Morbidity and Mortality





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Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended December 1, 1956

The numbers of reported cases of <u>poliomyelitis</u> by type for the United States for the current week, disease year, and calendar year are:

TYPE	CURE	ŒNT ŒK	4 - 4 - 7	ease Ear	CALENDAR YEAR		
11FE	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	
TOTAL	169	283	13,913	27,524	14,980	28,587	
Paralytic	90 48	135 76	5,901 5,481	9,822 10,631	6,484 5,766	10,286	
Unspecified	31	72	2,531	_ /	2,730	7,380	

A number of outbreaks of diphtheria have been reported this year but the incidence has decreased about 20 percent from that of last year. Also, in 1955 there were outbreaks of the disease reported in various sections of the country. To date, 1,406 cases have been reported compared with the 1,760 cases for the corresponding period of 1955. Although a number of recent outbreaks have occurred, there is a more favorable reduction in the incidence for the disease year which began about July 1. Since that time 580 cases have been reported as compared with 1,051 for the corresponding period of 1955, a 45 percent decrease. This is partly because of several outbreaks in the latter part of 1955 which boosted the total number of cases for that period to more than the number reported for the last 6 months of 1954.

Large decreases for the disease year have been reported in 6 States where large numbers of cases were reported for the similar period of 1955. With last year's figures shown in parentheses, these are: Minnesota, 1 (27); Nebraska, 9 (51); South Carolina, 47 (155); Georgia, 47 (165); Alabama, 48 (201); and Texas, 57 (110). Smaller decreases were reported in 9 scattered States. However, these were offset by relatively large increases reported in 6 States. In 5 of these, New Jersey, Indiana, North Dakota, Kansas, and New Mexico, the magnitude was small; but in Michigan, the recent outbreak in Detroit has resulted in a large increase over that of last year. Since the first of July this State has reported 93 cases compared with 20 for the same period in 1955.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Diphtheria

Dr. F. S. Leeder, Michigan Department of Health, has supplied information about an outbreak of diphtheria in Detroit. To date, 129 cases have been reported, many of them during the past 2 weeks. They were principally in one part of the city where the population is made up of large numbers of persons, with low incomes, from the South. The immunization status of the cases is poor, only 1 of the 129 cases having had primary immunization with a booster dose. Twenty percent of the cases are in children of preschool age. Of the 5 deaths resulting from the diagnosed diphtheria, 4 have been bacteriologically confirmed.

One case was reported from Port Huron which was not related to the Detroit cases. So far this year, there have been 18 cases in St. Clair County in which Port Huron is located.

The New Mexico Department of Public Health has given preliminary information on an outbreak of diphtheria in Albuquerque. Eleven cases have been confirmed and 15 suspect cases are under investigation. Eight other suspect cases are being investigated—6 in Roswell and 2 in Farmington.

Suspect smallpox

Dr. C. G. Salsbury, Arizona State Department of Health, has reported a suspect case of smallpox in a female agricultural worker in Maricopa County. The results of laboratory findings are not yet available. The household has been quarantined and her brother-in-law is under observation in a hospital. As a precautionary measure, 486 persons in the same housing area have been vaccinated.

Psittacosis

Dr. Stanley H. Osborn, Connecticut State Department of Health, has reported a case of psittacosis in a 52-year-old man. This man became ill with an upper respiratory infection and was hospitalized about 20 days later. A chest X-ray showed right basal pleuritis and pneumonitis. The complement fixation test on a blood specimen was positive for psittacosis in a dilution of 1:64. The patient had contact earlier with a parakeet, but the bird was destroyed and was not available for laboratory tests.

The California State Department of Public Health, in addition to the 8 cases of psittacosis reported last week, has supplied information on 7 other cases which have occurred since the first of the year. Of the 7, 2 were confirmed by fourfold rises in complement fixation titers, 4 by titers of 1:256 or greater, and 1 from a negative to positive reaction. Most of the patients had been in contact with psittacine birds which were not tested for psittacosis. One patient had been working in a laboratory inoculating birds for a psittacosis study program. He became infected.

Typhoid fever

Dr. M. H. Mires, Vermont Department of Health, has reported 2 cases of typhoid fever in persons who traveled about the State. The patients had eaten in a number of restaurants and private homes. While all of these sources have not been definitely ruled out, it now appears that the source of infection was a carrier who lived with the victims. Salmonella typhi found in specimens from the carrier is of the same phage type as was found in specimens from the patients.

Chemical poisoning

Dr. S. B. Osgood, Oregon State Board of Health, has furnished more information about the outbreak of metallic poisoning reported for the week ended November 17. This outbreak occurred among eighth grade pupils in an elementary shoool. An investigation revealed that no other children were affected and that those of the eighth grade had eaten at home. However, this group was served a drink containing citric and tartaric acids which had been stored in a large, gray "granite" coffee

pot for about $7\frac{1}{2}$ days. All of the 20 eighth grade pupils and 1 teacher became ill with headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and severe cramps from 20 to 60 minutes after partaking of the drink. Bacteriologic examination of a specimen of the drink was essentially negative but antimony in the amount of 18 p.p.m. were found. This according to pharmacological references was enough to cause illness.

Gastro-enteritis

Dr. Dean Fisher, Maine Department of Health and Welfare, has reported 3 cases of gastro-enteritis following the ingestion of kippered herring. The fish was of the canned variety, and no defects were noted in the can. The fish was black and smelled queer but was eaten anyway. The 3 persons who ate the food became ill from 20 to 30 minutes later. The opened can was available but evidently was not satisfactory for laboratory examination. Cans with the same lot number were obtained, but an examination gave negative results.

Dr. D. S. Fleming, Minnesota Department of Health, has reported an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among 115 persons in an institution. Of these, 36 became ill with nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal cramps, chills, cold sweats, and prostration from 3 to 6 hours after eating a turkey dinner. The turkeys

were roasted and deboned the previous day. The dressing was made in the morning of the day of service and baked for 2 hours. This was followed by placing slices of turkey over individual portions of the dressing and covering with a damp cloth to prevent drying. After standing at room temperature for about an hour it was reheated. One of the cooks had a mild eczema on his hands, and it is assumed that the meat became infected during the deboning process. The only food available for laboratory study was scraps of the turkey. Bacteriologic studies are being made of this food and of swabs from the cook's hands, as well as of vomitus and of stools from several patients.

Dr. A. L. Marshall, Indiana State Board of Health, has reported an outbreak of gastro-enteritis in a private residence. Seven persons became ill with vomiting, abdominal pain, perspiration, and weakness from 35 minutes to 3 hours after eating ham. Although precooked, the ham was ovenbaked for 3 hours, cooled at room temperature for about 5 hours, and then refrigerated. The meat before being eaten had been refrigerated for about 7 hours. Laboratory examination of a sample of the ham revealed gram-positive staphylococci in large numbers. The source of infection was not found.

Continued on page 5

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES
(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	. mudet	48th WE	K .	CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
DISEASE	Ended	Ended	Median 1951-55	F1	rst 48 wee	ks	Since s	ow week	Approxi- mate		
	Dec. 1, 1956	Dec. 3, 1955		1956	1955	Median 1951-55	1955-56	1954-55	Median 1950-51 to 1954-55	seasonal low point	
Anthrax062	-	1 = 1	oacmel	36	26	32	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(1)	(1)	
Botulism049.1	:UD: 51	2		12	8		(1)	(1)	(1) (1)	(1)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	14	15		1,020	1,170				74351.0		
Diphtheria055	67	88	88	1,406	1,760	2,198	580	1,051	1,146	July 1	
Encephalitis, infectious	32	12	22	2,087	1,408	1,408	1,458	848	848	June 1	
and serum092, N998.5 pt.	318	427	9794	17,861	29,590						
Malaria110-117	3	ti bouta	E 110 49-21	226	459		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Measles085	3,634	2,275	3,216	597,334	534,353	534,353	20.640	15,954	19,261	Sept. 1	
Meningococcal infections057	41	71	84	2,507	3,226	3,823	542	655	819	Sept. 1	
Meningitis, other340	43			1,496		The Paris	1 4 12 12 1	ME HILLS	100	2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
Poliomyelitis080	169	283	452	14,980	28,587	34.919	13,913	27,524	33.338	Apr. 1	
Psittacosis096.2	10	5		470	259	STRUMBER III	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Rabies in man094	HE 10 E	20	VIII THE LEW	8	5	10	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
Smallpox084	1 1 12	- 12 47	and their	India.	79 1955 ×	5	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1) (1)	
Smallpox084 Typhoid fever040	22	35	34	1,688	1,616	2,167	1,375	1,309	1.761	Apr. 1	
Typhus fever, endemic101	1	2		99	126	Kingsy V	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(1)	
Rabies in animals	106	89	104	4,390	4,750	6,710	638	715	1,040	Oct. 1	

Frequencies are too small.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and of Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown in table 2,

but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fever—louse borne, typhus fever—epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end of table 1.

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Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAH, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED DECEMBER 3, 1955 AND DECEMBER 1, 1956

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	BRUCEL (UNDU FEV	LANT	100	DIPHTHI	ERIA 055		ENCEPHA INFECT		HEPATITIS, INFECTIOUS, AND SERUM 092, N998.5 pt.				
AREA	044		48th week		Cumulative first 48 vecks		082		48th week		Cumulative first 48 weeks		
William St. Set.	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	
CONT. UNITED STATES	14	15	67	88	1,406	1,760	32	12	31.8	427	17.861	29.590	
NEW ENGLAND	1	1	1	3	15	23	130		16	38	1,134	2,601	
Maine		7 -	-	F -	-		1 -	1 3	1	14	282	346	
New Hampshire	1 2-	-	-	-	1	1170-	1 3 3	1.2	1	6	32	82	
Vermont		1	ī	V -1	200,7	5	7.3		3	4	158	238	
Rhode Island		_			14	21	- 13	1 3	7	8 2	291 135	880	
Connecticut	1	1 -	- '		DATE:	1.34	<u> </u>	. 12	3	4	236	364 691	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	ı	181-1	1	2	62	56	8	3	57		-21 1966 (1967)	2.12710113	
New York	_ [2	20	36	8	3	41	75 36	3,789 2,030	7,378 4,017	
New Jersey	1	-	1	_	23	6		-	2	8	360	471	
Pennsylvania	-		-	-	19	14	1 -	-	14	31	1,399	2,890	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	7	1	27	3	275	131	1	1.9	51	61	2,711	4,158	
Ohio	1 -		-	2	18	34	1.3		10	10	663	735	
Indiana	X	3 -	-		92	34		-	8	7	362	568	
Illinois	4	1	-	1	8	10	1 5	-	14	10	648	980	
Michigan	3	-	27		155 2	50	1	17.	18	17	736	1,174	
	OZ			-	360.0	3	- I	-	1	17	302	701	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	3 1	8 2	10	5	124	188	9	4	13	26	1,403	3,403	
MinnesotaIowa	1	4	ī	1	26 18	55 9	1.7	•	4	3	457	1,218	
Missouri	10.00	1	i	1	14	14	1	-	5 1	3	356	918	
North Dakota	_		_	. 6	5	1	_	1.0	3	5	94 124	332 293	
South Dakota	i	12	2	-	10	45]]	100	-	10	169	345	
Nebraska	1	-	- 1		34	61	1 2	1.5			93	81	
Kansas	1	1	6	-	17	3	7	4		1	110	216	
SOUTH ATLANTIC		1381_0	6	30	355	630	4	1.9	17	15	1,146	2,491	
Delaware				-		1		1.0		-	31	46	
Maryland	3 1-1	-	-	_	2	13			-	2	88	347	
District of Columbia	-	-	-	1 - T	727 1	2	1	-	-		21	41	
Virginia	-				30	36	1	-	6	4	461	1,013	
North Carolina	-	-	1	1	8	19	-	-		2	63	236	
South Carolina			1	2 5	65 83	190	1	1.53	1	1	118	320	
Georgia		15	2	21	77	221	- 1	-	10	3	63	77	
Florida		77	2	1	89	67	ī	129	-	3	156 145	164 247	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	2	15	6	23	193	367	11.02	1 51.70.0	T TA	-0-5		STATEMENT	
Kentucky	1		1	- 23	14	46	2	1	29 8	16 7	1,586 489	1,591	
Tennessee	1	-	1		23	37		1	12	6	674	307 620	
Alabama			2	20	101	237	1	400	4	1	202	294	
Mississippi		-	2	3	55	47	1	-14	5	2	221	370	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	2	4	21	286	292	3	1	21	25	1.288	1,747	
Arkansas		2	3 -	2	21	11		-0.0		3	138	220	
Louisiana		-)	3		36	36	-	4 -01	1		132	121	
Oklahoma	3.5	A	ī	19	59	29		100	2	2	103	181	
1648	= : 1	11	4	CI_TS	170	216	3	1	18	20	915	1,225	
MOUNTA IN	1 - I	2	11	1	42	21	-01	20	40	63	1,541	2,371	
MontanaIdaho		ī	-	1	4	5	1.3	-1	4	9	364	412	
Wyoming	9 - 0			10	1 7	Q.e.	-	11	3	8 5	194	246 146	
Colorado	-	312		Ž.	3	ī	1 2	- 5	8	7	345	486	
New Mexico	P :- 1	1	11	-	18	4	-		4	_	142	334	
Arizona		200	-	-	6	8	-	- 1	15	32	307	651	
Utah	X 1-	-	-	-	3	1	-	1-2	4	-	75	73	
Nevada	Sq. 11	5.3	ON THE	44	A29000	2	1		1	2	9	23	
PACIFIC	25	1	ļ	3	54	52	3	3	74	108	3,263 595	3,850 830	
Washington	4.0		1		12	24	120	ī	ıı 1	108 34 16	595 650	1,039	
OregonCalifornia	-12	ı	15 T	3	31	28	3	2	56	58	2,018	1,981	
				-	188.	17.35	17		1 7 .3				
Alaska	8.54	-	-	-	36	-		-	8	5	181 55	359	
		-	-			C.	-	-	3	-	22	42	

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED DECEMBER 3, 1955 AND DECEMBER 1, 1956—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

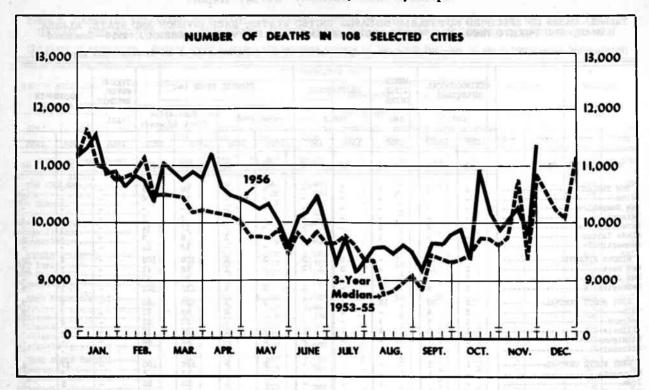
the day of the Zinger supplier.			P	OLIOMYELIT	IS 080		Line B	10.00		Sail a s	ili ecc	
THE PART OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Total ¹					ytic	Nonpara	alytic	MALA	RIA	MEAS	LES
AREA	48th week			Cumulative first 48 weeks		080.0,080.1		080.2		117	085	
	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955
CONT. UNITED STATES	169	283	14,980	28,587	90	135	48	76	3		3,634	2,275
NEW ENGLAND	3	36	248	5,484	2	16	1	4	The same	and the second	258	29
Maine	1	2	22	203	1	2	Section 1	er tar	Secret L	and a	84	Court I had
New Hampshire		1 3	3 21	221 124	STATE OF	2	d below	- i	This St.	Limeson	79	15
Vermont Massachusetts		17	109	3,873	DOLLAR.	10	100	751000		4-1-14	10	11
Rhode Island	Aveil To	8	9	417	Printers.	1	10-6-10-6	25, 1	of Arton	THE STATE OF	i	SOMETH WAR
Connecticut	2	5	84	646	1	1	1	3		-	84	3
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	12	39	1,188	4,167	5	17	2	6		-	888	332
New York	8	23	777	2,752	5	13	2	5		21	656	151
New Jersey		8	210	675	13	5.4	J	1			115	20
Pennsylvania	9 (04)	8	201	740	PERAT-1	t Shall	KENT	the user	MODEL OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	YES	117	161
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	40	55	4,052	6,739	23	32	10	13		_	489	517
Ohio	7	4	612	1,261	2	3	-	-	1-01-5	+-1200 <u>F</u> V	82	50
Indiana	13	12	406	436	8	8	5	2	-	-	99	22
Illinois	5	10	1,827	1,383	3	5	2	2	1	-	50	244
Michigan	7	6	667	1,177	4	4	1	1	-		182	168
Wisconsin	8	23	540	2,482	6	12	2	8			76	33
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	14	17	1,683	2,096	1	3	9	10	-	-	168	91
Minnesota	1	3	203	586	150	1	1 }	2	-		48	5
Iowa	3	5 5	627	550	13 -	1200	3	d Contract			52	26
Missouri	5	5	413	265	1	1	2	4	2.1	-	9	9 38
North Dakota	196	1	37 37	62 75	- T		-	1		-	52	36
South Dakota	4	3	179	283	1 7	1	3	2			3	Capula
Kansas	1	ĭ	187	275	-30 I		3 .	ĩ	-	41-4-2	-	9
	+ coi (b.a#3	1.5	3001	1-1-6.2	ANT	4 E	1 3 5	HIE D	1000	distribution of	1	455B33
SOUTH ATLANTIC	10	25	1,459	2,368	6	11	1	7			258	357
Delaware	1	5	27 105	57 275	i	2	100	3	P2.1	211-1	13	157
Maryland		ı	11	51	10711		7.3	il	Pil.	2574		9
District of ColumbiaVirginia	1	ī	228	317	1		_	ī	Sections		112	1-1.6
West Virginia	ī	2	111	182	ī	2	-	ER I	-	724	33	12
North Carolina	2	6	322	448	2	5	100	18-2	127	1011-1	10/11/14	20
South Carolina	1	3	105	308	1 1	1	7.5	1	1000	1367	40	11
Georgia	1	5	194	268	1 Sec. 1	1	- N	1	200		29	27
Florida	3	2	356	462	\$1,68×17*	100	1	1 15-		HILD	21	5
BAST SOUTH CENTRAL	12	7	719	1,014	6	6	1	1		100	539	61
Kentucky	2	1	191	419	881	1	1	E 2	107-27	1-1400	151	34
Tennessee	2.	2	147	241	2	2	-	L E			338	12
Alabama	2	1	95	172	1000	-		1		diam'r.	35	15
Mississippi	6	3	286	182	-000	3					15	A 2 C S 14
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	30	12	2,345	2,722	23	6	7	2	W 1 -	3	243	226
Arkansas	3	1	209	184	1	1	2				38	12
Louisians	9	2	612	370	6	2	3	100		-	-	4
Oklahoma	2	2	221	295	2	3	2	2		3	202	39 171
Texas	16	7	1,303	1,873	14	3		100		3		
MOUNTAIN	22	10	809	1,076	10	3	5	3	-	-	321	268
Montana	2	2	49	149	2	1	-	-	-		40	82
Idaho	1	2	108	253	- 2	1	- ;	0.1			1	2 13
Wyoming	3 8	1	36 158	35 221	5	100	1 3	1	EE S		3	87
Colorado	3	3	78	130	1	1	1	2			101	15
Arizona			128	127	1 Sec. 16	LE	a 2	- 1			21	63
Utah	5	2	218	80	arr area	A 10 Cla 1	100	Versil -	11.77	-	153	6
Nevada	12/3	111	34	81	K	Libsen,	30.5	180	-		2	254EF
PACIFIC	26	82	2,477	2,921	14	41	12	30	3	1	470	394
Washington	20	14	185	512	1	5	1	2	i	1	211	78
Oregon	î	15	165	418	î	7		4	NAME OF	1.7110	41	34
California	23	53	2,127	1,991	12	29	11	24	2	TOLK S	218	282
	All of pacing	100	12	59	La Company		120 35 27	1000	18300,00		76	35
Havaii	ir sheet	12	67	166	74.75	9	1919	3	March 1	OLEK A	304	7
Puerto Rico	Ser Hebri		51	443	E astute		-	-			52	66

Includes cases not specified by type, category number 080.3.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED DECEMBER 3, 1955 AND DECEMBER 1, 1956—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	MENINGO INFECT		MENIN- GITIS, OTHER	PSITTA	cosis		CIOHCET	FEVER 040		TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC	RABIE ANIM	
OOC S. AREA	057		340	096. 2		48th week		Cumul first 4	ative 8 weeks	101		
	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1955	1956	1956	1955
CONT. UNITED STATES	41	71	43	10	5	22	35	1,688	1,616	1	106	89
4 3 4	Ab.	7.5	_+61		1 m 7	1 ,62	25 7		18.60	V3F	720	INTE
NEW ENGLAND	1	2	5	1			1	55 17	35 6	7 - 2		
New Hampshire	/ 12	- 2		110	A.	2	1		- 6			
Vermont	6.3	. III.		2 -10	1. 3		1000	3	1			distri-
Massachusetts	11.70	2	4	1.5		A	0 -	17	14	-		24.5
Rhode Island	ĩ	1.7	1	ī	(42)	30.	1	6	3			- 7/2
ACCOUNT ASSOCIATION OF THE PARTY OF T	700		1			7	-	12	11	April -		- 18,6
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	7 2	18 10		3 3	3 2	3	5	205 58	169 42		3	19
New Jersey	2	2	ALC: 3	-	-		-	32	26		3	0.0
Pehnsylvania	3	6	1000	100	1	3	4	115	101	uil -	1	9
RAST NORTH CENTRAL	13	20	12	1	1	3	3	220	160	29	9	
Ohio	3	4		î		-	2	59	70	184	7	2
Indiana	1	4	3	-		-	-	30	23	4]]-	2	1
Illinois	1	5 7	9	11.1	YOL	2	1	36	33	LITE	13.00	
Wisconsin	3 5	194	304	19000	20040	1		52 43	26 8	123	1	
Annual Control of the	100			1000		- 10 35 3					1404	420
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1	3	Aubil 7	5,000	±100;€1	2	8	199	100	M	17 7	•
Iowa	100	-	A COLOR	11/1/2				37 60	25	- 1	5	1
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Alabama	6	1	-4.80 ±	7 100	1	4		30	40	1	7	6
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Texas	3	7	3	102		2	3	153	178	20 -	1655 I	12
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Montana	100	100	11 200		-	1	-	3	120			1
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California	2	3	1100	2	-	2	2	1,00	90		3	17
laska	-	2	1801			1777	-	1	4		الح خوالي	108 12
HawaiiPuerto Rico	4075H+ "	1	100	100	1	1			47			21000



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the

interval between death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city with a weekly average of 50 deaths, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to $64 (d \pm 2\sqrt[3]{d})$, where d represents the average number of deaths per weekl.

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	48th week ended	47th week ended	48th week median	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FIRST 48 WEEKS			
AREA	Dec. 1, 1956	Nov. 24, 1956	1953-55	to current week	1956	1955	Percent change	
TOTAL: 105 REPORTING CITIES	10,640	9,144	10,123	+5.1	456,423	448,672	+1.7	
New England(13 cities)	487	429	495	-1.6	21,318	21,526	-1.0	
Middle Atlantic(17 cities)	3,300	2,791	3,137	+5.2	142,324	142,199	+0.	
East North Central(18 cities)	2,424	2,258	2,409	+0.6	107,394	105,774	+1.5	
West North Central(9 cities)	862	714	783	+10.1	35,339	34,567	+2.2	
South Atlantic (9 cities)	898	759		+9.9	38,036	36,560	+4.0	
East South Central(8 cities)	575	439	522	+10.2	22,490	22,205	+1.	
West South Central(12 cities)	845	783		-2.0	38,859	36,439	+6.6	
Mountain(8 cities)	340	211		+27.8	11,800	11,279	+4.6	
Pacific(11 cities)	909	760	799	+13.8	38,863	38,123	+1.5	
Management of the control of the con								

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED DECEMBER 1, 1956

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	48th week ended Dec.	47th week ended Nov.	CUMULATIV FIRST 4		CITY	48th week ended Dec.	47th week ended Nov.	CUMULATIVE FIRST 48	
	1, 24, 1956 1956		1956 195			1, 1956	24, 1956	1956	1955
NEW ENGLAND		_			WEST NORTH CENTRAL—Con.	NAV TO B	- 100	49	UESTIAN
Boston, Mass	-	(214)		(11,058)	St. Louis, Mo	277	209	11,112	10,48
Bridgeport, Conn	54	33	1,751	1,763	St. Paul, Minn	77	62	3,136	3,05
Cambridge, Mass	20	44	1,395	1,418	Wichita, Kans	33	47	1,988	1,85
Fall River, Mass	38	25	1,321	1,311	SOUTH ATLANTIC				
Hartford, ConnLowell, Mass	45 18	32 22	2,252 1,120	2,155 1,221	a profit the second	115	117	F 107	4 00
Lynn, Mass.	19	25	997	1,068	Baltimore, Md	115 251	113 250	5,163	4,98 10,70
New Bedford, Mass	25	17	1,083	1,141	Charlotte, N. C	29	12	1,423	1,30
New Haven, Conn	54	42	2,167	2,029	Jacksonville, Fla	(49)	(42)	(2,440)	(2,30
Providence, R. I	69	55	2,936	3,032	Miami, Fla	61	`58 [°]	2,450	2,48
Somerville, Mass	14	9	720	717	Norfolk, Va	56	26	1,566	1,49
Springfield, Mass	38	44	1,965	2,007	Richmond, Va	72	68	3,319	3,07
Waterbury, Conn	31 62	30 51	1,213	1,209	Savannah, Ga	(53)	(12)	(1,374)	(1,35
Worcester, Mass	02	51	2,398	2,455	Tampa, Fla.	81	37	2,760	2,59
MIDDLE ATLANTIC			1		Washington, D. C	198 35	157 38	8,651 1,664	8,24
			PH 1			35	36	1,004	1,67
Albany, N. Y	56	48	2,316	2,271	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	100			
Allentown, PaBuffalo, N. Y	(56) 204	(37) 86	(1,783)	(1,726)	Birmingham, Ala	110	89	3,655	3,64
Camden, N. J	52	31	6,828 1,867	6,462 1,723	Chattanooga, Tenn	37	26	1,984	2,10
Elizabeth, N. J	32	34	1,321	1,248	Knoxville, Tenn	32	18	1,548	1,59
Erie, Pa	37	26	1,562	1,639	Louisville, Ky	121	105	5,032	4,92
Jersey City, N. J	80	65	3,302	3,291	Memphis, Tenn	121	100	4,694	4,69
Newark, N. J	113	80	4,611	4,766	Mobile, Ala	53	30	1,641	1,37
New York City, N. Y	1,648	1,524	74,068	74,623	Montgomery, Ala Nashville, Tenn	48	28	1,367	1,23
Paterson, N. J	46	34	1,800	1,759	7 2 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	53	43	2,569	2,64
Philadelphia, Pa	498	416	22,577	22,659	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	176		1000	
Pittsburgh, Pa	232	159 (18)	8,707	8,447 (1,084)	Austin, Tex		(21)		(1,22
Rochester, N. Y	106	102	4,521	4,505	Baton Rouge, La	26	18	1,057	1,00
Schenectady, N. Y	22	23	1,063	1,064	Corpus Christi, Tex	26	16	947	82
Scranton, Pa	(42)	(32)	(1,627)	(1,611)	Dallas, Tex	112	121	5,166	4,66
Syracuse, N. Y	65	64	2,818	2,633	El Paso, Tex.	30	20	1,286	1,34
Trenton, N. J	47	39	2,081	2,279	Fort Worth, Tex	55	64	2,769	2,60
Utica, N. Y	30	28	1,468	1,473	Little Rock, Ark	136 51	137	6,435	5,96
Yonkers, N. Y	32	32	1,414	1,357	New Orleans, La	174	26 145	2,202 7,532	2,11 7,17
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					Oklahoma City, Okla	61	57	2,983	2,67
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					San Antonio, Tex	93	104	4,196	4,05
Akron, Ohio	72	46	2,526	2,485	Shreveport, La	46	58	2,155	1,88
Canton, Ohio	38	34	1,364	1,298	Tulsa, Okla	35	17	2,131	2,11
Chicago, Ill	782	706	34,916	34,640	MOUNTAIN				
Cincinnati, Ohio	153	169	7,227	7,034	Albuquerque, N. Mex	29	30	7 700	1 10
Cleveland, Ohio	242	192	9,781	9,387	Colorado Springs, Colo	23	7	1,108 622	1,10
Columbus, Ohio	126	111	5,142	5,058	Denver, Colo	157	79	5,153	61 5,06
Dayton, OhioDetroit, Mich	7 <u>4</u> 283	74 363	3,162	3,085 15,337	Ogden, Utah	ا د	6	603	5,06
Evansville, Ind	40	49	15,069 1,583	1,512	Phoenix, Ariz	39	25	1,232	1,15
Flint, Mich	37	28	1,819	1,778	Pueblo, Colo	20	15	601	59
Fort Wayne, Ind	41	30	1,705	1,588	Salt Lake City, Utah	48	46	2,136	1,99
Bary, Ind		(25)	/	(1,316)	Tucson, Ariz	16	13	345	21
rand Rapids, Mich	48	33	1,945	1,982	PACIFIC				
indianapolis, Ind	140	111	5,591	5,280	Berkeley, Calif	•••			-
ilwaukee, Wis	134	100	5,908	5,903	Long Beach, Calif	20 83	17	788	86
eoria, Ill	33	31	1,394	1,388	Los Angeles, Calif		(450)	2,565	2,33
outh Bend, Ind.	24	27	1,169	1,188	Oakland, Calif	75	(456) 100	4,320	77 ₍₂₁₎
Coungstown, Ohio	114	98 56	4,516	4,391	Pasadena, Calif	38	34	1,670	1,71
omeaner, outo	43	56	2,577	2,440	Portland, Oreg	97	97	4,527	4,43
WEST NORTH CENTRAL					Sacramento, Calif	62	61	2,325	2,32
A SOUTH THE REAL PROPERTY AND A STATE OF			0.107		San Diego, Calif	115	67	3,599	3,50
Des Moines, Iowa	59	58	2,403	2,433	San Francisco, Calif	181	171	9,087	8,77
uluth, Minn	32 33	13 28	1,236	1,214	Spokane, Wash	152	92	5,998	6,07
Ansas City, Mo	118	125	1,467 5,176	1,610 5,243	Tacoma, Wash	48	36	2,179	2,18
inneapolis, Minn	141	110	5,693	5,617		38	30	1,805	1,77
maha, Nebr	92	62	3,128	3,047	Honolulu, Hawaii	(41)	(32)	(1,650)	(1,69

Symbols.--parentheses [()]: data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

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EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS—Continued

Dr. A. M. Washburn, Arkansas State Board of Health, has reported an outbreak of gastro-enteritis following a dinner meeting. Approximately half of the 110 persons who attended became ill with severe abdominal cramps and diarrhea from 8 to 20 hours after eating the dinner. The dinner consisted of turkey, dressing, giblet gravy, spiced apples, candied yams, buttered asparagus, lemon-fluff dessert, hot rolls, and coffee. No laboratory work was done on specimens from the individuals or on samples of food. A public health nurse who attended the meeting stated that new water pipes had been installed in the building where the food was served and that they had not been properly flushed after installation. This, however, was not definitely proved to have any relationship to the outbreak.

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