## WEEKLY ABSTRACT OF SANITARY REPORTS.

Vol. II. {Abstract No. 95. }

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE,

Washington, D. C., December 23, 1887.

Abstract of Sanitary Reports received through the Department of State from foreign countries during the week ended December 23, 1887, and information received through other channels.

(Published in accordance with section 4, act approved April 29, 1878.)

England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 28 great towns of England and Wales during the week ended December 3 corresponded to an annual rate of 22.5 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 9,244,099. The lowest rate was recorded in Brighton, viz., 15.5, and the highest in Newcastle-on-Tyne, viz., 35.6 a thousand. Small-pox caused 25 deaths in Sheffield and 1 in Bristol.

London.—One thousand seven hundred and four deaths were registered during the week ended December 3, including 26 from measles, 53 from scarlet fever, 28 from diphtheria, 67 from whooping-cough, 1 from typhus, 23 from enteric fever, and 14 from diarrhœa and dysentery. There were 455 deaths from diseases of the respiratory organs. Different forms of violence caused 64 deaths, and 3 suicides were registered. The deaths from all causes corresponded to an annual rate of 21.1 a thousand. In greater London 2,151 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 20.7 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" 15 deaths from diphtheria, 13 from measles, 9 from "fever," and 18 from whooping-cough were registered.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended December 3 in the 16 principal town districts of Ireland was 22.5 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Armagh, viz., 5.2, and the highest in Newry, viz., 42.1 a thousand.

Dublin.—Two hundred and thirty-seven deaths were registered during the week ended December 3, including 8 from measles, 4 from

whooping-cough, 13 from scarlet fever, 1 from diphtheria, 2 from enteric fever, and 2 from diarrhea. Diseases of the respiratory organs caused 61 deaths. Three accidental deaths were registered, and in 36 instances the causes of death were uncertified. The deaths from all causes corresponded to an annual rate of 35.0 a thousand.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended December 3 corresponded to an annual rate of 25.0 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,299,000. The lowest mortality was recorded in Greenock, viz., 17.1, and the highest in Paisley, viz., 37.6 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 624, including 12 from measles, 13 from scarlet fever, 5 from diphtheria, 28 from whooping-cough, 9 from fever, and 10 from diarrheea.

Montevideo.—Four hundred and twenty-seven deaths were registered during the month of September, 1887, including 44 from small-pox and 6 from enteric fever.

Bordeaux.—Four hundred and seventy-one deaths were registered during the month of November, 1887, including 4 from small-pox and 11 from enteric fever.

Marseilles.—Seven hundred and twenty-eight deaths were registered during the month of November, 1887, including 2 from small-pox and 32 from enteric fever. The United States consul reports the arrival, on November 30, of the British steamer "Rohilla," on board of which a Lascar fireman had died of cholera four days before reaching Marseilles. The "Rohilla" was detained in the outer roadstead several hours by the health officer, but a thorough inspection made it apparent that every precaution had been taken on board, and the steamer was permitted to enter this port, complete her cargo, and clear for London.

Athens.—The United States consul reports, under date of November 26, 1887, that "the quarantine on arrivals from Malta and Sicily (except from the port of Messina) has been reduced to a quarantine of observation of five days."

Santiago de Cuba.—The sanitary inspector reports for the week ended December 10, 3 deaths from yellow fever and 2 cases remaining under treatment at the military hospital. In the town no cases have been reported, and the harbor is free from yellow fever at present. Small pox and scarlet fever have entirely disappeared. The inspector says he has news that the "'Thomas Brooks,' which sailed from there to Guantanamo, and thence to the United States, had to put into Nassau

for medical assistance on account of yellow fever and small-pox on board."

## MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES.

Glasgow D	Meek ended Week ended.	Estimated popula-	Total deaths from	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Small-pox.	Typhusfever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.
Glasgow D	December 3		949	!				i		
Calcutta         N           Rome         S           Rome         O           Rome         N           Copenhagen         N           Munich         N           Edinburgh         D           Palermo         D           Bristol         N           Bristol         N           Bristol         D           Havana         D           Genoa         D           Leipsie         D           Trieste         N	November 26. November 5 Leptember 30 Leptember 30 November 29 November 19 November 19 November 3 Lecember 3 Lecember 3 Lecember 3 Lecember 3 November 10 Lecember 3 November 10 Lecember 3 November 15	545, 678 439, 174 433, 219 373, 356 373, 356 290, 000 258, 629 250, 000 223, 695 223, 695 223, 695 208, 000 179, 517 170, 000 150, 157 112, 074 111, 000 97, 903	261 221 243 205 204 194 202 135 118 109 128 83 102 94 147 101 58 97 60	12	1	13 14 6 7 8 	1	38 2 9 7 6 6 1 2 	8 8 6	23 4 9 9

## UNITED STATES.

Tampa, Fla.—A few scattering cases, mild in character, are reported as still remaining at Tampa, and, as the quarantine has been raised, refugees are returning.

JOHN B. HAMILTON, Supervising Surgeon-General, Marine-Hospital Service.