



Interim Estimates of 2018–19 Seasonal Influenza Vaccine Effectiveness against Medically Attended Influenza from the US Flu VE Network

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For the US Flu VE Network

Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices

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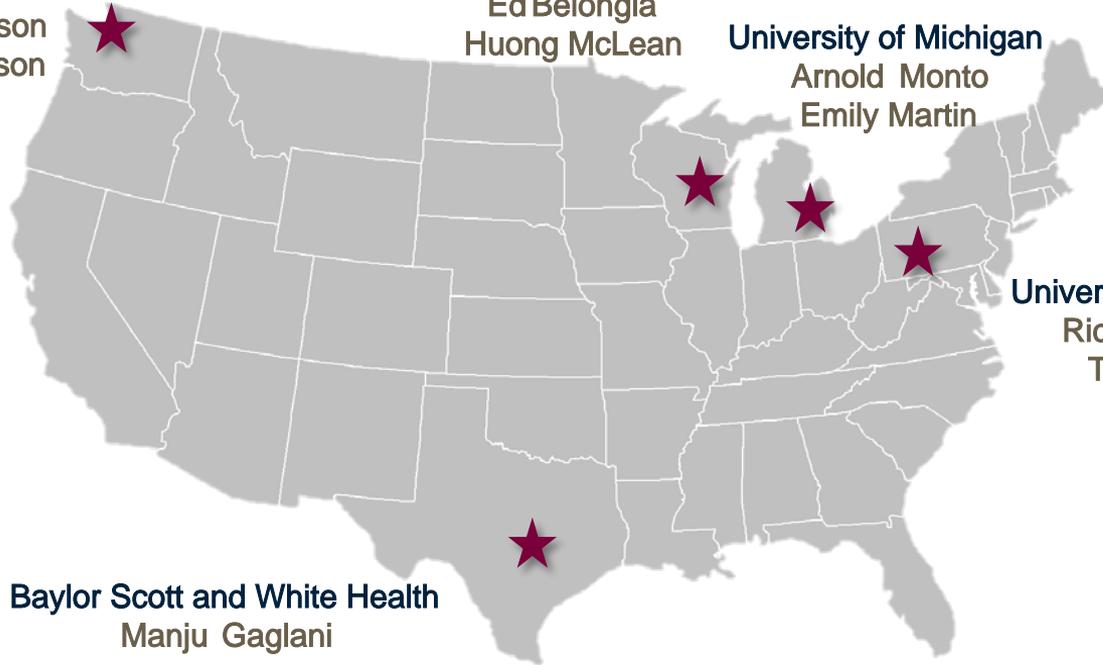
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US Flu VE Network Methods

Enrollees: Outpatients aged ≥ 6 months with acute respiratory illness with cough ≤ 7 days duration

Dates of enrollment: November 23, 2018–February 2, 2019

Design: Test-negative design

- Comparing vaccination odds among influenza RT-PCR positive cases and RT-PCR negative controls
- Vaccination status: receipt of at least one dose of any 2018–19 seasonal flu vaccine according to medical records, immunization registries, and/or self-report

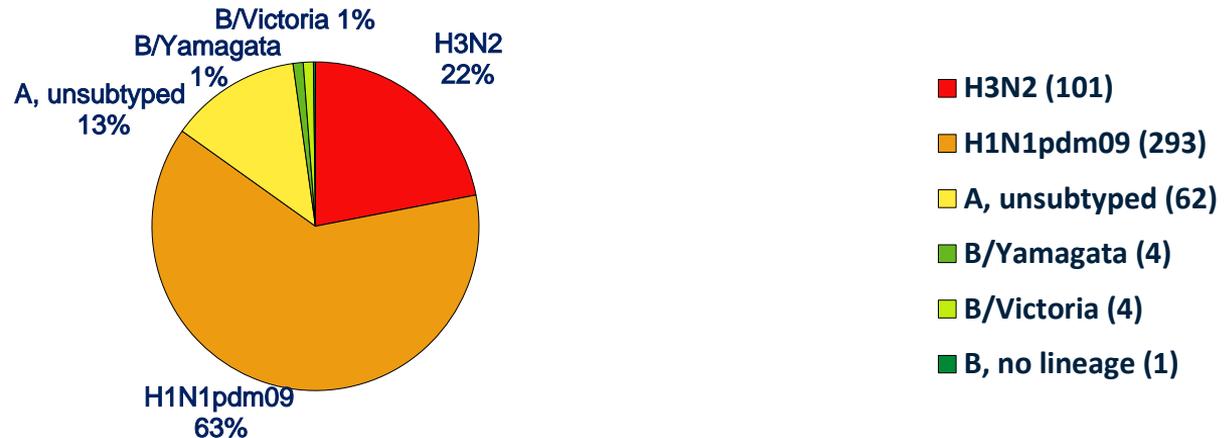
Analysis: $VE = (1 - \text{adjusted OR}) \times 100\%$

- Adjustment for study site, age, self-rated general health status, race/Hispanic ethnicity, interval from onset to enrollment, and calendar time

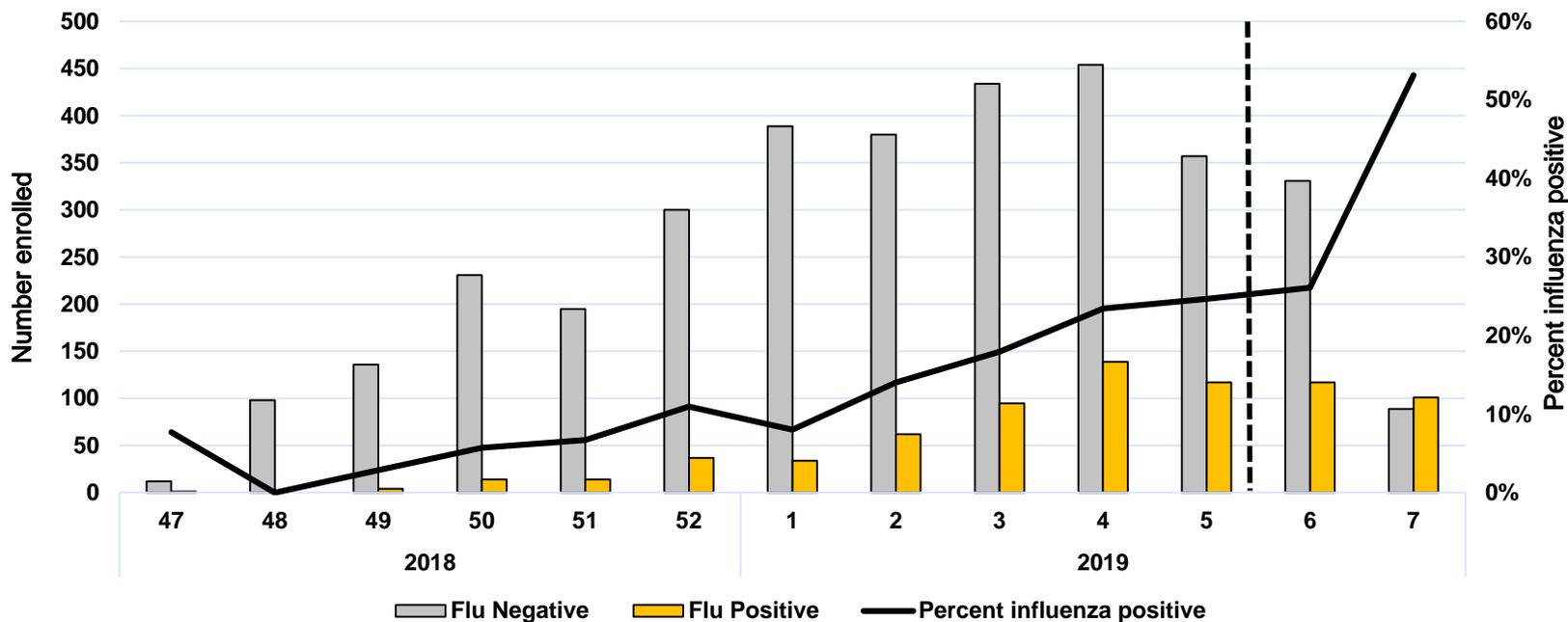
Interim Results (Published Feb 15, 2019 MMWR)

- 3,254 enrolled from Nov 23, 2018–Feb 2, 2019 at 5 sites
- 465 (14%) influenza RT-PCR positive
- 2,789 (86%) influenza RT-PCR negative

Cases enrolled by (sub)type, N=465



Number of enrolled participants by influenza RT-PCR result and percent positivity by week of onset



Note: Week 7 only includes patients with completed laboratory tests and thus does not reflect all enrolled patients during that week across study sites.

Interim adjusted vaccine effectiveness against medically attended influenza A/B by age group, 2018–19

Any influenza A or B virus	Influenza positive		Influenza negative		Vaccine Effectiveness			
	N vaccinated /Total	(%)	N vaccinated /Total	(%)	VE %	95% CI	Adjusted* VE %	Adjusted* 95% CI
Overall	198/465	(43)	1591/2789	(57)	44	(32 to 54)	47	(34 to 57)
Age group (yrs)								
6 mos–17	58/173	(34)	515/926	(56)	60	(43 to 71)	61	(44 to 73)
18–49	58/166	(35)	403/932	(43)	30	(1 to 50)	37	(9 to 56)
≥50	82/126	(65)	673/931	(72)	29	(-6 to 52)	24	(-15 to 51)

* Multivariable logistic regression models adjusted for site, age, sex, race/ethnicity, self-rated general health status, interval from onset to enrollment, and calendar time.

Interim adjusted vaccine effectiveness against medically attended influenza A subtypes by age group, 2018–19

	Influenza positive		Influenza negative		Vaccine Effectiveness			
	N vaccinated /Total	(%)	N vaccinated /Total	(%)	Unadjusted	Adjusted*		
					VE %	95% CI	VE %	95% CI
<u>Influenza A/H1N1pdm09</u>								
Overall	125/293	(43)	1591/2789	(57)	44	(29 to 56)	46	(30 to 58)
Age group (yrs)								
6 mos–17	37/106	(35)	515/926	(56)	57	(35 to 72)	62	(40 to 75)
18–49	38/113	(34)	403/932	(43)	33	(0 to 56)	45	(14 to 64)
≥50	50/74	(68)	673/931	(72)	20	(-33 to 52)	8	(-59 to 46)
<u>Influenza A/H3N2</u>								
Overall	42/101	(42)	1591/2789	(57)	46	(20 to 64)	44	(13 to 64)

* Multivariable logistic regression models adjusted for site, sex, race/ethnicity, self-rated general health status, interval from onset to enrollment, and calendar time.

Summary

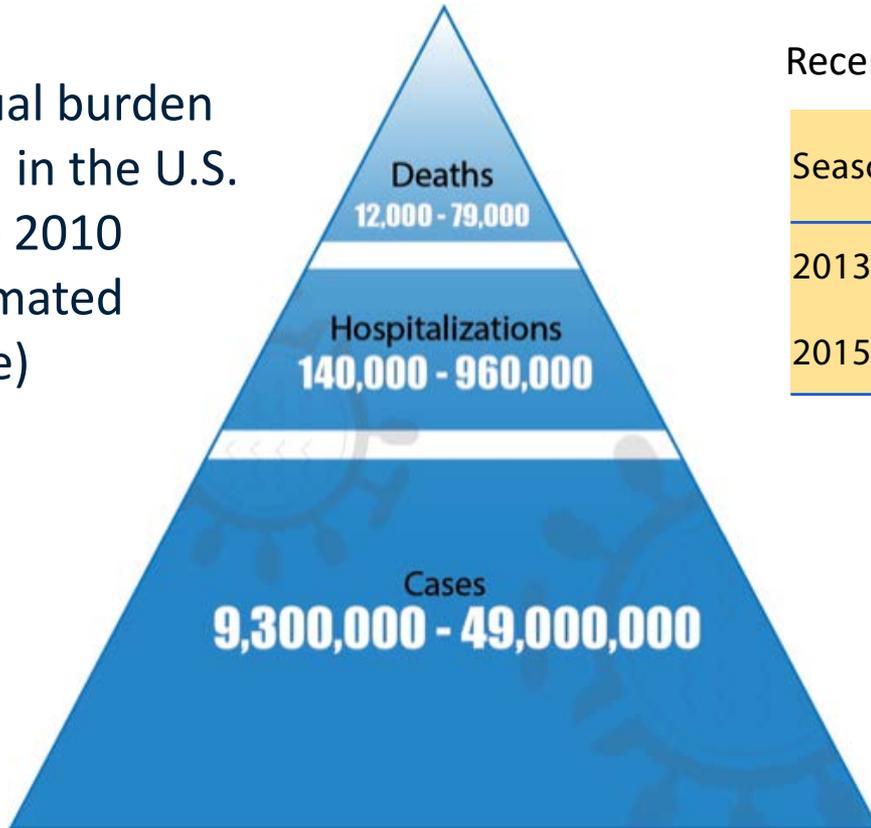
- Interim results for 2018–19 season (through February 2, 2019) indicate protection against influenza
 - 47% (CI: 35, 57) vaccine effectiveness against any influenza virus
 - 46% (CI: 30, 58) against H1N1pdm09, 44% (CI: 13, 64) against H3N2
- Effectiveness estimates among children aged 6 months – 17 years
 - 61% (CI: 44, 73) against any flu, 62% (CI: 40, 75) against H1N1pdm09
- Effectiveness estimates 37% – 45% among adults aged 18-49 years
- Effectiveness estimates not statistically significant among those ≥ 50 years
 - US Flu VE study will continue enrolling through end of season

Recently published estimates of 2018-19 VE

- Canada, Skowronski et al, Eurosurveillance 2019
 - VE 68% (CI: 55, 77) against any flu, 72% against H1N1pdm09
- Europe, Kissling et al, Eurosurveillance 2019
 - VE 32% – 43% against flu A, 45% – 71% against H1N1pdm09
 - UK, LAIV: VE 87% (CI: 4, 100) against H1N1pdm09
- Hong Kong, Chiu et al, Eurosurveillance 2019
 - Inpatient VE 92% (CI: 82, 96) against H1N1pdm09, 6m-17 years
- Australia (2018), Australian Government website
 - VE 78% (CI: 51, 91) against H1N1pdm09, all ages

Influenza disease burden during recent H1N1pdm09-predominant seasons

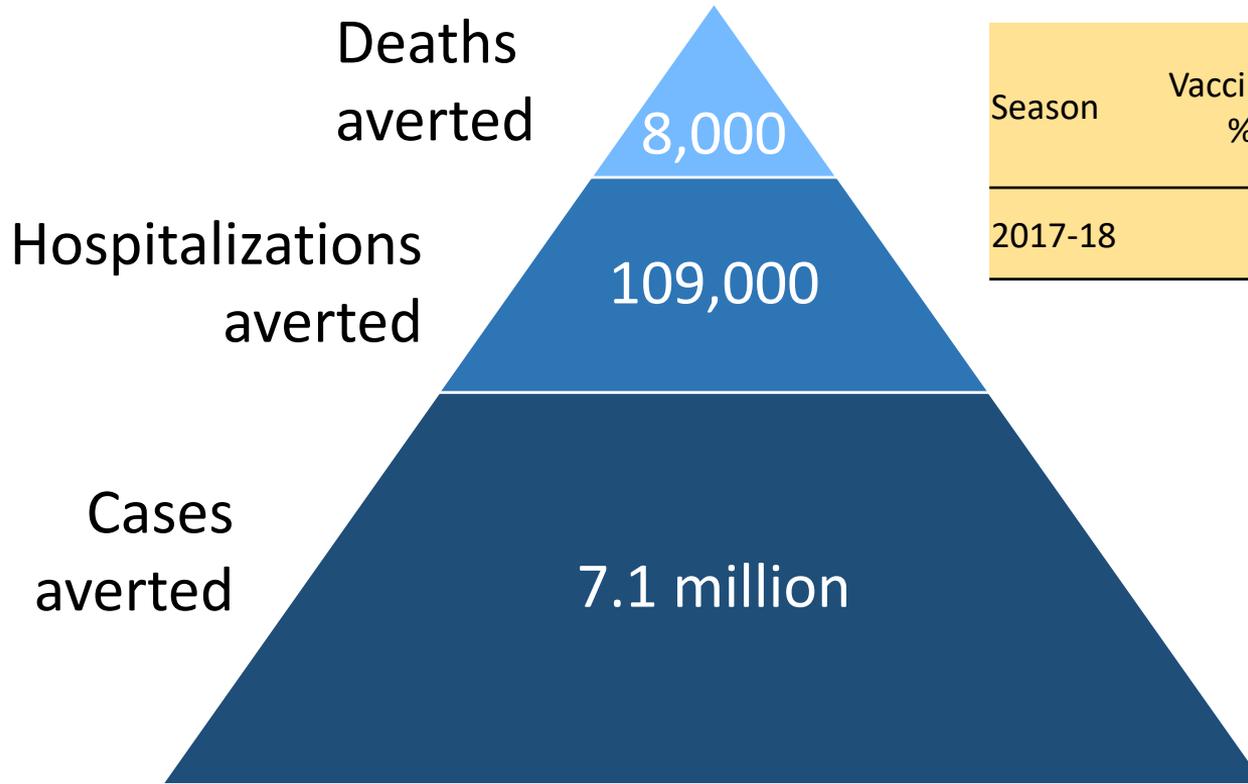
Annual burden of flu in the U.S. since 2010 (estimated range)



Recent A(H1N1)pdm09 predominant seasons

Season	Cases	Hospitalizations	Deaths
2013-14	30,000,000	350,000	38,000
2015-16	25,000,000	310,000	25,000

Deaths, hospitalizations and cases averted in the US due to influenza vaccination, 2017-18 flu season



Season	Vaccine coverage % (range)	Vaccine effectiveness % (95% CI)
2017-18	37–58	38 (31–43)

Estimates of 2018-19 averted burden expected in fall 2019

US Flu VE Network

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The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

