Morbidity and Mortality





U. S. Department of HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Public Health Service

NATIONAL OFFICE OF VITAL STATISTICS

March 11, 1955

Washington 25, D. C.

Vol. 4, No. 9

Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended March 5, 1955

The incidence of meningococcal infections in the country as-a whole for the past 6 months has been consistently lower than for the same period last year. The incidence of the disease had been increasing each year from 1948 to 1953, inclusive. The number of cases reported in 1954 was about 19 percent below the peak year 1953, and this trend is continuing so far in 1955.

The provisional incidence rate for <u>diphtheria</u> in the United States was 1.3 cases per 100,000 estimated population for 1954. Rates for the individual States are shown in the accompanying chart.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Influenza

The following reports have been received by the WHO Influenza Information Center, N.I.H., and the National Office of Vital Statistics:

Dr. Irving Gordon, New York State Department of Health, reports scattered cases of influenza B throughout the State, occasionally necessitating closure of schools for brief periods. Serum samples received from an outbreak in December near Lockport, N. Y., have been tested and show evidence of influenza B infection.

The Preventive Medicine Division, S.G.O., Department of the Army, reports the isolation of 4 strains of influenza B virus from personnel at a military installation in New Jersey during the latter part of February.

Dr. Mason Romaine, Virginia Department of Health, reports serologic identification of two cases of influenza B occurring in Richmond during January.

Dr. A. P. McKee, State University of Iowa, reports cases of influenza among university students which have been identified serologically and by virus isolation as influenza B. Cases were first evident during the middle of February, but probably beganto occur about the first of the month. The isolated virus has not been completely studied, but it appears to be closely related to viruses recovered in 1952.

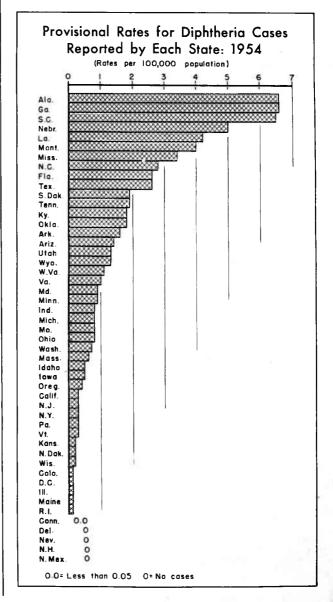
Dr. Maxwell Finland, Boston City Hospital, reports that serum from a case considered to be atypical pneumonia and having onset in January, has shown a 32-fold rise in influenza B antibodies against a 1952 Boston strain of B virus. There was no rise against a 1953 A prime strain isolated in Boston in 1953. He also reported that Dr. T. H. Ingalls has been investigating a brisk outbreak of influenza in a boys' school 30 miles west of Boston. Nine paired sera from boys in this school all showed specific rises in antibodies against the 1952 influenza B virus but not against the 1953 A prime virus.

Dr. J. R. Amos, Missouri Director of Health, has reported that 110 cases of an influenza-like illness have occurred among students in a college in central Missouri with onsets in February. The dominant symptoms were fever, sore throat, cough, myalgia, and ocular pain. A few of the students had diarrhea.

Dr. S. S. Kalter, New York State University at Syracuse, reports that hemagglutination tests indicate the occurrence of influenza B in the Syracuse area. A hemagglutinating agent has been isolated from throat washings of agents.

Anthra

The New York State Department of Health reports a case of anthrax in a man who was exposed to raw wool in a mill.



The source of the wool was not given. He developed a pimple on his forehead and a smear from the lesion was found to be positive for bacilli resembling B. anthracis. Similar cases in the past have been attributed to exposure of raw wool from foreign countries.

Psittacosis

Dr. Milton Feig, Wisconsin State Board of Health, reports a case of psittacosis in a man who purchased 22 parakeets while on a trip to California. Two of the birds died before they were shipped to Wisconsin. About 3 weeks after returning home, the patient became ill suddenly with fever, chills, and cough. Chest X-ray showed pneumonitis in the right upper lobe. Blood agglutinations were negative for Brucella abortus. Two blood samples have been collected for further laboratory tests, but reports of these have not as yet been received.

Dr. Mason Romaine, Virginia Department of Health, gives epidemiologic information on the case of psittacosis reported for the week ended February 12. The patient became ill with headache, nausea, and semi-consciousness, early in February. Chest X-ray showed pneumonia. A gift parakeet was associated with the patient for about 5 months before her illness. This bird was purchased in Maryland and there have been no signs of illness among other birds at this source. The gift bird is still living and apparently healthy. No respiratory illness has been reported in any other member of the patient's family. The complement fixation test on a blood specimen from the patient was positive for psittacosis in a dilution of 1:80.

Meningitis

The North Carolina State Board of Health has reported 8 cases of meningitis, with 1 death, among preschoolchildren and children of school age living in 1 county in the southwestern part of the State. Chemoprophylaxis among familial and classroom contacts have been instituted.

Continued on page 8

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	9	th WEEK								
				Fi	rst 9 wee	ks	Since 8	easonal 1	ow week	Approxi- mate
DISEASE		Ended Mar. 6, 1954	Median 1950- 54	1955	1954	Median 1950-54	1954-55	1953-54	Median 1949-50 to 1953-54	seasonal low point
Anthrex062		5		4	2	6	(1) (1)	(1) (1)	(¹) (¹)	(1) (1)
Botulism049.1	207			4	6		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	28	28		178	236					
Diphtheria	28	65	69	361	384	676	1,578	1,729	2,858	July 1
Encephalitis, infectious082	28	26	18	184	163	150	1,536	890	879	June 1
Hepatitis, infectious,		1								
and serum092,N998.5 pt.	999	1,476		8,458	11,440					
Malaria110-117	3	3		28	60		(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
Measles085	21,680	21,760	16,848	143,199	118,119	102,245		154,211		Sept. 1
Meningococcal infections057	109	122	125	885	1,028	1,028	1,977	2,350	2,255	Sept. 1
Poliomyelitis080	70	93	86	² 819	1,213	1,084	² 38,006	35,600	35.600	Apr. 1
Psittacosis096.2	³ 3	2		⁴ 62	24		(1)	(1)	(1)	(+)
Rabies in man094	-	-	-	1	1	1	(1)	(1) (1)	(1)	(1)
Rocky Mountain spotted fever104A	-	2	2	9	6	6	(1)	(1)	(+)	(1)
Scarlet fever and streptococcal										
sore throat050,051	5,438	5,102	4,052	38,009	39,346	25,713	75.400	73,980	42,035	Aug. 1
Smallpox084	-	-	-	-	-	4	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Trichiniasis128	1	5		24	4 5		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Tularemia059	16	17	15	_141	135	135	(·)	1 \ /	(1)	(1)
Typhoid fever040	20	26	28	⁵ 225	276	276	52,098	2,267	2,267	Apr. 1
Typhus fever, endemic101	1	1		10	21		(1)	(1)	(*)	(1)
Whooping cough056	1,164	1,102	1,102	11,843	9,431	10,514	29,125	19,188	24,720	Oct. 1
Rabies in animals	135	191	182	e _{1,101}	1,616	1,495	6 _{2,454}	3,400		0ct. 1

¹Frequencies are too small.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and Territory and of one possession. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, psittacosis, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fever-louse borne, typhus fever-epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end of table 1.

²Addition: Oklahoma, week ended February 26, 1 case.

Minnesota, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin, 1 case each.

Addition: Idaho, week ended February 26, 2 cases.

Addition: South Dakota, week ended February 26, 1 case.

⁶Addition: Kentucky, week ended February 19, 3 cases.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED MARCH 6, 1954, AND MARCH 5, 1955

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

1	BRUCEL (UNDU FEV	LANT	DIPHT	HERIA	ENCEPHA INFECT		HEPAT INFECT AND S	ious,	MAIARIA (110-117)			
AREA	(044)		(05	5)	(08	2)	(092,N998.5 pt.)		Civilian ¹		Military	
*	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	28	28	28	65	28	26	999	1,476	3	3		
NEW ENGLAND	1	-	4	1	3	2	91	87		-	-	
aine	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	25	S.	(*)		
ew Hampshireermont	-	_	- 1	_	<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	9	2 5	35		-	
assachusetts	1	-	_	1	3	2	32	43	2		<u> </u>	
onecticut	-	-	-	-	-	~	11	2	-	-	2	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	-	_	_	-	_	-	31	10	-	-	-	
	1	3	2	1	6	7	254	311	-	-	-	
ew Yorkew Jersey	1	1 2	2	-	6	7	118	233	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	-	+	
ennsylvania] -	-	_	1		74	16 120	14 64	35	250	**	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	 1 9	3	_	25	3	4	132	181		_	_	
hio	_		_	2 5					-	-	- 1e	
ndiana	-	-	_	-	1	*	31 14	52 31	-	-	1	
llinois	5	1	-	-	1	-	18	38		-	-	
ichiganisconsin	3	1 1	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1	2	49	37	(-)	()	•	
			_	_	i .	2	20	23	-	-	-	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	13	12	6	3	5	2	152	193	1,41	-	-	
innesotaova	6 3	2 7	1	-	<u> </u>	1	39	87	•	÷'		
issouri	l i	2		1 -	_	_	41 13	.76 15	1040	_	_	
orth Dakota	-	-	-	-	-		12	1	_	-	_	
outh Dakotaebraska	1 1	-	4	1	-	1	44	11	1	-	-	
ansas	i	- 1	- 1	_ 1	1 4	1.5	3	- 3		- 5	-	
SOUTH ATIANTIC	_	_	4	22	1	5	100	251	_ [_ [_ :	
elaware	_	_	_		20	1 12	2	9	-	-	-	
aryland	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	48	-	_		
istrict of Columbiairginia	-	-	- 1	-	(+)	**	360	#	5.00	-	-	
est Virginia	_	_		1 3	1 -	4	43 19	132 10	-	-	-	
orth Carolina	-	-	-	1	-		8	37	-		100	
outh Carolinaeorgia	-	-	2	7	- 3	-	4	7	2.53	7		
lorida	_	_	2	9	_	- -	5 ! 4	7		7	(\5	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	1	7	4	3	1	49	157	_	-		
entucky	1	1	1						_			
ennessee	_	-	3	1	-	1	9	30 88	-	-	-	
labama	-	-	2	2	1	S.	11	10		-		
ississippi	-	-	1	-	2	-	10	29	-	-	-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	3	9	5	-	1	65	113	1	3,	-	
rkansas	-	2	-	-	=	82	7	6	-		-	
ouisianaklahoma	-	1	1	1	-	-	5	3	343	2	-	
exag	_	-	7	3	_	1	6 47	2 4 80	1	3	_	
MOUNTAIN	. 1	6	_	4	_	_	48	48	_	_	_	
ontana	_	1	_	1	2	72	3	1	_	_		
daho	-	î	-	1	E.	5000 E	6	18	-	<u> </u>	-	
Yoming	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	2	-	
Bw Mexico	_	_	_ [-	_	_	15 9	15 1		2	-	
rizona	-	2	_	1	_	_	13	8	-		-	
tah	1	2	-	1	-	-	1	ž		-		
evada	_	-	-	-	-	-	·			-	-	
PACIFIC	2	-	-	-	7	4	108	135	1	-	-	
ashington	-	-	-	_	-	-	31	37	-	_		
alifornia	2		_	-	7	4	29 48	42 56	1	-	-	
laska	_	-	2040	5 - 5	*	-	-	-		4	-	
avaii	-	-	-	1	-	-	[]	-	:=::		-	
uerto Rico	-	-	1	8	-	-	2	-	1		-	

¹Includes cases not specified as civilian or military.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED MARCH 6, 1954, AND MARCH 5, 1955—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

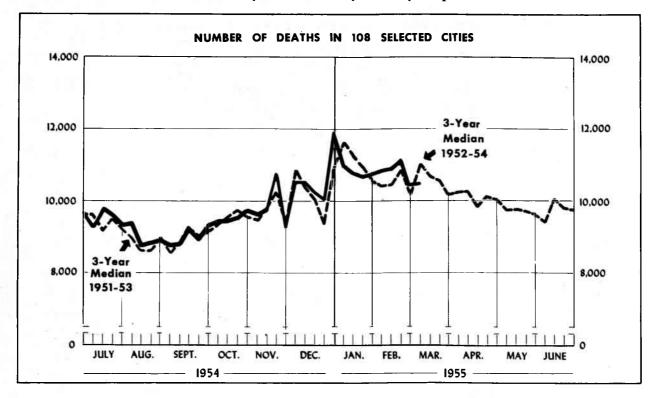
	MEASLES (085)		MENI COC		POLIOMYELITIS (080)							ROCKY MOUNTAIN	
AREA			INFEC	INFECTIONS (057)		al ²	Paral (080.0,		Nonparalytic (080.2)		SPOTTED FEVER		
	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1954	
CONT. UNITED STATES	21,680	21,760	109	122	70	93	24	30	27	34			
NEW ENGLAND	6,259	375	2	6	1,	2	-	1		1	-		
aine	350	206	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
ew Hampshireermont	414	10 41	-	1	_ [_	-	_	-	_	-		
assachusetts	2,994	96	1	5	- 1	1	-	1	-	-	-		
node Island	282	20	- 1	-	1	1	-	-		1			
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	1,816	3,802	24	10	7	12	1	_ !	1	[
	4,461	1 '					1	_	1	-			
w York	1,400 2,334	2,727	11 5	5 3	3 1	9	_	_	_	-			
nnsylvania	727	892	8	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-		
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	3,069	4,406	18	3 0	7	13	4	2	1	5	-		
10	590	1,066	1	10	2	5	-	1	-	-	- 1		
diana	197	1,099	2	5	-	2	-	-	-	1	-		
linoischigan	384	936 1,097	5 7	8	1 4	3	1 3	_	- 1	2		- 61	
sconsin	673	208	3	6	-	3	_	1	-	2			
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1,415	550	10	6	8	5	2	1	3	_	_		
nnesota	597	70	1	_	1	_	1	_	-	<u>-</u>	_		
VR	330	114	2	<u>-</u>	1	2	l <u>-</u>	1	1	35	-		
ssourirth Dakota	246 139	102	3 -	1	1	-	1	_	_	_	_		
uth Dakota	4	7	_	2	ī	2	_	_	_	_			
braska	4	166	2	-	3	_	-	-	2	-	-		
nsas	95	51	2	3	1	1.	-	-	-	-	-		
SOUTH ATLANTIC	510	3,462	12	23	13	11	2	5	5	3	-	ļ	
laware	1	30	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ì -		
rylandstrict of Columbia	16 15	631 135	1 -	2 3	-	-	-	_	_	-	-		
rginia	126	725	ī	4	- 1	3] [l	ı	l ī	_		
st Virginia	93	114	-		_	_	-	-	-	-	-		
rth Carolina	7	730	4	6	2	1	-	1	2	-	-		
uth Carolinaorgia	71 126	483 164	2	1 4	1	_	- 1	<u> </u>	_	-	_		
orida	55	450	2	3	9	7	î	3	2	2	_		
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	498	2,477	15	20	8	2	1	-	7	1	-		
ntucky	70	1,226	4	8	2	-	1	-	1	-	_		
nnesseeabama	252 129	754 351	3 5	2 7	1	-	-	-	1	-	-		
ssissippi	47	146	3	3	1 4	1] -	_	1 4	1	_		
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,836	3,151	17	16	5	18	2	10	2	6	_		
kansas	122	90	_	2	_	3	_	2	l _		_		
uisiana	-	143	1	3	_	3	-	ľ	-	2	1		
lahoma	13	32	2	5	1	-	-	_	l -	-	-	ļ	
XABNIATMUM	792	2,886	14 2	6	4	12	2	7	2	4	-		
ntana	5	1,122	_	1	3	4	2	-		3	-		
aho	8	362	_		1	1 -	_	_	<u></u>	-	-		
ming	3	35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-		
lorado	31 255	82	2	- 1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-		
izona	453	127	_		1	1	ī	-	1 -	1 1			
ah	6	388	-	- 1	-	-	-	-] -	2.0			
PACIFIC	2 840	2 415	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	2,840	2,415	9	10	18	26	10	11	8	15	-		
ahingtonegon	381 95	713 109	1	2	1	-	1	-	*	1,100	·		
lifornia	2,364	1,593	7	1 7	1 16	26	1 8	111	8	- 15	1 -		
aska	2	7	_	-		2	_	2	-	1-1	-		
waii	336	10	-	-	-	8	-	5	71:	3	-		
erto Rico	143	133	-	1	18	-	18	-	-		1 -	1	

Includes cases not specified by type, category number (080.3).

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED MARCH 6, 1954, AND MARCH 5, 1955—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	SCARLET AND STREP SORE TI (050,	TOCOCCAL EROAT	TRICHI- NIASIS (128)	TULAR		TYPH FEV (04	ER	TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIC (101)	WHOOP COU (05	GH	RABIE ANIM	
	1955	1954	1955	1955	1954	1955	1954	1955	1955	1954	1955	1954
CONT. UNITED STATES	5,438	5,102	1	16	17	20	26	1	1,164	1,102	135	191
NEW ENGLAND	294	532	-		-	_	_	-	78	150	_	_
Maine	25	57	-	-	-	i -	-	-	13 6	5 5	-	-
New Hampshire Vermont	9	7 208		_	_	-	_	2002	2	30	-	_
Massachusetts	202	174	- !	-	-	n -	-	-	38	77	-	-
Rhode Island	12 42	16 70	_	-	_	-	-	_	9	10 23	_	_
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	732	789		1	_	5	1	_	136	298	11	9
	356	456	_	_	_	1	_	_	60	170	10	8
New YorkNew Jersey	74	105	-	1] [i	Ī	-	15	46	_	-
Pennsylvania	302	228	-	-	-	3	-	-	61	82	1	1
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	904	938	1	-	5	1	2	-	246	213	16	33
Ohio	202	292	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	38	3	1
IndianaIllinois	213	104	;	-	- 5	_ 1	1 1	-	59 28	21 29	6	18
Illinois	143 234	177 191	1 -	-	5	1, 1	-	[63	79	i	4
Wisconsin	112	174	9 _	-	-	-	-	-	61	46	5	1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	156	248	-	1	1	2	2	-	102	32	10	17
Minnesota	24	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	18	-	3
Iova	36	64	-	l :	-	1	-	-	25	1 1	3	4
MissouriNorth Dakota	19 42	35 10	-	1	<u> </u>	[2	_	26	3	7	7
South Dakota	-	9	-	-	_	_	_	_	10	-	_	-
Nebraska	3	19	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-		.=	-	3
Kansas	32	31	-	-	1	1	-	_	19	10	-	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC	695	452	-	3	2	2	2	-	99	136	52	38
Delaware	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	121 6	59 11	1 :	_	-	_	_	390	4	28	1 -	1 -
Virginia	294	139	-	1	-	-	-	_	20	40	20	9
West Virginia	60	55	-	-	-	-	;	-	34 20	24	6	11
North Carolina	111	129	_	_	-	1	1	_	4	26	5	10
Georgia	56	32	-	2	2	1	1		5	-	5	4
Florida	26	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	7	12	-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	256	196	-	6	4	4	7	-	94	35	18	58
Kentucky	127	89	_	-	-	1	3	-	28	17	10	19
Tennessee	106	80	-	5	1	2	3	-	19 47	5	6	10
Mississippi	13 10	12 15	!	1	2	1 -	1 -	_	*_	8	1 1	22
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	1	22	1 4		5	a	1	162	138	19	33
	1,086	1,046		4	2	1] .	18	7	4	7
Arkansas	123	114		1	-	-	3	1 -	2	l í		1 '
Oklahoma	34	58	- !	-	1	1	4	-	7	1		1
Texas	928	870	1163	2	1	3	1	1	135	129	15	25
MOUNTAIN	685	415	-	1	1	₽ =	-	-	50	28	3	1
Montana	24 22	5 24	-	1	-	_	-	:	3 2	3 3	-	-
Wyoming	124	3	[: ·	_	-] [1	-] -	:
Colorado	150	87	-	-	1		-	-	1	2	-	-
New Mexico	123 187	15 256		-	-	_	<u>-</u>		13	16	2	1
Utah-	54	236	-	-	-		-		5	-	-] [
Nevada	. 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
PACIFIC	630	486	-	- ,	-	1	4	-	197	72	6	2
Washington	188	93	-	-	-	 -			21	19	-	lat -
Oregon-	93	87	-	112 H = 7		10	1 1	-	20	14	-	-
California	349	306			-	-	3	-	156	39	6	2
Alaska	9	2	e =						-	1-1	77	100
HawaiiPuerto Rico	?. = :	3 	=	(20)			1		1 8	66	2	1
-0 TITOUTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTTT	_	-	_	_		2	-	Ī	"	66	"	1 1



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated, for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between

death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city with a weekly average of 50 deaths, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d \pm 2 $\sqrt{6}$, where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

AREA	9th week ended	8th week ended	9th week	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 9 WEEKS			
ANDA	Mar. 5, 1955	Feb. 26, 1955	median 1952-54	to current week	1955	1954	Percent change	
TOTAL: 106 REPORTING CITIES	10,340	10,334	10,885	-5.0	95,711	93,681	+2.	
New England (14 cities) Middle Atlantic (17 cities) East North Central (18 cities) West North Central (6 cities) South Atlantic (9 cities) East South Central (8 cities)	773 3,035 2,216 673 759 506	702 3,022 2,306 708 859 4 95	775 3,264 2,340 801 848 473	-0.3 -7.0 -5.3 -16.0 -10.5 +7.0	6,757 28,707 20,775 6,330 7,321 4,552	6,451 28,081 20,395 6,475 7,238 4,521	+4 +2 +1 -2 +1 +0	
West South Central(12 cities) Mountain(8 cities) Pacific(12 cities)	820 254 1,304	725 255 1,262	735 236 1,309	+11.6 +7.6 -0.4	6,764 2,367 12,138	6,514 2,164 11,842	+3 +9 +2	

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 5, 1955

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

NEW ENGLAND 1955 1955 1954	CITY	9th week ended Mar.	eek week CUMULATIVE NUMBER ded ended FOR FIRST 9 WEEKS			CITY	9th week ended Mar.	8th week ended Feb.	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 9 WEEKS		
Section			26, 1955	1955	1954		5, 1 95 5	26, 1955	1955	1954	
Fridgeport	NEW ENGLAND					WEST NORTH CENTRAL-Con.		12			
Section Sect	Boston	284	252	2,331	2,086		232	242		2,130	
Fail Niver	Bridgeport			357				1		629	
Interford						Wichita	37	44	363	388	
Second 18						SOUTH ATLANTIC					
Yes Part						Atlanta	92	106	951	1,00	
West Early Section						Baltimore	239	259	2,166	2,14	
Trovidence	ew Bedford				223		31	42	308	28	
Serville 20		55		459	458					(48	
Pringfield, Mass.										56	
Second S											
MIDBLE ATIANTIC						Savanneh		1	l 1		
MIDDLE ATIANTIC					- 1			1		55	
MIDDLE ATTANTIC		36	36	*02	*0*		1	1	k 1	1,49	
	MIDDLE ATLANTIC				181			1		30	
	lbany	46	52	439	431						
uffalo 95 151 1,282 1,417 Author Ass 37 429 4 amaden 38 39 370 356 257 273 11 26 257 273 11 26 257 273 12 12 1,045 1,00 4 77 30 324 3 34 1,00 4 77 30 324 3 36 1,00 4 77 1,045 1,00 4 77 20 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 90 20 227 20 20 227 20 20 20 227 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	llentown						71	104	790	77	
Section Sect		93	131	1,252	1,417					46	
										33	
Seriary Seri						Louisville	ì		1 1	1,0	
ewark, N. J. 68 112 1,054 977 16 12 1,055 14,776 16 14 17 16 16 17 17		1 1					84	97	927	90	
ew York City		1				Mobile	26	33		30	
Abstract Abstract										26	
hiladelphia 486 497 4,520 4,269 WEST SOUTH CENTRAL 2 1 1 1 7 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Nashville</td> <td>64</td> <td>46</td> <td>497</td> <td>46</td>						Nashville	64	46	497	46	
Seading						WEST SOUTH CENTRAL					
Satistic Satistic		197	184	1,722		Austin	37	24	270	22	
Comparator 1.1		(31)					1		205	22	
Cranton		1 1				Corpus Christi	27	12	173	14	
Treation										(94	
Tenton										24	
tice								1			
Conkers	tica							1			
RAST NORTH CENTRAL	onkers						1	1			
San Antonic				İ				1		56	
13	EAST NORTH CENTRAL	19								74	
Santon	Jen	E0	46	501	510	Shreveport	60	33	408	34	
hicago		1 1		i		Tulsa	83	37	461	4	
incinnati 162 159 1,448 1,292 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,895 1,000 991 100 107 1,072 992 992 992 992 992 992 992 993 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>MOUNTAIN</td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						MOUNTAIN					
Leveland							20	40	274	20	
clumbus 114 106 1,010 991 ayton 68 68 68 628 618 etroit 283 328 3,012 2,961 vansville 37 38 287 289 lint 35 28 322 340 ort Wayne 28 32 288 223 ary (15) (29 (242) (235) rand Rapids 39 47 366 380 rand Rapids 39 47 366 380 rand Rapids 107 111 1,093 1,147 eoria 107 111 1,093 1,147 eoria 19 28 261 307 folled 105 105 902 839 coungstown 57 68 510 454 WEST NORTH CENTRAL 39 59 440 422 lansas City, Kans 26 25 244 228 lansas City, Mo 113 110 997 1,019 lansas City, Mo 95 110 1,061 1,080		217	219		1,889		1	1			
Section		114								9.	
Section Sect							1	1		1	
1						Phoenix	35	24	253	2	
ort Wayne 28 32 288 223 32 380 35 36 30 ary (15) (29 (242) (235) Tucson 3 40 6 35 40 6 30 40 6 30 6 40 6 35 36 40 6 35 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 36 40 6 76 40 6 76 40 40 42 10 11 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10								1		13	
Trick Company Compan		1 !							- 1	3	
Trans Tran						Tucson	3	6	40	-	
114 105 1,040 1,098 1,147 114 105 1,040 1,098 1,147 114 105 1,098 1,147 115 107 111 1,093 1,147 108 10						PACIFIC	1	1			
ilwaukee 107 111 1,093 1,147 Long Beach 59 54 493 4 coria 19 28 261 307 Los Angeles 485 463 4,572 4,3 oledo 105 105 902 839 90 90 864 86 oungstown 57 68 510 454 Fortland, Oreg. 102 68 867 86 WEST NORTH CENTRAL 59 59 440 422 Sacramento 51 46 461 46 es Moines 26 25 244 228 San Francisco 193 186 1,781 1,7 ansas City, Mo. 113 110 997 1,019 30 30 349 30 dimeas City, Mo. 95 110 1,061 1,080 40 40 50 349 30		114	105	1,040	1,098	Powkolow	15	22	160	1	
19		107	111	1,093						4	
outh Bend		19	28	261	307		485	463	4,572	4,3	
OLEGO							1	1		é 8	
Source of the control of the contr							1	1	336	3	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL See Moines	oungetown	57	68	210	454	Portland, Oreg				8	
Des Moines	WEST NORTH CENTERAL			!	1)	1		4	
Duluth		-		1 440	425						
Ansas City, Kans (275) Spokane 26 52 370 4 Sansas City, Mo 113 110 997 1,019 Tacoma 40 50 349 3 Sinneanolis 95 110 1,061 1,080		95.55									
Gansas City, Mo				l .			1			1,1	
inneapolis										3	
708ha 68 66 611 579 Honolulu (39) (38) (328)							-	30	5.5		
						Honolulu	(39	(38)	(328)	(3	

Symbols.—parentheses (): data not included in table 3; 3 dashes ---: data not available.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS—Continued

Shigellosis

The California Department of Public Health reports an outbreak of shigellosis among members of 2 groups of farm workers. The groups involved lived and worked in different areas and no contact between them has been established. However, the disease occurred in both groups about the same time. For one of the groups, sanitary conditions were poor in their homes. The sewage disposal system consisted of an open ditch, at least part of the way, which was adjacent to a pond in which children played. The children also played in a sump hole which was used for part of the water supply. In the other group, 2 families were involved. One lived in a house with complete sanitary facilities, and the other lived in a shack nearby. Water was piped into the shack, but other facilities were common to a group of shacks. Shigella flexner III was isolated from 9 of the 15 cases reported.

Epidemic diarrhea

Dr. J. R. Amos, Missouri Department of Health, states that an epidemic of diarrhea, chiefly among children, has been reported in the southwestern part of the State. Over 100 children have been hospitalized and 4 may have died from the disease. In the majority of the cases the initial symptoms were limited to the upper respiratory tract followed in 3 to 7 days with acute diarrhea and vomiting. In some cases encephalitic symptoms were present.

Suspect shigellosis

Dr. A. L. Marshall, Indiana Department of Health, reports an outbreak of a contagious enteric infection among inmates and attendants of an institution. During 1954 a total of 219 cases was reported. The disease is apparently shigellosis because stool specimens of 8 patients revealed <u>S. sonnei</u>. However, most of the 84 specimens collected showed no pathogens. One attendant was found to be a typhoid carrier, and another, a carrier of amebic dysentery.

Gastro-enteritis

Dr. A. L. Marshall, Indiana Department of Health, reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among members of a private family of 8 persons. Of these, 6 ingested ham and became ill from 3 to 23 hours later. Two had no ham and remained well. No other food was common to all the victims. A delay in transit of a sample of the ham prevented bacteriological examination.

Dr. Ruth E. Church, Illinois Department of Health, reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among an estimated 100 persons who ate at different times in an inn. A canvass of the neighborhood was made and only 7 persons were found who had been ill. The vehicle of infection was not determined.

Communicable diseases in other areas

Information has been received that 10 persons with <u>psittacosis</u> have been hospitalized in Amsterdam, Netherlands. The infection was traced to parakeets. One case was also reported recently in Rotterdam.

11 yes do not desire to continue receiving this publication, please check here and return.

Official Business

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
Public Health Service
Washington 25, D. C.

SPO 320011

PAYMENT OF POSTAGE, \$500