

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE. Characteristics of rubella vaccine introductions in countries that have introduced rubella-containing vaccine during 2017–2018

Country	WHO region	Year RCV introduced into routine schedule*	Introductory vaccination campaign*				Gavi support status for introduction
			Year	Target age group	Target population	% vaccination coverage by report [§]	
Algeria	AFR	2017	2017	6 M-14 Y	6,964,102	45	No
Angola	AFR	2018	2018	9 M-14 Y	12,291,331	93	Yes
Burundi	AFR	2017	2017	9 M-14 Y	4,175,326	99	Yes
Côte d'Ivoire	AFR	2018	2018	9 M-14 Y	13,386,367	98	Yes
Eritrea	AFR	2018	2018	9 M-14 Y	1,439,488	84	98
Gambia	AFR	2017	2016	9 M-14 Y	802,245	97	97
India	SEAR	2017 [†]	2017	9 M-15 Y	312,987,000	76	Yes
Indonesia	SEAR	2017	2018	9 M-15 Y	66,927,540 [¶]	88 [¶]	Yes
Kenya	AFR	2017	2016	9 M-14 Y	19,001,469	101	95
Lesotho	AFR	2017	2017	9 M-14 Y	603,457	89	92
Malawi	AFR	2017	2017	9 M-14 Y	7,991,666	102	92
Mauritania	AFR	2018	2018	9 M-14 Y	1,657,321	104	Yes
Mozambique	AFR	2018	2018	6 M-15 Y	12,987,838	102	Yes
Togo	AFR	2018	2018	9 M-14 Y	3,424,951	98	Yes
Zambia	AFR	2017	2016	9 M-14 Y	7,163,826	108	95

Abbreviations: AFR = African Region; EMR = Eastern Mediterranean Region; Gavi = Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance; RCV = Rubella-containing vaccine; SEAR = South-East Asia Region; WHO = The World Health Organization.

* Introductory campaigns and introduction of the vaccine into the routine schedule can occur in different years, with introduction recommended to occur immediately following the campaign.

[†] India began RCV introductory campaigns using a rolling approach in 2017, and target population and coverage data includes only state-wide campaigns completed by the end of 2018.

[§] Values >100% indicate that the intervention reached more persons than the estimated target population.

[¶] Indonesia began introducing RCV using a rolling approach in 2017 and had completed introduction nationwide by the end of 2018.