

## KYRGYZSTAN

## STRATEGIC FOCUS

The partnership between the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the Government of Kyrgyzstan (Kyrgyz Republic) began in 1995 with the goal of strengthening the capacity to detect, prevent and control disease and respond to public health threats in Central Asia. In 2011, CDC began implementing activities supported through the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR). To help Kyrgyzstan achieve HIV epidemic control, CDC supports the Ministry of Health's Republican AIDS Center (RAC) and Republican Narcology Center (RNC) to implement interventions and activities that are focused on key populations.

CDC's support for epidemic control includes strengthening HIV prevention, care and treatment programs and health systems capacities. Specific activities include implementing evidence-based demonstration programs to identify cost-effective modes of service delivery and expanding prevention and treatment services for key populations. CDC provides support to Ministry of Health in the following areas: HIV prevention including Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) of opioid addiction; HIV counseling and testing; laboratory strengthening; HIV care and treatment; and strategic information systems.

## KEY ACTIVITIES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

- CDC provides technical assistance for antiretroviral treatment (ART) services at 18 Republican AIDS Center (RAC) supported sites in Kyrgyzstan that provide care and treatment services to nearly 2,700 people living with HIV (PLHIV). In these sites, CDC supports activities that improve the quality and coverage of ART in Kyrgyzstan and promote treatment uptake and adherence to achieve viral suppression.
- CDC works with the RAC to reduce new infections and to provide high quality treatment and care services to those infected with HIV. In 2019, CDC also supported the RAC on developing and revising clinical protocols and testing algorithms to implement the World Health Organization's Test and Start Strategy and achieve the UNAIDS 90-90-90 goals. The 90-90-90 targets are, by 2020: 90 percent of all PLHIV will know their HIV status; 90 percent of all people with diagnosed HIV will receive sustained ART; and 90 percent of all people receiving ART will have viral suppression.
- CDC is supporting the development and execution of an Integrated Bio-Behavioral Survey (IBBS) for key populations which will enable RAC to allocate HIV domestic and donor resources to those most in need.
- CDC works with the RNC to provide high-quality MAT services to people who inject drugs in four MAT clinics. CDC also supports the RNC to provide HIV linkage and referral services for PLHIV that inject drugs, as well as integrated ART and MAT services through a "one window" approach at MAT sites.
- CDC developed an Electronic HIV Case Management System for HIV that is used by all AIDS Centers nationwide to have reliable, real-time data on HIV epidemics.
- CDC supports the RAC in national treatment guidelines development and in quantifying a sufficient supply of quality antiretroviral drugs.
- CDC, through the Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute, has been providing technical assistance to HIV/AIDS laboratories in Kyrgyzstan on implementation of laboratory quality management systems in order to prepare them for national accreditation that meets international standards.

## Key Country Leadership

President:  
Sooronbay Jeenbekov

Minister of Health:  
Kosmosbek Cholponbaev

U.S. Ambassador:  
Donald Lu

CDC/DGHT Director:  
Clint Liveoak

**Country Quick Facts**  
[worldbank.org/en/where-we-work](http://worldbank.org/en/where-we-work)

Per Capita GNI:  
\$1,220 (2018)

Population (million):  
6.32 (2018)

Under 5 Mortality:  
20/1,000 live births (2017)

Life Expectancy:  
71 years (2017)

**Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic**  
[aidsinfo.unaids.org](http://aidsinfo.unaids.org)

Estimated HIV Prevalence  
(Ages 15-49): 0.2% (2018)

Estimated AIDS Deaths  
(Age ≥15): <200 (2018)

Estimated Orphans Due to  
AIDS: 1,900 (2018)

Reported Number Receiving  
Antiretroviral Therapy (ART)  
(Age ≥15): 3,263 (2018)

**Global Tuberculosis  
(TB) Epidemic**  
[who.int/tb/country/data/profiles/en](http://who.int/tb/country/data/profiles/en)

Estimated TB Incidence:  
144/100,000 population (2017)

TB Patients With Known HIV-  
Status Who Are HIV-Positive:  
4% (2017)

TB Treatment Success Rate:  
82% (2016)

TB Mortality:  
6.7/100,000 population (2017)

**DGHT Country Staff: 4**

Locally Employed Staff: 4  
Direct Hires: 0  
Fellows & Contactors: 0

**Our success is built on the backbone of science and strong partnerships.**

JULY 2019 | The CDC Division of Global HIV & TB activities are implemented as part of the U.S. President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR); non-HIV related TB activities are supported by non-PEPFAR funding

