

Safety and immunogenicity of MenQuadfi[™] Meningococcal (Groups A, C, Y, W) Conjugate Vaccine

ACIP Meeting, 24 June 2020



Agenda

- Public health burden of invasive meningococcal disease
- Introduction of MenQuadfi
- Clinical data supporting approval of MenQuadfi by US FDA
- Summary

Public health burden of meningococcal disease

- Invasive meningococcal disease (IMD) remains a major global health challenge because it can strike quickly and with devastating effect, taking a life in < 24 hours^{1,2}
- Case-fatality rate is ~10% to 15% even with appropriate treatment²
- ~1 in 5 survivors suffer permanent sequelae^{3,4}
 - Limb amputation
 - Deafness
 - Brain damage
- Since introduction of the first MenACWY in 2005, MenACWY-D, IMD caused by serogroups C, W, and Y has declined by > 90% among adolescents and young adults⁵
- Despite impact of available MenACWY on meningococcal disease burden, there remains room for improvement

References: 1. Thompson MJ, et al. Lancet. 2006;367(9508):397-403. 2. WHO. https://www.who.int/en/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/meningococcal-meningitis [accessed March 2020]. 3. CDC. MMWR. 2013;62(RR-2):1-22. 4. Rosenstein NE, et al. N Engl J Med. 2001;344(18):1378-1388. 5. MacNeil JR, et al. Clin Infect Dis 2018; 66:1276–81.

What is MenQuadfi (MenACYW-TT)?

- A quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine to help prevent invasive meningococcal disease caused by serogroups A, C, W, and Y
- FDA approved on 23 April 2020 for use in persons 2 years of age and older
- Developed with the **ambition** of being:
 - Used across a broad age range
 - Studies to support expansion of age indication to include infants as young as 6 weeks of age are in progress
 - Incorporated in various immunization schedules that exist worldwide
- Conjugated to **tetanus toxoid** (approximately 55 µg)
 - Each 0.5-mL intramuscular dose contains 10 µg each of the 4 meningococcal polysaccharides
- Fully liquid solution that **does not require reconstitution** and supplied in a single-dose vial

| Clinical Study Code | Phase | Title | Comparator | ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier |
|------------------------|-------|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| MET50 | II | Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Healthy Adolescents (NOTE: Coadministered vaccines were Tdap and HPV4) | MenACWY-CRM (Menveo) | NCT02199691 |
| MET49 | III | Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adults Age 56 Years and Older | MPSV4 (Menomune – A/C/Y/W-135) | NCT02842866 |
| MET56 | Ш | Immunogenicity and Safety of a Booster Dose of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults | MenACWY-D (Menactra) | NCT02752906 |
| MET35 | Ш | Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine Administered in Healthy Children 2 to 9 Years of Age | MenACWY-CRM (Menveo) | NCT03077438 |
| MET43 | Ш | Immune Lot Consistency, Immunogenicity, and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults Aged 10 to 55 Years | MenACWY-D (Menactra) | NCT02842853 |

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| | | Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent | MPSV4 | |
| MET49 | | Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adults Age 56 Years and Older | (Menomune – A/C/Y/W-135) | NCT02842866 |
| MET56 | Ш | Immunogenicity and Safety of a Booster Dose of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine in Adolescents and Adults | MenACWY-D (Menactra) | NCT02752906 |
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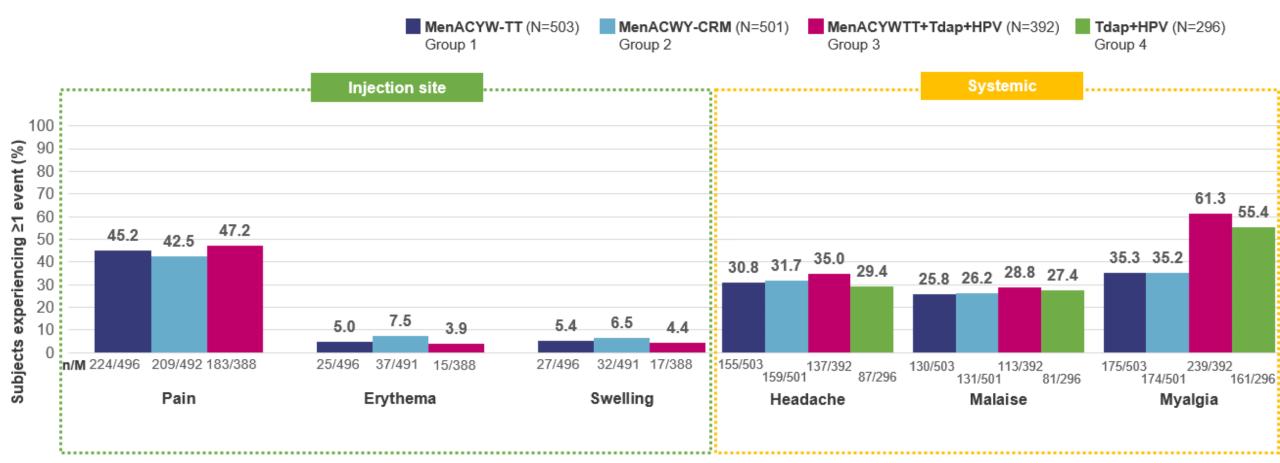
MET50: Phase II study in MenACWY-naïve adolescents 10–17 years of age

| Short Study Title | Immune Non-i in Adolescents | nferiority, Safety and Co-administration study s | Baseline Demographics (Safety Analysis Set) |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|
| Study Population | Age Number of | 10-17 years 1715 | Characteristic ↓ |
| | subjects Meningococcal-v | vaccine naïve | Gender , n (%) Female |
| Study Design | Group 1: MenA Group 2: MenA | | Age in years, mean (std deviation) |
| Vaccination Schedule | Single dose of MenACYW-TT or MenACWY-CRM Single dose of Tdap 3 doses of HPV (0,2,6 months) | | Race , n (%) White African-American Other |
| First subject visit | 22 July 2014 | | Ethnicity p (%) |
| Last subject visit | 02 October 2015 | 5 | Ethnicity , n (%) Hispanic or Latino |

*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

MET50: Frequency of solicited reactions

Within 7 days after vaccination, Safety Analysis Set

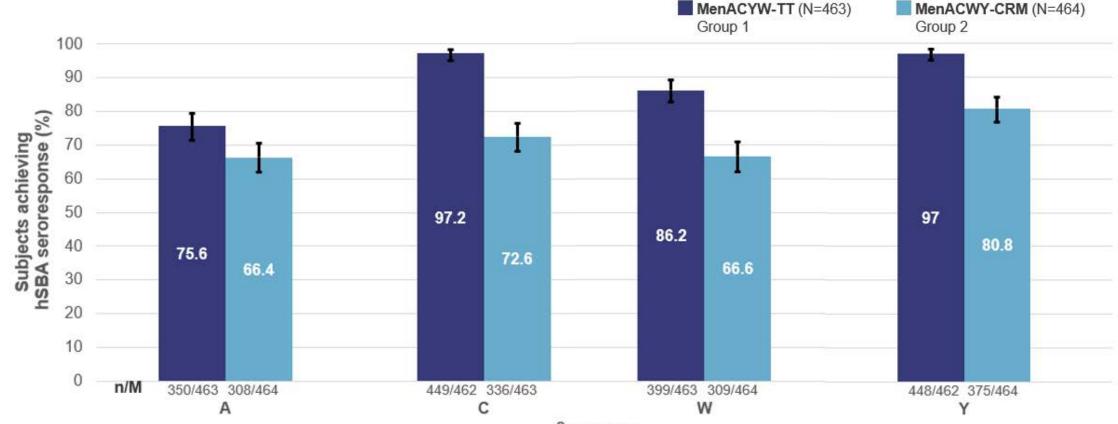


n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group.

References: 1. Chang LJ et al. Vaccine. 2020 Apr 23:38(19):3560-3569. 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02199691 (MET50). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02199691 [accessed June 2020]

MET50: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in adolescents 10–17 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

Serogroup

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be \geq 1:8

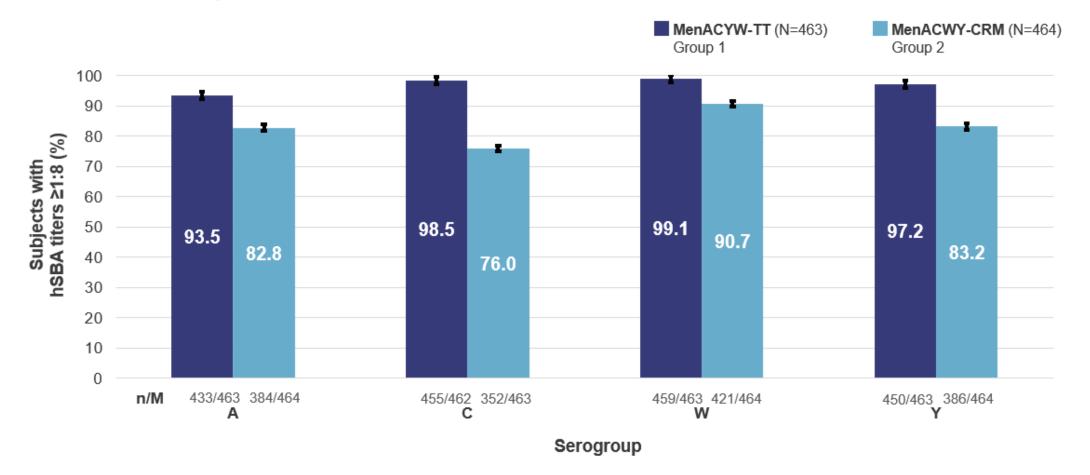
• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer ≥ 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

MET50: Percentage of subjects 10–17 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

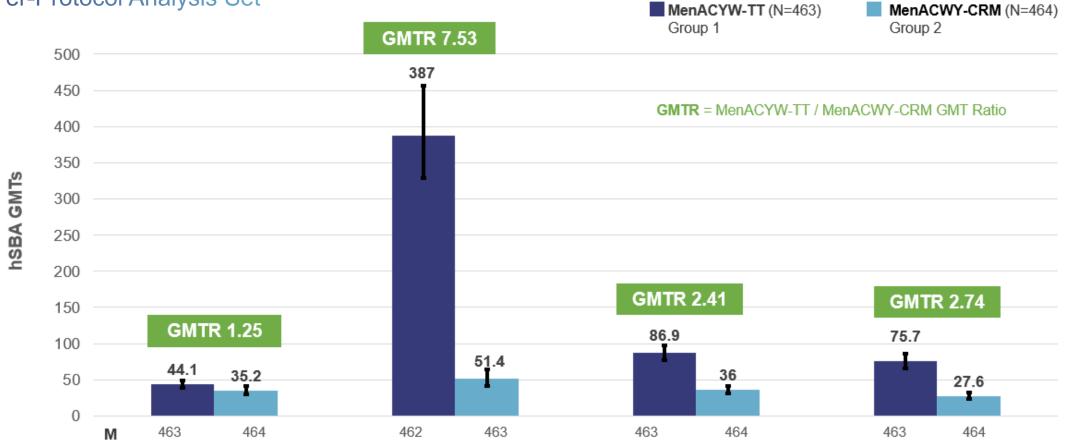
Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8; N, total number of subjects in group

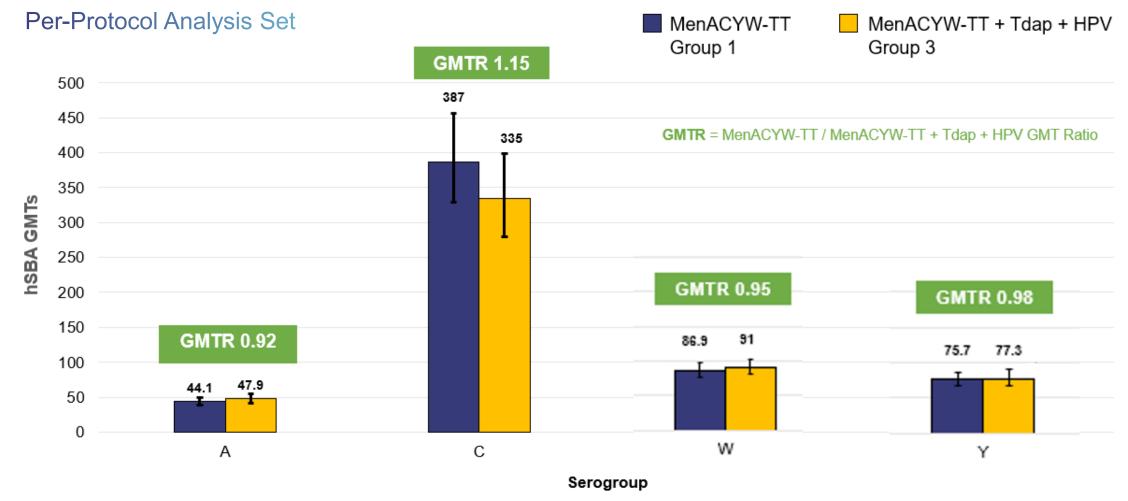
MET50: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



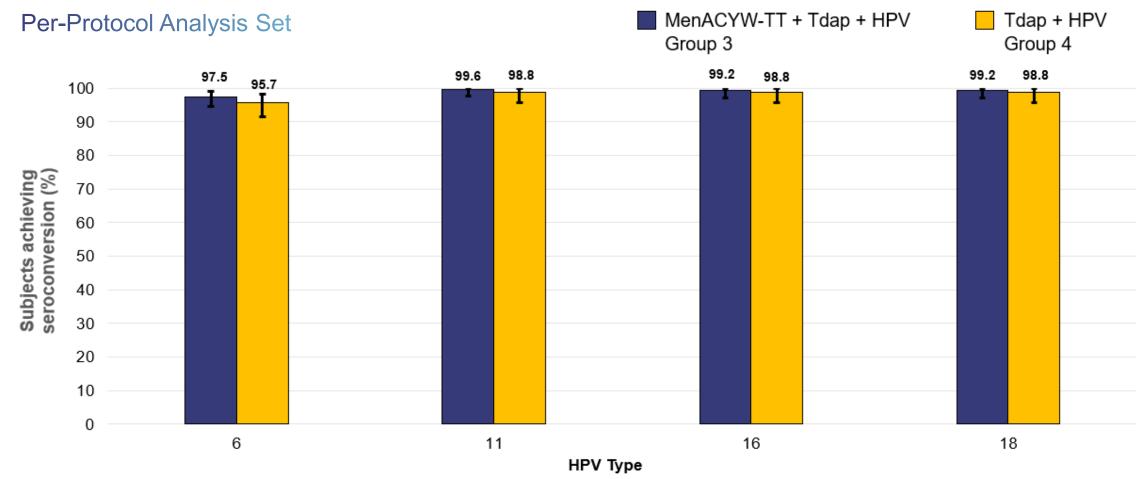
D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in group **Reference:** Chang LJ et al. *Vaccine.* 2020 Apr 23:38(19):3560-3569

MET50: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement

MET50: HPV type-specific SEROCONVERSION rates at D210

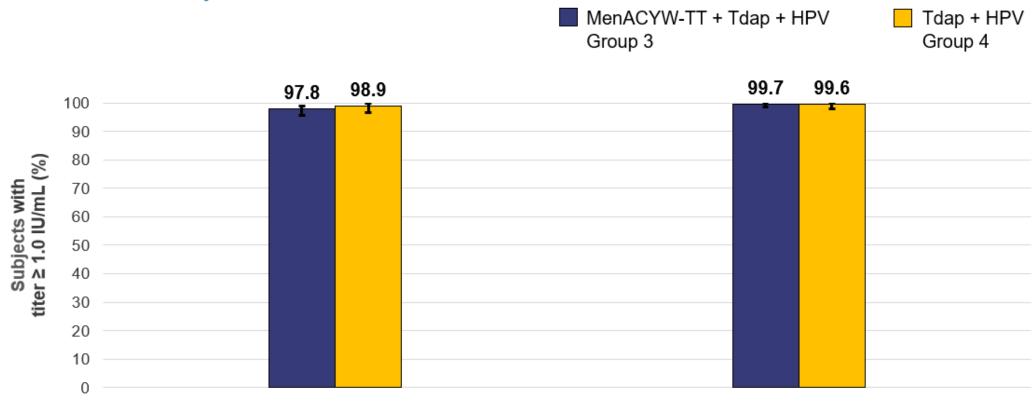


HPV seroconversion was defined as changing serostatus from seronegative to seropositive. Cutoff values for HPV seropositivity were \geq 20 milli-Merck units/milliliter (mMU/mL) for types 6 and 16, \geq 16 mMU/mL for type 11, and \geq 24mMU/mL for type 18.

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%. D210, day 210

MET50: DIPHTHERIA and TETANUS SEROPROTECTION rates at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Diphtheria

Tetanus

Seroprotection defined as titer \geq 1.0 IU/mL.

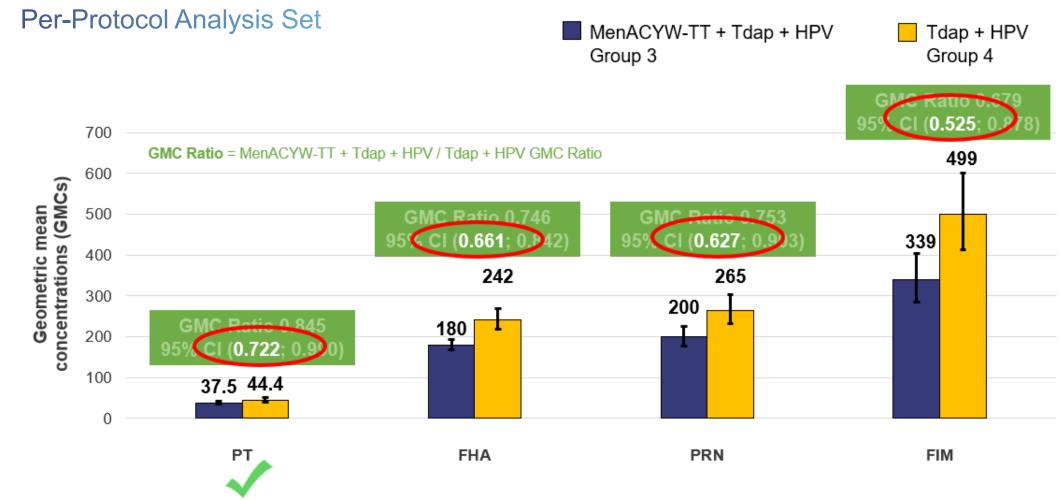
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%Cl of the proportion difference is >-10%. D30, day 30

MET50: PERTUSSIS Antigens GEOMETRIC MEAN CONCENTRATIONS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set MenACYW-TT + Tdap + HPV Tdap + HPV Group 3 Group 4 GMC Ratio 0.679 95% CI (0.525; 0.878) 700 GMC Ratio = MenACYW-TT + Tdap + HPV / Tdap + HPV GMC Ratio 499 600 Geometric mean concentrations (GMCs) 500 GMC Ratio 0.746 GMC Ratio 0.753 95% CI (0.661; 0.842) 95% CI (0.627; 0.903) 339 400 242 265 300 200 GMC Ratio 0.845 180 200 95% CI (0.722; 0.990) 100 37.5 44.4 0 PT PRN FHA FIM

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%Cl of the ratio is > 0.667. D30, day 30

MET50: PERTUSSIS Antigens GEOMETRIC MEAN CONCENTRATIONS at D30



Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%Cl of the ratio is > 0.667. D30, day 30

MET49: Phase III study in MenACWY-naïve adults ≥ 56 years of age

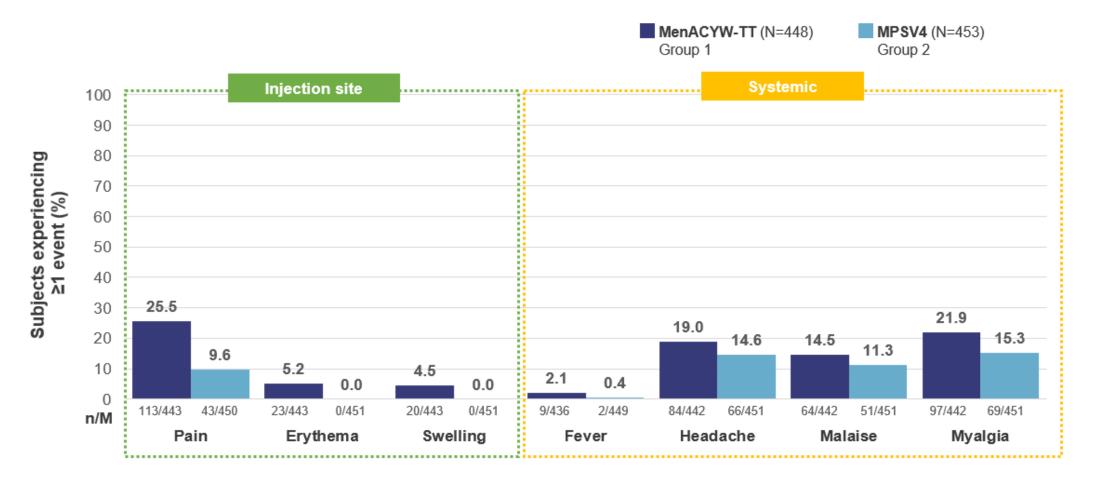
| Short Study Title | Immune Non-inf | feriority and Safety Study in Older Adults | Baseline Demograph (Safety Analysis Set) | ics* |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Study | Age | ≥ 56 years | Characteristic ↓ | All (N=901) |
| Population | Number of subjects | 907 | Gender , n (%) Female | 520 (57.4) |
| Study Design | Group 1: MenAC Group 2: MPSV4 | | Age in years, mean (std deviation) | 72.4 (5.62) |
| Vaccination Schedule | Single dose of Me | enACYW-TT or MPSV4 | Race , n (%) White African-American Other | 793 (87.5) 101 (11.1) 11 (1.2) |
| First subject visit | 15 July 2016 | | | II (1.2) |
| Last subject visit | 13 February 2017 | , | Ethnicity , n (%) Hispanic or Latino | 67 (7.4) |

*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

References: 1. Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411. 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET49 clinical study report).

MET49: Frequency of solicited reactions

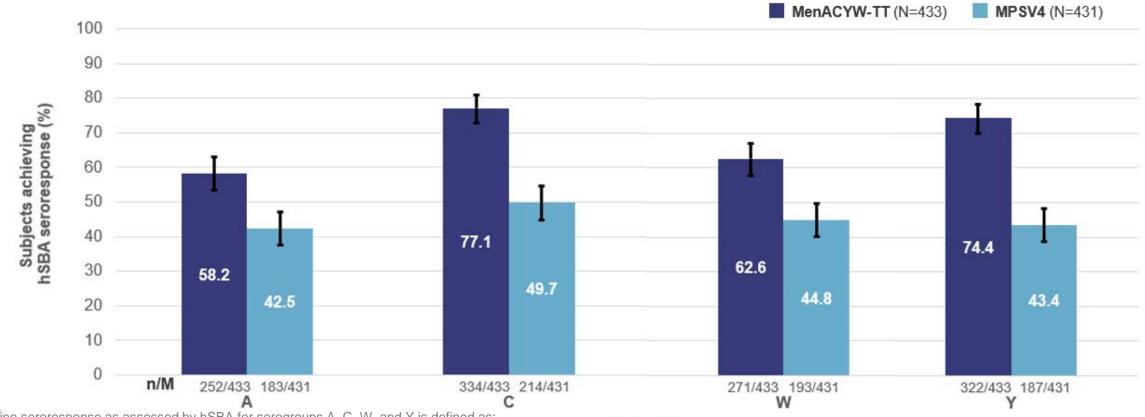
Within 7 days of injection, Safety Analysis Set



D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group. **References: 1.** Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. *Vaccine*. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411. **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842866 (MET49). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842866</u> [accessed June 2020].

MET49: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in adults ≥ 56 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

Serogroup

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be \ge 1:16

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer \geq 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

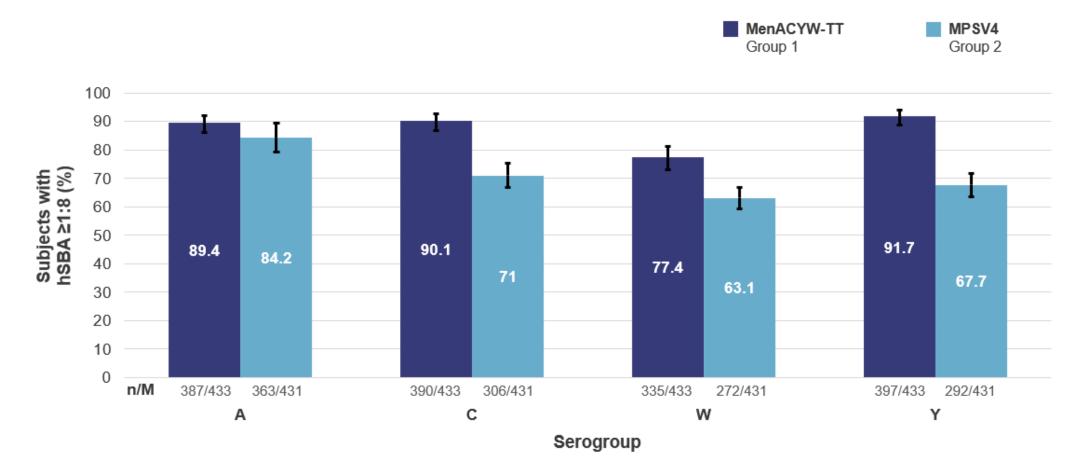
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411.

MET49: Percentage of adults ≥ 56 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

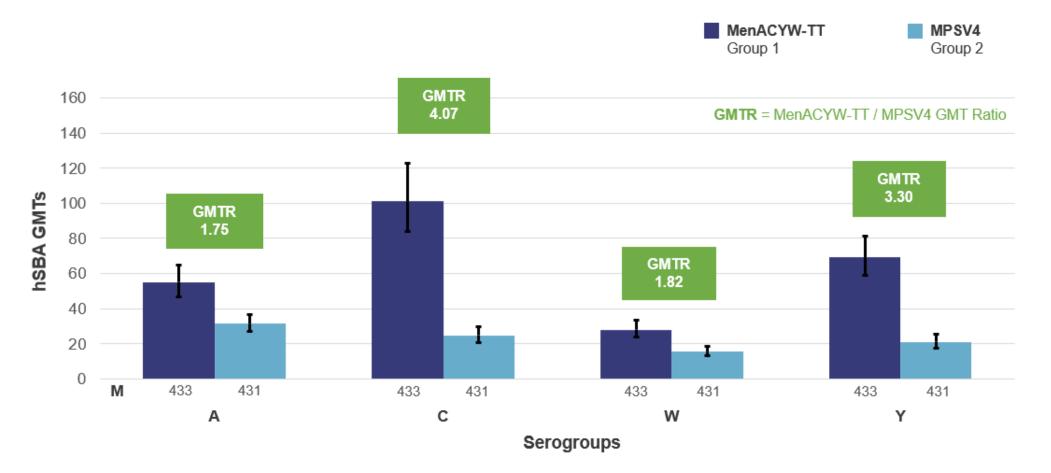


D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8

Reference: Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411.

MET49: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio

Reference: Esteves-Jaramillo A et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 9;38(28):4405-4411.

MET56: Phase III study in MenACWY-primed persons ≥ 15 years of age

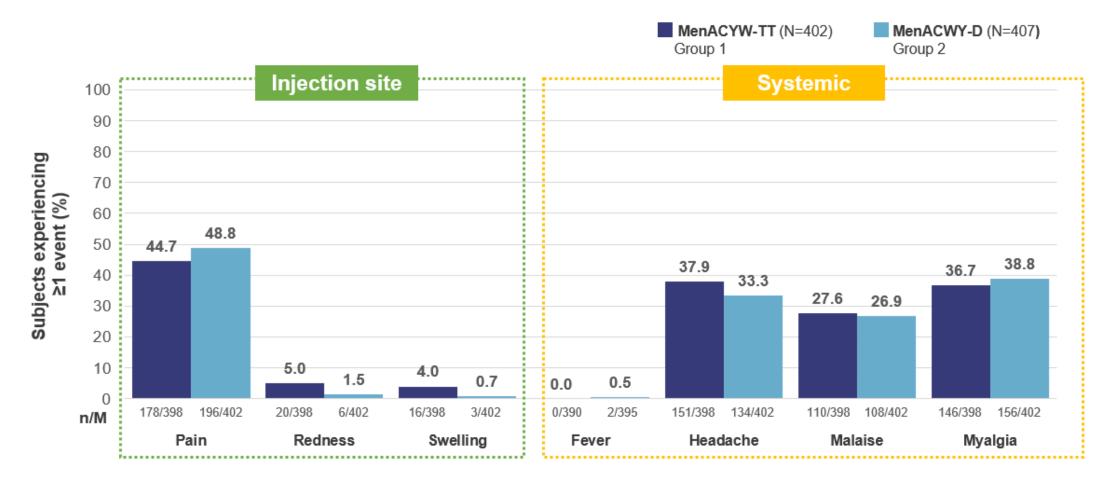
| Short Study Title | Immune Non-In Vaccine | feriority and Safety Study of a Booster | Baseline Demogra (Safety Analysis S | - | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Age | ≥15 years | Characteristic ↓ | All | |
| Study Population | Number of subjects | 810 | + | (N=809) | |
| | Primed with Men/ | ACWY-D or MenACWY-CRM; 4 to 10 years | Gender, n (%) Female | 407 (50.2) | |
| Study Design | Group 1: MenAC Group 2: MenAC | | Age in years, mean (std deviation) | 20 (5.78) | |
| Vaccination Schedule | Single dose of Me | enACYW-TT or MenACWY-D | Race, n (%) White African-American Other | 682 (84.3) 85 (10.5) 41 (5.0) | |
| First subject visit | 15 April 2016 | | Ethnicity, n (%) | | |
| Last subject visit | 19 December 207 | 16 | Hispanic or Latino | 134 (16.6) | |

*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

References: 1. : Añez G et al. Hum Vaccin Immunother. 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub). 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET56 clinical study report).

MET56: Frequency of solicited reactions

within 7 days after vaccination, Safety Analysis Set



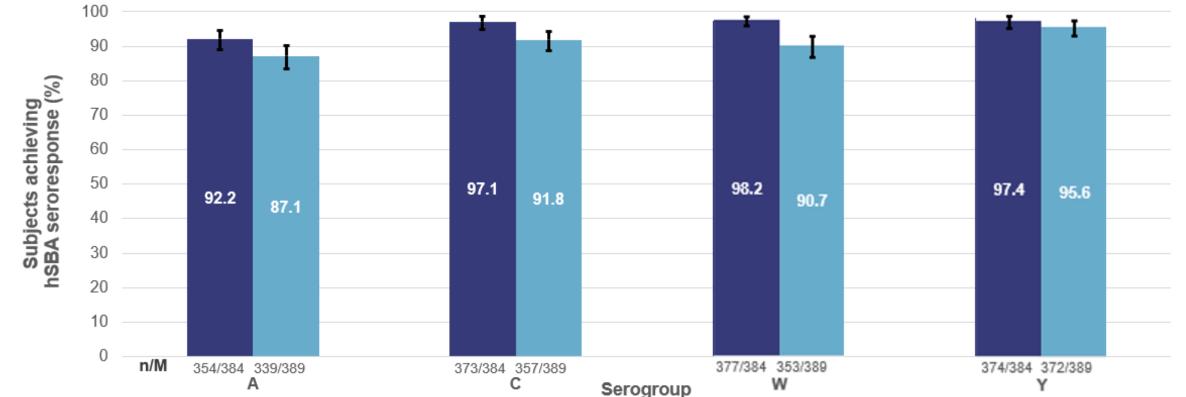
D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group.

References: 1. Áñez G et al. Hum Vaccin Immunother. 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub). 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02752906 (MET56). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02752906 [accessed June 2020].

MET56: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in MenACWY-primed persons ≥ 15 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

MenACYW-TT (N=384) Group 1 MenACWY-D (N=389) Group 2



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as: For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be \geq 1:16; for a subject with a pre-vaccination titer \geq 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

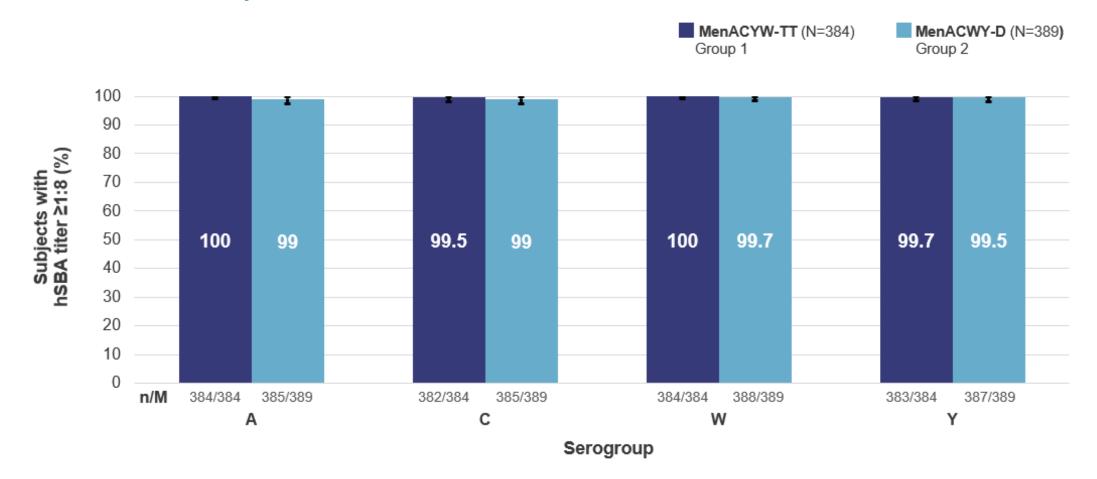
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Áñez G et al. Hum Vaccin Immunother. 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub)

MET56: MenACWY-primed persons ≥ 15 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

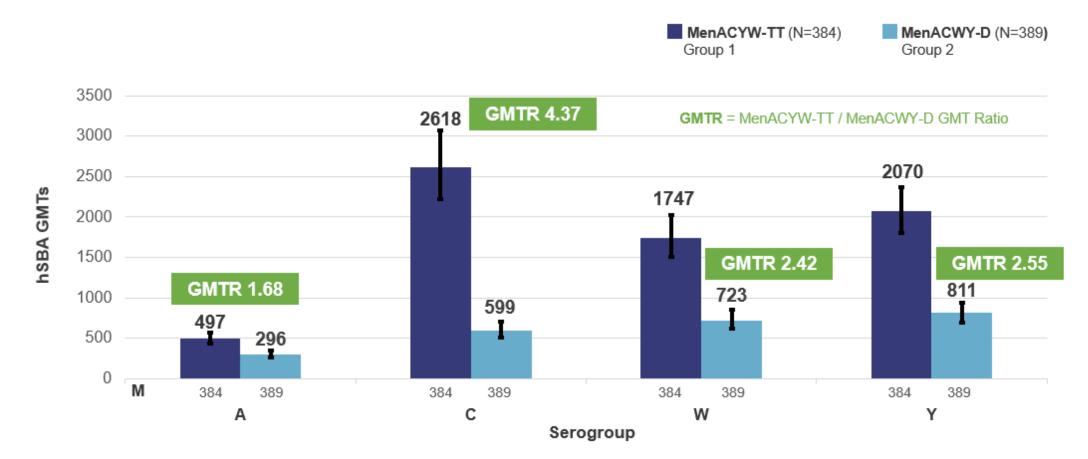
Per-Protocol Analysis



D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8 **References: 1.** Áñez G et al. *Hum Vaccin Immunother.* 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02752906 (MET56). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02752906</u> [accessed June 2020]

MET56: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in group **Reference:** Áñez G et al. *Hum Vaccin Immunother.* 2020 Mar 25:1-7 (ePub).

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| MET35 | Ш | Immunogenicity and Safety of an Investigational Quadrivalent Meningococcal Conjugate Vaccine Administered in Healthy Children 2 to 9 Years of Age | MenACWY-CRM (Menveo) | NCT03077438 |
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MET35: Phase III study in MenACWY-naïve persons 2–9 years of age

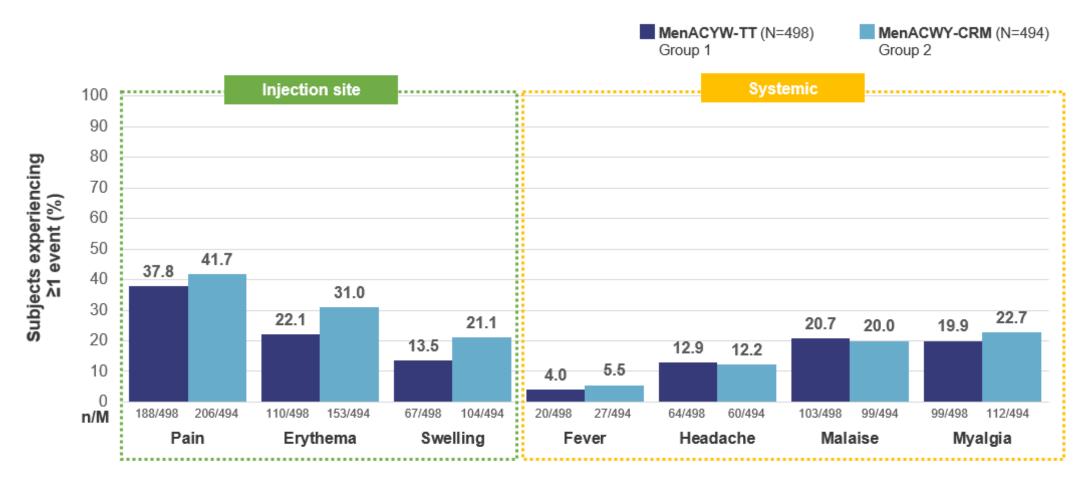
| Short Study Title | Immune Non-In | feriority and Safety Study in Children | Baseline Demograp (Safety Analysis Se | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Study | Age | 2-9 years | Characteristic ↓ | All (N=992) |
| Population | Number of subjects | 1000 | Gender , n (%) Female | 516 (52.0) |
| Study Design | Group 1: MenA Group 2: MenA | | Age in years, mean (std deviation) | 6.0 (2.34) |
| Vaccination Schedule | Single dose of M | lenACYW-TT or MenACWY-CRM | Race, n (%) White African-American Other | 812 (81.9) 126 (12.7) 51 (5.1) |
| First subject visit | 17 February 201 | 7 | Ethnicity, n (%) | 51 (3.1) |
| Last subject visit | 10 October 2017 | 10 October 2017 | | 229 (23.1) |

*Demographic characteristics were balanced across vaccine groups (see back-up slide section)

References: 1. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT030774388 [accessed June 2020] 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET35 clinical study report).

MET35: Frequency of solicited reactions

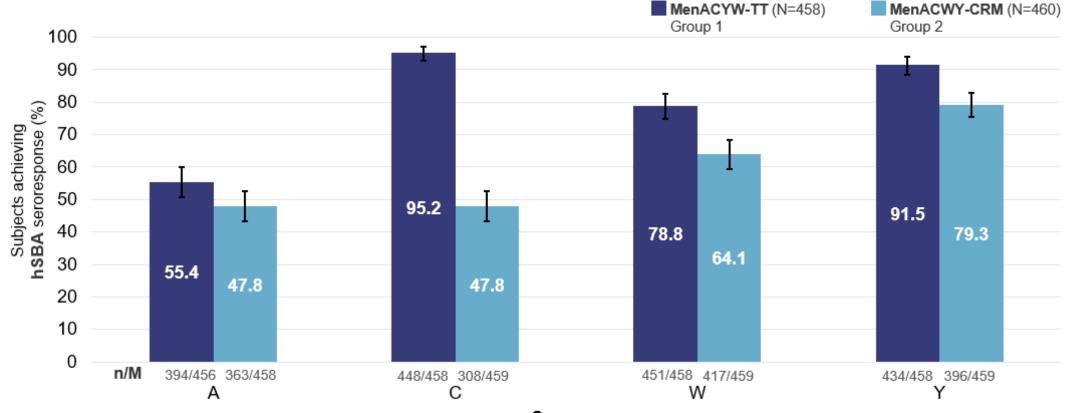
Within 7 days of injection, Safety Analysis Set



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MET35: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in children 2–9 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Serogroup

Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be \ge 1:16

For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer \geq 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

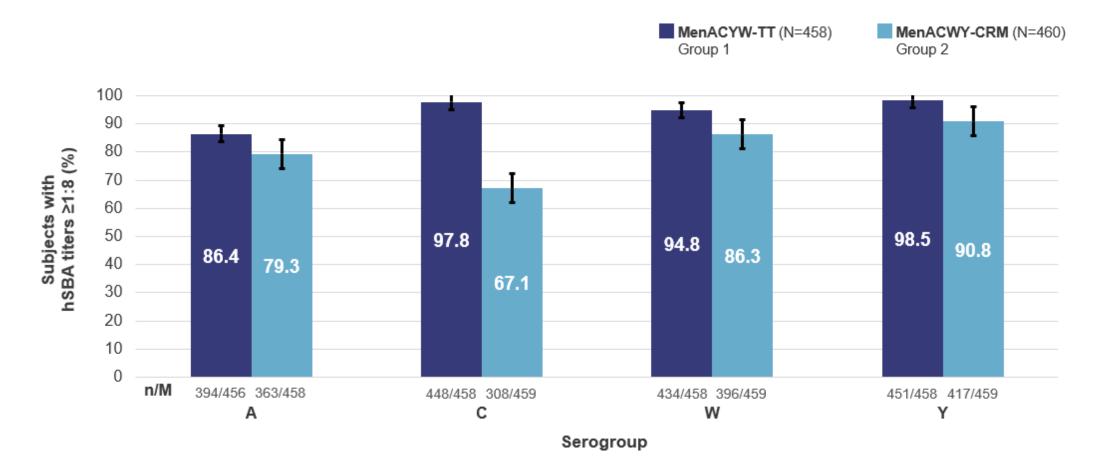
Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03077438 [accessed June 2020]

MET35: Children 2–9 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

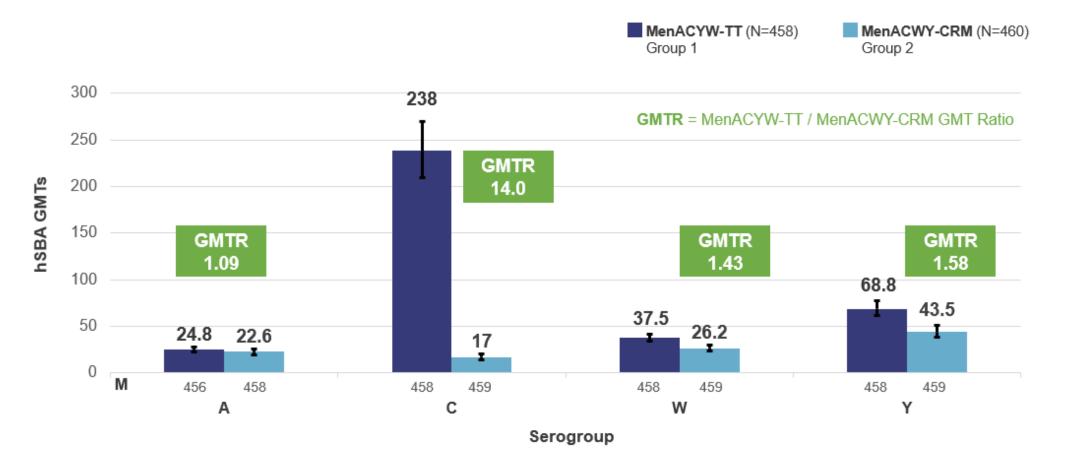


D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8; N, total number of subjects in group.

Reference: Simon M, et al. Safety and immunogenicity of a quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine (MenACYW-TT) administered in healthy meningococcal vaccine naïve children (2-9 years). Poster presented at the 37th Annual meeting of the European Society for Paediatric Infectious Diseases, May 6-11 2019, Ljubljana. Slovenia [accessed June 2020].

MET35: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in Group. **Reference:** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT03077438 (MET35). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03077438</u> [accessed June 2020].

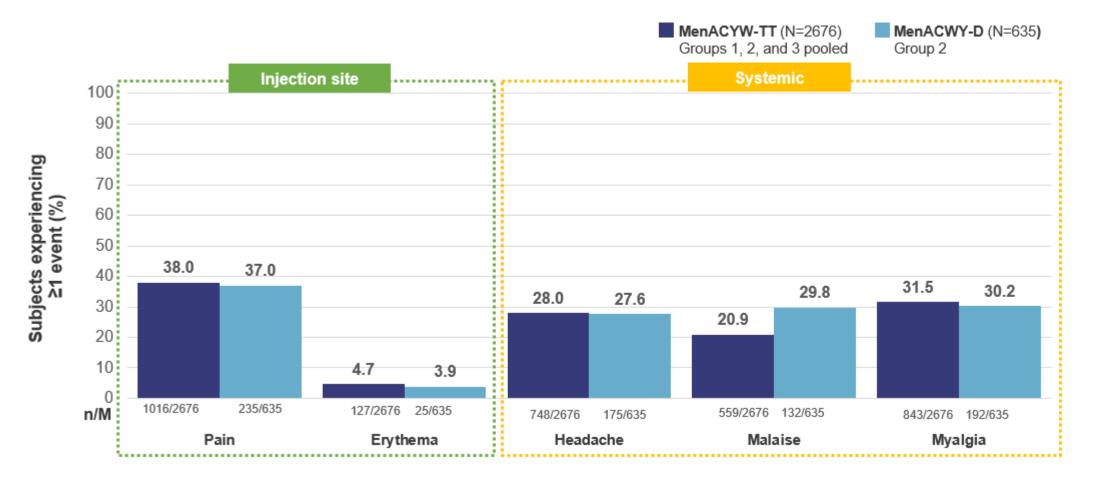
MET43: Phase III study in adolescents and adults aged 10–55 years

| Short Study Title | Immune lot consistency Study in Adolescents a | y, Immune Non-Inferiority and Safety and Adults | Baseline De (Safety Anal |
|-------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Age | 10–55 years | Characte |
| Study Population | Number of subjects | 3344 | |
| | Meningococcal vaccine-n | aïve | Gend |
| Study Design | Group 1: MenACYW-TT | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Age ir mean (std de |
| Vaccination Schedule | Group 3: MenACYW-TT Single dose of MenACYW | • | Rac African-Ar |
| First subject visit | 15 July 2016 | | |
| _ast subject visit | 28 February 2017 | <u>C</u> - | Ethnicity , Hispanic or |

References: 1. Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). 2. Sanofi Pasteur Inc. Data on file (MET43 clinical study report).

MET43: Frequency of solicited reactions

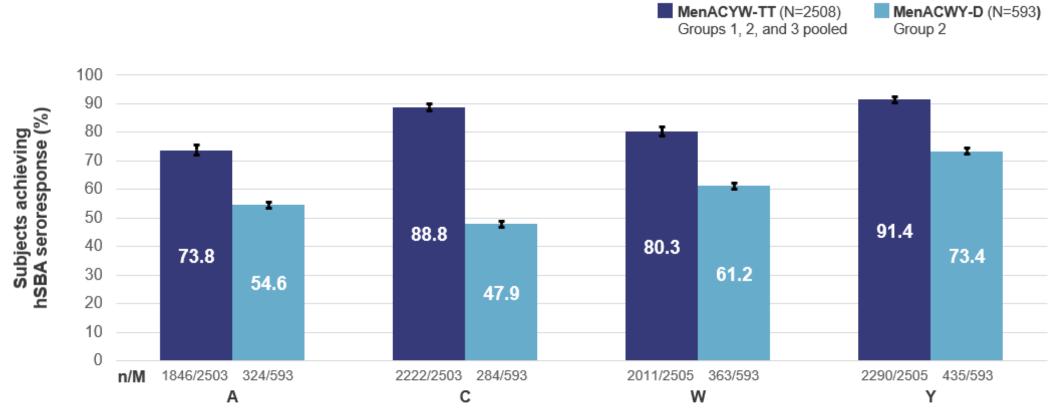
Within 7 days of injection, Safety Analysis Set



D0, day 0; D7, day 7; n, number of subjects experiencing endpoint; M, number of subjects with available data; N, total number of subjects in group. **References: 1.** Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853 [accessed June 2020].

MET43: Non-inferiority demonstrated, as assessed by SERORESPONSE rates at D30 in persons 10–55 years of age

Per-Protocol Analysis Set



Vaccine seroresponse as assessed by hSBA for serogroups A, C, W, and Y is defined as:

Serogroup

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer < 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be \geq 1:16

• For a subject with a pre-vaccination titer ≥ 1:8, the post-vaccination titer must be at least 4-fold greater than the pre-vaccination titer.

Non-inferiority concluded if the lower limit of the two-sided 95%CI of the proportion difference is >-10%.

CI, confidence interval; D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects achieving hSBA seroresponse; N, total number of subjects in group.

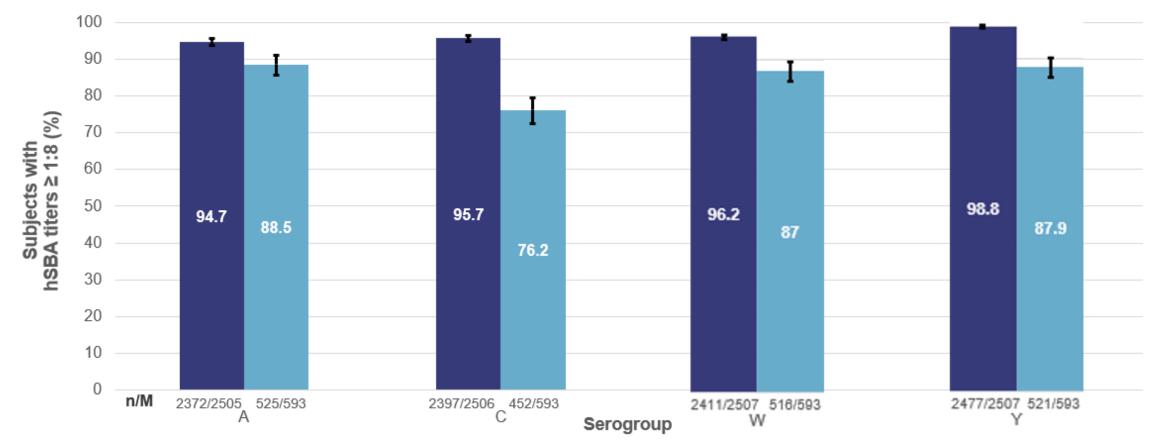
References: 1. Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). 2. Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853 [accessed June 2020].

MET43: Persons 10–55 years of age with hSBA TITERS ≥1:8 at D30

Per-Protocol Analysis Set

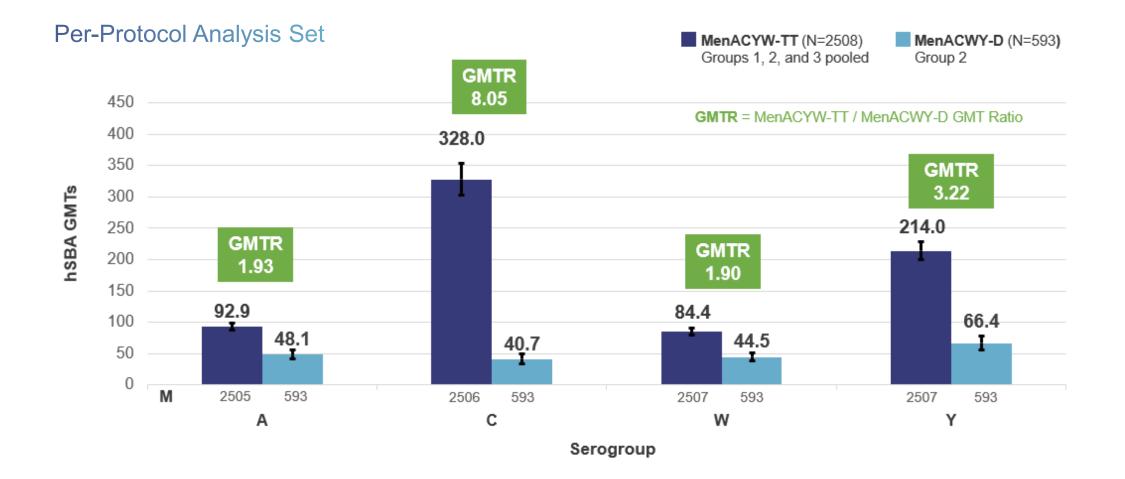
MenACYW-TT (N=2508) Groups 1, 2, and 3 pooled Groups

MenACWY-D (N=593) Group 2

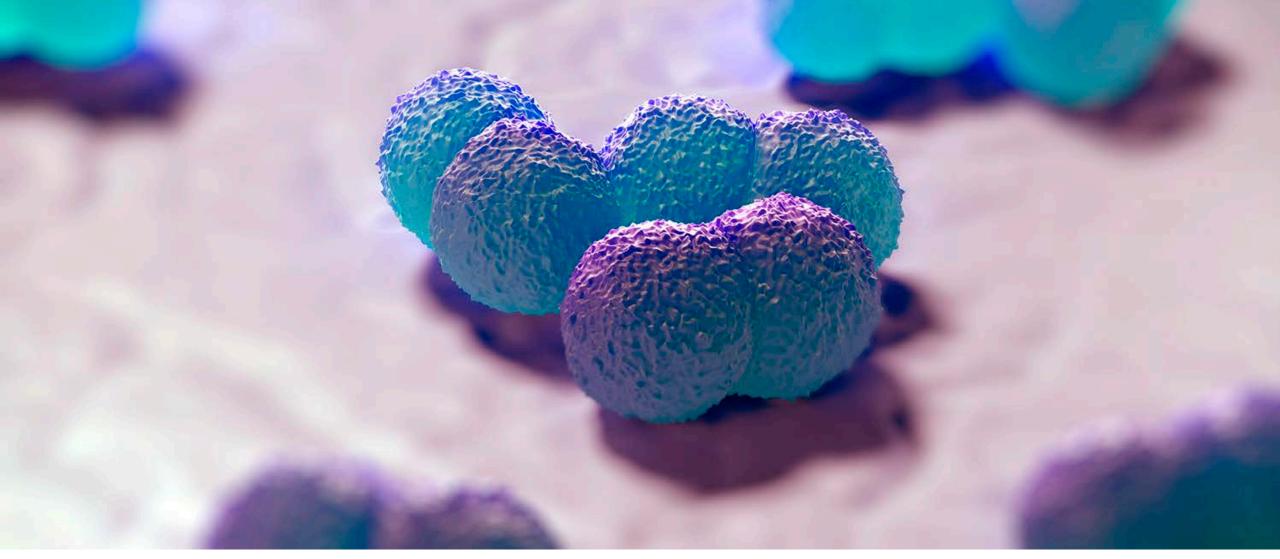


D30, day 30; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; n, number of subjects with hSBA titers ≥1:8. **References: 1.** Dhingra MS et al. Vaccine. 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: <u>https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853</u> [accessed June 2020]

MET43: hSBA GEOMETRIC MEAN TITERS at D30



D30, day 30; GMT, geometric mean titer; GMTR, GMT ratio; hSBA, serum bactericidal assay using human complement; M, number of subjects with valid serology results; N, total number of subjects in group **References: 1.** Dhingra MS et al. *Vaccine.* 2020 Jun 19:1-8 (ePub). **2.** Clinicaltrials.gov. NCT02842853 (MET43). Available at: https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT02842853 [accessed June 2020].







MenQuadfi Summary

- MenQuadfi demonstrated to have an acceptable safety profile and to induce robust immune responses against serogroups A, C, W, and Y, especially serogroup C
 - Immune responses were consistently non-inferior to standard-of-care vaccines across age groups ≥ 2 years for all 4 vaccine serogroups
 - MenQuadfi induced robust booster responses among persons previously primed with MenACWY-D or MenACWY-CRM
 - Clinical trial data show that MenQuadfi can be co-administered with routinely recommended adolescent vaccines (ie, Tdap and HPV)
- On 23 April 2020, FDA approved MenQuadfi for use in persons 2 years of age and older
- Supply will become available in the US in 2021
- Trials are ongoing to seek expansion of the age indication to 6 weeks of age and to evaluate MenQuadfi according to different pediatric immunization schedules that exist worldwide