WEEKLY ABSTRACT OF SANITARY REPORTS.

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TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

OFFICE SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE,

Washington, D. C., December 16, 1887.

Abstract of Sanitary Reports received through the Department of State from foreign countries during the week ended December 16, 1887, and information received through other channels.

(Published in accordance with section 4, act approved April 29, 1878.)

England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 28 great towns of England and Wales during the week ended November 26 corresponded to an annual rate of 23.5 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 9,244,099. The lowest rate was recorded in Leicester, viz., 13.8, and the highest in Blackburn, viz., 34.4 a thousand. Small-pox caused 16 deaths in Sheffield, and 1 in London.

London.—One thousand eight hundred and sixty-one deaths were registered during the week ended November 26, including 1 from small-pox, 27 from measles, 53 from scarlet fever, 31 from diphtheria, 75 from whooping-cough, 18 from enteric fever, and 18 from diarrhœa and dysentery. There were 560 deaths from diseases of the respiratory organs. Different forms of violence caused 56 deaths, and 5 suicides were registered. The deaths from all causes corresponded to an annual rate of 23.0 a thousand. In greater London 2,325 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 22.4 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" 7 deaths from diphtheria, 20 from measles, 11 from scarlet fever, and 13 from whooping-cough were registered.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended November 26 in the 16 principal town districts of Ireland was 28.3 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Lisburn, viz., 0.0, and the highest in Drogheda, viz., 33.8 a thousand.

Dublin.—Two hundred and twenty-nine deaths were registered during the week ended November 26, including 8 from measles, 6 from whooping-cough, 1 from typhus, 11 from scarlet fever, 3 from diphtheria, 1 from enteric fever, and 2 from dysentery. Diseases of the re-

spiratory organs caused 54 deaths. Four accidental deaths and 1 suicide were registered, and in 45 instances the causes of death were uncertified. The deaths from all causes corresponded to an annual rate of 33.8 a thousand.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended November 26 corresponded to an annual rate of 23.5 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,299,000. The lowest mortality was recorded in Dundee, viz., 18.8, and the highest in Paisley, viz., 35.8 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 588, including 13 from measles, 11 from scarlet fever, 4 from diphtheria, 30 from whooping cough, 12 from fever, and 8 from diarrhoea.

Germany.—The deaths registered in 53 cities of Germany, having an aggregate population of 6,831,222, during the week ended November 19 corresponded to an annual rate of 19.8 a thousand. The lowest rate was recorded in Erfurt and Mainz, viz., 13.0, and the highest in Hamburgh, viz., 29.6.

During the week ended November 12 the deaths registered corresponded to an annual rate of 19.5. The lowest rate was recorded in Mainz, viz., 11.5, and the highest in Münster, viz., 34.5.

Buenos Ayres.—One thousand and ninety-four deaths were registered during the month of September, including 92 from small-pox, 16 from enteric fever, 2 from scarlet fever, and 33 from diphtheria.

Gibraltar.—The secretary of the board of health reports, under date of November 21, 1887, as follows: "With reference to the board of health order of the 15th instant, it has been decided to remove the quarantine restrictions at this port on arrivals from Malta with clean bills of health and health on board."

Havana.—Seven deaths from yellow fever and 67 from small-pox are reported for the week ended December 3.

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MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES.

Cities.	Week ended.	Estimated popula- tion.	Total deaths from all causes.	Deaths from—						
				Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Small-pox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.
Paris	November 26	2, 260, 045				7		32	3	32
Glasgow	November 26	545, 678	246			•		7	9	1
Warsaw	November 19.	439, 174				23		•	10	13
Amsterdam	November 26.	378, 686							10	3
Copenhagen		290,000	133					4	6	3
Munich	November 12	269,000	141					•		6
Edinburgh	November 26	258, 629						1	1	
Palermo	November 27	250,000	110					î		6
Belfast	November 26	224, 422	125					3	2	ĭ
Genoa	November 26	179, 537	85			10	1.	٥		
Leipsic	November 26	170,000	59			10			2	3
Trieste	November 12	150, 157	90			20			3	3
Trieste	November 19	150, 157	73			7		•	3	۰
Toronto	December 3	130, 000	31			4 ;		-		4
Toronto	December 10	130,000	24							2
Stuttgart		135,500 125,510								-
Bremen	November 24	119,000	38						1	
Havre	November 26.	112,074	71						* 1	
Barmen		108,000						•		2
Leith	November 26	72, 297	28			••••••				Ť
Cienfuegos		35, 464	22		3				1	,
Callao		34,000	22		3	11				
Guayaquil			46			16			•••••	ı
Guayaquil	November 17	30,000	40			15				

UNITED STATES.

Delaware Breakwater Quarantine Station.—The acting assistant surgeon in charge reports that the American brigantine "Rocky Glen," from Guadaloupe, via Turk's Island, loaded with salt, and bound to Boston, towed into the Delaware Breakwater on the 8th instant, and it was reported that four of the crew were sick with yellow fever, and that one man had died during the passage. He immediately visited and inspected the vessel, and found that the men were suffering from malarial fever, not yellow fever.

Tampa, Fla.—Yellow fever.—The quarantine inspector reports the hospital closed, but that there are still a few cases of the disease in Tampa.

B♥ order of the Supervising Surgeon-General:

GEO. W. STONER, Surgeon, Marine-Hospital Service.