Morbidity and Mortality Report





U.S. Department of HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Public Health Service

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Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended July 30, 1955

The number of cases of poliomyelitis reported for the current week (1,037) is 28 percent in excess of that reported for the previous week. This is below the numbers reported for the same week in 1954 (1,497); 1953 (1,626); and 1952 (1,673); but above the 989 reported for the same week in 1951 and the 969 in 1950. Increases occurred in all geographic divisions except the West South Central and the Mountain. In the New England, Middle Atlantic, and East North Central Divisions, there were increases of about 40, 50, and 50 percent, respectively, over the previous week. More than half of all cases reported for the current week in the country as a whole occurred in these 3 di-

The largest number of cases occurred in Massachusetts. Seventy-nine of the 204 cases were in Boston, but more cases are now being reported in the communities around the periphery of Boston. Increased incidence is also being reported in the Connecticut valley, the south shore, and the north central part of the State.

A small localized epidemic of poliomyelitis is in progress in southeastern Iowa (Lee County), where there have been 9 cases with 2 deaths. The 9 included 2 nonparalytic cases in persons who were vaccinated in May 1955.

The Poliomyelitis Surveillance Unit, Communicable Disease Center, has reported 6 paralytic and 22 nonparalytic cases of poliomyelitis among vaccinated persons. The total is now 138 paralytic and 109 nonparalytic cases which have been accepted. No conclusions can be drawn from these case reports with respect to the efficacy of poliomyelitis vaccine. Complete information on the occurrence of poliomyelitis among vaccinated and nonvaccinated children of comparable age is necessary for such an evaluation, and that information will not be available for some time.

The 1954 field trials showed that the vaccine was effective in preventing paralytic poliomyelitis. Some paralytic cases in vaccinated individuals can be expected, however, because the vaccine is not 100 percent effective.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Suspect smallpox

Dr. Milton Feig, Wisconsin Board of Health, has supplied information on a case suspected of being smallpox. The patient, a 33-year-old male, had onset of symptoms consisting of headache, backache, and general malaise. The temperature was normal at all times. Numerous pustular lesions appeared 24 hours after onset on the chest, back, surface of the arms, and a few on the hands and face. All appeared at the same time. Material from the lesions yielded no virus when tested in chick embryos. The patient never had a successful vaccination, although attempts were made in 1937 and 1945. Contact with a family from Texas was reported, and each member was said to have had smallpox in 1951. None reported any illness just prior to contact with the patient.

Psittacosis

Dr. S. M. Buckley, New York State Division of Laboratories, has reported a rising titer to psittacosis-lymphogranuloma antigen in complement fixation tests of paired sera from a patient

who was a pet shop owner. The patient had a persistent pneumonitis which responded slowly to antibiotic therapy. The onset was in the middle of May, and the clinical diagnosis was psitta-

Poliomyelitis-like disease

Dr. R. M. Albrecht, New York State Department of Health, reports that an illness primarily in children, has been observed in several parts of the State. The illness has been mild, with moderately stiff neck, and an increase in cell count of the spinal fluid. It is difficult to distinguish clinically from nonparalytic poliomyelitis, but because of the relatively large number of cases occurring within a short period of time, the lack of paralysis, and the development of multiple cases, poliomyelitis was not considered probable. In a few instances, pain resembling myalgia or epidemic pleurodymia has been noted. In one area, a few cases in adults were observed.

Rabies in man

Dr. Henry Holle, Texas Commissioner of Health, has supplied information on a case of human rabies previously reported. The patient, a 49-year-old man, complained of pain in the right arm and shoulder, headache, nausea, vomiting, and dyspnea on May 28. A diagnosis of neuritis was made the following day, and he was treated at a clinic. He developed difficulty in swallowing, was diagnosed as a mental case and sent to a mental hospital, where he was tied to the bed. One day later, he was taken home, and then taken to another mental hospital on June 1. At this time, his temperature was 106 to 107 degrees. A psychiatrist indicated that he was not a mental case and he was referred to another hospital. A cardiologist indicated that he had a cardiac lesion. The patient became progessively worse and he died on June 7. Coronary disease was given as the cause of death, but an autopsy revealed evidence of rabies. Investigation revealed that 8 months prior to his illness, the man handled a stray dog that was having convulsions and excessive salivation. He attempted to give the dog some medication, but after several hours he destroyed the dog by shooting. No examination of the dog was made. The history also revealed that the man frequently had bruises on his hands, which may have been the portal of entry of rabies virus from the dog.

Dr. A. L. Marshall, Indiana Board of Health, has reported an outbreak of shigellosis in persons attending a wedding reception. Food was prepared by a caterer in her home under grossly insanitary conditions. Forty-five of the 50 who attended the reception were ill. Three who ate the food remained well, and two guests, who arrived too late to be served, had no symptoms. The incubation period varied from 21 to 36 hours, and symptoms included fever and bloody stools in some patients. Shigella sonnei were recovered from the caterer.

Gastro-enteritis

John McCutchen, Missouri Department of Health, has supplied information on a food poison outbreak in which potato salad was considered to be the vehicle of infection. Sixty of 115 persons who attended a picnic became ill 3 to 4 hours later. In the process of preparation of the salad by a caterer, the ingredients were not refrigerated before or after mixing. Investigation revealed that some of the same salad was also eaten at the establishment where it had been prepared, and had caused illness in 4 persons, including the person who prepared it. Hemolytic Stanhylococcus aureus, coagulase and mannitol positive, was recovered from the salad collected at the picnic and at the caterer's establishment.

J. H. Fritz, Missouri Department of Health, has reported a food poison outbreak in a hospital in which 43 persons be-

came ill 2 to 4 hours after eating ham salad sandwiches. No samples of food were available for examination, but based on the symptoms and incubation period, the outbreak was considered to by a typical staphylococcus food poisoning.

Mr. H. C. Clare, Idaho Department of Public Health, has reported an outbreak of food intoxication in a family. Chicken salad was prepared early in the morning before they started on a trip, and it was kept in a car nearly all day. Five to 6 hours after eating the salad, all three became ill, one of whom became irrational, vomited blood, and died.

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

Table Scale	_ 3	Oth WEEK		CUMULATIVE NUMBER							
				Fi	rst 30 wee	ks	Since s	ow week	Approxi- mate		
DISEASE	Ended July 30, 1955	Ended July 31, 1954	Median 1950- 54	1955	1954	Median 1950-54	1954-55	1953-54	Median 1949-50 to 1953-54	seasonal low point	
Anthrex062	11			20	13	20	/2\	(2)	121	12.	
Botuliam049.1	1		5	5	6	20	(²)	(2) (2)	(²)	(²)	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	34	49	===	736	954		(-)		' '	(2)	
Diphtheria055	9	16	33	761	993	1,568	52	121	122	July	
Encephalitis, infectious082	53	25	31	825	894	607	294	338	202	June	
Hepatitis, infectious,	33	23	31	020	034	007	234	336	202	June	
and serum092, N998.5 pt.	409	750		21,664	34,022					593	
Malaria110-117	19	:37		243	355		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	
Measles085	2,907	4,581	2,783	511,652	618,785	460,684	567,402		490.074	Sept.	
Meningococcal infections057	42	57	56	2,339	2,815	2,815	3,431	4,137	4,137	Sept.	
Poliomyelitis080	1,037	1,497	1,497	³ 6,530	9,183	8,401	35.467	7,630	7.083	Apr.	
Psittacosis096.2	45	11		178	406			(2)	(²)	(2)	
Rabies in man094		100	-	4	3	3	(2) (2) (2)	2	(2)	/21	
Rocky Mountain spotted fever 104A	9	11	21	167	168	197	/2	(2) (2)	(²) (²)	(2)	
Scarlet fever and streptococcal	_			20.	200		` ′	\ \	,	()	
sore throat050,051	1.352	1,404	903	105,257	107,741	7.6,273	142,648	142,375	92,595	Aug.	
Smallpox084	W (*)	4	141	-		9				7/21	
Trichiniasis128	6	3	***	176	162		(2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)		
Tularemia059	13	15	15	340	359	395	24	2	2	(2)	
Typhoid fever040	51	71	72	5887	1,115	1,171	5580	709	804	Apr.	
Typhus fever, endemic101	3	7		75	111		(2)	(²)	(²)	(²)	
Whooping cough056	1,509	1,430	1,274	42,392	32,964	32,964	59,674	42,721	44,755	Oct.	
Rabies in enimals	75	97	116	3,349	4,561	4,527	4,702	6,345		Oct.	

Reported in Massachusetts.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and Territory and of one possession. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, psittacosis, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown

in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fever—louse borne, typhus fever—epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end of table 1.

Symbols.-1 dash[-]: no cases reported; 3 dashes[---]: data not available.

²Frequencies are too small.

³Deductions: Oklahoma, week ended July 23 and Indiana, June 16, 1 case each.

^{*}California, 2 cases, Iowa, Montana and Virginia, 1 case each.

SAddition: Kentucky, week ended July 23, 1 case.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JULY 31, 1954, AND JULY 30, 1955

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	BRUCELLOSIS (UNDULANT FEVER)		DIPHT	HERIA	ENCEPHA INFECT		HEPAT: INFECT: AND SI	ious,	MA	ALARIA (110-117)	13
AREA	(04		(05	5)	(08	2)	(092,N99		Civil	ian 1	Mili	tary
	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	34	49	9	16	53	25	409	750	10	22	9	1
NEW ENGLAND	1	3			-	1	27	36		Tree.	5	PAG
Me ine	-	-	-	-		-	2	11	-	-	-	
New Hampshire	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	e 15	
Assachusetts	1	1			_	= 1	1 11	3 12			-	
Rhode Island	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	4	-	_	1 61-	
Connecticut	-	-	-	1 7	- 1	-	8	6	-1	-	6.144	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	2	4	-	-	11	7	91	182	-[4	3	
New York	-	4	-	-	9	7	50	131	-	-		
Pennsylvania	- 2	_	_	_	2	_	6 35	12 39	-	4	-	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	14	8	,	2					-1	=-		
Ohio		8	1		9	3	67	82	-	i ā		
Indiana	7	_	-	1	7	1	7 6	8 7	-		(A.,)	
Illinois	2	6	_	_	2	_	22	51		-	-	
Michigan	2) 1	1	-	-	1	23	12	-			
Wisconsin	3	1	-	-	-	_	9	4	-	-	-	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	6	16	2	-	10	2	32	105	1	3		
Minnesota	i -	1	1	_	-	-	16	44	-	1		
Iowa	3	11	- '	-	-	-	7	48	-		-	
North Dakota	l	1	_	_	2 3	_	2	4 2	1	1	3 * 12	
South Dakota	-	=	1	-	2	-	2	-	-			
NebraskaKansas	-	-	-	E 1.	1 :	-	3	-		6		
	2	· ·	_		3	2	2	7	-	1	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1	4	3	1	3	2	24	63	1	1	- 1 T -	
Delaware	-	-	-		-	-	2	3	-			
District of Columbia	= -		_	-		_	4	6	-	-	-	
Virginia		1	-		1	1	9	33		_	-	
West Virginia	- ii -	-	-	17.6	-	1	-	9	1 n S =	-	- mc -	100
North Carolina	A .]	1	1		-	5	7	-	→ , ;	All to	
Georgia	1	3	2	1	_	1 -] [1	1	1		
Florida	-		-	-	2	-	4		1	1	- 11	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	4	2	2	8	3	1	36	74	-	1	_	
Kentucky	1	2	1	u -	_	_	4	14			-	
Tennessee	3	-	-	1	3	1	5	12	-	Ξ.		
Alabama Mississippi]	_	1	3	-	-	21	13	-	- 1	-	100
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	l] -	-	6	35	-	-		-
	3	7	1	4	3	-	33	51	5	7	M el	100
ArkansasLouisiana	2	2	-	1 21	-	-	7	12	- 15	1	100	
Oklahoma	_	-	[1	1	_	1 2	4 7	- 1	- i	-	12 - 1 -
Texas	1	2	1	3	2	2	23	28	5	5		1
MOUNTAIN	1	4	_	110	2	2	31	37	1 2	4		3.55
Montana	- 1	15.00		- 2		1	8	2			L PAC	
Idaho	-	1		=, <u>d</u> j-	124	i	5	12	ew.	5		
Wyoming	1 1]	-		-	2.5	1	1	-	E Y-		" Here
New Mexico		2	100	-	2	_	7 1	12	-		1	100
Arizona	-	_ =	-	-	_	_	7	1 8	J 4	4	- T	1
Utah	-	2	-				2	1	-		-	· King
PACIFIC	(5)	-		77.	-	-		-	-	-	-	
	2	1	-	1	12	7	68	120	3	2	9	775
Washington	-	-	-	-	-	_	13	17			3	Sept.
California	2	- 1	-	:= ī		-	17	49		-	-	
Alaska			_ <u>-</u>		12	7	38	54	- 3	2_	6	
Hawaii	-	_	an C	1		-	2	1	-	1.7	-	
Puerto Rico		_		2			2	1	-	ly a	1	

¹ Includes cases not specified as civilian or military.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JULY 31, 1954 AND JULY 30, 1955—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	MEAS	TES	MENI COC		-	P	OLIOMAETI			ROCKY M		
AREA	(08		INFEC (05	TIONS	Tot	al ²	Paral (080.0,		Nonparalytic (080.2)		SPOTTED FEVER	
	1955	1954	19 5 5	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	2,907	4,581	42	57	1,037	1,497	389	528	418	546	9	1
NEW ENGLAND	139	475	3	1	263	21	127	7	97	10	-11	
Maine	13 3	22 16	1	_	2 16	- 1	1	- 1	1	-	-	
Vermont	43	41		-	4	1	-	1	4	-	-	
Massachusetts	63	279	-	1	204	9	111	4	80	3	-	
Rhode Island	17	35 82	1	_	8 29	2 8	3 12	2	1 11	2 5		
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	585	1,586	7	7	103	105	22	27	33	25	1	
New York	311	892	2	3	65	56	22	18	33	17	1	
New Jersey	138	439	1	1	11	19	-	9	-	8		:
Pennsylvania	136	255	4	3	27	30	-	-	-	-	-	V 59
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	634	741	11	13	220	263	70	88	96	95	1	
Ohio	100	106	1	2	38	60	9	11	5	12	_	
Indiana	12	24	4	3	22	30	5	11	11	9	1	
Illinois	126	243	1	5	54	78	11	37 26	28 36	29 37	-	
Wisconsin	132 264	156 212	4 1	2	50 56	78 17	11 34	3	16	8	,	19
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	104	161	1	4	92	210	31	56	50	78	_	,
Minnesota	20		-	-	24	36	8	10	16	17	_	
Iowa	32	40 55	_ [-	27	80	9	21	17	37		= "
Missouri	10	5	-	2	6	19	4	6	1	2	-	
North Dakota	27	54	1	1	3	7	2	-	-	1	-	
South Dakota	3	4 2	1 -	- 1	1 19	3 23	7	- 8	12	1 12		
Kansas	12	ı	-		12	42	i	11	4	8	- 1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	152	272	3	5	82	210	25	65	45	70	5	
Delaware	3	3	_	_	2	4	1	3	1	1	_	
Maryland	20	31	1	1	9	3	5	1	4	2	2	
District of Columbia	3	8	- 1		-	4	-	3	-	1	-	
Virginia	43 65	125 26	1	2 1	21 4	28 8	5 1	17	16 1	9	2	
North Carolina	5	41	1 2	-	22	55	7	16	14	25	-	:
South Carolina	2	11	1	-	8	24	3	8	3	13	- '	
Georgia	8	13		-	5	36	2 1	8	2 4	12 3	1 -	
Florida	3	14		1	11	48	16	49	13	35	1	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	73	78	8	9 : 5 i	46 17	144 50	6	28	10	14		
Cennessee	8 29	14 26	il	3	13	31	2	1	-	4	- 1	
Alabama	27	20	6	-	8	20	3	10	2	8	-	
dississippi	9	18	-	1	8	43	5	10	1	9	-	10
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	231	337	2	10	118	257	40	102	42	106	- ·	-
Arkansas	18	5	-	1	11	20	7	14	4	6	-	
Louisiana	5 <u>-</u>	2	-	2	9	34	8	16	1	18		
Oklahoma	37 176	17 313	- 2	2 5	27 71	40 163	5 20	9 63	2 35	7 75	_	
MOUNTAIN			2	_	27	44	8	14	6	11	l	= 1
	335	179		c -					ì i		_	
Montana	111 29	50 5	1		1 7	2	1 2	_		_	1 1	
ly oming	7	2	-	-	3	4	_	1	_	-	-	- 1
Colorado	61	15	1	-	9	11	5	6	2	4	-	1.
lew Mexico	48	21	-	-	4 2	6 9	-	4 3	4	2 5		
rizona	30 48	61 23	-	_	-	4	, 1	-	-	-		
levada	1	2	-	-	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	- 3
PACIFIC	654	752	5	8	86	243	50	120	36	116	1-	11
ashington	95	76	-	-	12	11	8	3	4	7	-	
regon	81	35	-	1	17	10	13	4	4	3	-	
California	478	641	5	7	57	222	29	113	28	106		
laska	3	180	1	-	2	15	2	6	-	3	-	
lavaii	42	7	- 1	- 1	3	3	3	-	i - I	3	-	

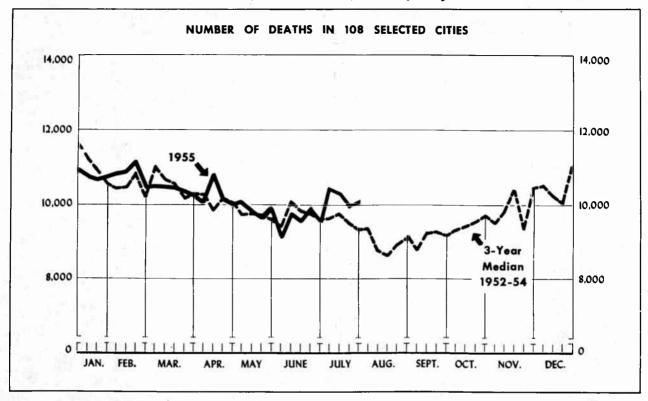
²Includes cases not specified by type, category number (080.3).

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JULY 31, 1954, AND JULY 30, 1955—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	SCARLET FEVER AND STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT		TRICHI- NIASIS	TULAREMIA		TYPHOID FEVER		TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC	WHOOPING COUGH		RABIES IN ANIMALS	
AREA	(050,		(128)	(05	9)	(04	0)	(101)	(05	6)	ANIA	IALLO .
	1955	1954	1955	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	1,352	1,404	6	13	15	51	71	3	1,509	1,430	75	9
NEW ENGLAND	33	50	2	-	-	_	-	-	52	86	-	
Maine		10	- !	-	-	-	-	-	19	4	-	
New Hampshire	1 -	5 2] [(1)	_	1 -		_	3	2		
Massachusetts	16	24	1	X -	-	-	-	-	18	48	-	
Rhode Island	16	4 5	1	-	_	_	_	_	1 11	25		'
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	57	65	4	.5 -	_	5	4	_	121	193	5	2:
New York	45	47	3	10.	_	3	3	_	51	96	4	2
New Jersey	4	4	-		-	2	1	-	18	39	-	
Pennsylvania	8	14	1		-	_	_	-	52	58	1]
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	98	85	-	I -	4	1	3	-	293	401	11	1
Ohio	16 30	13 28	_	Ų -	_		2	_	64 53	51	5	
Illinois	11	16	-	.40	4	-	ĺ	-	44	55	3	1
Michigan	26 15	13 15	-	W =	-	1	-	-	100	198 63	2	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	25	44		2		3	10	_	32	91	6	
Minnesota	10	15		-			10	_	7	40		
Iowa	1	2	-		_	2	1	_	14	12	4	
Missouri North Dakota	5	2	-	2	-	1	8	-	6	11	2	
South Dakota	3 -	24	_		-		1 = 1	-	4	20	[
Nebraska	-	-		6 -	-	11 -	1 -	-	-	-	-	- 21
Kansas	6	1	-	_	-	- 5	1	-	6	8	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	132	84	-	(E) 1	2	11	8	2	256	172	19	2.
Delaware	10	5	-	A	-	٠,	-	-	1	3	-	
District of Columbia	2	-	-		_	1 -	- 5		10	35 5	-	
Virginia	64	31	-	1 -	-	1	1	-	53	55	5	
West Virginia North Carolina	6 8	17 10	_	_	- 1	-	2	_	86 38	27 35	3	1
South Carolina	8	1	-	II 10	-	3	3	1	18	4	4	1
GeorgiaFlorida	30 4	16 4	-	1	1 -	2 4	-	1	5 45	3 5	3	15
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	39	43]	1	1	7	13	_	185	85	13	1
Kentucky	21	18		_	_	2	6		88	45	8	
Tennessee	11	18	-	-	-	5	3	_	33	21	ı	
Alabama	3 4	1	-	1	-	-	3	-	62	18	4	
Mississippi		6	-		1	-	1	_	2	1		
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	587	658	-	8	8	16	15	1	311	175	14	12
Arkansas	58	50 2	-	5	7	5 -	9	_	31	24	33	
Oklahoma	8	3	-	1	_	1	î	-	16	5	-	
Texas	520	603	-	2	-	10	4	1	256	143	10	10
MOUNTAIN	273	276	-	1	-	3	6	-	99	49	1	
MontanaIdaho	7	4	-	0 -	-	-	1	-	7	8	1	- 0
Wyoming	8	8		1	_		1	1 [3 7	2 -	_	
Colorado	37	9	-	-		:	-	_	12	1	-	
New MexicoArizona	43 156	10 211	1	_	_	1 2	1 2	_	20	22	72.5	
Utah	22	34	-		-	-	ī	_	16	10		
Nevada	-	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	
PAC IF IC	108	99	-	-	-	5	12		155	178	6	
Washington Oregon	26 32	16 21	-	-	-	;	1	-	16	16	-	
California	50	62	-		_	1 4	11		15 124	16	6	1 1
Alaska	3	-	-	-	_	1 =	144		25	120		
Hawaii	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	1		
Puerto Rico		-			-		1			12		

³Report for June.



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated, for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between

death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city with a weekly average of 50 deaths, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d \pm 2 $\sqrt{3}$, where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

AREA	30th week ended	29th week ended	30th week	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 30 WEEKS			
AREA	July 30, 1955	July 23, 1955	median 1952-54	to current week	1955	1954	Percent change	
TOTAL: 106 REPORTING CITIES	10,029	9,808	9,251	+8.4	305,845	299,142	+2.2	
New England(14 cities)	660	626	591	+11.7	21,016	19,863	+5.8	
Middle Atlantic(16 cities)	3,131	2,901	2,686	+16.6	90,936	87,169	+4.3	
East North Central(18 cities)	2,163	2,053	2,013	+7.5	66,961	65,780	+1.8	
West North Central(9 cities)	680	655	739	-8.0	21,417	22,889	-6.4	
South Atlantic(8 cities)	780	736	709	+10.0	22,118	21,929	+0.5	
East South Central(8 cities)	481	526	443	+8.6	14,152	13,934	+1.6	
West South Central(13 cities)	770	808	754	+2.1	23,816	23,415	+1.7	
Mountain(8 cities)	232	265	249	-6.8	7,274	6,914	+5.2	
Pacific(12 cities)	1,132	1,238	1,076	+5.2	38,155	37,249	+2.4	

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Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED JULY 30, 1955

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	30th week ended July	29th week ended July	CUMULATIVE FOR FIRST		CITY	30th week ended July	29th week ended July	CUMULATIVE FOR FIRST 3		
	30, 23, 1955 1955		1955	1954	A	30, 1955	23, 1955	1955	1954	
NEW ENGLAND					WEST NORTH CENTRAL-Con.					
Boston	187	238	7,161	6,629	St. Louis	199	210	6,502	7,132	
Bridgeport	49	22	1,155	1,073	St. Paul	56	56	1,938	1,959	
Cambridge	29	23	874	841	Wichita	44	41	1,137	1,340	
Fall River	29	29	852	853	SOUTH ATLANTIC					
Lowell	43 32	35 27	1,400 770	1,357	Atlanta	98	100	3,076	3,17	
Lynn	23	20	696	661	Baltimore	244	230	6,838	6,53	
New Bedford	23	23	751	680	Charlotte	23	17	851	89	
New Haven	44	34	1,356	1,309	Jacksonville	(33)	(52)	(1,409)	(1,51	
Providence	54	62	1,950	1,797	Miami	74	73	1,617	1,95	
Somerville	14	12	479	425	Norfolk	42	27	963	89	
Springfield, Mass	47	27	1,246	1,183	Richmond	55	69 (24)	1,937	1,90 (85)	
Vorcester	31 55	41 33	772 1,554	739 1, 4 87	Tampa	51	57	1.679	1,61	
	33	J J	1,334	1,401	Washington, D. C	193	163	5,157	4,95	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					Wilmington, Del		(33)		(98	
Albany	44	42	1,443	1,350	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL					
Allentown	(40)	(25)	(1,116)	(993)			1		0.00	
Buffalo	138		4,118	4,164	Birmingham	85	75	2,303	2,26	
Camden	39	52	1,129	1,103	Knoxville	45 55	40 32	1,337	1,33	
Elizabeth		(22)		(836)	Louisville	74	125	3,167	3,21	
Erie	20	39	1,055	1,036	Memphis	84	121	2,970	2,89	
Jersey City	56	71	2,133	2,091	Mobile	27	31	883	93	
Newark, N. J	110	97	3,113	2,956	Montgomery	33	23	794	77	
New York CityPaterson	1,610	1,489	48,106 1,157	46,275	Nashville	78	79	1,698	1,48	
Philadelphia	39 652	39 596	14,915	1,162	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL					
Pittsburgh	171	183	5,378	4,855	Austin	05	200	757		
Reading	(33)	(28)	(707)	(622)	Baton Rouge	25 18	20	753 649	77 64	
Rochester, N. Y	80	97	2,805	2,746	Corpus Christi	16	23	535	50	
Schenectady	26	24	688	721	Dallas	105	102	2,931	3,02	
Scranton	(33)	(39)	(1,011)	(1,023)	El Paso	32	34	869	83	
Syracuse	47	66	1,666	1,636	Fort Worth	64	63	1,643	1,65	
Utica	49	39	1,453	1,351	Houston	122	127	3,778	3,68	
Yonkers	22	31 36	90 4 8 73	814	Little Rock	47	36	1,338	1,26	
- S.M.C. L	20	50	0.5	011	New Orleans	119	135	4,500	4,45	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	_			List	Oklahoma City	43	74	1,704	1,80	
		_		= 11g	Shreveport	76 45	30	2,589	2,30	
Akron	50	44	1,597	1,681	Tulsa	58	66	1,346	1,31	
Canton	25	25	803	863	MOLIBITIA TRI			4.11	-,0.	
Chicago	719	655	21,715	21,835	MOUNTAIN	}				
Cincinnati	218	151 158	4,465	4,223	Albuquerque	17	25	702	78	
Columbus	94	92	5,903 3,244	6,068 3,052	Colorado Springs	18	13	408	35	
Dayton	70	55	1,967	1,916	Denver	105	105	3,305	3,08	
Detroit	325	319	9,900	9,373	Phoenix	18	21	327 727	31 64	
Evansville	30	33	956	923	Pueblo	11	16	392	40	
Flint	34	50	1,104	1,129	Salt Lake City	38	55	1,275	1,20	
Fort Wayne	47	32	1,041	781	Tucson	7	2	138	1,20	
GaryGrand Banida	(26)	(26)		(742)	PACIFIC					
Grand RapidsIndianapolis	37	110	1,275	1,162			_ =			
Milwaukee	94	110	3,267	3,361 3,685	Berkeley	15	14	547	5	
Peoria	22	23	866	902	Long Beach	38	56	1,488	1,40	
South Bend	27	19	748	696	Los Angeles	433	454	13,656	13,30	
Toledo	81	72	2,812	2,683	Pasadena	33	63 45	1,070	2,7	
Youngstown	56	56	1,542	1,447	Portland, Oreg	73	121	2,901	2,9	
	1 1 3	-		=	Sacramento	42	42	1,480	1,4	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL				1 4	San Diego	65	70	2,251	2,1	
Des Moines	48	49	1,488	1,514	San Francisco	162	168	5,653	5,5	
Duluth	28	20	759	807	Seattle	116	122	3,941	3,6	
Kansas City, Kans	24	33	1,062	1,066	Spokane	44	47	1,385	1,33	
Kansas City, Mo	121	81	3,215	3,745	Tacoma	34	36	1,159	1,04	
Minneapolis Omaha	102	100	3,456	3,456 1,870	Honolulu	/201	144	(1,090)	(1,0	
	58	65	1,860	1 1.870	MONOTATA	(39)	(44)	11 05011	11.0	

Symbols.—parentheses () : data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [--- : data not available.

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