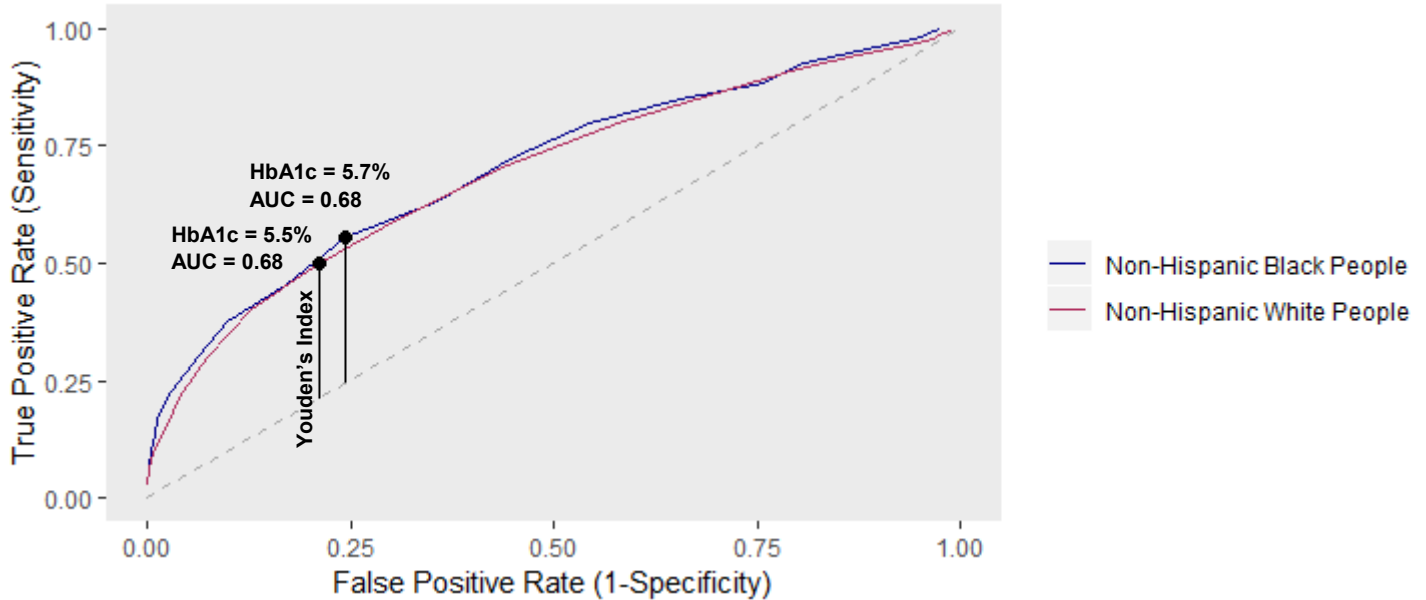


Discrimination of Prediabetes

Dysglycemia vs. Normoglycemia



Prediabetes vs. Normoglycemia

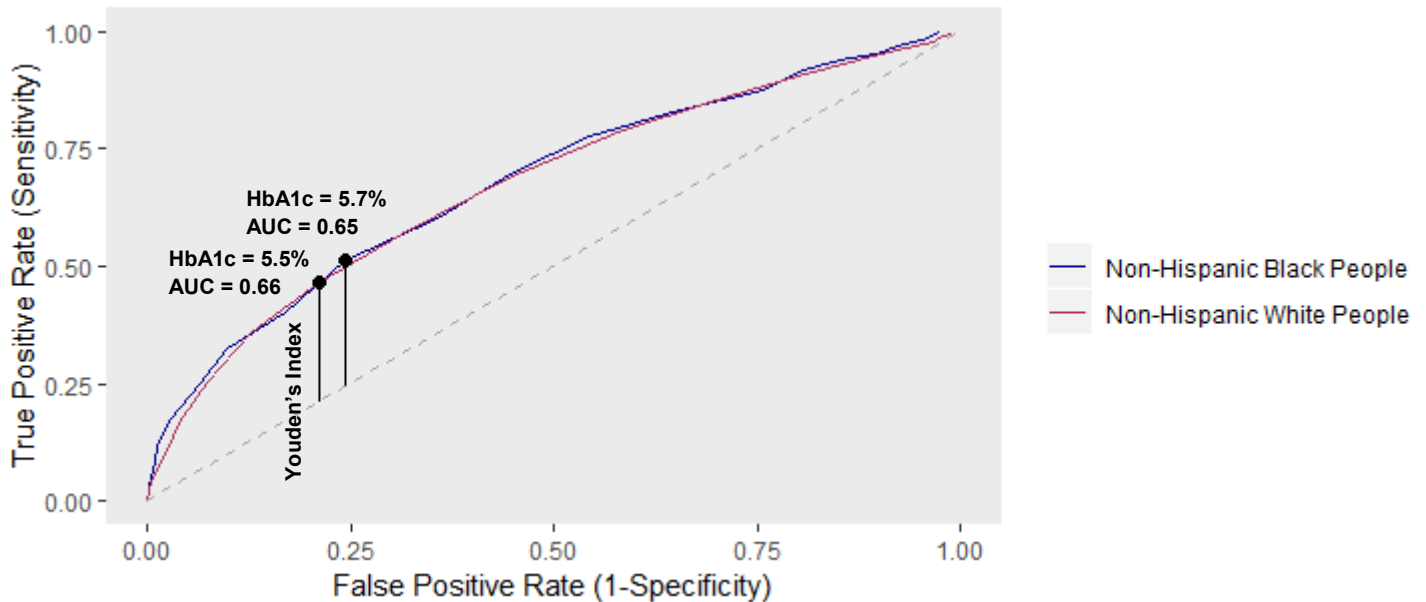


Figure S2. ROC Curves showing the performance of HbA1c as compared to 2hPG and FPG in discriminating prediabetes. Youden's Index corresponds to the HbA1c value at which [sensitivity + specificity - 1] was greatest. AUC denotes Area Under the Curve. Panel A: True Positive Rate (Sensitivity) by the False Positive Rate (1-Specificity) for HbA1c-based classification of dysglycemia (defined as ≥ 126 mg/dL or 2hPG ≥ 140 mg/dL) in black and white people. Panel B: True Positive Rate (Sensitivity) by the False Positive Rate (1-Specificity) for HbA1c-based classification of prediabetes in black and white people, regardless of glycemc status.