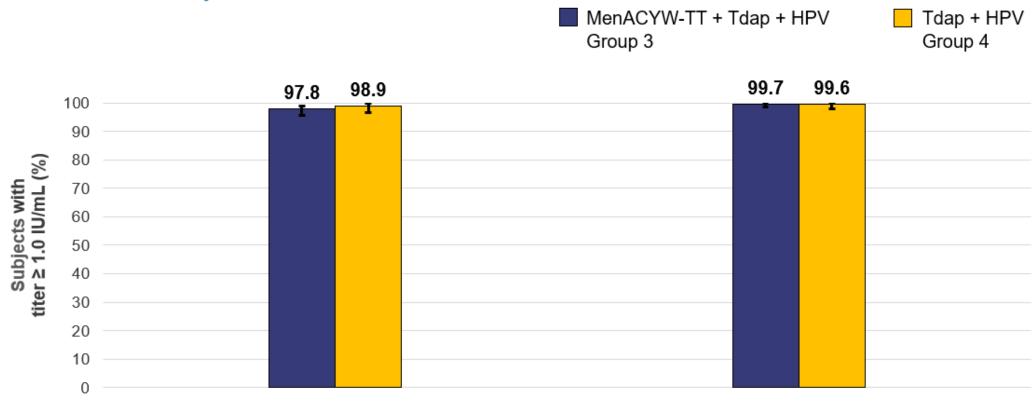


HPV seroconversion was defined as changing serostatus from seronegative to seropositive. Cutoff values for HPV seropositivity were  $\geq$ 20 milli-Merck units/milliliter (mMU/mL) for types 6 and 16,  $\geq$  16 mMU/mL for type 11, and  $\geq$  24mMU/mL for type 18.

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%. D210, day 210

### MET50: DIPHTHERIA and TETANUS SEROPROTECTION rates at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



#### Diphtheria

Tetanus

Seroprotection defined as titer  $\geq$  1.0 IU/mL.

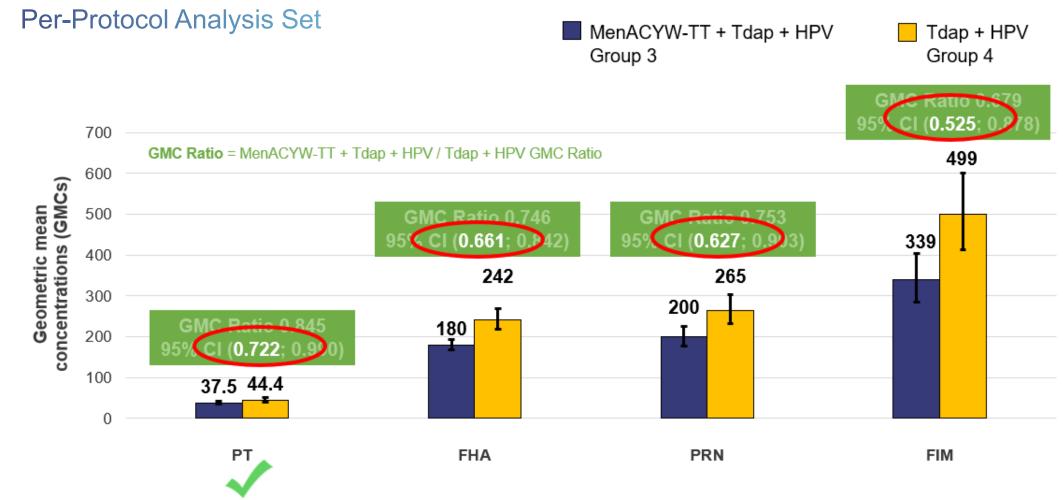
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%Cl of the proportion difference is >-10%. D30, day 30

#### MET50: PERTUSSIS Antigens GEOMETRIC MEAN CONCENTRATIONS at D30

**Per-Protocol Analysis Set** MenACYW-TT + Tdap + HPV Tdap + HPV Group 3 Group 4 GMC Ratio 0.679 95% CI (0.525; 0.878) 700 GMC Ratio = MenACYW-TT + Tdap + HPV / Tdap + HPV GMC Ratio 499 600 Geometric mean concentrations (GMCs) 500 GMC Ratio 0.746 GMC Ratio 0.753 95% CI (0.661; 0.842) 95% CI (0.627; 0.903) 339 400 242 265 300 200 GMC Ratio 0.845 180 200 95% CI (0.722; 0.990) 100 37.5 44.4 0 PT PRN FHA FIM

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%Cl of the ratio is > 0.667. D30, day 30

#### MET50: PERTUSSIS Antigens GEOMETRIC MEAN CONCENTRATIONS at D30



Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%Cl of the ratio is > 0.667. D30, day 30

# MET49: Phase III study in MenACWY-naïve adults ≥ 56 years of age

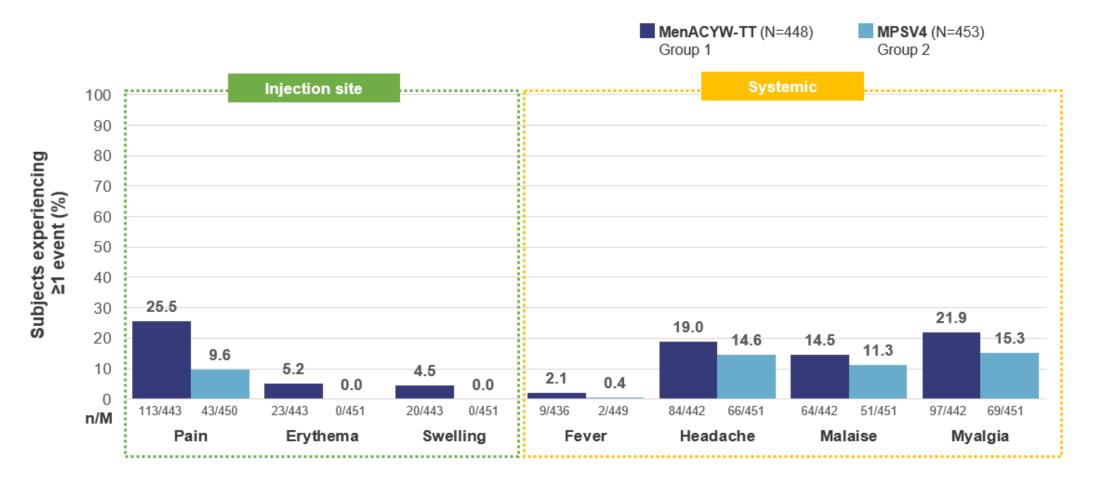
Short Study Title	Immune Non-inf	feriority and Safety Study in Older Adults	Baseline Demograph (Safety Analysis Set)	ics*
Study	Age	≥ 56 years	Characteristic ↓	All (N=901)
Population	Number of subjects	907	<b>Gender</b> , n (%) Female	<b>520</b> (57.4)
Study Design	Group 1: MenAC Group 2: MPSV4		<b>Age in years,</b> mean (std deviation)	<b>72.4</b> (5.62)
Vaccination Schedule	Single dose of Me	enACYW-TT or MPSV4	<b>Race</b> , n (%) White African-American Other	<b>793</b> (87.5) <b>101</b> (11.1) <b>11</b> (1.2)
First subject visit	15 July 2016			<b>II</b> (1.2)
Last subject visit	13 February 2017	,	<b>Ethnicity</b> , n (%) Hispanic or Latino	<b>67</b> (7.4)

\*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

References: 1. Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411. 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET49 clinical study report).

### **MET49: Frequency of solicited reactions**

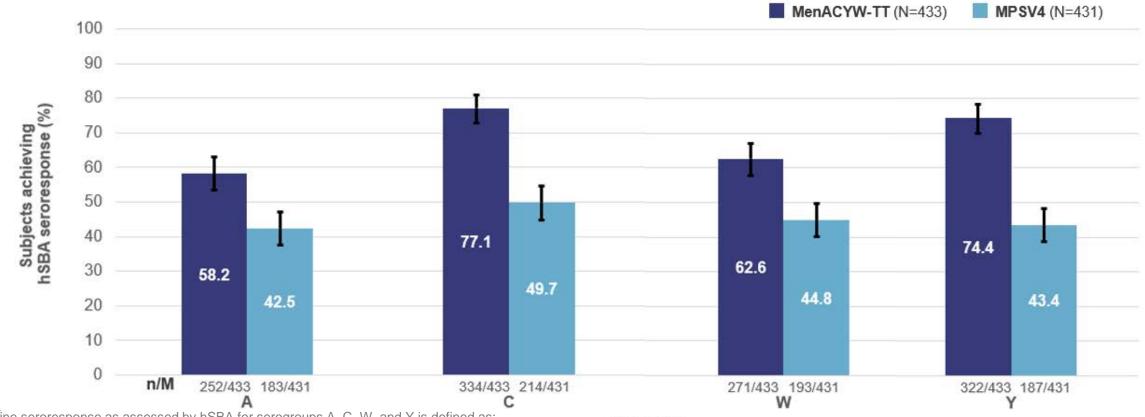
Within 7 days of injection, Safety Analysis Set



D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group. **References: 1.** Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. *Vaccine*. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411. **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842866 (MET49). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842866</u> [accessed June 2020].

### MET49: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in adults ≥ 56 years of age

**Per-Protocol Analysis Set** 



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

Serogroup

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be  $\ge$  1:16

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer  $\geq$  1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

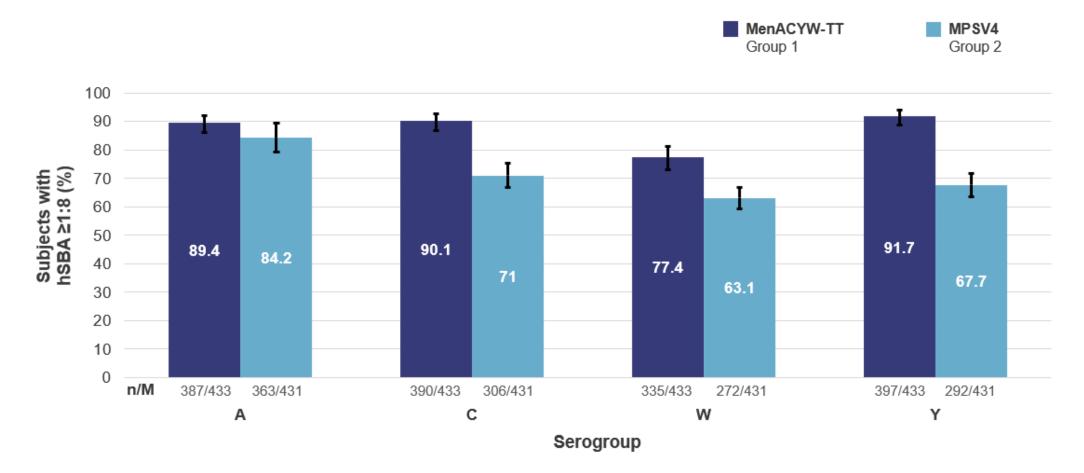
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411.

## MET49: Percentage of adults ≥ 56 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

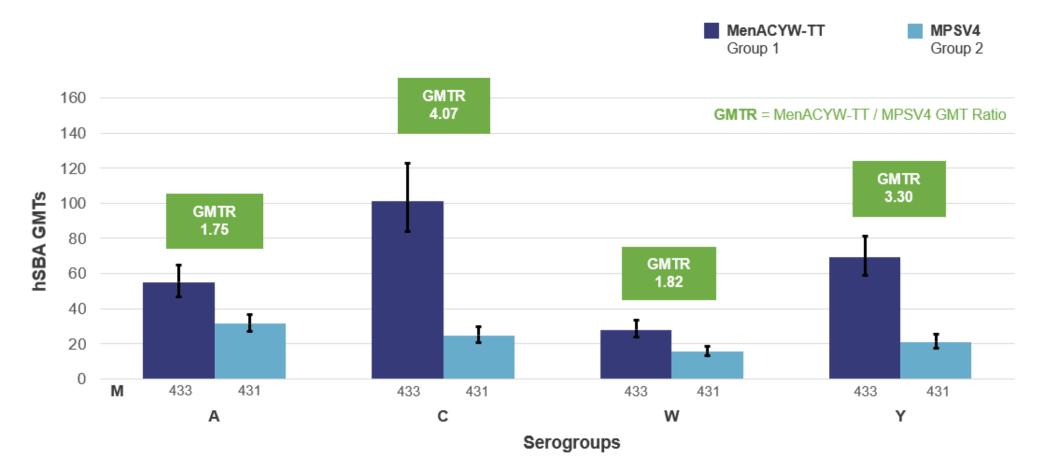


D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8

Reference: Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411.

### MET49: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio

Reference: Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411.

### MET56: Phase III study in MenACWY-primed persons ≥ 15 years of age

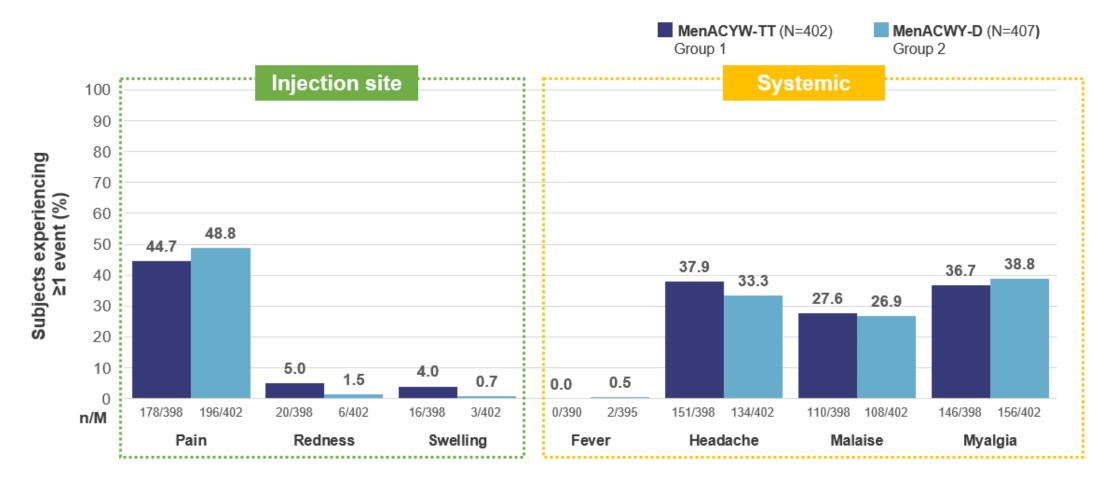
Short Study Title	Immune Non-In Vaccine	feriority and Safety Study of a Booster	Baseline Demogra (Safety Analysis S	-	
	Age	≥15 years	Characteristic ↓	All	
Study Population	Number of subjects	810	+	(N=809)	
	Primed with Men/	ACWY-D or MenACWY-CRM; 4 to 10 years	<ul> <li>Gender, n (%)</li> <li>Female</li> </ul>	<b>407</b> (50.2)	
Study Design	Group 1: MenAC Group 2: MenAC		Age in years, mean (std deviation)	<b>20</b> (5.78)	
Vaccination Schedule	Single dose of Me	enACYW-TT or MenACWY-D	Race, n (%) White African-American Other	682 (84.3) 85 (10.5) 41 (5.0)	
First subject visit	15 April 2016		Ethnicity, n (%)		
Last subject visit	19 December 207	16	Hispanic or Latino	<b>134</b> (16.6)	

\*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

References: 1. : Añez G et al. Hum Vaccin Immunother. 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub). 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET56 clinical study report).

### **MET56: Frequency of solicited reactions**

within 7 days after vaccination, Safety Analysis Set



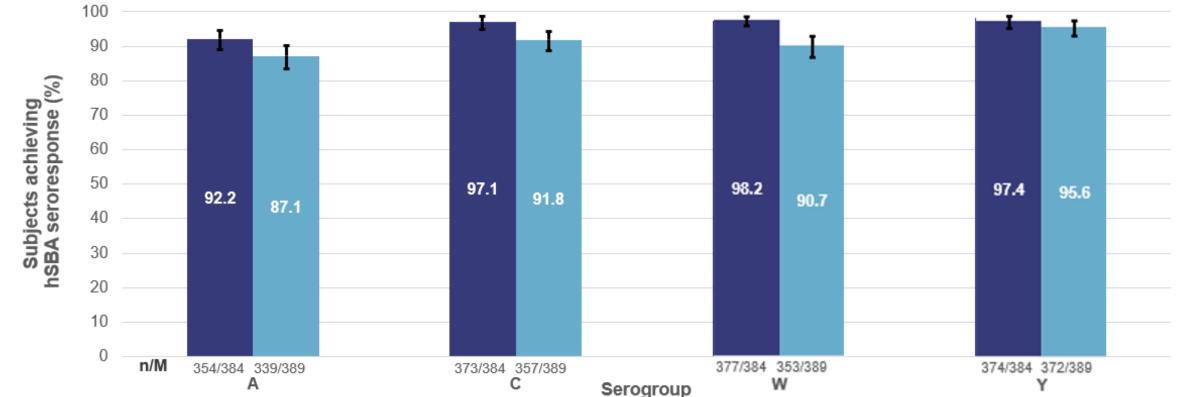
D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group.

References: 1. Áñez G et al. Hum Vaccin Immunother. 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub). 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02752906 (MET56). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02752906 [accessed June 2020].

# MET56: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in MenACWY-primed persons ≥ 15 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

MenACYW-TT (N=384) Group 1 MenACWY-D (N=389) Group 2



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as: For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be  $\geq$  1:16; for a subject with a pre-vaccination titer  $\geq$  1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

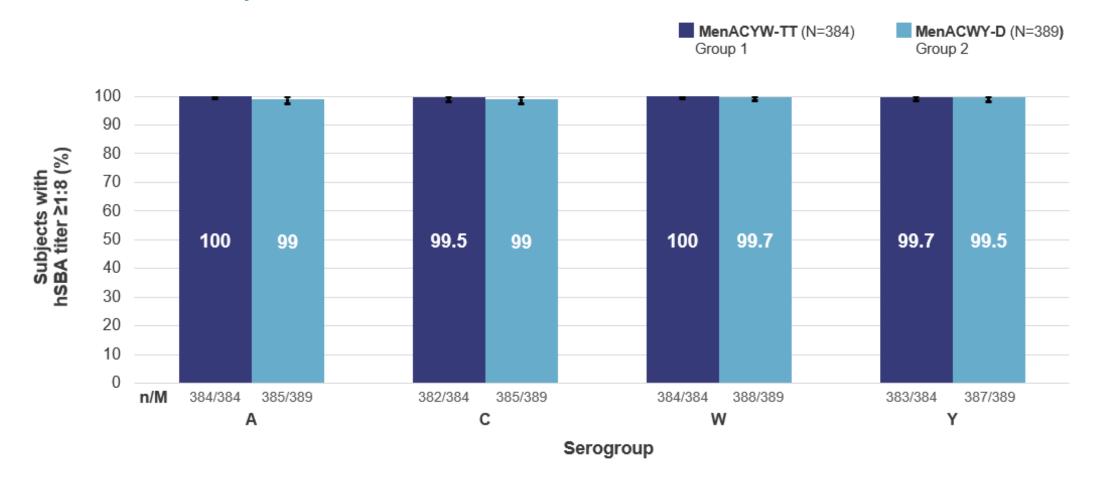
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Áñez G et al. Hum Vaccin Immunother. 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub)

# MET56: MenACWY-primed persons ≥ 15 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

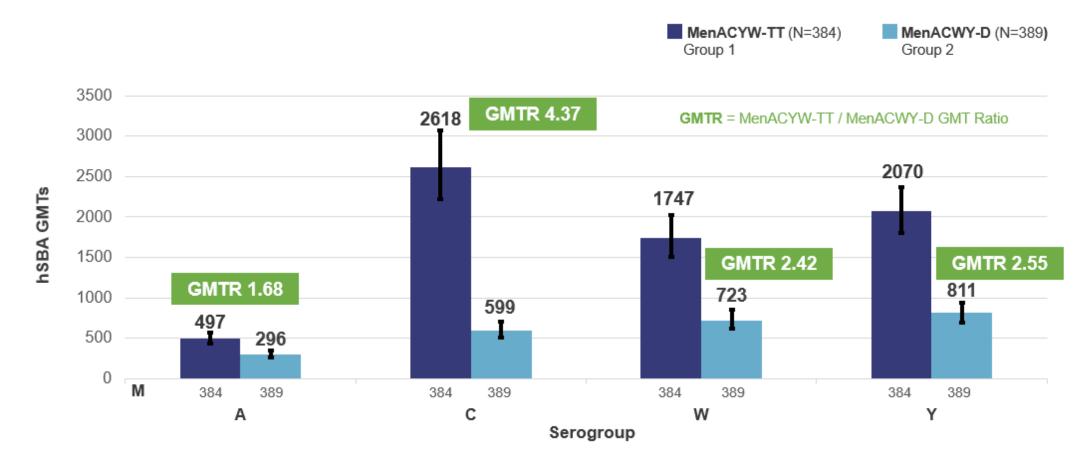
**Per-Protocol Analysis** 



D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8 **References: 1.** Áñez G et al. *Hum Vaccin Immunother.* 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02752906 (MET56). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02752906</u> [accessed June 2020]

### **MET56: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30**

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in group **Reference:** Áñez G et al. *Hum Vaccin Immunother.* 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub).

Clinical Study Code	Phase	Title	Comparator	ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier
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MET56	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of a Booster Dose of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults	MPSV4 (Menomune)	NCT02752906
MET49	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adults Age 56 Years and Older	MenACWY-D (Menactra)	NCT02842866
MET35	Ш	Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine Administered in Healthy Children 2 to 9 Years of Age	MenACWY-CRM (Menveo)	NCT03077438
MET43	Ш	Immune Lot Consistency, Immunogenicity, and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults Aged 10 to 55 Years	MenACWY-D (Menactra)	NCT02842853

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# MET35: Phase III study in MenACWY-naïve persons 2–9 years of age

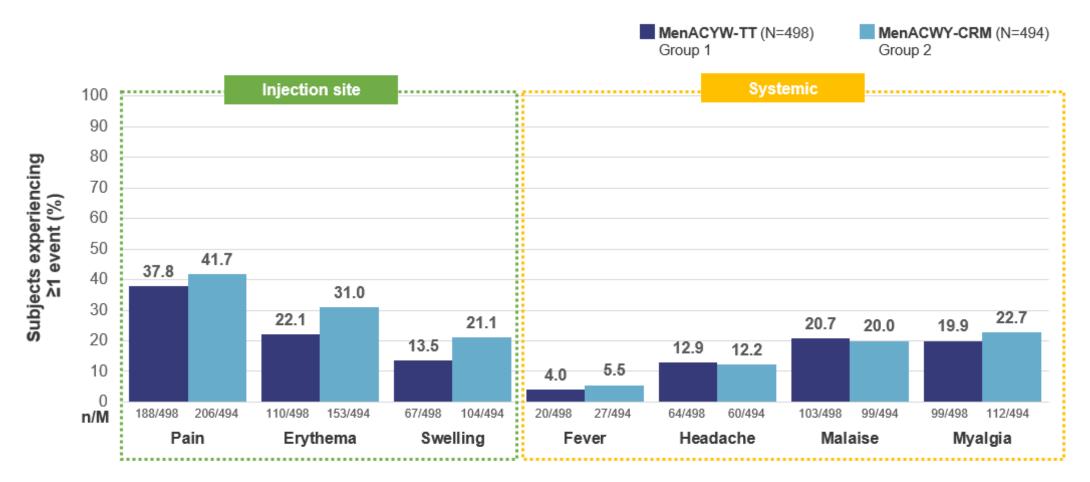
Short Study Title	Immune Non-In	feriority and Safety Study in Children	Baseline Demograp (Safety Analysis Se	
Study	Age	2-9 years	Characteristic ↓	All (N=992)
Population	Number of subjects	1000	<b>Gender</b> , n (%) Female	<b>516</b> (52.0)
Study Design	Group 1: MenA Group 2: MenA		<b>Age in years,</b> mean (std deviation)	<b>6.0</b> (2.34)
Vaccination Schedule	Single dose of M	lenACYW-TT or MenACWY-CRM	Race, n (%) White African-American Other	<b>812</b> (81.9) <b>126</b> (12.7) <b>51</b> (5.1)
First subject visit	17 February 201	7	Ethnicity, n (%)	51 (3.1)
Last subject visit	10 October 2017	10 October 2017		<b>229</b> (23.1)

\*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

References: 1. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT030774388 [accessed June 2020] 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET35 clinical study report).

### **MET35: Frequency of solicited reactions**

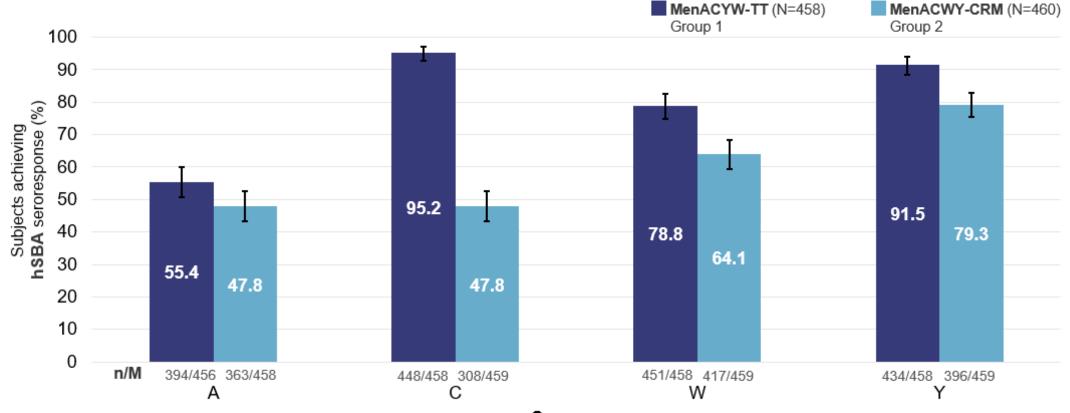
Within 7 days of injection, Safety Analysis Set



D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group. **Reference:** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT030774388</u> [accessed June 2020].

### MET35: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in children 2–9 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Serogroup

Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be  $\ge$  1:16

For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer  $\geq$  1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

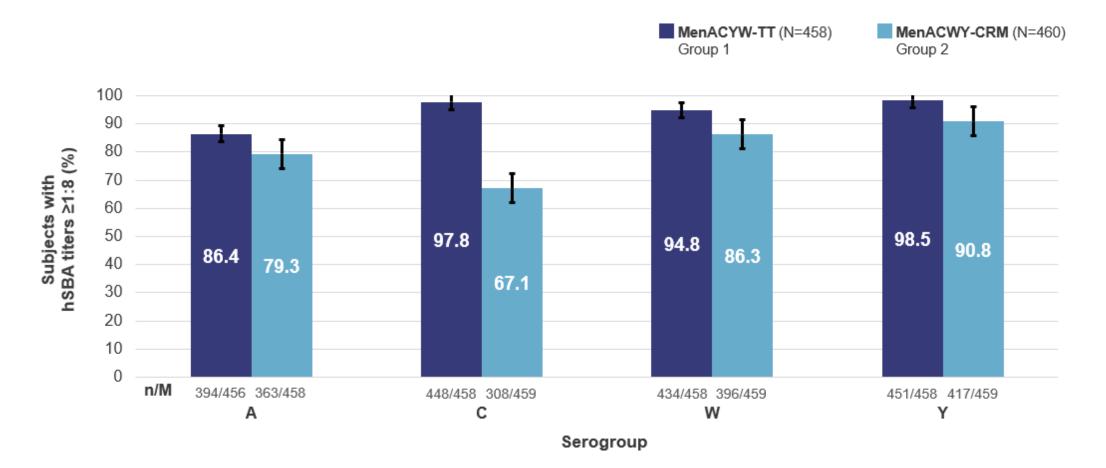
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03077438 [accessed June 2020]

# MET35: Children 2–9 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

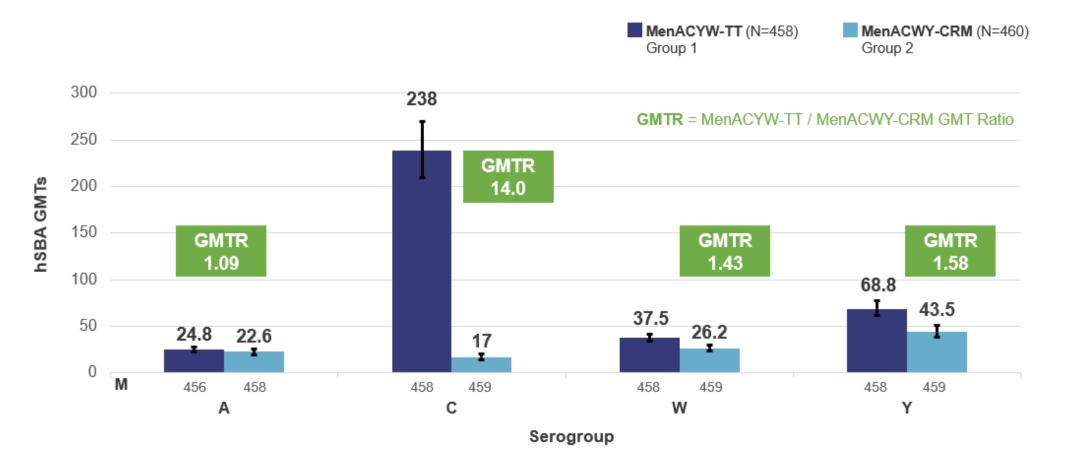


D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8; N, total number of subjects in group.

**Reference:** Simon M, et al. Safety and immunogenicity of a quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine (MenACYW-TT) administered in healthy meningococcal vaccine naïve children (2-9 years). Poster presented at the 37<sup>th</sup> Annual meeting of the European Society for Paediatric Infectious Diseases, May 6-11 2019, Ljubljana. Slovenia [accessed June 2020].

### MET35: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in Group. **Reference:** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03077438</u> [accessed June 2020].

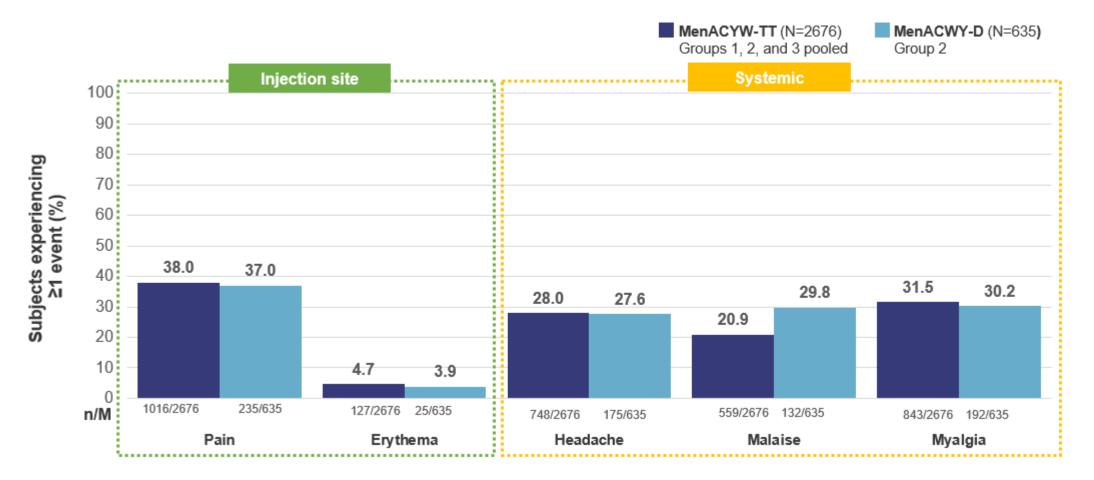
# MET43: Phase III study in adolescents and adults aged 10–55 years

Short Study Title	Immune lot consistency Study in Adolescents a	y, Immune Non-Inferiority and Safety and Adults	Baseline De (Safety Anal
	Age	10–55 years	Characte
Study Population	Number of subjects	3344	
	Meningococcal vaccine-n	aïve	Gend
Study Design	Group 1: MenACYW-TT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>Age ir</b> mean (std de
Vaccination Schedule	Group 3: MenACYW-TT Single dose of MenACYW	•	Rac African-Ar
First subject visit	15 July 2016		
_ast subject visit	28 February 2017	<u>C</u> -	<b>Ethnicity</b> , Hispanic or

References: 1. Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET43 clinical study report).

### **MET43: Frequency of solicited reactions**

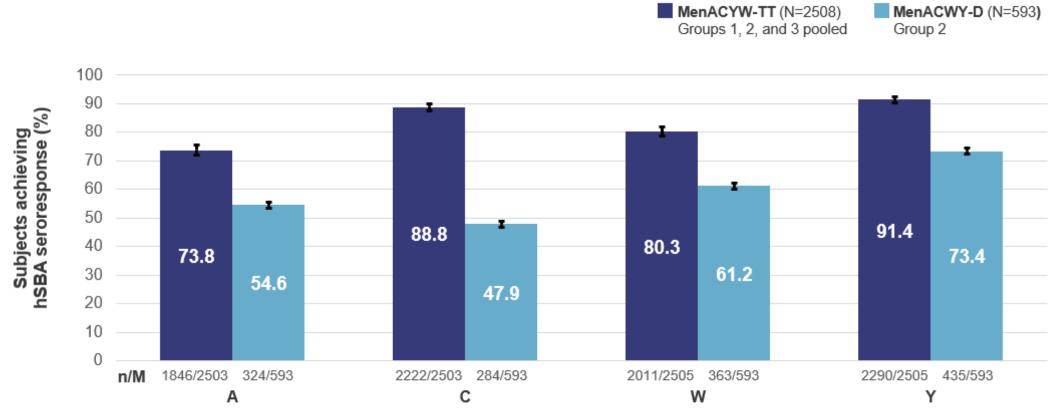
Within 7 days of injection, Safety Analysis Set



D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group. **References: 1.** Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: <a href="https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853">https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853</a> [accessed June 2020].

### MET43: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in persons 10–55 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

Serogroup

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be  $\geq$  1:16

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer ≥ 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

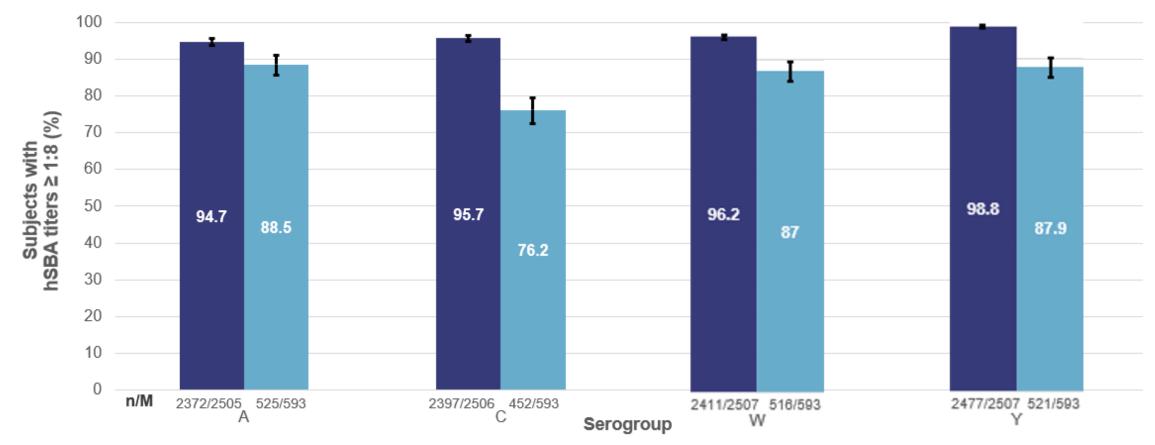
References: 1. Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853 [accessed June 2020].

# MET43: Persons 10–55 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

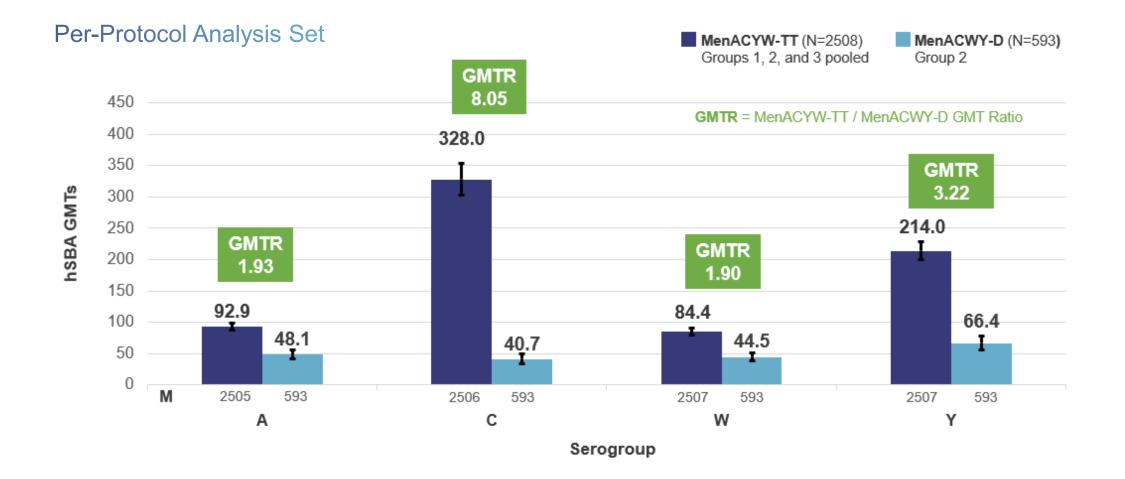
MenACYW-TT (N=2508) Groups 1, 2, and 3 pooled Groups

MenACWY-D (N=593) Group 2

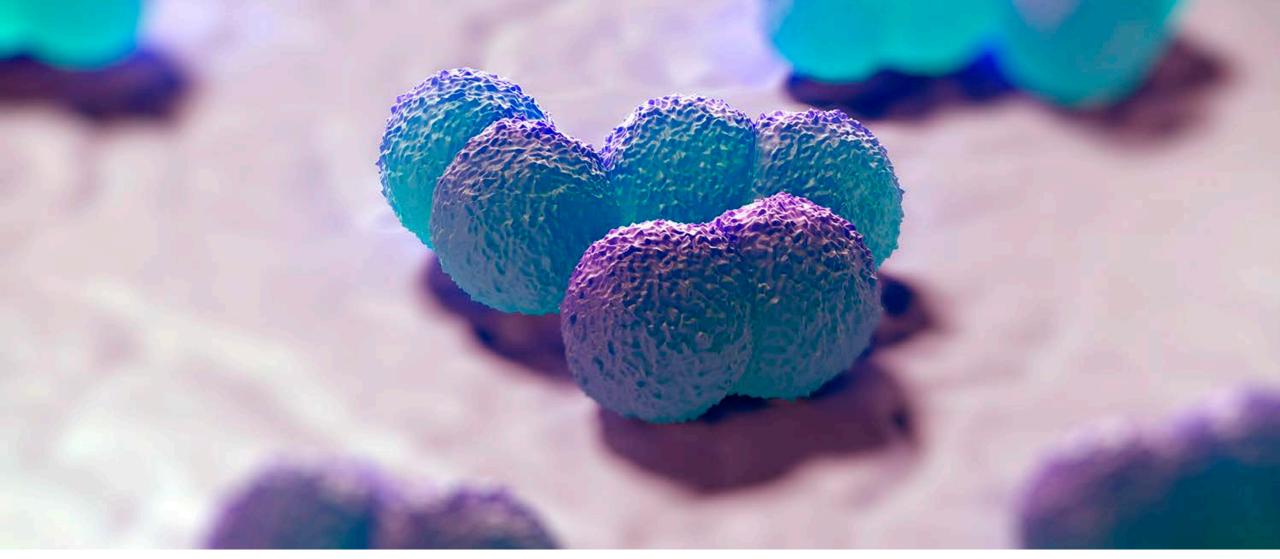


D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8. **References: 1.** Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853</u> [accessed June 2020]

### MET43: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in group **References: 1.** Dhingra MS et al. *Vaccine.* 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: <a href="https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853">https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853</a> [accessed June 2020].







### MenQuadfi Summary

- MenQuadfi demonstrated to have an acceptable safety profile and to induce robust immune responses against serogroups A, C, W, and Y, especially serogroup C
  - Immune responses were consistently non-inferior to standard-of-care vaccines across age groups ≥ 2 years for all 4 vaccine serogroups
  - MenQuadfi induced robust booster responses among persons previously primed with MenACWY-D or MenACWY-CRM
  - Clinical trial data show that MenQuadfi can be co-administered with routinely recommended adolescent vaccines (ie, Tdap and HPV)
- On 23 April 2020, FDA approved MenQuadfi for use in persons 2 years of age and older
- Supply will become available in the US in 2021
- Trials are ongoing to seek expansion of the age indication to 6 weeks of age and to evaluate MenQuadfi according to different pediatric immunization schedules that exist worldwide