

Coccupational Safety and Health Traumatic Injury Prevention Program

What are our priorities?

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Traumatic Injury Prevention Program works with partners from industry, labor, trade associations, professional organizations, and academia. The program addresses these areas:

- Tackling the leading causes of work-related traumatic injuries.
- Decreasing work-related injuries among high-risk occupations and vulnerable worker groups.

What do we do?

- Conduct research to develop an evidence base for preventing the leading causes of workrelated traumatic injuries – falls, motor vehicle crashes, violence, and those associated with machines and industrial vehicles.
- Identify and evaluate ways to reduce traumatic injuries among high-risk occupations and vulnerable worker groups, such as young and older workers, and those in non-standard work arrangements (such as temporary agency, contract, and "gig" arrangements).

Participated in the inaugural National Ladder

Safety Observance in March 2017; released

promotional materials for the free NIOSH

Ladder Safety app that contributed to more

Released award-winning videos and an

infographic that provided emergency medical

services agencies with information to purchase

Supported an extramural study reporting

computer-based training reduces violence

to home healthcare workers by increasing

confidence in preventing and responding to

What have we accomplished?

than 10,000 downloads that month.

- Share research findings and evidence-based recommendations with partners who can put the information into practice. These partners include manufacturers, consensus standard committees, employers, workers, and government agencies.
- Conduct effective surveillance for occupational injuries, and share data with the research community, employers, and workers to guide future research and prevention efforts.

Established Center for Occupational Robotics

Research; formed an alliance with the

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Published research on causes and trends of

occupational fatalities to youth less than 18

years of age in the United States over a 20-year

Conference on Managing Fatigue, which

industry experts to share research and discuss

brought together more than 260 scientists and

10th

International

the

fatigue management and worker safety.

and Robotic Industries Association.

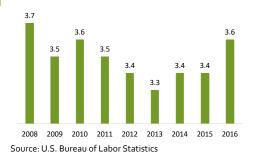
period from 1994 to 2013.

Co-sponsored

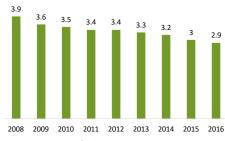
At-A-Glance

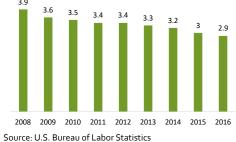
The Traumatic Injury Prevention Program strives to improve workplace safety to reduce traumatic injuries. This snapshot shows recent accomplishments and upcoming work.

Rate of fatalities from work-related injuries in all industries (per 100,000 FTE)



Rate of work-related injuries in private sector, as reported by employers (per 100 FTE)





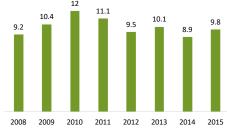
What's next?

incidents.

safer ambulances.

- Publish findings from a study on the efficacy of a program to reduce falls among food-service workers through employer-provided slipresistant shoes.
- Publish results of an analysis of motor vehicle collision and injury data for a large corporate light-vehicle fleet and communicate major findings to industry audiences.
- Co-publish a report with the Bureau of Justice Statistics and Bureau of Labor Statistics that provides data on fatal and nonfatal workplace violence and trends using multiple data sources.
- Seek public input to refine research to be addressed by the Center for Occupational Robotics Research.
- Conduct research-based fatality investigations to make recommendations for preventing deaths among high-risk and vulnerable workers.
- Host the 7th National Occupational Injury Research Symposium on October 16-18, 2018, in Morgantown, West Virginia, to share and discuss the latest occupational injury research.

Rate of work-related assaults (per 10,000 FTE)



Source: NIOSH Work-Related Injury Statistics Query System (Work-RISQS)

Centers for Disease Control National Institute for Occupational

"Mention of any company or product does not constitute endorsement by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention."

To learn more, visit https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/programs/ti

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