

2010

Assisted Reproductive Technology

Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report

National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion
Division of Reproductive Health



Updates to this report will be posted on the CDC Web site at the following address:

www.cdc.gov/art/ART2010

For additional information, send an e-mail to cdcinfo@cdc.gov (Subject: ART)

Or write to CDC, ATTN: ART Surveillance and Research Team
4770 Buford Highway, N.E.; Mail Stop K-34; Atlanta, GA 30341-3717.

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August 2012

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Preface

For many people who want to start a family, the dream of having a child is not easily realized; about 12% of women of childbearing age in the United States have used an infertility service. Assisted reproductive technology (ART) has been used in the United States since 1981 to help women become pregnant, most commonly through the transfer of fertilized human eggs into a woman's uterus. However, for many people, deciding whether to undergo this expensive and time-consuming treatment can be difficult.

The goal of this report is to help potential ART users make informed decisions about ART by providing some of the information needed to answer the following questions:

- What are my chances of having a child by using ART?
- Where can I go to get this treatment?

The Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), an organization of ART providers affiliated with the American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM), has been collecting data and publishing annual reports of pregnancy success rates for fertility clinics in the United States and Canada since 1989. In 1992, the U.S. Congress passed the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act. This law requires the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) to publish pregnancy success rates for ART in fertility clinics in the United States. (For more details about the law, see www.cdc.gov/dls/pdf/art/fr06no98n.pdf.) Since 1995, CDC has worked in consultation with SART and ASRM to report ART success rates.

The 2010 report of pregnancy success rates is the sixteenth to be issued under the law. This report is based on the latest available data on the type, number, and outcome of ART cycles performed in U.S. clinics.

The 2010 ART report has three major sections:

- **Commonly asked questions about the U.S. ART clinic reporting system.** This section provides background information on infertility and ART and an explanation of the data collection, analysis, and publication processes.
- **Fertility clinic tables.** Many factors contribute to the success of ART, including the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals, the quality of services, and the characteristics of the patient population. The fertility clinic tables section displays ART results and success rates for individual U.S. Fertility Clinics in 2010. The section also includes the National Summary table, which combines data from all clinics.

- **Appendixes:**

Appendix A contains technical notes on the interpretation of 95% confidence intervals of success rates reported in the fertility clinic tables and information about 2010 data validation activities.

Appendix B provides definitions for technical and medical terms used throughout the report.

Appendix C includes the current names and addresses of all reporting clinics along with a list of clinics known to be in operation in 2010 that did not report their success rates data to CDC as required by law.

Appendix D includes the names and addresses of national consumer organizations that offer support to people experiencing infertility.

Success rates can be reported in a variety of ways, and the statistical aspects of these rates can be difficult to interpret. This report is intended for the general public, and the emphasis is on presenting the information in an easily understandable form. CDC hopes that this report is informative and helpful to people considering an ART procedure. We welcome any suggestions for improving the report and making it easier to use. (Please contact us at cdcinfo@cdc.gov [Subject: ART].)

In addition to the *2010 Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*, CDC also publishes the *2010 Assisted Reproductive Technology National Summary Report* (available in December 2012), which provides an overall national picture that uses 2010 data to answer specific questions related to ART success rates.

Commonly Asked Questions About the U.S. ART Clinic Reporting System

Background Information, Data Collection Methods, Content and Design of the Report, and Additional Information About ART in the United States

1. How many people in the United States have infertility problems?

The latest data on infertility available to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are from the 2002 National Survey of Family Growth (www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr_23/sr23_025.pdf).

- Of the approximately 62 million women of reproductive age in 2002, about 1.2 million, or 2%, had had an infertility-related medical appointment within the previous year and an additional 10% had received infertility services at some time in their lives. (Infertility services include medical tests to diagnose infertility, medical advice and treatments to help a woman become pregnant, and services other than routine prenatal care to prevent miscarriage.)
- Additionally, of 2.1 million married couples in which the woman was of reproductive age, 7% reported that they had not used contraception for 12 months and the woman had not become pregnant.

2. What is assisted reproductive technology (ART)?

Although various definitions have been used for ART, the definition used in this report is based on the 1992 law that requires CDC to publish this report. According to this definition, ART includes all fertility treatments in which both eggs and sperm are handled. In general, ART procedures involve surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries, combining them with sperm in the laboratory, and returning them to the woman's body or donating them to another woman. They do NOT include treatments in which only sperm are handled (i.e., intrauterine insemination) or procedures in which a woman takes drugs only to stimulate egg production without the intention of having eggs surgically retrieved.

The main type of ART is **in vitro fertilization (IVF)**. IVF involves extracting a woman's eggs, fertilizing the eggs in the laboratory, and then transferring the resulting embryos into the woman's uterus through the cervix. For some IVF procedures, fertilization involves a specialized technique known as intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI). In ICSI, a single sperm is injected directly into the woman's egg.

Other types of ART exist, but are rarely performed. **Gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT)** involves using a fiber-optic instrument called a laparoscope to guide the transfer of unfertilized eggs and sperm (gametes) into the woman's fallopian tubes through small incisions in her abdomen. **Zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT)** involves fertilizing a woman's eggs in the laboratory and then using a laparoscope to guide the transfer of the fertilized eggs (zygotes) into her fallopian tubes.

In addition, ART often is categorized according to whether the procedure used a woman's own eggs (nondonor) or eggs from another woman (donor) and according to whether the embryos used were newly fertilized (fresh) or previously fertilized, frozen, and then thawed (frozen).

3. What is an ART cycle?

Because ART consists of several steps over an interval of approximately 2 weeks, an ART procedure is typically referred to as a **cycle** of treatment rather than a procedure at a single point in time. The start of an ART cycle is when a woman begins taking drugs to stimulate egg production or starts ovarian monitoring with the intent of having embryos transferred. For the purposes of this report, data on **all cycles that were started**, even those that were discontinued before all steps were undertaken, are counted in the clinic's success rates.

4. How do U.S. ART clinics report data to CDC about their success rates?

CDC contracts with a statistical survey research organization, Westat, to obtain the data published in the *Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report*. Westat maintains a list of all ART clinics known to be in operation and tracks clinic reorganizations and closings. This list includes clinics and individual providers that are members of the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) as well as clinics and providers that are not SART members. Westat actively follows up reports of ART physicians or clinics not on its list to update the list as needed. Westat maintains the National ART Surveillance System (NASS), the Web-based data collection system that all ART clinics use to submit data to CDC. Clinics either electronically enter or import data into NASS for each ART cycle started in a given reporting year. SART-member clinics can report directly to SART, and SART submits the data to NASS. The data collected include information on the client's medical history (such as infertility diagnoses), clinical information pertaining to the ART procedure, and information on resulting pregnancies and births.

5. Why is the report of 2010 success rates being published in 2012?

Before success rates based on live births can be calculated, every ART pregnancy must be followed up to determine whether a birth occurred. Therefore, the earliest possible date that clinics can report complete annual data is late in the year after ART treatment was initiated (about 9 months past year-end, when all the births have occurred). Accordingly, the results of all the cycles initiated in 2010 were not known until October 2011. After ART outcomes are known, the following occurs before the report is published:

- Clinics enter their 2010 data into NASS and verify the data's accuracy before submitting the data at the end of 2011 to Westat.
- Westat compiles a national data set in the beginning of 2012 from the data submitted by individual clinics.
- CDC data analysts conduct comprehensive checks of the numbers reported for every clinic.
- Individual fertility clinic tables are available in the spring of 2012 on CDC's Web site at www.cdc.gov/art/ARTReports.htm.
- Clinic tables and accompanying text for both the printed and Web site versions of the full report are compiled and laid out.

- Necessary changes are incorporated and proofread.
- The report is submitted to the Government Printing Office to begin the printing and production process.

These steps are time-consuming but essential for ensuring that the report provides the public with correct information particularly regarding each clinic's success rates.

6. Which clinics are represented in this report?

The data in this report come from 443 fertility clinics that provided and verified information about the outcomes of the ART cycles started in their clinics in 2010.

Although almost all clinics that provided ART services in the United States throughout 2010 are represented in this report, data from 31 clinics or practitioners are not included because they either were not in operation throughout 2010 or did not report as required. Clinics and practitioners known to have been in operation throughout 2010 that did not report and verify their data are listed in this report as nonreporters, as required by law (see Appendix C: Nonreporting ART Clinics for 2010, by State on pages 519–520). Given the estimated number of ART cycles performed in nonreporting clinics, we estimate that ART surveillance covered 97% of ART cycles performed in the United States in 2010. We will continue to make every effort to include in future reports all clinics and practitioners providing ART services.

7. Why aren't the clinics ranked by their success rates?

Because the decision to undergo ART treatment is a very personal decision, this report may not contain all of the information that consumers need to decide which ART clinic or procedure is best for their treatment. Many factors contribute to the success rate of an ART procedure in particular patients, and a difference in success rates between two ART clinics may reflect differences in the groups of patients treated, the types of procedures performed, or other factors. More explanations on how to use the success rates and other statistics published in this report are in the Introduction to Fertility Clinic Tables section (see pages 11–20). The report should be used to help people considering an ART procedure find clinics where they can meet personally with ART providers to discuss their specific medical situation and their likelihood of success using ART. Contacting a clinic also may provide additional information that could be helpful in deciding whether or not to use ART. Because ART offers several treatment options for infertility, there are many other factors that may affect the decision. Going through repeated ART cycles requires substantial commitments of time, effort, money, and emotional energy. Therefore, this report may be a helpful starting point for consumers to obtain information and consider their options.

8. Does this report include all ART cycles performed by the reporting clinics?

This report includes data for all 147,260 ART cycles performed in 2010 by the 443 clinics that reported their data as required. A small number of ART cycles are not included in either the National Summary table or the individual fertility clinic tables. These were cycles in which a new treatment procedure was being evaluated. Only 4 ART cycles fell into this category in 2010.

9. How are the success rates determined?

This report presents several measures of success for ART, including the percentage of ART cycles that result in a pregnancy. (Please note that not all pregnancies result in live birth; some pregnancies may result in miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth.) All live-birth deliveries were reported to the ART clinic by either the patient or the patient's obstetric provider. Because this report is geared toward patients, the focus is on the percentage of cycles resulting in live births. Singleton live births are presented as a separate measure of success because they have a much lower risk than multiple-infant births for adverse infant health outcomes, including prematurity, low birth weight, disability, and death. Success rates were additionally calculated at various steps of the ART cycle to provide a complete picture of the chances for success as the cycle progresses.

10. What are my chances of getting pregnant using ART?

Many consumers ask this question because they assume that the pregnancy will lead to a live birth. Unfortunately, not all ART procedures that result in a pregnancy lead to the delivery of a live infant. For example, 100,824 fresh nondonor ART cycles were started in 2010. Of those, 37,191 (37%) led to a pregnancy, but only 30,425 (30%) resulted in a live birth. In other words, 6,766 (18%) of ART pregnancies did not result in a live birth. The percentage of cycles resulting in live births will give a more accurate answer to the question, "If I have an ART procedure, what is my chance that I will have a baby?"

It is important to note that ART success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. These characteristics include age, infertility diagnosis, number of embryos transferred, type of ART procedure, use of techniques such as ICSI, and history of previous births, miscarriages, and ART cycles.

11. If a patient has had more than one ART treatment cycle, how is the success rate calculated? Alternatively, how many cycles does a patient usually go through before getting pregnant?

As required by law, this report presents ART success rates in terms of how many cycles were started each year. Because clinics report information based on outcomes for each cycle started, success rates on a "per patient" basis, or the number of cycles that an average patient may undergo before achieving success are not presented in this report. While it is possible to achieve success with one ART cycle, success rates vary in the context of patient and treatment characteristics. Consumers should consult with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of using ART.

12. What quality control steps are used to ensure data accuracy?

To have their success rates published in this annual report, clinics have to submit their data in time for analysis and the clinics' medical directors have to verify by signature that the tabulated success rates are accurate. Then, Westat conducts an in-house review and contacts the clinics if corrections are necessary. After the data have been verified, a quality control process called validation begins. This year, 35 of the 443 reporting clinics were selected after taking into consideration some cycle and clinic characteristics and whether the clinic had been selected before. (See Appendix A: Technical Notes on pages 469–471 for a more detailed presentation of sampling strategy.) Members of the Westat

Validation Team visit these clinics and review medical record data for a sample of the clinic's ART cycles. For each cycle, the validation team abstracts information from the patient's medical record. The abstracted information is then reviewed onsite and compared with the data submitted for the report. The data validation process does not include any assessment of clinical practice or overall record keeping. Validation primarily helps ensure that clinics submit accurate data. It also serves to identify any systematic problems that could cause data collection to be inconsistent or incomplete. Findings and discrepancy rates from the 2010 validation visits will be available on the CDC Web site later this year at www.cdc.gov/art/ARTReports.htm.

13. How does CDC use the variables/data collected but not reported in the annual *Assisted Reproductive Technology Fertility Clinic Success Rates Report* and *National Summary Report*?

CDC uses the data collected and not reported in the annual ART reports to evaluate emerging ART research questions and to monitor safety and efficacy issues related to ART treatment for improving maternal and child outcomes. Other data may not be released in order to protect the ART patient's confidentiality. A list of ART publications is available at www.cdc.gov/art/pubs.htm.

14. How does CDC ensure the confidentiality of the ART data it collects?

CDC has an Assurance of Confidentiality for the ART database. An Assurance of Confidentiality is a formal confidentiality protection authorized under Section 308(d) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 242[m]). An assurance is used for projects conducted by CDC staff or contractors involving the collection or maintenance of sensitive identifiable or potentially identifiable information. The assurance allows CDC programs to assure that individuals and institutions involved in research or nonresearch projects protect the confidentiality of the data collected. Under Public Health Service Act Section 308(d), no identifiable information may be used for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was supplied unless such institution or individual has consented to that disclosure. CDC's current Assurance of Confidentiality for this project is ongoing.

15. Why doesn't the report contain specific medical information about ART?

This report describes a woman's average chances of success per ART cycle. Although the report provides some information about factors such as age and infertility diagnosis, consumers face many unique medical situations. This population-based registry of ART procedures cannot capture detailed information about specific medical conditions associated with infertility. Consumers should consult with their physician to understand their specific medical situation and their chances of success using ART.

16. Why are statistics in the *Fertility Clinic Tables* published by CDC different from statistics reported by SART's *IVF Success Rate Reports*?

During 1996–2010, the percentage of ART clinics reporting data to CDC with a SART membership ranged from approximately 85% to 95%. Annual summary statistics of ART treatments performed in each of these clinics are available online at www.sart.org. Although many of the same table items are used in both the CDC's *Fertility Clinic Tables* and SART's *IVF Success Rate Reports*, discrepancies in tabulated statistics between the SART and CDC tables may be due to (1) the inclusion in the CDC

Fertility Clinic Reports of ART treatments performed at non-SART member clinics; (2) differences in the data submission deadlines between SART and CDC, which may result in ART clinics being excluded from CDC's annual Fertility Clinic Reports; and (3) differences in data processing procedures and statistical methods used to generate statistics.

17. Does CDC have any information on the women who donate eggs?

CDC only collects information on the age of egg donors, but does not present it in the individual clinic tables for this report. In 2010, the average age of egg donors was approximately 28 years. Success rates for cycles using donor eggs or using embryos derived from donor eggs is related to the age of the woman who produced the eggs. Thus, the percentage of transfers that resulted in live births for cycles using fresh embryos from donor eggs remained consistently high—above 50% among most patients of different ages.

18. Are there any medical guidelines for ART performed in the United States?

The American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM) and the Society of Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) issue guidelines dealing with specific ART practice issues, such as the number of embryos to be transferred in an ART procedure. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (both at telephone 205-978-5000 or Web sites www.asrm.org and www.sart.org).

19. Where can I get additional information on U.S. fertility clinics?

For further information on specific clinics, contact the clinic directly (see Appendix C for current contact information). In addition, SART can provide general information on its member clinics (telephone 205-978-5000, extension 109).

2010

Fertility Clinic Tables



INTRODUCTION TO FERTILITY CLINIC TABLES

The first table in this section is the 2010 National Summary of combined data from all clinics. Individual clinic tables follow, with each clinic's data presented in a one-page table that includes the types of assisted reproductive technology (ART) used, patient diagnoses, success rates, and individual clinic characteristics. Clinics are listed in alphabetical order by state, city, and clinic name.

Many people considering ART will want to use this report to find the “best” clinic. However, comparisons between clinics must be made with caution. Many factors contribute to the success of an ART procedure. Some factors are related to the training and experience of the ART clinic and laboratory professionals and the quality of services they provide. Other factors are related to the patients themselves, such as their age, quality of their eggs and sperm (including motility and ability to penetrate the egg), cause of their infertility, genetic factors, and diagnosis. Some clinics may be more willing than others to accept patients with low chances of success or may specialize in various ART treatments that attract particular types of patients.

We encourage consumers considering ART to contact clinics to discuss their specific medical situations and their potential for success using ART. Because clinics did not have the opportunity to provide narratives to explain their data in this report, such conversations could provide additional information to help consumers decide whether to use ART.

Although ART offers important options for the treatment of infertility, the decision to use ART involves many factors in addition to success rates. Therefore, consumers should carefully examine all related financial, psychological, and medical issues before beginning treatment. They also will want to consider the location of the clinic, the counseling and support services available, and the rapport that staff members have with their patients. Important factors to consider when interpreting clinic data are discussed below.

Important Factors to Consider When Using These Tables to Assess a Clinic

- ***These statistics are for 2010.*** Data for cycles started in 2010 could not be published until 2012 because the final outcomes of pregnancies conceived in December 2010 were not known until October 2011. Additional time was then required to collect and analyze the data and prepare the report. Many factors that contribute to a clinic's success rate may have changed in the 2 years since these cycles were performed. Personnel may be different. Equipment and training may or may not have been updated. As a result, success rates for 2010 may not necessarily represent current rates.
- ***No reported success rate is absolute.*** A clinic's success rates may vary from year to year even if all determining factors remain the same. The more cycles that a clinic carries out, the less the rate is likely to vary. Conversely, clinics that perform fewer cycles are likely to have more variability in

success rates from year to year. As an extreme example, if a clinic reports only one ART cycle in a given category, as is sometimes the case in the data presented here, the clinic's success rate in that category would be either 0% or 100%. (For further detail, see Appendix A: How to Interpret a Confidence Interval on pages 469–470.) Because success rate calculations are very unstable if they are based on a small number of cycles, the rates are shown as fractions rather than percentages when fewer than 20 cycles are reported in a given category.

- **Some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems.** Some clinics are willing to offer ART to most potential patients, even those who have a low probability of success. Others discourage such patients or encourage them to use donor eggs, practices that result in higher success rates among older women. Clinics that accept a higher percentage of women who previously have had multiple unsuccessful ART cycles will generally have lower success rates. In contrast, clinics that offer ART procedures to women who might have become pregnant with less technologically advanced treatment will generally have higher success rates.
- **The percentage of cycles that are canceled.** Percentages of canceled cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos vary among clinics from less than 1% to, in a few cases, more than 30%. A high percentage of cancellations tends to lower the percentage of cycles resulting in live births but may increase the percentage of retrievals resulting in live births and the percentage of embryo transfers resulting in live births.
- **Percentages of unstimulated (or “natural”) cycles are included with those for stimulated cycles.** In an unstimulated cycle, the woman ovulates naturally rather than through the daily injections used in stimulated cycles. Unstimulated cycles are less expensive because they require no daily injections and fewer ultrasounds and blood tests. However, women who use natural or mild stimulation produce only one or two follicles, thus reducing the potential number of embryos for transfer. As a result, clinics that perform a relatively high percentage of unstimulated cycles may have lower success rates. Nationally, less than 1% of ART cycles using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos in 2010 were unstimulated. In a very few clinics, more than 2% of cycles were unstimulated.
- **Success rates are calculated per cycle rather than per patient.** Success rates shown in this report are presented in terms of cycles, as required by law, rather than in terms of patients. As a result, patients who had more than one ART cycle in 2010 are represented in multiple cycles that are not linked. If a patient who underwent several ART cycles at a given clinic either never had a successful cycle or had a successful cycle only after numerous attempts, the clinic's success rates would be lowered. In addition, for patients who undergo both fresh and frozen cycles, success rates are calculated separately for each cycle. Clinics that have a very high percentage of cycles resulting in live births with frozen embryos would have higher ART success rates if these births were included as successes from the original stimulated cycle. Consumers should look at both rates (for cycles using fresh embryos and for those using frozen embryos) when assessing a clinic's success rates.

- ***The number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic.*** In 2010, the average number of embryos that a clinic transferred to women younger than age 35 ranged from one to four for fresh nondonor cycles. The American Society for Reproductive Medicine and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology discourage the transfer of a large number of embryos because of the increased likelihood of multiple-fetus pregnancies. Multiple-fetus pregnancies, in turn, increase the probability of premature births and related health problems.

An explanation of how to read a fertility clinic table begins on page 15.

SAMPLE CLINIC TABLE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

1 Type of ART ^a			2 Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	7%	
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	<1%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	17%		

4 2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

3 Data verified by X. Y. Zee, MD

Type of Cycle	5 Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
4A Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	115	106	68	19	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.5	24.5	16.6	9.3	3 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.2	37.7	23.5	5 / 19	3 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.4	31.1	20.6	2 / 19	1 / 12
6 (Confidence Interval)	(28.5–46.2)	(22.3–39.9)	(11.0–30.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.6	33.3	23.7	2 / 17	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	34.7	24.1	2 / 15	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.3	29.5	19.0	2 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.2	6.6	13.2	2 / 19	2 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	3.8	2.9	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.5	12.5	4 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.8	2.5	1 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.2	15.2	3 / 14	0 / 2	1 / 1
4B Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	62	25	20	14	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.4	24.0	20.0	2 / 14	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.7	3.1	2.9
	All Ages Combined^e				
4C Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	49		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.0		4 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		3.4		

7 CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: California Fertility Partners

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

How to Read a Fertility Clinic Table

This section is provided to help consumers understand the information presented in the fertility clinic tables. The number before each heading refers to the number of the corresponding section in the sample clinic table on the opposite page. Technical terms are defined in the Glossary of Terms (see Appendix B on pages 475–477).

1. Type of ART cycle performed

This section gives the breakdown of ART cycle types that each clinic performed using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos. It also lists the percentage of procedures that involved intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI); the percentage of cycles that were unstimulated; the percentage of cycles that used a gestational carrier; the percentage of cycles that used preimplantation genetic diagnosis (PGD); and the percentage of cycles with elective single-embryo transfer (eSET). (See Appendix B: Glossary of Terms on pages 475–477 for definitions of ART cycle types and procedures.)

2. ART patient diagnosis

Consumers may want to know what percentage of a particular clinic's patients have the same diagnosis as they do. (See Appendix B: Glossary of Terms on pages 475–477 for definitions of diagnoses.) In addition, patients' diagnoses may affect a clinic's success rates. However, the use of these diagnostic categories may vary somewhat from clinic to clinic.

3. Verification

To have success rates published in the annual report, a clinic's medical director must verify the accuracy of the tabulated success rates. The name of the person who verified the clinic's data is shown.

4. Success rates by type of cycle

Success rates are given for the three categories of cycles described in 4A–4C: cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs, and cycles using donor eggs. The ART success rates shown were calculated on the basis of data from all ART cycle types. Data from these procedures were combined because there was little difference in success rates when we examined each type of ART procedure separately.

The success rates indicate the average chance of success for the given procedure at the clinic in 2010 for each of five age groups. Success rates are calculated as the percentage of cycles started, egg retrievals, or embryo transfers that resulted in either pregnancies or live births in 2010. For example, if a clinic started a total of 50 cycles in 2010 and these resulted in 15 live births, the average success rate for cycles started at that clinic would be

$$15 \text{ (births)} \div 50 \text{ (cycles)} = 0.3 \text{ or } 30\%$$

Thus, the success rate at that clinic in 2010 was 30%, meaning that 30% of cycles started that year resulted in a live birth.

Success rate calculations are very unstable if they are based on a small number of cycles. Therefore, when fewer than 20 cycles are reported in a given category, the rates are shown as fractions rather than percentages. For example, the sample clinic performed only 19 fresh embryo cycles using nondonor eggs among women aged 41–42 years. Of these 19 cycles, 2—or about 10%—were

successful. However, because of the small number of cycles, 10% is not a statistically reliable success rate, so the success rate is presented as 2/19, meaning 2 out of 19 cycles resulted in a live birth.

4A. Cycles using fresh embryos from nondonor eggs

This section includes all ART cycles that used a woman's own eggs. Cycles that used frozen embryos or donor eggs or embryos are not included here.

- **Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation**

(The larger of either the number of maximum fetal hearts or maximum infants born [live births + stillbirths] divided by the number of embryos transferred, expressed as a percentage of embryo transfers)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in an intrauterine clinical pregnancy out of the total number of embryos transferred in which one or more embryos were transferred. Not all fetal hearts can be detected by ultrasound. For this reason, a positive intrauterine clinical pregnancy is defined as the larger of either the number of maximum fetal hearts detected by ultrasound or maximum infants born, including live births and stillbirths.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies**

(Number of pregnancies divided by number of cycles started, expressed as a percentage of cycles)

A stimulated cycle is started when a woman begins taking fertility drugs; an unstimulated cycle is started when egg production begins being monitored. The number of cycles that a clinic starts is not the same as the number of patients treated because some patients start more than one cycle in a year. Because some pregnancies end in a miscarriage, induced abortion, or stillbirth, the percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies is usually higher than the percentage of cycles resulting in live births.

- **Percentage of cycles resulting in live births**

(Number of live births divided by number of cycles started, expressed as a percentage of cycles)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all ART cycles started. One live birth may include one or more infants born alive; that is, a multiple-infant birth (e.g., twins, triplets) is counted as one live birth.

- **Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births**

(Number of live births divided by number of egg retrieval procedures, expressed as a percentage of retrievals)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles in which egg retrieval was performed. The number of retrievals a clinic performs often is smaller than the number of cycles started because some cycles are canceled before the woman has an egg retrieved. As a result, the percentage of retrievals resulting in live births is usually higher than the percentage of cycles resulting in live births. Cycles are canceled for many reasons: eggs may not develop, the patient may become ill, or the patient may choose to stop treatment.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in live births**

(Number of live births divided by number of embryo transfer procedures, expressed as a percentage of transfers)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in a live birth out of all cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred. A clinic may perform more egg retrievals than embryo transfers because not every retrieval results in egg fertilization and transfer. For this reason, the percentage of transfers resulting in live births generally will be higher than those reported for retrievals and for cycles started.

- **Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births**

(Number of singleton live births divided by number of embryo transfer procedures, expressed as a percentage of transfers)

This number represents the cycles that resulted in the birth of a single infant out of all cycles in which one or more embryos were transferred. Singleton births have a much lower risk than multiple-infant births for adverse infant health outcomes, including prematurity, low birth weight, disability, and death.

- **Percentage of cancellations**

(Number of cycles canceled divided by the total number of cycles, expressed as a percentage of cycles)

This number refers to the cycles that were stopped before an egg was retrieved. A cycle may be canceled if a woman's ovaries do not respond to fertility medications and thus do not produce a sufficient number of follicles. Cycles also may be canceled because of illness or other medical or personal reasons.

- **Average number of embryos transferred**

(Average number of embryos per embryo transfer procedure)

The average number of embryos transferred varies from clinic to clinic. The American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM) and the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART) have practice guidelines that address this issue. Further information can be obtained from ASRM or SART (both at telephone 205-978-5000 or Web sites www.asrm.org and www.sart.org).

- **Percentage of pregnancies with twins**

(Number of pregnancies with two fetuses divided by the total number of pregnancies, expressed as a percentage of pregnancies)

A pregnancy with two fetuses is counted as one pregnancy.

- **Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more**

(Number of pregnancies with three or more fetuses divided by the total number of pregnancies, expressed as a percentage of pregnancies)

Pregnancies with multiple fetuses can be associated with increased risk for mothers and infants (e.g., higher rates of caesarean section, prematurity, low birth weight, infant death) and the possibility of multifetal pregnancy reduction.

A pregnancy with three or more fetuses is counted as one pregnancy.

- **Percentage of live births having multiple infants**

(Number of deliveries resulting in a birth of more than one infant divided by the number of live births, expressed as a percentage of live births)

A delivery of one or more live-born infants is counted as one live birth.

4B. Cycles using frozen embryos from nondonor eggs

Frozen (cryopreserved) embryo cycles are those in which previously frozen embryos are thawed and then transferred. Because frozen embryo cycles use embryos formed from a previous stimulated cycle, no stimulation or retrieval is involved. As a result, these cycles usually are less expensive and less invasive than cycles using fresh embryos. In addition, freezing some of the embryos from a retrieval procedure may increase a woman's overall chances of having a child from a single retrieval.

4C. Cycles using donor eggs

Success rates are presented separately for cycles using fresh donor eggs or embryos and those using frozen donor embryos. Older women, women with premature ovarian failure (early menopause), women whose ovaries have been removed, and women with a genetic concern about using their own eggs may consider using eggs that are donated by a young, healthy woman. Embryos donated by patients who previously had ART also may be available. Many clinics provide services for donor egg and embryo cycles. For these cycle types, results from women in all age groups (including older than 44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not affect success rates with donor eggs.

5. Age of woman

Because a woman's fertility declines with age, clinics report lower success rates for older women attempting to become pregnant with their own eggs. For this reason, rates for women using nondonor eggs or embryos are reported separately for women younger than age 35, for women aged 35–37, for women aged 38–40, for women aged 41–42, and for women aged 43–44. Outcome rates are not shown in the individual clinic tables for women older than age 44 who undergo ART using their own eggs because the number of women in this age group at each clinic is small; therefore, a calculation of the percentage of cycles resulting in live births in older age groups may not be meaningful. However, combined outcome rates are shown for these women in the National Summary table because the numbers are greater. The sample clinic table illustrates the decline in ART success rates among older women. For example, for cycles that used fresh embryos from nondonor eggs, the percentage of cycles resulting in live births among women younger than 35 was 37.4%, whereas the percentage of cycles resulting in live births among women aged 38–40 was 20.6%.

6. Confidence interval

The tables show a range, called the **95% confidence interval**, that conveys the reliability of a clinic's success rate. (For more information on how to interpret a confidence interval, refer to Appendix A: How to Interpret a Confidence Interval on pages 469–470.) This range is calculated only if 20 or more cycles are reported in an age category. (When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in a given category, success rates are shown as fractions rather than percentages; see section 4, Success rates by type of cycle on page 15.) In general, the more cycles that a clinic performs, the narrower the range. A narrow range means we are more confident that a clinic would have a similar success rate if it treated other similar groups of patients under similar clinical conditions. On the other hand, a wide range tells us that a clinic's success rate is more likely to vary under similar circumstances because we had less information (fewer cycles) on which to base our estimates. Even though one clinic's success rate may appear higher than another's based on the confidence intervals, these confidence intervals are only one indication that the success rate may be better. Other factors also must be considered when comparing rates from two clinics. For example, some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems, whereas others discourage patients with a low probability of success. For further information on important factors to consider when using the tables to assess a clinic, refer to pages 11–13.

For a more detailed explanation and examples of confidence intervals, see Appendix A: How to Interpret a Confidence Interval on pages 469–470.

7. Current clinic services and profile

- **Current name.** This name reflects a name change that may have occurred since 2010, whereas the clinic name at the top of the table was the name of the ART clinic as it existed in 2010. Some clinics not only have changed their names but have reorganized as well. Reorganization is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director). In such cases, no current name will be listed, but a statement will be included that the clinic has undergone reorganization since 2010. Also, in such cases, no current clinic services or profile will be listed.
- **Donor egg program.** Some clinics have programs for ART using donor eggs. Donor eggs are eggs that have been retrieved from one woman (the donor) and then transferred to another woman (the recipient). Policies regarding sharing of donor eggs vary from clinic to clinic.
- **Donor embryo.** These are embryos that were donated by other patients who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available.
- **Single women.** Clinics have varying policies regarding ART services for single (unmarried) women.
- **Gestational carriers.** A gestational carrier is a woman who carries a child for others; sometimes such women are referred to as gestational surrogates. Policies regarding ART services using gestational carriers vary from clinic to clinic. Some states do not permit clinics to offer this service.
- **Cryopreservation.** This item refers to whether the clinic has a program for freezing extra embryos that may be available from a patient's ART cycle.

- **SART member.** In 2010, 375 of the 443 reporting clinics were SART members.
- **Verified lab accreditation.** If “yes” appears next to this item, the ART clinic uses an embryo laboratory accredited by one of the following organizations:
 - College of American Pathologists/ASRM, Reproductive Laboratory Accreditation Program (CAP/ASRM).
 - The Joint Commission (formerly the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations).
 - New York State Tissue Bank Program (NYSTB).

If “pending” appears here, it means that the clinic has submitted an application for accreditation to one of the above organizations and has provided proof of such application to CDC. “No” indicates that the embryo laboratory has not been accredited by any of these three organizations.

CDC provides this information as a public service. ***Please note that CDC does not oversee any of these accreditation programs.*** They are all nonfederal programs. To become certified, laboratories must have in place systems and processes that comply with the accrediting organization’s standards. Depending on the organization, standards may include those for personnel, quality control and quality assurance, specimen tracking, results reporting, and the performance of technical procedures. Compliance with these standards is confirmed by documentation provided by the laboratory and by on-site inspections. For further information, consumers may contact the following accrediting organizations directly:

- CAP/ASRM: For a list of accredited laboratories, call 800-323-4040 and follow the prompts for Laboratory Accreditation.
- The Joint Commission: Call 630-792-5800 to inquire about the status of individual laboratories.
- NYSTB: Call 518-485-5341 to find out which laboratories are certified under the tissue bank regulations.

Further information on laboratory accreditation for specific clinics is provided in Appendix C.

2010 NATIONAL SUMMARY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44	>44
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	41,744	21,369	21,741	10,122	4,501	1,347
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation	36.5	26.9	17.7	9.6	4.2	1.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies	47.6	38.8	29.9	19.9	10.6	3.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^b	41.5	31.9	22.1	12.4	5.0	1.0
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^b	44.4	35.4	25.3	14.8	6.3	1.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^b	47.6	38.3	28.1	16.7	7.4	1.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	31.4	27.3	21.5	13.7	6.6	1.6
Percentage of cancellations	6.6	9.9	12.8	16.4	20.6	25.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.0	3.2	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins	32.9	27.3	21.6	15.0	8.1	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more	2.6	3.1	3.7	3.0	0.6	2.3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^b	34.0	28.7	23.3	18.0	10.2	2 / 14
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of transfers	12,631	6,195	4,682	1,591	710	432
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^b	38.4	34.7	28.4	21.5	16.8	13.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.0
All Ages Combined^c						
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos			
Number of transfers	9,866		6,665			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^b	55.8		34.9			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Total number of reporting clinics: 443

Total number of reported cycles: 147,260^d

Percentage of clinics that offer the following services:

Donor egg	93%	Gestational carriers	84%
Donor embryo	69%	Cryopreservation	99%
Single women	95%		

Clinic profile:

SART member	85%
Verified lab accreditation ^e	
Yes	93%
No	6%
Pending	2%

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^c All ages are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

^d This is the number of cycles used to calculate national table data. It excludes 4 cycles in which a new procedure was being evaluated.

^e Total does not equal 100% due to rounding.

ALABAMA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	38%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	26%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	29%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael P. Steinkampf, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	35	12	6	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.2	17.9	2 / 7	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	31.4	3 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	3 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(14.6–46.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	3 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.5	3 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.8	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	17.1	2 / 12	4 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.8	3.5	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 17	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ART FERTILITY PROGRAM OF ALABAMA BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	88%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	71%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kathryn L. Honea, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	168	28	32	1	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.0	29.5	14.5		0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.9	46.4	21.9	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	39.3	12.5	0 / 1	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(25.7–40.4)	(21.5–59.4)	(3.5–29.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	44.0	14.3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.0	50.0	15.4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.1	50.0	11.5		0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.1	10.7	12.5	0 / 1	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.4		4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.0	1 / 13	0 / 7		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.6	0 / 13	1 / 7		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.5	0 / 11	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	46	7	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.7	1 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.1	1.0	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	27		21		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4		33.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM
BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	58%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gordon W. Bates, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	18	14	3	1	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.7	16.1	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 18	5 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	4 / 18	5 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 16	5 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 15	5 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	4 / 15	5 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 18	1 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	3.0	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HUNTSVILLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC HUNTSVILLE, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	3%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	35%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Andrew J. Harper, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	19	9	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.4	18.8	25.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.8	9 / 19	4 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.2	8 / 19	3 / 9	0 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(29.8–61.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	8 / 18	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	8 / 18	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.3	8 / 18	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.4	1 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	2.9	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.8	0 / 9	0 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.3	0 / 9	1 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	23	8	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.1	2 / 8	2 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.9		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 10		3 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MOBILE, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George T. Koulianos, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	95	39	23	16	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.1	25.3	19.2	9.4	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.5	43.6	56.5	5 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	35.9	47.8	0 / 16	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(36.0–56.8)	(21.2–52.8)	(26.8–69.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.3	40.0	47.8	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.1	40.0	47.8	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.4	34.3	43.5	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.7	10.3	0.0	0 / 16	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	3.2	3.3	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.6	4 / 17	3 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.4	2 / 14	1 / 11		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	6	6	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	22		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA IVF AND ART PROGRAM MOBILE, ALABAMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	53%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Botros M. Rizk, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	16	7	3	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.6	7 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	8 / 16	3 / 7	2 / 3	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	8 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	3.0	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PENINSULA MEDICAL CENTER
JOHN NELS ANDERSON, MD
SOLDOTNA, ALASKA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	18%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John N. Anderson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	32	12	16	7	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	13.7	10.0	8.0	1 / 17	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	28.1	3 / 12	2 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.9	2 / 12	0 / 16	1 / 7	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(9.3–40.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.6	2 / 12	0 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.9	2 / 11	0 / 10	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.5	2 / 11	0 / 10	1 / 6	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.1	0 / 12	3 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.7	2.5	2.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 9	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	4.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Peninsula Medical Center, John Nels Anderson, MD

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VALLEY FERTILITY CENTER GLENDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	38%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vladimir Troché, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	59	15	14	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.3	23.1	11.9	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.0	5 / 15	4 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.5	4 / 15	4 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(39.1–65.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.4	4 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.4	4 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	3 / 14	3 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.4	1 / 15	1 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.8	3.2	3.5	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.9	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	8.3	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.9	1 / 4	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	5	5	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0	2 / 5	0 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	3.2	1.6	3.0	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		15		10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		7 / 15		3 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.1		2.4	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Troché Fertility Centers

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPECIALISTS PHOENIX, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	48%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Drew V. Moffitt, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	92	51	47	18	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.5	22.0	14.3	1 / 19	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.0	37.3	23.4	4 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.5	25.5	17.0	1 / 18	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(22.2–42.0)	(14.3–39.6)	(7.6–30.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.9	33.3	21.6	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.7	33.3	22.9	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.3	28.2	14.3	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.8	23.5	21.3	5 / 18	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.4	1.9	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.4	4 / 19	3 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.0	2 / 13	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	67	14	22	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	4 / 14	27.3	4 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	22		19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5		10 / 19		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PHOENIX, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	35%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	43%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sujatha Gunnala, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	27	14	7	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.7	15.4	4 / 17		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	4 / 14	3 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.6	3 / 14	2 / 7		
(Confidence Interval)	(13.8–50.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.6	3 / 12	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	3 / 12	2 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.0	3 / 12	1 / 6		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2 / 14	1 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.8		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	7	4	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 15	2 / 7	2 / 4		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0		3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7		1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CARE SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	24%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Nathaniel Zoneraich, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	46	25	19	8	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.1	40.5	25.8	1 / 19	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	65.2	60.0	5 / 19	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	52.0	3 / 19	1 / 8	
(Confidence Interval)	(36.9–67.1)	(31.3–72.2)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	54.2	3 / 16	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	56.5	3 / 13	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.4	47.8	2 / 13	1 / 6	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	4.0	3 / 19	2 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.4	3.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.0	2 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.3	0 / 15	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	2 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	5	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.9		4 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Care

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA ASSOCIATES FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ketan S. Patel, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	79	32	33	13	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.3	28.8	22.4	15.4	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.2	46.9	42.4	4 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	31.3	33.3	1 / 13	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(36.7–59.6)	(16.1–50.0)	(18.0–51.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.7	35.7	40.7	1 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.5	35.7	42.3	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.8	32.1	42.3	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.1	12.5	18.2	1 / 13	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.6	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.0	3 / 15	0 / 14	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.8	1 / 10	0 / 11	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	9	7	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 19	2 / 9	3 / 7		1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 10		4 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR FERTILITY STUDIES SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	97%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	25%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	3%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	34%	Uterine factor	9%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jay S. Nemiro, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	15	18	9	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.8	26.1	38.2	6 / 16	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	4 / 15	7 / 18	4 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	3 / 15	5 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(11.3–52.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 18	3 / 12	5 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 17	3 / 10	5 / 13	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 17	1 / 10	3 / 13	2 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.3	3 / 15	3 / 18	2 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.3	2.6	3.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 7	2 / 4	4 / 7	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 7	0 / 4	1 / 7	1 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 6	2 / 3	2 / 5	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	5	2	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 13	1 / 5	2 / 2	3 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.6	2.5	3.2	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 10		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Center for Fertility Studies

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF PHOENIX SCOTTSDALE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	65%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	7%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	43%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John L. Couvaras, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	11	4	2	6	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	6 / 18	4 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 6	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	4 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2	2 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	3.0	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 5	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 5	2 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5				
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Phoenix

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY TREATMENT CENTER TEMPE, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	57%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	5%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	4%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by H. Randall Craig, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	69	48	44	26	10
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.4	37.5	14.7	6.5	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.9	39.6	18.2	11.5	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.8	29.2	18.2	7.7	0 / 10
(Confidence Interval)	(23.7–47.2)	(17.0–44.1)	(8.2–32.7)	(0.9–25.1)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	38.9	28.6	10.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	50.0	29.6	2 / 17	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.3	28.6	22.2	1 / 17	0 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	26.1	25.0	36.4	23.1	1 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.8	7 / 19	2 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	9.7	1 / 19	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.5	6 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	35	15	27	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	9 / 15	37.0	3 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	25		31		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0		51.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Treatment Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ARIZONA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY TUCSON, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	28%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Timothy J. Gelety, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	103	38	36	12	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.8	22.4	14.1	12.5	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.5	47.4	38.9	5 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	36.8	19.4	0 / 12	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(32.1–51.9)	(21.8–54.0)	(8.2–36.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.6	38.9	20.0	0 / 12	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	42.4	23.3	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	40.2	24.2	23.3	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.9	5.3	2.8	0 / 12	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.2	3.1	3.2	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	17.3	5 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	1 / 18	0 / 14	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	23.3	6 / 14	0 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	68	27	17	4	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.5	14.8	3 / 17	0 / 4	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	3.6	3.8	3.8	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 10		3 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		3.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CENTER TUCSON, ARIZONA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	96%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	26%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Scot M. Hutchison, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	57	23	22	10	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.0	35.3	28.6	1 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.8	43.5	22.7	2 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	34.8	22.7	0 / 10	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(21.4–47.1)	(16.4–57.3)	(7.8–45.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	36.4	23.8	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	40.0	5 / 15	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.5	30.0	3 / 15	0 / 7	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	4.3	4.5	2 / 10	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.9	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	19.0	3 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 19	2 / 8	2 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	48	21	13	2	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	42.9	3 / 13	0 / 2	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4		6 / 16		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ARKANSAS FERTILITY CENTER
LITTLE ROCK FERTILITY CENTER
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	41%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Unknown factor	24%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	13%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dean M. Moutos, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	124	47	38	12	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.2	29.0	29.8	9.5	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.4	31.9	36.8	2 / 12	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	23.4	28.9	1 / 12	1 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(35.4–53.5)	(12.3–38.0)	(15.4–45.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.7	28.2	35.5	1 / 11	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	32.4	44.0	1 / 8	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	41.1	17.6	36.0	0 / 8	1 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.9	17.0	18.4	1 / 12	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	24.6	6 / 15	3 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	20.0	5 / 11	2 / 11	1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	46	11	8	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	1 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11		5 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Arkansas Fertility Center, Little Rock Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIFESTART FERTILITY CENTER AGOURA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	50%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	36%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Anita P. Singh, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	8	0	5	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	8 / 17		1 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 8		1 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8		1 / 5	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8		1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8		1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 8		1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 8		0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 5		0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5			0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2			2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		1		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: LifeStart Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GARFIELD FERTILITY CENTER ALHAMBRA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	4%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	29%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Brian C. Su, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	5	8	4	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	60.0	1 / 8	28.0	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	8 / 9	1 / 5	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	7 / 9	1 / 5	4 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 9	1 / 4	4 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 9	1 / 4	4 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	4 / 9	1 / 4	3 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	3.6	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 8	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	1 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	4.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 3		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Garfield Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALTA BATES IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PROGRAM BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	37%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	9%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ryszard J. Chetkowski, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	11	12	17	2	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.3	24.0	10.3	1 / 7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 11	4 / 12	5 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	4 / 11	3 / 12	4 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	3 / 10	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	3 / 10	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 10	2 / 10	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 11	2 / 12	3 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.5	7.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	5	7	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 12	3 / 5	3 / 7		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.6		6.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		29		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 17		24.1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
BEVERLY HILLS REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	16%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Peyman Saadat, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	74	33	44	28	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.9	23.3	16.9	9.6	1.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	59.5	60.6	47.7	35.7	3 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	33.3	31.8	14.3	1 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(38.1–61.9)	(18.0–51.8)	(18.6–47.6)	(4.0–32.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	33.3	33.3	14.8	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.1	33.3	34.1	15.4	1 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.2	24.2	24.4	7.7	1 / 16
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.7	0.0	4.5	3.6	1 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1	3.1	3.5	4.0	3.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.0	10.0	19.0	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	15.9	10.0	4.8	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.9	3 / 11	4 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	5	1	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.8	3.0	3.4	5.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 16		2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		3.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: California Center for Reproductive Health, Beverly Hills Reproductive Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & GYNECOLOGY
(CRH&G)
BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	9%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	32%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	47%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sam Najmabadi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	15	35	13	17
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.5	43.3	34.4	25.0	3 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.9	8 / 15	51.4	4 / 13	2 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.9	8 / 15	40.0	2 / 13	1 / 17
(Confidence Interval)	(38.4–81.9)		(23.9–57.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.9	8 / 14	42.4	2 / 12	1 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.0	8 / 14	43.8	2 / 10	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	45.0	3 / 14	31.3	1 / 10	1 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	1 / 15	5.7	1 / 13	2 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 13	5 / 8	4 / 18	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 13	0 / 8	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 13	5 / 8	4 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	8	0	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8			0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3			2.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 8		2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology, (CRH&G)

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA REPRODUCTIVE CENTER BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	25%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark W. Surrey, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	102	82	140	69	31
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.9	37.3	28.3	13.1	11.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.9	42.7	39.3	21.7	22.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	36.6	32.1	14.5	9.7
(Confidence Interval)	(39.9–60.1)	(26.2–48.0)	(24.5–40.6)	(7.2–25.0)	(2.0–25.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.5	36.6	32.4	14.9	9.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	46.2	40.2	18.9	11.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	43.0	29.2	33.0	17.0	7.7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.0	0.0	0.7	2.9	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.3	37.1	23.6	2 / 15	1 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.7	2.9	5.5	0 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.6	36.7	17.8	1 / 10	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	20	16	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 19	50.0	8 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.3	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	51		28		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.6		28.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southern California Reproductive Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST COAST IVF CLINIC, INC. BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	20%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	50%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael M. Kamrava, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	0	3	1	2	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b		0 / 3			
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)		0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 2			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b		0 / 1			
Percentage of cancellations ^b		1 / 3	1 / 1	2 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0			
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b					
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b					
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred			3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CARE OF ORANGE COUNTY BREA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by C. Terence Lee, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	25	13	15	5	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.2	32.1	20.0	2 / 7	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.0	6 / 13	6 / 15	1 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.0	6 / 13	5 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(24.4–65.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0	6 / 11	5 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 19	6 / 11	5 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 19	4 / 11	3 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	20.0	2 / 13	1 / 15	3 / 5	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.5	2.9	3.5	4.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 12	3 / 6	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 11	2 / 6	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	7	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13	3 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.7	1.0	4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		6 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Care of Orange County

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTRAL CALIFORNIA IVF PROGRAM
WOMEN'S SPECIALTY AND FERTILITY CENTER
CLOVIS, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by H. Michael Synn, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	53	39	27	16	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.3	21.2	12.0	16.2	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	41.5	38.5	18.5	4 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.2	28.2	18.5	4 / 16	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(18.3–44.3)	(15.0–44.9)	(6.3–38.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	32.4	22.7	4 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	34.4	5 / 19	4 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.9	21.9	4 / 19	3 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.5	12.8	18.5	2 / 16	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	2.6	2.6	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.3	5 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	0 / 15	0 / 5	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 16	4 / 11	1 / 5	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	34	8	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5.9	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Central California IVF Program, Women's Specialty and Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA IVF: DAVIS FERTILITY CENTER, INC. DAVIS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	11%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	34%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ernest J. Zeringue, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	64	23	25	15	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.5	26.2	34.1	5.3	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.2	30.4	36.0	2 / 15	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.8	26.1	32.0	1 / 15	0 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(21.6–45.7)	(10.2–48.4)	(14.9–53.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.4	26.1	34.8	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.8	6 / 19	8 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	10.5	2 / 19	5 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.7	0.0	8.0	1 / 15	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.2	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	63.0	4 / 7	5 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	71.4	4 / 6	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	52	10	10	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	4 / 10	3 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	78.3		3 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: California IVF Fertility Center, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTES-LOS ANGELES, NEW YORK, GUADALAJARA ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	47%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	Male factor	2%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey Steinberg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	85	59	87	32	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.0	37.0	28.0	23.2	3 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.2	50.8	48.3	37.5	3 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.8	47.5	47.1	28.1	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(47.6–69.4)	(34.3–60.9)	(36.3–58.1)	(13.7–46.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.0	50.0	48.2	37.5	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.1	52.8	53.9	37.5	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	55.1	37.7	51.3	33.3	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.5	5.1	2.3	25.0	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	17.3	33.3	9.5	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	14.0	28.6	4.9	1 / 9	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	6	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 10	4 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.9		3 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles, New York, Guadalajara

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-ENCINO ENCINO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	15%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	69%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	8%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	59%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael A. Feinman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	99	58	103	47	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	53.9	36.5	21.9	14.9	8.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.6	65.5	45.6	27.7	3 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.6	51.7	33.0	12.8	2 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(47.2–67.5)	(38.2–65.0)	(24.1–43.0)	(4.8–25.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	71.3	58.8	41.0	21.4	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	71.3	58.8	41.0	21.4	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.5	43.1	32.5	17.9	1 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	19.2	12.1	19.4	40.4	3 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.4	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	44.8	26.3	19.1	0 / 13	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	10.3	2.6	4.3	2 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	54.4	26.7	20.6	1 / 6	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	46	23	31	11	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	30.4	32.3	5 / 11	6 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.9	3.4	2.9
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	59		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.0		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Encino

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ZOUVES FERTILITY CENTER FOSTER CITY, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Christo Zouves, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	83	69	105	51	19
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.2	21.1	17.1	5.0	5.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	41.0	42.0	33.3	13.7	2 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.5	31.9	22.9	7.8	2 / 19
(Confidence Interval)	(22.6–43.7)	(21.2–44.2)	(15.2–32.1)	(2.2–18.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.5	32.4	23.1	7.8	2 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.5	32.8	25.0	8.7	2 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.9	22.4	16.7	8.7	2 / 15
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	1.4	1.0	0.0	2 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.5	17.2	28.6	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.9	10.3	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.6	31.8	33.3	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	29	21	24	10	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.0	42.9	33.3	1 / 10	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.0	1.8	2.2
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	75		49		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.0		24.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Zouves Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST COAST FERTILITY CENTERS FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	92%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	23%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David G. Diaz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	41	37	19	2	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.9	21.3	24.3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.8	35.1	7 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	27.0	4 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(30.7–62.6)	(13.8–44.1)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	27.8	4 / 19	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	28.6	4 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.0	17.1	3 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2.7	0 / 19	1 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.0	3 / 13	0 / 7		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	1 / 13	2 / 7		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 19	4 / 10	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	32	20	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.4	35.0	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	12		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 12		4 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: West Coast Fertility Centers

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

XPRT FERTILITY CARE OF CALIFORNIA
MINH N. HO, MD, FACOG
FOUNTAIN VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Minh N. Ho, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	5	3	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.0	5 / 17	4 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 7	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	3 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 7	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.4	2.7	2.0	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 4	2 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 2	1 / 3	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0	4.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8		4.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Xpert Fertility Care of California, Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH FREMONT, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lisa Farah-Eways, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	166	125	116	47	26
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.9	29.3	23.1	11.0	9.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.2	44.8	37.9	29.8	23.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	39.2	28.4	19.1	19.2
(Confidence Interval)	(32.8–48.2)	(30.6–48.3)	(20.5–37.6)	(9.1–33.3)	(6.6–39.4)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	42.6	33.0	22.0	5 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.6	45.4	38.4	23.7	5 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.9	31.5	25.6	21.1	4 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.0	8.0	13.8	12.8	30.8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.9	4.1	4.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.3	32.1	31.8	3 / 14	1 / 6
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.5	1.8	2.3	0 / 14	0 / 6
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.8	30.6	33.3	1 / 9	1 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	57	35	31	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.9	45.7	41.9	2 / 7	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.7	2.4	2.0	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	36		25		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.8		52.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KATHLEEN KORNAFEL, MD, PhD
GLENDAL, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kathleen Kornafel, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	5	4	6	1	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 8	1 / 7	2 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 3	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.4	4.0	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5		2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Kathleen Kornafel, MD, PhD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COASTAL FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER, INC. IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	13%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lawrence B. Werlin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	68	58	58	20	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.2	18.8	9.8	9.8	2 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	35.3	34.5	19.0	15.0	2 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	24.1	6.9	15.0	2 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(21.5–44.8)	(13.9–37.2)	(1.9–16.7)	(3.2–37.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.4	25.0	7.0	3 / 18	2 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.5	25.5	8.3	3 / 15	2 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.4	20.0	4.2	3 / 15	2 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.9	3.4	1.7	10.0	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.5	2.8	2.7	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.5	5.0	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.2	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.5	3 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	19	8	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	4 / 19	1 / 8	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.3	2.8	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		28		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0		17.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	34%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	91%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	9%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ilene E. Hatch, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	16	27	25	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.7	27.9	12.9	8.6	10.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	76.2	8 / 16	25.9	28.0	2 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	7 / 16	18.5	16.0	2 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(29.8–74.3)		(6.3–38.1)	(4.5–36.1)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0	7 / 15	20.8	17.4	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 18	7 / 15	25.0	20.0	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	7 / 18	4 / 15	25.0	20.0	2 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.8	1 / 16	11.1	8.0	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.9	3.1	3.5	5.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 16	4 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 7	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	10	5	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 13	5 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	1.6	3.7	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8		7 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Southern California

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE FERTILITY CENTER-OC IRVINE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	35%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	21%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James P. Lin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	118	73	38	19	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	28.9	17.6	9.1	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.8	54.8	39.5	3 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.3	42.5	26.3	2 / 19	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(39.0–57.7)	(31.0–54.6)	(13.4–43.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.1	43.7	26.3	2 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.1	47.0	27.0	2 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.9	42.4	21.6	2 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.7	2.7	0.0	2 / 19	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.2	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.3	20.0	3 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.1	9.7	2 / 10	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	11	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 15	4 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.5	3.3	4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	55		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.9		3 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Fertility Center-OC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-UCSD REGIONAL FERTILITY CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	16%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	5%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by V. Gabriel Garzo, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	118	105	96	54	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	63.2	53.8	34.6	14.9	4.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	64.4	58.1	46.9	18.5	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.9	49.5	31.3	13.0	1 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(46.5–65.1)	(39.6–59.5)	(22.2–41.5)	(5.4–24.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.1	59.1	36.6	17.5	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.8	61.2	39.0	20.0	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	45.8	40.0	26.0	17.1	1 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.5	16.2	14.6	25.9	6 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.2	32.8	22.2	3 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.3	6.6	4.4	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	34.6	33.3	1 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	20	20	12	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	10.0	20.0	4 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.3	1.8	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	55		30		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.9		16.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Partners-UCSD Regional Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES CENTER LA JOLLA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	7%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	27%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel H. Wood, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	18	7	13	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.0	3 / 17	4 / 19	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	6 / 18	3 / 7	2 / 13	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 18	2 / 7	2 / 13	1 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 17	2 / 7	2 / 11	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 15	2 / 6	2 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	4 / 15	2 / 6	2 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 18	0 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.8	2.4	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	8	4	3	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 8	4 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	76.9		4 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Sciences Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-ORANGE COUNTY LAGUNA HILLS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	45%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	22%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Daniel A. Potter, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	124	70	92	33	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	48.3	31.4	21.8	9.5	4.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	60.5	48.6	33.7	21.2	2 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.5	44.3	25.0	15.2	1 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(47.3–65.3)	(32.4–56.7)	(16.6–35.1)	(5.1–31.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.4	50.8	29.9	20.8	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.4	50.8	29.9	20.8	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	44.9	34.4	18.2	16.7	1 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.7	12.9	16.3	27.3	2 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.5	3.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.7	29.4	25.8	2 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.3	0.0	6.5	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.4	32.3	39.1	1 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	18	21	10	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	8 / 18	38.1	1 / 10	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.1	2.7	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	36		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.3		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: HRC Fertility-Orange County

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ACACIO FERTILITY CENTER LAGUNA NIGUEL, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	12%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	5%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	7%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	26%
		Used PGD	9%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Brian D. Acacio, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	53	43	44	34	27
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.0	26.4	26.7	11.9	1.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.2	48.8	47.7	26.5	14.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	39.5	36.4	14.7	3.7
(Confidence Interval)	(21.5–48.3)	(25.0–55.6)	(22.4–52.2)	(5.0–31.1)	(0.1–19.0)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.1	42.5	42.1	16.7	4.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.9	43.6	44.4	18.5	4.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.2	23.1	33.3	14.8	4.3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.2	7.0	13.6	11.8	11.1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.8	3.3	3.1	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	48.0	33.3	28.6	3 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.0	9.5	19.0	0 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	10 / 18	8 / 17	4 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	9	9	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	5 / 9	4 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.9	2.5	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.2		2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Acacio Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LOMA LINDA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF LOMA LINDA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	86%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John D. Jacobson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	56	38	25	10	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.0	23.7	26.0	2 / 16	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.9	42.1	40.0	2 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.3	31.6	32.0	1 / 10	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(26.5–53.2)	(17.5–48.7)	(14.9–53.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	35.3	8 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.8	40.0	8 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.0	33.3	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.9	10.5	24.0	3 / 10	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.8	2.7	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.5	3 / 16	3 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.2	0 / 16	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.5	2 / 12	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	15	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 19	2 / 15	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 11		4 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CALIFORNIA FERTILITY PARTNERS LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	8%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard P. Marrs, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	63	50	109	90	42
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.8	27.9	12.9	9.8	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.6	34.0	25.7	20.0	16.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	28.0	16.5	14.4	4.8
(Confidence Interval)	(30.5–56.0)	(16.2–42.5)	(10.1–24.8)	(7.9–23.4)	(0.6–16.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.6	37.8	19.8	21.7	7.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.4	41.2	20.9	22.8	8.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.6	23.5	14.0	19.3	8.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.9	26.0	16.5	33.3	33.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	3.3	3.8	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.3	5 / 17	21.4	3 / 18	0 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	2 / 17	10.7	0 / 18	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	18.5	6 / 14	6 / 18	2 / 13	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	9	15	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 17	3 / 9	6 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	2.1	2.0	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	88		54		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.8		38.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: California Fertility Partners

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CEDARS SINAI MEDICAL CENTER
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	51%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	34%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Margareta D. Pisarska, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	15	21	16	13	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.5	32.4	16.2	26.1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 15	42.9	6 / 16	4 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 15	38.1	2 / 16	4 / 13	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)		(18.1–61.6)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 14	8 / 16	2 / 15	4 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 14	8 / 16	2 / 13	4 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 14	7 / 16	0 / 13	4 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 15	23.8	1 / 16	3 / 13	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.8	3.3	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 5	2 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 3	1 / 8	2 / 2	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	2	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Cedars Sinai Medical Center, Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	97%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	16%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	4%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vicken P. Sepilian, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	61	21	23	3	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.5	18.5	13.8	1 / 14	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.8	38.1	30.4	1 / 3	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.0	33.3	26.1	0 / 3	1 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(28.6–54.3)	(14.6–57.0)	(10.2–48.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	33.3	27.3	0 / 3	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	7 / 19	28.6	0 / 3	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.4	5 / 19	23.8	0 / 3	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.3	0.0	4.3	0 / 3	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.8	2.8	4.7	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.7	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.2	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	48.0	2 / 7	1 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	13	2	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 18	6 / 13	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	86		73		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.5		46.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: CHA Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER-LOS ANGELES LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	48%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	96%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	<1%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vicken Sahakian, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	44	30	43	21	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.7	37.9	22.1	15.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.3	46.7	46.5	23.8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	43.3	34.9	9.5	
(Confidence Interval)	(30.4–61.2)	(25.5–62.6)	(21.0–50.9)	(1.2–30.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	43.3	35.7	9.5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	43.3	35.7	2 / 18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.5	20.0	26.2	1 / 18	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	1.9	2.5	2.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.4	8 / 14	20.0	1 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.3	0 / 14	0.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.0	7 / 13	4 / 15	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	12	3	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 9	6 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.4	2.7	1.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	70		36		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.7		25.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UCLA FERTILITY CENTER LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	43%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by T.C. Jackson Wu, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	13	24	14	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.4	20.0	23.0	10.0	2.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.6	5 / 13	37.5	3 / 14	3 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 13	25.0	2 / 14	1 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(24.5–62.8)		(9.8–46.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 10	26.1	2 / 14	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	3 / 10	27.3	2 / 13	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	2 / 10	18.2	1 / 13	1 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	3 / 13	4.2	0 / 14	1 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.8	3.1	4.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 15	1 / 5	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 15	0 / 5	2 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 12	1 / 3	2 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	14	2	1	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 14	1 / 2	0 / 1	2 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	1.0	1.7	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: UCLA Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

USC REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	96%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	1%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	4%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard J. Paulson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	32	32	54	35	23
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.3	22.9	16.1	7.9	1.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.1	53.1	29.6	25.7	8.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9	40.6	16.7	17.1	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(29.1–65.3)	(23.7–59.4)	(7.9–29.3)	(6.6–33.6)	(0.0–14.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.4	40.6	20.9	20.7	0 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	43.3	20.9	22.2	0 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	40.0	33.3	11.6	18.5	0 / 18
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.1	0.0	20.4	17.1	17.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.8	3.5	4.2	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 17	4 / 17	3 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 17	0 / 17	2 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 15	3 / 13	4 / 9	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	18	18	7	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 15	4 / 18	3 / 18	2 / 7	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	3.0	3.9	5.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	22		23		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4		30.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: USC Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY CENTER
MONTEREY BAY IVF PROGRAM
MONTEREY, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edward J. Ramirez, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	20	17	15	4	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.1	25.0	22.2	2 / 9	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.0	6 / 17	6 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.0	5 / 17	5 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(15.4–59.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.0	5 / 15	5 / 15	1 / 3	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 18	5 / 14	5 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 18	3 / 14	3 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2 / 17	0 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.9	3.3	4.5	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 11	2 / 6	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 7	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos	Frozen Embryos			
Number of transfers	5	3			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility and Gynecology Center, Monterey Bay IVF Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY MEDICAL CENTER NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	37%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Beth A. Ary, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	17	5	7	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.7	5 / 8	0 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 7		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 16	2 / 4	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 4		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 17	1 / 5	3 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	2.5		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 1	2 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	3	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	0 / 3			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0			1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 15		2 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialty Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEWPORT BEACH, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	31%
		Used PGD	23%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert E. Anderson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	100	54	86	47	23
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.7	35.1	18.7	7.4	3.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.0	53.7	29.1	12.8	13.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	50.0	29.1	12.8	4.3
(Confidence Interval)	(39.8–60.2)	(36.1–63.9)	(19.8–39.9)	(4.8–25.7)	(0.1–21.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.5	52.9	32.9	15.4	4.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.2	55.1	36.8	20.7	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.1	36.7	26.5	17.2	1 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.0	5.6	11.6	17.0	8.7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.5	3.2	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.1	31.0	28.0	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.8	3.4	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	34.0	33.3	28.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	31	20	18	9	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.4	30.0	4 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	33		29		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	75.8		37.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southern California Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF-ORANGE SURGERY CENTER ORANGE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	38%	Other factor	43%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	9%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Darush Mohyi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	4	3	2	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	1 / 10	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.3	2.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 1				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred		5.5			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.3		5.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF-Orange Surgery Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NOVA IN VITRO FERTILIZATION PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	45%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard J. Schmidt, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	64	37	39	17	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.3	19.8	20.7	2.9	2.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.8	37.8	43.6	2 / 17	2 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.6	29.7	35.9	1 / 17	1 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(38.7–64.2)	(15.9–47.0)	(21.2–52.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	30.6	40.0	1 / 12	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	30.6	40.0	1 / 10	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.5	22.2	37.1	1 / 10	1 / 12
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.6	2.7	10.3	5 / 17	1 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	3.2	3.5	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.0	4 / 14	4 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.7	0 / 14	1 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.3	3 / 11	1 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	20	7	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.8	45.0	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	15		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 15		2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Nova In Vitro Fertilization

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**STANFORD FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER
STANFORD UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF GYNECOLOGY AND OBSTETRICS
PALO ALTO, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE			
Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis	
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor 4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI 52%	Other factor 9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated <1%	Ovulatory dysfunction 2%
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier 2%	Unknown factor 15%
		Used PGD 7%	Diminished ovarian reserve 14%
		With eSET 7%	Endometriosis 4%
		Uterine factor <1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>
		Male factor 10%	Female factors only 3%
			Female & male factors 37%

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES		Data verified by Valerie Baker, MD				
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	136	124	125	83	61	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.9	15.4	9.5	4.8	2.9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.8	26.6	18.4	20.5	8.2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.9	19.4	13.6	9.6	0.0	
(Confidence Interval)	(23.2–39.4)	(12.8–27.4)	(8.1–20.9)	(4.3–18.1)	(0.0–5.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.1	20.0	14.8	11.4	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.9	21.2	16.2	12.3	0.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.6	14.2	12.4	12.3	0.0	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.7	3.2	8.0	15.7	13.1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.7	3.6	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.4	27.3	13.0	1 / 17	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	6.1	8.7	0 / 17	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	33.3	4 / 17	0 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of transfers	84	60	24	22	6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.8	20.0	25.0	18.2	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e						
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos			
Number of transfers	42		17			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.7		7 / 17			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.4			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE					
Current Name: Stanford Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center, Stanford University Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics					
Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HRC FERTILITY-PASADENA PASADENA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	43%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	61%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bradford A. Kolb, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	105	68	68	34	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.0	29.0	22.7	6.9	4.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.1	47.1	42.6	26.5	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.5	42.6	27.9	20.6	1 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(40.5–60.4)	(30.7–55.2)	(17.7–40.1)	(8.7–37.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.9	54.7	39.6	28.0	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.9	54.7	39.6	28.0	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.7	39.6	27.1	28.0	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.3	22.1	29.4	26.5	6 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.9	3.6	4.1	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.8	28.1	24.1	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	8.2	9.4	10.3	0 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.7	27.6	6 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	43	23	14	14	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.2	47.8	8 / 14	3 / 14	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	3.2	3.0	2.9	3.2
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	63		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.9		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: HRC-Pasadena

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PALO ALTO MEDICAL FOUNDATION
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY & FERTILITY
PORTOLA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	15%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lillian M. Swiersz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	52	35	41	25	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.3	7.1	5.6	8.2	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	25.0	8.6	7.3	20.0	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.2	8.6	4.9	8.0	0 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(11.1–34.7)	(1.8–23.1)	(0.6–16.5)	(1.0–26.0)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.9	9.4	6.3	2 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.5	11.1	6.7	2 / 17	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.0	7.4	3.3	2 / 17	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.5	8.6	22.0	24.0	5 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	3.0	2.9	2.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	21	13	7	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 19	19.0	2 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.1	2.0	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Palo Alto Medical Foundation, Reproductive Endocrinology & Fertility

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-REDONDO BEACH REDONDO BEACH, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	24%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bill Yee, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	77	104	94	68	31
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.7	31.6	24.3	9.8	3.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.8	45.2	37.2	23.5	9.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	39.4	21.3	14.7	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(34.1–57.2)	(30.0–49.5)	(13.5–30.9)	(7.3–25.4)	(0.0–11.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.9	44.1	23.8	19.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.6	47.1	25.6	20.4	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.6	33.3	17.9	16.3	0.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.2	10.6	10.6	25.0	19.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.1	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.9	31.9	34.3	2 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	2.9	0 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.1	29.3	30.0	2 / 10	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	37	16	16	9	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	7 / 16	4 / 16	1 / 9	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.2	2.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		23		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 16		8.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Partners-Redondo Beach

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA FERTILITY MEDICAL CENTER ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	58%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	25%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Carlos E. Soto-Albors, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	150	83	68	43	21
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.6	19.4	17.7	13.3	5.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.7	36.1	29.4	20.9	9.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.3	26.5	23.5	9.3	4.8
(Confidence Interval)	(33.4–49.7)	(17.4–37.3)	(14.1–35.4)	(2.6–22.1)	(0.1–23.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.4	28.9	26.7	11.8	1 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.6	30.1	28.6	13.8	1 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.6	23.3	23.2	10.3	1 / 16
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.7	8.4	11.8	20.9	9.5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.6	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.5	16.7	15.0	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.3	3.3	5.0	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.3	22.7	3 / 16	1 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	59	29	19	12	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.0	51.7	7 / 19	3 / 12	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.2	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	48		40		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	72.9		35.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Northern California Fertility Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KAISER PERMANENTE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH-SACRAMENTO SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kenneth Vu, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	79	42	25	18	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.6	41.6	20.6	11.1	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	64.6	61.9	44.0	4 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.2	45.2	24.0	3 / 18	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(41.6–64.5)	(29.8–61.3)	(9.4–45.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.3	50.0	24.0	3 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.8	51.4	26.1	3 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.4	35.1	21.7	3 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.8	9.5	0.0	2 / 18	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.7	2.6	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.2	30.8	3 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	7.7	0 / 11	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	42.9	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	18	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.5	6 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		17		10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		11 / 17		4 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		2.1	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health-Sacramento

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS MEDICAL GROUP SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	33%
		With eSET	28%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Arlene J. Morales, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	48	31	24	10	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.3	42.9	25.7	0 / 12	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.9	38.7	33.3	0 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.8	35.5	20.8	0 / 10	0 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(29.5–58.8)	(19.2–54.6)	(7.1–42.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	50.0	25.0	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	11 / 19	5 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.7	8 / 19	4 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.4	29.0	16.7	0 / 10	2 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	26.1	3 / 12	1 / 8		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 8		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.6	3 / 11	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	11	5	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	5 / 11	3 / 5	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.4	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 17		1 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists Medical Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NTC INFERTILITY CLINIC SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	29%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	12%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Larry Laufer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	83	18	20	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.4	41.9	20.0	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.0	11 / 18	35.0	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	9 / 18	20.0	1 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(27.0–48.7)		(5.7–43.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	9 / 16	4 / 16	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.0	9 / 15	4 / 16	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.3	5 / 15	4 / 16	1 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.3	2 / 18	20.0	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	4 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.5	4 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	23	10	10	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	3 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: NTC Infertility Clinic

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SAN DIEGO FERTILITY CENTER
(SDFC)
SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William P. Hummel, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	75	47	50	20	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.2	19.4	16.8	6.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.3	34.0	38.0	20.0	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	29.8	28.0	15.0	0 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(28.9–52.0)	(17.3–44.9)	(16.2–42.5)	(3.2–37.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.1	31.8	28.6	3 / 18	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	32.6	30.4	3 / 17	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.3	23.3	23.9	3 / 17	0 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.7	6.4	2.0	10.0	3 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	20.6	4 / 16	2 / 19	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.9	0 / 16	2 / 19	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	20.0	4 / 14	3 / 14	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	14	22	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.0	9 / 14	45.5	2 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.2	3.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	101		45		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	77.2		53.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: San Diego Fertility Center, (SDFC)

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WILLIAMS OB/GYN
SAN DIMAS, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	63%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	14%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard Williams, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	4	1	0	0	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	3 / 11				0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 4	0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 4	0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4	0 / 1			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 4				0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 4	0 / 1			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8				2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 3				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 3				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred					2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Williams OB/GYN

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LAUREL FERTILITY CARE SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Collin B. Smikle, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	60	34	39	19	10
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.2	18.3	12.9	12.5	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	30.0	35.3	30.8	3 / 19	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0	35.3	15.4	1 / 19	1 / 10
(Confidence Interval)	(10.8–32.3)	(19.7–53.5)	(5.9–30.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.1	40.0	18.2	1 / 16	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.2	40.0	18.2	1 / 13	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.5	33.3	18.2	1 / 13	1 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.0	11.8	15.4	3 / 19	2 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	2.8	2.5	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 18	3 / 12	1 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 18	0 / 12	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 12	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	6	11	3	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 17	1 / 6	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.9	2.0	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers		14	4	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		9 / 14	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.4	3.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Laurel Fertility Care

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC FERTILITY CENTER SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	39%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	9%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	16%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Philip E. Chenette, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	144	128	179	96	79
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.4	17.9	17.4	6.6	6.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.8	23.4	29.1	14.6	17.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.7	18.8	19.6	11.5	6.3
(Confidence Interval)	(27.0–43.1)	(12.4–26.6)	(14.0–26.1)	(5.9–19.6)	(2.1–14.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.5	22.4	23.8	13.9	8.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.0	25.8	26.9	15.1	9.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.3	20.4	18.5	11.0	7.3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.9	16.4	17.9	17.7	24.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.2	2.8	3.3	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	26.4	16.7	23.1	3 / 14	1 / 14
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	3.3	3.8	0 / 14	1 / 14
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	26.0	20.8	31.4	3 / 11	1 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	91	72	55	20	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.6	30.6	21.8	25.0	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.9
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	155		180		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.9		26.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UCSF CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	29%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Marcelle I. Cedars, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	144	129	221	134	64
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.9	35.3	18.5	7.3	2.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.1	43.4	36.2	22.4	15.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.1	36.4	25.3	11.9	6.3
(Confidence Interval)	(28.3–44.5)	(28.1–45.4)	(19.7–31.6)	(7.0–18.7)	(1.7–15.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	43.1	29.5	15.2	7.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.2	45.2	31.6	17.0	8.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.5	29.8	23.7	17.0	8.7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.7	15.5	14.0	21.6	18.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.7	3.8	4.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.1	32.1	17.5	3.3	0 / 10
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	1.8	3.8	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	19.2	34.0	25.0	0 / 16	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	68	72	72	33	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.8	26.4	26.4	21.2	2 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.7	2.9	4.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	67		67		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.8		19.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: UCSF Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY PHYSICIANS OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	69%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by G. David Adamson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	136	81	92	40	15
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.8	22.5	14.3	7.5	5.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.1	32.1	32.6	25.0	3 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.0	25.9	23.9	12.5	1 / 15
(Confidence Interval)	(30.7–47.7)	(16.8–36.9)	(15.6–33.9)	(4.2–26.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	26.9	26.2	14.3	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	28.0	27.5	16.1	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.3	16.0	23.8	16.1	1 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.9	3.7	8.7	12.5	1 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.5	3.4	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	21.9	34.6	6.7	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	3.3	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	22.6	42.9	13.6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	65	51	22	12	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	35.3	18.2	1 / 12	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	30		38		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7		39.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Physicians of Northern California

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ALEX STEINLEITNER, MD, INC.
SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	38%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Alex J. Steinleitner, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	25	10	15	7	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.0	8 / 12	20.0	0 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	60.0	6 / 10	6 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0	5 / 10	4 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(38.7–78.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.2	5 / 7	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.2	5 / 7	4 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.1	3 / 7	3 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.0	3 / 10	2 / 15	3 / 7	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.7	1.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 15	3 / 6	2 / 6		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 6		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 15	2 / 5	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	0	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5		0 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	10	5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 10	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.2			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Alex Steinleitner, MD, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA SAN RAMON, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	61%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Louis N. Weckstein, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	225	150	149	69	20
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.3	29.3	20.2	13.8	3.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.8	42.0	32.9	27.5	25.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.2	31.3	24.2	18.8	5.0
(Confidence Interval)	(31.8–44.9)	(24.0–39.4)	(17.5–31.8)	(10.4–30.1)	(0.1–24.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.0	34.1	28.6	23.2	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.7	36.7	32.4	25.5	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.0	24.2	22.5	13.7	1 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.7	8.0	15.4	18.8	15.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.1	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.1	31.7	26.5	7 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.9	3.2	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.1	34.0	30.6	6 / 13	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	98	70	64	17	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.1	45.7	31.3	3 / 17	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.8
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	95		67		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.3		37.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco Bay Area

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANTA BARBARA FERTILITY CENTER SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	26%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by René B. Allen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	9	7	28	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	5 / 16	8 / 19	18.2	4.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 7	7 / 9	5 / 7	10.7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	7 / 9	4 / 7	3.6	
(Confidence Interval)				(0.1–18.3)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	7 / 8	4 / 7	4.3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	7 / 7	4 / 7	5.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 7	6 / 7	4 / 7	5.0	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	1 / 9	0 / 7	17.9	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	3.1	3.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	1	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0		4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Santa Barbara Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PARKER-ROSENMAN-RODI GYNECOLOGY AND INFERTILITY MEDICAL GROUP SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	20%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	41%
		With eSET	13%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ingrid A. Rodi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	11	3	21	8	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	5 / 13	0 / 10	33.3	2 / 11	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 11	0 / 3	28.6	4 / 8	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11	0 / 3	19.0	2 / 8	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)			(5.4–41.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11	0 / 3	4 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	0 / 3	4 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 9	0 / 3	3 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 11	0 / 3	28.6	2 / 8	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	3.3	2.3	1.8	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 4		1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4		1 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 3		1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	1	6	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1		5 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Parker-Rosenman-Rodi Gynecology and Infertility Medical Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY ASSOCIATES MEDICAL GROUP, INC. SANTA ROSA, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	70%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	25%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	6%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jennifer V. Ratcliffe, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	39	30	25	9	15
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.3	25.0	15.8	16.7	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.3	43.3	32.0	4 / 9	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.5	40.0	24.0	2 / 9	0 / 15
(Confidence Interval)	(23.4–55.4)	(22.7–59.4)	(9.4–45.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.5	44.4	26.1	2 / 8	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.5	44.4	27.3	2 / 8	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.7	22.2	9.1	0 / 8	0 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.6	10.0	8.0	1 / 9	1 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.8	3.5	3.8	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.0	6 / 13	4 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 15	6 / 12	4 / 6	2 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	26	18	11	4	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	10 / 18	3 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	3.0	4.3	4.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 16		6 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		3.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VALLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
TINA KOOPERSMITH, MD
SHERMAN OAKS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	41%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	25%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Tina B. Koopersmith, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	14	9	4	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	8 / 14	11.1	18.2	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 9	3 / 14	3 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	5 / 9	1 / 14	3 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8	1 / 13	3 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8	1 / 11	3 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 8	0 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 9	1 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.5	3.1	2.7	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 5	1 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	4	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.8		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2		1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Valley Center for Reproductive Health, Tina Koopersmith, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY
VERMESH CENTER FOR FERTILITY
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	15%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	<1%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael Vermesh, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	26	64	39	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.2	25.7	11.9	9.4	2.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.4	50.0	34.4	33.3	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	42.3	25.0	23.1	0 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(32.0–63.6)	(23.4–63.1)	(15.0–37.4)	(11.1–39.3)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	44.0	25.0	23.1	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	44.0	25.0	23.1	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.8	32.0	21.9	17.9	0 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.4	3.8	0.0	0.0	1 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.8	3.3	3.6	2.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.4	2 / 13	9.1	2 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	2 / 13	4.5	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.0	3 / 11	2 / 16	2 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	7	13	4	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 13	0 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.6	2.8	3.0	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	76.9		6 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Fertility and Gynecology, Vermesh Center for Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**TREE OF LIFE CENTER FOR FERTILITY
SNUNIT BEN-OZER, MD
TARZANA, CALIFORNIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	48%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	6	7	5	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	5 / 10	5 / 13	4 / 16	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 7	4 / 6	4 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	4 / 7	3 / 6	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	3 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6	3 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 6	2 / 6	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	0 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.2	2.7	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	0	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4		1 / 3		1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 6		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Tree of Life Center for Fertility, Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND SURGICAL ASSOCIATES OF CALIFORNIA THOUSAND OAKS, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	6%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gary Hubert, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	112	78	99	45	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.6	22.0	13.5	5.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.5	47.4	36.4	24.4	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.1	39.7	23.2	11.1	0 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(31.9–50.8)	(28.8–51.5)	(15.3–32.8)	(3.7–24.1)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	40.8	24.0	11.4	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	40.8	24.2	11.4	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.9	32.9	20.0	11.4	0 / 14
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.9	2.6	3.0	2.2	0 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.2	4.0	4.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.4	10.8	16.7	1 / 11	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.9	5.4	5.6	0 / 11	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.6	19.4	17.4	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	81	30	38	21	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	33.3	39.5	9.5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	3.0	3.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	88		80		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.8		35.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of California

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC REPRODUCTIVE CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	16%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	99%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	9%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Rifaat Salem, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	164	83	50	31	20
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.4	31.9	13.1	12.0	3.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	62.8	50.6	40.0	25.8	10.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.7	41.0	22.0	19.4	5.0
(Confidence Interval)	(45.7–61.5)	(30.3–52.3)	(11.5–36.0)	(7.5–37.5)	(0.1–24.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.0	41.5	22.0	20.0	1 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.7	43.6	22.4	20.0	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.2	26.9	16.3	10.0	1 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.6	1.2	0.0	3.2	5.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	3.0	2.8	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.9	35.7	10.0	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	7.1	5.0	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.5	38.2	3 / 11	3 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	9	11	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 19	4 / 9	3 / 11	2 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.3		3 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Reproductive Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER TORRANCE, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	31%	Other factor	15%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	3%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Omid A. Khorram, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	60	25	42	11	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.9	16.9	17.4	2.4	0 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.7	44.0	42.9	1 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.3	32.0	19.0	1 / 11	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(17.5–41.4)	(14.9–53.5)	(8.6–34.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.8	33.3	19.0	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	38.1	20.5	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	13.5	28.6	12.8	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.0	4.0	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.8	3.1	4.1	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	46.4	2 / 11	4 / 18	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.6	0 / 11	1 / 18	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	10 / 17	2 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	10	4	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.4	2.6	4.0	4.0	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		5		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 5		0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.4		2.7	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE PARTNERS-WESTMINSTER WESTMINSTER, CALIFORNIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	24%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	62%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	4%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bill Yee, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	41	35	18	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	51.4	28.0	21.2	15.6	10.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.9	43.9	45.7	6 / 18	2 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	39.0	37.1	5 / 18	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(38.7–70.2)	(24.2–55.5)	(21.5–55.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.5	42.1	39.4	5 / 15	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.5	43.2	41.9	5 / 14	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.2	29.7	38.7	4 / 14	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.5	7.3	5.7	3 / 18	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.7	3.2	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.5	5 / 18	2 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.8	0 / 18	0 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	43.5	5 / 16	1 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	16	13	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 18	6 / 16	0 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	1.9		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 11		1 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Partners-Westminster

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO
AURORA, COLORADO**

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2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	60%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ruben J. Alvero, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	36	17	12	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.9	14.7	19.2	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	6 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	4 / 17	3 / 12	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(27.9–61.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	4 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	4 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.4	3 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.3	2 / 17	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.6	3.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 18	1 / 6	2 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 16	1 / 4	2 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	8	8	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 18	1 / 8	1 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 14		4 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine, University of Colorado

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY CENTER COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

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2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	3%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	98%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	38%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	32%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Paul C. Magarelli, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	46	24	14	5	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.3	26.4	7.1	2 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.1	41.7	1 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.3	25.0	1 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(16.0–43.5)	(9.8–46.7)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.3	25.0	1 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.4	6 / 19	1 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.2	3 / 19	0 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	2.8	2.4	1.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 18	3 / 10	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 18	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 13	3 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	3	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	3.5	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		22		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11		22.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ERIC H. SILVERSTEIN, MD, PROFESSIONAL LLC DBA
THE FERTILITY CENTER OF COLORADO
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eric H. Silverstein, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	13	14	6	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.0	5 / 18	3 / 6	1 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	6 / 13	3 / 14	2 / 6	2 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 13	3 / 14	2 / 6	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 12	3 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 11	3 / 9	2 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	4 / 11	2 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 13	3 / 14	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.5	3.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 6	2 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 6	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	5	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.6	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Eric H. Silverstein, MD, Professional LLC dba, The Fertility Center of Colorado

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLORADO REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY DENVER, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Susan W. Trout, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	38	18	15	7	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.8	13.8	23.5	0 / 5	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	23.7	8 / 18	7 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.7	4 / 18	5 / 15	0 / 7	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(11.4–40.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.0	4 / 17	5 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	4 / 15	5 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.9	4 / 15	4 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	18.4	1 / 18	1 / 15	3 / 7	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.6	2.5	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 7		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 8	1 / 7		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 9	0 / 4	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	12	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 15	4 / 12	3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.4		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9		3 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FORT COLLINS, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	95%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kevin E. Bachus, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	30	6	5	0	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.4	5 / 14	1 / 12		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	66.7	3 / 6	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.3	2 / 6	1 / 5		0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(25.5–62.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.8	2 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4	2 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.4	1 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.3	0 / 6	1 / 5		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	3.0		3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.0	2 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 8		2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CONCEPTIONS REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES LITTLETON, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	97%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark R. Bush, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	121	50	47	17	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	55.3	45.7	23.4	26.9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	64.5	58.0	36.2	8 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	52.0	25.5	5 / 17	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(45.2–63.6)	(37.4–66.3)	(13.9–40.3)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.5	52.0	27.3	5 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	63.5	61.9	32.4	5 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.7	45.2	24.3	4 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.7	0.0	6.4	0 / 17	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	46.2	27.6	3 / 17	1 / 8	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.3	0.0	0 / 17	0 / 8	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	48.5	26.9	3 / 12	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	48	16	27	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.8	4 / 16	37.0	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	50		17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.0		5 / 17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLORADO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LONE TREE, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William B. Schoolcraft, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	171	109	105	48	35
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	55.3	45.5	29.3	13.0	7.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	74.9	73.4	64.8	39.6	28.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.4	65.1	49.5	22.9	14.3
(Confidence Interval)	(60.9–75.3)	(55.4–74.0)	(39.6–59.5)	(12.0–37.3)	(4.8–30.3)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	69.2	66.4	51.0	24.4	14.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	69.2	67.0	52.0	24.4	14.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.5	48.1	39.0	17.8	8.8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.2	1.8	2.9	6.3	2.9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.7	3.1	4.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.4	33.8	23.5	4 / 19	2 / 10
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.9	1.3	4.4	0 / 19	0 / 10
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.4	28.2	25.0	3 / 11	2 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	162	136	152	72	37
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	66.0	64.7	56.6	43.1	21.6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	157		120		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	76.4		53.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN FERTILITY CENTER, PC PARKER, COLORADO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	77%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Deborah L. Smith, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	38	12	5	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.5	38.7	5 / 14	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	6 / 12	4 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.7	4 / 12	4 / 5	1 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(28.6–61.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.5	4 / 12	4 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.1	4 / 12	4 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.1	1 / 12	3 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.2	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	2.8	5.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	9 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 19	2 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	8 / 17	3 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	3.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Center, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CONNECTICUT FERTILITY ASSOCIATES BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	38%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	5%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	2%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael B. Doyle, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	47	43	38	9	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.1	15.8	5.2	0.0	4.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.4	27.9	13.2	0 / 9	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	25.6	7.9	0 / 9	1 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(20.9–49.3)	(13.5–41.2)	(1.7–21.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	26.2	8.6	0 / 7	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	27.5	9.4	0 / 6	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.6	15.0	6.3	0 / 6	1 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.5	2.3	7.9	2 / 9	0 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.5	3.0	4.3	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 19	5 / 12	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 16	5 / 11	1 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	12	14	8	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 15	4 / 12	2 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	96		78		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	66.7		29.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Connecticut Fertility Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES
AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT HEALTH CENTER
FARMINGTON, CONNECTICUT**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John C. Nulsen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	405	219	213	102	57
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.8	35.0	21.7	15.7	7.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.4	42.5	35.7	30.4	12.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	35.6	26.3	22.5	7.0
(Confidence Interval)	(41.0–50.9)	(29.3–42.3)	(20.5–32.7)	(14.9–31.9)	(1.9–17.0)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	40.8	32.4	27.7	11.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.1	44.8	35.4	29.9	13.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.4	31.0	28.5	19.5	6.7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.1	12.8	18.8	18.6	36.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.7	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.8	28.0	27.6	25.8	2 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	3.2	3.9	3.2	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.6	30.8	19.6	34.8	2 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	80	57	52	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	40.4	44.2	2 / 6	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	2.1	1.3	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	30		33		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0		39.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services at the University of Connecticut Health Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GREENWICH FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER, PC GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	34%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	30%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Barry R. Witt, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	41	18	35	9	10
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.0	42.4	21.3	0.0	13.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	73.2	9 / 18	40.0	1 / 9	2 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.3	8 / 18	37.1	0 / 9	2 / 10
(Confidence Interval)	(51.9–81.9)		(21.5–55.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.3	8 / 15	43.3	0 / 8	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.0	8 / 15	43.3	0 / 7	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	50.0	4 / 15	33.3	0 / 7	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	3 / 18	14.3	1 / 9	4 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	5 / 9	3 / 14	0 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.6	4 / 8	3 / 13		1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	1	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.5		5.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

YALE FERTILITY CENTER NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	27%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Pasquale Patrizio, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	176	114	105	49	24
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.7	24.8	10.1	11.8	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.4	39.5	15.2	18.4	8.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.3	31.6	11.4	14.3	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(36.8–52.0)	(23.2–40.9)	(6.0–19.1)	(5.9–27.2)	(0.0–14.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.0	36.0	15.2	25.0	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	38.3	17.6	28.0	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.6	28.7	14.7	28.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.7	12.3	24.8	42.9	54.2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.1	17.8	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	8.0	2.2	1 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.9	25.0	2 / 12	0 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	9	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.2	1 / 9	3 / 8	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	42		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8		5 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Yale Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF CONNECTICUT NORWALK, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark P. Leondires, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	197	131	150	51	25
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.6	29.6	15.2	9.0	2.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.9	42.0	29.3	13.7	4.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3	34.4	19.3	11.8	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(46.1–60.4)	(26.3–43.1)	(13.3–26.6)	(4.4–23.9)	(0.0–13.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.4	39.5	25.4	19.4	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.0	40.9	28.4	20.7	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.8	26.4	25.5	20.7	0 / 14
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.1	13.0	24.0	39.2	32.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	3.0	4.2	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.9	34.5	4.5	4 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.4	5.5	6.8	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.4	35.6	10.3	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	36	18	16	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.1	10 / 18	5 / 16	0 / 2	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.6	3.5	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	34		24		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.7		33.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW ENGLAND FERTILITY INSTITUTE STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	18%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	80%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	6%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gad Lavy, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	62	31	50	29	15
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.3	19.7	16.3	12.9	5.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.2	35.5	36.0	24.1	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.3	35.5	18.0	20.7	1 / 15
(Confidence Interval)	(28.1–53.6)	(19.2–54.6)	(8.6–31.4)	(8.0–39.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.0	35.5	19.6	24.0	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	36.7	20.9	24.0	1 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.0	33.3	18.6	20.0	1 / 14
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.6	0.0	8.0	13.8	1 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.9	2.8	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	21.2	1 / 11	2 / 18	2 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	9.1	1 / 11	0 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.0	1 / 11	1 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	13	18	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.3	4 / 13	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.7	3.1	2.7
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	56		57		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4		31.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: New England Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE STAMFORD HOSPITAL STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	22%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	32%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	5%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Frances W. Ginsburg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	11	5	4	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3 / 11	2 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.8		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	4	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 4	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Stamford Hospital

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WOMEN'S FERTILITY CENTER
DR. NORA R. MILLER
STAMFORD, CONNECTICUT**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	86%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Nora Miller, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	8	13	10	3	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	4 / 17	20.8	20.0	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 8	4 / 13	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 8	4 / 13	1 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8	4 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8	4 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 8	3 / 11	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 8	1 / 13	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.5	3.3	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 2	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	4	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		0		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}				0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred				1.5	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Fertility Center, Dr. Nora R. Miller

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PARK AVENUE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TRUMBULL, CONNECTICUT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	92%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	42%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Andrew J. Levi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	53	30	31	30	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.0	23.2	22.0	4.7	2 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.8	36.7	25.8	10.0	2 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.2	16.7	16.1	3.3	2 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(33.3–61.4)	(5.6–34.7)	(5.5–33.7)	(0.1–17.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.2	16.7	17.2	3.6	2 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.0	17.2	20.8	4.0	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	10.3	8.3	4.0	2 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.0	6.5	6.7	2 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.6	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.6	3 / 11	3 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.0	2 / 5	3 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	8	5	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8	3 / 5	2 / 6	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.2	2.5	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 8		2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA NEWARK, DELAWARE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	5%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	11%	Female factors only	27%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	3%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey B. Russell, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	113	35	31	7	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	17.2	4.4	12.1	1 / 12	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	27.4	11.4	19.4	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	18.6	5.7	12.9	1 / 7	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(11.9–27.0)	(0.7–19.2)	(3.6–29.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	19.4	6.1	14.3	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	24.4	8.0	17.4	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	16.3	8.0	13.0	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.4	5.7	9.7	0 / 7	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	2.5	2.4	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.0	0 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	0 / 2	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	4	6	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 16	3 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	3.0	2.0	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES OF DELAWARE NEWARK, DELAWARE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	36%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	74%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ronald F. Feinberg, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	135	43	35	16	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	60.2	44.2	26.3	2 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.9	44.2	34.3	3 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.2	37.2	14.3	1 / 16	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(36.6–54.0)	(23.0–53.3)	(4.8–30.3)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.6	42.1	17.9	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.5	44.4	19.2	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	52.8	38.9	19.2	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.1	11.6	20.0	6 / 16	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	9.1	2 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.5	0 / 19	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6.6	2 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	61	49	30	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.3	34.7	40.0	0 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		27		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 7		51.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0		1.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Associates of Delaware

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE A.R.T. INSTITUTE OF WASHINGTON, INC.
WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTER
WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	14%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James Segars, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	160	83	56	24	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.5	28.2	17.0	13.0	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.6	44.6	26.8	29.2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.9	28.9	19.6	16.7	
(Confidence Interval)	(34.1–49.9)	(19.5–39.9)	(10.2–32.4)	(4.7–37.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.3	30.8	22.0	17.4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9	31.2	23.9	19.0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.0	26.0	19.6	14.3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.5	6.0	10.7	4.2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.4	2.6	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.4	21.6	4 / 15	1 / 7	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.2	0.0	1 / 15	0 / 7	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.4	16.7	2 / 11	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	22	11	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.7	6 / 11	2 / 8	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc., Walter Reed National Military Medical Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBIA FERTILITY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Safa Rifka, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	115	89	143	111	49
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.1	23.8	22.1	9.0	4.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.3	29.2	34.3	17.1	10.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.7	25.8	26.6	12.6	4.1
(Confidence Interval)	(39.3–58.2)	(17.1–36.2)	(19.5–34.6)	(7.1–20.3)	(0.5–14.0)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3	28.8	29.9	14.4	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.7	31.5	33.0	16.3	5.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.0	21.9	27.0	15.1	5.6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.7	10.1	11.2	12.6	18.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.5	2.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.8	26.9	14.3	1 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	3.8	4.1	0 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	42.9	30.4	18.4	1 / 14	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	24	12	6	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10.0	25.0	1 / 12	3 / 6	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	1.5	2.3	2.2
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	34		24		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2		33.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Columbia Fertility Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY MEDICAL FACULTY ASSOCIATES WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	37%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	8%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	3%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	41%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Paul R. Gindoff, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	59	62	82	44	23
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.9	19.6	8.2	8.9	5.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.9	25.8	11.0	9.1	13.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.1	21.0	11.0	6.8	13.0
(Confidence Interval)	(16.4–40.3)	(11.7–33.2)	(5.1–19.8)	(1.4–18.7)	(2.8–33.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.1	22.0	12.7	7.9	15.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	25.0	14.8	9.4	3 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	16.3	15.4	11.5	3.1	3 / 18
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.8	4.8	13.4	13.6	13.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.2	2.4	2.5	3.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.0	7 / 16	1 / 9	3 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 16	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	8 / 16	5 / 13	2 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	14	7	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11	4 / 14	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.4	2.6	4.0	2.7
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		6		11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 6		1 / 11	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7		1.9	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The George Washington University Medical Faculty Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JAMES A. SIMON, MD, PC WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	50%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	50%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James A. Simon, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	0	1	2	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b		1 / 1	0 / 4	1 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b		1 / 1	0 / 2	1 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b		0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0	2.0	2.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b		0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b		0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}		0 / 1		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}				0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred				1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: James A. Simon, MD, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOCAFERTILITY BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Maurice (Moshe) R. Peress, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	32	18	26	12	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.8	50.0	20.0	2 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.9	10 / 18	26.9	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.6	9 / 18	23.1	1 / 12	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(23.7–59.4)		(9.0–43.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	9 / 15	28.6	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	9 / 12	6 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.9	5 / 12	3 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	15.6	3 / 18	19.2	2 / 12	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.1	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	8 / 15	3 / 10	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 13	4 / 9	3 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	2	0	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	1 / 2		1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	2.0		2.0	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 14		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: BocaFertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PALM BEACH FERTILITY CENTER BOCA RATON, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	86%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	14%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	63%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark S. Denker, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	26	16	19	7	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.2	11.4	21.1	2 / 7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.2	4 / 16	5 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	4 / 16	4 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(26.6–66.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	4 / 15	4 / 18	2 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	12 / 19	4 / 14	4 / 15	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	7 / 19	4 / 14	2 / 15	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.5	1 / 16	1 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.5	2.5	2.3	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 12	0 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	1 / 1	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	19		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 19		1 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	39%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Tibor E. Polcz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	2	6	7	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	1 / 5	6 / 12	20.0	0 / 4	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 2	4 / 6	3 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	1 / 2	3 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	3 / 6	1 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	3 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 2	2 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.0	3.3	4.0	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 1	2 / 4	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 1	1 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	1	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.7		3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Care Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OF SOUTH BROWARD COOPER CITY, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kenneth Gelman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	30	16	6	6	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	51.1	33.3	3 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.3	8 / 16	3 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	7 / 16	1 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(22.7–59.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	7 / 15	1 / 4	1 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	7 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.2	5 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.3	1 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 6	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	8 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	0	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 9		2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		2.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility and Reproductive Medicine of South Broward

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA FERTILITY CENTER, PA FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	48%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jacob L. Glock, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	26	10	7	5	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.8	21.7	1 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	30.8	2 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(14.3–51.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.0	2 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	2 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.8	0 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.8	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.6	2.8	2.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 8	2 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1			0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0			4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5		1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SPECIALISTS IN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PA FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	12%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	2%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Craig R. Sweet, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	23	19	13	2	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.6	39.4	28.0	4 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	26.1	9 / 19	4 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.1	8 / 19	3 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(10.2–48.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	8 / 16	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	8 / 15	3 / 12	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	14.3	6 / 15	2 / 12	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.7	3 / 19	1 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.1	3.5	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 6	2 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6	1 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 6	2 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	0	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	13		20		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13		15.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA WOMEN'S HEALTH AT MAGNOLIA PARKE GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	25%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by R. Stan Williams, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	39	15	12	5	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.7	26.7	19.2	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	35.9	6 / 15	3 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	5 / 15	3 / 12	1 / 5	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(19.1–50.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.2	5 / 13	3 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.1	5 / 13	3 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.9	3 / 13	2 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.6	2 / 15	1 / 12	1 / 5	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.3	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 14	2 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 13	2 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	0	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 7		1 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0	1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	15		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	12 / 15				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Florida Women's Health at Magnolia Parke

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ASSISTED FERTILITY PROGRAM OF NORTH FLORIDA JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Marwan M. Shaykh, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	36	17	12	3	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	21.0	7.0	5.9		0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	30.6	2 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.8	1 / 17	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(14.2–45.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	1 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.4	1 / 14	1 / 9		0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.6	1 / 14	0 / 9		0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.8	2 / 17	2 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.1	3.8		3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 11	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	3	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	1.7	4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Assisted Fertility Program of North Florida

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BROWN FERTILITY ASSOCIATES JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	13%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	58%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	16%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel E. Brown, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	29	7	7	6	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.2	4 / 16	1 / 18	2 / 14	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.3	4 / 7	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.9	3 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(20.7–57.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.9	3 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.9	3 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.5	3 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 7	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.3	3.0	2.8	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	0	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3			1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0			1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	12		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 12		2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.1		3.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Brown Fertility Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	43%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kevin L. Winslow, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	220	67	67	26	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.9	19.6	16.3	7.2	2 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.7	32.8	26.9	15.4	2 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	28.4	22.4	7.7	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(39.2–52.7)	(18.0–40.7)	(13.1–34.2)	(0.9–25.1)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.5	30.2	25.4	8.3	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.8	32.2	27.3	8.7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.8	22.0	16.4	4.3	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.3	6.0	11.9	7.7	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.3	31.8	6 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.6	0.0	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.6	6 / 19	6 / 15	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	107	35	34	16	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	40.0	20.6	3 / 16	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	60		64		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3		29.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JACKSONVILLE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	23%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	22%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael D. Fox, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	114	37	30	14	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.6	30.2	9.3	22.2	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.7	32.4	16.7	5 / 14	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.9	29.7	13.3	3 / 14	1 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(20.8–38.2)	(15.9–47.0)	(3.8–30.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.1	30.6	16.0	3 / 11	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	37.9	4 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.8	24.1	4 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.0	2.7	16.7	3 / 14	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.7	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.2	5 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.3	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	4 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	26	12	6	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.1	1 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.8	2.0	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 18		3 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUTZ, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	19%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	7%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Stephen W. Welden, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	12	8	3	3	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	6.9	1 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 12	2 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 12	1 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.3	2.7	3.7	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 6	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	3.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 14		0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		3.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF FLORIDA MARGATE, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	65%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David I. Hoffman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	234	112	150	82	28
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.9	24.4	15.0	10.1	1.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.9	32.1	30.0	24.4	3.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.3	25.0	22.0	14.6	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(30.2–42.8)	(17.3–34.1)	(15.7–29.5)	(7.8–24.2)	(0.0–12.3)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.3	28.0	26.4	17.4	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	30.8	28.2	20.3	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.4	18.7	23.1	18.6	0.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.8	10.7	16.7	15.9	28.6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.4	3.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.2	38.9	20.0	5.0	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.5	39.3	18.2	1 / 12	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	64	37	24	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9	43.2	37.5	1 / 5	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.2	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	53		36		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.2		27.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Florida

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**VIERA FERTILITY CENTER
FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER FOR WOMEN
MELBOURNE, FLORIDA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	33%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	19%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	5%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Diran Chamoun, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	23	8	7	8	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.9	2 / 11	2 / 6	1 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.1	2 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	2 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(13.2–52.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	2 / 7	2 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	17.4	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	1 / 8	3 / 7	1 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.0	2.7	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 7				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Viera Fertility Center, Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center for Women

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY & IVF CENTER OF MIAMI, INC. MIAMI, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	88%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	43%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael H. Jacobs, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	120	95	78	41	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	24.2	20.9	19.3	4.9	2 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	35.8	32.6	33.3	9.8	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.2	27.4	25.6	7.3	0 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(21.2–38.2)	(18.7–37.5)	(16.4–36.8)	(1.5–19.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.2	32.1	28.6	8.1	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	34.2	30.3	9.1	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.4	27.6	25.8	9.1	0 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.3	14.7	10.3	9.8	4 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.3	22.6	19.2	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.7	0.0	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.6	19.2	15.0	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	37	25	12	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.8	52.0	4 / 12	2 / 8	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	37		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF MIAMI INFERTILITY CENTER MIAMI, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	15%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George R. Attia, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	37	15	25	9	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.7	8.8	22.6	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	29.7	3 / 15	16.0	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.7	2 / 15	16.0	0 / 9	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(15.9–47.0)		(4.5–36.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.4	2 / 14	4 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	2 / 14	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	14.7	2 / 14	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.4	1 / 15	28.0	6 / 9	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.2	2.7	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 11	0 / 2	2 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	5	9	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 13	3 / 5	2 / 9	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.1	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Miami Infertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PALMETTO FERTILITY CENTER OF SOUTH FLORIDA MIAMI LAKES, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	11%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	50%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael D. Graubert, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	56	33	30	9	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.9	23.2	12.9	6.9	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.2	30.3	20.0	2 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	27.3	13.3	1 / 9	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(29.7–56.8)	(13.3–45.5)	(3.8–30.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.6	31.0	14.3	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	32.1	15.4	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.1	17.9	11.5	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.8	12.1	6.7	1 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.7	3.6	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	48.1	4 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.4	1 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	50.0	4 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	2	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.5	3.0	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	31		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	71.0		1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Palmetto Fertility Center of South Florida

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA ORLANDO, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	55%	Ovulatory dysfunction	24%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	13%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Randall A. Loy, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	186	63	81	37	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.6	36.8	16.1	8.8	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.2	49.2	24.7	16.2	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	46.0	18.5	8.1	0 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(38.9–53.7)	(33.4–59.1)	(10.8–28.7)	(1.7–21.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.6	48.3	22.1	11.1	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.1	52.7	24.6	12.0	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.9	38.2	18.0	12.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.6	4.8	16.0	27.0	0 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.9	35.5	20.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	26.7	27.6	4 / 15	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	38	22	8	9	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.1	36.4	3 / 8	2 / 9	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.3		3 / 16		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FRANK C. RIGGALL, MD, PA
ORLANDO, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	29%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Frank C. Riggall, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	3	6	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	6 / 8	4 / 7	1 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 7	2 / 3	1 / 6	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	2 / 3	1 / 6	1 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 4	0 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3 / 7	0 / 3	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 3	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 2	2 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	1	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW LEADERS IN INFERTILITY & ENDOCRINOLOGY, LLC PENSACOLA, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Barry A. Ripps, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	78	30	31	5	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.4	29.4	18.9	2 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.7	30.0	16.1	2 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.3	26.7	9.7	1 / 5	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(31.2–54.0)	(12.3–45.9)	(2.0–25.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.6	33.3	9.7	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.9	8 / 17	3 / 18	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	44.8	8 / 17	3 / 18	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.1	20.0	0.0	1 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	15.8	2 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.6	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.2	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	1	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	0 / 1			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.0			1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: New Leaders in Infertility & Endocrinology, LLC

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY & GENETICS PLANTATION, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%	
GIFT	1%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	33%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mick Abaé, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	34	15	16	12	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.2	32.3	21.1	2 / 19	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.8	8 / 15	6 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	5 / 15	5 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(29.8–64.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	5 / 15	5 / 16	1 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.6	5 / 14	5 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.0	3 / 14	4 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.9	0 / 15	0 / 16	1 / 12	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.9	2.1	4.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.0	3 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.0	0 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 16	2 / 5	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	1	4	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 7	0 / 1	2 / 4	0 / 1	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	3.3	2.0	3.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 7		3 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility & Genetics

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER AND APPLIED GENETICS OF FLORIDA, INC. SARASOTA, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	15%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Julio E. Pabon, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	23	19	15	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.8	29.4	14.0	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.8	7 / 19	6 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	7 / 19	5 / 15	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(23.2–65.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	7 / 16	5 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	7 / 15	5 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.8	5 / 15	5 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.3	3 / 19	1 / 15	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	3.1	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	5	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11	1 / 5	4 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	3.6	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 7		2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center and Applied Genetics of Florida, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTH FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SOUTH MIAMI, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	42%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Juergen Eisermann, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	172	121	134	61	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.5	38.8	28.7	26.1	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.2	43.0	31.3	21.3	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	41.3	23.1	18.0	0 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(41.2–56.6)	(32.4–50.6)	(16.3–31.2)	(9.4–30.0)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.2	46.7	27.9	25.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.8	53.2	33.7	32.4	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.1	37.2	27.2	20.6	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.1	11.6	17.2	27.9	4 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.8	32.7	19.0	3 / 13	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.3	1.9	0.0	1 / 13	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.7	30.0	19.4	4 / 11	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	32	15	13	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	6 / 15	2 / 13	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.7	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	38		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	63.2		7 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH ASSOCIATES, PA TAMPA, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	50%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Catherine L. Cowart, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	22	11	5	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	11.1	20.0	0 / 16	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	13.6	3 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9.1	3 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(1.1–29.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 17	3 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 17	3 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 17	2 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	22.7	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	3.2	3.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2	1 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 6				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Associates, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE GROUP TAMPA, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	45%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Marc Bernhisel, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	208	128	102	36	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.4	31.4	19.4	13.6	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.1	41.4	21.6	30.6	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	35.9	17.6	22.2	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(38.8–52.7)	(27.7–44.9)	(10.8–26.4)	(10.1–39.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.2	38.7	20.7	24.2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.9	41.8	22.8	24.2	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.4	30.0	13.9	18.2	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.2	7.0	14.7	8.3	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.7	2.7	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.0	32.1	31.8	3 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	27.3	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.7	28.3	7 / 18	2 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	28	9	8	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.1	4 / 9	1 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.7	1.9		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	54		19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.7		7 / 19		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Reproductive Medicine Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA IVF TAMPA, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	47%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Shayne Plosker, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	56	38	38	13	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.4	25.0	21.3	5.7	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	32.1	42.1	28.9	2 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	34.2	26.3	1 / 13	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(14.4–38.4)	(19.6–51.4)	(13.4–43.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.4	38.2	31.3	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	38.2	35.7	1 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.4	20.6	25.0	1 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.4	10.5	15.8	1 / 13	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	2.7	3.2	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 18	5 / 16	5 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 18	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 14	6 / 13	3 / 10	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	5	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13	3 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.1	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	28		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.7		2 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of South Florida IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

F.I.R.S.T.
FLORIDA INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGIES
WESTON, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	90%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%	
GIFT	10%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	25%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Minna R. Selub, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	7	13	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	5 / 15	1 / 11	12.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 9	1 / 7	2 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 7	1 / 7	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 9	0 / 7	1 / 13	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.6	2.3	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	33		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.2		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		3.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: F.I.R.S.T., Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences and Technologies

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF ASSISTED REPRODUCTION & ENDOCRINOLOGY WINTER PARK, FLORIDA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark P. Trolice, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	69	24	11	9	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.8	17.1	26.1	8.3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	20.8	4 / 11	2 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.9	16.7	4 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(21.2–44.2)	(4.7–37.4)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.8	17.4	4 / 11	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.5	4 / 18	4 / 10	1 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.8	2 / 18	2 / 10	0 / 9	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.8	4.2	0 / 11	0 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.4	2 / 5	2 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.3	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	27.3	2 / 4	2 / 4	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	3	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	1.6	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.5		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Assisted Reproduction & Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ATLANTA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ATLANTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James P. Toner, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	245	126	85	38	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.3	24.7	17.1	16.5	1 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	38.4	31.7	36.5	44.7	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.9	27.8	31.8	34.2	1 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(29.9–42.3)	(20.2–36.5)	(22.1–42.8)	(19.6–51.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.9	30.4	33.8	34.2	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	32.1	36.5	35.1	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.9	21.1	27.0	27.0	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.8	8.7	5.9	0.0	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.2	3.4	3.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.5	40.0	29.0	3 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.1	10.0	3.2	1 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.8	34.3	25.9	3 / 13	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	55	22	9	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	31.8	1 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	47		41		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.1		31.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EMORY REPRODUCTIVE CENTER ATLANTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	29%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Donna Session, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	55	35	39	12	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	48.1	40.0	15.2	17.1	10.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	70.9	60.0	33.3	5 / 12	3 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.9	54.3	25.6	4 / 12	1 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(57.1–82.4)	(36.6–71.2)	(13.0–42.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.9	55.9	28.6	4 / 10	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.9	57.6	29.4	4 / 10	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	52.7	45.5	17.6	3 / 10	1 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2.9	10.3	2 / 12	1 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	3.1	4.1	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.2	23.8	4 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.6	4.8	1 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.6	4 / 19	4 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	14	13	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.0	4 / 14	6 / 13	1 / 3	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.5	2.3	3.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7		2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Emory Reproductive Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEORGIA REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS, LLC ATLANTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark Perloe, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	113	65	80	24	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.3	22.5	12.4	7.3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.4	38.5	26.3	20.8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.4	32.3	16.3	4.2	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(40.9–60.0)	(21.2–45.1)	(8.9–26.2)	(0.1–21.1)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3	34.4	18.1	4.2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.3	35.0	19.4	1 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.8	25.0	13.4	1 / 19	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.3	6.2	10.0	0.0	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.9	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	43.9	32.0	23.8	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.1	0.0	4.8	1 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	54.4	28.6	4 / 13	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	74	39	32	5	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.3	28.2	9.4	0 / 5	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.1	2.0	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	22		32		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.7		21.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY ASSOCIATES ATLANTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	86%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	20%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Andrew Toledo, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	232	131	161	61	15
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	24.7	12.9	8.5	7.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.0	38.2	29.8	18.0	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.5	31.3	21.7	14.8	1 / 15
(Confidence Interval)	(34.1–47.1)	(23.5–40.0)	(15.6–28.9)	(7.0–26.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	35.0	25.7	20.0	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	35.7	26.9	20.9	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.0	26.1	20.0	16.3	0 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.6	10.7	15.5	26.2	6 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	3.3	3.0	3.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	22.9	18.0	20.8	2 / 11	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	4.0	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	24.5	26.8	25.7	2 / 9	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	158	78	73	16	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.3	44.9	41.1	5 / 16	4 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.1	3.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		75		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 18		37.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Biology Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Unknown factor	25%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	16%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Adelina M. Emmi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	12	4	4	0	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.6	1 / 8	2 / 9		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	8 / 12	1 / 4	2 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 12	1 / 4	2 / 4		0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 11	1 / 3	2 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 11	1 / 3	2 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	7 / 11	1 / 3	2 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 4		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.7	2.3		2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	1 / 4		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0		2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SERVY INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AUGUSTA, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	19%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	30%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edouard Servy, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	14	2	5	2	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.5		3 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	8 / 14	0 / 2	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 14	0 / 2	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 14		2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 13		2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 13		1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 14	2 / 2	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.4	3.0	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 8		1 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 8		0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 6		1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		3		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 3		1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.0	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBUS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY, LLC COLUMBUS, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	31%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Prakash J. Thirupathi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	23	11	11	2	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.2	36.4	13.3		1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.5	5 / 11	3 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	3 / 11	2 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(23.2–65.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	3 / 9	2 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	3 / 9	2 / 11		0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	0 / 9	2 / 11		0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.3	2 / 11	0 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.7		2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 10	3 / 3	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	3	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility, LLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTRAL GEORGIA FERTILITY INSTITUTE MACON, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	55%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	25%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	40%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William J. Butler, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	11	7	2	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	10.0	0 / 11	0 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 2		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 11	1 / 7	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.5		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Central Georgia Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE GEORGIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SAVANNAH, GEORGIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	35%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Patrick L. Blohm, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	33	15	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	62.7	26.3	25.8	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	81.0	36.4	6 / 15	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	69.0	30.3	4 / 15	1 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(52.9–82.4)	(15.6–48.7)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.7	34.5	4 / 14	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.7	37.0	4 / 13	1 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.1	22.2	3 / 13	1 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.4	12.1	1 / 15	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	44.1	3 / 12	3 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.9	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	51.7	4 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	10	7	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 17	3 / 10	2 / 7	2 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.9	2.7	2.5	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 8		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CENTER OF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	55%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Christopher T. Huang, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	31	28	39	20	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.6	25.5	7.6	8.6	1 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.1	32.1	17.9	15.0	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.2	32.1	12.8	15.0	1 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(27.3–64.0)	(15.9–52.4)	(4.3–27.4)	(3.2–37.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.3	39.1	15.2	3 / 18	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.3	42.9	16.1	3 / 18	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.9	28.6	12.9	2 / 18	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.5	17.9	15.4	10.0	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	3.4	3.2	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 18	2 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 18	1 / 9	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 14	3 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.0	2.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers		6		8
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		5 / 6		3 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		2.3	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & GYNECOLOGY OF HAWAII, INC. HONOLULU, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	92%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	49%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	37%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John L. Frattarelli, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	19	19	9	8	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.7	29.5	21.7	3 / 15	12.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	14 / 19	11 / 19	4 / 9	2 / 8	3 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 19	10 / 19	2 / 9	2 / 8	2 / 6
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 19	10 / 19	2 / 8	2 / 8	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 18	10 / 19	2 / 8	2 / 7	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 18	9 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 7	2 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 19	0 / 19	1 / 9	0 / 8	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.3	2.9	2.1	4.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 14	0 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 11	1 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 2	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.5	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology of Hawaii, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF HAWAII HONOLULU, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	47%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	45%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Benton HH Chun, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	18	18	30	16	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.9	26.8	12.7	8.6	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	12 / 18	8 / 18	30.0	3 / 16	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 18	4 / 18	13.3	3 / 16	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)			(3.8–30.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 17	4 / 16	18.2	3 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 16	4 / 16	18.2	3 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8 / 16	1 / 16	13.6	3 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 18	2 / 18	26.7	3 / 16	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	3.2	2.9	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 12	3 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 12	0 / 8	1 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 11	3 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	0	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		3.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Hawaii

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC IN VITRO FERTILIZATION INSTITUTE HONOLULU, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	62%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	36%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Thomas S. Kosasa, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	79	51	47	25	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.9	25.0	9.8	6.8	5.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	35.4	37.3	21.3	12.0	2 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.6	27.5	14.9	4.0	2 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(17.3–37.7)	(15.9–41.7)	(6.2–28.3)	(0.1–20.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	31.8	16.3	1 / 19	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.4	35.0	18.4	1 / 19	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	16.4	27.5	15.8	1 / 19	2 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.7	13.7	8.5	24.0	8 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.4	3.5	3.1	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.9	5 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.1	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	52.4	3 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	19	22	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.0	10 / 19	22.7	1 / 1	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.8	3.0	1.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	41		39		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.3		17.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TRIPLER ARMY MEDICAL CENTER IVF INSTITUTE TRIPLER AMC, HAWAII

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	32%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Nia Middleton, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	2	8	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	3 / 14	3 / 5	4 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 7	2 / 2	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	2 / 2	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	2 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	2 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	0 / 2	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	3.2	4.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 2	1 / 2	2 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2	1 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	2 / 2	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	1.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IDAHO CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BOISE, IDAHO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	29%
		With eSET	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Cristin C. Slater, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	110	43	43	10	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.0	20.2	7.1	1 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.4	30.2	16.3	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	23.3	11.6	1 / 10	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(25.7–44.2)	(11.8–38.6)	(3.9–25.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.5	23.3	12.2	1 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.6	24.4	13.9	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.8	9.8	8.3	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.7	0.0	4.7	0 / 10	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.3	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.5	4 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.5	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.5	6 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	62	18	13	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	8 / 18	3 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.8	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	41		45		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.2		46.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RUSH-COPLEY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AURORA, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	24%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Zvi Binor, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	49	33	21	11	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.0	22.4	10.8	0 / 9	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	30.6	30.3	19.0	0 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.5	24.2	19.0	0 / 11	0 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(14.9–41.1)	(11.1–42.3)	(5.4–41.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.9	27.6	4 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.7	28.6	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.3	21.4	4 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.2	12.1	19.0	5 / 11	3 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 15	3 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 15	0 / 10	0 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	1	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.3		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**LIFE WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER
DANIEL A. ROSTEIN, MD, FACOG
BERWYN, ILLINOIS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	22%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	11%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Daniel A. Rostein, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	1	1	0	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b		0 / 3		0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b		0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 1	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0		2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b					
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b					
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5		2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MARTIN S. BALIN, MD, PhD
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	96%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	47%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Martin S. Balin, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	5	4	8	5	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	4 / 12	0 / 6	4 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 5	0 / 4	5 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	0 / 4	3 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	0 / 4	3 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	0 / 2	3 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 5	0 / 2	2 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.0	2.6	2.3	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 2		1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2		0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2		1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	2	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Martin S. Balin, MD, PhD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO MEDICAL CENTER
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Helen Kim, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	95	43	54	13	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.5	19.4	12.8	16.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	28.4	25.6	14.8	3 / 13	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.3	18.6	7.4	2 / 13	0 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(16.9–35.2)	(8.4–33.4)	(2.1–17.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	25.0	14.3	2 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	29.6	14.8	2 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.9	25.9	11.1	2 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	17.9	25.6	48.1	3 / 13	6 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.9	3.1	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.7	2 / 11	4 / 8	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.7	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	37	16	8	2	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.1	3 / 16	0 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.8	3.5	3.5	3.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 17		6 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine & Fertility, The University of Chicago Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (IHR) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	98%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	2%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	20%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	35%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ilan Tur-Kaspa, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	76	36	29	20	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.6	28.1	21.2	8.8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.8	41.7	24.1	15.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.8	36.1	17.2	10.0	0 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(26.1–48.7)	(20.8–53.8)	(5.8–35.8)	(1.2–31.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.4	39.4	18.5	2 / 17	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	40.6	22.7	2 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	31.3	13.6	2 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.9	8.3	6.9	15.0	3 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.1	1.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.5	4 / 15	2 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.2	0 / 15	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.4	3 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	30	9	17	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	1 / 9	6 / 17	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.6	1.7	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0		4 / 12		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	30%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edmond Confino, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	166	137	142	45	26
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.6	22.5	11.7	8.6	4.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.4	35.8	21.1	20.0	11.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.9	30.7	12.7	13.3	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(24.9–39.6)	(23.1–39.1)	(7.7–19.3)	(5.1–26.8)	(0.0–13.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.4	32.8	14.5	15.4	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.6	35.6	16.1	16.7	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.8	29.7	15.2	16.7	0 / 14
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.2	6.6	12.7	13.3	34.6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.5	2.6	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.9	14.3	13.3	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.0	2.0	0.0	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	24.5	16.7	1 / 18	0 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	30	32	21	11	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0	15.6	28.6	0 / 11	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	1.9	2.0	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	34		17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0		4 / 17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Northwestern University

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RIVER NORTH IVF-FERTILITY CENTERS OF ILLINOIS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	16%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Angeline Beltsos, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	573	287	324	148	76
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.1	22.0	19.7	8.5	4.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.1	29.6	24.7	11.5	2.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	21.6	19.1	6.1	1.3
(Confidence Interval)	(33.4–41.5)	(17.0–26.8)	(15.0–23.8)	(2.8–11.2)	(0.0–7.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.6	25.3	24.3	8.1	2.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	28.7	29.8	9.8	2.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.0	21.8	24.5	9.8	0.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.1	14.6	21.3	25.0	39.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.9	23.5	22.5	3 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.4	0.0	0.0	0 / 17	1 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.7	24.2	17.7	0 / 9	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	242	97	73	23	12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	32.0	21.9	30.4	1 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	80		45		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0		35.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: River North IVF-Fertility Centers of Illinois

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT CHICAGO IVF PROGRAM CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	40%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	22%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Humberto Scoccia, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	25	31	11	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.3	37.0	28.3	2 / 18	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.9	32.0	38.7	1 / 11	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	32.0	25.8	1 / 11	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(10.7–44.9)	(14.9–53.5)	(11.9–44.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.9	38.1	33.3	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 19	8 / 15	38.1	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 19	6 / 15	28.6	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.1	16.0	22.6	6 / 11	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.5	3.6	4.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 12	2 / 8	2 / 12	1 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 12	0 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 7	2 / 8	2 / 8	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	5	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.7		3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CONSULTANTS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	98%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	2%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	49%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mary W. Molo, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	37	18	19	22	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.4	20.0	19.2	10.5	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.6	5 / 18	3 / 19	13.6	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	4 / 18	3 / 19	9.1	1 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(27.1–60.5)			(1.1–29.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	4 / 16	3 / 15	2 / 19	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.6	4 / 15	3 / 12	2 / 13	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	41.9	2 / 15	1 / 12	1 / 13	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.8	2 / 18	4 / 19	13.6	3 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.2	2.9	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 18	2 / 5	2 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 16	2 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	8	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 12	3 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.4	3.7	5.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Health Consultants

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH/JOLIET IVF CREST HILL, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	23%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by R. Scott Springer, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	88	18	11	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.9	19.5	8.3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	35.2	5 / 18	1 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.4	5 / 18	0 / 11		
(Confidence Interval)	(19.3–39.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.1	5 / 17	0 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.8	5 / 15	0 / 9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.7	2 / 15	0 / 9		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.4	1 / 18	1 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	2.7		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.3	3 / 5	1 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	24.0	3 / 5			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	4	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.3	2.5	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 7				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST FERTILITY CENTER DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	39%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Amos E. Madanes, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	58	19	18	9	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.9	26.2	25.7	3 / 19	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.4	7 / 19	6 / 18	3 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.6	5 / 19	6 / 18	3 / 9	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(33.3–60.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.2	5 / 19	6 / 17	3 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.9	5 / 19	6 / 15	3 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.2	2 / 19	5 / 15	3 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.4	0 / 19	1 / 18	0 / 9	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.7	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.3	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.5	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.7	3 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	4	5	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.2	1.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 9		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE RINEHART CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John S. Rinehart, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	126	61	55	24	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.0	21.6	13.5	6.5	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	27.9	14.5	12.5	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	18.0	10.9	8.3	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(20.9–37.3)	(9.4–30.0)	(4.1–22.2)	(1.0–27.0)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	22.9	11.8	10.0	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	28.9	19.4	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.8	18.4	9.7	2 / 12	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.9	21.3	7.3	16.7	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.4	2.6	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	3 / 17	3 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.1	1 / 17	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.1	4 / 11	3 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	43	12	9	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	3 / 12	1 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.1	3.2	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0		4 / 19		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE RINEHART-COULAM CENTER EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	18%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	8%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Carolyn B. Coulam, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	14	15	13	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	16.1	19.5	7.1		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 14	7 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 14	4 / 15	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 14	4 / 14	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 14	4 / 14	2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 14	2 / 14	2 / 10		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 14	1 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.9	2.8		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 4	2 / 4	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	4	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.7		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF CHICAGO GURNEE, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard P. Sherbahn, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	213	76	48	15	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.6	30.9	36.3	7.1	5.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	62.0	52.6	58.3	3 / 15	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.7	38.2	43.8	2 / 15	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(50.8–64.5)	(27.2–50.0)	(29.5–58.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.3	41.4	50.0	2 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.8	41.4	50.0	2 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.2	24.3	28.6	2 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.2	7.9	12.5	2 / 15	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	43.9	27.5	32.1	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.8	2.5	3.6	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.5	41.4	42.9	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	20	9	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.0	40.0	2 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	76		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	81.6		7 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CHICAGO INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES, LTD. HANOVER PARK, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Unknown factor	42%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	30%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ketan N. Jobanputra, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	2	0	0	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 10	0 / 3			0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 7	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	1 / 7	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 7	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 5	0 / 2			0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	0 / 2			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5			5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 1				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred			5.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HIGHLAND PARK IVF CENTER HIGHLAND PARK, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	30%
		Used PGD	11%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edward L. Marut, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	483	309	351	182	98
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.6	24.7	20.0	12.4	3.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.1	32.0	23.9	17.0	7.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.1	25.6	18.8	11.5	3.1
(Confidence Interval)	(33.7–42.6)	(20.8–30.8)	(14.9–23.3)	(7.3–17.1)	(0.6–8.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	29.2	22.7	14.8	3.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.8	34.8	30.4	19.8	5.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.9	24.2	24.0	14.2	5.3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.7	12.3	17.1	22.0	20.4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.0	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.9	25.3	15.5	12.9	0 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	3.0	8.3	9.7	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.5	30.4	21.2	28.6	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	164	101	75	32	16
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.9	41.6	34.7	46.9	3 / 16
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	141		114		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.2		43.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Highland Park IVF Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HINSDALE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTION HINSDALE, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	20%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	96%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	1%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	39%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael J. Hickey, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	24	12	6	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.1	6.7	2 / 17	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(18.8–59.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 16	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 16	2 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	3.4	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	8	2	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 19	5 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.0	3.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Hinsdale Center for Reproduction

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REENA JABAMONI, MD, SC HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	40%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	4%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Reena Jabamoni, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	22	9	8	0	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.0	6 / 13	5 / 17		0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.9	5 / 9	5 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.3	5 / 9	3 / 8		0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(10.7–50.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 19	5 / 8	3 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 15	5 / 7	3 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 15	4 / 7	2 / 6		0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.6	1 / 9	0 / 8		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.8		3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.0		1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**KARANDE AND ASSOCIATES, SC DBA
InVIA FERTILITY SPECIALISTS
HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	33%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vishvanath C. Karande, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	181	71	72	43	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.4	29.5	18.6	2.8	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.7	35.2	29.2	7.0	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	32.4	23.6	4.7	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(40.6–55.6)	(21.8–44.5)	(14.4–35.1)	(0.6–15.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.4	34.3	24.3	5.0	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.1	39.0	28.3	5.6	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.3	23.7	21.7	5.6	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.8	5.6	2.8	7.0	0 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.9	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.9	36.0	14.3	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.3	4.0	4.8	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.2	39.1	4 / 17	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	21	10	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	24.2	23.8	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		23		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.4		39.1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Karande and Associates, SC dba, InVia Fertility Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, LTD. JOLIET, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	10%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Marek W. Piekos, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	24	12	15	1	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.3	14.8	4.9	0 / 2	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	5 / 12	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	3 / 12	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(22.1–63.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	3 / 12	2 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	3 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.8	3 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 12	1 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.9	2.0	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		4.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**THE ADVANCED IVF INSTITUTE
CHARLES E. MILLER, MD & ASSOCIATES
NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	78%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Charles E. Miller, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	119	83	85	37	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.9	32.1	15.9	11.0	4.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.7	43.4	25.9	21.6	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	32.5	21.2	13.5	1 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(33.8–52.3)	(22.6–43.7)	(13.1–31.4)	(4.5–28.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	39.1	26.1	18.5	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.3	47.4	31.0	20.0	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.5	35.1	25.9	8.0	1 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.7	16.9	18.8	27.0	4 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	3.0	3.6	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.2	44.4	9.1	3 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	9.1	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	25.9	3 / 18	3 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	51	23	21	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	39.1	33.3	0 / 1	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	24		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0		4 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Advanced IVF Institute, Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF1 NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	80%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	9%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Randy S. Morris, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	147	60	56	37	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.5	23.8	18.0	6.4	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.4	31.7	25.0	8.1	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.0	26.7	25.0	2.7	1 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(24.5–40.2)	(16.1–39.7)	(14.4–38.4)	(0.1–14.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.2	31.4	33.3	3.3	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	32.0	34.1	4.0	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.8	26.0	22.0	4.0	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.6	15.0	25.0	18.9	4 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.7	3.1	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.9	3 / 19	6 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.8	1 / 19	0 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.2	3 / 16	5 / 14	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	71	29	20	7	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.8	27.6	20.0	3 / 7	0 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0	3.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	24		24		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	75.0		20.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF1

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OAK BROOK FERTILITY CENTER OAK BROOK, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	8%	
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	8%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	12%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by W. Paul Dmowski, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	60	37	34	13	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.4	30.6	25.5	3 / 19	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.3	37.8	32.4	2 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	27.0	29.4	2 / 13	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(32.1–58.4)	(13.8–44.1)	(15.1–47.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.8	28.6	33.3	2 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.6	31.3	37.0	2 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.3	15.6	29.6	1 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.7	5.4	11.8	1 / 13	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.4	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.6	6 / 14	1 / 11	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.9	0 / 14	1 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.0	5 / 10	2 / 10	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	38	19	11	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.7	8 / 19	5 / 11	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.4	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6		11 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH AND FERTILITY CENTER ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	94%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	6%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	29%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Chiravudh Sawetawan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	86	12	11	3	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.9	18.2	28.6	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	25.6	3 / 12	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.3	2 / 12	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(14.8–33.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.3	2 / 10	2 / 10	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.3	2 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	15.8	1 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2 / 12	1 / 11	0 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.4	3.0	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	50.0	1 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	0 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	1 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	62	13	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.6	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.2	2.0	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 9		6 / 17		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health and Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH SHORE FERTILITY, SC SKOKIE, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Susan Davies, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	111	52	67	36	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	14.8	20.3	4.0	5.9	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	29.7	34.6	10.4	5.6	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	18.0	25.0	3.0	5.6	0 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(11.4–26.4)	(14.0–38.9)	(0.4–10.4)	(0.7–18.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.6	28.9	4.0	8.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	24.4	29.5	4.8	2 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	15.9	18.2	2.4	1 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.6	13.5	25.4	30.6	5 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	15.2	2 / 18	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.1	3 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.0	5 / 13	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	5	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 18	1 / 5	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.6	1.8	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 14		1 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: North Shore Fertility, SC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY ASSOCIATES, SC SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	26%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mary Ann McRae, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	48	8	11	14	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	17.4	1 / 7	11.5	2 / 19	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	25.0	1 / 8	4 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	1 / 8	3 / 11	2 / 14	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(13.6–39.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.6	1 / 4	3 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	1 / 3	3 / 8	2 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.3	1 / 3	3 / 8	2 / 9	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	20.8	4 / 8	3 / 11	5 / 14	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.3	3.3	2.1	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.0	3.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Endocrinology Associates, SC

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
OF MEDICINE FERTILITY AND IVF CENTER
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	11%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by J. Ricardo Loret de Mola, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	51	11	9	9	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.5	39.1	40.9	3 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	74.5	6 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.6	5 / 11	3 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(56.2–82.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	72.0	5 / 10	3 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	72.0	5 / 10	3 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	60.0	4 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.0	1 / 11	1 / 9	4 / 9	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.3	2.8	2.6	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	21.1	3 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	16.7	1 / 5	3 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southern Illinois University School of Medicine Fertility and IVF Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SETH LEVRANT, MD, PC
PARTNERS IN REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH
TINLEY PARK, ILLINOIS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	61%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	5%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Seth G. Levrant, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	53	10	22	4	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	3 / 14	25.0	0 / 7	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.1	3 / 10	45.5	0 / 4	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.4	2 / 10	13.6	0 / 4	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(29.8–57.7)		(2.9–34.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9	2 / 7	15.0	0 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9	2 / 7	3 / 17	0 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.7	2 / 7	2 / 17	0 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.5	3 / 10	9.1	1 / 4	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.3	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.8	0 / 3	2 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.8	0 / 3	0 / 10		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	26.1	0 / 2	1 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	2	1	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC, Partners in Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BONAVENTURA REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CARMEL, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	16%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	22%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	2%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Leo M. Bonaventura, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	12	21	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.8	3 / 12	41.7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.4	3 / 12	23.8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.2	3 / 12	23.8	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(29.8–61.3)		(8.2–47.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	3 / 11	5 / 15	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.4	3 / 7	5 / 11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	50.0	3 / 7	3 / 11		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.8	1 / 12	28.6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.2		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.3	0 / 3	1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 3	2 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 19	0 / 3	2 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	1	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: American Health Network Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JARRETT FERTILITY GROUP CARMEL, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	1%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John C. Jarrett, II, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	201	64	62	14	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.8	33.7	28.7	11.5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.2	37.5	38.7	3 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.2	31.3	35.5	3 / 14	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(44.1–58.3)	(20.2–44.1)	(23.7–48.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.2	40.0	45.8	3 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	63.6	44.4	52.4	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.0	26.7	38.1	3 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.9	21.9	22.6	4 / 14	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.6	3.3	1.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.7	37.5	25.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.8	0.0	4.2	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.7	40.0	27.3	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	34	16	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.5	5 / 16	3 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.8		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	48		20		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.4		15.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Jarrett Fertility Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST FERTILITY SPECIALISTS CARMEL, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Laura M. Reuter, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	233	77	41	9	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.9	20.2	5.5	0 / 14	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.1	27.3	12.2	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.5	22.1	4.9	0 / 9	
(Confidence Interval)	(30.3–43.0)	(13.4–33.0)	(0.6–16.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.3	27.9	5.4	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.6	29.3	5.6	0 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.7	22.4	2.8	0 / 6	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.6	20.8	9.8	3 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.8	33.3	1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.4	0.0	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.5	4 / 17	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	63	29	8	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.2	27.6	0 / 8	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.8	2.7	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	60		33		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7		30.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Fertility Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTION INSTITUTE, LLC
ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP
EVANSVILLE, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William L. Gentry, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	89	32	16	11	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.0	15.6	3.6	0 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	38.2	18.8	1 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.8	18.8	0 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(25.0–45.7)	(7.2–36.4)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.3	25.0	0 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.5	30.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.8	25.0	0 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	15.7	25.0	4 / 16	4 / 11	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.7	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.5	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.9	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.3	1 / 6			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	7	4	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.6	2 / 7	1 / 4		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.5		2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11		2 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC, Advanced Fertility Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY GROUP INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	10%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	43%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William L. Gentry, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	46	13	13	1	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.9	6 / 15	40.9	0 / 2	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	34.8	5 / 13	6 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	4 / 13	5 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(17.7–45.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.9	4 / 9	5 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.9	4 / 9	5 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.2	4 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	21.7	4 / 13	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.7	2.4	2.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 16	1 / 5	3 / 6		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 6		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 14	0 / 4	3 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	4	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 13	1 / 4	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.4		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COMMUNITY REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	39%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David E. Carnovale, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	20	8	7	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	58.3	2 / 9	5 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	75.0	2 / 8	3 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.0	2 / 8	2 / 7	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(45.7–88.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	14 / 19	2 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	14 / 19	2 / 5	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8 / 19	2 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.0	1 / 8	1 / 7	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.2	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 15	0 / 2	2 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 14	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		0		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}				2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred				1.7	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Community Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY BEGINNINGS, PC INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	70%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James G. Donahue, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	65	34	20	9	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	21.6	30.9	16.3	0.0	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	27.7	35.3	25.0	0 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.5	32.4	20.0	0 / 9	1 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(12.3–33.5)	(17.4–50.5)	(5.7–43.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.0	37.9	4 / 18	0 / 7	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.8	50.0	4 / 17	0 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.1	40.9	4 / 17	0 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	23.1	14.7	10.0	2 / 9	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.5	2.5	3.1	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 18	3 / 12	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 18	1 / 12	1 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 14	2 / 11	0 / 4		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0		2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		2		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Family Beginnings, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INDIANA UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	29%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	21%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Marguerite K. Shepard, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	3	6	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	5 / 11	1 / 2	2 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 6		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 8	1 / 1	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 4		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 9	2 / 3	2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 3	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 3	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	1	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.0	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Indiana University Hospital

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE OF INDIANA INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	100%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael A. Henry, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	53	10	4	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	63.3	16.7	7 / 9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.5	4 / 10	3 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.9	3 / 10	3 / 4		
(Confidence Interval)	(36.8–64.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.9	3 / 10	3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	73.0	3 / 10	3 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	48.6	3 / 10	3 / 4		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	22.6	0 / 10	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.3		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	48.4	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.5	0 / 4	2 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	14	5	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 14	3 / 5	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.6	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		4		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		3 / 4		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.3		2.5	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Care of Indiana

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S SPECIALTY HEALTH CENTERS, PC NOBLESVILLE, INDIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	3%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	59%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David S. McLaughlin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	12	3	3	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.0	4 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	8 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 8	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 7	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	0	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		1.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		0		1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}				1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred				2.0	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Specialty Health Centers, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MID-IOWA FERTILITY, PC CLIVE, IOWA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	1%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	<1%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Donald C. Young, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	217	55	30	12	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.7	39.5	30.6	3 / 19	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.8	40.0	26.7	2 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.7	34.5	13.3	2 / 12	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(43.8–57.5)	(22.2–48.6)	(3.8–30.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.1	43.2	19.0	2 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.9	47.5	4 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.9	37.5	3 / 19	2 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.7	20.0	30.0	2 / 12	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	43.7	36.4	2 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.8	0.0	1 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.2	4 / 19	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	60	16	10	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.7	5 / 16	5 / 10	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0		9 / 19		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF IOWA HOSPITALS AND CLINICS
CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE
IOWA CITY, IOWA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bradley J. Van Voorhis, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	205	52	44	19	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.1	40.0	27.7	13.3	2 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.2	50.0	40.9	6 / 19	3 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.3	44.2	36.4	5 / 19	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(40.3–54.4)	(30.5–58.7)	(22.4–52.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.6	46.0	42.1	5 / 16	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.4	50.0	44.4	5 / 16	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	46.9	43.5	38.9	4 / 16	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.3	3.8	13.6	3 / 19	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.6	2.3	2.8	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	14.0	7.7	4 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	3.8	1 / 18	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	15.5	13.0	2 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	90	22	15	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	27.3	6 / 15	0 / 5	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.3	1.5	2.0	1.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	13		34		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13		44.1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics, Center for Advanced Reproductive Care

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST REPRODUCTIVE CENTER, PA OLATHE, KANSAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dan L. Gehlbach, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	70	18	13	3	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.8	39.5	27.6	0 / 9	1 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.6	11 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 3	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	7 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 3	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(33.7–58.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.2	7 / 18	4 / 13	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	7 / 16	4 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.0	3 / 16	2 / 12	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.1	0 / 18	0 / 13	1 / 3	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	2.4	4.5	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	44.1	4 / 11	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.9	1 / 11	2 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	50.0	4 / 7	2 / 4		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	4	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0	2 / 4	2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.5	2.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 8		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Midwest Reproductive Center, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by S. Samuel Kim, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	30	10	15	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.9	5 / 15	8.8	1 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	30.0	4 / 10	2 / 15	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.0	2 / 10	1 / 15	1 / 5	
(Confidence Interval)	(14.7–49.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.0	2 / 8	1 / 11	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	2 / 7	1 / 11	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	2 / 7	1 / 11	1 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	16.7	2 / 10	4 / 15	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	3.1	2.4	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	2	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.5	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		4		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		2 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.5			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE RESOURCE CENTER OF GREATER KANSAS CITY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	8%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Celeste Brabec, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	171	66	34	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.5	25.6	17.5	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.6	27.3	14.7	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	21.2	11.8	0 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(32.9–48.1)	(12.1–33.0)	(3.3–27.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.1	26.4	16.0	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	29.2	20.0	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.0	20.8	15.0	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.5	19.7	26.5	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.1	6 / 18	0 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.6	0 / 18	1 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	34.8	4 / 14	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	42	23	2	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	39.1	1 / 2		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	37		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.8		9 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Resource Center of Greater Kansas City

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & INFERTILITY
SHAWNEE MISSION MEDICAL CENTER
SHAWNEE MISSION, KANSAS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	Male factor	30%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dan L. Stewart, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	58	35	12	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.9	5.9	0 / 15	2 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.9	5.7	0 / 12	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.0	5.7	0 / 12	1 / 5	
(Confidence Interval)	(19.5–44.5)	(0.7–19.2)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.6	9.5	0 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.1	2 / 15	0 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.6	2 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.3	40.0	6 / 12	3 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.5	3.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.9	0 / 2		1 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	9 / 18	0 / 2		1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	10	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 18	5 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.4	1.5	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2		3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility, Shawnee Mission Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WICHITA, KANSAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	Male factor	17%	17%	

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bruce L. Tjaden, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	62	22	24	6	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.1	45.2	36.4	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.4	59.1	45.8	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.7	54.5	41.7	1 / 6	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(26.6–51.9)	(32.2–75.6)	(22.1–63.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	57.1	50.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	12 / 19	10 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	6 / 19	6 / 19	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.2	4.5	16.7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.2	2.3	2.5	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	13.3	7 / 13	3 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	16.7	6 / 12	4 / 10	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	8	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.3	3 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.3	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BLUEGRASS FERTILITY CENTER LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	78%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	20%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James W. Akin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	95	19	10	9	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.5	33.3	20.0	1 / 19	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.2	10 / 19	4 / 10	2 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.9	8 / 19	4 / 10	1 / 9	1 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(28.1–48.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.1	8 / 15	4 / 9	1 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	8 / 15	4 / 9	1 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.0	5 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.2	4 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 9	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	3.3	2.1	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	19.5	3 / 10	2 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.4	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.0	3 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	21	2	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	19.0	0 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	1.5	1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		2 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	25%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	25%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	42%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	25%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kenneth N. Muse, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	6	0	0	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	1 / 7				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 6			0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	0 / 6			0 / 2	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 4				
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 6			2 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8				
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 1				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	1	2		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Kentucky

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINE ASSOCIATES
LOUISVILLE REPRODUCTIVE CENTER
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	88%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	3%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	47%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert J. Homm, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	39	18	11	6	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.5	25.7	17.4	1 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.2	5 / 18	2 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.0	5 / 18	1 / 11	1 / 6	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(25.6–57.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	5 / 18	1 / 9	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	5 / 16	1 / 8	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.0	3 / 16	1 / 8	1 / 6	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.1	0 / 18	2 / 11	0 / 6	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.9	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	8 / 18	1 / 5	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	18	8	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 19	3 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5		6 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Endocrine Associates, Louisville Reproductive Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OB/GYN ASSOCIATES FERTILITY CENTER LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Henry C. Bohler, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	89	25	17	7	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.9	22.2	27.9	3 / 19	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.1	32.0	8 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.7	28.0	7 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(40.8–62.4)	(12.1–49.4)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.1	7 / 19	7 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.7	7 / 18	7 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.4	5 / 18	4 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.9	24.0	3 / 17	0 / 7	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	3.1	3.2	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.7	1 / 8	4 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.0	1 / 8	0 / 8	1 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.1	2 / 7	3 / 7	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	32	17	2	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.6	5 / 17	1 / 2	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	1.5	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 16		3 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Women's HealthCare Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

A WOMAN'S CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	29%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bobby W. Webster, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	44	17	16	5	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	26.7	19.4	0 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.9	7 / 17	4 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.9	6 / 17	3 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(26.3–56.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	6 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.6	6 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.7	6 / 15	1 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.4	2 / 17	3 / 16	3 / 5	3 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.4	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 18	1 / 7	2 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 18	0 / 7	0 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 18	0 / 6	2 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0		4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: A Woman's Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER OF LOUISIANA LAFAYETTE, LOUISIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	26%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John Storment, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	65	23	14	6	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.4	21.6	12.5	0 / 16	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.8	30.4	3 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	26.1	1 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(30.8–56.0)	(10.2–48.4)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	6 / 16	1 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	6 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.9	5 / 15	1 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.2	30.4	1 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.5	1 / 7	1 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.3	1 / 6	0 / 1		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 12	2 / 4		1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.0		4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Women's Health Center of Louisiana

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW ORLEANS METAIRIE, LOUISIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard P. Dickey, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	166	50	62	26	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.9	35.1	22.2	10.0	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.0	40.0	30.6	19.2	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.2	34.0	24.2	15.4	0 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(40.4–56.1)	(21.2–48.8)	(14.2–36.7)	(4.4–34.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.4	39.5	31.3	18.2	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.9	42.5	33.3	4 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.3	25.0	22.2	4 / 18	0 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.4	14.0	22.6	15.4	3 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	46.2	45.0	4 / 19	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.3	10.0	2 / 19	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	51.3	7 / 17	5 / 15	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	39	14	14	4	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.7	5 / 14	3 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 14		3 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institute of New Orleans

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SHREVEPORT, LOUISIANA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David T. Vandermolen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	66	17	8	6	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.8	22.5	2 / 16	17.4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	6 / 17	2 / 8	3 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	6 / 17	1 / 8	3 / 6	
(Confidence Interval)	(36.0–61.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.1	6 / 15	1 / 7	3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.1	6 / 15	1 / 7	3 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.9	4 / 15	1 / 7	2 / 6	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.6	2 / 17	1 / 8	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.7	2.3	3.8	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	1 / 6	0 / 2	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.1	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.6	2 / 6	0 / 1	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	5	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ART AT UNION MEMORIAL HOSPITAL BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis					
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	1%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Nathan G. Berger, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	9	9	11	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.2	33.3	0 / 17	0 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	21.4	4 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	17.9	3 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 11	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(6.1–36.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	19.2	3 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0	3 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8.0	1 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.1	0 / 9	0 / 9	5 / 11	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.8	2.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 6	3 / 4			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6	0 / 4			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 5	2 / 3			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	4	3	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 3		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	2.0	1.7		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for ART at Union Memorial Hospital

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY RSC AT GBMC BALTIMORE, MARYLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	51%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	12%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eugene Katz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	233	106	106	40	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.1	34.8	21.8	11.2	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.9	42.5	34.0	25.0	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.5	40.6	27.4	12.5	0 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(44.9–58.1)	(31.1–50.5)	(19.1–36.9)	(4.2–26.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3	47.3	31.5	14.3	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	47.8	32.6	15.6	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	40.6	31.1	18.0	15.6	0 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.4	14.2	13.2	12.5	0 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.6	3.6	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	26.7	37.8	33.3	3 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.2	2.2	8.3	0 / 10	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.8	34.9	44.8	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	42	22	13	8	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.0	36.4	4 / 13	1 / 8	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.9	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility RSC at GBMC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ENDRIKA HINTON, MD LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	33%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	33%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Endrika L. Hinton, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	13	9	3	2	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.8	7 / 16	3 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 13	5 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 13	5 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 13	5 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 11	5 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 11	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 13	1 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.7	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 4	2 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2	2 / 5	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Endrika Hinton, MD

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JOHNS HOPKINS FERTILITY CENTER LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	38%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jairo E. Garcia, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	46	41	59	38	20
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.3	31.6	14.3	1.9	3.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.5	31.7	20.3	10.5	5.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.6	24.4	10.2	2.6	5.0
(Confidence Interval)	(19.5–48.0)	(12.4–40.3)	(3.8–20.8)	(0.1–13.8)	(0.1–24.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.5	30.3	11.8	3.6	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.5	38.5	15.8	4.8	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.3	30.8	13.2	4.8	1 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	17.4	19.5	13.6	26.3	15.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.5	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.0	3 / 13	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.0	1 / 13	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 15	2 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	7	9	0	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9	3 / 7	2 / 9		2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.6	2.1		2.7
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		4 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Johns Hopkins Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHADY GROVE FERTILITY REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	55%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	19%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael J. Levy, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	1453	863	884	379	166
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.3	34.3	22.2	12.2	4.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.0	43.5	35.4	23.5	12.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	36.2	25.1	16.1	5.4
(Confidence Interval)	(44.5–49.7)	(32.9–39.5)	(22.3–28.1)	(12.5–20.2)	(2.5–10.0)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.9	40.4	28.6	20.0	6.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	43.5	30.5	21.8	7.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.6	33.8	22.1	17.1	6.9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.6	10.4	12.3	19.5	21.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	22.7	22.7	25.6	22.5	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.2	0.0
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	24.4	22.1	27.5	21.3	1 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	320	192	149	50	11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.6	44.3	25.5	16.0	3 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	651		260		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.2		37.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF MARYLAND TOWSON, MARYLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	29%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	23%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Santiago L. Padilla, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	96	46	42	26	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.8	26.4	9.2	13.5	2 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.9	30.4	11.9	23.1	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.6	23.9	9.5	15.4	1 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(29.7–50.1)	(12.6–38.8)	(2.7–22.6)	(4.4–34.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.8	28.9	13.8	4 / 17	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.2	30.6	16.0	4 / 15	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.6	25.0	16.0	3 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.2	17.4	31.0	34.6	4 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.6	3.5	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.2	5 / 14	1 / 5	0 / 6	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 5	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.5	2 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 4	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	32	12	8	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.4	1 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11		3 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Maryland

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BRIGHAM AND WOMEN'S HOSPITAL CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGY BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	36%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	29%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Elizabeth S. Ginsburg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	439	329	380	180	40
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.0	28.4	16.6	11.3	5.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.4	41.9	31.3	31.1	15.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.3	35.3	23.9	18.3	5.0
(Confidence Interval)	(33.7–43.0)	(30.1–40.7)	(19.7–28.6)	(13.0–24.8)	(0.6–16.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.3	37.1	25.6	19.4	6.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.9	38.9	26.4	20.5	6.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.7	28.5	19.7	13.7	3.2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.5	4.9	6.3	5.6	17.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.7	4.4	4.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.6	29.0	27.7	26.8	2 / 6
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.1	4.3	1.7	7.1	0 / 6
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.2	26.7	25.3	33.3	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	104	69	51	20	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	31.9	31.4	20.0	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.5	3.4	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	58		59		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.3		37.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted Reproductive Technology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	25%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Thomas L. Toth, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	273	196	153	62	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.7	30.3	17.5	11.7	4.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.1	39.3	36.6	40.3	3 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.6	30.1	28.8	24.2	2 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(37.6–49.7)	(23.8–37.0)	(21.7–36.6)	(14.2–36.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	32.2	30.3	26.8	2 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.2	35.8	31.9	27.8	2 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.5	24.2	26.1	22.2	2 / 18
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.9	6.6	5.2	9.7	0 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.6	3.8	3.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.2	28.6	19.6	12.0	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.1	5.2	0.0	4.0	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.9	32.2	18.2	3 / 15	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	26	23	13	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	52.2	7 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	3.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.5		2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REI DIVISION AT TUFTS MEDICAL CENTER BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	35%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	36%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sandra A. Carson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	34	33	29	10	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.2	20.8	11.6	4.9	3 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	41.2	30.3	20.7	1 / 10	2 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	24.2	13.8	1 / 10	1 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(24.6–59.3)	(11.1–42.3)	(3.9–31.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	26.7	13.8	1 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	27.6	16.0	1 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.3	17.2	12.0	0 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.9	9.1	0.0	1 / 10	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.8	4.6	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 14	5 / 10	2 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 1	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	2	6	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.7		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: REI Division at Tufts Medical Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER LEXINGTON, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	40%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	17%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel C. Pang, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	945	508	546	242	38
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.9	26.6	16.7	8.5	5.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.8	34.8	27.5	18.6	13.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.7	29.9	19.0	10.7	5.3
(Confidence Interval)	(37.6–44.0)	(26.0–34.1)	(15.8–22.6)	(7.1–15.3)	(0.6–17.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.5	31.5	21.6	12.0	6.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.4	35.3	24.1	14.1	6.7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.4	28.1	20.6	10.8	6.7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.1	5.1	11.9	10.3	18.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.3	3.0	3.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	19.6	22.6	17.3	15.6	1 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.9	0.6	0.7	2.2	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.0	20.4	14.4	23.1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	150	85	72	18	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.0	22.4	18.1	3 / 18	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.4	1.6	2.4	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		81		39	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		56.8		30.8	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.5		1.3	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTERS OF NEW ENGLAND, INC.
NEW ENGLAND CLINICS OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, INC.
READING, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	45%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by R. Ian Hardy, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	331	151	171	71	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.8	29.9	18.1	10.4	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.3	32.5	25.1	22.5	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.2	25.8	15.8	11.3	0 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(34.9–45.7)	(19.1–33.6)	(10.7–22.1)	(5.0–21.0)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	29.3	17.6	12.3	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	33.6	20.1	13.8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.0	25.9	16.4	13.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.6	11.9	10.5	8.5	4 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.2	2.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	23.1	28.6	18.6	0 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.6	0.0	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	26.3	23.1	18.5	0 / 8	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	78	22	26	13	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.5	27.3	15.4	3 / 13	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	29		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	72.4		3 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Centers of New England, Inc., New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAYSTATE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	47%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	26%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kelly Lynch, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	178	85	59	43	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.1	36.7	19.3	9.8	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.2	45.9	39.0	30.2	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	40.0	27.1	16.3	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(37.0–52.0)	(29.5–51.2)	(16.4–40.3)	(6.8–30.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.2	44.7	28.1	17.1	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.0	44.7	30.8	19.4	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.7	35.5	26.9	16.7	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.9	10.6	3.4	4.7	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.7	3.7	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	24.7	25.6	17.4	2 / 13	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	2.6	4.3	1 / 13	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	24.1	20.6	2 / 16	1 / 7	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	49	25	10	6	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.8	32.0	2 / 10	1 / 6	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.7	2.2	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9		4 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Baystate Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CARDONE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY STONEHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	32%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	6%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vito R. Cardone, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	47	33	25	20	21
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.0	9.6	17.9	11.5	15.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	34.0	12.1	28.0	25.0	23.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.8	12.1	24.0	20.0	4.8
(Confidence Interval)	(17.3–44.9)	(3.4–28.2)	(9.4–45.1)	(5.7–43.7)	(0.1–23.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	13.3	27.3	20.0	5.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.9	15.4	6 / 17	4 / 17	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.6	11.5	5 / 17	3 / 17	1 / 12
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.1	9.1	12.0	0.0	4.8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.3	3.1	2.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 16	1 / 4	1 / 7	1 / 5	1 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 14	1 / 4	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	7	2	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	4 / 7	2 / 2		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	3.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	24		16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7		6 / 16		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BOSTON IVF WALTHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	38%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	36%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael M. Alper, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	908	536	572	311	126
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.8	19.8	13.7	8.2	3.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.3	28.0	22.4	20.9	10.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.3	22.9	16.6	14.8	5.6
(Confidence Interval)	(29.2–35.4)	(19.5–26.7)	(13.7–19.9)	(11.0–19.2)	(2.3–11.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.2	24.9	18.1	16.4	6.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.6	27.5	19.5	17.6	7.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.7	22.1	15.0	14.6	6.3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.9	7.8	8.0	10.0	12.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.6	3.4	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.0	20.7	22.7	20.0	2 / 13
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.2	3.3	8.6	1.5	0 / 13
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	27.6	19.5	23.2	17.4	1 / 7
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	192	112	89	31	8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.4	24.1	20.2	12.9	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	145		86		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9		31.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Boston IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	47%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Senait Fisseha, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	41	14	16	9	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.7	9 / 19	20.8	3 / 17	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.0	7 / 14	4 / 16	3 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.7	6 / 14	4 / 16	2 / 9	
(Confidence Interval)	(18.1–48.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.4	6 / 10	4 / 13	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.9	6 / 10	4 / 12	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.6	4 / 10	3 / 12	2 / 8	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	19.5	4 / 14	3 / 16	1 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.1	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	8 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	8	6	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.2	3 / 8	2 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, University of Michigan Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PC BIRMINGHAM, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	96%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	34%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael S. Mersol-Barg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	45	29	20	6	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	24.7	23.2	20.6	2 / 8	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.8	34.5	25.0	1 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.7	31.0	25.0	1 / 6	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(14.6–41.9)	(15.3–50.8)	(8.7–49.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.7	31.0	25.0	1 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	31.0	5 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.4	24.1	3 / 18	0 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	1 / 6	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.6	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 17	3 / 10	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 17	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 12	2 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	7	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 12	2 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11		6 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, PC BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	8%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	17	15	7	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.6	31.0	23.5	25.0	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.4	8 / 17	4 / 15	4 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	7 / 17	3 / 15	2 / 7	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(25.7–70.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 18	7 / 14	3 / 14	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 17	7 / 13	3 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 17	6 / 13	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.3	3 / 17	1 / 15	0 / 7	4 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.6	2.9	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 11	2 / 8	2 / 4	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 11	0 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 10	1 / 7	2 / 3	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	2	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	2.0	1.5	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GAGO IVF BRIGHTON, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	29%
		Used PGD	13%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Laura A. Gago, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	32	14	11	4	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.9	34.5	2 / 17	1 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.8	9 / 14	2 / 11	2 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	7 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(21.1–56.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	7 / 13	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	7 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.7	6 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.4	1 / 14	3 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.4	3.5	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	6	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 16	3 / 6			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7			1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 9		0 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Gago IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN COMPREHENSIVE FERTILITY CENTER DEARBORN, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	40%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David M. Magyar, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	57	26	13	8	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.2	33.3	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	26.3	50.0	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	21.1	42.3	0 / 13	0 / 8	0 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(11.4–33.9)	(23.4–63.1)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.7	47.8	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.9	47.8	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.6	26.1	0 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	21.1	11.5	3 / 13	4 / 8	4 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.9	2.9	4.7	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 15	2 / 13			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 15	3 / 13			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 12	5 / 11			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	29	7	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6.9	1 / 7	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.6	4.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 11		1 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GRAND RAPIDS FERTILITY & IVF, PC GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	37%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Douglas C. Daly, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	35	13	4	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.3	4 / 18	1 / 5	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	31.4	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(14.6–46.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.3	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	3 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	16.0	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.4	4 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.6	1.7	3.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	1 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		21		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3		14.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Grand Rapids Fertility & IVF, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN REPRODUCTIVE & IVF CENTER, PC GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	38%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	37%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William G. Dodds, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	308	79	78	20	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.1	22.7	11.4	8.6	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.9	34.2	15.4	15.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.0	27.8	14.1	5.0	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(31.6–42.7)	(18.3–39.1)	(7.3–23.8)	(0.1–24.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.9	31.4	18.3	1 / 14	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.8	32.8	20.8	1 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.6	25.4	15.1	1 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.7	11.4	23.1	30.0	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	2.8	2.7	4.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.1	25.9	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.5	7.4	0 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.5	22.7	3 / 11	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	152	50	36	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.8	26.0	30.6	2 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.5	3.0	3.7	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		65		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5		24.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF MICHIGAN ROCHESTER HILLS, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	<1%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mostafa I. Abuzeid, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	347	140	163	48	22
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	29.8	21.0	10.8	8.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.9	47.1	33.1	16.7	18.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.1	42.1	28.2	10.4	9.1
(Confidence Interval)	(36.8–47.5)	(33.9–50.8)	(21.5–35.8)	(3.5–22.7)	(1.1–29.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.5	44.7	33.3	11.9	10.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.4	48.0	36.8	13.5	2 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	35.0	29.6	5.4	1 / 14
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.5	5.7	15.3	12.5	9.1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.5	2.5	3.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.8	22.7	16.7	3 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.9	6.1	3.7	0 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.7	27.1	19.6	3 / 5	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	106	42	31	7	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.2	47.6	22.6	1 / 7	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.7
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	63		34		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.6		32.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Michigan

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WAYNE STATE UNIVERSITY PHYSICIAN GROUP SOUTHFIELD, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	98%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Elizabeth E. Puscheck, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	17	13	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.3	26.5	15.4	3 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.1	9 / 17	5 / 13	2 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	6 / 17	4 / 13	2 / 5	
(Confidence Interval)	(21.8–66.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	6 / 16	4 / 13	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	6 / 16	4 / 13	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.0	3 / 16	3 / 13	2 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.1	3.0	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 12	4 / 9	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 9	3 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	7	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 9	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.3	3.1	4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Wayne State University Physician Group

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HENRY FORD REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE TROY, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	30%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	8%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	30%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kenneth Ginsburg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	6	5	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	11.4	0 / 9	1 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	19.0	0 / 6	1 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	19.0	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(5.4–41.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 18	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	4 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.3	3 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.0	2.7	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 4		0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	1	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 18	0 / 1	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF MICHIGAN TROY, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Brad T. Miller, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	119	40	54	14	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.5	26.0	20.7	3.8	6.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.6	45.0	35.2	2 / 14	2 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.4	27.5	25.9	0 / 14	1 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(36.2–54.8)	(14.6–43.9)	(15.0–39.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.0	30.6	29.8	0 / 10	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.1	33.3	32.6	0 / 9	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.3	30.3	25.6	0 / 9	1 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.4	10.0	13.0	4 / 14	2 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	2.7	2.9	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.0	1 / 18	4 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.5	1 / 18	1 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.4	1 / 11	3 / 14		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	21	11	10	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.1	3 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	24		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.2		2 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MICHIGAN CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND WOMEN'S HEALTH, PLC WARREN, MICHIGAN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	92%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Carole L. Kowalczyk, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	37	13	17	5	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.5	30.3	22.6	5 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.4	7 / 13	6 / 17	3 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	7 / 13	5 / 17	3 / 5	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(27.1–60.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	7 / 13	5 / 13	3 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	7 / 13	5 / 13	3 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.4	5 / 13	5 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 13	4 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.4	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 19	3 / 7	1 / 6	2 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 5	2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	5	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	2 / 5	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.4		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 11		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Michigan Center for Fertility and Women's Health, PLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE MIDWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA MAPLE GROVE, MINNESOTA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	31%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	36%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Randle S. Corfman, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	90	20	26	8	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	51.6	31.3	25.0	1 / 16	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	60.0	45.0	34.6	2 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.6	35.0	23.1	0 / 8	
(Confidence Interval)	(44.7–66.0)	(15.4–59.2)	(9.0–43.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.5	7 / 16	27.3	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.5	7 / 16	30.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.5	6 / 16	25.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.7	20.0	15.4	0 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.6	2 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0 / 9	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	1 / 7	1 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	34	7	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	3 / 7	2 / 11	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	1.7	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	80.0		5 / 17		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES
MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	58%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bruce F. Campbell, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	330	147	126	44	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	53.3	45.5	25.1	14.5	3 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	64.2	55.1	38.1	20.5	2 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.7	46.3	30.2	11.4	2 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(51.1–62.1)	(38.0–54.7)	(22.3–39.0)	(3.8–24.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.5	51.1	33.9	13.9	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	63.4	55.7	35.2	15.2	2 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	41.0	40.2	30.6	9.1	2 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.4	9.5	11.1	18.2	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.5	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.4	30.9	18.8	3 / 9	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.9	0.0	2.1	0 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.3	27.9	13.2	2 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	51	31	14	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	32.3	6 / 14	3 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.5	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	82		27		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	69.5		51.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine, Advanced Reproductive Technologies

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER MINNEAPOLIS, MINNESOTA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	29%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William R. Phipps, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	171	62	59	19	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.3	26.5	20.5	15.2	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.6	35.5	37.3	4 / 19	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.1	25.8	27.1	3 / 19	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(41.4–56.9)	(15.5–38.5)	(16.4–40.3)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.5	28.1	30.2	3 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.8	30.2	31.4	3 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.5	24.5	25.5	2 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.7	8.1	10.2	6 / 19	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.5	2.8	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.6	27.3	18.2	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	4.5	1 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.6	3 / 16	3 / 16	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	5	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 17	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	2.0	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		7		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		6 / 7		1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.5	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MAYO CLINIC ASSISTED REPRODUCTIVE TECHNOLOGIES ROCHESTER, MINNESOTA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Charles C. Coddington, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	92	32	24	12	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.1	13.8	10.8	13.2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	38.0	21.9	16.7	5 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.9	18.8	16.7	4 / 12	
(Confidence Interval)	(26.1–46.5)	(7.2–36.4)	(4.7–37.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.3	24.0	20.0	4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.7	25.0	20.0	4 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.4	20.8	10.0	4 / 11	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.7	21.9	16.7	1 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	3.3	3.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	31.4	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.3	1 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	66	17	9	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.9	3 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.5	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		32		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		21.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Mayo Clinic Assisted Reproductive Technologies

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & INFERTILITY ASSOCIATES WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	41%
		With eSET	13%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jacques P. Stassart, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	194	55	64	14	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.7	31.3	17.9	7.1	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.0	40.0	34.4	4 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.3	34.5	28.1	2 / 14	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(37.2–51.6)	(22.2–48.6)	(17.6–40.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	36.5	31.6	2 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	41.3	31.6	2 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.0	28.3	22.8	2 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.5	5.5	10.9	0 / 14	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.7	3.2	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.3	36.4	22.7	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.0	4.5	4.5	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.7	6 / 19	5 / 18	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	78	33	17	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.2	36.4	5 / 17	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.6	1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		55		25	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		34.5		36.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.8		1.5	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MISSISSIPPI FERTILITY INSTITUTE JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John D. Isaacs, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	74	19	12	7	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.4	14.3	17.9	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	32.4	2 / 19	5 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.4	1 / 19	3 / 12	0 / 7	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(18.5–40.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.3	1 / 16	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.6	1 / 15	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.1	0 / 15	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.2	3 / 19	0 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	2.3	2.4	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.0	2 / 2	0 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.2	0 / 2	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	23.8	1 / 1	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	7	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 17	1 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.8	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 5		4 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Mississippi Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI MEDICAL CENTER JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	11%	Female factors only	25%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Randall S. Hines, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	11	9	4	1	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.2	18.2	1 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	4 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	4 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 9	4 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 11	0 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.8	3.3	4.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	3.0	1.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		3.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY CENTER OF ST. LOUIS
SHERMAN J. SILBER, MD
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sherman J. Silber, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	79	32	16	6	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.8	20.0	27.9	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.3	31.3	7 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.2	28.1	6 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(28.4–50.9)	(13.7–46.7)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.3	29.0	6 / 15	1 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.5	31.0	6 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.7	24.1	3 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.5	3.1	1 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	3.1	2.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.0	1 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.9	1 / 10	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.9	2 / 9	3 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	106	35	29	11	10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.0	22.9	20.7	1 / 11	3 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.1	3.1
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		27		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 18		37.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility Center of St. Louis, Sherman J. Silber, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MID-MISSOURI REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY, INC. COLUMBIA, MISSOURI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	56%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Steven A. Brody, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	49	4	14	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	48.9	3 / 7	20.7	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.1	2 / 4	5 / 14	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.1	2 / 4	3 / 14	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(40.2–69.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0	2 / 4	3 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.4	2 / 4	3 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.1	1 / 4	2 / 13	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.2	0 / 4	1 / 14	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.2	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	46.4	1 / 2	1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.6	0 / 2	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.4	1 / 2	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	14	9	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 14	3 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 7		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**MISSOURI CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND FERTILITY
UNIVERSITY OF MISSOURI
COLUMBIA, MISSOURI**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	35%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mira Aubuchon, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	15	3	2	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 14	0 / 1	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 2		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 14	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.0	2.0		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 1		0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility, University of Missouri

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MIDWEST WOMEN'S HEALTHCARE SPECIALISTS KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	33%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gregory C. Starks, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	39	27	14	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.2	41.2	4 / 18	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.8	37.0	5 / 14	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.7	33.3	4 / 14	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(32.4–65.2)	(16.5–54.0)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.4	9 / 18	4 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.4	9 / 17	4 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.5	4 / 17	4 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	17.9	33.3	3 / 14	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	5 / 10	0 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 19	5 / 9	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	3	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY PARTNERSHIP SAINT PETERS, MISSOURI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	91%	Ovulatory dysfunction	28%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David E. Simckes, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	14	8	4	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.2	3 / 17	4 / 16	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.4	3 / 14	4 / 8	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.7	3 / 14	3 / 8	1 / 4	
(Confidence Interval)	(18.6–55.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.0	3 / 13	3 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	3 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.2	3 / 10	3 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.6	1 / 14	1 / 8	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.3	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Partnership

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER AT MISSOURI BAPTIST MEDICAL CENTER ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	80%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	54%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Anthony C. Pearlstone, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	45	20	11	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	51.3	41.9	4 / 14	1 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.3	35.0	3 / 11	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.9	30.0	3 / 11	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(33.7–64.2)	(11.9–54.3)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0	6 / 16	3 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0	6 / 15	3 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.5	2 / 15	2 / 6	1 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.1	20.0	4 / 11	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	54.2	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.2	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	50.0	4 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	2	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center at Missouri Baptist Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE INFERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER AT WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE AND BARNES-JEWISH HOSPITAL ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	4%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	61%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Randall R. Odem, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	198	100	48	23	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.8	25.8	17.3	6.9	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.0	43.0	29.2	17.4	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.9	35.0	27.1	13.0	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(36.9–51.2)	(25.7–45.2)	(15.3–41.8)	(2.8–33.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.7	39.8	33.3	15.0	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.8	41.7	34.2	3 / 18	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	28.6	26.3	3 / 18	1 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.6	12.0	18.8	13.0	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.2	23.3	5 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	7.0	0 / 14	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.6	31.4	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	14	11	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	8 / 14	3 / 11	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	25		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0		3 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Infertility and Reproductive Medicine Center at Washington University School of Medicine and Barnes-Jewish Hospital

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HEARTLAND CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC OMAHA, NEBRASKA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	50%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Victoria M. Maclin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	74	33	23	14	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.6	22.9	27.6	1 / 13	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.6	24.2	30.4	2 / 14	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	15.2	21.7	0 / 14	1 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(34.3–57.9)	(5.1–31.9)	(7.5–43.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.2	17.9	22.7	0 / 11	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	5 / 18	5 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.7	4 / 18	5 / 14	0 / 9	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.7	15.2	4.3	3 / 14	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.1	1.4	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.1	1 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.8	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.4	1 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	3	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 19	0 / 3	2 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	2.0	1.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 18		1 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEBRASKA METHODIST HOSPITAL REI OMAHA, NEBRASKA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Carolyn M. Doherty, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	148	56	25	7	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.3	25.5	9.3	3.6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.3	39.3	24.0	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.9	32.1	16.0	1 / 7	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(35.8–52.3)	(20.3–46.0)	(4.5–36.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.1	41.9	4 / 18	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	41.9	4 / 18	1 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.6	32.6	4 / 18	1 / 6	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.7	23.2	28.0	1 / 7	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	3.0	4.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.0	13.6	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.7	9.1	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.8	4 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	54	13	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	24.1	3 / 13	2 / 8	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4		2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Nebraska Methodist Hospital REI

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF LAS VEGAS LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bruce S. Shapiro, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	132	50	65	23	10
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.0	18.6	37.3	20.8	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.9	22.0	32.3	21.7	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.9	18.0	21.5	13.0	0 / 10
(Confidence Interval)	(29.6–46.7)	(8.6–31.4)	(12.3–33.5)	(2.8–33.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.7	18.8	24.1	15.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.9	25.7	35.9	3 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.8	20.0	28.2	3 / 14	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.5	4.0	10.8	13.0	1 / 10
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.8	2 / 11	23.8	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.2	0 / 11	0.0	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.0	2 / 9	3 / 14	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	147	53	39	13	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	70.1	47.2	53.8	5 / 13	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	27		24		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	81.5		75.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Las Vegas

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEVADA FERTILITY C.A.R.E.S. LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	40%	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	3%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Rachel A. McConnell, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	71	33	35	10	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.3	21.6	14.5	0 / 9	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.1	27.3	22.9	0 / 10	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.3	27.3	17.1	0 / 10	1 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(30.6–54.6)	(13.3–45.5)	(6.6–33.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.8	30.0	19.4	0 / 8	1 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.7	37.5	23.1	0 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.2	33.3	23.1	0 / 6	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.6	9.1	11.4	2 / 10	1 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.1	1.5	2.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.5	0 / 9	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.1	1 / 9	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.0	1 / 9	0 / 6		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9	1 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 6		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Nevada Fertility C.A.R.E.S.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

RED ROCK FERTILITY CENTER LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	24%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	1%
		With eSET	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eva D. Littman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	25	42	4	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.2	16.0	12.0	1 / 11	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.6	40.0	26.2	1 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	36.0	23.8	0 / 4	1 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(32.0–63.6)	(18.0–57.5)	(12.1–39.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	36.0	23.8	0 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	36.0	25.6	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	24.0	23.1	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	2.8	3.7	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.0	3 / 10	2 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	3 / 9	1 / 10		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	9	9	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 17	2 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11		5 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Red Rock Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEVADA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RENO, NEVADA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	61%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	37%
		Used PGD	11%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Russell A. Foulk, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	63	19	35	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.3	28.9	19.2	0 / 6	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.2	11 / 19	25.7	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.7	10 / 19	20.0	0 / 4	1 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(27.6–52.8)		(8.4–36.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	10 / 19	21.2	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	10 / 18	24.1	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.8	9 / 18	13.8	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.8	0 / 19	5.7	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.7	2.0	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	22.6	2 / 11	1 / 9		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.5	0 / 11	3 / 9		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.0	1 / 10	3 / 7		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	14	11	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.0	5 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	1.9	3.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	30		60		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0		33.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DARTMOUTH-HITCHCOCK MEDICAL CENTER LEBANON, NEW HAMPSHIRE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	44%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	24%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	6%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Misty B. Porter, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	61	40	39	15	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.0	27.3	15.7	4.2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.5	37.5	33.3	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	27.5	25.6	1 / 15	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(33.1–59.2)	(14.6–43.9)	(13.0–42.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.9	30.6	29.4	1 / 9	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.9	31.4	32.3	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	17.1	29.0	1 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.8	10.0	12.8	6 / 15	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.7	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.9	6 / 15	1 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.3	5 / 11	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	2	6	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 18	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5		1 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-NEW JERSEY BEDMINSTER, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	14%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	31%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	16%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	6%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Albert J. Peters, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	67	62	46	21	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.4	18.0	29.4	4.0	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.2	33.9	32.6	4.8	1 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.8	24.2	28.3	4.8	0 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(32.6–57.4)	(14.2–36.7)	(16.0–43.5)	(0.1–23.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	25.9	31.7	1 / 17	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	28.8	40.6	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.7	26.9	31.3	1 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.0	6.5	10.9	19.0	3 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.0	9.5	1 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	8.6	0.0	2 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	1 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	12	9	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 12	0 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.6	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	13	5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 13	3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-New Jersey

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE & FERTILITY EDISON, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gregory H. Corsan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	143	27	37	14	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.1	20.0	16.7	2.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.2	40.7	29.7	2 / 14	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.3	29.6	16.2	0 / 14	0 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(26.5–42.7)	(13.8–50.2)	(6.2–32.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.3	33.3	18.2	0 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.9	36.4	20.7	0 / 10	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.2	22.7	10.3	0 / 10	0 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.8	11.1	10.8	3 / 14	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.7	2 / 11	4 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.6	1 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 8	3 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	37	9	7	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	16.2	4 / 9	1 / 7		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.3		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 11		2 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S FERTILITY CENTER ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	43%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Philip R. Lesorgen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	19	8	12	6	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.2	0 / 13	4 / 14	0 / 6	1 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 19	1 / 8	2 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 19	0 / 8	2 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 19	0 / 8	2 / 11	0 / 6	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 15	0 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 15	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 3	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 19	0 / 8	1 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.9	2.3	2.0	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 3		1 / 2		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dr. Philip Lesorgen, Women's Fertility Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH HUDSON I.V.F.
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY
ENGLEWOOD CLIFFS, NEW JERSEY**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	39%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jane E. Miller, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	3	4	3	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	7 / 13	4 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	4 / 7	2 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	2 / 2	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 4	2 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 4	2 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 3	1 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 14		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: North Hudson I.V.F., Center for Fertility and Gynecology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DOUGLAS S. RABIN, MD
FAIR LAWN, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Unknown factor	23%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	3%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	23%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Douglas S. Rabin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	12	6	11	3	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 18	2 / 10	8.7	2 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 12	1 / 6	2 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 6	2 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 6	2 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 5	2 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 12	0 / 5	2 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.0	2.6	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	5	6	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 6		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	3.0		4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Douglas S. Rabin, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE ASSOCIATES, PC HASBROUCK HEIGHTS, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	47%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	33%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Peter G. McGovern, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	111	61	55	20	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.4	28.5	16.9	8.2	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.2	39.3	36.4	20.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.0	36.1	34.5	5.0	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(27.1–45.7)	(24.2–49.4)	(22.2–48.6)	(0.1–24.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.0	39.3	36.5	1 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.0	41.5	38.0	1 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.9	28.3	32.0	1 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	8.2	5.5	10.0	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.7	2.9	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.0	37.5	20.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.2	4.2	0.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.0	31.8	3 / 19	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	10	4	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	2 / 10	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.9	2.3	1.5	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11		0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Associates, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHORE INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	22%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	28%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	26%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Allen Morgan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	49	18	18	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.2	27.9	27.8	1 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.9	8 / 18	8 / 18	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	7 / 18	6 / 18	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(19.9–47.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.1	7 / 16	6 / 14	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	7 / 16	6 / 12	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	5 / 16	5 / 12	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.3	2 / 18	4 / 18	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	3.0	5.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	13.0	2 / 8	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	21.7	1 / 8	0 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 16	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	3.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	4	2		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	1.5			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE VALLEY OBGYN AND INFERTILITY GROUP
PRINCETON IVF
LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	29%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Seth G. Derman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	52	26	23	17	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.4	31.6	15.4	15.2	2 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	50.0	26.1	4 / 17	1 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	34.6	21.7	4 / 17	1 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(27.0–54.9)	(17.2–55.7)	(7.5–43.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	34.6	22.7	4 / 17	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	37.5	23.8	4 / 15	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.6	20.8	14.3	4 / 15	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.0	4.3	0 / 17	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	3.1	3.1	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.5	5 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.7	0 / 13	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	52.4	4 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 4	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	2	2	1	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 9	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	3.0	1.0	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	8		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Valley OBGYN and Infertility Group, Princeton IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PRINCETON CENTER FOR INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE			
Type of ART ^a		Patient Diagnosis	
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor 12%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI 42%	Other factor 0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated 0%	Ovulatory dysfunction 10%
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier 0%	Diminished ovarian reserve 22%
		Used PGD 0%	Endometriosis 0%
		With eSET 4%	Uterine factor 0%
		Male factor 12%	Female factors only 2%
			Female & male factors 24%

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES		Data verified by Althea M. O'Shaughnessy, MD				
Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	13	12	6	2	3	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.4	11 / 19	2 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	6 / 13	6 / 12	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 13	6 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)						
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 12	6 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 11	6 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 13	4 / 12	0 / 6	1 / 2	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.7	3.2	1.0	3.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 6	5 / 6	0 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 6	4 / 6				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of transfers	4	1	3	0	0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.0	3.0			
All Ages Combined^e						
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos			
Number of transfers	3		0			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3					
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE					
Current Name: Princeton Center for Infertility & Reproductive Medicine					
Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST COAST INFERTILITY AND IVF LITTLE SILVER, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Miguel Damien, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	46	38	44	24	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.7	20.5	13.2	11.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.5	34.2	25.0	20.8	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.8	31.6	22.7	20.8	0 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(21.4–50.2)	(17.5–48.7)	(11.5–37.8)	(7.1–42.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	33.3	23.8	21.7	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.0	38.7	27.0	25.0	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.0	25.8	21.6	25.0	0 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.5	5.3	4.5	4.2	0 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	3.1	2.7	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.0	4 / 13	3 / 11	1 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.0	0 / 13	1 / 11	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 16	4 / 12	2 / 10	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	7	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	3 / 7	2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.6		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	14		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 14		5 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: East Coast Infertility and IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SCIENCE
SAINT BARNABAS MEDICAL CENTER
LIVINGSTON, NEW JERSEY**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	36%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	13%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Margaret G. Garrisi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	224	132	171	92	34
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.8	26.4	17.8	9.6	2.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.2	39.4	28.7	16.3	5.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.8	32.6	25.1	8.7	5.9
(Confidence Interval)	(28.6–41.5)	(24.7–41.3)	(18.8–32.3)	(3.8–16.4)	(0.7–19.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.8	36.4	28.9	11.8	7.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.1	41.0	31.4	14.3	9.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.7	29.5	23.4	10.7	9.5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.3	10.6	12.9	26.1	20.6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.4	23.1	20.4	3 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.0	3.8	8.2	1 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.5	27.9	25.6	2 / 8	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	37	15	17	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	8 / 15	9 / 17	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	2.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	47		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.8		8 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science, Saint Barnabas Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COOPER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HORMONAL DISORDERS MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	39%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	33%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jerome H. Check, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	210	118	179	157	99
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.1	27.9	15.9	8.8	7.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	31.9	25.4	16.8	7.0	7.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.5	16.1	10.6	5.1	2.0
(Confidence Interval)	(23.4–36.2)	(10.0–24.0)	(6.5–16.1)	(2.2–9.8)	(0.2–7.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.7	22.1	15.2	7.5	3.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.3	29.7	19.4	12.3	5.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.7	21.9	16.3	10.8	2.6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.4	27.1	30.2	32.5	33.3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.8	16.7	16.7	0 / 11	2 / 7
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	6.7	3.3	1 / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.7	5 / 19	3 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	90	41	19	16	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.1	39.0	2 / 19	4 / 16	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.3	3.3	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	68		91		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.7		31.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive Hormonal Disorders

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DELAWARE VALLEY INSTITUTE OF FERTILITY AND GENETICS MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	65%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	79%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George S. Taliadouros, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	62	50	34	5	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.8	26.0	27.0	0 / 10	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	42.0	38.2	1 / 5	2 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.7	36.0	29.4	0 / 5	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(26.6–51.9)	(22.9–50.8)	(15.1–47.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	39.1	32.3	0 / 4	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	40.0	35.7	0 / 4	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.8	31.1	25.0	0 / 4	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.2	8.0	8.8	1 / 5	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.6	2.5	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.2	23.8	5 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	4.8	1 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.5	4 / 18	3 / 10		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	3	0	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	1 / 3		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	2.3		1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTH JERSEY FERTILITY CENTER MARLTON, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert A. Skaf, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	181	83	57	34	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.8	18.5	10.3	5.2	4.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.2	25.3	21.1	17.6	2 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.4	22.9	17.5	8.8	1 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(28.4–42.8)	(14.4–33.4)	(8.7–29.9)	(1.9–23.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.0	26.8	18.9	11.1	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.0	29.2	19.6	11.5	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.4	20.0	17.6	11.5	1 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.4	14.5	7.0	20.6	1 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.7	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.2	38.1	3 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.8	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.7	6 / 19	1 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	41	29	11	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.3	27.6	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	22		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5		8 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: South Jersey Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DIAMOND INSTITUTE FOR INFERTILITY MILLBURN, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	70%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	45%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	2%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Arie Birkenfeld, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	85	53	55	39	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.6	14.9	7.9	9.2	3.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.4	26.4	18.2	30.8	2 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.3	18.9	12.7	12.8	1 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(25.2–46.4)	(9.4–32.0)	(5.3–24.5)	(4.3–27.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.6	23.3	14.9	15.6	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	23.3	15.6	16.7	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.8	18.6	13.3	16.7	1 / 12
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.5	18.9	14.5	17.9	1 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.5	3.3	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.1	2 / 14	2 / 10	1 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.8	0 / 14	0 / 10	0 / 12	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	36.7	2 / 10	1 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	53	24	13	7	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.4	50.0	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.8	1.9	5.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 18		3 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Diamond Institute for Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW JERSEY MORRISTOWN, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	16%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael R. Drews, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	545	264	241	118	73
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.4	39.9	26.9	14.3	4.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	68.3	56.8	46.5	32.2	20.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.9	50.4	35.7	21.2	6.8
(Confidence Interval)	(56.7–65.0)	(44.2–56.6)	(29.6–42.1)	(14.2–29.7)	(2.3–15.3)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.9	50.6	37.7	23.6	7.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.4	53.2	40.8	26.6	8.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	40.2	36.4	29.4	23.4	8.9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0.4	5.4	10.2	13.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.5	35.3	26.8	10.5	0 / 15
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.6	0.0	4.5	2.6	0 / 15
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.6	31.6	27.9	12.0	0 / 5
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	190	144	110	29	9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.6	58.3	40.9	31.0	5 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	112		133		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.8		55.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VALLEY HOSPITAL FERTILITY CENTER PARAMUS, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ali Nasser, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	92	51	64	48	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.6	35.6	18.3	11.8	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.5	47.1	29.7	18.8	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	43.1	20.3	8.3	0 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(36.3–57.4)	(29.3–57.8)	(11.3–32.2)	(2.3–20.0)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.3	46.8	22.8	9.8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.2	46.8	24.1	10.0	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.9	36.2	16.7	10.0	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.3	7.8	10.9	14.6	4 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.8	25.0	6 / 19	2 / 9	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	4.2	0 / 19	0 / 9	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	27.9	22.7	4 / 13	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	13	7	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	2 / 13	1 / 7	1 / 4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.0	2.3	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 11		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Valley Hospital Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF NEW JERSEY SOMERSET, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	34%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael C. Darder, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	250	113	108	32	15
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.6	31.6	22.9	9.8	7.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.0	47.8	41.7	34.4	3 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.0	38.1	33.3	15.6	2 / 15
(Confidence Interval)	(37.8–50.4)	(29.1–47.7)	(24.6–43.1)	(5.3–32.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4	41.0	36.4	17.9	2 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.3	45.3	37.5	17.9	2 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.9	28.4	28.1	14.3	2 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.2	7.1	8.3	12.5	1 / 15
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	2.6	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.9	27.8	28.9	1 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.6	7.4	4.4	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.3	37.2	25.0	1 / 5	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	22	13	4	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	6 / 13	2 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.1	1.8	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	99		36		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	67.7		50.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF New Jersey

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE CENTER OF NEW JERSEY TINTON FALLS, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	45%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William Ziegler, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	101	45	40	11	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.4	31.3	12.0	14.7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.5	51.1	25.0	4 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.6	33.3	15.0	3 / 11	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(32.8–52.8)	(20.0–49.0)	(5.7–29.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.9	35.7	17.6	3 / 11	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.3	36.6	21.4	3 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.8	26.8	17.9	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.0	6.7	15.0	0 / 11	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.4	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.5	26.1	2 / 10	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	8.3	4.3	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.5	4 / 15	1 / 6	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	5	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.0	2 / 5	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.4	4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0		3 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DR. LOUIS R. MANARA VOORHEES, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	39%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Louis R. Manara, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	47	28	25	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.3	23.9	20.0	2 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.2	25.0	20.0	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	17.9	20.0	0 / 4	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(20.9–49.3)	(6.1–36.9)	(6.8–40.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.0	20.8	25.0	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	22.7	5 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.5	4.5	3 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.8	14.3	20.0	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.9	3.0	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 17	4 / 7	3 / 5	1 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 17	0 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 16	4 / 5	2 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	4	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.5	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 10		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dr. Louis R. Manara

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTH JERSEY FERTILITY ASSOCIATES, LLC WAYNE, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	17%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark X. Ransom, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	46	20	16	17	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.4	20.5	17.9	0.0	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.5	30.0	6 / 16	1 / 17	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.1	25.0	4 / 16	0 / 17	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(25.1–54.6)	(8.7–49.1)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.9	25.0	4 / 14	0 / 17	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	5 / 19	4 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.1	3 / 19	4 / 12	0 / 13	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.5	0.0	2 / 16	0 / 17	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.1	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.0	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	9 / 18	2 / 5	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		5		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		2 / 5			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: North Jersey Fertility Associates, LLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF NEW JERSEY AND NEW YORK WESTWOOD, NEW JERSEY

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	38%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	44%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Daniel Navot, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	87	28	31	27	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	18.0	22.1	8.6	2.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	29.9	35.7	19.4	3.7	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.3	35.7	9.7	3.7	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(16.6–35.7)	(18.6–55.9)	(2.0–25.8)	(0.1–19.0)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.9	37.0	10.0	4.5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.8	41.7	10.7	1 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.5	29.2	7.1	1 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.3	3.6	3.2	18.5	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.8	2.9	2.8	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.8	3 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	27.3	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	8	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.8	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.3	2.6	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	19		17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 19		4 / 17		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE OF NEW MEXICO ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	57%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Douglas J. Thompson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	78	32	31	10	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	60.6	40.7	22.1	2.9	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	69.2	56.3	38.7	3 / 10	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	66.7	43.8	22.6	1 / 10	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(55.1–76.9)	(26.4–62.3)	(9.6–41.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	73.2	48.3	24.1	1 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	75.4	50.0	25.0	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.1	28.6	3.6	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.0	9.4	6.5	1 / 10	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	3.1	3.8	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	51.9	7 / 18	5 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	48.1	6 / 14	6 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	21	13	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 13	3 / 8	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		25		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	85.0		32.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine of New Mexico

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ALBANY IVF FERTILITY ALBANY, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Peter M. Horvath, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	75	36	33	8	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.9	33.8	11.6	0 / 18	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.3	38.9	24.2	0 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	36.1	18.2	0 / 8	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(35.1–58.6)	(20.8–53.8)	(7.0–35.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	41.9	23.1	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.4	44.8	26.1	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.3	17.2	21.7	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.7	13.9	21.2	3 / 8	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.0	3.6	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.5	8 / 14	1 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.5	1 / 14	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.4	8 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	2	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.5	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 10		1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Albany IVF Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY INSTITUTE AT NEW YORK METHODIST HOSPITAL BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	42%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George D. Kofinas, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	48	40	49	46	29
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.3	19.1	13.2	1.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.6	27.5	20.4	2.2	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.1	27.5	16.3	0.0	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(15.3–41.8)	(14.6–43.9)	(7.3–29.7)	(0.0–7.7)	(0.0–11.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.2	30.6	23.5	0.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.0	30.6	25.8	0.0	0 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	19.0	16.7	16.1	0.0	0 / 18
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.4	10.0	30.6	26.1	31.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.1	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 19	5 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 13	5 / 11	3 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	22	12	3	2	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	5 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.6	3.0	2.5	4.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		28		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6		28.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Institute at New York Methodist Hospital

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GENESIS FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard V. Grazi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	169	64	73	34	20
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.2	20.8	18.1	9.0	17.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.1	29.7	28.8	14.7	15.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	17.2	20.5	8.8	15.0
(Confidence Interval)	(35.6–51.0)	(8.9–28.7)	(12.0–31.6)	(1.9–23.7)	(3.2–37.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.3	20.8	26.8	13.0	3 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.7	23.4	30.0	13.6	3 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.4	12.8	16.0	9.1	2 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.4	17.2	23.3	32.4	50.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	2.9	3.5	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	43.4	7 / 19	28.6	2 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.8	0 / 19	4.8	0 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.4	5 / 11	7 / 15	1 / 3	1 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	44	16	9	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11.4	4 / 16	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.7	2.8	2.7	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	25		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.0		5 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY & IVF MEDICAL ASSOCIATES OF WESTERN NEW YORK BUFFALO, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	30%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael W. Sullivan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	129	55	44	18	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.4	14.0	11.3	8.5	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.5	25.5	15.9	3 / 18	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	20.0	11.4	3 / 18	1 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(28.1–45.4)	(10.4–33.0)	(3.8–24.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	22.0	15.6	3 / 16	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	22.4	18.5	3 / 15	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.1	14.3	14.8	3 / 15	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.6	9.1	27.3	2 / 18	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.5	2.6	3.1	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	51.0	3 / 14	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	1 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	51.1	4 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	11	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.6	3 / 11	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.3		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5		1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of Western New York

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HUDSON VALLEY FERTILITY, PLLC FISHKILL, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	21%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Daniel W. Levine, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	50	28	32	16	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	21.1	16.7	14.9	4.0	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	26.0	21.4	15.6	1 / 16	1 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	18.0	21.4	9.4	0 / 16	1 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(8.6–31.4)	(8.3–41.0)	(2.0–25.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	18.4	21.4	10.7	0 / 15	1 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.5	28.6	3 / 18	0 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	10.0	14.3	3 / 18	0 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.0	0.0	12.5	1 / 16	7 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 13	3 / 6	2 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 9	3 / 6	0 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	6	8	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9	2 / 6	2 / 8	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.8	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEW YORK FERTILITY CENTER FLUSHING, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	12%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Tony Tsai, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	53	31	41	22	21
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	11.7	11.3	4.9	6.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	24.5	22.6	14.6	13.6	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	15.1	19.4	4.9	9.1	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(6.7–27.6)	(7.5–37.5)	(0.6–16.5)	(1.1–29.2)	(0.0–16.1)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	16.0	22.2	6.3	9.5	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	17.8	27.3	6.7	2 / 14	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8.9	27.3	3.3	2 / 14	0 / 15
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.7	12.9	22.0	4.5	19.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.8	2.7	2.4	2.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 8	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	4	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 13	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6	3.0	3.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred			3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The New York Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MONTEFIORE'S INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND HEALTH HARTSDALE, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	65%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Harry J. Lieman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	57	23	44	15	20
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.0	29.1	20.7	7.1	2.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.8	47.8	27.3	3 / 15	10.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.8	39.1	18.2	1 / 15	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(18.4–43.4)	(19.7–61.5)	(8.2–32.7)		(0.0–16.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	40.9	22.2	1 / 11	0 / 15
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.4	40.9	25.0	1 / 10	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.9	31.8	18.8	0 / 10	0 / 14
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.8	4.3	18.2	4 / 15	25.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.1	1 / 11	5 / 12	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	2 / 11	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 17	2 / 9	2 / 8	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	5	7	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 16	3 / 5	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.3	2.0	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 10		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH SHORE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL
CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION
MANHASSET, NEW YORK**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Avner Hershlag, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	181	96	87	55	19
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.3	20.2	14.2	6.8	2.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	41.4	34.4	29.9	12.7	1 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.1	27.1	21.8	7.3	0 / 19
(Confidence Interval)	(31.0–45.6)	(18.5–37.1)	(13.7–32.0)	(2.0–17.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	29.2	24.4	8.7	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.6	31.3	25.3	9.3	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.5	24.1	16.0	7.0	0 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.5	7.3	10.3	16.4	5 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	3.1	3.4	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	15.2	26.9	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.0	9.1	7.7	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.7	23.1	7 / 19	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	94	42	49	5	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.8	31.0	26.5	1 / 5	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.5	2.7	3.6	2.4
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	36		28		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0		35.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: North Shore University Hospital, Center for Human Reproduction

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LONG ISLAND IVF MELVILLE, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Daniel Kenigsberg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	99	85	108	41	23
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.0	25.4	15.9	12.0	1.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.5	41.2	33.3	24.4	8.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	32.9	20.4	14.6	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(38.3–58.7)	(23.1–44.0)	(13.2–29.2)	(5.6–29.2)	(0.0–14.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	33.7	21.2	16.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.5	35.4	23.4	20.0	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.9	29.1	20.2	16.7	0.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.0	2.4	3.7	12.2	8.7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.5	3.1	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.6	20.0	16.7	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	2.9	0.0	1 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.0	17.9	13.6	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	52	39	38	7	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.5	33.3	18.4	1 / 7	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.2	3.0	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	48		45		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.5		37.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Long Island IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALISTS OF NEW YORK MINEOLA, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gabriel A. San Roman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	287	178	241	164	74
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.3	18.8	12.7	9.1	1.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.4	29.2	24.5	17.1	10.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.8	19.7	15.8	9.8	2.7
(Confidence Interval)	(28.3–39.6)	(14.1–26.3)	(11.4–21.0)	(5.7–15.4)	(0.3–9.4)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.0	21.2	16.5	11.0	3.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.2	21.9	17.8	12.2	3.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.9	17.5	15.5	9.9	3.6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.5	7.3	4.6	11.0	16.2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	17.2	15.4	15.3	7.1	0 / 8
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.7	5.8	1.7	7.1	0 / 8
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	17.5	20.0	13.2	3 / 16	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	110	55	45	7	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.5	21.8	22.2	3 / 7	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9		7 / 16		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialists of New York

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTCHESTER REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MT. KISCO, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	34%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Rachel A. Bennett, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	14	8	5	7	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.0	3 / 19	2 / 11	1 / 16	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	7 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 14	2 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 7	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 12	2 / 8	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 14	0 / 8	1 / 5	1 / 7	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	3.7	2.7	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 7	1 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Westchester Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY SERVICES NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Hugh D. Melnick, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	81	59	80	51	34
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	24.0	17.7	8.6	2.1	4.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	30.9	25.4	18.8	3.9	8.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.5	22.0	12.5	2.0	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(14.8–34.2)	(12.3–34.7)	(6.2–21.8)	(0.0–10.4)	(0.0–10.3)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.4	25.5	13.7	2.3	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.8	27.7	16.1	2.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	12.1	17.0	14.5	2.6	0.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.1	13.6	8.8	13.7	11.8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	3.0	3.4	2.6	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.0	5 / 15	4 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	20.0	2 / 15	0 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	11 / 19	5 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	15	4	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	3 / 15	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.7	2.5	4.3	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		27		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	15.0		7.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Services

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AMERICAN FERTILITY SERVICES, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	28%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	4%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	2%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Andrew Loucopoulos, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	101	63	78	67	30
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.0	14.0	14.9	8.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	34.7	22.2	15.4	13.4	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.7	14.3	11.5	7.5	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(19.3–37.5)	(6.7–25.4)	(5.4–20.8)	(2.5–16.6)	(0.0–11.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	16.1	13.8	9.6	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.6	20.5	20.9	11.4	0 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.9	15.9	18.6	11.4	0 / 16
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.9	11.1	16.7	22.4	33.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.2	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.6	2 / 14	2 / 12	0 / 9	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.7	0 / 14	0 / 12	0 / 9	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.7	2 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	28	12	5	1	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	1 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.6	1.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 17		1 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BATZOFIN FERTILITY SERVICES NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	22%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	28%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	9%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	8%	Female & male factors	4%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joel H. Batzofin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	13	36	14	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.6	32.0	4.8	2 / 18	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	28.6	5 / 13	8.3	2 / 14	1 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	2 / 13	5.6	1 / 14	0 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(10.7–44.9)		(0.7–18.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.9	2 / 12	5.9	1 / 13	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.2	2 / 11	7.4	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.8	2 / 11	7.4	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.6	1 / 13	5.6	1 / 14	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.3	1.8	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 8	2 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	2	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	4.0	2.0	1.7	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	32		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0		0 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Batzofin Fertility Services

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BETH ISRAEL CENTER FOR INFERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	77%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	44%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Peter Chang, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	55	15	24	10	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	16.0	15.2	13.7	6.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	18.2	4 / 15	33.3	2 / 10	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	16.4	4 / 15	29.2	2 / 10	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(7.8–28.8)		(12.6–51.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.0	4 / 14	33.3	2 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.7	4 / 13	7 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	17.1	3 / 13	5 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	18.2	1 / 15	12.5	2 / 10	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	3.8	4.1	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 10	1 / 4	3 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 9	1 / 4	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	20	3	7	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	1 / 3	3 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	3.7	4.7	4.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		3.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Beth Israel Center for Infertility & Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**BROOKLYN/WESTSIDE FERTILITY CENTER
BROOKLYN FERTILITY CENTER
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	27%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	65%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dov B. Goldstein, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	1	2	1	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	4 / 14	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 3		0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 3		0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	2	1	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	2.5	2.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Brooklyn/Westside Fertility Center, Brooklyn Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR WOMEN'S REPRODUCTIVE CARE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael M. Guarnaccia, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	423	283	351	216	151
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.5	25.6	16.2	6.0	1.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.9	37.1	23.6	13.9	3.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.6	28.3	16.8	7.4	2.6
(Confidence Interval)	(32.0–41.4)	(23.1–33.9)	(13.0–21.1)	(4.3–11.8)	(0.7–6.6)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	31.7	20.3	9.3	4.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.3	37.6	24.5	11.9	5.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.5	25.8	17.4	11.1	5.5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.6	11.0	17.1	20.4	33.8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.5	3.1	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.5	25.7	25.3	6.7	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.5	2.9	2.4	3.3	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	34.8	31.3	28.8	1 / 16	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	58	39	27	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	56.4	22.2	4 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	116		39		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.9		25.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Columbia University Center for Women's Reproductive Care

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CONTINUUM REPRODUCTIVE CENTER
OF ST. LUKE'S-ROOSEVELT HOSPITAL
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	43%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Martin Keltz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	119	75	92	45	24
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.3	25.5	15.7	4.2	1.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	59.7	48.0	38.0	22.2	16.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.7	24.0	14.1	4.4	0.0
(Confidence Interval)	(29.9–48.0)	(14.9–35.3)	(7.7–23.0)	(0.5–15.1)	(0.0–14.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	24.0	14.9	4.7	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.4	25.7	16.5	5.4	0.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.0	17.1	13.9	5.4	0.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.4	0.0	5.4	4.4	0.0
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	3.0	3.2	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	19.7	16.7	17.1	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	8.3	2.9	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	13.0	6 / 18	2 / 13	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17	11	7	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 17	3 / 11	1 / 7	1 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		19		6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		10 / 19		0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		3.0	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Continuum Reproductive Center of St. Luke's-Roosevelt Hospital

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF NEW YORK NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	30%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	20%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	40%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Satwant K. Dhamoon, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	3	0	1	0	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	0 / 5				0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	0 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2				0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 2				0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 3		0 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5				1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b					
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b					
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}					
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0	0.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF New York

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MANHATTAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	98%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	68%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	1%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Hanna Jesionowska, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	29	12	6	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.4	12.5	1 / 17	1 / 5	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.3	3 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(17.9–54.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	2 / 12	1 / 6	1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	2 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	17.2	1 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 1	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.2	3.4	5.0	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	1	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	0 / 1			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	2.0			3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 16		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.8		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Manhattan Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**MEDICAL OFFICES FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION
CENTER FOR HUMAN REPRODUCTION (CHR)
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	26%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	9%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Norbert Gleicher, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	64	48	70	57	44
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	24.1	16.1	14.4	6.7	3.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	29.7	20.8	21.4	10.5	4.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.1	18.8	14.3	5.3	2.3
(Confidence Interval)	(17.6–40.8)	(8.9–32.6)	(7.1–24.7)	(1.1–14.6)	(0.1–12.0)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.1	19.1	15.2	5.7	2.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	23.7	20.0	7.9	4.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.5	13.2	18.0	2.6	4.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2.1	5.7	7.0	6.8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.4	2.7	2.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 19	5 / 10	3 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 15	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 18	4 / 9	1 / 10	2 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	7	11	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 15	2 / 7	2 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.1	2.7	3.0	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	39		25		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.6		24.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Medical Offices for Human Reproduction, Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

METROPOLITAN REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	26%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Susan Lobel, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	4	2	2	1	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	3 / 10	4 / 6	0 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	3.0	3.0	5.0	6.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW HOPE FERTILITY CENTER NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	95%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	40%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	Multiple Factors:	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	53%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John J. Zhang, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	119	75	91	51	54
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.4	38.5	20.4	15.6	6.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.1	45.3	22.0	19.6	7.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.0	34.7	18.7	5.9	3.7
(Confidence Interval)	(28.3–46.3)	(24.0–46.5)	(11.3–28.2)	(1.2–16.2)	(0.5–12.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.6	35.1	18.7	6.0	3.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.6	35.1	18.7	6.1	3.8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.2	32.4	17.6	6.1	3.8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.7	1.3	0.0	2.0	3.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.1
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	8.9	11.8	10.0	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	9.1	7.7	1 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	253	151	165	90	117
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.3	33.1	24.8	11.1	7.7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		53		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8		64.2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4		1.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: New Hope Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NEW YORK FERTILITY INSTITUTE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	98%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Unknown factor	39%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	17%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	52%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	1%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Majid Fateh, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	27	14	13	5	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	12.2	9.2	17.1	1 / 17	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.1	6 / 14	6 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	6 / 14	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(25.5–64.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	6 / 14	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	6 / 14	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	44.4	6 / 14	3 / 12	0 / 5	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 14	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	4.3	4.6	3.4	3.4	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 13	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 13	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	0	1	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3		0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		2.0	2.0	5.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 8		8 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	3.6		3.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: New York Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NYU FERTILITY CENTER
NEW YORK UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	18%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	26%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	11%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James A. Grifo, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	196	203	286	153	155
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.7	31.1	25.0	12.6	3.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.6	46.8	35.0	28.1	11.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.9	36.0	27.6	15.7	5.2
(Confidence Interval)	(36.8–51.1)	(29.4–43.0)	(22.5–33.2)	(10.3–22.4)	(2.3–9.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.8	39.0	33.2	18.0	6.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.4	41.0	35.9	19.2	7.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.9	36.0	28.2	16.0	7.0
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.2	7.9	16.8	13.1	18.1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.9	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.0	20.0	22.0	20.9	2 / 18
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	2.1	1.0	2.3	0 / 18
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.5	12.3	21.5	16.7	0 / 8
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	63	41	46	5	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.5	31.7	28.3	1 / 5	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.8	2.4
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	116		33		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	66.4		30.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: NYU Fertility Center, New York University School of Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OFFICES FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	6%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	22%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	65%
		With eSET	12%	Male factor	2%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Cecilia Schmidt-Sarosi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	17	7	19	7	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	56.0	2 / 10	21.1	1 / 14	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	9 / 17	2 / 7	6 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 17	2 / 7	5 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 15	2 / 7	5 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 14	2 / 6	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 14	2 / 6	4 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 9	0 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	11	3	4	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11	2 / 3	1 / 4	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	2.5	3.5	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 16		1 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF NEW YORK, LLP

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	55%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	25%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lawrence Grunfeld, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	503	297	391	207	101
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.6	28.7	17.1	11.3	5.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.7	47.5	33.5	27.1	15.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.9	41.4	26.1	18.4	8.9
(Confidence Interval)	(43.5–52.4)	(35.8–47.2)	(21.8–30.7)	(13.3–24.3)	(4.2–16.2)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.8	45.6	29.7	21.3	12.0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.3	48.2	31.6	22.9	13.2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.3	34.5	23.8	15.1	11.8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.8	9.1	12.0	14.0	25.7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.9	3.6	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.2	29.1	15.3	19.6	1 / 16
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.6	2.1	6.9	5.4	0 / 16
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.2	28.5	24.5	34.2	1 / 9
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	91	46	31	9	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.0	32.6	25.8	2 / 9	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.9	2.6	2.6	3.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	152		62		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.7		22.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of New York, LLP

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEOFFREY SHER, MD, PC NEW YORK, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	54%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	11%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	2%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Drew V. Tortoriello, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	81	53	58	54	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.0	25.0	19.0	12.0	10.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.9	30.2	27.6	13.0	4 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	28.3	17.2	11.1	3 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(32.2–54.7)	(16.8–42.3)	(8.6–29.4)	(4.2–22.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	31.9	19.6	15.8	3 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.7	34.9	27.8	22.2	3 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.4	23.3	27.8	18.5	3 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.4	11.3	12.1	29.6	6 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.8	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.1	5 / 16	1 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	1 / 16	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	5 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 6	0 / 3
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	13	8	2	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.5	4 / 13	3 / 8	0 / 2	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.0	2.5	2.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	26		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.7		4 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Geoffrey Sher, MD, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WEILL MEDICAL COLLEGE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY
THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

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2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	65%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Zev Rosenwaks, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	706	519	676	437	257
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.5	23.2	14.0	8.7	3.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.9	38.9	29.7	20.6	10.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.5	31.2	23.7	11.9	4.3
(Confidence Interval)	(36.9–44.2)	(27.2–35.4)	(20.5–27.1)	(9.0–15.3)	(2.2–7.5)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.3	34.0	28.1	14.3	5.9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3	35.5	29.8	15.0	6.5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.6	23.0	24.2	12.4	6.5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.5	8.3	15.7	16.9	27.2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	3.0	3.3	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.4	31.2	19.4	11.1	11.1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	5.4	2.0	6.7	0.0
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.8	35.2	18.8	17.3	0 / 11
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	120	74	58	21	13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.3	39.2	22.4	14.3	0 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	164		84		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.7		26.2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Weill Medical College of Cornell University, The Center for Reproductive Medicine and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST COAST FERTILITY PLAINVIEW, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	52%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	17%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David Kreiner, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	203	92	104	62	32
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.9	23.6	15.6	12.2	4.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.2	38.0	28.8	24.2	12.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.3	28.3	25.0	17.7	6.3
(Confidence Interval)	(40.3–54.4)	(19.4–38.6)	(17.0–34.4)	(9.2–29.5)	(0.8–20.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.0	30.6	28.3	20.4	7.1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.8	32.5	28.9	22.4	8.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	41.3	28.8	24.4	22.4	8.3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.4	7.6	11.5	12.9	12.5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.2	2.4	2.3	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	22.2	17.1	13.3	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	18.8	11.5	15.4	0 / 11	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	79	31	19	10	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.0	25.8	6 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	47		29		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4		20.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: East Coast Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ROCHESTER FERTILITY CARE, PC ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Rosalind A. Hayes, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	24	18	15	3	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.4	34.5	25.0	0 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.5	5 / 18	5 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	5 / 18	4 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(18.8–59.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.1	5 / 14	4 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 19	5 / 11	4 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	7 / 19	2 / 11	4 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.2	4 / 18	5 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.5	1.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 9	2 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 5		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 9	3 / 5	0 / 4		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	7	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13	2 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.7	2.0	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 14		6 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Rochester Fertility Care, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

STRONG FERTILITY CENTER ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John T. Queenan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	92	32	21	12	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.9	28.2	13.6	6.1	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.7	43.8	33.3	2 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	37.5	33.3	0 / 12	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(21.3–40.9)	(21.1–56.3)	(14.6–57.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.7	41.4	7 / 18	0 / 11	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.1	44.4	7 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.8	22.2	7 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.8	9.4	14.3	1 / 12	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	3.3	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	19.4	6 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.5	0 / 14	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.4	6 / 12	0 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	30	16	10	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	6 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	1.7	2.3	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	25		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0		5 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Strong Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ISLAND REPRODUCTIVE SERVICES STATEN ISLAND, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	54%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eric S. Knochenhauer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	44	31	42	20	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	57.7	23.3	18.8	0.0	5.3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.3	32.3	26.2	0.0	4 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	29.0	19.0	0.0	1 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(30.4–61.2)	(14.2–48.0)	(8.6–34.1)	(0.0–16.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.5	33.3	22.2	0 / 16	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.1	36.0	22.9	0 / 16	1 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.3	16.0	22.9	0 / 16	1 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.3	12.9	14.3	20.0	1 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.4	2.4	3.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	56.5	5 / 10	3 / 11		0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	8.7	0 / 10	1 / 11		0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	55.0	5 / 9	0 / 8		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	34	12	10	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.9	5 / 12	4 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.0	2.5	3.2	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		12		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7		0 / 12		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Island Reproductive Services

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**GOLD COAST IVF
REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER
SYOSSET, NEW YORK**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	99%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	35%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Steven F. Palter, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	31	19	11	10	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.7	30.0	21.1	13.9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.6	10 / 19	5 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.4	9 / 19	4 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(30.2–66.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	9 / 19	4 / 11	3 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.6	9 / 17	4 / 10	3 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	7 / 17	3 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.2	0 / 19	0 / 11	0 / 10	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	3.8	4.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 16	3 / 10	1 / 5	2 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 16	0 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 4	2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	3	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.0	2.3	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 6		3 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Gold Coast IVF, Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CNY FERTILITY CENTER SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert J. Kiltz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	652	319	341	168	83
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.9	14.3	10.2	4.4	2.2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.2	26.0	17.6	10.1	6.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.4	18.8	14.1	5.4	4.8
(Confidence Interval)	(26.9–34.1)	(14.7–23.5)	(10.6–18.2)	(2.5–9.9)	(1.3–11.9)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.4	21.3	15.6	6.3	5.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.6	22.8	18.1	6.9	6.6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.9	15.2	14.3	6.2	6.6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.1	11.6	9.7	14.3	13.3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.8	2.8	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	26.3	20.5	26.7	2 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	7.6	6.0	3.3	1 / 17	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.8	33.3	20.8	1 / 9	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	148	62	53	16	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	16.2	17.7	15.1	1 / 16	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.4	2.2	3.1
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	157		55		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.8		16.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: CNY Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SUNY UPSTATE MEDICAL UNIVERSITY SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	25%	Unknown factor	50%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Shawky Badawy, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	6	2	0	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	5 / 17				
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 6	0 / 2			
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 6	0 / 2			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6	0 / 1			
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6				
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 6				
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 6	1 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8				
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 3				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 3				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: SUNY Upstate Medical University

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WESTCHESTER FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	40%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael B. Blotner, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	17	17	9	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	55.6	51.6	13.6	1 / 10	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.4	11 / 17	3 / 17	1 / 9	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	9 / 17	2 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(21.8–66.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 18	9 / 17	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 14	9 / 16	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8 / 14	3 / 16	2 / 10	1 / 5	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.3	0 / 17	4 / 17	2 / 9	7 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.0	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 11	6 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 9	6 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	5	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	2 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	1.8	1.5	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Westchester Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH CAROLINA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
THE TALBERT FERTILITY INSTITUTE
CARY, NORTH CAROLINA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	2%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	48%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sameh K. Toma, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	86	48	32	7	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	19.5	17.1	9.0	4.5	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	31.4	29.2	18.8	1 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.7	29.2	18.8	1 / 7	1 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(17.8–37.4)	(17.0–44.1)	(7.2–36.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.3	32.6	22.2	1 / 7	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.3	33.3	23.1	1 / 6	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.4	21.4	19.2	1 / 6	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.6	10.4	15.6	0 / 7	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.8	3.4	3.7	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.9	4 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	11.1	1 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.1	5 / 14	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	21	16	4	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	4 / 16	0 / 4	1 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	71		31		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	63.4		25.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		2.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine, The Talbert Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA A.R.T. CLINIC CHAPEL HILL, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	60%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	26%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jennifer E. Mersereau, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	54	23	26	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.0	27.5	14.1	0 / 16	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	38.9	52.2	34.6	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.2	43.5	19.2	0 / 5	
(Confidence Interval)	(22.7–49.4)	(23.2–65.5)	(6.6–39.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	43.5	20.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.8	43.5	20.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	14.3	30.4	16.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.6	0.0	3.8	1 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.8	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.9	3 / 12	2 / 9		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	14.3	0 / 12	0 / 9		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	12 / 19	3 / 10	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	16	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 18	4 / 16	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11		0 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		1.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of North Carolina A.R.T. Clinic

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jack L. Crain, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	245	123	93	64	22
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.4	36.3	24.4	8.7	8.1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.0	39.8	31.2	15.6	13.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.4	31.7	28.0	9.4	4.5
(Confidence Interval)	(32.2–44.8)	(23.6–40.7)	(19.1–38.2)	(3.5–19.3)	(0.1–22.8)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.9	35.8	32.1	13.6	1 / 18
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	45.3	38.2	15.8	1 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.3	36.0	19.1	15.8	1 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.1	11.4	12.9	31.3	18.2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.6	2.7	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	46.6	28.6	51.7	0 / 10	1 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.9	0.0	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.7	20.5	50.0	0 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	103	53	35	12	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.4	41.5	45.7	3 / 12	3 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.2	3.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	40		21		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.0		47.6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Assisted Reproduction

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PROGRAM FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION, CAROLINAS MEDICAL CENTER CMC WOMEN'S INSTITUTE CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bradley S. Hurst, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	82	36	23	10	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.9	27.1	15.9	11.5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.1	38.9	34.8	3 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	30.6	17.4	3 / 10	
(Confidence Interval)	(36.4–58.9)	(16.3–48.1)	(5.0–38.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	33.3	18.2	3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	35.5	18.2	3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.0	29.0	13.6	3 / 9	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.4	8.3	4.3	1 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.9	2.9	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.7	2 / 14	2 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.2	0 / 14	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	48.7	2 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	23	16	7	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	8 / 16	2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.9	2.3		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 11		3 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Program for Assisted Reproduction, Carolinas Medical Center, CMC Women's Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DUKE FERTILITY CENTER
DUKE UNIVERSITY MEDICAL CENTER
DURHAM, NORTH CAROLINA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	62%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David K. Walmer, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	94	49	48	9	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.9	28.6	21.4	4 / 15	0 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.4	40.8	37.5	4 / 9	2 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.8	34.7	25.0	3 / 9	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(36.4–57.4)	(21.7–49.6)	(13.6–39.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	39.5	29.3	3 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.7	39.5	31.6	3 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.9	25.6	26.3	2 / 6	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.4	12.2	14.6	3 / 9	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.6	2.5	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.6	30.0	4 / 18	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0.0	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.6	6 / 17	2 / 12	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	36	32	13	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.6	25.0	4 / 13	2 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.3	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	19		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 19		4 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Duke Fertility Center, Duke University Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST CAROLINA UNIVERSITY GREENVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Larisa Gavrilova-Jordan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	57	7	13	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.4	3 / 18	13.0	4 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.4	3 / 7	3 / 13	2 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.4	2 / 7	3 / 13	2 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(34.0–61.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.1	2 / 7	3 / 10	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	2 / 7	3 / 9	2 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	1 / 7	3 / 9	1 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.5	0 / 7	3 / 13	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.6	2.6	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.9	1 / 3	0 / 3	2 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	1 / 2	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3	3 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.3			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9		2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: East Carolina University

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**PREMIER FERTILITY CENTER
HIGH POINT REGIONAL HEALTH SYSTEM
HIGH POINT, NORTH CAROLINA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	70%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey L. Deaton, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	37	15	14	8	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.0	31.8	25.9	0 / 19	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.9	5 / 15	8 / 14	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	5 / 15	4 / 14	0 / 8	
(Confidence Interval)	(29.5–63.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.6	5 / 12	4 / 13	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.7	5 / 12	4 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.0	3 / 12	3 / 12	0 / 7	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.4	3 / 15	1 / 14	1 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	10 / 17	2 / 5	1 / 8		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 8		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	11 / 17	2 / 5	1 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	5	1	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	4 / 5	0 / 1	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.6	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2		3 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Premier Fertility Center, High Point Regional Health System

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CONCEPTS HUNTERSVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark L. Jutras, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	24	15	13	5	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.5	10 / 19	5 / 18	0 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	9 / 15	4 / 13	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.8	8 / 15	3 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(25.6–67.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.8	8 / 13	3 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	8 / 12	3 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	42.9	7 / 12	3 / 9	0 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2 / 15	2 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.6	2.0	2.6	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 12	1 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 12	0 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	3	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6	2 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.7	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 3		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Concepts

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CAROLINA CONCEPTIONS, PA RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	88%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William R. Meyer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	203	91	70	18	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.4	27.7	21.6	12.1	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.7	39.6	35.7	6 / 18	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.3	36.3	27.1	5 / 18	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(40.3–54.4)	(26.4–47.0)	(17.2–39.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.3	42.3	33.9	5 / 16	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.6	43.4	35.2	5 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.5	32.9	27.8	4 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.9	14.3	20.0	2 / 18	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.8	3.9	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	33.3	13.9	24.0	1 / 6	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	11.1	4.0	0 / 6	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.3	24.2	4 / 19	1 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	51	14	11	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	6 / 14	5 / 11	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	3.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	30		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3		4 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Carolina Conceptions, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WAKE FOREST UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	80%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Tamer M. Yalcinkaya, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	73	36	32	10	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.1	35.0	25.9	9.8	2 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.2	50.0	59.4	4 / 10	2 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.7	38.9	40.6	3 / 10	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(38.7–62.6)	(23.1–56.5)	(23.7–59.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.1	46.7	41.9	3 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.1	50.0	41.9	3 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.2	39.3	29.0	3 / 9	1 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.7	16.7	3.1	1 / 10	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.7	4.6	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	31.7	6 / 18	5 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.4	0 / 18	0 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.4	3 / 14	4 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	30	13	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	6 / 13	2 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9		2 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Wake Forest University Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MERCARE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE FARGO, NORTH DAKOTA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	78%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	5%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Steffen P. Christensen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	58	19	11	8	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.2	15.4	4 / 8	0 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	27.6	6 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.6	5 / 19	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(16.7–40.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.8	5 / 16	1 / 6	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.8	5 / 15	1 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.7	5 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.3	3 / 19	5 / 11	4 / 8	2 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	4.0	3.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 16	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 6	1 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 16	0 / 5	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	29	11	8	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.0	2 / 11	5 / 8	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.3	2.8	1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	8		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 8		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY UNLIMITED, INC.
NORTHEASTERN OHIO FERTILITY CENTER
AKRON, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	27%
		Used PGD	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Nicholas J. Spirtos, DO

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	10	3	7	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.6	0 / 7	15.0	1 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	8 / 10	0 / 3	3 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 7	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 7	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.3	2.9	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 8		0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 8		0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 6		0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	13		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 13		2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.9		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE GYNECOLOGY AKRON, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard W. Moretuzzo, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	159	58	41	18	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.4	26.7	12.7	2.7	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.0	43.1	26.8	1 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	29.3	19.5	0 / 18	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(26.6–41.9)	(18.1–42.7)	(8.8–34.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.5	31.5	20.5	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.3	34.0	20.5	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.2	22.0	15.4	0 / 13	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.4	6.9	4.9	3 / 18	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.0	24.0	3 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.8	8.0	0 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.5	6 / 17	2 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	41	13	5	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.8	7 / 13	2 / 5	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.0		6 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Gynecology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BETHESDA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH & FERTILITY CINCINNATI, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	27%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Glen E. Hofmann, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	82	34	32	9	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	11.8	24.6	9.5	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.7	17.6	31.3	2 / 9	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.8	14.7	21.9	1 / 9	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(27.3–49.2)	(5.0–31.1)	(9.3–40.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.1	17.9	29.2	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.6	17.9	29.2	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.0	10.7	8.3	1 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.2	17.6	25.0	1 / 9	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.4	3.0	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.7	2 / 6	5 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.2	2 / 5	5 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	35	16	7	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	6 / 16	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.7	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	31		25		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	77.4		40.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Bethesda Center for Reproductive Health & Fertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	51%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	<1%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	32%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Steven R. Lindheim, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	47	30	22	6	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.3	7.4	11.4	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.2	13.3	13.6	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	13.3	9.1	0 / 6	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(20.9–49.3)	(3.8–30.7)	(1.1–29.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.0	15.4	2 / 18	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.6	16.7	2 / 14	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.4	16.7	1 / 14	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	13.3	18.2	2 / 6	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.5	3.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 17	0 / 4	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 16	0 / 4	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	31	9	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	19.4	2 / 9	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	25		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0		6 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH CINCINNATI, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sherif G. Awadalla, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	421	135	84	20	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.8	20.6	17.5	10.4	2 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	40.9	39.3	34.5	20.0	2 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.5	31.9	26.2	10.0	1 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(33.8–43.3)	(24.1–40.4)	(17.2–36.9)	(1.2–31.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.6	34.1	30.1	2 / 17	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.0	35.2	30.6	2 / 14	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.5	23.0	20.8	1 / 14	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.6	6.7	13.1	15.0	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.9	24.5	27.6	1 / 4	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.5	3.8	3.4	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.3	34.9	31.8	1 / 2	1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	109	26	13	6	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.3	26.9	4 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.7	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	42		39		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.5		33.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLEVELAND CLINIC FERTILITY CENTER CLEVELAND, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	26%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Cynthia Austin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	311	167	144	69	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.0	32.5	20.7	6.6	2.6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.6	34.7	26.4	10.1	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.4	31.7	21.5	7.2	1 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(37.8–49.1)	(24.8–39.4)	(15.1–29.1)	(2.4–16.1)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.3	44.9	30.7	10.2	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.3	46.1	32.6	10.6	1 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.6	34.8	25.3	8.5	1 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	17.0	29.3	29.9	29.0	7 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.9	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.7	17.2	26.3	2 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.7	8.6	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.1	24.5	22.6	1 / 5	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	107	73	54	22	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.2	31.5	27.8	31.8	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.7	1.2
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	25		31		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.0		38.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OHIO REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE COLUMBUS, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	20%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Grant Schmidt, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	222	100	74	18	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.7	26.7	15.9	9.3	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.9	42.0	31.1	4 / 18	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.8	32.0	25.7	3 / 18	0 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(36.2–49.6)	(23.0–42.1)	(16.2–37.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	35.2	27.5	3 / 16	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.5	35.6	29.2	3 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.1	22.2	24.6	2 / 13	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.3	9.0	6.8	2 / 18	2 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.8	3.3	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.5	31.0	21.7	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.4	2.4	4.3	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	37.5	3 / 19	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	8	7	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	5 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.6	1.7	2.5	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	33		19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5		2 / 19		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Ohio Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WRIGHT STATE PHYSICIANS WOMEN'S HEALTH CARE DAYTON, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	43%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	15%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	58%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lawrence S. Amesse, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	15	3	2	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.9	3 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	5 / 15	2 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 15	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.0	5.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 5	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 4	1 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Wright State Physicians Women's Health Care

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	No	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KETTERING REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE KETTERING, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Thomas H. Burwinkel, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	87	27	15	10	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.8	38.5	23.1	5.0	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.9	40.7	5 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.2	33.3	4 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(22.6–43.1)	(16.5–54.0)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.0	36.0	4 / 15	1 / 10	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.6	39.1	4 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.9	34.8	3 / 14	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.0	7.4	0 / 15	0 / 10	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.5	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.4	2 / 11	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.0	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.4	1 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	11	4	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.0	6 / 11	2 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10		0 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Kettering Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF NORTHWESTERN OHIO TOLEDO, OHIO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joseph V. Karnitis, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	55	18	11	5	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.4	11.5	2 / 19	0 / 16	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	32.7	3 / 18	2 / 11	0 / 5	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.9	2 / 18	1 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(19.1–44.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.7	2 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.2	2 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.5	2 / 13	1 / 6	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.9	2 / 18	3 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.0	3.2	3.2	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	4	3	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 19	0 / 4	0 / 3	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	1.3	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Northwestern Ohio

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HENRY G. BENNETT, JR., FERTILITY INSTITUTE OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	51%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eli Reshef, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	133	37	29	5	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.7	20.5	20.4	1 / 13	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.9	35.1	34.5	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.9	32.4	24.1	1 / 5	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(43.1–60.6)	(18.0–49.8)	(10.3–43.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	35.3	28.0	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.0	36.4	31.8	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.8	30.3	27.3	1 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.3	8.1	13.8	0 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.6	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.0	3 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.6	0 / 13	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	43.5	2 / 12	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	7	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 16	1 / 7	1 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	1.5	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 17		0 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OU PHYSICIANS REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	95%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Karl R. Hansen, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	70	15	17	2	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.6	35.7	19.0	0 / 7	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	60.0	8 / 15	8 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.9	8 / 15	6 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(40.6–64.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.9	8 / 15	6 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.2	8 / 14	6 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.4	6 / 14	6 / 15	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 15	1 / 17	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.8	3.5	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	50.0	2 / 8	0 / 8		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 8		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	48.6	2 / 8	0 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	24	11	5	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	6 / 11	2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5		4 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TULSA FERTILITY CENTER TULSA, OKLAHOMA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Stanley G. Prough, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	127	53	30	5	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.6	24.7	12.2	1 / 9	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	41.7	32.1	23.3	1 / 5	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.2	26.4	13.3	1 / 5	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(31.6–49.2)	(15.3–40.3)	(3.8–30.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.5	28.6	14.3	1 / 5	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.0	32.6	16.7	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.7	18.6	8.3	1 / 4	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.5	7.5	6.7	0 / 5	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.3	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.3	6 / 17	2 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.4	6 / 14	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	35	14	11	3	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	5 / 14	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.3	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	12		14		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 12		4 / 14		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Tulsa Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF OREGON EUGENE, OREGON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	30%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	40%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Douglas J. Austin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	20	5	10	3	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.2	1 / 10	11.1	1 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	1 / 5	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	1 / 5	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(23.1–68.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	1 / 4	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 19	1 / 4	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 19	1 / 4	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	1 / 5	0 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.5	3.6	4.0	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 10	0 / 1	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 10	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	21	9	6	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 9	4 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.3	3.3	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 7		4 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of Oregon

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHWEST FERTILITY CENTER PORTLAND, OREGON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	24%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	19%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eugene M. Stoelk, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	14	11	3	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.7	30.3	4 / 17	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.1	7 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4	6 / 14	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(27.5–66.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	6 / 12	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	6 / 12	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.6	3 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.6	2 / 14	4 / 11	1 / 3	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.8	3.4	3.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	6 / 16	3 / 7	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 13	3 / 6	2 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 11		3 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Northwest Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OREGON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE PORTLAND, OREGON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert K. Matteri, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	160	84	104	26	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	53.4	45.5	35.6	10.2	10.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	65.0	53.6	51.0	19.2	3 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.9	45.2	38.5	15.4	1 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(48.8–64.7)	(34.3–56.5)	(29.1–48.5)	(4.4–34.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.3	52.1	43.0	20.0	1 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.1	56.7	46.0	4 / 19	1 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.0	38.8	33.3	4 / 19	1 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.6	13.1	10.6	23.1	1 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	44.2	31.1	24.5	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.0	2.2	5.7	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.7	31.6	27.5	0 / 4	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	43	22	27	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.8	50.0	40.7	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	1.9	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	111		52		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	73.0		44.2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Oregon Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CONSULTANTS
OREGON HEALTH & SCIENCE UNIVERSITY
PORTLAND, OREGON**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	34%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Phillip E. Patton, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	101	58	46	20	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.3	31.8	21.5	6.1	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.5	46.6	45.7	20.0	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.6	34.5	28.3	15.0	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(33.7–53.8)	(22.5–48.1)	(16.0–43.5)	(3.2–37.9)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.8	40.8	31.7	3 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	40.8	32.5	3 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	30.6	22.5	2 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.9	15.5	10.9	15.0	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.7	3.9	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	48.0	29.6	19.0	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.0	3.7	4.8	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.5	25.0	4 / 13	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	55	26	21	11	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	26.9	14.3	4 / 11	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.1	2.0	3.0	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		32		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	69.6		31.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Fertility Consultants, Oregon Health & Science University

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**ABINGTON REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, ABINGTON IVF AND GENETICS
TOLL CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES
ABINGTON, PENNSYLVANIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	75%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Stephen G. Somkuti, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	139	89	70	23	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.8	24.7	17.6	4.0	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.6	40.4	30.0	17.4	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.7	33.7	18.6	13.0	0 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(28.7–45.3)	(24.0–44.5)	(10.3–29.7)	(2.8–33.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.3	36.6	20.0	13.6	0 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	39.0	21.7	13.6	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.4	24.7	11.7	13.6	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.3	7.9	7.1	4.3	0 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.7	3.4	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.1	30.6	23.8	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.6	2.8	9.5	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.2	36.7	6 / 13	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	54	13	9	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	24.1	4 / 13	1 / 9	2 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.4	2.9	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	27		40		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.9		30.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF and Genetics, Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

INFERTILITY SOLUTIONS, PC ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bruce I. Rose, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman					
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d	
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of cycles	60	25	18	3	1	
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	15.4	6.5	15.2	1 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	31.7	24.0	6 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	18.3	16.0	5 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(9.5–30.4)	(4.5–36.1)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	19.0	16.0	5 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.8	16.7	5 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.9	16.7	5 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.3	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 19	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 5	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs						
Number of transfers	2	2	0	0	1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 2			0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	2.0			5.0	
All Ages Combined^e						
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos			
	Number of transfers		1	3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 1	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred		3.0	3.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Infertility Solutions, PC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PENNSYLVANIA ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	49%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Wendy J. Schillings, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	44	21	16	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	48.1	52.6	27.6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	59.1	66.7	5 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.3	57.1	5 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(36.7–67.5)	(34.0–78.2)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.3	12 / 19	5 / 14	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	12 / 19	5 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.4	6 / 19	2 / 13	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	9.5	2 / 16	2 / 4	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	61.5	6 / 14	3 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 14	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	60.9	6 / 12	3 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	2	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 2	2 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.5	1.3		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FAMILY FERTILITY CENTER BETHLEHEM, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	35%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by H. Christina Lee, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	56	18	15	4	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.3	35.5	14.3	0 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	41.1	8 / 18	3 / 15	0 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.1	7 / 18	3 / 15	0 / 4	
(Confidence Interval)	(28.1–55.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.8	7 / 18	3 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.4	7 / 16	3 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.2	4 / 16	2 / 14	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.8	0 / 18	1 / 15	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.4	3 / 8	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.4	3 / 7	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 6				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 5		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Family Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MAIN LINE FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BRYN MAWR, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	>99%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	<1%	With ICSI	39%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	17%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael J. Glassner, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	230	109	119	31	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.6	22.9	11.0	17.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.8	42.2	23.5	16.1	0 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.5	29.4	16.8	12.9	0 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(39.9–53.2)	(21.0–38.8)	(10.6–24.8)	(3.6–29.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.8	30.5	17.1	13.8	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.5	33.3	19.8	4 / 19	0 / 11
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.9	20.8	14.9	3 / 19	0 / 11
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.6	3.7	1.7	6.5	1 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.6	3.0	2.9	2.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.5	28.3	10.7	0 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.0	4.3	7.1	2 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.1	37.5	25.0	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	69	34	24	8	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.0	44.1	20.8	4 / 8	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.4	3.0	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	35		50		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0		32.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GEISINGER MEDICAL CENTER FERTILITY PROGRAM DANVILLE, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jennifer Gell, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	44	15	9	6	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.9	37.0	7 / 15	1 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	38.6	6 / 15	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.1	6 / 15	4 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(20.5–49.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.5	6 / 12	4 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	6 / 12	4 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.4	3 / 12	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.6	3 / 15	2 / 9	1 / 6	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.3	2.5	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 17	4 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 15	3 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	18	3	2	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	1.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 14		1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED CENTER FOR INFERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, RPC HARRISBURG, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	39%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	32%	Female factors only	29%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Eric P. Fiedler, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	10	3	7	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.0	2 / 4	4 / 13		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	6 / 10	2 / 3	4 / 7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 7		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	1 / 3	1 / 7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 10	1 / 2	1 / 6		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	5	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	2 / 5			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	5	5		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5	1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Center for Infertility and Reproductive Medicine, RPC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PENN STATE MILTON S. HERSHEY MEDICAL CENTER HERSHEY, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Unknown factor	26%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	30%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William C. Dodson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	36	16	20	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.8	42.4	13.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	10 / 16	30.0		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.6	9 / 16	25.0		
(Confidence Interval)	(16.3–48.1)		(8.7–49.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.5	9 / 15	5 / 19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.8	9 / 15	5 / 18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.2	5 / 15	4 / 18		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	13.9	1 / 16	5.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.6		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 12	4 / 10	1 / 6		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 12	0 / 10	0 / 6		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 11	4 / 9	1 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	3	4	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 10	2 / 3	1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	2.8		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1		0 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF PHILADELPHIA KING OF PRUSSIA, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Martin F. Freedman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	119	64	70	36	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	45.6	33.9	15.4	4.8	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	63.0	46.9	30.0	19.4	0 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.9	35.9	24.3	5.6	0 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(43.6–62.2)	(24.3–48.9)	(14.8–36.0)	(0.7–18.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.3	39.7	27.0	6.9	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.4	41.1	30.9	7.4	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.6	30.4	23.6	7.4	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.6	9.4	10.0	19.4	4 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.7	3.1	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	29.3	33.3	19.0	0 / 7	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.3	3.3	0.0	0 / 7	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	26.1	4 / 17	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	13	15	5	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.0	3 / 13	5 / 15	3 / 5	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.6	1.7
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 17		5 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND GYNECOLOGY ASSOCIATES PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	41%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Leonore C. Huppert, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	12	5	8	3	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.3	3 / 14	36.4	1 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	9 / 12	2 / 5	5 / 8	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 12	2 / 5	5 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 12	2 / 5	5 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 12	2 / 5	5 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	7 / 12	1 / 5	4 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 12	0 / 5	1 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 9	1 / 2	3 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 8	1 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	8	4	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 4	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.6	2.0	1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Gynecology Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JEFFERSON IVF PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	19%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	23%	Ovulatory dysfunction	22%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gregory T. Fossum, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	10	4	4	3	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 17	0 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 10	2 / 4	3 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.0	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 1				
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1				
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Jefferson IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
PENN FERTILITY CARE
PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	42%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	23%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Anuja Dokras, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	136	105	82	42	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.0	22.7	13.4	7.1	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.7	28.6	23.2	16.7	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.1	25.7	15.9	11.9	0 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(25.3–41.7)	(17.7–35.2)	(8.7–25.6)	(4.0–25.6)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.8	32.9	18.3	17.2	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	38.0	24.1	20.0	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	27.8	31.0	22.2	20.0	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.5	21.9	13.4	31.0	4 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.8	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.8	16.7	1 / 19	0 / 7	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	0 / 19	0 / 7	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	18.5	1 / 13	0 / 5	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	28	7	8	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 19	14.3	1 / 7	1 / 8	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.4	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	28		30		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4		30.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Pennsylvania, Penn Fertility Care

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JONES INSTITUTE AT WEST PENN ALLEGHENY HEALTH SYSTEM PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	31%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Scott W. Kauma, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	55	18	8	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.1	20.6	2 / 15	0 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.3	6 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	6 / 18	2 / 8	0 / 5	
(Confidence Interval)	(23.8–50.4)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	6 / 15	2 / 6	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.4	6 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.9	5 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.7	3 / 18	2 / 8	2 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	3.0	3.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	30.8	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.8	0 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.0	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	6	5	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 16	2 / 6	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 11		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny Health System

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPECIALISTS, INC. PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	65%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	28%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Judith L. Albert, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	102	58	64	8	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.4	30.6	13.9	0 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.9	43.1	25.0	1 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	39.7	20.3	0 / 8	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(37.1–57.2)	(27.0–53.4)	(11.3–32.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0	43.4	23.2	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.1	46.9	25.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.3	34.7	25.0	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.0	8.6	12.5	4 / 8	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	2.0	1.9	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	21.8	24.0	0 / 16	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.8	0.0	0 / 16	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.0	26.1	0 / 13		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	30	18	10	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.3	5 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	13		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 13		2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH PHYSICIANS
CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	58%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	24%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Anthony N. Wakim, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	158	55	51	29	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.9	15.4	16.3	7.4	0 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.5	30.9	21.6	20.7	0 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.6	23.6	13.7	6.9	0 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(19.9–34.2)	(13.2–37.0)	(5.7–26.3)	(0.8–22.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.0	26.5	15.2	9.1	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.6	29.5	21.9	10.0	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.3	25.0	21.9	10.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.1	10.9	9.8	24.1	1 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.8	2.5	2.7	2.4
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	24.5	4 / 17	2 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0 / 17	1 / 11	0 / 6	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.6	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	113	40	39	9	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.1	22.5	28.2	0 / 9	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.4	2.4	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	36		41		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.8		43.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Pittsburgh Physicians, Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND FERTILITY CENTER UPLAND, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Albert El-Roeiy, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	97	33	31	12	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.7	23.7	17.4	0 / 13	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	29.9	21.2	9.7	0 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.8	18.2	3.2	0 / 12	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(18.3–36.8)	(7.0–35.5)	(0.1–16.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.3	21.4	4.5	0 / 9	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.3	6 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.5	4 / 14	1 / 10	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.4	15.2	29.0	3 / 12	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.7	2.3	3.3	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	44.8	2 / 7	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.4	0 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	46.2	2 / 6	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	46	15	12	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.8	2 / 15	3 / 12	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.9	3.0	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		17		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 11		5 / 17		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Endocrinology and Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCE INSTITUTE OF SUBURBAN PHILADELPHIA WAYNE, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	26%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	12%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Abraham K. Munabi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	76	32	17	9	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.7	36.4	18.9	4.5	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	59.2	53.1	6 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.3	40.6	2 / 17	1 / 9	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(39.6–63.0)	(23.7–59.4)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.4	43.3	2 / 16	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.2	43.3	2 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.8	26.7	1 / 13	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.9	6.3	1 / 17	1 / 9	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.8	3.1	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.2	7 / 17	2 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.4	0 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.5	5 / 13	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	10	5	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	3 / 10	1 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	1.6	1.7	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 18		3 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Science Institute of Suburban Philadelphia

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**WOMEN'S CLINIC, LTD.
WEST READING, PENNSYLVANIA**

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2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	54%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vincent A. Pellegrini, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	49	9	5	0	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.0	20.0	3 / 13		1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.9	3 / 9	3 / 5		1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 9	3 / 5		1 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(28.8–57.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.8	3 / 7	3 / 4		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.3	3 / 7	3 / 4		1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	3 / 7	3 / 4		1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	24.5	2 / 9	1 / 5		2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.9	3.3		2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.9	1 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	0 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	42.9	0 / 3	0 / 3		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Women's Clinic, Ltd.

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE FERTILITY CENTER, LLC YORK, PENNSYLVANIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	39%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	<1%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	38%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dr. Robert B. Filer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	45	18	8	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.0	12.9	0 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.9	4 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.9	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(33.7–64.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.9	2 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.7	2 / 14	0 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.9	0 / 4			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 4			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	31.8	0 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 1	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 11		1 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Fertility Center, LLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PEDRO J. BEAUCHAMP, MD BAYAMON, PUERTO RICO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	70%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	19%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	46%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	50	35	26	15	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.0	28.2	17.2	11.4	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	62.0	40.0	34.6	4 / 15	2 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	25.7	7.7	1 / 15	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(26.4–54.8)	(12.5–43.3)	(0.9–25.1)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.7	29.0	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.6	30.0	8.3	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.8	13.3	4.2	1 / 12	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.0	11.4	7.7	3 / 15	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.9	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	25.8	4 / 14	1 / 9	1 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.2	2 / 14	1 / 9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.0	5 / 9	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	1 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.0		2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 6				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CLINICA DE FERTILIDAD HIMA-SAN PABLO CAGUAS, PUERTO RICO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	32%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	36%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jose R. Cruz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	10	8	4	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.7	4 / 19	1 / 11		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	3 / 10	4 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 10	2 / 8	1 / 4		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8	2 / 8	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 8	2 / 7	1 / 4		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 10	0 / 8	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.7	2.8		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 3	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 3	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		1		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GREFI
GYNECOLOGY, REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY & FERTILITY INSTITUTE
SANTURCE, PUERTO RICO

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	27%	Other factor	23%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Rosa Ileana Cruz, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	6	8	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	0.0	0 / 15	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 9	0 / 6	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 9	0 / 6	0 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.5	2.3	4.0	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b			0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b			0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}			0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: GREFI, Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology & Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN AND INFANTS' DIVISION OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND INFERTILITY PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	42%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bhagavath Balasubramanian, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	216	119	115	78	18
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.9	17.4	10.3	10.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.8	30.3	25.2	21.8	2 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	26.1	17.4	12.8	0 / 18
(Confidence Interval)	(34.6–48.1)	(18.4–34.9)	(11.0–25.6)	(6.3–22.3)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	26.5	19.8	14.5	0 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.3	29.5	20.8	16.4	0 / 16
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.8	23.8	15.6	11.5	0 / 16
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.8	1.7	12.2	11.5	1 / 18
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.2	5.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.7	25.0	17.2	2 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	0.0	2 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.8	19.4	25.0	3 / 10	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	48	31	13	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.9	22.6	3 / 13	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.3	2.3	1.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0		1 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Women and Infants' Division of Reproductive Medicine and Infertility

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PIEDMONT REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY GROUP, PA GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	3%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John E. Nichols, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	73	27	14	3	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.4	25.5	13.0	0 / 2	2 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.6	37.0	3 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.5	29.6	3 / 14	0 / 3	1 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(45.4–69.0)	(13.8–50.2)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.9	36.4	3 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.7	36.4	3 / 11	0 / 2	1 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	41.8	27.3	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.5	18.5	2 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.0	5.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.2	3 / 10	0 / 3		1 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	2 / 8	0 / 3		1 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	19	5	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 19	1 / 5	2 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.3		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	13		24		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 13		37.5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**UNIVERSITY MEDICAL GROUP, DEPARTMENT OF OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY
REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY AND INFERTILITY
GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	19%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Bruce A. Lessey, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	43	20	14	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.0	12.8	9.1	0 / 11	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.2	25.0	3 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.2	20.0	2 / 14	0 / 4	1 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(23.0–53.3)	(5.7–43.7)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	4 / 19	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.2	4 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.1	4 / 18	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.0	5.0	2 / 14	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.8	3.7	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 3		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 16	0 / 4	0 / 2		0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	8	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	4 / 8	0 / 3	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	3.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6		0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHEASTERN FERTILITY CENTER, PA MOUNT PLEASANT, SOUTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	15%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	28%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Grant W. Patton, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	141	62	29	11	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.7	28.4	13.6	17.9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.1	35.5	27.6	4 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.8	32.3	24.1	3 / 11	
(Confidence Interval)	(38.4–55.4)	(20.9–45.3)	(10.3–43.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	35.1	25.0	3 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.2	36.4	28.0	3 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.0	18.2	24.0	2 / 9	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.4	8.1	3.4	1 / 11	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.6	3.1	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	51.4	40.9	1 / 8	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.4	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.5	50.0	1 / 7	1 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	50	24	14	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.0	41.7	5 / 14	1 / 3	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	59		19		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	66.1		11 / 19		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southeastern Fertility Center, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY & REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY WEST COLUMBIA, SOUTH CAROLINA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	21%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	26%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gail F. Whitman-Elia, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	92	40	36	12	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.6	30.1	26.2	23.8	1 / 18
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.3	52.5	30.6	4 / 12	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	45.0	25.0	3 / 12	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(36.3–57.4)	(29.3–61.5)	(12.1–42.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	46.2	28.1	3 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.6	50.0	37.5	3 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.1	36.1	16.7	3 / 7	0 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2.5	11.1	2 / 12	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.6
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.6	28.6	4 / 11	1 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	1 / 11	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	32.6	5 / 18	5 / 9	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	40	12	6	2	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.5	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	2.2	1.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 17		1 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.1		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility & Reproductive Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SANFORD WOMEN'S HEALTH SIOUX FALLS, SOUTH DAKOTA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	57%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	22%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Keith A. Hansen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	112	26	19	7	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.9	48.8	24.4	0 / 18	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.1	50.0	8 / 19	0 / 7	1 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4	46.2	7 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(37.0–56.1)	(26.6–66.6)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.3	54.5	7 / 17	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.6	60.0	7 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	38.3	40.0	5 / 17	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.8	15.4	2 / 19	0 / 7	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	2.4	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	21.8	8 / 13	2 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.8	0 / 13	0 / 8		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	21.2	4 / 12	2 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	26	9	9	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.3	3 / 9	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	6		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 6		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Sanford Women's Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER, LLC CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	11%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Barry W. Donesky, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	29	17	13	7	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.1	20.7	0.0	0 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.2	5 / 17	2 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.7	4 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(32.5–70.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.6	4 / 15	0 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.5	4 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.0	2 / 15	0 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.9	2 / 17	0 / 13	0 / 7	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.2	2.5	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	9 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 16	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	9 / 15	2 / 4			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	21	11	12	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	3 / 11	2 / 12	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.7	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 10		10 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center, LLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TENNESSEE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	80%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	5%	Endometriosis	10%	Female factors only	31%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ringland S. Murray, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	31	5	2	0	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.8	2 / 13	1 / 6		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.6	1 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.4	1 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(30.2–66.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.7	1 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.6	1 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.0	1 / 5	1 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.5	0 / 5	0 / 2		1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.6	3.0		2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 16	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 16	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 15	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	2	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 2			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.5			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Tennessee Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ETSU PHYSICIANS ASSOCIATES JOHNSON CITY, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	53%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	13%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Norman A. Assad, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	20	3	6	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.1	3 / 5	3 / 11	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.0	2 / 3	3 / 6	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	2 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(27.2–72.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 18	2 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 17	2 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8 / 17	1 / 2	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.0	1 / 3	1 / 6	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.5	2.2	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 10	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	1	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2	0 / 1		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.0	1.0		3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Quillen Fertility and Women's Services

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

EAST TENNESSEE IVF AND ANDROLOGY CENTER KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	15%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	30%
		With eSET	Male factor	25%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gayla Harris, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	12	3	4	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.8	1 / 8	1 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 4		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 12	1 / 3	1 / 4		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.7	1.5		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 4	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHEASTERN FERTILITY CENTER KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	1%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	62%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	22%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	5%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	41%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey A. Keenan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	8	6	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 10	1 / 14	1 / 14		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 7	1 / 8	2 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 7	1 / 8	1 / 6		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 6	1 / 6	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	1 / 6	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 5	1 / 6	1 / 5		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1 / 7	2 / 8	1 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.8		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 6	0 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		106		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			47.2		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southeastern Fertility Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

KUTTEH KE FERTILITY ASSOCIATES OF MEMPHIS, PLLC MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	60%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	26%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Raymond W. Ke, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	126	45	29	13	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.5	30.0	18.6	10.7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.7	42.2	34.5	2 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.3	40.0	24.1	2 / 13	
(Confidence Interval)	(28.9–46.4)	(25.7–55.7)	(10.3–43.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	40.0	25.0	2 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	40.9	25.9	2 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.5	25.0	22.2	2 / 11	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	9.5	0.0	3.4	1 / 13	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	26.0	8 / 19	1 / 10	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.0	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	27.7	7 / 18	1 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	38	4	6	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.6	1 / 4	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	13		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	6 / 13		5 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	90%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	62%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jaime M. Vasquez, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	8	12	3	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	14.4	2 / 19	7.4	0 / 10	1 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	3 / 8	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	26.2	1 / 8	2 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(13.9–42.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.5	1 / 8	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.5	1 / 7	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.0	1 / 7	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.8	0 / 8	2 / 12	0 / 3	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.7	3.0	3.3	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 11	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	5	3	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	3 / 5	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	12		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NASHVILLE FERTILITY CENTER NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	68%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	26%
		Used PGD	13%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	38%
		With eSET	12%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George A. Hill, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	171	69	62	10	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.7	25.0	16.4	1 / 10	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.0	31.9	29.0	1 / 10	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.5	27.5	21.0	0 / 10	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(34.0–49.3)	(17.5–39.6)	(11.7–33.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.0	36.5	29.5	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	38.0	30.2	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	41.9	26.0	20.9	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	15.2	24.6	29.0	4 / 10	3 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.4	2.8	2.5	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	20.8	31.8	2 / 18	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.3	4.5	2 / 18	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	19.7	6 / 19	4 / 13		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	62	27	16	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.2	33.3	5 / 16	0 / 2	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		41		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 18		48.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Nashville Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TEXAS FERTILITY CENTER
DRS. VAUGHN, SILVERBERG AND HANSARD
AUSTIN, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	8%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	60%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	28%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	20%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kaylen Silverberg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	222	117	119	70	14
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.7	26.6	13.7	6.5	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	49.1	40.2	29.4	15.7	1 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.3	33.3	23.5	8.6	0 / 14
(Confidence Interval)	(35.8–49.1)	(24.9–42.6)	(16.2–32.2)	(3.2–17.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	36.8	26.9	11.5	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	39.8	29.5	12.8	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.8	25.5	25.3	10.6	0 / 12
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.7	9.4	12.6	25.7	2 / 14
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	2.9	3.6	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.5	34.0	17.1	1 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.8	2.1	0.0	0 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.9	35.9	14.3	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	73	25	23	11	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.6	24.0	21.7	3 / 11	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	77		37		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.7		18.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Texas Fertility Center, Drs. Vaughn, Silverberg and Hansard

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**DR. JEFFREY YOUNGKIN
AUSTIN FERTILITY CENTER
AUSTIN, TEXAS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	16%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	16%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	32%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jeffrey T. Youngkin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	4	6	3	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 9	1 / 13	0 / 7	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 4	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.3	2.3	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 1	0 / 1			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 1	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	0	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3		1 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.0	1.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dr. Jeffrey Youngkin, Austin Fertility Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ASSISTED REPRODUCTION BEDFORD, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	64%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kevin J. Doody, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	122	69	81	33	17
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.1	27.6	27.1	10.6	9.5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.4	34.8	29.6	24.2	5 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	27.5	24.7	12.1	2 / 17
(Confidence Interval)	(37.6–56.0)	(17.5–39.6)	(15.8–35.5)	(3.4–28.2)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.7	28.4	27.4	12.9	2 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.4	30.6	31.7	16.0	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.3	19.4	20.6	16.0	2 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2.9	9.9	6.1	5 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.6	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	47.5	20.8	33.3	1 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.4	8.3	8.3	0 / 8	0 / 5
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	43.9	7 / 19	35.0	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	66	34	20	7	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.5	38.2	50.0	2 / 7	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.6	2.5
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	18		34		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	15 / 18		52.9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Assisted Reproduction

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DALLAS-FORT WORTH FERTILITY ASSOCIATES DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	23%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel J. Chantilis, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	168	95	82	28	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.8	29.5	18.7	12.7	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.6	38.9	28.0	28.6	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.1	33.7	23.2	14.3	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(33.6–48.9)	(24.3–44.1)	(14.6–33.8)	(4.0–32.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.4	37.6	29.2	16.7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.8	40.5	32.2	4 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.2	29.1	23.7	3 / 19	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.4	10.5	20.7	14.3	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.3	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.8	32.4	26.1	1 / 8	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.0	5.4	0.0	0 / 8	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.4	28.1	5 / 19	1 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	22	12	19	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	68.2	4 / 12	8 / 19	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	56		30		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	69.6		60.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY AND ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	25%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	28%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	22%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	14%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Karen Bradshaw, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	24	6	12	3	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.3	5 / 9	1 / 17	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	25.0	2 / 6	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	20.8	2 / 6	1 / 12	0 / 3	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(7.1–42.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 19	2 / 5	1 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 18	2 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 18	1 / 5	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	20.8	1 / 6	3 / 12	2 / 3	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.8	2.1	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 5	1 / 2	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4	2 / 4		1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8		2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		0		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}				2 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred				1.5	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF DALLAS, PA DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	21%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	36%	Ovulatory dysfunction	12%	Unknown factor	18%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Jerald S. Goldstein, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	61	19	19	10	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	44.3	33.3	19.4	26.9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	65.6	8 / 19	7 / 19	5 / 10	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.4	8 / 19	4 / 19	4 / 10	
(Confidence Interval)	(44.1–70.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.5	8 / 14	4 / 15	4 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.8	8 / 14	4 / 15	4 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	46.3	7 / 14	3 / 15	2 / 8	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.2	5 / 19	4 / 19	2 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	3.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.5	2 / 8	2 / 7	3 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 7	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	28.6	1 / 8	1 / 4	2 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		1 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	7		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 7		2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

IVF INSTITUTE DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	33%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	55%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Noel Peng, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	13	2	6	6	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.2	1 / 3	2 / 8	0 / 10	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	10 / 13	2 / 2	3 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 6	0 / 6	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 5	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 13	1 / 2	2 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 13	0 / 2	3 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.5	2.7	5.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	1	1	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 1	1 / 1		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	3.0	3.0		4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: IVF Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCED FERTILITY CENTER DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	38%	Ovulatory dysfunction	19%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	19%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	22%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Anil B. Pinto, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	20	4	10	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	34.1	3 / 8	21.7		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.0	3 / 4	5 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.0	3 / 4	5 / 10		
(Confidence Interval)	(31.5–76.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 17	3 / 3	5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 17	3 / 3	5 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	8 / 17	3 / 3	5 / 10		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	15.0	1 / 4	0 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.7	2.3		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 5		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	8	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 8	1 / 3	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	3.3		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		3		3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		2 / 3		3 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.3		2.3	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: ReproMed Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SHER INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE-DALLAS DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	15%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	88%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	41%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	41%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Walid Saleh, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	89	27	35	13	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.6	47.5	27.3	2 / 7	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.9	40.7	20.0	3 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.8	33.3	17.1	2 / 13	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(33.3–54.7)	(16.5–54.0)	(6.6–33.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.9	36.0	18.8	2 / 12	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	42.9	6 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.5	19.0	4 / 19	2 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.5	7.4	8.6	1 / 13	1 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.0	1.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.4	6 / 11	2 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.3	1 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.0	5 / 9	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	28	6	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	1 / 6	3 / 4	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.0	3.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		26		20	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		53.8		35.0	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2		2.2	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

TEXAS CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH DALLAS, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	7%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	23%
		Used PGD	7%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	25%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Samuel P. Marynick, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	31	16	15	5	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.1	44.4	12.8	4 / 17	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	67.7	10 / 16	4 / 15	3 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	9 / 16	4 / 15	2 / 5	
(Confidence Interval)	(36.0–72.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.8	9 / 16	4 / 14	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.7	9 / 15	4 / 12	2 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	50.0	6 / 15	3 / 12	1 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 16	1 / 15	1 / 5	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.4	3.3	4.3	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	28.6	3 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	2 / 10	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 17	3 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	23	14	16	6	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.8	8 / 14	6 / 16	2 / 6	2 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.4	4.0	4.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		16		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 16		7 / 16		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Texas Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE WOMEN'S PLACE DESOTO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	26%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	27%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	26%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	16%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lisa A. King, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	7	6	2	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	0 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 3		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 5	1 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 4	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 7	2 / 6	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.3	3.0		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b		0 / 1			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b		0 / 1			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}		0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers		1		0
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Women's Place

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER DICKINSON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	38%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	9%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	23%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	26%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by John Y. Phelps, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	26	5	2	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.7	4 / 15	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.5	3 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.2	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(26.6–66.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	2 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.1	1 / 5	0 / 1		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	11.5	0 / 5	1 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	3.0	2.0		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	8 / 16	1 / 3			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 16	0 / 3			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 12	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	3	2	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		3		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		3 / 3		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.3		2.5	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

SOUTHWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, PA EL PASO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	29%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	33%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Luis S. Noble, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	38	30	14	7	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.6	30.9	13.9	1 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.8	46.7	5 / 14	1 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.2	36.7	3 / 14	1 / 7	
(Confidence Interval)	(19.6–51.4)	(19.9–56.1)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.1	37.9	3 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4	45.8	3 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.4	33.3	1 / 13	1 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.3	3.3	1 / 14	2 / 7	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.8	2.6	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	7 / 14	3 / 14	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 14	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 13	3 / 11	2 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	15	14	10	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 15	7 / 14	6 / 10	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	1.8	1.7	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	11 / 14		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FORT WORTH FERTILITY, PA FORT WORTH, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	9%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	81%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	21%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	14%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	6%
		With eSET	8%	Male factor	24%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert Kaufmann, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	151	59	46	20	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.8	19.8	18.8	7.7	1 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.0	27.1	26.1	20.0	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.7	23.7	21.7	0.0	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(39.5–56.0)	(13.6–36.6)	(10.9–36.4)	(0.0–16.8)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.6	23.7	22.2	0 / 18	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.3	27.5	27.8	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.0	21.6	25.0	0 / 16	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.0	0.0	2.2	10.0	1 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.1	4 / 16	3 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.6	0 / 16	0 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.6	3 / 14	1 / 10		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	31	10	6	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.5	4 / 10	1 / 6		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.5	1.7		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	15		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 15		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fort Worth Fertility, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DALLAS IVF FRISCO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	49%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	39%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Brian D. Barnett, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	138	67	53	11	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.6	29.7	11.0	13.3	2 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	60.9	44.8	20.8	2 / 11	2 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.1	38.8	13.2	2 / 11	2 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(46.4–63.5)	(27.1–51.5)	(5.5–25.3)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.4	42.6	15.9	2 / 10	2 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.3	44.1	17.1	2 / 9	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.4	35.6	12.2	1 / 9	2 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	7.2	9.0	17.0	1 / 11	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	53.6	30.0	3 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.0	0.0	0 / 11	1 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	57.9	19.2	2 / 7	1 / 2	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	27	8	7	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	5 / 8	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.4	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		19		9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		11 / 19		2 / 9	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		2.1	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dallas IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED FERTILITY CENTER OF TEXAS HOUSTON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	11%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	23%
		Used PGD	5%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael A. Allon, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	70	15	33	8	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	30.2	37.9	13.4	9.1	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	10 / 15	33.3	2 / 8	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.1	9 / 15	18.2	1 / 8	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(25.9–49.5)		(7.0–35.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.2	9 / 15	18.8	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.3	9 / 13	20.7	1 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.7	8 / 13	17.2	0 / 7	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.9	0 / 15	3.0	1 / 8	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.8	3.1	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	31.4	2 / 10	2 / 11	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.9	0 / 10	0 / 11	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.5	1 / 9	1 / 6	1 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	28	7	9	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	2 / 7	2 / 9	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.3	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 14		4 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Fertility Center of Texas

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BAYLOR FAMILY FERTILITY PROGRAM HOUSTON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	15%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	1%	Unknown factor	25%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William E. Gibbons, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	32	14	8	13	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	26.4	9.4	1 / 14	8.7	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	28.1	3 / 14	1 / 8	2 / 13	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.1	3 / 14	0 / 8	2 / 13	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(13.7–46.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.6	3 / 12	0 / 7	2 / 10	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.0	3 / 12	0 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	20.0	3 / 12	0 / 6	2 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	18.8	2 / 14	1 / 8	3 / 13	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.7	2.3	2.9	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 9	0 / 3		0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	3	2	3	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 3	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Baylor Family Fertility Program

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY SPECIALISTS OF HOUSTON HOUSTON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	85%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	17%
		Used PGD	11%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by George M. Grunert, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	273	123	120	36	19
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.2	31.2	24.3	7.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	44.7	43.9	35.0	11.1	0 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.0	34.1	25.0	5.6	0 / 19
(Confidence Interval)	(31.3–43.0)	(25.8–43.2)	(17.5–33.7)	(0.7–18.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.4	40.4	31.6	6.5	0 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.1	43.3	36.1	7.4	0 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.3	26.8	27.7	7.4	0 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.4	15.4	20.8	13.9	7 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.0	33.3	21.4	1 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.5	3.7	4.8	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.7	38.1	23.3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	85	35	24	8	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.2	37.1	33.3	3 / 8	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.8	2.3	1.8	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	59		29		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.4		41.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Specialists of Houston

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON FERTILITY INSTITUTE HOUSTON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	95%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	24%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	20%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	13%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Inderbir S. Gill, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	338	159	129	50	17
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	45.6	32.0	27.4	13.9	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.5	45.9	44.2	30.0	1 / 17
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.5	38.4	34.1	18.0	0 / 17
(Confidence Interval)	(46.0–56.9)	(30.8–46.4)	(26.0–43.0)	(8.6–31.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.6	40.1	35.5	19.1	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.4	42.1	38.3	20.9	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.2	33.1	32.2	20.9	0 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.1	4.4	3.9	6.0	3 / 17
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.4	23.3	21.1	1 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	1.4	1.8	0 / 15	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.8	21.3	15.9	0 / 9	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	137	55	50	11	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.2	47.3	40.0	2 / 11	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	1.8	1.9	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		113		62	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		61.1		43.5	
Average number of embryos transferred		2.0		2.0	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON INFERTILITY CLINIC
SONJA KRISTIENSEN, MD
HOUSTON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	13%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	36%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sonja B. Kristiansen, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	73	37	41	19	8
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.5	31.4	29.4	13.6	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.2	37.8	22.0	3 / 19	3 / 8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.7	32.4	22.0	2 / 19	1 / 8
(Confidence Interval)	(28.5–51.9)	(18.0–49.8)	(10.6–37.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.3	37.5	30.0	2 / 15	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.8	44.4	36.0	2 / 10	1 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	35.5	29.6	24.0	2 / 10	1 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.2	13.5	26.8	4 / 19	2 / 8
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	24.2	4 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 14	2 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	24.1	4 / 12	3 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	4	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 9	1 / 4	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 4				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Houston Infertility Clinic, Sonja Kristiansen, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

HOUSTON IVF HOUSTON, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	96%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	19%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	35%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	7%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	8%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Timothy N. Hickman, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	150	70	67	29	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.9	42.0	17.7	9.3	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.7	67.1	34.3	27.6	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.7	54.3	28.4	20.7	1 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(42.4–58.9)	(41.9–66.3)	(18.0–40.7)	(8.0–39.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.0	55.9	29.2	20.7	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.7	56.7	30.2	20.7	1 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.0	32.8	22.2	20.7	1 / 5
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.7	2.9	3.0	0.0	2 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.7	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.4	36.2	13.0	3 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.2	2.1	8.7	0 / 8	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	38.2	42.1	5 / 19	0 / 6	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	31	18	7	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.7	4 / 18	3 / 7	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		36		18	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		77.8		3 / 18	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.6	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Houston IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**NORTH HOUSTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE, PA
(NHCRM)
HOUSTON, TEXAS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	78%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	31%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dorothy J. Roach, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	31	12	4	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	54.1	30.0	2 / 5	1 / 9	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	71.0	6 / 12	2 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.3	6 / 12	1 / 4	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(42.2–78.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.3	6 / 10	1 / 4	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.3	6 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.3	6 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	1.7	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	50.0	0 / 6	1 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	9 / 19	0 / 6	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	9	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	2 / 9		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.9		2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5				
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: North Houston Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA, (NHCRM)

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER OF IRVING IRVING, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	14%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	18%
		With eSET	12%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sy Q. Le, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	112	47	39	8	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.7	41.3	24.7	1 / 17	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.9	59.6	43.6	1 / 8	1 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.1	55.3	30.8	0 / 8	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(39.5–58.7)	(40.1–69.8)	(17.0–47.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.9	55.3	31.6	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	57.8	31.6	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.9	46.7	21.1	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.6	0.0	2.6	0 / 8	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	39.4	21.4	3 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	1 / 17	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	41.8	19.2	4 / 12		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	48	22	24	13	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.3	27.3	20.8	2 / 13	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.7	2.1	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		21		10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		61.9		7 / 10	
Average number of embryos transferred		1.9		1.8	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Advanced Reproductive Care Center of Irving

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WILFORD HALL MEDICAL CENTER LACKLAND AFB, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	48%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	33%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	22%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Matthew G. Retzlaff, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	81	31	37	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	42.9	35.6	23.6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.7	54.8	45.9		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.3	45.2	29.7		
(Confidence Interval)	(42.9–65.4)	(27.3–64.0)	(15.9–47.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.3	46.7	30.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.7	48.3	30.6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	39.2	34.5	22.2		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	3.2	2.7		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.0	2.5		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.0	5 / 17	4 / 17		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 17	1 / 17		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	29.5	4 / 14	3 / 11		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Brooke Army Medical Center

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND REPRODUCTIVE SURGERY
TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER
LUBBOCK, TEXAS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	71%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	16%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	9%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sami I. Jabara, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	28	8	5	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.7	4 / 17	1 / 12		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	60.7	4 / 8	1 / 5		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	4 / 8	1 / 5		
(Confidence Interval)	(24.5–62.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0	4 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0	4 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.0	4 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.7	1 / 8	0 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.4	2.4		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	2	1	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.0	1.0	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred			1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.
^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.
^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.
^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTRE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE LUBBOCK, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	30%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	37%
		With eSET	Male factor	7%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Janelle O. Dorsett, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	43	15	9	6	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.1	54.2	2 / 12	2 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.8	10 / 15	2 / 9	2 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.5	9 / 15	2 / 9	2 / 6	
(Confidence Interval)	(31.2–62.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.5	9 / 13	2 / 9	2 / 6	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.6	9 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 5	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	7 / 13	2 / 6	2 / 5	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	2 / 15	0 / 9	0 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.2	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	42.9	3 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.0	2 / 9	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	7	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 7	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	9		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Centre for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE INSTITUTE OF SOUTH TEXAS McALLEN, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	18%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	30%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Esteban Brown, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	57	29	23	6	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.6	22.5	7.0	4.5	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.9	48.3	21.7	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.4	37.9	13.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(34.0–61.0)	(20.7–57.7)	(2.8–33.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	40.7	14.3	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.9	42.3	15.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.8	26.9	15.0	1 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.3	6.9	8.7	0 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.7	2.9	3.7	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.6	4 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	13.8	0 / 14	0 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.4	4 / 11	0 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	3	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	1 / 3	0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	2.7	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		10		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		8 / 10			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.6			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Institute of South Texas

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PRESBYTERIAN HOSPITAL PLANO ARTS PLANO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	40%	Ovulatory dysfunction	23%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	20%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	22%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Alfred J. Rodriguez, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	157	70	46	21	13
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.5	23.7	10.5	4.1	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.8	37.1	21.7	14.3	1 / 13
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.8	34.3	15.2	9.5	0 / 13
(Confidence Interval)	(33.0–48.9)	(23.3–46.6)	(6.3–28.9)	(1.2–30.4)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.7	38.1	17.5	2 / 19	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	39.3	18.4	2 / 19	0 / 13
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.9	21.3	13.2	2 / 19	0 / 13
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.5	10.0	13.0	9.5	0 / 13
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.6	3.3	2.6	3.9
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.3	42.3	4 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	5.3	3.8	0 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.6	45.8	2 / 7	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	40	10	15	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	5 / 10	2 / 15	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.3	1.4	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	14		15		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 14		0 / 15		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Presbyterian Hospital Plano ARTS

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY CENTER OF SAN ANTONIO SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis				
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	14%	Other factor	4%	
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	62%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	13%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joseph E. Martin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	134	66	64	24	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	47.6	36.1	19.2	23.8	1 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.9	54.5	29.7	29.2	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	39.4	21.9	25.0	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(45.7–63.1)	(27.6–52.2)	(12.5–34.0)	(9.8–46.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.5	44.8	25.5	6 / 18	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.9	44.8	25.9	6 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.9	39.7	20.4	5 / 16	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.2	12.1	14.1	25.0	1 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	45.8	13.9	5 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	5.6	1 / 19	1 / 7	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	42.5	11.5	3 / 14	1 / 6	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	37	26	36	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.6	53.8	38.9	2 / 3	1 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	28		13		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.4		5 / 13		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Center of San Antonio

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**INSTITUTE FOR WOMEN'S HEALTH
ADVANCED FERTILITY LABORATORY
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	74%	Ovulatory dysfunction	27%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	15%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joseph R. Garza, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	9	7	10	2	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	4 / 18	2 / 18	4.0	0 / 8	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 9	1 / 7	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 9	1 / 7	0 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 9	1 / 7	3 / 10	0 / 2	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.0	3.6	4.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 2	1 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	4	2	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	3.5	2.5	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Institute for Women's Health, Advanced Fertility Laboratory

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PERINATAL AND FERTILITY SPECIALISTS SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	95%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	5%	Endometriosis	17%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	28%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Gerard M. Honoré, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	6	6	6	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	33.3	5 / 17	4 / 11	0 / 8	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 6	3 / 6	3 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	3 / 6	3 / 6	0 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	3 / 6	3 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 6	3 / 6	3 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 6	1 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 6	0 / 6	1 / 6	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	3.5	2.8	2.8	4.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 4	2 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2 / 4	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 3	2 / 3	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	1	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 1			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.6	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		0		2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}				0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred				4.0	

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Perinatal and Fertility Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE ASSOCIATES OF TEXAS, PA SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	83%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	30%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Francisco Arredondo, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	100	44	29	4	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	48.1	24.4	18.9	0 / 6	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.0	38.6	20.7	0 / 4	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.0	34.1	13.8	0 / 4	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(33.1–53.3)	(20.5–49.9)	(3.9–31.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.9	36.6	17.4	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.1	40.5	18.2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.6	32.4	4.5	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	12.0	6.8	20.7	2 / 4	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.2	2.4	3.0	2.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.2	3 / 17	2 / 6		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.0	0 / 17	1 / 6		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.2	3 / 15	3 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	22	8	7	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	3 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.8	2.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.1		2 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UT MEDICINE WOMEN'S HEALTH CENTER SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	20%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	11%	Ovulatory dysfunction	15%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	10%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	20%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert G. Brzyski, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	17	26	11	6	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	10.0	3.7	23.8	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 17	7.7	4 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 17	3.8	4 / 11	0 / 6	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)		(0.1–19.6)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	1 / 16	4 / 8	0 / 5	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 10	1 / 11	4 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 10	1 / 11	4 / 8	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5 / 17	38.5	3 / 11	1 / 6	2 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.6	2.0	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2	0 / 2	1 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	5	6	4	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.2	1.5	2.0	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 4		2 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: UT Medicine Women's Health Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER OF REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE (CORM) WEBSTER, TEXAS

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	16%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	17%	Unknown factor	4%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	12%	Female factors only	<1%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	<1%
		With eSET	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Vicki L. Schnell, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	95	49	41	11	11
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	49.1	25.0	12.5	23.8	8.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.8	28.6	22.0	3 / 11	2 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.5	22.4	12.2	3 / 11	2 / 11
(Confidence Interval)	(39.1–59.9)	(11.8–36.6)	(4.1–26.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.3	24.4	16.1	3 / 9	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	57.3	25.6	18.5	3 / 8	2 / 9
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.1	16.3	18.5	1 / 8	2 / 9
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.5	8.2	24.4	2 / 11	2 / 11
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	43.4	6 / 14	0 / 9	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0 / 14	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.4	4 / 11	0 / 5	2 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	42	19	19	2	5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.0	6 / 19	2 / 19	0 / 2	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.1	2.5	1.5	2.2
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	33		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	78.8		4 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UTAH FERTILITY CENTER PLEASANT GROVE, UTAH

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	66%	Ovulatory dysfunction	13%	Unknown factor	14%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	17%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	6%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Russell A. Foulk, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	48	7	6	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.0	1 / 11	2 / 8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	1 / 7	1 / 6		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	1 / 7	1 / 6		
(Confidence Interval)	(35.2–64.8)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	1 / 7	1 / 5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	1 / 6	1 / 3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.3	1 / 6	0 / 3		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 7	1 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	1.8	2.7		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	50.0	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.2	0 / 1	0 / 1		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	45.8	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	4	2	2	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 2	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	3.0	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		5		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		2 / 5			
Average number of embryos transferred		2.2			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Utah Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UTAH CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	48%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	11%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Ahmad O. Hammoud, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	185	47	45	18	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	52.9	39.2	25.3	13.2	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.7	57.4	35.6	5 / 18	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	42.6	24.4	4 / 18	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(43.9–58.8)	(28.3–57.8)	(12.9–39.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	60.5	52.6	30.6	4 / 15	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.6	54.1	34.4	4 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.4	35.1	25.0	4 / 15	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	15.1	19.1	20.0	3 / 18	4 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.7	29.6	3 / 16	1 / 5	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	0.0	1 / 16	0 / 5	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	42.1	35.0	3 / 11	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	52	15	7	3	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.7	5 / 15	1 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.7	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	29		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	62.1		3 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE CARE CENTER SANDY, UTAH

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	7%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	34%
		With eSET	3%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Keith L. Blauer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	233	47	36	13	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.1	28.0	29.3	4 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	42.9	36.2	41.7	3 / 13	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	38.2	36.2	36.1	2 / 13	
(Confidence Interval)	(31.9–44.8)	(22.7–51.5)	(20.8–53.8)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.3	40.5	43.3	2 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.8	43.6	44.8	2 / 8	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.1	33.3	41.4	1 / 8	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.2	10.6	16.7	3 / 13	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	43.0	6 / 17	2 / 15	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.0	0 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	40.4	4 / 17	1 / 13	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	62	11	8	1	3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.3	0 / 11	1 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.3
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	22	3		
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.9	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Care Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VERMONT CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BURLINGTON, VERMONT

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	7%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	30%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	11%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Peter R. Casson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	41	34	28	12	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.8	31.0	14.3	8.7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	39.0	29.4	21.4	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	24.4	20.6	14.3	0 / 12	
(Confidence Interval)	(12.4–40.3)	(8.7–37.9)	(4.0–32.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	34.5	26.9	18.2	0 / 10	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	31.8	4 / 19	0 / 9	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	24.0	18.2	4 / 19	0 / 9	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	29.3	23.5	21.4	2 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.9	2.2	2.6	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 16	3 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 16	1 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 10	3 / 7	0 / 4		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	2	2	1	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.0	3.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	10		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10		0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Vermont Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WASHINGTON FERTILITY CENTER ANNANDALE, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	2%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	11%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	32%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Pierre Asmar, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	45	24	32	17	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	29.0	22.0	13.2	2.0	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	48.9	33.3	28.1	2 / 17	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	33.3	21.9	1 / 17	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(25.7–55.7)	(15.6–55.3)	(9.3–40.0)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	41.9	34.8	24.1	1 / 16	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	38.1	28.0	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	28.6	24.0	1 / 14	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.4	4.2	9.4	1 / 17	1 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.4	2.7	3.5	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	27.3	3 / 8	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	4.5	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	6 / 18	2 / 8	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	23		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2		1 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Washington Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

DOMINION FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY ARLINGTON, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	10%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	63%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	12%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	69%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	28%
		With eSET	17%	Male factor	11%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael DiMattina, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	213	130	162	70	36
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	31.0	26.4	12.8	11.1	1 / 15
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	21.1	17.7	11.1	5.7	2.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	18.8	15.4	9.9	2.9	2.8
(Confidence Interval)	(13.8–24.7)	(9.7–22.8)	(5.8–15.5)	(0.3–9.9)	(0.1–14.5)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.0	18.7	12.0	3.5	3.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.9	29.4	19.3	7.7	1 / 12
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.4	22.1	19.3	7.7	1 / 12
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.6	17.7	17.9	18.6	19.4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.3	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	11.1	21.7	1 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	0 / 18	0 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7.5	25.0	0 / 16	0 / 2	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	42	28	26	11	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.7	21.4	11.5	1 / 11	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.5	2.0	2.1	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	31		40		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	32.3		25.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		1.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE AND SURGERY CENTER OF VIRGINIA, PLC CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	9%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	59%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	11%	Female factors only	19%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Christopher D. Williams, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	65	50	30	6	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	28.9	19.6	12.5	2 / 15	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	43.1	40.0	23.3	2 / 6	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.4	26.0	20.0	2 / 6	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(23.9–48.2)	(14.6–40.3)	(7.7–38.6)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.7	29.5	25.0	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	39.7	31.0	25.0	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	25.9	21.4	16.7	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.2	12.0	20.0	2 / 6	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.3	3.8	4.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.1	20.0	3 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	34.8	4 / 13	2 / 6	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	28	12	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.6	1 / 12	2 / 3	0 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.3	2.7	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	16		18		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	12 / 16		5 / 18		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center of Virginia, PLC

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GENETICS & IVF INSTITUTE FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	12%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	30%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	26%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	21%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Laurence C. Udoff, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	101	64	66	29	16
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	27.7	21.4	13.7	9.0	0.0
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	36.6	29.7	24.2	24.1	0 / 16
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.7	25.0	13.6	13.8	0 / 16
(Confidence Interval)	(21.0–39.6)	(15.0–37.4)	(6.4–24.3)	(3.9–31.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.0	27.1	14.8	14.8	0 / 14
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.0	30.2	16.1	15.4	0 / 10
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	23.1	18.9	12.5	15.4	0 / 10
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.0	7.8	7.6	6.9	2 / 16
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.1	2.6	2.7
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.4	6 / 19	2 / 16	1 / 7	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.7	0 / 19	1 / 16	0 / 7	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	30.0	6 / 16	2 / 9	0 / 4	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	21	16	4	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.3	38.1	6 / 16	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.5	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	158		81		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.6		42.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Genetics & IVF Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE MUASHER CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND IVF FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	69%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	24%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	11%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	6%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	4%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Suheil J. Muasher, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	38	26	30	15	5
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	20.6	23.5	5.7	0.0	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	28.9	30.8	20.0	1 / 15	2 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.7	26.9	10.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
(Confidence Interval)	(11.4–40.2)	(11.6–47.8)	(2.1–26.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	25.0	26.9	11.1	0 / 15	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.3	26.9	11.1	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	21.2	11.5	7.4	0 / 12	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.3	0.0	10.0	0 / 15	0 / 5
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	2.6	2.8	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 11	4 / 8	1 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 11	0 / 8	0 / 6	0 / 1	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 9	4 / 7	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	4	4	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	0 / 4	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	1		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Muasher Center for Fertility and IVF

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

JONES INSTITUTE FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	89%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	16%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	24%
		Used PGD	1%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	14%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Laurel A. Stadtmauer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	98	54	61	18	12
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	22.0	23.5	11.7	11.1	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	29.6	33.3	16.4	4 / 18	0 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.6	27.8	14.8	2 / 18	0 / 12
(Confidence Interval)	(19.0–37.5)	(16.5–41.6)	(7.0–26.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.4	30.0	16.4	2 / 18	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.3	31.9	18.0	2 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	18.5	27.7	14.0	2 / 15	0 / 6
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.1	7.4	9.8	0 / 18	5 / 12
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	31.0	3 / 18	3 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	6.9	1 / 18	0 / 10	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.0	2 / 15	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	35	17	15	10	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.7	3 / 17	6 / 15	2 / 10	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.1	2.7	2.8	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	41		25		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.3		16.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.4		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

VIRGINIA CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RESTON, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	93%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	18%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	55%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	10%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Fady I. Sharara, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	48	37	24	17	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	54.7	42.2	19.1	10.3	3 / 11
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	64.6	54.1	41.7	5 / 17	2 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	58.3	48.6	25.0	3 / 17	2 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(43.2–72.4)	(31.9–65.6)	(9.8–46.7)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.6	56.3	27.3	3 / 17	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.6	56.3	27.3	3 / 16	2 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	36.2	40.6	22.7	3 / 16	2 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.1	13.5	8.3	0 / 17	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.8
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	48.4	35.0	1 / 10	0 / 5	1 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.2	0.0	0 / 10	0 / 5	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.3	5 / 18	1 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	3	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 1	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	1.7		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	19		6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 19		4 / 6		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FERTILITY INSTITUTE OF VIRGINIA RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	11%	Female factors only	4%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	5%
		With eSET	9%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael C. Edelstein, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	75	30	30	12	9
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	37.6	36.5	23.2	3.4	7.7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.7	43.3	33.3	2 / 12	2 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.3	36.7	26.7	1 / 12	2 / 9
(Confidence Interval)	(33.8–57.3)	(19.9–56.1)	(12.3–45.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.6	42.3	30.8	1 / 8	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	44.0	33.3	1 / 7	2 / 8
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	32.4	40.0	25.0	1 / 7	2 / 8
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.7	13.3	13.3	4 / 12	1 / 9
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.9	4.1	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.8	6 / 13	4 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 13	1 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	35.3	1 / 11	2 / 8	0 / 1	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	46	31	12	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	29.0	3 / 12	2 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.5	3.4	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		9		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 11		2 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Fertility Institute of Virginia

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

LIFESOURCE FERTILITY CENTER RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	87%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	2%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	4%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	46%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	33%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Joseph G. Gianfortoni, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	37	11	4	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.5	5 / 16	1 / 11	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.9	3 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	35.1	3 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(20.2–52.5)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	37.1	3 / 11	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.3	3 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	1 / 8	1 / 4	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.4	0 / 11	0 / 4	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.0	2.8	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 17	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 17	0 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 13	2 / 3	0 / 1	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	10	6	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.0	4 / 10	3 / 6	2 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.9	2.0	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		3		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2		1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.7		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: LifeSource Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE RICHMOND CENTER FOR FERTILITY AND ENDOCRINOLOGY

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	76%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	3%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	45%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Sanford M. Rosenberg, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	47	27	22	4	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.3	33.3	17.4	3 / 11	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	53.2	44.4	36.4	2 / 4	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.9	40.7	27.3	2 / 4	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(34.1–63.9)	(22.4–61.2)	(10.7–50.2)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.3	45.8	6 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.1	52.4	6 / 17	2 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.1	28.6	5 / 17	1 / 3	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.4	11.1	18.2	1 / 4	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.7	1.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	36.0	5 / 12	1 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.1	5 / 11	1 / 6	1 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	16	10	3	3	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	10 / 16	3 / 10	0 / 3	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.7	2.3	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	4		7		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 4		2 / 7		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Richmond Center for Fertility and Endocrinology

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE RICHMOND, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	29%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	60%	Ovulatory dysfunction	10%	Unknown factor	5%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	13%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	33%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Richard S. Lucidi, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	10	3	2	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	3 / 9	1 / 3	0 / 4		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 10	0 / 3	0 / 2		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 8	0 / 2	0 / 2		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	1 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2 / 10	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.5	4.0		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 2				
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	0	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE NEW HOPE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	8%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	27%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	3%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	5%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robin L. Poe-Zeigler, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	85	30	33	8	7
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	41.3	33.3	20.0	5.0	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	58.8	50.0	24.2	1 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.6	46.7	21.2	1 / 8	0 / 7
(Confidence Interval)	(39.5–61.6)	(28.3–65.7)	(9.0–38.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.8	51.9	25.9	1 / 8	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.1	53.8	29.2	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	34.6	34.6	25.0	1 / 7	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.4	10.0	18.2	0 / 8	0 / 7
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.9	2.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	32.0	5 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	2.0	0 / 15	1 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	37.2	5 / 14	1 / 7	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	25	9	8	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0	4 / 9	3 / 8	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0	2.1	3.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		35		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 17		54.3		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

FRANCISCO M. IRIANNI, MD WINCHESTER, VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	27%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	25%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	6%	Male factor	6%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Francisco M. Irianni, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	10	6	3	2	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	6 / 13	3 / 15	0 / 8	0 / 9	0 / 5
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	4 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	4 / 10	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 7	2 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 7	1 / 6	0 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3 / 10	0 / 6	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.5	4.0	4.5	5.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 4	0 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 4	1 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	1	3	0	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 1	1 / 3			0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	3.0	3.3			2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	3		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.7		3.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Francisco M. Irianni, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OVERLAKE REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH, INC., PS BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	<1%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	54%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	<1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	6%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	41%
		Used PGD	10%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	49%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	0%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kevin M. Johnson, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	34	22	12	4	3
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	50.9	38.7	20.0	0 / 5	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.9	45.5	4 / 12	0 / 4	1 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.9	36.4	2 / 12	0 / 4	0 / 3
(Confidence Interval)	(37.9–72.8)	(17.2–59.3)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.9	8 / 19	2 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	67.9	8 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	42.9	6 / 16	2 / 10	0 / 2	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	13.6	1 / 12	2 / 4	0 / 3
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.9	2.5	2.5	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	9 / 19	2 / 10	1 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 19	0 / 10	0 / 4		0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 19	2 / 8	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	3	2	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 2	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.3	2.5	4.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	11		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 11		2 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WASHINGTON CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE BELLEVUE, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	2%	Other factor	36%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	79%	Ovulatory dysfunction	<1%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	48%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	2%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	15%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James I. Kustin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	40	29	18	3	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	43.1	26.2	24.0	1 / 5	0 / 10
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	55.0	20.7	4 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	17.2	3 / 18	1 / 3	0 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(31.5–63.9)	(5.8–35.8)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	19.2	3 / 16	1 / 3	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	5 / 19	3 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	37.8	0 / 19	2 / 11	1 / 3	0 / 3
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	10.3	2 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.3	1.7	3.3
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	40.9	5 / 6	2 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 19	5 / 5	1 / 3	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	14	5	3	0	2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	8 / 14	0 / 5	2 / 3		0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.6	2.0		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	17		8		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 17		2 / 8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2		2.9		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

BELLINGHAM IVF
EMMETT BRANIGAN, MD
BELLINGHAM, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Unknown factor	1%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	12%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Emmett Branigan, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	27	12	8	3	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.0	8.0	0 / 16	0 / 7	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	74.1	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.3	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 3	
(Confidence Interval)	(38.8–77.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	61.5	2 / 12	0 / 8	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	64.0	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	56.0	2 / 12	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.7	0 / 12	0 / 8	1 / 3	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.7	3.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	10.0	0 / 2			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 2			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 16	0 / 2			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	13	6	9	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 13	2 / 6	1 / 9		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.3	2.4		
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	17		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	12 / 17		0 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1		2.3		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Bellingham IVF, Emmett Branigan, MD

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

NORTHWEST CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE SCIENCES KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	48%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	16%
		With eSET	10%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael S. Opsahl, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	99	54	62	16	6
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	46.5	37.8	14.8	15.8	0 / 14
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	54.5	53.7	40.3	4 / 16	0 / 6
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.5	42.6	29.0	3 / 16	0 / 6
(Confidence Interval)	(37.3–57.8)	(29.2–56.8)	(18.2–41.9)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.8	47.9	32.7	3 / 13	0 / 5
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.3	51.1	34.0	3 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.4	35.6	26.4	1 / 11	0 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	10.1	11.1	11.3	3 / 16	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.5	3.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	44.4	24.1	16.0	2 / 4	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.9	10.3	0.0	0 / 4	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	46.8	30.4	4 / 18	2 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	33	19	8	5	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.4	6 / 19	3 / 8	1 / 5	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	27		26		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.6		30.8		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Northwest Center for Reproductive Sciences

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

OLYMPIA WOMEN'S HEALTH OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	39%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	0%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	16%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	10%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	28%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	0%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	2%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by James F. Moruzzi, MD, PhD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	22	6	12	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.7	5 / 11	21.4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	5 / 6	5 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.8	2 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(13.9–54.9)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	31.8	2 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	7 / 19	2 / 6	2 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	6 / 19	2 / 6	1 / 12	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	0 / 6	0 / 12	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	2.3	1.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 11	0 / 5	1 / 5		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 5	0 / 5		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	1 / 7	0 / 2	1 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	0	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5		1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		1.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs		Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos	
Number of transfers		3		0	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}		2 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred		1.7			

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Olympia Women's Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST FERTILITY AND IVF SPECIALISTS SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	3%	Other factor	30%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	84%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	<1%	Diminished ovarian reserve	18%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	5%
		Used PGD	2%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	5%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Lorna A. Marshall, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	82	67	78	35	19
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	36.5	27.1	21.8	7.4	2.8
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	50.0	41.8	38.5	22.9	2 / 19
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.7	38.8	21.8	11.4	2 / 19
(Confidence Interval)	(31.8–54.1)	(27.1–51.5)	(13.2–32.6)	(3.2–26.7)	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	41.3	28.8	14.3	2 / 19
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.5	41.9	29.8	14.8	2 / 17
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.9	33.9	29.8	14.8	2 / 17
Percentage of cancellations ^b	6.1	6.0	24.4	20.0	0 / 19
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.5	4.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	41.5	21.4	10.0	1 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	3.6	0.0	0 / 8	0 / 2
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	34.3	19.2	0 / 17	0 / 4	0 / 2
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	61	46	31	11	4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	55.7	50.0	41.9	3 / 11	2 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	1.7	1.9	2.6	1.5
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	53		101		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	75.5		57.4		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**SEATTLE REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE
INTEGRATED AMERICA
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	67%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	7%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	23%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	<1%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	<1%	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	25%	Male factor	21%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Michael R. Soules, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	269	145	146	77	35
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	51.3	35.7	25.7	12.0	4.9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	57.6	46.2	41.1	27.3	11.4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.5	40.0	28.1	14.3	11.4
(Confidence Interval)	(47.4–59.6)	(32.0–48.5)	(21.0–36.1)	(7.4–24.1)	(3.2–26.7)
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	56.3	43.0	31.8	15.9	14.3
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	59.3	46.8	34.7	16.2	15.4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	44.4	37.1	23.7	14.7	15.4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.8	6.9	11.6	10.4	20.0
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	3.2
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	24.5	19.4	25.0	4.8	0 / 4
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0 / 4
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	25.0	20.7	31.7	1 / 11	0 / 4
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	75	35	36	12	6
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	30.7	40.0	27.8	2 / 12	1 / 6
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.8
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	184		113		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	65.8		30.1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5		1.6		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine, Integrated America

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY REPRODUCTIVE CARE SEATTLE, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	17%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	100%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	33%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	17%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	17%
		With eSET	17%	Male factor	33%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kat Lin, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	3	2	0	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	2 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	2 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	2 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	2 / 3	1 / 2		0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 3	0 / 2		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.0		3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University Reproductive Care

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Pending
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

THE CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	7%	Other factor	3%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	72%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	27%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	32%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Edwin Robins, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	76	22	19	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	63.1	31.3	25.6	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	81.6	45.5	9 / 19	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	75.0	36.4	7 / 19	0 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(63.7–84.2)	(17.2–59.3)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	77.0	38.1	7 / 18	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	79.2	40.0	7 / 14	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	40.3	20.0	5 / 14	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	2.6	4.5	1 / 19	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.4	3.1	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	50.0	3 / 10	2 / 9		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1.6	1 / 10	0 / 9		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	49.1	4 / 8	2 / 7		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	22	19	7	6	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	5 / 19	4 / 7	1 / 6	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.2	2.6	2.8	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	20		5		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	85.0		2 / 5		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: The Center for Reproductive Health

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GYFT CLINIC, PLLC TACOMA, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Ovulatory dysfunction	14%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	8%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	6%	Female factors only	11%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	13%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	27%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Robert Z. McLees, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	35	12	18	3	2
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.6	6.4	12.1	3 / 11	0 / 9
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	45.7	3 / 12	6 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 12	3 / 18	2 / 3	0 / 2
(Confidence Interval)	(26.3–60.6)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	46.9	3 / 12	3 / 17	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	3 / 12	3 / 16	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	26.7	3 / 12	2 / 16	2 / 3	0 / 2
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.6	0 / 12	1 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 2
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.9	4.1	3.7	4.5
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 16	0 / 3	2 / 6	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3 / 16	0 / 3	0 / 6	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 15	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 9	1 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.0			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 2		1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

MADIGAN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER TACOMA, WASHINGTON

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	13%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	60%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	13%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	8%	Female factors only	7%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	19%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	17%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Greg E. Chow, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	34	25	23	11	4
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	38.2	42.5	28.3	9.5	1 / 12
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	52.9	52.0	39.1	1 / 11	1 / 4
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	47.1	36.0	26.1	1 / 11	1 / 4
(Confidence Interval)	(29.8–64.9)	(18.0–57.5)	(10.2–48.4)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	39.1	30.0	1 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	53.3	9 / 19	6 / 19	1 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	43.3	6 / 19	4 / 19	0 / 8	1 / 4
Percentage of cancellations ^b	5.9	8.0	13.0	3 / 11	0 / 4
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.6	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	4 / 18	6 / 13	4 / 9	1 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 18	0 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	3 / 16	3 / 9	2 / 6	1 / 1	0 / 1
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	10	4	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 10	2 / 4			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3			
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Donor Eggs					
Number of transfers	0		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Madigan Army Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	No	<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY FERTILITY CENTER CHARLESTON, WEST VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	8%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	37%	Ovulatory dysfunction	6%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	29%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	10%	Female factors only	10%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	12%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	12%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Pickens A. Gantt, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	24	5	8	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	25.0	4 / 12	4 / 14		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	37.5	3 / 5	3 / 8	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	33.3	3 / 5	3 / 8	0 / 1	
(Confidence Interval)	(15.6–55.3)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	36.4	3 / 5	3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	40.0	3 / 5	3 / 6		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.0	2 / 5	2 / 6		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.3	0 / 5	2 / 8	1 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2	2.4	2.3		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 9	1 / 3	1 / 3		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 9	0 / 3	0 / 3		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 8	1 / 3	1 / 3		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	0	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5		0 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8		2.5		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	5		1	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		1.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: West Virginia University Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	No
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

CENTER FOR ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE HUNTINGTON, WEST VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	22%	Other factor	22%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	37%	Ovulatory dysfunction	16%	Unknown factor	3%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	0%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	14%	Female factors only	0%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	8%
		With eSET	4%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by William N. Burns, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	15	5	10	0	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	23.5	0 / 15	11.8		
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	6 / 15	0 / 5	4 / 10		
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 15	0 / 5	2 / 10		
(Confidence Interval)					
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 15	0 / 4	2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	5 / 15	0 / 4	2 / 10		
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	3 / 15	0 / 4	2 / 10		
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 15	1 / 5	0 / 10		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	3.8	3.4		
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	2 / 6		0 / 4		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 6		0 / 4		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	2 / 5		0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	5	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 5	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.4	1.0	1.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WEST VIRGINIA UNIVERSITY CENTER FOR REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	11%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	73%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	2%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	4%	Female factors only	21%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	58%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	4%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Roger C. Toffle, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	25	11	13	1	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	35.8	15.0	2 / 18	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	56.0	3 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.0	1 / 11	2 / 13	0 / 1	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(27.8–68.7)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.2	1 / 10	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	1 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	31.8	1 / 9	2 / 9	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	8.0	1 / 11	4 / 13	0 / 1	1 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.4	2.2	2.0	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 14	1 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 14	0 / 3	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	5 / 12	0 / 1	0 / 2		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	3	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2	0 / 3			
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5	1.7			
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: West Virginia University Center for Reproductive Medicine

Donor egg?	No	Gestational carriers?	No	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES-GREEN BAY
THE WOMEN'S CENTER AT AURORA BAYCARE MEDICAL CENTER
GREEN BAY, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	2%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	97%	Ovulatory dysfunction	2%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	<1%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	0%	Female factors only	1%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	47%
		With eSET	2%	Male factor	43%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark F. Severino, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	63	17	15	12	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	32.0	32.1	16.7	13.6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	46.0	7 / 17	3 / 15	2 / 12	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	5 / 17	2 / 15	1 / 12	
(Confidence Interval)	(30.5–56.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	43.5	5 / 17	2 / 15	1 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	5 / 16	2 / 11	1 / 11	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	30.0	2 / 16	2 / 11	1 / 11	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.6	0 / 17	0 / 15	0 / 12	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	1.8	2.2	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	34.5	3 / 7	1 / 3	1 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 3	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	33.3	3 / 5	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	31	13	3	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.0	1 / 13	2 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	1.4	2.0	2.0	2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 5				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.2				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Aurora Fertility Services-Green Bay, The Women's Center at Aurora BayCare Medical Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

GUNDERSEN LUTHERAN FERTILITY CENTER LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	5%	Other factor	5%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	82%	Ovulatory dysfunction	3%	Unknown factor	0%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	4%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	3%	Female factors only	27%
		Used PGD	6%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	35%
		With eSET	32%	Male factor	19%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Kathy Trumbull, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	34	10	9	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	24.4	9 / 15	6 / 19	1 / 5	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	32.4	7 / 10	5 / 9	1 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	23.5	6 / 10	4 / 9	1 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(10.7–41.2)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	27.6	6 / 8	4 / 8	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.6	6 / 8	4 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.6	5 / 8	3 / 7	1 / 2	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	14.7	2 / 10	1 / 9	0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.5	1.9	2.7	2.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	1 / 11	2 / 7	1 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0 / 11	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	0 / 8	1 / 6	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	12	1	2	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	2 / 12	0 / 1	1 / 2		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.8	3.0	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
	Number of transfers	3		2	
	Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 3		0 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.5		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Gundersen Lutheran Fertility Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	No
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes	(See Appendix C for details.)			

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-GENERATIONS FERTILITY CARE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a			Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:	Tubal factor	12%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	Ovulatory dysfunction	7%	Unknown factor	8%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	Diminished ovarian reserve	5%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	Endometriosis	1%	Female factors only	15%
		Used PGD	Uterine factor	1%	Female & male factors	24%
		With eSET	Male factor	23%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Dan I. Lebovic, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	42	16	5	2	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.3	23.3	2 / 12	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.6	5 / 16	2 / 5	0 / 2	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	3 / 16	1 / 5	0 / 2	
(Confidence Interval)	(27.7–59.0)				
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.4	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	54.5	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	33.3	3 / 13	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	16.7	3 / 16	1 / 5	1 / 2	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.3	3.0	2.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	35.0	2 / 5	1 / 2		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 5	0 / 2		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	7 / 18	0 / 3	0 / 1		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	6	4	0	1	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 6	1 / 4		0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	1.3		2.0	
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		4		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}			2 / 4		
Average number of embryos transferred			2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WISCONSIN FERTILITY INSTITUTE MIDDLETON, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	6%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	94%	Ovulatory dysfunction	5%	Unknown factor	13%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	17%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	3%	Endometriosis	5%	Female factors only	8%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	2%	Female & male factors	23%
		With eSET	<1%	Male factor	16%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by David L. Olive, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	60	35	19	4	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	14.9	8.5	12.7	1 / 11	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	33.3	20.0	5 / 19	1 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.3	11.4	4 / 19	1 / 4	
(Confidence Interval)	(17.5–41.4)	(3.2–26.7)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	28.3	12.5	4 / 19	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	29.3	13.3	4 / 17	1 / 3	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	22.4	10.0	3 / 17	1 / 3	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0.0	8.6	0 / 19	1 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.8	2.7	3.2	3.7	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	20.0	1 / 7	2 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	0.0	0 / 7	0 / 5	0 / 1	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 17	1 / 4	1 / 4	0 / 1	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	36	16	11	2	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	22.2	5 / 16	0 / 11	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.0	4.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		25		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9		20.0		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3		2.2		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

**FROEDTERT & MEDICAL COLLEGE OF WISCONSIN
REPRODUCTIVE MEDICINE CENTER
MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN**

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	6%	Other factor	4%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	92%	Ovulatory dysfunction	9%	Unknown factor	10%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	15%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	2%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	3%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	14%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	32%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Estil Strawn, Jr., MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	109	46	33	2	1
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	40.6	28.6	16.9	0 / 6	0 / 3
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	47.7	39.1	21.2	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.0	39.1	18.2	0 / 2	0 / 1
(Confidence Interval)	(34.5–53.9)	(25.1–54.6)	(7.0–35.5)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	44.9	43.9	20.7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	49.0	43.9	25.0	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	29.6	26.8	16.7	0 / 2	0 / 1
Percentage of cancellations ^b	1.8	10.9	12.1	0 / 2	0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	3.0
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	38.5	8 / 18	1 / 7		
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.8	0 / 18	1 / 7		
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	39.6	7 / 18	2 / 6		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	29	16	12	0	1
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.7	2 / 16	3 / 12		0 / 1
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	1.8	1.9		2.0
All Ages Combined^e					
	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	21		11		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	52.4		3 / 11		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.7		1.8		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin, Reproductive Medicine Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			<i>(See Appendix C for details.)</i>	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

REPRODUCTIVE SPECIALTY CENTER MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	10%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	46%	Ovulatory dysfunction	0%	Unknown factor	6%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	12%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	1%	Endometriosis	7%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	31%
		With eSET	7%	Male factor	26%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Grace M. Janik, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	21	12	20	15	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	54.3	26.1	20.0	11.4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	61.9	5 / 12	45.0	3 / 15	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	42.9	5 / 12	30.0	3 / 15	
(Confidence Interval)	(21.8–66.0)		(11.9–54.3)		
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	45.0	5 / 11	6 / 19	3 / 13	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	9 / 18	5 / 11	6 / 17	3 / 12	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	5 / 18	4 / 11	6 / 17	3 / 12	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	4.8	1 / 12	5.0	2 / 15	
Average number of embryos transferred	1.9	2.1	2.6	2.9	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	5 / 13	1 / 5	1 / 9	1 / 3	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	1 / 13	0 / 5	0 / 9	0 / 3	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	4 / 9	1 / 5	0 / 6	0 / 3	
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	8	5	3	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 8	2 / 5	1 / 3		
Average number of embryos transferred	1.6	2.6	2.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	2		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	1 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0				

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Reproductive Specialty Center

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	No	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

WOMEN'S HEALTH CARE, SC WAUKESHA, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	0%	Other factor	0%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	56%	Ovulatory dysfunction	18%	Unknown factor	27%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	9%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	0%	Endometriosis	9%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	0%	Uterine factor	0%	Female & male factors	9%
		With eSET	0%	Male factor	18%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Matthew A. Meyer, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	3	3	2	1	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	0 / 7	1 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 3	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c} (Confidence Interval)	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	1 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	0 / 3	1 / 2	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	0 / 3	0 / 3	0 / 2	0 / 1	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.3	1.5	1.5	3.0	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b		0 / 1			
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b		0 / 1			
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}		0 / 1			
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	2	0	0	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	0 / 2				
Average number of embryos transferred	2.5				
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	0		0		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}					
Average number of embryos transferred					

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: This clinic has closed or reorganized since 2010. Information on current clinic services and profile therefore is not provided here. Contact the NASS Help Desk for current information about this clinic.

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

AURORA HEALTH CARE-AURORA FERTILITY SERVICES, WEST ALLIS WEST ALLIS, WISCONSIN

A comparison of clinic success rates may not be meaningful because patient medical characteristics and treatment approaches vary from clinic to clinic. For more details about this, along with information on how to interpret the statistics in this table, see pages 11–20.

2010 ART CYCLE PROFILE

Type of ART ^a				Patient Diagnosis			
IVF	100%	Procedural Factors:		Tubal factor	4%	Other factor	<1%
GIFT	0%	With ICSI	92%	Ovulatory dysfunction	4%	Unknown factor	2%
ZIFT	0%	Unstimulated	0%	Diminished ovarian reserve	3%	<i>Multiple Factors:</i>	
Combination	0%	Used gestational carrier	2%	Endometriosis	<1%	Female factors only	9%
		Used PGD	4%	Uterine factor	<1%	Female & male factors	47%
		With eSET	1%	Male factor	29%		

2010 PREGNANCY SUCCESS RATES

Data verified by Mark F. Severino, MD

Type of Cycle	Age of Woman				
	<35	35–37	38–40	41–42	43–44 ^d
Fresh Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of cycles	52	23	16	4	0
Percentage of embryos transferred resulting in implantation ^b	39.0	42.9	32.3	2 / 6	
Percentage of cycles resulting in pregnancies ^b	51.9	56.5	9 / 16	2 / 4	
Percentage of cycles resulting in live births ^{b,c}	48.1	43.5	8 / 16	0 / 4	
(Confidence Interval)	(34.0–62.4)	(23.2–65.5)			
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births ^{b,c}	50.0	50.0	8 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	51.0	50.0	8 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births ^b	28.6	30.0	7 / 13	0 / 4	
Percentage of cancellations ^b	3.8	13.0	3 / 16	0 / 4	
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0	2.1	2.4	1.5	
Percentage of pregnancies with twins ^b	37.0	4 / 13	2 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of pregnancies with triplets or more ^b	3.7	1 / 13	0 / 9	0 / 2	
Percentage of live births having multiple infants ^{b,c}	44.0	4 / 10	1 / 8		
Frozen Embryos from Nondonor Eggs					
Number of transfers	9	1	1	0	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	3 / 9	0 / 1	1 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.1	2.0	3.0		
All Ages Combined^e					
Donor Eggs	Fresh Embryos		Frozen Embryos		
Number of transfers	5		1		
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births ^{b,c}	4 / 5		0 / 1		
Average number of embryos transferred	2.0		2.0		

CURRENT CLINIC SERVICES AND PROFILE

Current Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services, West Allis

Donor egg?	Yes	Gestational carriers?	Yes	SART member?	Yes
Donor embryo?	Yes	Cryopreservation?	Yes	Verified lab accreditation?	Yes
Single women?	Yes			(See Appendix C for details.)	

^a Reflects patient and treatment characteristics of ART cycles performed in 2010 using fresh nondonor eggs or embryos.

^b When fewer than 20 cycles are reported in an age category, rates are shown as a fraction and confidence intervals are not given. Calculating percentages from fractions may be misleading and is not encouraged.

^c A multiple-infant birth is counted as one live birth.

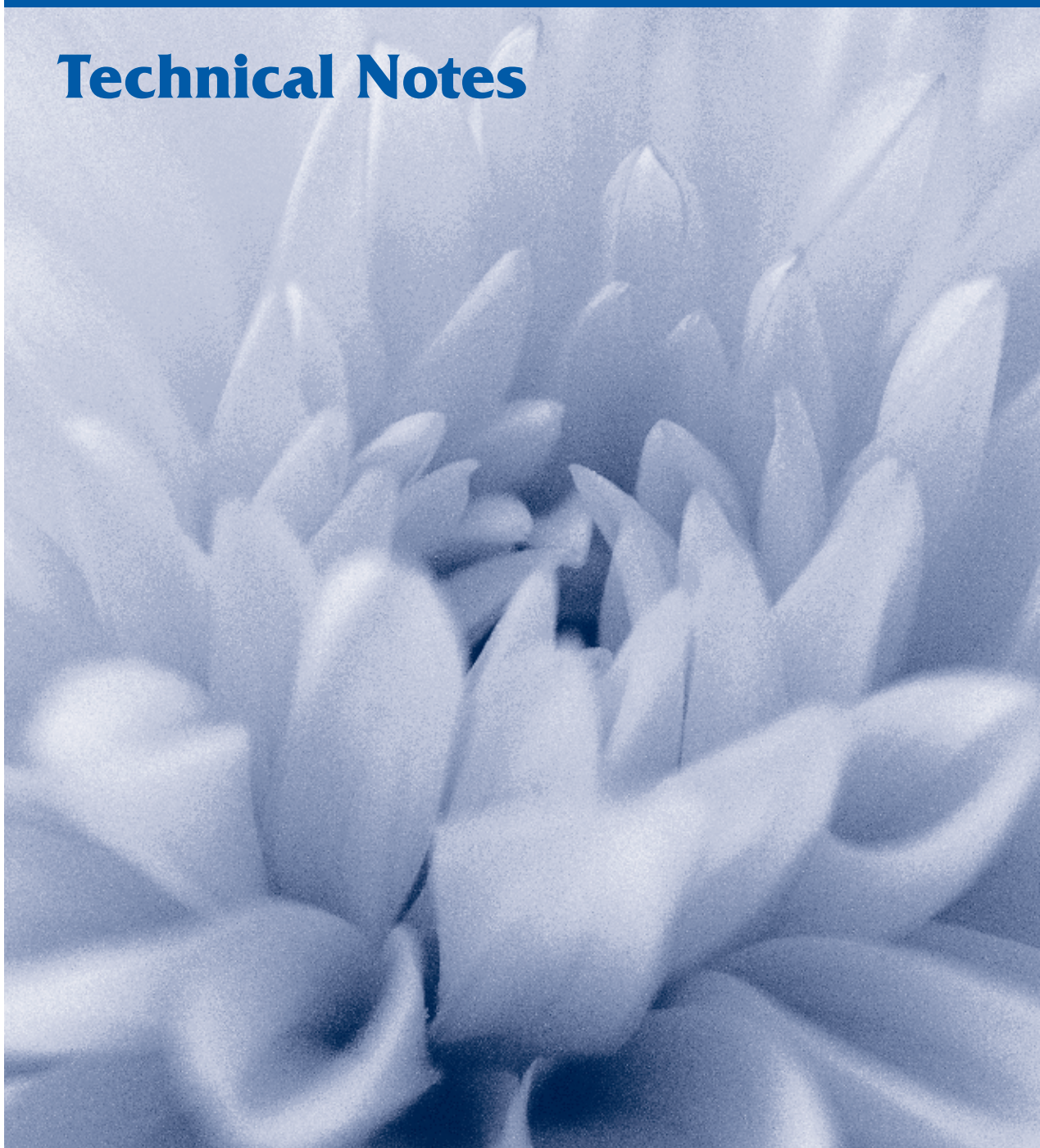
^d Clinic-specific outcome rates for women older than 44 undergoing ART cycles using fresh or frozen embryos with nondonor eggs are not included because of small numbers.

^e All ages (including ages >44) are reported together because previous data show that patient age does not materially affect success with donor eggs.

2010

Appendix A

Technical Notes



APPENDIX A: TECHNICAL NOTES

How to Interpret a Confidence Interval

What is a confidence interval?

Simply speaking, confidence intervals are a useful way to consider margin of error, a statistic often used in voter polls to indicate the range within which a value is likely to be correct (e.g., 30% of the voters favor a particular candidate with a margin of error of plus or minus 3.5%). Similarly, in this report, confidence intervals are used to provide a range that we can be quite confident contains the success rate for a particular clinic during a particular time.

Why do we need to consider confidence intervals if we already know the exact success rates for each clinic in 2010?

No success rate or statistic is absolute. Suppose a clinic performed 100 cycles among women younger than 35 in 2010 and had a success rate of 20% with a confidence interval of 12%–28%. The 20% success rate tells us that the average chance of success for women younger than 35 treated at this clinic in 2010 was 20%. How likely is it that the clinic could repeat this performance? For example, if the same clinic performed another 100 cycles under similar clinical conditions on women with similar characteristics, would the success rate again be 20%? The confidence interval tells us that the success rate would likely fall between 12% and 28%.

Why does the size of the confidence interval vary for different clinics?

The size of the confidence interval gives us a realistic sense of how secure we feel about the success rate. If the clinic had performed only 20 cycles instead of 100 among women younger than age 35 and still had a 20% success rate (4 successes out of 20 cycles), the confidence interval would be much larger (between 3% and 37%) because the success or failure of each individual cycle would be more significant. For example, if just one more cycle had resulted in a live birth, the success rate would have been substantially higher—25%, or 5 successes out of 20 cycles. Likewise, if just one more cycle had not been successful, the success rate would have been substantially lower—15%, or 3 out of 20 cycles. Compare this scenario to the original example of the clinic that performed 100 cycles and had a 20% success rate. If just one more cycle had resulted in a live birth, the success rate would have changed only slightly, from 20% to 21%, and if one more cycle had not been successful, the success rate would have fallen to only 19%. Thus, our confidence in a 20% success rate depends on how many cycles were performed.

Why should confidence intervals be considered when success rates from different clinics are being compared?

Confidence intervals should be considered because success rates can be misleading. For example, if Clinic A performs 20 cycles in a year and 8 cycles result in a live birth, its live birth rate would be 40%. If Clinic B performs 600 cycles and 180 result in a live birth, the percentage of cycles that resulted in a live birth would be 30%. We might be tempted to say that Clinic A has a better success rate than Clinic B. However, because Clinic A performed few cycles, its success rate would have

a wide 95% confidence interval of 18.5%–61.5%. On the other hand, because Clinic B performed a large number of cycles, its success rate would have a relatively narrow confidence interval of 26.2%–33.8%. Thus, Clinic A could have a rate as low as 18.5% and Clinic B could have a rate as high as 33.8% if each clinic repeated its treatment with similar patients under similar clinical conditions. Moreover, Clinic B's rate is much more likely to be reliable because the size of its confidence interval is much smaller than Clinic A's.

Even though one clinic's success rate may appear higher than another's based on the confidence intervals, **these confidence intervals are only one indication that the success rate may be better. Other factors also must be considered** when comparing rates from two clinics. For example, some clinics see more than the average number of patients with difficult infertility problems, whereas others discourage patients with a low probability of success. For further information on important factors to consider when using the tables to assess a clinic, refer to pages 11–13.

Validation of 2010 ART Data

Site visits to assisted reproductive technology (ART) clinics for validation of 2010 ART data were conducted during April through June 2012. For validation of 2010 data, 35 of the 443 reporting clinics were randomly selected after taking into consideration the number of ART procedures performed at each clinic, some cycle and clinic characteristics and whether the clinic had been selected before. During each validation visit, ART data reported by the clinic to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention were compared with information documented in medical records.

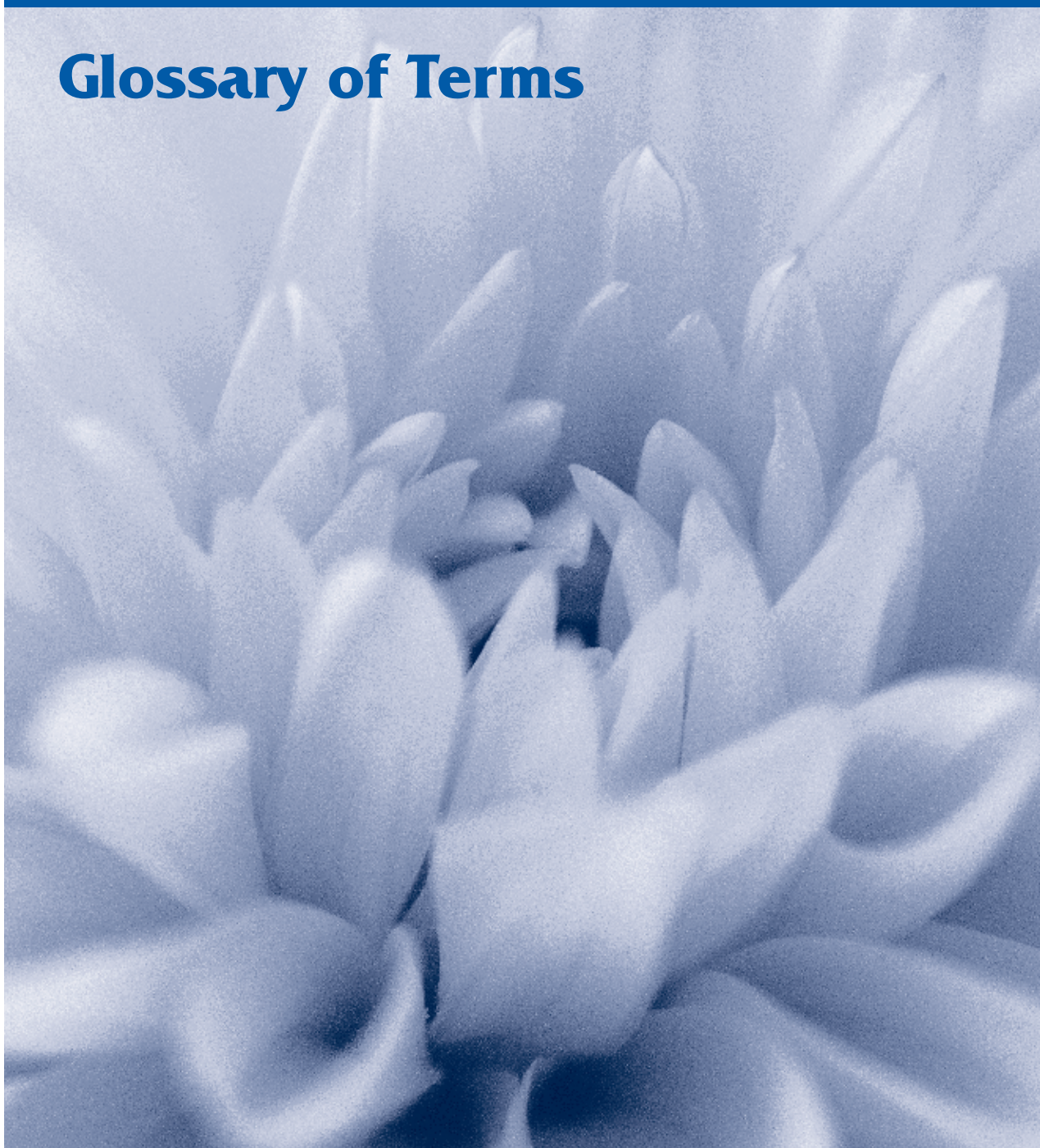
For each clinic, the fully validated sample included up to 40 ART cycles resulting in pregnancy and up to 20 ART cycles not resulting in pregnancy. In total, 2,070 ART cycles performed in 2010 across the 35 clinics were randomly selected for full validation, along with 135 embryo banking cycles. The full validation included review of 1,352 cycles for which a pregnancy was reported, of which 446 were multiple-fetus pregnancies. In addition, among patients whose cycles were validated, we verified the number of ART cycles performed during 2010. For each of these patients, we compared the total number of ART cycles reported with the total number of ART cycles included in the medical record. If unreported cycles were identified in selected medical records, up to 10 of these cycles were also selected for partial validation.

Findings and discrepancy rates from the 2010 validation visits will be available later this year.

2010

Appendix B

Glossary of Terms



APPENDIX B: GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Adverse outcome. A pregnancy that does not result in a live birth. The adverse outcomes reported for ART procedures are miscarriages, induced abortions, and stillbirths.

American Society for Reproductive Medicine (ASRM). Professional society whose affiliate organization, the Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART), is composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

ART (assisted reproductive technology). All treatments or procedures that involve surgically removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and combining the eggs with sperm to help a woman become pregnant. The types of ART are in vitro fertilization (IVF), gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT), and zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT).

ART cycle. A process in which (1) an ART procedure is performed, (2) a woman has undergone ovarian stimulation or monitoring with the intent of having an ART procedure, or (3) frozen embryos have been thawed with the intent of transferring them to a woman. A cycle begins when a woman begins taking fertility drugs or having her ovaries monitored for follicle production.

Canceled cycle. An ART cycle in which ovarian stimulation was performed but was stopped before eggs were retrieved or, in the case of frozen embryo cycles, before embryos were transferred. Cycles are canceled for many reasons: eggs may not develop, the patient may become ill, or the patient may choose to stop treatment.

Combination cycle. A cycle that uses more than one ART procedure. Combination cycles usually involve IVF plus either GIFT or ZIFT.

Cryopreservation. The practice of freezing extra embryos from a patient's ART cycle for potential future use.

Diminished ovarian reserve. This diagnosis means that the ability of the ovary to produce eggs is reduced. Reasons include congenital, medical, or surgical causes or advanced age.

Donor egg cycle. An embryo is formed from the egg of one woman (the donor) and then transferred to another woman (the recipient). The donor relinquishes all parental rights to any resulting offspring.

Donor embryo. An embryo that is donated by a patient who previously underwent ART treatment and had extra embryos available.

Ectopic pregnancy. A pregnancy in which the fertilized egg implants in a location outside of the uterus—usually in the fallopian tube, the ovary, or the abdominal cavity. Ectopic pregnancy is a dangerous condition that must receive prompt medical treatment.

Egg. A female reproductive cell, also called an oocyte or ovum.

Egg retrieval (also called oocyte retrieval). A procedure to collect the eggs contained in the ovarian follicles.

Egg transfer (also called oocyte transfer). The transfer of retrieved eggs into a woman's fallopian tubes through laparoscopy. This procedure is used only in GIFT.

Embryo. An egg that has been fertilized by a sperm and has undergone one or more divisions.

Embryo transfer. Placement of embryos into a woman's uterus through the cervix after IVF: in ZIFT, the embryos are placed in a woman's fallopian tube.

Endometriosis. A medical condition that involves the presence of tissue similar to the uterine lining in abnormal locations. This condition can affect both fertilization of the egg and embryo implantation.

eSET (elective single-embryo transfer). Elective single-embryo transfer is a procedure in which one embryo, selected from a larger number of available embryos, is placed in the uterus or fallopian tube. The embryo selected for eSET might be from a previous IVF cycle (i.e., cryopreserved embryos [frozen]) or from the current fresh IVF cycle that yielded more than one embryo. The remaining embryos may be set aside for future use or cryopreservation.

Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act of 1992 (FCSRCA). Law passed by the United States Congress in 1992 requiring all clinics performing ART in the United States to annually report their success rate data to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Fertilization. The penetration of the egg by the sperm and the resulting combining of genetic material that develops into an embryo.

Fetus. The unborn offspring from the eighth week after conception to the moment of birth.

Follicle. A structure in the ovaries that contains a developing egg.

Fresh eggs, sperm, or embryos. Eggs, sperm, or embryos that have not been frozen. Fresh embryos, however, may have been conceived using either fresh or frozen sperm.

Frozen embryo cycle. An ART cycle in which frozen (cryopreserved) embryos are thawed and transferred to the woman.

Gamete. A reproductive cell, either a sperm or an egg.

Gestation. The period of time from conception to birth.

Gestational carrier (also called a gestational surrogate). A woman who gestates, or carries, an embryo that was formed from the egg of another woman. The gestational carrier usually has a contractual obligation to return the infant to its intended parents.

Gestational sac. A fluid-filled structure that develops within the uterus early in pregnancy. In a normal pregnancy, a gestational sac contains a developing fetus.

GIFT (gamete intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from the woman's ovary, combining them with sperm, and using a laparoscope to place the unfertilized eggs and sperm into the woman's fallopian tube through small incisions in her abdomen.

ICSI (intracytoplasmic sperm injection). A procedure in which a single sperm is injected directly into an egg; this procedure is commonly used to overcome male infertility problems.

Implantation rate. A measurement of ART success when the ART cycle results in an intrauterine clinical pregnancy, defined as the larger of either the number of maximum fetal hearts by ultrasound or maximum infants born, including live births and stillbirths, out of the total number of embryos transferred.

Induced or therapeutic abortion. A surgical or other medical procedure used to end a pregnancy.

IUI (intrauterine insemination). A medical procedure that involves placing sperm into a woman's uterus to facilitate fertilization. IUI is not considered an ART procedure because it does not involve the manipulation of eggs.

IVF (in vitro fertilization). An ART procedure that involves removing eggs from a woman's ovaries and fertilizing them outside her body. The resulting embryos are then transferred into a woman's uterus through the cervix.

Laparoscopy. A surgical procedure in which a fiber-optic instrument (a laparoscope) is inserted through a small incision in the abdomen to view the inside of the pelvis.

Live birth. The delivery of one or more infants with any signs of life.

Male factor. Any cause of infertility due to low sperm count or problems with sperm function that makes it difficult for a sperm to fertilize an egg under normal conditions.

Miscarriage (also called spontaneous abortion). A pregnancy ending in the spontaneous loss of the embryo or fetus before 20 weeks of gestation, or before 18 weeks from the date of transfer if the pregnancy was achieved using ART.

Multifetal pregnancy reduction. A procedure used to decrease the number of fetuses a woman carries and improve the chances that the remaining fetuses will develop into healthy infants. Multifetal reductions that occur naturally are referred to as spontaneous reductions.

Multiple factors, female and male. A diagnostic category used when one or more female cause and male factor infertility are diagnosed.

Multiple factors, female only. A diagnostic category used when more than one female cause of infertility is diagnosed.

Multiple-fetus pregnancy. A pregnancy with two or more fetuses, determined by the number of fetal hearts observed on an ultrasound performed early in pregnancy (usually in the first trimester).

Multiple-infant birth. A pregnancy that results in the birth of more than one infant.

NASS (National ART Surveillance System). Web-based data collection system used by all ART clinics to report data for each ART procedure to CDC.

Oocyte. The female reproductive cell, also called an egg.

Other causes of infertility. These include immunological problems, chromosomal abnormalities, cancer chemotherapy, and serious illnesses.

Ovarian monitoring. The use of ultrasound and/or blood or urine tests to monitor follicle development and hormone production.

Ovarian stimulation. The use of drugs (oral or injected) to stimulate the ovaries to develop follicles and eggs.

Ovulatory dysfunction. A diagnostic category used when a woman's ovaries are not producing eggs normally. It includes polycystic ovary syndrome and multiple ovarian cysts.

PGD (preimplantation genetic diagnosis).

A technique combining advances in molecular genetics and ART. PGD allows physicians to identify various genetic diseases in the embryo (fertilized egg with several divisions) prior to implantation, that is, before the pregnancy is established. It is of special value for those who are at risk of having children with serious genetic problems.

Pregnancy (clinical). A pregnancy documented by ultrasound that shows a gestational sac in the uterus. For ART data collection purposes, pregnancy is defined as a clinical pregnancy rather than a chemical pregnancy (i.e., a positive pregnancy test).

Singleton. A single live-born infant.

Society for Assisted Reproductive Technology (SART). An affiliate of ASRM composed of clinics and programs that provide ART.

Sperm. The male reproductive cell.

Spontaneous abortion. See Miscarriage.

Stillbirth. The birth of an infant that shows no sign of life after 20 or more weeks of gestation, or 18 or more weeks from the date of transfer if the pregnancy was achieved using ART.

Stimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which a woman receives oral or injected fertility drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles.

Thawed embryo cycle. Same as frozen embryo cycle.

Tubal factor. A diagnostic category used when the woman's fallopian tubes are blocked or damaged, making it difficult for the egg to be fertilized or for an embryo to travel to the uterus.

Ultrasound. A technique used in ART for visualizing the follicles in the ovaries, the gestational sac, or the fetus.

Unexplained cause of infertility. A diagnostic category used when no cause of infertility is found in either the woman or the man.

Unstimulated cycle. An ART cycle in which the woman does not receive drugs to stimulate her ovaries to produce more follicles. Instead, follicles develop naturally.

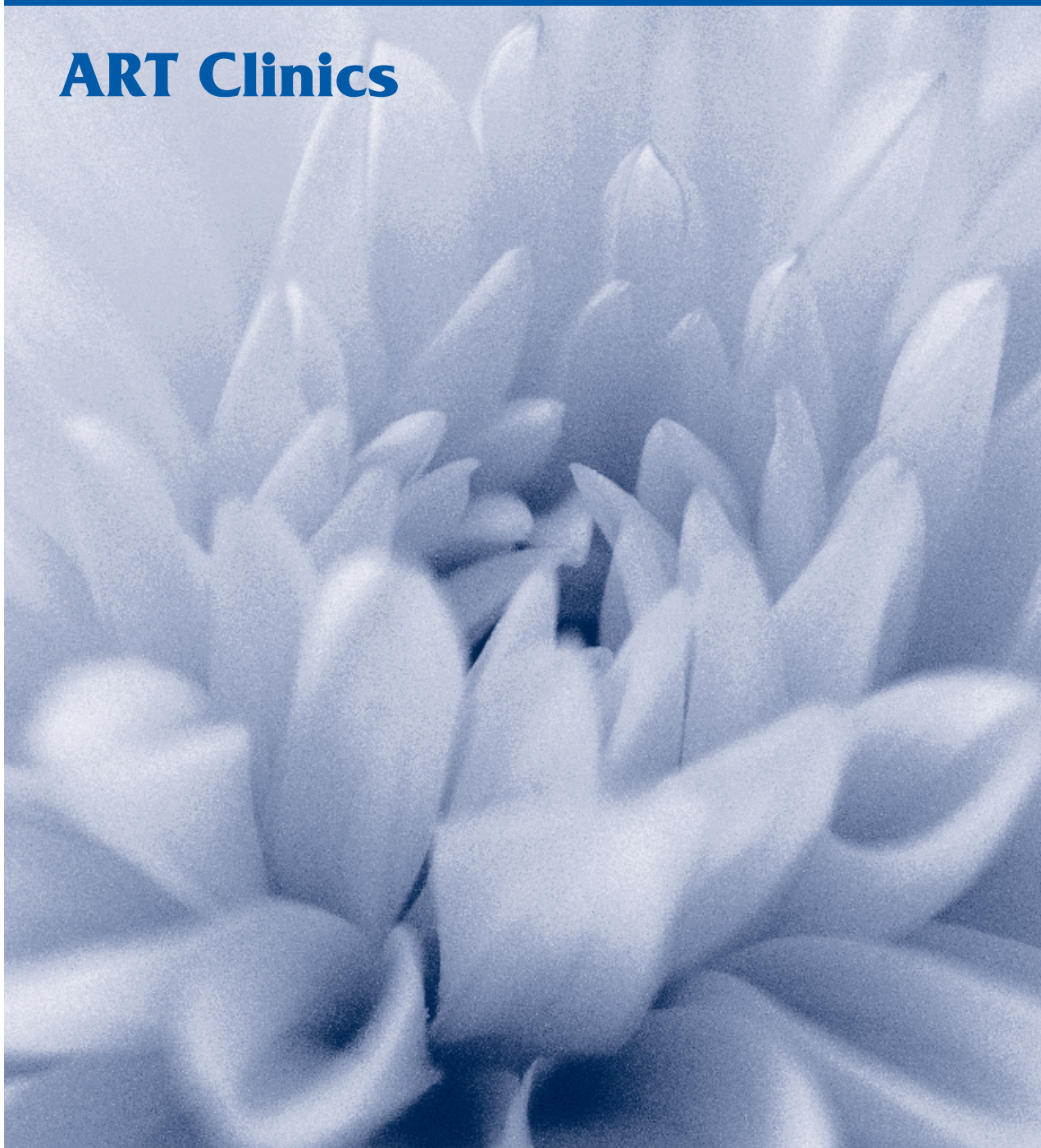
Uterine factor. A structural or functional disorder of the uterus that results in reduced fertility.

ZIFT (zygote intrafallopian transfer). An ART procedure in which eggs are collected from a woman's ovary and fertilized outside her body. A laparoscope is then used to place the resulting zygote (fertilized egg) into the woman's fallopian tube through a small incision in her abdomen.

2010

Appendix C

ART Clinics



APPENDIX C: ART CLINICS

Reporting ART Clinics for 2010, by State

If the clinic name has changed since 2010, the current name is listed in italics directly under the 2010 name. If the clinic location has changed since 2010, the clinic is listed alphabetically by the current city and state.

Clinic names preceded by the § symbol have reorganized or closed since 2010. Reorganization is defined as a change in ownership or affiliation or a change in at least two of the three key staff positions (practice director, medical director, or laboratory director). Contact the NASS Help Desk for current clinic information at 1-888-650-0822 or nass@westat.com.

Explanation of abbreviations for accrediting agencies used throughout this list:

CAP/ASRM = College of American Pathologists/American Society for Reproductive Medicine, Reproductive Laboratory Accreditation Program

The Joint Commission = Formerly the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO)

NYSTB = New York State Tissue Bank Program

PLEASE NOTE that the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) does not oversee any of these accreditation programs. For further information on how to contact accrediting organizations directly, see page 20.

ALABAMA

Alabama Fertility Specialists
2700 Hwy 280, Suite 370
Birmingham AL 35223
Telephone: (205) 874-0000; Fax: (205) 874-7021
Lab Name: Alabama Fertility Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

ART Fertility Program of Alabama
2006 Brookwood Medical Center Dr, Suite 508
Birmingham AL 35209
Telephone: (205) 870-9784; Fax: (205) 870-0698
Lab Name: ART Fertility Program of Alabama IVF/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Alabama at Birmingham
Women and Infants Center-OB/GYN
1700 6th Ave South, 9th Floor
Birmingham AL 35233
Telephone: (205) 801-8212; Fax: (205) 326-9440
Lab Name: University of Alabama at Birmingham
Gamete Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
185 Chateau Dr, Suite 301
Huntsville AL 35801
Telephone: (256) 213-2229; Fax: (256) 213-9978
Lab Name: Huntsville Reproductive Medicine, PC
Accreditation: None

Center for Reproductive Medicine
3 Mobile Infirmiry Cir, Suite 213
Mobile AL 36607
Telephone: (251) 438-4200; Fax: (251) 438-4211
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of South Alabama IVF and ART Program
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility Division
251 Cox St, Suite 100
Mobile AL 36604
Telephone: (251) 415-1491; Fax: (251) 415-1552
Lab Name: University of South Alabama IVF &
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

ALASKA

Peninsula Medical Center
John Nels Anderson, MD
265 N. Binkley St
Soldotna AK 99669
Telephone: (907) 262-4161; Fax: (907) 262-1545
Lab Name: Peninsula Medical Center,
John Nels Anderson, MD
Accreditation: None

ARIZONA

West Valley Fertility Center
Troché Fertility Centers
17612 N. 59th Ave, Suite 100
Glendale AZ 85308
Telephone: (602) 993-8636; Fax: (602) 993-2528
Lab Name: West Valley Fertility Center
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Arizona Reproductive Medicine Specialists
1701 E. Thomas Rd, Bldg 1, Suite 101
Phoenix AZ 85016
Telephone: (602) 343-2767; Fax: (602) 343-2766
Lab Name: Arizona Reproductive Medicine
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Southwest Fertility Center
3125 N. 32nd St, Suite 200
Phoenix AZ 85018
Telephone: (602) 956-7481; Fax: (602) 956-7591
Lab Name: Southwest Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Fertility Care
9819 N. 95th St, Suite 105
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (480) 874-2229; Fax: (480) 874-2231
Lab Name: Arizona Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Arizona Associates for Reproductive Health
8573 E. Princess Dr, Suite 101
Scottsdale AZ 85255
Telephone: (480) 946-9900; Fax: (480) 946-9914
Lab Name: Arizona Associates for Reproductive
Health ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Arizona Center for Fertility Studies
8997 E. Desert Cove Ave, 2nd Floor
Scottsdale AZ 85260
Telephone: (480) 860-4792; Fax: (480) 860-6819
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Fertility
Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IVF Phoenix
9817 N. 95th St, Bldg I, Suite 105
Scottsdale AZ 85258
Telephone: (602) 765-2229; Fax: (602) 493-6641
Lab Name: IVF Phoenix Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Treatment Center
2155 E. Conference Dr, Suite 115
Tempe AZ 85284
Telephone: (480) 831-2445; Fax: (480) 897-1283
Lab Name: Fertility Treatment Center
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Arizona Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
5190 E. Farness Dr, Suite 114
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 326-0001; Fax: (520) 326-7451
Lab Name: Arizona Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology and Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Health Center
4518 E. Camp Lowell Dr
Tucson AZ 85712
Telephone: (520) 733-0083; Fax: (520) 733-0771
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ARKANSAS

Arkansas Fertility Center
Little Rock Fertility Center
9101 Kanis Rd, Suite 300
Little Rock AR 72205
Telephone: (501) 801-1200; Fax: (501) 801-1207
Lab Name: Arkansas Fertility and Gynecology,
Arkansas Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

CALIFORNIA

LifeStart Fertility Center
29525 Canwood St, Suite 220
Agoura Hills CA 91301
Telephone: (818) 889-4532; Fax: (818) 889-4536
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for Garfield Fertility Center,
see South Pasadena, CA

Alta Bates In Vitro Fertilization Program
2999 Regent St, Suite 101A
Berkeley CA 94705
Telephone: (510) 649-0440; Fax: (510) 649-8700
Lab Name: Alta Bates Summit Medical Center, Alta
Bates IVF Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

California Center for Reproductive Health
Beverly Hills Reproductive Fertility Center
9301 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 313
Beverly Hills CA 90210
Telephone: (310) 550-1951; Fax: (310) 550-1971
Lab Name: In Vitrotech Labs, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Reproductive Health & Gynecology
(CRH&G)
99 N. La Cienega Blvd, Suite 109
Beverly Hills CA 90211
Telephone: (310) 360-7584; Fax: (310) 360-9827
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive
Health & Gynecology
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Southern California Reproductive Center
450 N. Roxbury Dr, Suite 500
Beverly Hills CA 90210
Telephone: (310) 277-2393; Fax: (310) 274-5112
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

West Coast IVF Clinic, Inc.
465 N Roxbury Drive, Suite 1012
Beverly Hills CA 90210
Telephone: (310) 285-2049; Fax: (818) 783-5059
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Fertility Care of Orange County
203 N. Brea Blvd, Suite 100
Brea CA 92821
Telephone: (714) 256-0777; Fax: (714) 256-0105
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Acacio Fertility Center IVF Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Central California IVF Program
Women's Specialty and Fertility Center
722 Medical Center Dr East, Suite 105
Clovis CA 93611
Telephone: (559) 299-7700; Fax: (559) 297-9679
Lab Name: Community Medical Center-Clovis
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

California IVF: Davis Fertility Center, Inc.
California IVF Fertility Center, Inc.
1550 Drew Ave, Suite 100
Davis CA 95618
Telephone: (530) 771-0177; Fax: (530) 771-0177
Lab Name: California IVF: Davis Fertility Center, Inc.
Accreditation: None

The Fertility Institutes-Los Angeles,
New York, Guadalajara
16030 Ventura Blvd, Suite 404
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 728-4600; Fax: (818) 728-4616
Lab Name: The Fertility Institutes
IVF Laboratory-Encino
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and
Reproductive Medicine, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

HRC Fertility-Encino
15503 Ventura Blvd, Suite 200
Encino CA 91436
Telephone: (818) 788-7288; Fax: (818) 788-5988
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Zouves Fertility Center
1241 E. Hillsdale Blvd, Suite 100
Foster City CA 94404
Telephone: (650) 378-1000; Fax: (650) 577-1128
Lab Name: Zouves Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

West Coast Fertility Centers
11160 Warner Ave, Suite 411
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 513-1399; Fax: (714) 513-1393
Lab Name: West Coast Fertility Centers Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB

Xpert Fertility Care of California
Minh N. Ho, MD, FACOG
11180 Warner Ave, Suite 465
Fountain Valley CA 92708
Telephone: (714) 429-5848; Fax: (714) 429-5878
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Kaiser Permanente Center for Reproductive Health
39141 Civic Center Dr, Suite 350
Fremont CA 94538
Telephone: (510) 248-6900; Fax: (510) 248-6981
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

Kathleen Kornafel, MD, PhD
1560 E. Chevy Chase Dr, Suite 200
Glendale CA 91206
Telephone: (818) 242-9933; Fax: (818) 242-9937
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.
4900 Barranca Pkwy, Suite 103
Irvine CA 92604
Telephone: (949) 726-0600; Fax: (949) 726-0601
Lab Name: Coastal Fertility Medical Center, Inc.,
Reproductive Specialty Laboratories, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Center of Southern California
2192 Martin St, Suite 110
Irvine CA 92612
Telephone: (949) 955-0072; Fax: (949) 955-0077
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Fertility Center-OC
16300 Sand Canyon Ave, Suite 901
Irvine CA 92618
Telephone: (949) 453-8600; Fax: (949) 453-8601
Lab Name: Reproductive Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Partners-UCSD Regional
Fertility Center
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 800
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 552-9177; Fax: (858) 552-9188
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc. Laboratory-La Jolla
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Sciences Center
4150 Regents Park Row, Suite 280
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 625-0125; Fax: (858) 625-0131
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

HRC Fertility-Orange County
23961 Calle de La Magdalena, Suite 503
Laguna Hills CA 92653
Telephone: (949) 472-9446; Fax: (949) 472-3739
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Acacio Fertility Center
27882 Forbes Rd, Suite 200
Laguna Niguel CA 92677
Telephone: (949) 249-9200; Fax: (949) 249-9203
Lab Name: Acacio Fertility Center IVF Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Loma Linda University Center for Fertility and IVF
Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics
11370 Anderson St, Suite 3950
Loma Linda CA 92354
Telephone: (909) 558-2851; Fax: (909) 558-2450
Lab Name: Loma Linda University Health Care
Fertility Science Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

California Fertility Partners
11818 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 300
Los Angeles CA 90025
Telephone: (310) 828-4008; Fax: (310) 828-3310
Lab Name: California Fertility Partners Reproductive
Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Cedars Sinai Medical Center
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
444 S. San Vicente Blvd, Suite 1002
Los Angeles CA 90048
Telephone: (310) 423-9964; Fax: (310) 423-9777
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

CHA Fertility Center
5455 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1904
Los Angeles CA 90036
Telephone: (323) 525-3377; Fax: (323) 525-3376
Lab Name: CHA Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
10921 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 700
Los Angeles CA 90024
Telephone: (310) 209-7700; Fax: (310) 209-7799
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

UCLA Fertility Center
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
200 Medical Plaza, Suite 430
Los Angeles CA 90095
Telephone: (310) 825-9500; Fax: (310) 206-9731
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

USC Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
1127 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1400
Los Angeles CA 90017
Telephone: (213) 975-9990; Fax: (213) 975-9997
Lab Name: USC Fertility ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Fertility and Gynecology Center
Monterey Bay IVF Program
9833 Blue Larkspur Ln
Monterey CA 93940
Telephone: (831) 649-4483; Fax: (831) 649-9010
Lab Name: Fertility and Gynecology Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Nova In Vitro Fertilization
525 South Dr, Suite 207
Mountain View CA 94040
Telephone: (650) 325-6682; Fax: (650) 887-1600
Lab Name: Nova In Vitro Fertilization
Main Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Specialty Medical Center
1441 Avocado Ave, Suite 203
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 640-7200; Fax: (949) 720-0203
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Southern California Center for
Reproductive Medicine
361 Hospital Rd, Suite 333
Newport Beach CA 92663
Telephone: (949) 642-8727; Fax: (949) 642-5413
Lab Name: Southern California Institute for
Reproductive Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IVF-Orange Surgery Center
431 S. Batavia St, Suite 102
Orange CA 92868
Telephone: (714) 771-7800; Fax: (714) 289-9900
Lab Name: IVF-Orange Surgery Center
Accreditation: None

For current information for Nova In Vitro
Fertilization, see Mountain View, CA

Palo Alto Medical Foundation
Reproductive Endocrinology & Fertility
795 El Camino Real
Palo Alto CA 94301
Telephone: (650) 853-2200; Fax: (650) 853-2237
Lab Name: Fertility & Reproductive Health Institute
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San
Francisco Bay Area Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Stanford Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
Stanford University Department of Gynecology
and Obstetrics
900 Welch Rd, Suite 350
Palo Alto CA 94304
Telephone: (650) 736-4036; Fax: (650) 725-4463
Lab Name: Stanford University Hospitals and Clinics
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

HRC Fertility-Pasadena
HRC-Pasadena
333 S. Arroyo Pkwy, 3rd Floor
Pasadena CA 91105
Telephone: (626) 440-9161; Fax: (626) 585-1603
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
Gamete Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for Palo Alto Medical
Foundation, see Palo Alto, CA

Reproductive Partners-Redondo Beach
510 N. Prospect Ave, Suite 202
Redondo Beach CA 90277
Telephone: (310) 318-3010; Fax: (310) 798-7304
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc.-Redondo Beach
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Northern California Fertility Medical Center
1130 Conroy Ln, Suite 100
Roseville CA 95661
Telephone: (916) 773-2229; Fax: (916) 773-8391
Lab Name: Northern California Fertility Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Sacramento
1650 Response Rd, Suite 1A
Sacramento CA 95815
Telephone: (916) 614-5145; Fax: (916) 614-5045
Lab Name: Kaiser Permanente Center for
Reproductive Health-Sacramento
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Specialists Medical Group
8010 Frost St, Plaza Level
San Diego CA 92123
Telephone: (858) 505-5500; Fax: (858) 505-5555
Lab Name: Fertility Specialists Medical
Group Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NTC Infertility Clinic
2051 Cushing Rd, Bldg 624
San Diego CA 92106
Telephone: (619) 524-6218; Fax: (619) 524-6241
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc. Laboratory-La Jolla
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: SDFC IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

San Diego Fertility Center
(SDFC)
11515 El Camino Real, Suite 100
San Diego CA 92130
Telephone: (858) 794-6363; Fax: (858) 794-6360
Lab Name: SDFC IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Williams OB/GYN
1334 W. Covina Blvd, Suite 102
San Dimas CA 91773
Telephone: (909) 599-8677; Fax: (909) 592-0999
Lab Name: Williams OB/GYN Associates
Accreditation: None

Laurel Fertility Care
1700 California St, Suite 570
San Francisco CA 94109
Telephone: (415) 673-9199; Fax: (415) 673-8796
Lab Name: Laurel Fertility Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Pacific Fertility Center
55 Francisco St, Suite 500
San Francisco CA 94133
Telephone: (415) 834-3000; Fax: (415) 834-3080
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

UCSF Center for Reproductive Health
2356 Sutter St, 7th Floor
San Francisco CA 94115
Telephone: (415) 353-3040; Fax: (415) 353-7744
Lab Name: University of California, San Francisco
Center for Reproductive Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

Fertility Physicians of Northern California
2581 Samaritan Dr, Suite 302
San Jose CA 95124
Telephone: (408) 356-5000; Fax: (408) 355-1665
Lab Name: Fertility & Reproductive Health Institute
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Alex Steinleitner, MD, Inc.
35 Casa St, Suite 260
San Luis Obispo CA 93405
Telephone: (805) 543-2228; Fax: (805) 269-0226
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc.-Redondo Beach
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Science Center of the San Francisco
Bay Area
3160 Crow Canyon Rd, Suite 150
San Ramon CA 94583
Telephone: (925) 867-1800; Fax: (925) 275-3862
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of the San
Francisco Bay Area Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Santa Barbara Fertility Center
536 E. Arrellaga St, Suite 201
Santa Barbara CA 93103
Telephone: (805) 965-3400; Fax: (805) 965-1222
Lab Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of
California IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Santa Monica Fertility Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Parker-Rosenman-Rodi Gynecology and Infertility
Medical Group
1450 Tenth St, Suite 404
Santa Monica CA 90401
Telephone: (310) 451-8144; Fax: (310) 451-3414
Lab Name: Pacific Fertility Center-Los Angeles
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Santa Monica Fertility Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Fertility Associates Medical Group, Inc.
1111 Sonoma Ave, Suite 214
Santa Rosa CA 95405
Telephone: (707) 575-5831; Fax: (707) 575-4379
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Associates Medical
Group, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Valley Center for Reproductive Health
Tina Koopersmith, MD
13320 Riverside Dr, Suite 220
Sherman Oaks CA 91423
Telephone: (818) 986-1648; Fax: (818) 986-1653
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Garfield Fertility Center
1151 El Centro St, Suite A
South Pasadena CA 91030
Telephone: (626) 403-1888; Fax: (626) 403-2188
Lab Name: Huntington Reproductive Center
Gamete Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Center for Fertility and Gynecology
Vermesh Center for Fertility
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 301
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 881-9800; Fax: (818) 881-1857
Lab Name: A.R.T. Medical Group, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Tree of Life Center for Fertility
Snunit Ben-Ozer, MD
18370 Burbank Blvd, Suite 511
Tarzana CA 91356
Telephone: (818) 344-8522; Fax: (818) 344-8521
Lab Name: ART Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility and Surgical Associates of California
325 Rolling Oaks Dr, Suite 110
Thousand Oaks CA 91361
Telephone: (805) 778-1122; Fax: (805) 778-0855
Lab Name: Fertility and Surgical Associates of
California IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Pacific Reproductive Center
3720 Lomita Blvd, Suite 200
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 376-7000; Fax: (310) 373-0319
Lab Name: Pacific Reproductive Center-Torrance
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University Fertility Center
23550 Hawthorne Blvd, Suite 210
Torrance CA 90505
Telephone: (310) 378-7445; Fax: (310) 378-7427
Lab Name: University Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Partners-Westminster
13950 Milton Ave, Suite 100
Westminster CA 92683
Telephone: (714) 702-3000; Fax: (714) 702-3039
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc. Laboratory-Westminster,
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Reproductive Partners Medical
Group, Inc.-Redondo Beach
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

COLORADO

Advanced Reproductive Medicine
University of Colorado
Anschutz Outpatient Pavilion
1635 Aurora Ct, Suite 3400
Aurora CO 80045
Telephone: (720) 848-1690; Fax: (720) 848-1678
Lab Name: University of Colorado Hospital IVF
Clinical Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine & Fertility Center
265 Parkside Dr, Suite 200
Colorado Springs CO 80910
Telephone: (719) 475-2229; Fax: (719) 475-2227
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine and Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Eric H. Silverstein, MD, Professional LLC dba
The Fertility Center of Colorado
6160 Tutt Blvd, Suite 210
Colorado Springs CO 80923
Telephone: (719) 636-0080; Fax: (719) 636-3030
Lab Name: The Fertility Center of
Colorado Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Colorado Reproductive Endocrinology
4600 E. Hale Pkwy, Suite 350
Denver CO 80220
Telephone: (303) 321-7115; Fax: (303) 321-9519
Lab Name: Colorado Reproductive
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Rocky Mountain Center for Reproductive Medicine
1080 E. Elizabeth St
Fort Collins CO 80524
Telephone: (970) 493-6353; Fax: (970) 493-6366
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Center for
Reproductive Medicine
IVF/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Conceptions Reproductive Associates
271 W. County Line Rd
Littleton CO 80129
Telephone: (303) 794-0045; Fax: (303) 794-2054
Lab Name: Conceptions Reproductive Associates
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Colorado Center for Reproductive Medicine
10290 RidgeGate Cir
Lone Tree CO 80124
Telephone: (303) 788-8300; Fax: (303) 788-8310
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Colorado
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Rocky Mountain Fertility Center, PC
9235 Crown Crest Blvd, Suite 250
Parker CO 80138
Telephone: (303) 999-3877; Fax: (303) 999-3878
Lab Name: Rocky Mountain Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

CONNECTICUT

Connecticut Fertility Associates
4920 Main St, Suite 301
Bridgeport CT 06606
Telephone: (203) 373-1200; Fax: (203) 365-6516
Lab Name: Connecticut Fertility
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Center for Advanced Reproductive Services at
the University of Connecticut Health Center
Dowling South Bldg 263 Farmington Ave,
Suite 330
Farmington CT 06030
Telephone: (860) 679-4580; Fax: (860) 679-1499
Lab Name: University of Connecticut Health Center,
Laboratory at the Center for Advanced
Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Greenwich Fertility and IVF Center, PC
55 Holly Hill Ln, Suite 270
Greenwich CT 06830
Telephone: (203) 863-2990; Fax: (203) 863-2980
Lab Name: Greenwich Fertility Center, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Yale Fertility Center
150 Sargent Dr, 2nd Floor
New Haven CT 06511
Telephone: (203) 785-4708; Fax: (203) 764-5669
Lab Name: Yale University School of Medicine, Yale
Fertility Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Connecticut
10 Glover Ave
Norwalk CT 06850
Telephone: (203) 750-7400; Fax: (203) 846-9579
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Connecticut Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

New England Fertility Institute
1275 Summer St, Suite 201
Stamford CT 06905
Telephone: (203) 325-3200; Fax: (203) 323-3130
Lab Name: New England Fertility Institute,
ART-IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Stamford Hospital
30 Shelburne Rd
Stamford CT 06904
Telephone: (203) 276-7559; Fax: (203) 276-7259
Lab Name: New England Fertility Institute,
ART-IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Women's Fertility Center
Dr. Nora R. Miller
1290 Summer St, Suite 2500
Stamford CT 06905
Telephone: (203) 286-6810; Fax: (203) 286-6811
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB
Lab Name: New England Fertility Institute,
ART-IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Park Avenue Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
5520 Park Ave, Suite 103
Trumbull CT 06611
Telephone: (203) 372-6700; Fax: (203) 372-6706
Lab Name: Park Avenue Fertility and
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: None

DELAWARE

Delaware Institute for Reproductive Medicine, PA
Medical Arts Pavilion 1
4745 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 111
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 738-4600; Fax: (302) 738-3508
Lab Name: Delaware Institute for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Associates of Delaware
Medical Arts Pavilion 2
4735 Ogletown-Stanton Rd, Suite 3217
Newark DE 19713
Telephone: (302) 623-4242; Fax: (302) 623-4241
Lab Name: Reproductive Associates of
Delaware Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For current information for The A.R.T. Institute of
Washington, Inc., see Bethesda, MD

Columbia Fertility Associates
2440 M St N.W., Suite 401
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 293-6567; Fax: (202) 778-6190
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The George Washington University Medical
Faculty Associates
Fertility and IVF Center
2150 Pennsylvania Ave N.W., Suite 6-300
Washington DC 20037
Telephone: (202) 741-2520; Fax: (202) 741-2519
Lab Name: Medical Faculty
Associates, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

James A. Simon, MD, PC
1850 M St N.W., Suite 450
Washington DC 20036
Telephone: (202) 293-1000; Fax: (202) 463-6150
Lab Name: Columbia Fertility Associates IVF
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

FLORIDA

BocaFertility
875 Meadows Rd, Suite 334
Boca Raton FL 33486
Telephone: (561) 368-5500; Fax: (561) 368-4793
Lab Name: BocaFertility IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Palm Beach Fertility Center
9291 Glades Rd, Suite 202
Boca Raton FL 33434
Telephone: (561) 477-7728; Fax: (561) 477-7035
Lab Name: Palm Beach Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproductive Care Center
10301 Hagen Ranch Rd, Suite 6
Boynton Beach FL 33437
Telephone: (561) 736-6006; Fax: (561) 736-5788
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Care Center, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Infertility and Reproductive Medicine of
South Broward
9900 Stirling Rd, Suite 300
Cooper City FL 33024
Telephone: (954) 432-2228; Fax: (954) 432-7277
Lab Name: Infertility and Reproductive Medicine of
South Broward
Accreditation: None

Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA
15730 New Hampshire Ct, Unit 101
Fort Myers FL 33908
Telephone: (239) 561-3430; Fax: (239) 561-6980
Lab Name: Southwest Florida Fertility Center, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission (Pend)

Specialists in Reproductive Medicine and
Surgery, PA
12611 World Plaza Ln, Bldg 53
Fort Myers FL 33907
Telephone: (239) 275-8118; Fax: (239) 275-5914
Lab Name: Specialists in Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, PA
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

University of Florida Women's Health at
Magnolia Parke
Women's Health at Magnolia Parke
3951 N.W. 48th Terrace, Suite 101
Gainesville FL 32606
Telephone: (352) 265-6200; Fax: (352) 265-9103
Lab Name: Shands at the University of Florida IVF
and Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Assisted Fertility Program of North Florida
3627 University Blvd South, Suite 450
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 398-1473; Fax: (904) 399-3436
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Brown Fertility Associates
14810 Old Saint Augustine Rd, Suite 201
Jacksonville FL 32258
Telephone: (904) 260-0352; Fax: (904) 260-0353
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Program Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
Baptist Medical Center Pavilion
836 Prudential Dr, Suite 902
Jacksonville FL 32207
Telephone: (904) 399-5620; Fax: (904) 399-5645
Lab Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Jacksonville Center for Reproductive Medicine
7051 Southpoint Pkwy, Suite 200
Jacksonville FL 32216
Telephone: (904) 493-2229; Fax: (904) 396-4546
Lab Name: North Florida Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM (Pend)

Center for Reproductive Medicine
18944 N. Dale Mabry Hwy
Lutz FL 33548
Telephone: (813) 386-0618; Fax: (813) 386-0622
Lab Name: Bill Clark
Accreditation: None

IVF Florida
2960 N. State Rd 7, Suite 300
Margate FL 33063
Telephone: (954) 247-6200; Fax: (954) 247-6296
Lab Name: IVF Florida Reproductive
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Viera Fertility Center
Fertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
for Women
3160 Alzante Circle
Melbourne FL 32940
Telephone: (321) 751-4673; Fax: (321) 751-4567
Lab Name: Viera Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility & IVF Center of Miami, Inc.
8950 N. Kendall Dr, Suite 103
Miami FL 33176
Telephone: (305) 596-4013; Fax: (305) 596-4557
Lab Name: Fertility & IVF Center of Miami Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Miami Infertility Center
1400 N.W. 12th Ave, Suite 5
Miami FL 33136
Telephone: (305) 243-8642; Fax: (305) 324-0363
Lab Name: University of Miami Infertility Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Palmetto Fertility Center of South Florida
7100 W. 20th Ave, Suite 205
Miami Lakes FL 33016
Telephone: (305) 558-0808; Fax: (305) 558-0806
Lab Name: Palmetto Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Center for Reproductive Medicine, PA
3435 Pinehurst Ave
Orlando FL 32804
Telephone: (407) 740-0909; Fax: (407) 740-7262
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

§Frank C. Riggall, MD, PA
3435 Pinehurst Ave
Orlando FL 32804
Telephone: (407) 740-0909; Fax: (407) 740-7262
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

New Leaders in Infertility & Endocrinology, LLC
4400 Bayou Blvd, Suite 36
Pensacola FL 32503
Telephone: (850) 857-3733; Fax: (850) 512-1301
Lab Name: New LIFE Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility & Genetics
201 N. Pine Island Rd, 2nd Floor
Plantation FL 33324
Telephone: (954) 584-2273; Fax: (954) 587-9630
Lab Name: LIFE Laboratories
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center and Applied Genetics of Florida, Inc.
6050 Cattleridge Blvd, Suite 103
Sarasota FL 34232
Telephone: (941) 342-1568; Fax: (941) 342-8296
Lab Name: Fertility Center & Applied Genetics of
Florida, Inc.
Accreditation: None

South Florida Institute for Reproductive Medicine
7300 S.W. 62nd Pl, 4th Floor
South Miami FL 33143
Telephone: (305) 662-7901; Fax: (305) 662-7910
Lab Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory-South Miami
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: South Florida Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory-Jupiter
Accreditation: None

Reproductive Health Associates, PA
2919 Swann Ave, Suite 307
Tampa FL 33609
Telephone: (813) 872-0018; Fax: (813) 876-1149
Lab Name: Bill Clark
Accreditation: None

The Reproductive Medicine Group
5245 E. Fletcher Ave
Tampa FL 33617
Telephone: (813) 676-8844; Fax: (813) 676-8815
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Group
ART Laboratories, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of South Florida IVF
2 Tampa General Cir, 6th Floor
Tampa FL 33606
Telephone: (813) 259-0962; Fax: (813) 259-0882
Lab Name: University of South Florida IVF
Accreditation: None

F.I.R.S.T.
Florida Institute for Reproductive Sciences
and Technologies
2300 N. Commerce Pkwy, Suite 313
Weston FL 33326
Telephone: (954) 217-3456; Fax: (954) 217-3462
Lab Name: Florida Institute for Reproductive
Sciences & Technologies
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center of Assisted Reproduction
& Endocrinology
5931 Brick Ct
Winter Park FL 32792
Telephone: (407) 672-1106; Fax: (407) 678-2790
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Assisted Reproduction
& Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

GEORGIA

Atlanta Center for Reproductive Medicine
5909 Peachtree Dunwoody Rd, Suite 720
Atlanta GA 30328
Telephone: (770) 928-2276; Fax: (770) 592-2092
Lab Name: Atlanta Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Emory Reproductive Center
550 Peachtree St, Suite 1800
Atlanta GA 30308
Telephone: (404) 686-3401; Fax: (404) 686-4956
Lab Name: Emory University, Emory
Reproductive Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Georgia Reproductive Specialists, LLC
5445 Meridian Mark Rd, Suite 270
Atlanta GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-2229; Fax: (404) 843-0812
Lab Name: Georgia Reproductive Specialists
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

For current information for Reproductive Biology
Associates, see Sandy Springs, GA

Reproductive Medicine and Infertility Associates
810 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 722-4434; Fax: (706) 722-9647
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Servy Institute for Reproductive Endocrinology
812 Chafee Ave
Augusta GA 30904
Telephone: (706) 724-0228; Fax: (706) 722-2387
Lab Name: MCGH/PPG Reproductive
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Columbus Center for Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility, LLC
2323 Whittlesey Rd
Columbus GA 31909
Telephone: (706) 653-6344; Fax: (706) 653-8933
Lab Name: Columbus Center for Reproductive
Endocrinology & Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Central Georgia Fertility Institute
4075 Elnora Dr
Macon GA 31210
Telephone: (478) 757-7888; Fax: (478) 757-7887
Lab Name: Central Georgia Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Biology Associates
1100 Johnson Ferry Rd N.E., Suite 200
Sandy Springs GA 30342
Telephone: (404) 843-3064; Fax: (404) 256-1528
Lab Name: Reproductive Biology Associates
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Georgia Center for Reproductive Medicine
5354 Reynolds St, Suite 510
Savannah GA 31405
Telephone: (912) 352-8588; Fax: (912) 352-8893
Lab Name: The Georgia Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

HAWAII

Advanced Reproductive Center of Hawaii
1319 Punahou St, Suite 520
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 949-6611; Fax: (808) 949-6610
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproductive Medicine & Gynecology
of Hawaii, Inc.
1401 South Beretania St, Suite 250
Honolulu HI 96814
Telephone: (808) 545-2800; Fax: (808) 262-3744
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IVF Hawaii
1329 Lusitana St, Suite 607
Honolulu HI 96813
Telephone: (808) 538-6655; Fax: (808) 537-5500
Lab Name: IVF Hawaii Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Pacific In Vitro Fertilization Institute
Kapi`olani Medical Center for Women and Children
1319 Punahou St, Suite 980
Honolulu HI 96826
Telephone: (808) 946-2226; Fax: (808) 943-1563
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

Tripler Army Medical Center IVF Institute
Department of OB/GYN
1 Jarrett White Rd
Tripler AMC HI 96859
Telephone: (808) 433-5954; Fax: (808) 433-1552
Lab Name: Pacific IVF Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

IDAHO

Idaho Center for Reproductive Medicine
111 Main St, Suite 100
Boise ID 83702
Telephone: (208) 342-5900; Fax: (208) 342-2088
Lab Name: Idaho Reproductive Labs, Inc.
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

ILLINOIS

Rush-Copley Center for Reproductive Health
Rush-Copley Medical Center
2020 Ogden Ave, Suite 250
Aurora IL 60504
Telephone: (630) 978-6254; Fax: (630) 499-2487
Lab Name: Rush-Copley Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Life Women's Health Center
Daniel A. Rostein, MD, FACOG
6425 W. Cermak Rd, Suite 202
Berwyn IL 60402
Telephone: (630) 472-9100; Fax: (630) 472-9101
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Martin S. Balin, MD, PhD
2825 N. Halsted St
Chicago IL 60657
Telephone: (773) 472-4949; Fax: (847) 676-3665
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Reproductive Medicine & Fertility
The University of Chicago Medical Center
333 S. Desplaines St, Suite 201
Chicago IL 60661
Telephone: (773) 702-6642; Fax: (773) 702-5848
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine &
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Institute for Human Reproduction (IHR)
2825 N. Halsted St
Chicago IL 60657
Telephone: (773) 472-4949; Fax: (773) 935-3691
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Northwestern University
675 N. St. Clair St, Suite 14-219
Chicago IL 60611
Telephone: (312) 695-1364; Fax: (312) 695-4924
Lab Name: Northwestern Medical Faculty
Foundation, Inc., IVF & Andrology Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

River North IVF-Fertility Centers of Illinois
900 N. Kingsbury, Suite RW6
Chicago IL 60610
Telephone: (847) 729-2188; Fax: (847) 724-1649
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Illinois at Chicago IVF Program
1801 W. Taylor St, Suite 4A
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 996-9820; Fax: (312) 355-3161
Lab Name: University of Illinois at Chicago
IVF Program
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Women's Health Consultants
1725 W. Harrison St, Suite 408E
Chicago IL 60612
Telephone: (312) 997-2229; Fax: (312) 997-2354
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Rush Center for Advanced Reproductive
Care Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Center for Reproductive Health/Joliet IVF
2246 Weber Rd
Crest Hill IL 60403
Telephone: (815) 725-4161; Fax: (815) 725-4341
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health, SC,
Joliet IVF, LLC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Midwest Fertility Center
4333 Main St
Downers Grove IL 60515
Telephone: (630) 810-0212; Fax: (630) 810-1027
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Center, ART Laboratory
of Midwest Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

§The Rinehart Center for Reproductive Medicine
2500 Ridge Ave, Suite 200
Evanston IL 60201
Telephone: (847) 869-7777; Fax: (847) 869-7782
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

§The Rinehart-Coulam Center
2500 Ridge Ave, Suite 200
Evanston IL 60201
Telephone: (847) 869-7777; Fax: (847) 869-7782
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Advanced Fertility Center of Chicago
30 Tower Ct, Suite F
Gurnee IL 60031
Telephone: (847) 662-1818; Fax: (847) 662-3001
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Center of
Chicago Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Chicago Infertility Associates, Ltd.
Alexian Brother's Hospital Pavilion
1515 W. Lake St, Suite 208
Hanover Park IL 60133
Telephone: (630) 540-9317; Fax: (630) 540-2262
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Advanced Institute for Infertility
Accreditation: None

Highland Park IVF Center
767 Park Ave West, B400
Highland Park IL 60035
Telephone: (847) 266-3535; Fax: (847) 266-8838
Lab Name: Gamete Resources
Accreditation: The Joint Commission (Pend)

Hinsdale Center for Reproduction
121 N. Elm St
Hinsdale IL 60521
Telephone: (630) 856-3535; Fax: (630) 856-3545
Lab Name: Hinsdale Center for
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reena Jabamoni, MD, SC
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Bldg 2, Suite 401
Hoffman Estates IL 60169
Telephone: (847) 843-7090; Fax: (847) 843-0584
Lab Name: Fertility Centers of Illinois, River North
IVF Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Karande and Associates, SC dba
InVia Fertility Specialists
1585 N. Barrington Rd, Suite 406
Hoffman Estates IL 60194
Telephone: (847) 884-8884; Fax: (847) 884-8093
Lab Name: InVia Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.
1515 Essington Rd
Joliet IL 60435
Telephone: (815) 730-1100; Fax: (815) 730-1066
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Ltd.,
IVF/Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Advanced IVF Institute
Charles E. Miller, MD & Associates
The Advanced IVF Institute
Charles E. Miller, MD, SC & Associates
120 Osler Dr, Suite 100
Naperville IL 60540
Telephone: (630) 428-2229; Fax: (630) 428-0336
Lab Name: Charles E. Miller, MD, SC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IVF1
636 Raymond Dr, Suite 303
Naperville IL 60563
Telephone: (630) 357-6540; Fax: (630) 357-6435
Lab Name: Reproductive Genetics Institute IVF
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

§Oak Brook Fertility Center
2425 W. 22nd St, Suite 102
Oak Brook IL 60523
Telephone: (630) 954-0054; Fax: (630) 954-0064
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Reproductive Health and Fertility Center
973 Featherstone Rd, Suite 100
Rockford IL 61107
Telephone: (815) 986-3737; Fax: (815) 986-3734
Lab Name: Reproductive Health and Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

North Shore Fertility, SC
4250 Dempster St
Skokie IL 60076
Telephone: (847) 763-8850; Fax: (847) 763-8851
Lab Name: North Shore Fertility, SC, IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Endocrinology Associates, SC
340 W. Miller St
Springfield IL 62702
Telephone: (217) 523-4700; Fax: (217) 523-9025
Lab Name: Reproductive Endocrinology Associates
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Southern Illinois University School of Medicine
Fertility and IVF Center
751 N. Rutledge St, Suite 0100
Springfield IL 62702
Telephone: (217) 545-2229; Fax: (217) 545-3119
Lab Name: SIU Fertility and IVF Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM (Pend)

Seth Levrant, MD, PC
Partners in Reproductive Health
16345 S. Harlem Ave, Suite 1W
Tinley Park IL 60477
Telephone: (708) 532-7017; Fax: (708) 845-5287
Lab Name: Seth Levrant, MD, PC, In-Vitro Lab
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

INDIANA

Bonaventura Reproductive Medicine
American Health Network Reproductive Medicine
12188B N. Meridian St, Suite 330
Carmel IN 46032
Telephone: (317) 580-4439; Fax: (317) 587-7056
Lab Name: Heartland Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Jarrett Fertility Group
11725 N Illinois St, Suite 350
Carmel IN 46032
Telephone: (317) 814-4110; Fax: (317) 814-4114
Lab Name: Heartland Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Midwest Fertility Specialists
12188-A N. Meridian St, Suite 250
Carmel IN 46032
Telephone: (317) 571-1637; Fax: (317) 571-9483
Lab Name: Midwest Fertility Specialists
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Advanced Fertility Group
1222 Professional Blvd
Evansville IN 47714
Telephone: (812) 469-4920; Fax: (812) 469-4930
Lab Name: Advanced Reproduction Institute, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Advanced Fertility Group
201 N. Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 205
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 817-1300; Fax: (317) 817-1306
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Community Reproductive Endocrinology
7250 Clearvista Dr, Suite 365
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 621-0600; Fax: (317) 621-0610
Lab Name: Assisted Fertility Services
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Family Beginnings, PC
8435 Clearvista Pl, Suite 104
Indianapolis IN 46256
Telephone: (317) 595-3665; Fax: (317) 595-3666
Lab Name: Family Beginnings, PC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Indiana University Hospital
550 N. University Blvd, Room 2440
Indianapolis IN 46202
Telephone: (317) 944-4057; Fax: (317) 948-3787
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Care of Indiana
201 Pennsylvania Pkwy, Suite 205
Indianapolis IN 46280
Telephone: (317) 506-8095; Fax: (317) 817-1810
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Biology of
Indiana, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Women's Specialty Health Centers, PC
9660 E. 146th St, Suite 300
Noblesville IN 46060
Telephone: (317) 774-1200; Fax: (317) 774-1222
Lab Name: Follas Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IOWA

Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC
1371 N.W. 121st St
Clive IA 50325
Telephone: (515) 222-3060; Fax: (515) 222-9563
Lab Name: Mid-Iowa Fertility, PC, Main Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Iowa Hospitals and Clinics
Center for Advanced Reproductive Care
Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology
Pomerantz Family Pavilion
200 Hawkins Dr
Iowa City IA 52242
Telephone: (319) 356-8483; Fax: (319) 353-6659
Lab Name: University of Iowa Hospital and Clinics
IVF & Reproductive Testing
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

KANSAS

Midwest Reproductive Center, PA
20375 W. 151st St, Bldg 1, Suite 403
Olathe KS 66061
Telephone: (913) 780-4300; Fax: (913) 780-4250
Lab Name: Midwest Reproductive
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
10777 Nall Ave, Suite 200
Overland Park KS 66211
Telephone: (913) 588-6272; Fax: (913) 588-6258
Lab Name: University of Kansas Medical Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Resource Center of
Greater Kansas City
12200 W. 106th St, Suite 120
Overland Park KS 66215
Telephone: (913) 894-2323; Fax: (913) 894-0841
Lab Name: Reproductive Resource Center
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Shawnee Mission Medical Center
8901 W. 74th Street, Suite 269
Shawnee Mission KS 66204
Telephone: (913) 432-7161; Fax: (913) 432-6158
Lab Name: Shawnee Mission Medical Center,
Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Center for Reproductive Medicine
9300 E. 29th St North, Suite 102
Wichita KS 67226
Telephone: (316) 687-2112; Fax: (316) 687-1260
Lab Name: The Center for Reproductive Medicine,
CRM Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

KENTUCKY

Bluegrass Fertility Center
1760 Nicholasville Rd, Suite 501
Lexington KY 40503
Telephone: (859) 260-1515; Fax: (859) 260-1425
Lab Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Kentucky
125 E. Maxwell St, Suite 140
Lexington KY 40508
Telephone: (859) 323-0005; Fax: (859) 323-0790
Lab Name: Bluegrass Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility and Endocrine Associates
Louisville Reproductive Center
4121 Dutchman's Ln, Suites 414 and 416
Louisville KY 40207
Telephone: (502) 897-2144; Fax: (502) 897-1773
Lab Name: Louisville Reproductive Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University OB/GYN Associates Fertility Center
University Women's HealthCare Fertility Center
401 East Chestnut St, Suite 410
Louisville KY 40202
Telephone: (502) 271-5999; Fax: (502) 271-5984
Lab Name: University Women's Healthcare, Fertility
Center IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

LOUISIANA

A Woman's Center for Reproductive Medicine
9000 Airline Hwy, Suite 670
Baton Rouge LA 70815
Telephone: (225) 926-6886; Fax: (225) 922-3730
Lab Name: A Woman's Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility and Women's Health Center of Louisiana
206 East Farrel Rd
Lafayette LA 70508
Telephone: (337) 989-8795; Fax: (337) 989-9728
Lab Name: Fertility and Women's Health Center
of Louisiana
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

The Fertility Institute of New Orleans
4770 S. I-10 Service Road West, Suite 201
Metairie LA 70001
Telephone: (985) 892-7621; Fax: (985) 892-9245
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New
Orleans Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Fertility and Reproductive Health
2401 Greenwood Rd
Shreveport LA 71103
Telephone: (318) 212-8270; Fax: (318) 212-8230
Lab Name: Willis-Knighton Health Center, Fertility
& Reproductive Health Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

MARYLAND

Center for ART at Union Memorial Hospital
33rd St Professional Bldg
201 E. University Pkwy, Suite 464
Baltimore MD 21218
Telephone: (410) 554-2308; Fax: (410) 554-2091
Lab Name: Union Memorial Hospital, Center for
ART at Union Memorial Hospital
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Shady Grove Fertility RSC at GBMC
6569 N. Charles St, Suite 406
Baltimore MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 510-8312; Fax: (410) 512-8390
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive
Science Center Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.
Walter Reed Army Medical Center
The A.R.T. Institute of Washington, Inc.
Walter Reed National Military Medical Center
8901 Wisconsin Ave, Bldg 10, Suite 2104
Bethesda MD 20889
Telephone: (301) 400-2147; Fax: (301) 400-1800
Lab Name: The A.R.T. Institute of
Washington, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Endrika Hinton, MD
10751 Falls Rd, Suite 302
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 616-7777; Fax: (410) 616-7767
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins Health System
Corporation, Johns Hopkins IVF ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Johns Hopkins Fertility Center
10753 Falls Rd, Suite 335
Lutherville MD 21093
Telephone: (410) 847-3650; Fax: (410) 583-2792
Lab Name: Johns Hopkins Health System
Corporation, Johns Hopkins IVF ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive Science Center
15001 Shady Grove Rd, Suite 400
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 340-1188; Fax: (301) 340-1612
Lab Name: Shady Grove Fertility Reproductive
Science Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Fertility Center of Maryland
110 West Rd, Suite 102
Towson MD 21204
Telephone: (410) 296-6400; Fax: (410) 296-6405
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Maryland, Inc.
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

MASSACHUSETTS

Brigham and Women's Hospital Center for Assisted
Reproductive Technology
Brigham and Women's Hospital
75 Francis St
Boston MA 02115
Telephone: (617) 732-5570; Fax: (617) 975-0825
Lab Name: Brigham and Women's Hospital, Center
for Assisted Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

Massachusetts General Hospital Fertility Center
32 Fruit St, Yawkey 10A
Boston MA 02114
Telephone: (617) 726-8868; Fax: (617) 724-8882
Lab Name: Massachusetts General Hospital,
Vincent IVF Unit Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

REI Division at Tufts Medical Center
North Building, Mezzanine Level
800 Washington St
Boston MA 02111
Telephone: (617) 636-0052; Fax: (617) 636-5906
Lab Name: REI Division at Tufts Medical
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Science Center
1 Forbes Rd
Lexington MA 02421
Telephone: (781) 674-1200; Fax: (781) 674-2442
Lab Name: The Reproductive Science Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Centers of New England, Inc.
New England Clinics of Reproductive Medicine, Inc.
20 Pond Meadow Dr, Suite 207
Reading MA 01867
Telephone: (781) 942-7000; Fax: (781) 942-7200
Lab Name: New England Clinic of Reproductive
Medicine, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Baystate Reproductive Medicine
Chestnut Surgical Center
759 Chestnut St
Springfield MA 01199
Telephone: (413) 794-1950; Fax: (413) 794-1857
Lab Name: Baystate Medical Center, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Cardone Reproductive Medicine and Infertility
2 Main St, Suite 150
Stoneham MA 02180
Telephone: (781) 438-9600; Fax: (781) 438-9601
Lab Name: Boston IVF, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Boston IVF
130 Second Ave
Waltham MA 02451
Telephone: (781) 434-6400; Fax: (781) 434-6464
Lab Name: Boston IVF, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

MICHIGAN

Center for Reproductive Medicine
University of Michigan Reproductive Endocrinology
and Infertility
475 Market Pl, Suite B
Ann Arbor MI 48108
Telephone: (734) 763-4323; Fax: (734) 763-7682
Lab Name: University of Michigan, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC
300 Park St, Suite 460
Birmingham MI 48009
Telephone: (248) 593-6990; Fax: (248) 593-5925
Lab Name: SMART Labs, LLC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Reproductive Medicine and Surgery, PC
4190 Telegraph Rd, Suite 1500
Bloomfield Hills MI 48302
Telephone: (248) 203-0900; Fax: (248) 203-0902
Lab Name: Michigan Center for Fertility, Michigan
Center IVF, PLLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM (Pend)
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Gago IVF
2305 Genoa Business Park Dr, 180
Brighton MI 48114
Telephone: (810) 227-3232; Fax: (810) 227-3237
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Michigan Comprehensive Fertility Center
18181 Oakwood Blvd, Suite 109
Dearborn MI 48124
Telephone: (313) 299-6650; Fax: (313) 299-6658
Lab Name: Michigan Comprehensive Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Grand Rapids Fertility & IVF, PC
555 Midtowne St N.E., Suite 300
Grand Rapids MI 49503
Telephone: (616) 774-2030; Fax: (616) 774-2053
Lab Name: Grand Rapids Fertility &
IVF, PC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC
3230 Eagle Park Dr N.E., Suite 100
Grand Rapids MI 49525
Telephone: (616) 988-2229; Fax: (616) 988-2009
Lab Name: Michigan Reproductive & IVF Center, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

IVF Michigan
3950 S. Rochester Rd, Suite 2300
Rochester Hills MI 48307
Telephone: (248) 844-8845; Fax: (248) 844-9039
Lab Name: IVF Michigan, IVF/Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Wayne State University Physician Group
University Women's Care
26400 W. 12 Mile Rd, Suite 140
Southfield MI 48034
Telephone: (248) 352-8200; Fax: (248) 356-8255
Lab Name: University Physician Group,
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Henry Ford Reproductive Medicine
1500 W. Big Beaver, Suite 105
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 637-4050; Fax: (248) 637-0115
Lab Name: Henry Ford Health System,
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Michigan
130 Town Center Dr, Suite 106
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 619-3100; Fax: (248) 619-9031
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Michigan Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Michigan Center for Fertility and
Women's Health, PLC
4700 Thirteen Mile Rd
Warren MI 48092
Telephone: (586) 576-0431; Fax: (586) 576-0924
Lab Name: Michigan Center for Fertility, Michigan
Center IVF, PLLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM (Pend)

MINNESOTA

The Midwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
Arbor Lakes Medical Bldg
12000 Elm Creek Blvd North, Suite 350
Maple Grove MN 55369
Telephone: (763) 494-7700; Fax: (763) 494-7706
Lab Name: Midwest Center for Reproductive
Health, Assisted Reproductive Technology
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Reproductive Medicine
Advanced Reproductive Technologies
2828 Chicago Ave South, Suite 400
Minneapolis MN 55407
Telephone: (612) 863-5390; Fax: (612) 863-2697
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine Center
606 24th Ave South, Suite 500
Minneapolis MN 55454
Telephone: (612) 372-7050; Fax: (612) 372-7040
Lab Name: University of Minnesota Physicians,
Reproductive Medicine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Mayo Clinic Assisted Reproductive Technologies
Charlton Bldg, 200 First St S.W., 3rd Floor, Desk 3A
Rochester MN 55905
Telephone: (507) 266-3995; Fax: (507) 284-1774
Lab Name: Mayo Clinic Fertility Testing Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine & Infertility Associates
Woodbury Medical Arts Bldg
2101 Woodwinds Dr, Suite 100
Woodbury MN 55125
Telephone: (651) 222-6050; Fax: (651) 222-5975
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Associates, Reproductive
Biology Laboratory-Woodbury
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine & Infertility
Associates, Biology Laboratory-Edina
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi Fertility Institute
501 Marshall St, Suite 600
Jackson MS 39202
Telephone: (601) 948-3874; Fax: (601) 326-1501
Lab Name: Mississippi Fertility Institute
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§University of Mississippi Medical Center
Department of Ob/Gyn, Division of Reproductive
Endocrinology and Fertility
2500 N. State St
Jackson MS 39216
Telephone: (601) 984-5330; Fax: (601) 984-6759
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

MISSOURI

Infertility Center of St. Louis
Sherman J. Silber, MD
224 S. Woods Mill Rd, Suite 730
Chesterfield MO 63017
Telephone: (314) 576-1400; Fax: (314) 576-1442
Lab Name: St. Luke's Hospital Assisted
Reproductive Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, Inc.
1506 E. Broadway, Suite 220
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 443-4511; Fax: (573) 443-7860
Lab Name: Mid-Missouri Reproductive Medicine
and Surgery, Inc., Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Missouri Center for Reproductive Medicine
and Fertility
University of Missouri
Department of Obstetrics, Gynecology and
Women's Health
500 N. Keene St, Suite 203
Columbia MO 65201
Telephone: (573) 817-3128; Fax: (573) 499-6065
Lab Name: University of Missouri, Missouri Center
for Reproductive Medicine and Fertility-ART Lab
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Midwest Women's Healthcare Specialists
6400 Prospect, Suite 598
Kansas City MO 64132
Telephone: (816) 444-6888; Fax: (816) 444-8430
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Fertility Partnership
5401 Veterans Memorial Pkwy, Suite 201
Saint Peters MO 63376
Telephone: (636) 441-7770; Fax: (636) 441-7775
Lab Name: Fertility Partnership Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Fertility Center at Missouri Baptist Medical Center
3009 N. Ballas Rd, Suite 258C
St. Louis MO 63131
Telephone: (314) 996-7900; Fax: (314) 996-7910
Lab Name: The Fertility Center at Missouri Baptist
Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Infertility and Reproductive Medicine Center
at Washington University School of Medicine and
Barnes-Jewish Hospital
Barnes-Jewish Hospital, North Campus
4444 Forest Park Ave, Suite 3100
St. Louis MO 63108
Telephone: (314) 286-2400; Fax: (314) 286-2455
Lab Name: Barnes-Jewish Hospital, Infertility &
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NEBRASKA

Heartland Center for Reproductive Medicine, PC
7308 S. 142nd St
Omaha NE 68138
Telephone: (402) 717-4200; Fax: (402) 717-4230
Lab Name: Heartland Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Nebraska Methodist Hospital REI
717 N. 190th Plaza, Suite 2500
Omaha NE 68022
Telephone: (402) 815-1915; Fax: (402) 815-1065
Lab Name: Methodist Women's Hospital,
Andrology/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NEVADA

Fertility Center of Las Vegas
8851 W. Sahara Ave, Suite 100
Las Vegas NV 89117
Telephone: (702) 254-1777; Fax: (702) 254-1213
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Las Vegas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Nevada Fertility C.A.R.E.S.
653 Town Center Dr, Suite 206
Las Vegas NV 89144
Telephone: (702) 341-6616; Fax: (702) 341-6617
Lab Name: Nevada Fertility C.A.R.E.S.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Red Rock Fertility Center
6420 Medical Center St, Suite 100
Las Vegas NV 89148
Telephone: (702) 262-0079; Fax: (702) 685-6910
Lab Name: Red Rock Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Nevada Center for Reproductive Medicine
645 Sierra Rose Dr, Suite 205
Reno NV 89511
Telephone: (775) 828-1200; Fax: (775) 828-1785
Lab Name: The Nevada Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center
1 Medical Center Dr
Lebanon NH 03756
Telephone: (603) 653-9240; Fax: (603) 650-0905
Lab Name: Dartmouth-Hitchcock Medical Center,
Mary Hitchcock Reproductive
Sciences Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NEW JERSEY

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
1 Robertson Dr, Suite 24
Bedminster NJ 07921
Telephone: (908) 781-0666; Fax: (908) 781-6377
Lab Name: Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-New Jersey
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Science Center of New Jersey
234 Industrial Way West, Suite A104
Eatontown NJ 07724
Telephone: (732) 918-2500; Fax: (732) 918-2504
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Center of New
Jersey Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Advanced Reproductive
Medicine & Fertility
Four Ethel Rd, Suite 405A
Edison NJ 08817
Telephone: (732) 339-9300; Fax: (732) 339-9400
Lab Name: Center for Advanced Reproductive
Medicine & Fertility
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Women's Fertility Center
Dr. Philip Lesorgen
Women's Fertility Center
106 Grand Ave, Suite 400
Englewood NJ 07631
Telephone: (201) 569-6979; Fax: (201) 569-0269
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

North Hudson I.V.F.
Center for Fertility and Gynecology
385 Sylvan Ave
Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
Telephone: (201) 871-1999; Fax: (201) 871-1031
Lab Name: North Hudson IVF Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Douglas S. Rabin, MD
33-00 Broadway, Suite 303
Fair Lawn NJ 07410
Telephone: (201) 703-9555; Fax: (201) 475-5678
Lab Name: Gramercy Fertility Services
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

University Reproductive Associates, PC
214 Terrace Ave
Hasbrouck Heights NJ 07604
Telephone: (201) 288-6330; Fax: (201) 288-6331
Lab Name: University Reproductive Associates,
PC, Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Shore Institute for Reproductive Medicine
475 Route 70, Suite 201
Lakewood NJ 08701
Telephone: (732) 363-4777; Fax: (732) 363-2004
Lab Name: Shore Area IVF Laboratories, PC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Delaware Valley OBGYN and Infertility Group
Princeton IVF
2 Princess Rd, Suite C
Lawrenceville NJ 08648
Telephone: (609) 896-0777; Fax: (609) 896-3266
Lab Name: Delaware Valley OBGYN and Infertility
Group, Princeton IVF
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Princeton Center for Infertility &
Reproductive Medicine
3131 Princeton Pike, Bldg 6, Suite 100
Lawrenceville NJ 08648
Telephone: (609) 895-1114; Fax: (609) 895-1196
Lab Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

East Coast Infertility and IVF
200 White Rd, Suite 214
Little Silver NJ 07739
Telephone: (732) 758-6511; Fax: (732) 758-1048
Lab Name: East Coast Infertility and IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Institute for Reproductive Medicine and Science
Saint Barnabas Medical Center
94 Old Short Hills Rd, East Wing, Suite 403
Livingston NJ 07039
Telephone: (973) 322-8286; Fax: (973) 322-8890
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and
Science at Saint Barnabas Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
8002E Greentree Commons
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 751-5575; Fax: (856) 751-7289
Lab Name: Cooper Institute for Reproductive
Hormonal Disorders
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and Genetics
6000 Sagemore Dr, Suite 6102
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 988-0072; Fax: (856) 988-0056
Lab Name: Delaware Valley Institute of Fertility and
Genetics Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

South Jersey Fertility Center
400 Lippincott Dr, Suite 130
Marlton NJ 08053
Telephone: (856) 596-2233; Fax: (856) 596-2411
Lab Name: South Jersey Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Diamond Institute for Infertility
89 Millburn Ave
Millburn NJ 07041
Telephone: (973) 761-5600; Fax: (973) 761-5100
Lab Name: Diamond Institute for Infertility,
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine Associates of New Jersey
111 Madison Ave, Suite 100
Morristown NJ 07960
Telephone: (973) 971-4600; Fax: (973) 290-8370
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Valley Hospital Fertility Center
1 Valley Health Plaza
Paramus NJ 07652
Telephone: (201) 634-5400; Fax: (201) 634-5506
Lab Name: Valley Hospital Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IVF New Jersey
81 Veronica Ave
Somerset NJ 08873
Telephone: (732) 220-9060; Fax: (732) 545-1164
Lab Name: IVF New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for Reproductive Science
Center of New Jersey, see Eatontown, NJ

Dr. Louis R. Manara
200A Route 73
Voorhees NJ 08043
Telephone: (856) 767-0009; Fax: (856) 767-0990
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine and
Fertility Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

North Jersey Fertility Associates, LLC
57 Willowbrook Blvd, Suite 301
Wayne NJ 07470
Telephone: (973) 754-4055; Fax: (973) 754-4058
Lab Name: North Jersey Fertility Associates,
LLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New York
400 Old Hook Rd, Suite 2-3
Westwood NJ 07675
Telephone: (201) 666-4200; Fax: (201) 666-2262
Lab Name: Fertility Institute of New Jersey and New
York IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NEW MEXICO

Center for Reproductive Medicine of New Mexico
Presbyterian Professional Bldg
201 Cedar St S.E., Suite S1-20
Albuquerque NM 87106
Telephone: (505) 247-3333; Fax: (505) 224-7476
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Medicine of
New Mexico, In Vitro Fertilization and Andrology
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NEW YORK

For current information for Albany IVF Fertility, see
Loudonville, NY

The Fertility Institute at New York
Methodist Hospital
506 Sixth St, KP4
Brooklyn NY 11215
Telephone: (718) 780-5065; Fax: (718) 780-5085
Lab Name: The Fertility Institute at New York
Methodist Hospital
Accreditation: NYSTB

Genesis Fertility & Reproductive Medicine
1355 84th St
Brooklyn NY 11228
Telephone: (718) 283-8600; Fax: (718) 283-6580
Lab Name: Genesis Fertility &
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: NYSTB

Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of
Western New York
4510 Main St
Buffalo NY 14226
Telephone: (716) 839-3057; Fax: (716) 839-1477
Lab Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of
Western New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Hudson Valley Fertility, PLLC
400 Westage Business Center Dr, Suite 109
Fishkill NY 12524
Telephone: (845) 765-0125; Fax: (845) 765-0128
Lab Name: Hudson Valley Fertility
Accreditation: NYSTB

The New York Fertility Center
42-31 Colden St, Suite 202
Flushing NY 11355
Telephone: (718) 261-9068; Fax: (718) 261-9067
Lab Name: The New York Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Montefiore's Institute for Reproductive Medicine
and Health
141 S. Central Ave, Suite 201
Hartsdale NY 10530
Telephone: (914) 997-1060; Fax: (914) 997-1099
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and
Health of Montefiore Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB

Albany IVF Fertility
399 Albany Shaker Rd
Loudonville NY 12211
Telephone: (518) 434-9759; Fax: (518) 436-9822
Lab Name: Albany IVF
Accreditation: NYSTB

North Shore University Hospital
Center for Human Reproduction
300 Community Dr
Manhasset NY 11030
Telephone: (516) 562-2229; Fax: (516) 562-1710
Lab Name: North Shore University Hospital Center
for Human Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB

Long Island IVF
8 Corporate Center Dr, Suite 101
Melville NY 11747
Telephone: (631) 881-5337; Fax: (631) 752-0654
Lab Name: Long Island IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB

Reproductive Specialists of New York
200 Old Country Rd, Suite 330
Mineola NY 11501
Telephone: (516) 739-2100; Fax: (516) 739-2179
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialists of New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Reproductive Medicine
344 E. Main St, Suite 403
Mt. Kisco NY 10549
Telephone: (914) 218-8955; Fax: (914) 218-8956
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Medicine and
Health of Montefiore Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB

Advanced Fertility Services
1625 Third Ave
New York NY 10128
Telephone: (212) 369-8700; Fax: (212) 722-5587
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

American Fertility Services, PC
115 E. 57th St, Suite 500
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 750-3330; Fax: (646) 462-3353
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Batzofin Fertility Services
16 E. 40th St, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 679-2289; Fax: (212) 679-2288
Lab Name: Batzofin Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Beth Israel Center for Infertility &
Reproductive Health
10 Union Square East, Suite 2E
New York NY 10003
Telephone: (212) 844-8587; Fax: (212) 844-6184
Lab Name: Gramercy Fertility Services
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

Brooklyn/Westside Fertility Center
Brooklyn Fertility Center
55 Central Park West, Suite 1C
New York NY 10023
Telephone: (212) 721-4545; Fax: (212) 721-4598
Lab Name: Brooklyn Westside Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Columbia University Center for Women's
Reproductive Care
1790 Broadway, 2nd Floor
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (646) 756-3874; Fax: (646) 756-8283
Lab Name: Center for Women's Reproductive Care
at Columbia University
Accreditation: NYSTB

Continuum Reproductive Center
of St. Luke's-Roosevelt Hospital
425 W. 59th St, Suite 5A
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 523-7751; Fax: (212) 523-8348
Lab Name: Continuum Reproductive Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

IVF New York
230 Central Park South, Suite 1F
New York NY 10019
Telephone: (212) 582-4094; Fax: (212) 246-3430
Lab Name: IVF New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Manhattan Reproductive Medicine
159 E. 74th St, Suite 1C
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 794-0080; Fax: (212) 794-0066
Lab Name: Manhattan Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: NYSTB

Medical Offices for Human Reproduction
Center for Human Reproduction (CHR)
21 E. 69th St
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 994-4400; Fax: (212) 994-4499
Lab Name: Medical Offices for Human
Reproduction-New York
Accreditation: NYSTB

Metropolitan Reproductive Medicine, PC
422 W. End Ave
New York NY 10024
Telephone: (212) 580-2252; Fax: (212) 580-2258
Lab Name: American Fertility Services, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

New Hope Fertility Center
784 Park Ave
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (212) 517-7676; Fax: (212) 396-0600
Lab Name: New Hope Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

New York Fertility Institute
1016 5th Ave
New York NY 10028
Telephone: (212) 734-5555; Fax: (212) 734-6059
Lab Name: New York Fertility Institute
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB

NYU Fertility Center
New York University School of Medicine
660 First Ave, 5th Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (212) 263-8990; Fax: (212) 263-7853
Lab Name: NYU Fertility Center Andrology &
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

Offices for Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
51 E. 67th St
New York NY 10065
Telephone: (212) 535-5350; Fax: (212) 535-5080
Lab Name: Offices for Fertility and
Reproductive Medicine, PC
Accreditation: NYSTB

Reproductive Medicine Associates
of New York, LLP
635 Madison Ave, 10th Floor
New York NY 10022
Telephone: (212) 756-5777; Fax: (212) 756-5770
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New York, LLP
Accreditation: NYSTB

Geoffrey Sher, MD, PC
425 5th Ave, 3rd Floor
New York NY 10016
Telephone: (646) 792-7476; Fax: (646) 274-0600
Lab Name: Sher Institute for
Reproductive Medicine-NYC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint
Commission, NYSTB

Weill Medical College of Cornell University
The Center for Reproductive Medicine and Infertility
1305 York Ave, 6th Floor
New York NY 10021
Telephone: (646) 962-2764; Fax: (646) 962-0359
Lab Name: Weill Medical College of Cornell
University Infertility Laboratory
Accreditation: NYSTB

East Coast Fertility
1074 Old Country Rd
Plainview NY 11803
Telephone: (516) 939-2229; Fax: (516) 939-2252
Lab Name: East Coast Fertility
Accreditation: NYSTB

Rochester Fertility Care, PC
1561 Long Pond Rd, Suite 410
Rochester NY 14626
Telephone: (585) 453-7760; Fax: (585) 453-7771
Lab Name: Infertility & IVF Medical Associates of
Western New York
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: Strong Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: Rochester Fertility Care
Accreditation: NYSTB

Strong Fertility Center
500 Red Creek Dr, Suite 220
Rochester NY 14623
Telephone: (585) 487-3378; Fax: (585) 334-8998
Lab Name: Strong Fertility Center
Accreditation: NYSTB

Island Reproductive Services
1110 South Ave, Suite 305
Staten Island NY 10314
Telephone: (718) 761-6000; Fax: (718) 761-6066
Lab Name: North Shore University Hospital Center
for Human Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB
Lab Name: Reproductive Center of Central
New Jersey
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Gold Coast IVF
Reproductive Medicine and Surgery Center
243 Jericho Turnpike
Syosset NY 11791
Telephone: (516) 682-8900; Fax: (516) 682-8901
Lab Name: North Shore University Hospital Center
for Human Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, NYSTB
Lab Name: Connecticut Fertility
Associates Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

CNY Fertility Center
195 Intrepid Ln
Syracuse NY 13205
Telephone: (315) 469-8700; Fax: (315) 469-6789
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Latham
Accreditation: NYSTB
Lab Name: CNY Fertility Center-Syracuse
Accreditation: NYSTB

SUNY Upstate Medical University
725 Irving Ave, Suite 214
Syracuse NY 13210
Telephone: (315) 464-3928; Fax: (315) 464-4615
Lab Name: University IVF, SUNY Upstate
Medical University
Accreditation: NYSTB

Westchester Fertility and
Reproductive Endocrinology
136 S. Broadway, Suite 100
White Plains NY 10605
Telephone: (914) 949-6677; Fax: (914) 949-5758
Lab Name: Westchester IVF
Accreditation: The Joint Commission, NYSTB

NORTH CAROLINA

North Carolina Center for Reproductive Medicine
The Talbert Fertility Institute
400 Ashville Ave, Suite 200
Cary NC 27511
Telephone: (919) 233-1680; Fax: (919) 233-1685
Lab Name: North Carolina Center for Reproductive
Medicine, North Carolina
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of North Carolina A.R.T. Clinic
UNC School of Medicine, Department of OB/GYN
CB#7570
Chapel Hill NC 27599
Telephone: (919) 966-1150; Fax: (919) 966-1259
Lab Name: UNC Hospitals, Reproductive
Endocrinology & Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Institute for Assisted Reproduction
1524 E. Morehead St
Charlotte NC 28207
Telephone: (704) 343-3400; Fax: (704) 343-3428
Lab Name: Reproductive Endocrine Associates of
Charlotte, Institute for Assisted Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Program for Assisted Reproduction, Carolinas
Medical Center
CMC Women's Institute
Carolinas Medical Center Women's Institute
1025 Morehead Medical Dr, Suite 500
Charlotte NC 28204
Telephone: (704) 355-3149; Fax: (704) 355-9322
Lab Name: Carolinas Medical Center Andrology
and ART Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Duke Fertility Center
Duke University Medical Center
5704 Fayetteville Rd
Durham NC 27713
Telephone: (919) 572-4673; Fax: (919) 484-0461
Lab Name: Duke Fertility Center, Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

East Carolina University
ECU Women's Physicians
2160 Herbert Ct
Greenville NC 27834
Telephone: (252) 744-3849; Fax: (252) 744-2016
Lab Name: ECU Women's Physicians ART/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Premier Fertility Center
High Point Regional Health System
2783 NC Hwy 68, Suite 104
High Point NC 27265
Telephone: (336) 841-7070; Fax: (336) 841-7077
Lab Name: Premier Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Reproductive Concepts
9800 W. Kinsey Ave, Suite 160
Huntersville NC 28078
Telephone: (704) 947-9000; Fax: (704) 992-1900
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Concepts,
PLLC Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Carolina Conceptions, PA
2601 Lake Dr, Suite 301
Raleigh NC 27607
Telephone: (919) 782-5911; Fax: (919) 861-6400
Lab Name: Carolina Conceptions Embryology/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Wake Forest University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
CompRehab Plaza, 131 Miller St, 2nd Floor
Winston-Salem NC 27103
Telephone: (336) 716-6476; Fax: (336) 716-0194
Lab Name: Wake Forest University School of
Medicine, Center for Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

NORTH DAKOTA

§MeritCare Reproductive Medicine
1111 Harwood Dr South, Suite 743
Fargo ND 58122
Telephone: (701) 234-2700; Fax: (701) 234-2783
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

OHIO

Fertility Unlimited, Inc.
Northeastern Ohio Fertility Center
468 E. Market St
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 376-2300; Fax: (330) 376-4807
Lab Name: Fertility Unlimited, Inc., In Vitro
Fertilization Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Gynecology
95 Arch St, Suite 250
Akron OH 44304
Telephone: (330) 375-7722; Fax: (330) 375-3986
Lab Name: Reproductive Gynecology
Laboratories, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§Cleveland Clinic Fertility Center
26900 Cedar Rd, Suite 220 South
Beachwood OH 44122
Telephone: (216) 839-3150; Fax: (216) 839-3195
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Bethesda Center for Reproductive Health & Fertility
Bethesda Hospital
10506 Montgomery Rd, Suite 303
Cincinnati OH 45242
Telephone: (513) 865-1675; Fax: (513) 865-1676
Lab Name: Reproductive Studies Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Center for Reproductive Health
2123 Auburn Ave, Suite A44
Cincinnati OH 45219
Telephone: (513) 585-2355; Fax: (513) 585-0808
Lab Name: The Christ Hospital, Center for
Reproductive Studies
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Institute for Reproductive Health
3805 Edwards Rd, Suite 450
Cincinnati OH 45209
Telephone: (513) 924-5550; Fax: (513) 924-5549
Lab Name: The Christ Hospital, Center for
Reproductive Studies
Accreditation: The Joint Commission
Lab Name: Institute for Reproductive Health
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for Cleveland Clinic Fertility
Center, see Beachwood, OH

Ohio Reproductive Medicine
4830 E. Knightsbridge Blvd
Columbus OH 43214
Telephone: (614) 451-2280; Fax: (614) 451-4352
Lab Name: Reproductive Diagnostics Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Wright State Physicians Women's Health Care
One Wyoming St, Suite 4130
Dayton OH 45409
Telephone: (937) 208-2087; Fax: (937) 208-4157
Lab Name: Kettering Medical Center Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Kettering Reproductive Medicine
3533 Southern Blvd, Suite 4100
Kettering OH 45429
Telephone: (937) 395-8444; Fax: (937) 395-8450
Lab Name: Kettering Medical Center Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Center of Northwestern Ohio
2142 N. Cove Blvd
Toledo OH 43606
Telephone: (419) 291-8835; Fax: (419) 479-6005
Lab Name: The Toledo Hospital, The Fertility Center
of NW Ohio
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

OKLAHOMA

Henry G. Bennett, Jr., Fertility Institute
3433 N.W. 56th St, Suite 200
Oklahoma City OK 73112
Telephone: (405) 949-6060; Fax: (405) 949-6872
Lab Name: Integris Baptist Medical Center, Bennett
Fertility Institute Reproductive Services
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

OU Physicians Reproductive Health
OU Physicians Reproductive Medicine
1000 N. Lincoln Blvd, Suite 300
Oklahoma City OK 73104
Telephone: (405) 271-1616; Fax: (405) 271-9222
Lab Name: OU Physicians, Department of OB/GYN
ART Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Tulsa Fertility Center
115 E. 15th St
Tulsa OK 74119
Telephone: (918) 584-2870; Fax: (918) 587-3602
Lab Name: Tulsa Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

OREGON

Fertility Center of Oregon
590 Country Club Pkwy, Suite A
Eugene OR 97401
Telephone: (541) 683-1559; Fax: (541) 683-1709
Lab Name: Fertility Center of Oregon
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Northwest Fertility Center
1750 S.W. Harbor Way, Suite 200
Portland OR 97201
Telephone: (503) 227-7799; Fax: (503) 227-5452
Lab Name: Northwest Fertility Center, Northwest
Reproductive Technologies
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Oregon Reproductive Medicine
2222 N.W. Lovejoy St, Suite 304
Portland OR 97210
Telephone: (503) 274-4994; Fax: (503) 274-4946
Lab Name: The Reproductive Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

University Fertility Consultants
Oregon Health & Science University
OHSU Center for Health & Healing
3303 S.W. Bond Ave, 10th Floor
Portland OR 97239
Telephone: (503) 418-4500; Fax: (503) 418-3757
Lab Name: Oregon Health & Science
University, Andrology/Embryology
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

PENNSYLVANIA

Abington Reproductive Medicine, Abington IVF
and Genetics
Toll Center for Reproductive Sciences
Arches Bldg, 1200 Old York Rd, 2nd Floor
Abington PA 19001
Telephone: (215) 887-2010; Fax: (215) 481-7550
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Infertility Solutions, PC
1275 S. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 3
Allentown PA 18103
Telephone: (610) 776-1217; Fax: (610) 776-4149
Lab Name: Infertility Solutions, PC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Pennsylvania
1401 N. Cedar Crest Blvd, Suite 200
Allentown PA 18104
Telephone: (610) 820-6888; Fax: (610) 820-6818
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
New Jersey Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Family Fertility Center
95 Highland Ave, Suite 100
Bethlehem PA 18017
Telephone: (610) 868-8600; Fax: (610) 868-8700
Lab Name: Family Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Main Line Fertility and Reproductive Medicine
130 S. Bryn Mawr Ave, Suite 1000, D Wing,
Ground Floor
Bryn Mawr PA 19010
Telephone: (484) 337-8959; Fax: (484) 337-8979
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Geisinger Medical Center Fertility Program
100 N. Academy Ave
Danville PA 17822
Telephone: (570) 271-5620; Fax: (570) 271-5629
Lab Name: Geisinger Medical Center ART/
Andrology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Center for Infertility and
Reproductive Medicine, RPC
2708 Commerce Dr, Suite 100
Harrisburg PA 17110
Telephone: (717) 545-9300; Fax: (717) 540-3700
Lab Name: Central Penn
Reproductive Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: None

Penn State Milton S. Hershey Medical Center
500 University Dr, H103
Hershey PA 17033
Telephone: (717) 531-8478; Fax: (717) 531-6286
Lab Name: Penn State Milton S. Hershey
Medical Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§Reproductive Medicine Associates of Philadelphia
625 Clark Ave, Suite 17B
King Of Prussia PA 19406
Telephone: (215) 654-1544; Fax: (215) 654-1543
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Fertility and Gynecology Associates
Pine Bldg East, 800 Spruce St
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 706-4090; Fax: (215) 706-4072
Lab Name: Abington Reproductive Medicine,
Abington IVF & Genetics
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Jefferson IVF
834 Chestnut St, Suite 300
Philadelphia PA 19107
Telephone: (215) 955-5000; Fax: (215) 955-7258
Lab Name: Main Line Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Pennsylvania
Penn Fertility Care
3701 Market St, Suite 730
Philadelphia PA 19104
Telephone: (215) 662-6560; Fax: (215) 349-5512
Lab Name: University of Pennsylvania In Vitro
Fertilization Program, Laboratory for
Assisted Reproduction
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny
Health System
4815 Liberty Ave, Suite 330
Pittsburgh PA 15224
Telephone: (412) 578-5588; Fax: (412) 605-6544
Lab Name: Jones Institute at West Penn Allegheny
Health System, AGH Outpatient Surgery Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
419 Rodi Rd
Pittsburgh PA 15235
Telephone: (412) 731-8000; Fax: (412) 731-8399
Lab Name: Reproductive Health Specialists, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University of Pittsburgh Physicians
Center for Fertility and Reproductive Endocrinology
Magee Womens Hospital
300 Halket St, Suite 5150
Pittsburgh PA 15213
Telephone: (412) 641-1600; Fax: (412) 641-7453
Lab Name: Center for Fertility and Reproductive
Endocrinology IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Endocrinology and Fertility Center
Crozer-Chester Medical Center
Ambulatory Care Pavilion
1 Medical Center Blvd, Suite 531
Upland PA 19013
Telephone: (610) 447-2727; Fax: (610) 447-6549
Lab Name: Health Access Network,
Andrology/IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Science Institute of
Suburban Philadelphia
945 Chesterbrook Blvd
Wayne PA 19087
Telephone: (610) 981-6000; Fax: (610) 964-0536
Lab Name: Reproductive Science Institute of
Suburban Philadelphia Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM, The Joint Commission

Women's Clinic, Ltd.
301 S. 7th Ave, Suite 245
West Reading PA 19611
Telephone: (610) 374-2214; Fax: (610) 685-5264
Lab Name: Fertility Medical Labs, Ltd.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Fertility Center, LLC
130 Leader Heights Rd
York PA 17403
Telephone: (717) 747-3099; Fax: (717) 747-3214
Lab Name: The Fertility Center, LLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: None

PUERTO RICO

Pedro J. Beauchamp, MD
Dr. Arturo Cadilla Bldg
100 Paseo San Pablo, Suite 503
Bayamon PR 00959
Telephone: (787) 798-0100; Fax: (787) 740-7250
Lab Name: Dr. Pedro J. Beauchamp Fertility
Center Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo
Ave Muñoz Rivera, A-1, Suite 303
Caguas PR 00726
Telephone: (787) 704-3434; Fax: (787) 961-4546
Lab Name: Clinica de Fertilidad HIMA-San Pablo
Accreditation: None

GREFI
Gynecology, Reproductive Endocrinology &
Fertility Institute
First Bank Bldg
1519 Ave Ponce de Leon, Suite 705
Santurce PR 00910
Telephone: (787) 721-3544; Fax: (787) 848-0979
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-Ponce
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: GREFI Laboratory-San Juan
Accreditation: None

RHODE ISLAND

Women and Infants' Division of Reproductive
Medicine and Infertility
90 Plain St
Providence RI 02903
Telephone: (401) 453-7500; Fax: (401) 277-3638
Lab Name: Women and Infants Hospital,
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

SOUTH CAROLINA

Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology Group, PA
17 Caledon Ct, Suite C
Greenville SC 29615
Telephone: (864) 232-7734; Fax: (864) 232-7099
Lab Name: Piedmont Reproductive Endocrinology
Group, PA, Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University Medical Group, Department of
Obstetrics and Gynecology
Reproductive Endocrinology and Infertility
890 W. Faris Rd, Suite 470
Greenville SC 29605
Telephone: (864) 455-1675; Fax: (864) 455-3095
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Southeastern Fertility Center, PA
1375 Hospital Dr
Mount Pleasant SC 29464
Telephone: (843) 881-3900; Fax: (843) 881-4729
Lab Name: Southeastern Fertility Center
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Fertility & Reproductive Endocrinology
2728 Sunset Blvd, Suite 305
West Columbia SC 29169
Telephone: (803) 939-1515; Fax: (803) 939-0977
Lab Name: Advanced Fertility & Reproductive
Endocrinology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

SOUTH DAKOTA

Sanford Women's Health
1500 W. 22nd St, MB3, Suite 102B
Sioux Falls SD 57105
Telephone: (605) 328-8800; Fax: (605) 328-8831
Lab Name: Sanford Women's Health Advanced
Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

TENNESSEE

Fertility Center, LLC
7407 Ziegler Rd
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 899-0500; Fax: (423) 899-2411
Lab Name: Fertility Center, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Tennessee Reproductive Medicine
6031 Shallowford Rd, Suite 101
Chattanooga TN 37421
Telephone: (423) 876-2229; Fax: (423) 643-0699
Lab Name: Tennessee Reproductive Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

ETSU Physicians Associates
Quillen Fertility and Women's Services
110 Corporate Dr, Suite 140
Johnson City TN 37604
Telephone: (423) 439-7246; Fax: (423) 282-4698
Lab Name: ETSU Physicians and Associates, Quillen
Fertility & Women's Services Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

East Tennessee IVF and Andrology Center
9301 Park West Blvd, Bldg A, Suite 301
Knoxville TN 37923
Telephone: (865) 249-7031; Fax: (865) 588-4510
Lab Name: East Tennessee IVF/Fertility and
Andrology Center
Accreditation: None

Southeastern Fertility Center
11126 Kingston Pike
Knoxville TN 37934
Telephone: (865) 777-0088; Fax: (865) 777-2015
Lab Name: Southeastern Fertility Center
Accreditation: None

Kutteh Ke Fertility Associates of Memphis, PLLC
80 Humphreys Center, Suite 307
Memphis TN 38120
Telephone: (901) 747-2229; Fax: (901) 747-4446
Lab Name: Memphis Fertility Laboratory, PC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Center for Reproductive Health
2410 Patterson St, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-8899; Fax: (615) 321-8877
Lab Name: Fertility Laboratories of Nashville, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Nashville Fertility Center
345 23rd Ave North, Suite 401
Nashville TN 37203
Telephone: (615) 321-4740; Fax: (615) 320-0240
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty Laboratory of
Middle Tennessee, LLC
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

TEXAS

Texas Fertility Center
Drs. Vaughn, Silverberg and Hansard
6500 N. Mopac Expressway, Bldg 1, Suite 1200
Austin TX 78731
Telephone: (512) 451-0149; Fax: (512) 451-0977
Lab Name: Texas Fertility Center, Austin IVF, LP
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Dr. Jeffrey Youngkin
Austin Fertility Center
805 E. 32nd St, Suite 201
Austin TX 78705
Telephone: (512) 478-3188; Fax: (512) 478-5092
Lab Name: Texas Fertility Center, Austin IVF, LP
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center for Assisted Reproduction
1701 Park Place Ave
Bedford TX 76022
Telephone: (817) 540-1157; Fax: (817) 267-0522
Lab Name: Center for Assisted Reproduction
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Center for Assisted
Reproduction Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Dallas-Fort Worth Fertility Associates
5477 Glen Lakes Dr, Suite 200
Dallas TX 75231
Telephone: (214) 363-5965; Fax: (214) 363-0639
Lab Name: Dallas Fertility Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility and Advanced Reproductive Medicine
1801 Inwood Rd, 6th Floor
Dallas TX 75390
Telephone: (214) 645-3858; Fax: (214) 645-7930
Lab Name: Fertility and Advanced Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Specialists of Dallas, PA
Fertility Specialists of Texas, PLLC
8230 Walnut Hill Ln, Suite 300
Dallas TX 75231
Telephone: (214) 750-5500; Fax: (214) 618-7838
Lab Name: Fertility Specialists of Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

IVF Institute
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C-108
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6868; Fax: (972) 566-6860
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Care Center of
Irving, Advanced Reproductive Laboratory, LP
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM
Lab Name: Texas Health Resources Presbyterian
Hospital of Dallas, ARTS Program
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

ReproMed Fertility Center
3800 San Jacinto Ave
Dallas TX 75204
Telephone: (214) 827-8777; Fax: (214) 827-8622
Lab Name: Baylor Medical Center at Carrollton
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
7777 Forest Ln, Suite C638
Dallas TX 75230
Telephone: (972) 566-6686; Fax: (972) 566-6670
Lab Name: Sher Institute for
Reproductive Medicine-Dallas
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Barnett Tower, 3600 Gaston Ave, Suite 504
Dallas TX 75246
Telephone: (214) 821-2274; Fax: (214) 821-2373
Lab Name: Texas Center for Reproductive Health
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Women's Place
950 Scotland Dr
DeSoto TX 75115
Telephone: (972) 709-9777; Fax: (972) 709-8300
Lab Name: The Fertility Center at Methodist
Charlton Medical Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University Fertility Center
1804 FM 646 West, Suite N
Dickinson TX 77539
Telephone: (281) 335-1942; Fax: (281) 335-0882
Lab Name: UTMB at Galveston-Assisted
Reproductive Technologies Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Southwest Center for Reproductive Health, PA
700 S. Mesa Hills
El Paso TX 79912
Telephone: (915) 842-9998; Fax: (915) 842-9972
Lab Name: Southwest Center for Reproductive
Health, PA
Accreditation: None

Wilford Hall Medical Center
Brooke Army Medical Center
Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology
3551 Roger Brooke Dr
Fort Sam Houston TX 78234
Telephone: (210) 916-6305; Fax: (210) 916-6350
Lab Name: BAMC IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fort Worth Fertility, PA
1800 Mistletoe Blvd
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 348-8145; Fax: (817) 348-8264
Lab Name: Texas Reproductive Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Dallas IVF
2840 Legacy Dr, Suite 100
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (214) 297-0027; Fax: (214) 297-0035
Lab Name: Dallas IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Advanced Fertility Center of Texas
10901 Katy Freeway
Houston TX 77079
Telephone: (713) 467-4488; Fax: (713) 467-9499
Lab Name: Center for Women's Medicine In Vitro
Fertilization Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Baylor Family Fertility Program
Texas Children's Pavilion for Women
6651 Main St, Suite F320
Houston TX 77030
Telephone: (713) 798-8399; Fax: (713) 798-8431
Lab Name: Obstetrical and Gynecological
Associates Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Specialists of Houston
7900 Fannin St, Suite 3100
Houston TX 77054
Telephone: (713) 512-7914; Fax: (713) 512-7853
Lab Name: Obstetrical and Gynecological
Associates Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Houston Fertility Institute
2500 Fondren Rd, Suite 350
Houston TX 77063
Telephone: (832) 237-1434; Fax: (832) 237-1436
Lab Name: Houston Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Houston Infertility Clinic
Sonja Kristiansen, MD
9055 Katy Freeway, Suite 450
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 862-6181; Fax: (713) 464-2810
Lab Name: Houston Infertility Clinic
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Houston IVF
929 Gessner Rd, Suite 2300
Houston TX 77024
Telephone: (713) 465-1211; Fax: (713) 550-1475
Lab Name: Houston IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for North Houston Center
for Reproductive Medicine, PA, see The
Woodlands, TX

Advanced Reproductive Care Center of Irving
7501 Las Colinas Blvd, Suite 200A
Irving TX 75063
Telephone: (972) 506-9986; Fax: (972) 506-0044
Lab Name: Advanced Reproductive Care Center of
Irving, Advanced Reproductive Laboratory, LP
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for Wilford Hall Medical
Center, see Fort Sam Houston, TX

§Center for Fertility and Reproductive Surgery
Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center
3502 9th St, Suite G10
Lubbock TX 79415
Telephone: (806) 743-4256; Fax: (806) 743-4462
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

The Centre for Reproductive Medicine
3405 22nd St, Suite 300
Lubbock TX 79410
Telephone: (806) 788-1212; Fax: (806) 788-1253
Lab Name: The Centre for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Institute of South Texas
110 E. Savannah, Bldg B, Suite 103
McAllen TX 78503
Telephone: (956) 687-2693; Fax: (956) 687-2829
Lab Name: Reproductive Institute of South
Texas Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Presbyterian Hospital Plano ARTS
6300 W. Parker Rd, MOB-2, Suite G26
Plano TX 75093
Telephone: (972) 981-3325; Fax: (972) 981-3336
Lab Name: Texas Health Presbyterian Hospital of
Plano, ARTS Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Center of San Antonio
4499 Medical Dr, Suite 200
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 692-0577; Fax: (210) 692-1210
Lab Name: Fertility Center of San Antonio, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Institute for Women's Health
Advanced Fertility Laboratory
502 Madison Oak Dr, Suite 230
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 616-0680; Fax: (210) 616-0684
Lab Name: Stone Oak Fertility, LLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Perinatal and Fertility Specialists
502 Madison Oak Dr, Suite 210
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 481-3000; Fax: (210) 481-3222
Lab Name: Stone Oak Fertility, LLC, Laboratory
Accreditation: None

Reproductive Medicine Associates of Texas, PA
19296 Stone Oak Pkwy
San Antonio TX 78258
Telephone: (210) 337-8453; Fax: (210) 337-8452
Lab Name: Reproductive Medicine Associates of
Texas, PA, Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

UT Medicine Women's Health Center
8300 Floyd Curl Dr, 5th Floor
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 450-9500; Fax: (210) 450-6028
Lab Name: University of Texas Medicine Women's
Health Center, Reproductive Endocrinology
Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

North Houston Center for Reproductive
Medicine, PA (NHCRM)
111 Vision Park, Suite 110
The Woodlands TX 77384
Telephone: (281) 444-4784; Fax: (281) 444-0429
Lab Name: North Houston Fertility Laboratory, Inc.
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Center of Reproductive Medicine (CORM)
1015 Medical Center Blvd, Suite 2100
Webster TX 77598
Telephone: (281) 332-0073; Fax: (281) 332-1860
Lab Name: Center of Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

UTAH

Utah Fertility Center
1988 West 930 North, Suite B
Pleasant Grove UT 84062
Telephone: (801) 492-9200; Fax: (801) 492-3764
Lab Name: Utah Fertility Center
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Utah Center for Reproductive Medicine
675 Arapeen Dr, Suite 205
Salt Lake City UT 84108
Telephone: (801) 581-4838; Fax: (801) 585-2231
Lab Name: University of Utah School of Medicine
Andrology/Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Care Center
10150 Petunia Way
Sandy UT 84092
Telephone: (801) 878-8888; Fax: (801) 878-8890
Lab Name: Reproductive Care Center Andrology
and Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

VERMONT

Vermont Center for Reproductive Medicine
FAHC-Reproductive Endocrinology & Infertility
111 Colchester Ave, ACC MP-4
Burlington VT 05401
Telephone: (802) 847-0986; Fax: (802) 847-0111
Lab Name: Fletcher Allen Health Care, Vermont
Center for Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

VIRGINIA

Washington Fertility Center
4316 Evergreen Ln
Annandale VA 22003
Telephone: (703) 658-3100; Fax: (703) 658-3103
Lab Name: Washington Fertility Center
Reproductive Laboratories
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
46 S. Glebe Rd, Suite 301
Arlington VA 22204
Telephone: (703) 920-3890; Fax: (703) 892-6037
Lab Name: Dominion Fertility and Endocrinology
Main Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Medicine and Surgery
Center of Virginia, PLC
595 Martha Jefferson Dr, Suite 390
Charlottesville VA 22911
Telephone: (434) 654-8520; Fax: (434) 654-8521
Lab Name: Martha Jefferson Reproductive
Technology Laboratory
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Genetics & IVF Institute
3015 Williams Dr
Fairfax VA 22031
Telephone: (703) 698-7355; Fax: (703) 204-4617
Lab Name: Genetics & IVF Institute
Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Muasher Center for Fertility and IVF
8501 Arlington Blvd, Suite 500
Fairfax VA 22031
Telephone: (703) 876-6311; Fax: (703) 876-6317
Lab Name: The Muasher Center for Fertility and
IVF Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Jones Institute for Reproductive Medicine
601 Colley Ave, Suite 251
Norfolk VA 23507
Telephone: (757) 446-7116; Fax: (757) 446-8998
Lab Name: Jones Institute for Reproductive
Medicine Embryology Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Virginia Center for Reproductive Medicine
11150 Sunset Hills Rd, Suite 100
Reston VA 20190
Telephone: (703) 437-7722; Fax: (703) 437-0066
Lab Name: Virginia Center for
Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Fertility Institute of Virginia
10710 Midlothian Turnpike, Suite 331
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 379-9000; Fax: (804) 379-9031
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

LifeSource Fertility Center
7603 Forest Ave, Suite 204
Richmond VA 23229
Telephone: (804) 673-2273; Fax: (804) 285-3109
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The Richmond Center for Fertility and Endocrinology
Courtyard Office Bldg, 7603 Forest Ave, Suite 301
Richmond VA 23229
Telephone: (804) 285-9700; Fax: (804) 285-9745
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University Center for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
Stony Point Women's Health
9000 Stony Point Pkwy
Richmond VA 23235
Telephone: (804) 327-8820; Fax: (804) 237-6637
Lab Name: Virginia IVF and Andrology Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

The New Hope Center for Reproductive Medicine
1181 First Colonial Rd, Suite 100
Virginia Beach VA 23454
Telephone: (757) 496-5370; Fax: (757) 481-3354
Lab Name: The New Hope Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Francisco M. Irianni, MD
1820 W. Plaza Dr
Winchester VA 22601
Telephone: (540) 662-6092; Fax: (540) 667-2476
Lab Name: Medical Faculty
Associates, Inc. Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

WASHINGTON

Overlake Reproductive Health, Inc., PS
1135 116th Ave N.E., Suite 640
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 646-4700; Fax: (425) 646-1076
Lab Name: Overlake Reproductive Health
Laboratory, LLC
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Washington Center for Reproductive Medicine
1370 116th Ave N.E., Suite 100
Bellevue WA 98004
Telephone: (425) 462-6100; Fax: (425) 635-0742
Lab Name: Eastside Fertility Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Bellingham IVF
Emmett Branigan, MD
2980 Squalicum Pkwy, Suite 103
Bellingham WA 98225
Telephone: (360) 715-8124; Fax: (360) 715-8126
Lab Name: Bellingham IVF
Accreditation: None

Northwest Center for Reproductive Sciences
12333 N.E. 130th Ln, Suite 220
Kirkland WA 98034
Telephone: (425) 284-4400; Fax: (425) 899-9803
Lab Name: Northwest Center for
Reproductive Sciences
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

Olympia Women's Health
403 E. Black Hills Ln N.W.
Olympia WA 98502
Telephone: (360) 786-1515; Fax: (360) 754-7476
Lab Name: Olympia Women's Health
Accreditation: The Joint Commission (Pend)

Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF Specialists
1101 Madison Ave, Suite 1050
Seattle WA 98104
Telephone: (206) 515-0000; Fax: (206) 515-0001
Lab Name: Pacific Northwest Fertility and IVF
Specialists Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Seattle Reproductive Medicine
Integramed America
1505 Westlake Ave North, Suite 400
Seattle WA 98109
Telephone: (206) 301-5000; Fax: (206) 301-5066
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine,
SRM Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

University Reproductive Care
4245 Roosevelt Way N.E.
Seattle WA 98105
Telephone: (206) 598-9494; Fax: (206) 598-3966
Lab Name: University Reproductive Care Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM (Pend)

The Center for Reproductive Health
508 W. 6th Ave, Suite 500
Spokane WA 99204
Telephone: (509) 462-7070; Fax: (509) 444-3894
Lab Name: Center for Reproductive Health
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

§GYFT Clinic, PLLC
2201 S. 19th St, Suite 101
Tacoma WA 98405
Telephone: (206) 475-5433; Fax: (206) 473-6715
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Madigan Army Medical Center
9040A Fitzsimmons Ave
Tacoma WA 98431
Telephone: (253) 968-3783; Fax: (253) 968-5295
Lab Name: Seattle Reproductive Medicine,
SRM Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

WEST VIRGINIA

West Virginia University Fertility Center
830 Pennsylvania Ave, Suite 205
Charleston WV 25302
Telephone: (304) 388-2863; Fax: (304) 388-2866
Lab Name: West Virginia University Fertility Center
Accreditation: None

Center for Advanced Reproductive Medicine
1340 Hal Greer Blvd
Huntington WV 25701
Telephone: (304) 526-2652; Fax: (304) 526-2292
Lab Name: Cabell Huntington Hospital, Center for
Advanced Reproductive Medicine
Accreditation: The Joint Commission

West Virginia University Center for
Reproductive Medicine
1322 Pineview Dr, Suite 2
Morgantown WV 26505
Telephone: (304) 598-3100; Fax: (304) 598-8301
Lab Name: West Virginia University, Department of
OB GYN, Center for Reproductive
Medicine Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

WISCONSIN

Aurora Fertility Services-Green Bay
The Women's Center at Aurora BayCare
Medical Center
2845 Greenbrier Rd, Suite 350
Green Bay WI 54308
Telephone: (920) 288-8500; Fax: (920) 288-8570
Lab Name: Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility
Services, Green Bay
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

For current information for Gundersen Lutheran
Fertility Center, see Onalaska, WI

University of Wisconsin-Generations Fertility Care
2365 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-6160; Fax: (608) 827-3040
Lab Name: University of Wisconsin Medical
Foundation, Generations Fertility Care
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Wisconsin Fertility Institute
3146 Deming Way
Middleton WI 53562
Telephone: (608) 824-0075; Fax: (608) 829-0748
Lab Name: Wisconsin Fertility Institute Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Froedtert & Medical College of Wisconsin
Reproductive Medicine Center
9200 W. Wisconsin Ave, Floor 5P
Milwaukee WI 53226
Telephone: (414) 805-7370; Fax: (414) 805-7240
Lab Name: Froedtert Hospital Reproductive
Medicine Center Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Reproductive Specialty Center
2350 N. Lake Dr, Suite 504
Milwaukee WI 53211
Telephone: (414) 289-9668; Fax: (414) 289-0974
Lab Name: Reproductive Specialty Center,
IVF Columbia
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Gundersen Lutheran Fertility Center
3111 Gundersen Dr, 4th Floor
Onalaska WI 54650
Telephone: (608) 775-2576; Fax: (608) 775-2993
Lab Name: Gundersen Lutheran Fertility Center
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

§Women's Health Care, SC
721 American Ave, Suite 304
Waukesha WI 53188
Telephone: (262) 549-2229; Fax: (262) 549-1657
Contact the NASS Help Desk for current
clinic information.

Aurora Health Care-Aurora Fertility Services,
West Allis
West Allis Memorial Hospital
8901 W. Lincoln Ave, 2nd Floor
West Allis WI 53227
Telephone: (414) 329-4300; Fax: (414) 329-4399
Lab Name: Aurora Fertility Services Laboratory
Accreditation: CAP/ASRM

Nonreporting ART Clinics for 2010, by State

The clinics listed below provided ART services throughout 2010 and accordingly were required to submit ART cycle data under the provisions of the Fertility Clinic Success Rate and Certification Act passed by the U.S. Congress. These clinics either failed to submit data or did not provide verification by the clinic medical director that the tabulated success rates were correct, as required for publication.

Consumers who are aware of a clinic that was in operation in 2010 but is not included in this report's lists of either reporting or nonreporting clinics are encouraged to contact us with the complete name, mailing address, and telephone number of the clinic, by e-mail at cdcinfo@cdc.gov (Subject: ART) or by regular mail at CDC, ATTN: ART Surveillance and Research Team; 4770 Buford Highway, N.E.; Mail Stop K-34; Atlanta GA 30341-3717. Providing this information will help ensure that clinics that should be in the report will be included in upcoming years.

Clinic names preceded by the † symbol have closed since 2010.

†East Bay Fertility Center
4000 Dublin Blvd, Suite 330
Dublin CA 94568
Telephone: (925) 828-9235; Fax: (925) 828-9240

Hope IVF and Fertility Center
2500 Alton Pkwy, Suite 201
Irvine CA 92606
Telephone: (949) 387-3888; Fax: (949) 387-3907

La Jolla IVF
9850 Genesee Ave, Suite 610
La Jolla CA 92037
Telephone: (858) 558-2221; Fax: (858) 558-2263

Newport Fertility Center
20072 S.W. Birch St, Suite 230
Newport Beach CA 92660
Telephone: (949) 222-1290; Fax: (949) 222-1289

Northridge Center for Reproductive Medicine
18546 Roscoe Blvd, Suite 240
Northridge CA 91324
Telephone: (818) 886-0600; Fax: (818) 701-8100

†Sher Institute for
Reproductive Medicine-Sacramento
2288 Auburn Blvd, Suite 204
Sacramento CA 95821
Telephone: (916) 568-2125; Fax: (916) 567-1360

†The University of California-Davis
Assisted Reproductive Technology Program
2521 Stockton Blvd, Suite 4200
Sacramento CA 95817
Telephone: (916) 734-6106; Fax: (916) 734-6150

Santa Monica Fertility Specialists
2825 Santa Monica Blvd, Suite 100
Santa Monica CA 90404
Telephone: (310) 566-1470; Fax: (310) 566-1485

Florida Fertility Institute
2454 McMullen Booth Rd, Suite 601
Clearwater FL 33759
Telephone: (727) 796-7705; Fax: (727) 796-8764

Hawaii Reproductive Center
1132 Bishop St, Suite 1110
Honolulu HI 96813
Telephone: (808) 537-1164; Fax: (808) 537-1174

Sher Institute for Reproductive
Medicine-Central Illinois
5401 N. Knoxville Ave, Suite 102
Peoria IL 61614
Telephone: (309) 689-0411; Fax: (309) 689-0784

Siu Ng-Wagner, MD
9333 Sprinklewood Ln
Potomac MD 20854
Telephone: (301) 838-9711; Fax: (301) 838-9712

Center for Reproductive Medicine
9711 Medical Center Dr, Suite 214
Rockville MD 20850
Telephone: (301) 424-1904; Fax: (301) 424-1902

Luana J. Kyselka, MD, PC
2877 Crooks Rd, Suite D
Troy MI 48084
Telephone: (248) 643-6634; Fax: (248) 643-7165

Brenda L. Moskovitz, MD, PC
415 E. Maple Rd, Suite 101
Troy MI 48083
Telephone: (248) 524-1001; Fax: (248) 528-2533

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-St. Louis
555 N. New Ballas Rd, Suite 150
Creve Coeur MO 63141
Telephone: (314) 983-9000; Fax: (314) 983-9023

†Infertility & IVF Center
3009 N. Ballas Rd, Suite 359C
St. Louis MO 63131
Telephone: (636) 225-5483; Fax: (314) 872-9040

Sher Institute for Reproductive Medicine-Las Vegas
5320 S. Rainbow Blvd, Suite 300
Las Vegas NV 89118
Telephone: (702) 892-9696; Fax: (702) 892-9666

Womack Army Medical Center
Department of REI and ART
WAMC Mailstop A, 2817 Reilly Rd, MCXC-OB
Fort Bragg NC 28310
Telephone: (910) 907-0753; Fax: (910) 907-7825

†MacDonald Fertility and IVF Center
Case Medical Center/MacDonald Women's Hospital
11100 Euclid Ave, Suite 1200
Cleveland OH 44106
Telephone: (216) 844-1514; Fax: (216) 844-7098

†Center for Applied Reproductive Science
408 N. State of Franklin Rd, Suite 31
Johnson City TN 37604
Telephone: (423) 461-8880; Fax: (423) 461-8887

†Texas Fertility, PA
4323 N. Josey Ln, Plaza I, Suite 201
Carrollton TX 75010
Telephone: (214) 223-1921; Fax: (972) 394-9579

Trinity InVitro Fertilization Program
Trinity Medical Center Plaza III
4325 N. Josey Ln, Suite 111
Carrollton TX 75010
Telephone: (972) 394-3699; Fax: (972) 394-6517

Office of Frank DeLeon, MD
1300 W. Terrell Ave, Suite 320
Fort Worth TX 76104
Telephone: (817) 735-2300; Fax: (817) 882-8653

Frisco Institute for Reproductive Medicine
8380 Warren Pkwy, Suite 201
Frisco TX 75034
Telephone: (972) 377-2625; Fax: (972) 377-2667

Cooper Institute for Advanced
Reproductive Medicine
7500 Beechnut St, Suite 308
Houston TX 77074
Telephone: (713) 771-9771; Fax: (713) 771-9773

†The Women's Specialists of Houston
6624 Fannin St, Suite 1800
Houston TX 77030
Telephone: (713) 425-3783; Fax: (713) 425-3077

Fertility Concepts
4499 Medical Dr, Suite 380
San Antonio TX 78229
Telephone: (210) 614-3303; Fax: (210) 615-1052

Scott & White
IVF Clinic
2401 S. 31st St
Temple TX 76508
Telephone: (254) 724-2111; Fax: (254) 724-1046

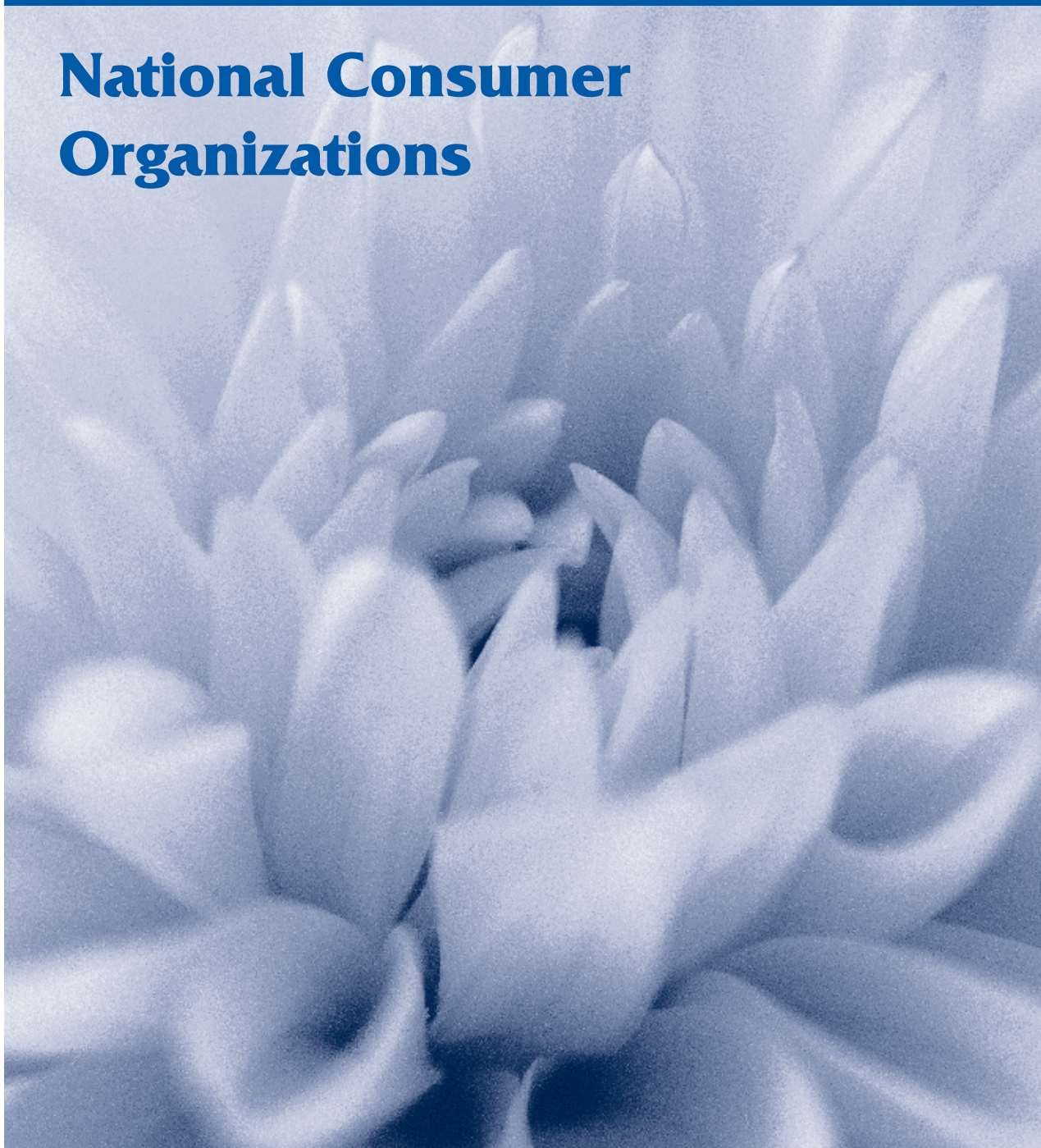
The Beach Center for Infertility, Endocrinology
and IVF
844 First Colonial Rd, Suite 202
Virginia Beach VA 23451
Telephone: (757) 428-0002; Fax: (757) 428-4555

†Advanced Institute of Fertility
St. Luke's Physician Office Bldg
2801 W. Kinnickinnic River Pkwy, Suite 535
Milwaukee WI 53215
Telephone: (414) 645-5437; Fax: (414) 645-5401

2010

Appendix D

**National Consumer
Organizations**



APPENDIX D: NATIONAL CONSUMER ORGANIZATIONS

The following national consumer organizations offer support to people experiencing infertility:

The American Fertility Association
315 Madison Ave, Suite 901
New York NY 10017
Telephone: (888) 917-3777
info@theafa.org
www.theafa.org

RESOLVE: The National Infertility Association
1760 Old Meadow Rd, Suite 500
McLean VA 22102
Telephone: (703) 556-7172; Fax: (703) 506-3266
info@resolve.org
www.resolve.org

Womenshealth.gov
Office on Women's Health
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
200 Independence Ave, S.W., Room 712E
Washington DC 20201
Telephone: (202) 690-7650; Fax: (202) 205-2631
4_woman@federal.dell.com
www.womenshealth.gov

