

NEW JERSEY

\$1,047,115

Funding for AR Activities
Fiscal Year 2019

FUNDING TO STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS



\$828,030

RAPID DETECTION & RESPONSE: State, territory, and local public health partners fight antibiotic resistance in healthcare, the community, and food. Programs use the AR Lab Network to rapidly detect threats and implement prevention, response, and antibiotic stewardship to stop the spread of resistant germs.

With 2018 funding, New Jersey, in partnership with local stakeholders, launched the Antibiotic Stewardship Recognition Program to identify best practices, innovations, and areas of improvement and enhance prevention and control of multidrug-resistant organisms. The program provides awards to healthcare facilities for adherence to CDC's Core Elements of Antibiotic Stewardship. Seventy-six facilities submitted award applications, triple the number expected.



\$99,327

FOOD SAFETY projects protect communities by rapidly identifying drug-resistant foodborne bacteria to stop and solve outbreaks and improve prevention.

New Jersey uses whole genome sequencing to track and monitor local outbreaks of *Listeria*, *Salmonella*, *Campylobacter*, and *E. coli* and uploads sequence data into PulseNet for nationwide monitoring of outbreaks and trends. In Fiscal Year 2020, New Jersey will continue monitoring these isolates for resistance genes. When outbreaks are detected, local CDC-supported epidemiologists investigate the cases to stop spread.



\$30,000

FUNGAL DISEASE projects improve our ability to track antifungal resistance and stop it from spreading.

With funding for fungal disease surveillance, New Jersey increased their ability to identify fungal diseases, monitor for new and emerging resistance, and implement strategies to prevent its spread in high-risk areas. Improving detection for fungal diseases, like *Candida auris*, means patients receive appropriate treatment while reducing unnecessary antibiotic use.



\$9,664

GONORRHEA RAPID DETECTION & RESPONSE works with state and local epidemiology and laboratory partners to test for and quickly respond to resistant gonorrhea to stop its spread in high-risk communities. Only one treatment option remains for gonorrhea and resistance continues to grow.

To help inform national treatment guidelines for gonorrhea, New Jersey participates in the Gonococcal Isolate Surveillance Project (GISP), testing how well antibiotics work on laboratory samples from sentinel STD clinics, which are often the first to detect the threat.

AR Solutions *In Action*

CDC's Investments to Combat Antibiotic Resistance Threats

FISCAL YEAR

2019

NEW JERSEY AR Investments (cont.)

FUNDING TO UNIVERSITIES & HEALTHCARE PARTNERS



\$80,094

PRINCETON UNIVERSITY: Discovering & Implementing What Works

With CDC investigators, a Princeton University researcher is assisting CDC with global partnerships and communications for best practices in combating antibiotic resistance and improving infection control and antibiotic use.

CDC provides critical support in the U.S. and abroad to protect people from antibiotic resistance.

www.cdc.gov/ARinvestments



U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention