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NO. 4

OCCURRENCE OF TICK PARASITES IN NATURE IN SOUTHERN IDAHO 1

By R. A. Cooley, Entomologist, United States Public Health Service

Preliminary to releasing parasites (Hunterellus hookeri Howard) for the control of the Rocky Mountain wood tick (Dermacentor andersoni Stiles) we have been following the practice of making a survey of the region where it is intended to establish colonies. This has been done, primarily, to determine whether naturally established tick parasites are already present, the reared parasites not having been released until the year following that of the survey. Such surveys were made in four localities in 1931 and 1932 in Colorado, Idaho, and Oregon. Incidentally, these surveys have also supplied essential information on the tick fauna of the region, particularly with reference to the species present, their relative abundance, host relationships, and seasonal history. The numbers of tick lots collected in each of the several localities concerned were as follows: Conejos Canvon. Conejos County, Colo., 124 lots; Newton's ranch, Alamosa County, Colo., 73 lots: near Mayfield, Ada County, Idaho, 284 lots: near Burns, Harney County, Idaho, 262 lots.

Tick parasites were found in only one of the above areas. In animal parasite lot no. 8635 A, taken on a woodchuck trapped on June 28, 1932, near Mayfield, Idaho, by Carl Larson and Roger Cooley, there were 16 larvae, 20 nymphs, and 2 adults of *Ixodes hexagonus* var. cookei (Packard). Two of the fed nymphs showed parasitism; and from one, 8 adult parasites emerged. These were determined by A. B. Gahan and Dr. C. F. W. Muesebeck, of the United States National Museum, through Mr. F. C. Bishopp, of the United States Bureau of Entomology, as *Ixodiphagus texanus* Howard.

The finding of this particular parasite in southern Idaho is of considerable interest, since it has not previously been reported subsequent to its discovery in the rabbit tick, Haemaphysalis leporis-palus-

¹ Contribution from the Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever Laboratory of the United States Public Health Service at Hamilton, Mont.

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tris Packard in 1907. It was described at that time by Howard, the parasitized ticks having been found on a cottontail rabbit in Jackson County, Tex.

All attempts at tick control in this country and all of the biological studies by the writer in controlled thermal cabinets, have been made with *H. hookeri*. This parasite has been reared from ticks many times in various parts of the world—in France, India, Indo-China, Union of South Africa, South West Africa, Nigeria, Brazil, Cuba, and in Florida, Texas, and California in the United States. These data include the records for *Ixodiphagus caucurtei* du Buysson, which Gahan has recently shown to be a synonym of *H. hookeri*.

The living strain of *I. texanus* taken from Idaho has been held alive, and several generations have been reared in the Public Health Service Laboratory at Hamilton, Mont. So far as we have observed in the rearing of the two parasites in the laboratory, there are no striking biological differences.

MILK-SANITATION RATINGS OF CITIES

Cities for Which Milk-Sanitation Ratings of 90 Percent or More Have Been Reported by the State Milk Sanitation Authorities during the Period January 1, 1932, to December 1, 1933

The accompanying table gives the names of American municipalities for which milk-sanitation ratings of 90 percent or more have been reported by their respective State milk sanitation authorities from January 1, 1932, to December 31, 1933. The primary reason for announcing such ratings from time to time is to encourage the municipalities of the United States to attain and maintain a high level of excellence of the public health control of milk supplies. Another reason is to furnish the traveling public with some means of knowing the cities in which milk sanitation is properly done. It is emphasized, however, that the Public Health Service does not intend to imply that cities not on the list are necessarily doing poor milk control work. Some cities which are doing excellent milk control work are not included because arrangements have not yet been made for the determination of their ratings by the State milk-control authority. In other cases the ratings which have been determined by the State are now more than 2 years old and have therefore lapsed.

The rules under which a municipality is included in this list and in subsequent similar lists are as follows:

(1) All ratings must have been determined in accordance with the Public Health Service rating method, based upon the edition of the Public Health Service Milk Ordinance and Code current at the time of the rating.

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- (2) No city will be included in the list unless both its pasteurized milk and its raw milk ratings are 90 percent or more; provided, that cities in which only raw milk is sold will be included if the raw milk ratings are 90 percent or more.
- (3) The rating published will be the latest rating submitted to the Public Health Service, but no rating will be published which is more than 2 years old.
- (4) Additional supplementary lists of ratings will be published monthly, and complete revisions of the entire list semiannually.
- (5) Occasional surprise checks will be made of the rating methods used by the State, and discounts will be applied if State ratings are found to be more than 5 percent too high.
- (6) Ratings will be accepted for any city irrespective of the type of milk ordinance in force, provided that the ratings have been made in accordance with paragraph (1) above.

Cities included in the list presented here are urgently advised to bring their milk sanitation status to the level required by the 1933 code, since this edition will be used for ratings made in 1934. It is also urged that cities now on the list do not permit their ratings to lapse, as ratings more than 2 years old cannot be used.

Cities which are not now on the list should improve their milk supplies as much as possible and then request the State milk control authority to determine their ratings. Where the Public Health Service Milk Ordinance has not as yet been adopted, thoughtful consideration should be given to the advisability of its adoption, for the reason that the standard rating method is based upon the Grade A requirements of the Public Health Service Milk Ordinance, and it is obviously easier to satisfy these requirements if they are included in the local legislation. Copies of the Public Health Service Milk Ordinance and Code are available upon request.

State milk-control authorities which are not now equipped to determine municipal milk sanitation ratings are urged to so equip themselves as soon as possible in fairness to their cities. The personnel required is very small, as in most States one milk specialist will be sufficient for the rating work. The Public Health Service will, upon request from the State milk control authority, furnish assistance in standardizing the rating work.

Cities which are enforcing the Public Health Service Milk Ordinance and which have nevertheless failed to achieve ratings of 90 percent or more, should determine whether their low ratings resulted from failure to enforce the ordinance strictly, or from failure to bring their ordinance up to date with the latest revision in force at the time of the rating.

The ratings included in the accompanying table apply only to market milk. Family cow milk is not included, and consumers should,

therefore, not infer that the milk from neighborhood cows in such cities is of a high grade.

The first column of the table gives the rating of the pasteurized milk, the second column the rating of the raw milk, the third column the percentage of milk pasteurized, and the fourth column the date of completion of the rating.

A pasteurized milk rating of 90 percent means that the pasteurized milk sold in the city in question is of such a degree of excellence that the weighted average of the percentages of compliance with the various items of sanitation required for grade A pasteurized milk is 90 percent. Similarly, a raw milk rating of 90 percent means that the raw milk sold in the city in question is of such a degree of excellence that the weighted average of the percentages of compliance with the various items of sanitation required for grade A raw milk is 90 percent.

Cities having ratings of 90 percent or more according to last rating received during period Jan. 1, 1932, to Dec. 31, 1933

City	Pasteurized milk rating	Raw milk rating	Percentage of milk pasteurized	Date of
ALABAMA	(27 cities)		•	•
Andalusia		92	0	June 22, 193
Athens		95	0	June 15, 193
Atmore		93	0	Aug. 22, 193
Auburn		94	0	July 7, 193
Boaz		94	.0	June 29, 193
Cullman	99	92	28	Sept. 23, 193
Decatur	94	90	44	
Flomaton		96	.0	Aug. 22, 193
Florence.	92	90	35	July 7, 193
Fort Payne		94	0	Oct. 7, 193
Gadsden	99	95	24	Do.
Guntersville		91	0	June 29, 1932
Hartselle		96	.0	Aug. 17, 1932
Huntsville	97	93	53	July 20, 1932
Montgomery	96	. 80	22	Aug. 26, 1932
Opelika	91	92	21	July 6, 1932
Russellville		93	0	Aug. 22, 1932
Scottsboro		96	0	June 27, 1932
SelmaStayongon		93	0	Aug. 2, 1932
Stevenson		96	0	June 27, 1932 Aug. 2, 1932 Do.
Sylacauga		93	0	Aug. 2, 1932
Talladega Tallassee		92	0	D. DO.
Tuscaloosa.		98	_0	
ruscatoosa Fuskegee	97 98	95	75	July 28, 1932
Wetumpka	98	92	52	July 5, 1932
York		90 97	0	Sept. 20, 1932 Aug. 23, 1932
ARKANSA	.S (1 city)		I	
Texarkana	98	96	33	O-4 10 1000
eau kana	80	80	55	Oct. 13, 1932
INDIANA	(1 city)			
Prankfort	93 _		100	Mar. 11, 1933
KENTUCKY	7 (3 cities)			
1				
Bowling Green	92	91	22	Aug. 1933
Henderson	98	97		June 1933
ouisville	95	99.5	97	Sept. 1933
	<i></i>	ee. o	# 1 P	POP. 1999

Cities having ratings of 90 percent or more according to last rating received during period Jan. 1, 1932, to Dec. 31, 1933—Continued

City	Pasteurized milk rating	Raw milk rating	Percentage of milk pasteurized	Date of rating
MISSISSIPPI	(18 cities)			
Brookhaven		99	.0	May 18, 193
ClevelandColumbus	96 99	98 96	41 59	July 20, 193 July 12, 193 May 22, 193
DurantGreenville	97	99 95	0 13	May 22, 193 May 31, 193
Greenwood	98	92 95	23 0	July 14, 193 June 1, 193
Indianola	93	92 90	0 22	June 2, 1933
Jackson McComb		94	0	June 21, 193
Meridian Natchez	99 92	99 96	22 16	May 4, 193 May 17, 193
Ocean Springs. Picayune.	91	92 94	0 76	July 7, 193; June 8, 193;
Kuleville	92	94 98	0	June 2, 1933
ShelbyVicksburg	92 96	95 92	63 35	June 10, 1933 June 28, 1933
Yazoo City		95	0	May 24, 1933
NEW MEXIC	O (4 cities)			
Alamogordo		94	0	May 20, 1933
Artesia		90 90	0	May 23, 1933
ClaytonLas Vegas	90	90	100	June 3, 1933 Sept. 8, 1932
NORTH CAROL	INA (24 citi	es)	<u>-</u>	
Albemarle		92	0	Oct. 31, 1933
Apex		97 96	0	Sept. 28, 1933
BeaufortCanton		98	0	July 15, 1933 Oct. 19, 1933
Coats		97 95	8	Oct. 10, 1933 Do.
Durham Elkin	96	92 93	76 0	Nov. 10, 1932 Oct. 6, 1932
Erwin		95 92	ő	Oct. 10, 1933
Granite Falls		95	0 1	Oct. 20, 1933
Hendersonville High Point	93 94	97 95	35 60	Oct. 3, 1933 Oct. 21, 1933
Hope Mills		99. 5 95	0	Oct. 13, 1933
Manteo		94	0	Sept. 19, 1933
Morehead City		93 99	0	July 15, 1933 Oct. 6, 1933
Rockingham		93 92	0	Oct. 19, 1933 Oct. 28, 1932
Sanford Thomas ville	93	90	30	Sept. 11, 1933
Wilkesboro		90 96 93	0	Oct. 21, 1933 Nov. 21, 1932
Winston-Salem	94	92	42	Sept. 30, 1933
OREGON	(1 city)			
Portland	93	98	76	Dec. 2, 1932
SOUTH CAROL	INA (1 city))		
Columbia	91	92	60	1932

Cities having ratings of 90 percent or more according to last rating received during period Jan. 1, 1932, to Dec. 31, 1933—Continued

City	Pasteurized milk rating	Raw milk rating	Percentage of milk pasteurized	Date of rating
TENNESSI	EE (8 cities)			
Covington Dyersburg Memphis	90	91 90 98	0 0 73	Nov. 2, 1933 June 1, 1933 July 1933
TEXAS (12 cities)			
A bilene A marillo A ustin Brenham		95 94 95 93	51 68 21 0	June 15, 1932 May 14, 1932 Sept. 12, 1932 Apr. 1932
Oallas Fraham Jeakson ville La Feria	95	93 92 92 91	78 28 0	June 1932 Do. Nov. 1932
La rens Lubbock Sweet water Texarkana Waco	90	91 96 93 91	0 17 74 36 32	Jan. 27, 1932 Mar. 3, 1932 June 27, 1932 Apr. 1932 Dec. 9, 1932
WASHINGTO	ON (2 cities)			
VancouverWalla Walla	90 93	93 94	25 56	Nov. 30, 1932 Dec. 14, 1932

COURT DECISION RELATING TO PUBLIC HEALTH

Original birth certificate held admissible in evidence.—(Missouri Supreme Court, Div. No. 2; State v. Shelby, 62 S.W.(2d) 721; decided Aug. 12, 1933.) In a criminal case the State introduced in evidence the original birth certificate of the prosecuting witness. was urged that it was error for the court to admit such certificate because it appeared from the assistant State registrar's testimony, as well as from the instrument itself, that the child's name was not written therein by the attending physician, but that it was written with a different ink, by a different hand, and at a time subsequent to the filling in of the other parts of the blank. The evidence strongly tended to show that the child's name was written in the same handwriting and with the same ink as the local registrar's signature. State law the certificate was required to be preserved, and one part of the law detailed the procedure to be followed if the child had not been named at the date of filing the birth certificate. The supreme court said that it seemed to it, under the facts outlined and in view of the statutory provisions, that the trial court, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, might properly have indulged the presumption of right acting and performance of duty by officials charged with the enforcement of the law governing the registration of vital statistics with respect to the certificate in question and admitted it on that ground.

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But the court said that there was another and more compelling reason why the action of the trial court in admitting the certificate was proper. By statute it was provided that a properly certified copy of the record of any birth registered under the law should be prima facie evidence in all courts and places of the facts therein stated. Reference was made by the court to the recent case of State v. Worden, 56 S.W.(2d) 595, 598, in which it was said:

Since original [birth] certificates * * * are required by the statute * * * to be permanently kept, such a certificate becomes an official record which is always admissible in evidence. A copy of a public paper required to be filed, certified by the officer intrusted with its custody, is admissible in evidence if the original is admissible. * * *

The court stated that it necessarily followed that the converse of the latter proposition was true, that is, if the certified copy was admissible, the original was certainly likewise admissible. Said the court:

* * It would be anomalous, indeed, to hold inadmissible an original document a certified copy of which is by statute made prima facie evidence, and we decline to so hold.

MORTALITY SUMMARY FOR LARGE CITIES, 1933

Number of deaths, death rates, and infant mortality for a group of 86 large cities in the United States for the 52-week period Jan. 1 to Dec. 30, 1933, and comparison with 1932

[From the Weekly Health Index, Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce]

`		Death		Provi-			al morta idar year	
City	Total deaths 1	1,000 under	Deaths under 1 year ¹	sional	Infant mor- tality rate 1932	Total deaths	Death rate 4 (per 1,000 esti- mated popu- lation)	Deaths under 1 year
Total (86 cities)	408, 972	11.0	29, 776	53	55	413, 958	11. 2	32, 847
Akron Albany Atlanta White. Colored Baltimore White. Colored Birmingham White Colored Bringham White Colored Boston Bridgeport Buffalo. Cambridge Canton Canton Cinego. Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus	1, 970 1, 835 3, 935 2, 021 1, 914 10, 785 8, 230 2, 555 3, 100 1, 541 1, 559 10, 888 1, 591 10, 401 1, 401 1, 401 1, 401 1, 402 6, 531 9, 093	7.3 14.0 13.6 10.6 19.5 13.1 12.2 16.7 10.8 11.0 12.0 11.2 12.8 8.4 9.7 14.0 9.8 13.3	152 104 415 201 214 824 546 278 310 170 938 100 661 100 661 100 60 2, 270 400 585	43 43 82 84 113 61 53 87 70 57 86 58 43 68 42 57 40 51 56 43	46 49 69 56 52 62 53 54 65 67 57 67 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	1, 985 1, 765 3, 879 1, 830 10, 775 3, 2712 3, 211 1, 553 1, 658 10, 924 1, 354 1, 714 1, 040 4, 366 9, 821 9, 821	7. 5 13. 5 13. 7 10. 9 19. 1 13. 1 12. 0 18. 1 11. 6 9. 0 15. 7 13. 9 14. 4 12. 4 12. 4 12. 4 12. 4 13. 1 14. 4 13. 1 16. 6 17. 7 18. 8 19. 1 19. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	183 118 375 194 181 870 572 298 322 143 179 1, 024 122 692 140 208 109 2, 413 797 2255
Dallas	3, 154 2, 422 732	10.8 9.8 17.0	390 329 61	78 78 77	79 69 121	3, 044 2, 204 840	10. 8 9. 2 20. 0	392 268 124

See footnotes at end of table.

Number of deaths, death rates, and infant mortality for a group of 86 large cities in the United States for the 52-week period Jan. 1 to Dec. 30, 1933, and comparison with 1932—Continued

		Death				Actu	al morta idar year	lity in r, 1932
City	Total deaths	rate 3 (per 1,000 esti- mated popu lation)	Deaths under 1 year 1	Provisional infant mor- tality rate 1933 2 3	Infant mor- tality rate 1932	Total deaths	Death rate 4 (per 1,000 esti- mated popu- lation)	Deaths under 1 year
Dayton Denver Des Moines Detroit Duluth El Paso Erie Evensville Fall River i Filint Fort Wayne Fort Worth White Colored Grand Rapids Hartford Houston White Colored Jersey City Kansas City, Kans White Colored Jersey City Kansas City, Kans White Colored Log Angeles Lousille White Colored Los Angeles Lousville White Colored Los Angeles Lousville White Colored Lowell i Lynn Memphis White Colored Miami White Colored Miami White Colored Mimmi White Colored Misami White Colored Mineapolis Nashville White Colored Mineapolis Nashville White Colored Mowe Bedford New Haven New Orleans White Colored New Haven New Orlea	2, 982 1, 504 1, 340 1, 441 1, 253 1, 1, 562 1, 360 1, 1, 562 1, 301 1, 190 1, 788 1, 420 1, 605 2, 135 2, 561 1, 063 4, 096 3, 429 1, 533 1, 173 1,	11. 6 13. 4 10. 2 10. 4 10. 2 10. 4 10. 3 10. 3 10. 4 10. 3 10. 3 10	156 251 83 1, 160 67 314 81 81 169 169 169 169 170 138 190 308 3229 79 261 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 37 292 144 109 36 67 242 265 102 103 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	50 520 511 1283 362 576 626 1302 578 6156 799 582 417 34 147 537 709 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	41 47 63 42 58 41 40 64 42 49 56 52	2, 428 4, 326 1, 788 12, 990 1, 462 1, 311 1, 114 1, 3127 1, 1995 1, 361 1, 361 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 4, 719 3, 537 1, 364 5, 130 1, 297 4, 310 5, 142 1, 384 1, 244 2, 169 5, 182 1, 244 2, 169 5, 184 1, 244 2, 169 5, 184 1, 244 2, 169 5, 186 3, 305 5, 187 4, 501 6, 210 7, 750	11. 7 14. 7 3 13. 7 7 12. 3 13. 7 7 12. 3 13. 7 7 12. 3 13. 7 7 12. 3 13. 7 7 12. 3 13. 7 7 12. 3 13. 7 11. 0 5 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12.	181 336 84 238 1199 64 1111 201 321 321 321 321 321 321 321 321 321 32

Number of deaths, death rates, and infant mortality for a group of 86 large cities in the United States for the 52-week period Jan. 1 to Dec. 30, 1933, and comparison with 1932—Continued

		Death		Provi-		Actu caler	al morta idar yeai	lity in r, 1932
City	Total deaths ¹	rate 1 (per 1,000 esti- mated popu lation)	Deaths under 1 year 1	sional	Infant mor- tality rate 1932	Total deaths	Death rate 4 (per 1,000 esti- mated popu- lation)	Deaths under 1 year
Richmond	2, 529	13. 6	189	62	64	2, 616	14. 1	216
White	1, 522	11.4	96	51	49	1.544	11.6	109
Colored	1, 007	19. 2	93	81	90	1, 072	20. 3	107
Rochester	3, 771	11. 2	249	51	48	3, 888	11.6	260
St. Louis	10, 562	12.6	529	41	56	11, 035	13. 3	724
St. Paul	2, 804	9. 9	182	41	39	2, 983	10.7	195
Salt Lake City	1,496	10. 2	139	44	42	1, 585	10.9	136
San Antonio	3, 306	13. 1	537	100	103	3, 454	14. 0	530
San Diego	2, 233	13. 2	128	49	47	2, 252	13.8	122
San Francisco	8, 208	12. 2	274	40	39	8, 224	12. 4	293
Schenectady	1, 039	10.8	65	46	54	981	10. 2	81
Seattle	4, 142	10.9	164	34	43	4, 153	11.0	212
Somerville	973	9. 1	62	51	47	930	8. 7	63
South Bend	833	7.3	57	39	50	836	7. 5	75
Spokane	1, 375	11.7	72	37	40	1, 342	11.5	77
Springfield, Mass	1, 721	11.0	120	44	57	1, 683	10. 9	150
Syracuse	2, 398	11.0	139	39	49	2, 521	11. 7 12. 7	187 84
Tacoma	1,394	12.8	53	28	48	1, 380	10.9	89 89
Tampa	1, 226	11.1	83	54	52 42	1, 182	10. 9	57
White	852	9.7	60	48	89	878 304	13. 4	32
Colored	374	16. 1	23	81	62	3, 444	11.4	272
Toledo	3, 434	11.3	236	56 48	58	1. 754	14. 1	146
Trenton	1,835	14.8	115 92	53	60	1, 734	14. 8	110
Utica	1, 432 7, 885	13. 9 16. 0	659	66	73	7, 937	16.1	740
Washington, D.C	4, 791	13.4	318	48	56	5, 001	14.0	380
Colored	3, 094	22.6	341	99	108	2, 936	21.6	360
Waterbury	919	9.0	74	55	43	1,040	10. 2	80
Wilmington Del 4	1, 529	14.4	103	47	62	1, 490	14.0	136
Wilmington, Del. Worcester.	2, 471	12.4	164	51	53	2, 379	12.0	181
Yonkers	1, 082	7.5	86	50	46	1, 194	8.4	90
Youngstown	1, 613	9.1	125	49	62	1, 659	9.5	175

¹ Based upon telegraphic reports received each week from city health officers.

Allowance has been made for the extra day which must be added to the 52 weeks to give a period of 365 days.

3 Infant mortality rate is based upon deaths under 1 year as returned each week, and estimated live births,

4 Based upon deaths which occurred within the calendar year.

Mortality rates based upon population Apr. 1, 1930; decreased 1920 to 1930; no estimate made.

Note.—For the cities for which deaths are shown by color, the percentages of colored population in 1930 were as follows: Atlanta, 33, Baltimore 18, Birmingham 38, Dallas 17, Fort Worth 16, Houston 27, Indianapolis 12, Kansas City, Kans. 19, Knoxville 16, Louisville 15, Memphis 38, Miami 23, Nashville 28, New Orleans 29, Richmond 29, Tampa 21, and Washington, D.C. 27.

DEATHS DURING WEEK ENDED JAN. 6, 1934

[From the Weekly Health Index, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce]

	Week ended Jan. 6, 1934	Corresponding week, 1933
Data from 86 large cities of the United States: Total deaths. Deaths per 1,000 population, annual basis. Deaths under 1 year of age. Deaths under 1 year of age per 1,000 estimated live births. Data from industrial insurance companies: Policies in force. Number of death claims. Death claims per 1,000 policies in force, annual rate.	9, 344 13. 0 630 59 67, 833, 275 10, 178 7. 8	9, 776 13. 6 676 1 57 69, 164, 524 11, 377 8. 6

¹ Data for 81 cities.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring

UNITED STATES

CURRENT WEEKLY STATE REPORTS

These reports are preliminary, and the figures are subject to change when later returns are received by the State health officers

Reports for Weeks Ended Jan. 13, 1934, and Jan. 14, 1933

Cases of certain communicable diseases reported by telegraph by State health officers for weeks ended Jan. 13, 1934, and Jan. 14, 1933

	Diphtheria		Influenza		Measles		Meningococcus meningitis	
Division and State	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933						
New England States:								
Maine New Hampshire	1	1	9	1.341	5		0	0
New Hampshire	1				85		0	l o
Vermont	3	3			33		0	0
Massachusetts	20	22		263	1, 209	140	2	Ó
Rhode Island	1	4		79	. 2	1	1	Ò
Connecticut	7	5	12	471	10	100	0	Ò
Middle Atlantic States:								•
New York	54	69	1 16	1 533	652	1, 160	5	11
New Jersey	27	39	26	444	110	308	i	ī
Penngylyania	84	111			946	360	4	2
East North Central States:							_	_
Ohio	75	62	100	870	239	559	1	3
Indiana	41	46	75	452	170	16	٩į	4
Illinois	60	86	19	245	147	77	10	ğ
Michigan	14	23	7	173	46	378	ŏ	5
Wisconsin West North Central States:	9	10	49	4, 943	157	158	ž	5
West North Central States:				.,			- 1	•
Minnesota	11	6	1	88	97	224	0	2
Iowa 1	13	22	15	1, 208	63		Ō	2 5
Missouri	73	46	7	104	433	79	il	ă
North Dakota		8	5	2, 470	134	65	δl	Ō
South Dakota	5	12	i	148	340	5	il	0 0 3
Nebraska	12	14		216	17	ğ	٥١	ž
Kansas	20	10	1	2,027	29	25	ž	ž
Bouth Atlantic States:			_	7,000			- 1	•
Delaware	5	11	3 !	13	12	2	0	0
Maryland ³ District of Columbia	16	15	26	1. 235	51	6	Ŏ	ž
District of Columbia	13	10	5	11	101	7	Ō	ĭ
Virginia	43	22			309	176	4	Ē
West Virginia.	23	12	39	2, 094	17	228	ŏ	ĭ
Virginia	51	17	49	1, 193	1. 382	144	ŏ	ī
South Carolina	15	10	684	3, 016	334	20	ŏl	å
Georgia 4	12	12		1, 507	849	4	ŏl	ŏ
Florida 4	14	9	3	84	11	ă l	ŏl	Ă

See footnotes at end of table.

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Cases of certain communicable diseases reported by telegraph by State health officers for weeks ended Jan. 13, 1934, and Jan. 14, 1933—Continued

	Diph	theria	Infl	lenza	Me	asles	Mening Men	gococcus ingitis
Division and State	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933
East South Central States: Kentucky	20 26 33 14	34 23 30 10	7 70 50	4, 134 1, 630 1, 119	7 437 137	9 4	2 2 2 2 0	3 4 5 0
West South Central States: Arkansas Louisiana Oklahoma Texas	9 21 39 232	13 22 21 108	65 16 72 1, 262	1, 187 560 1, 410 3, 054	681 22 232 1, 135	6 2 543	0 3 2 4	0 2 3 1
Mountain States: Montana	1 5	6 2 11	3	2, 250 3 108 4	4 24 41 11 124	194 6 20 10	0 0 0 0	0000
Utah ² Pacific States: Washington	1 3	12 3 2	21	51 5 58	16 606 400	3	0 0	0
OregonCalifornia	2 48 1, 187	3 61 1,082	2, 804	527 756 42, 084	635 12, 529	25 108 5, 188	65	0 5 87
	Poliomyelitis		Scarle	Scarlet fever		Smallpox		id fever
Division and State	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933
New England States: Maine	2 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	19 35 12 260 23 62	45 26 17 416 41 114	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 3 0	0 0 0 3 0
Middle Atlantic States: New York Now Jersey Pennsylvania	2 0 0	0 1 2	687 165 709	747 265 594	0 0 0	0 0 0	7 5 13	7 1 6
East North Central States: Ohio Indiana Illinois. Michigan Wisconsin.	0 0 0 2 0	1 0 1 0 0	554 188 528 335 137	682 108 488 408 101	0 2 3 1 18	7 2 12 0 4	2 0 7 1 0	4 1 2 3 0
West North Central States: Minnesota	1 0 1 0 0 0	0 0 0	66 72 147 10 18 39 121	94 30 118 3 19 22 73	1 2 2 1 1 2 4	2 16 0 1 . 0 2 1	1 0 3 2 2 2 0 3	0 0 2 0 32 0
South Atlantic States: Delaware Maryland ² District of Columbia. Virginia. West Virginia North Carolina ³ South Carolina. Georgia ⁴ Florida ⁴	1 0 0 0 1 0 3 0	0 1 0 0 0 0 0	12 110 16 123 67 115 9 14 8	15 101 21 66 47 65 8 17	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0	1 5 1 5 2 6 7	0 1 0 1 3 1 2 8

See footnotes at end of table.

Cases of certain communicable diseases reported by telegraph by State health officers for weeks ended Jan. 13, 1934, and Jan. 14, 1933.—Continued

	Polior	nyelitis	Scarle	t fever	Smallpox		Typho	id fever
Division and State	Week ended Jan. 13, 1934	Week ended Jan. 14, 1933						
East South Central States: Kentucky	0	3	66	35	1		2	
Tennessee	ŏ	ا ا	72	44	٥	0 2	9	3 6
Alabama 4	ĭ	l ĭ	24	22	l ĭ	2	3	1 8
Mississippi 3	i	ĥ	13	7	ĺ	2	ő	ĥ
West South Central States:	•	ľ			ľ	~		ı "
Arkansas	0	0	13	9	2	12	5	1
Louisiana	ŏ	ŏ	28	16	5	1 5	ğ	
Oklahoma i	Ŏ	ĭ	24	49	ı ŏ.	ž	2	l ă
Texas 4	Ŏ	Õ	249	113	ě	15	21	, a
Mountain States:] -0		
Montana	0	0	16	16	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	6	7	Ō	4	Ž	ĭ
Wyoming	0	0	18	18	2	1	ī	ã
Colorado	0	0	14	23	3	Ō	Ō	ĭ
New Mexico	0	0	34	14	0	0	4	3
Arizona	2	0	22	10	0	1	Ō	ŏ
Utah 3	0	0	10	14	1	1	Ó	Ŏ
Pacific States:								
Washington	5	1	36	28	8	5	0	3
Oregon	0	0	60	16	8	1	0	Ō
California	8	1	343	174	6	24	11	6
Total	31	13	5, 709	5, 374	80	128	153	127

SUMMARY OF MONTHLY REPORTS FROM STATES

The following summary of cases reported monthly by States is published weekly and covers only those States from which reports are received during the current week.

State	Menin- gococ- cus menin- gitis	Diph- theria	Influ- enza	Ma- laria	Mea- sles	Pel- lagra	Polio- mye- litis	Scarlet fever	Small- pox	Ty- phoid fever
December 1933 District of Columbia Florida New Jersey New York North Dakota Ohio Vermont	3 1 5 16 3 7	52 57 101 273 25 291	9 9 97 207	33 6	125 39 333 3, 297 125 486 297	1 1	2 1 2 24 0 9	75 16 580 2,090 137 2,120 69	0 0 0 1 0 5	9 8 17 42 9 22 3

December 1933			Cases	Lead poisoning:	Cases
	Cases	Florida		New Jersey	. 1
New York	1	New Jersey (amoebic)	6	Ohio	5
Chicken pox:		New York (amoebic)	11	Lethargic encephalitis:	-
District of Columbia		New York (bacillary)	25	New York	. 5
Florida		North Dakota		North Dakota	. 1
New Jersey		Ohio	19	Ohio	2
New York		Food poisoning:		Mumps:	_
North Dakota		Ohio	10	Florida	4
Ohio	2, 516	German measles:		New Jersey	
Vermont	226	New Jersey	18	North Dakota	4
Diarrhea and enteritis:		New York	104	Ohio	108
Ohio (under 2 years)	22	Ohio	120	Vermont	76

New York City only.
 Week ended earlier than Saturday.
 Rocky Mountain spotted fever, week ended Jan. 13, 1934, North Carolina, 1 case.
 Typhus fever, week ended Jan. 13, 1934, 33 cases, as follows: Georgia, 14; Florida, 1; Alabama, 3; Texas, 15.
 Exclusive of Oklahoma City and Tulsa.

Ophthalmia neonatorum: Cases New Jersey	Tetanus: Ca New YorkOhio	6 3	Undulant fever: Cases Florida
Ohio	Trachoma: Ohio	5	New York 23 Ohio 1
New York 8 Ohio 1	Trichinosis:	10 19	Vincent's infection: New York 1
Puerperal septicemia: Ohio	New York	1	District of Columbia 70 Florida
New York 1 11 New York 1 1 Septic sore throat:	Ohio	37	New Jersey 485 New York 1,656 North Dakota 36
New York 31 Ohio 226	Florida	1 1	Ohio

¹ Exclusive of New York City.

WEEKLY REPORTS FROM CITIES

City reports for week ended Jan. 6, 1934

			F					·			
State and city	Diph- theria	Infl	uenza	Mea- sles	Pneu- monia	Scar- let	Small-	Tuber- culosis	Ty- phoid	Whoop- ing cough	Deaths all
	cases	Cases	Deaths	cases	deaths	fever cases	cases	deaths	fever cases	cases	causes
M -i											
Maine: Portland New Hampshire:	0		0	0	3	1	0	0	0	10	18
Concord Manchester	0		0	1	0 2	0	0	0	0	0	10 15
Nashua	ŏ		Ö	ĭ	ő	3	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	
Vermont: Barre	0		0	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
Burlington Massachusetts:	Ó		0	0	0	4	0	0	0	7	8
Boston	3		2	234	35	42	0	10	0	27 2	264 30
Fall River Springfield	0		0	0	2 3	2 1	ŏ	0	0	12	44
Worcester	ŏ		Ŏ	256	6	11	0	1	0	0	58
Rhode Island: Pawtucket	1		0	0	0	2	0	0	Q	0	12
Providence Connecticut:	¦ 0		0	0	15	6	0	2	0	7	81
Bridgeport	0	2	2	6	6	7	0	2	0	5 1	48 49
Hartford New Haven	0	1 4	0	0	3 5	4	0	0	0	i	33
New York:		_									
Buffalo	2		1	168	23	15	0	5	0	13 93	152 1, 653
New York Rochester	38 1	26	14 0	20 0	189 7	202	0	83 1	3 0	6	86
Syracuse	Ô		ŏ	Ŏ	12	8	0	0	0	25	55
New Jersey: Camden	0		1	18	4	9	0	1	0	0	44
Newark	0	9	0	3 2	9 5	12 5	0	4	1 0	15 1	109 29
Trenton Pennsylvania:			-	_		-	-	-	-	-	567
Philadelphia Pittsburgh	2 15	12 5	9	304 11	51 20	57 29	0	28 9	0 1	43 23	187
Reading	1		1	2	3 0	4	0	1 0	0	4	28
Scranton	0		0	1	ı "	U	٠	١	U	1	
Ohio: Cincinnati	8	2	0	262	17	28	0	10	0	13	161
Cleveland	10	41	5	0	38 6	51 19	0	9	0	73 0	221 99
Columbus Toledo	0	i	0	67	10	26	ŏ	1	ŏ	ž	89
Indiana: Fort Wayne	,		0	1	1	7	0	1	0	0	21
Indianapolis	2 3		0	5	18	12	0	3	0	19 0	17
South Bend Terre Haute	0		1	0 29	2 3	1 2	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	14
Illinois:	2	3	4	18	64	162	0	36	1	126	766
Chicago Springfield	ő		õ	0	1	102	ŏ	ő	ō	8	23
Michigan: Detroit	8	7	1	6	28	80	0	12	0	71	248
Flint	1	- 	0	Ō	5	26	Ŏ	1	1	0	31 24
Grand Rapids Wisconsin:	1		0	2	6	_	_	1	•	,	
Kenosha	0 2	3	0	0	0	16 11	0	0	0	5 58	,8 98
Milwaukee Racine	0		0	0	0	10	0	î	0	6 2	16 18
Superior	0	اــــا	Ŏ,	0 /	2 1	0 /	0	0,	0 '	21	19

City reports for week ended Jan. 6, 1934—Continued

	Diph-	Infl	uenza	Mea-	Pneu-	Scar- let	Small-	Tuber-	Ty- phoid	Whooping	Deaths
State and city	cases	Cases	Deaths	sles cases	monia deaths	fever cases	pox- cases	culosis deaths	fever cases	cough	all causes
Minnesota: Duluth	0		0	0	5	0	0	2	0	0	25
Minneapolis St. Paul Iowa:	3 0	5	0 5	3 1	16 10	15 7	0	. 1	0 2	3 14	114 67
Des Moines Sioux City Waterloo	1 4 0			0 0 24		19 0 1	0		0 0 0	0 0 1	38 2
Missouri: Kansas City	5		1	1	27	36	0	7	0	9	150
St. Joseph St. Louis North Dakota:	0 29	1	0	0 266	9 27	2 19	0	6	1	0 35	33 232
Fargo Grand Forks South Dakota:	0		0	91 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Sioux Falls Nebraska: Omaha	0 1		0	101 29	12	0 7	0 2	0	0	0 11	7 54
Kansas: Topeka Wichita	0		0	0	0 2	2 6	0	0	0	6	3 41
Delaware: Wilmington	2		0	3	6	3	0	0	0	2	38
Maryland: Baltimore Cumberland	1 2	18	3 0	2	32	31 4	0	16 0	0	55 1	266 6
Frederick District of Columbia: Washington	0 8	1	ŏ	ŏ 60	0 18	3	ŏ	10	ŏ	0 7	8
Virginia: Lynchburg	7		0	0	0	4	0	0	1	0	182 11
Richmond Roanoke West Virginia:	0 2		0	0	3 2	6 5	0	0	0	1	57 15
Charleston Huntington Wheeling	2 0 0	1	0	0 0 1	8	0 0 6	0	0	0	0 0 7	13
North Carolina: Raleigh Wilmington	0		1 0	0 1	1 0	1 0	0	0	0	5	17 7
Winston-Salem South Carolina: Charleston	0	9	0	318 0	4	0	0	0	0	0	12 24
Columbia Greenville Georgia:	8		0	0	3	0	0	0	0	8	6 34
Atlanta Brunswick Savannah	0 0	33	0	39 10 10	14 0 4	6 0 1	0	5 0 1	0	2 0	92 2 32
Florida: Miami Tampa	0		0	0	0 3	0	0	1 3	0	3 0	24 30
Kentucky: Ashland	1	4		0		2	0				30
Lexington Louisville Tennessee:	0 5		0	0	1 14	0 24	0	2	0	0 7	21 78
Memphis Nashville Alabama:	7 9		0	18 45	12 4	7 3	0	3 3	0	0	88 45
Birmingham Mobile Montgomery	4 0 3	2	1 0	1 1 7	6	6	0	5 2	0	0 0 5	67 22
Arkansas: Fort Smith	0			9		o	0 -		0		
Little Rock Louisiana: New Orleans	1 12	5	0	33	5 13	ŏ a	ŏ	1 14	ŏ	0	7
Shreveport Oklahoma: Tulsa	2		ŏ	3	10	0	0 -	5	ŏ	0 2	159 27
Texas: Dallas Fort Worth	6 10	3	3 1	0	13		0	5	0	0	78
Galveston Houston San Antonio	10 10 9		0 0 6	0 0 1 0	3 1 11 12	8 7 3 5 6	0	1 1 6 11	0 0 1 0	1 0 0	44 19 87 86

City reports for week ended Jan. 6, 1934—Continued

State and city	Diph		fluenza	Mea-	Pneu- monia	Scar- let	Small-	Tuber	buoid		Deaths
beate and city	case		6 Deaths		deaths	fever cases	cases	death		cases	causes
Montana:											
Billings Great Falls			. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Great Falls	9		- 0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	8 3 3 6
Helena Missoula			- 8	0	0	0	8	0	0 3	0	3
MissouiaIdaho:	,	'	- "	"	*	U	, ,		1 3	"	
Boise	1 (. 1	. 0		3	0	1	0	1 0	4	5
Colorado:	l `		-	, ,		•		ľ	*	1 -	1
Denver	1 8		0	1	4	14	0	3	0	47	88
Pueblo			.] 0	0	0	1	0	2	0	2	11
New Mexico:	_	1						_		١ .	
Albuquerque	0		. 0	0	2	4	0	2	0	9	15
Utah: Salt Lake City	0	. 1	2	553	2	7	0	2	0	20	30
Nevada:			·	555	-	' '	U	-	1 "	~	30
Reno	0	I	. 0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3
2.02.01.1.1.1.1			1		_	- 1		_	· .	1	
Washington:		1	1			i			İ	·	
Seattle		-	·							<u>-</u> -	
Spokane	Ō	1	1	297	1	0	0		0	7	29 29
Tacoma	1		. 0	0	1	1	0	0	U	10	29
Oregon: Portland	1	1	0	0	6	9	0	0	1	5	67
Salem	â	3	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏl	ŏ	ō	4	
California:	-	1	1		- 1	1	- 1	-		_	
Los Angeles	13	15	0	3	18	48	0	16	1	38	329
Sacramento	0	2	1	4	10	3	0	4	0	0	41
San Francisco	0	3	3	6	15	9	0	15	0	10	186
	Т	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	!	11						
	13		ococcus	Polio-] -	Mening	ococcus	Polio-
a	- 1	menir	igitis	mye-	Ħ	~ 4.4		- 1	meni	ngitis	mve-
State and city	-			litis	1	State ar	ad city				litis
	- 14	Cases	Deaths	cases					Cases	Deaths	Cases
					H						
										l	
Massachusetts:	- 1				Illing	is:		- 1	ا ـ		
Boston		1	1	0	Misso				5	1	0
New York: New York	1	2	1	0	IVI ISSO	angag (City	ı	1	ol	0
New Jersey:		- 1	- 1	U					- 1	٦	
Newark		1	0	0	W	inston-	na: ·Salem_		1	0	0
Pennsylvania:	ŀ	- 1		•	Arkar	isas:		- 1		_ [
Philadelphia		1	1	0			ck		11	0	0
ndiana:	- 1	ا	1	_	Utah:	14 T -1-	0:4-	- 1	٠,١	o	0
Indianapolis.		0	1	0	88	nt rake	City		1	0	U

Nonresident.

Typhus fever.—Cases: Pawtucket, R.I., 1; Wilmington, N.C., 1; Atlanta, 1; Savannah, 2; Miami, 1; Mobile, 1. Deaths: Baltimore, 1.

Lethargic encephalitis.—Cases: Detroit, 1; St. Louis, 3; Washington, 1; Atlanta, 1.

Pellagra.—Cases: Winston-Salem, 1; Memphis, 1; Los Angeles, 1.

Rabies in man.—Memphis, 1 death.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR

BELGIUM

Vital statistics—1930, 1931, and 1932.—The following statistics have been published by the Central Office of Statistics, for Belgium:

	1930	1931	1932
Number of births per 1,000 inhabitants	18. 65	18. 15	17. 57
	12. 83	12. 77	12. 73
	8. 89	8. 14	7. 60

Note.—The population of Belgium was estimated as 8,092,004 in 1930, 8,159,185 in 1931, and 8,213,449 in 1932.

CUBA

Provinces—Communicable diseases—4 weeks ended September 30, 1933.—During the 4 weeks ended September 30, 1933, cases of certain communicable diseases were reported in the Provinces of Cuba, as follows:

Disease	Pinar del Rio	Habana	Matan- zas	Santa Clara	Cama- guey	Oriente	Total
Diphtheria	1 14 1 9	2 2 90 6	42 28 7	247 2 70 52	7 4 32 9	25 21 15	10 334 3 250 90

IRISH FREE STATE

Vital statistics—Third quarter 1933.—The following statistics for the Irish Free State for the third quarter ended September 30, 1933, are taken from the quarterly return of marriages, births, and deaths, issued by the registrar general:

	Number	Rates per 1,000 popu- lation
Population	2, 992, 000	
Marriages	3, 553	4.80
Births	14, 923	20.00
Total deaths	8, 267	11. 10
Deaths under 1 year	826	(1)
Deaths from:		``
Cancer	774	1.03
Diarrhea and enteritis (under 2 years)	210	
Diphtheria	91	
Influenza	92	. 12
Measles	4	• • • •
Puerperal sepsis	18	2 1, 21
Scarlet fever	. 13	
Tuberculosis (all forms)	783	1.05
Typhoid fever	21	2.00
Typhus fever	- î	
Whooping cough	67	
moohup oogu		

¹ Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 births, 55.

JAMAICA

Communicable diseases—4 weeks ended December 30, 1933.—During the 4 weeks ended December 30, 1933, cases of certain communicable diseases were reported in Kingston, Jamaica, and in the island outside of Kingston, as follows:

Disease	Kingston	Other lo- calities	Disease	Kingston	Other lo- calities
Chicken pox Diphtheria Dysentery Erysipelas Leprosy	9	28 4 9 1 2	Poliomyelitis. Puerperal fever. Scarlet fever Tuberculosis Typhoid fever.	1 1 21 23	1 6 45 65

PUERTO RICO

Notifiable disease—4 weeks ended December 30, 1933.—During the 4 weeks ended December 30, 1933, cases of certain notifiable diseases were reported in the municipalities of Puerto Rico, as follows:

Disease	Cases	Disease	Cases
Chicken pox Diphtheria. Dysentery Filariasis. Framboesia. Influenza. Malaria. Measles. Mumpe. Ophthalmia neonatorum.	25 47 136 5 1 220 1 28, 536 173 38 3	Pellagra. Puerperal fever Ringworm Syphilis. Tetanus. Trachoma. Tuberculosis. Typhoid fever Whooping cough.	1 2 4 16 4 23 469 30 339

¹ Includes results from a special survey.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER

From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, International Office of Public Hygiene, Pan American Sanitary Bureau, health section of the League of Nations, and chinary such separate subsports contained in the following tables must not be considered as complete or final as regards either the list of countries included or the figures for which reports are given.

1
-00

Philippine Islands: 1 Antique Province	0		-				-		_			•					
Bohol Province	A01	8		F	9	T	88	00	82 P	1	88	&		1	Щ	Щ	5 0
Cebu Province	90;	<u>,</u>	8	8	~ జ్ఞ	-8	22			48	25	# 8	82	<u> </u>	8-1 5-0	23	82
Cebu	10F	N 1	8	3-	8 0	40					**	2 T	2				80
Naga	- 10 !	-	T	-	7	63	-	_					-		<u> </u>		
Iloilo Province	QD.	Ì	F					-	12-		-		es .				
Iloilo	Q D							-	- 5				+				
Leyte Province	A0:	67	-	2	Ī				~			-					
Occidental Negros Province	A0	,	9	8-	-								6	6			oc oc
Oriental Negros Province	ДÖ;	0	7	-	İ								-	187-			3.5.5
Samar Province	AO:	7		31	132	=							 		. *		1
Stam:	А	10		ន	ន	œ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					$\frac{ \cdot }{ \cdot }$	-		
Bangkok Provinces	100	-8	1										+	+	_		
	a	14	1				$\left\ \cdot \right\ $	+	-				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
- Spiege		May 1933			June 1933	63	r	July 1933	_	Ψn	August 1933	gg gg	Sept	September 1933	1933	October 1933	r 1933
	1-10	11-20	21-31	1-10	11-20	21-30	1-10	11-20	21-31	1-10	11-20	21-31	1-10	11-20	21-30	1-10	11-20
e sbove):	۳°		17	İ	. E	#	8	"			1						
Cochin-China 4	0 ro 44	300	900	744	<u>`</u> ∞∞	204	90 to	-00	27 69	m m	-00			0101	964	00	200
The state of the s																	

1 During the week ended Jan. 13, 1934, cholers was reported in the Philippine Islands as follows: Bohol Province—Antequers, 3 cases, 2 deaths; Clashe, 11 cases, 9 deaths; Clarin, 1 case, 1 death; Cortes, 11 cases, 6 deaths; Loon, 23 cases, 8 deaths; Mariboloc, 3 cases, 1 death; Tubigon, 11 cases, 11 deaths. Cebu Province—Argao, 6 cases, 3 deaths; Balamban, Province—Basi, 1 cases, 4 deaths; Naga, 2 cases, 1 death; San Fernando, 1 case, 1 death; Sibonga, 1 case, 2 deaths. Iloilo Province—Aluy, 1 case, 1 death. Oriental Negros Por 2 weeks.

Reports incomplete.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER-Continued

PLAGUE

								ŀ									
										№	Week ended-						
Place	May 28-June 24, 1933	June 25-July 29, 1933	hug. 26, 1933	Aug. 27- Sept. 30, 1933		October 1933	1933		2	November 1933	er 1933			Decet	December 1933	88	
					7	7	ĸ	88	•	Ħ	81	8	~	•	9	g	ន
Argentins. (See table below.) Azores: Farel				-													
St. Michaels.				12-													
low):	က	7	13	- 8	92	8			80	8	60		*				
Tanganyika. D Uganda. C	82	20.00	13	113	100	88	12	80.0	33-	128	22	22					
	3	86464			-	3		9	•	:	•	•					
Plague-infected rats. (Thins: Manchuria.' Durch East Indies: West Java	793	1,434	88	1, 465		95	98							-			
	2	1, 428	8	1, 463	-	2	<u> </u>										ľ
	2	•	-									1 1					-
	7	→		69	-												
Gharbiya.		<u> </u>		86		-											
Girga. Minya.	*	~		• -	1	•		•									
			-690														
			0 60														
Plague-infected rats			-							-							

Hawaii Territory: Hawaii Island—Hamakus—							_		_				-		~	-	
	1,411	3,869	6,209	<u>. </u>	3,074 2,	3	2,338	3, 402	2,316	3, 189	2,743	İ			İ	1	·
Bassain	1, 231	2, 616	26	5.8		2				3	1, 024			F			! !
Plague-infected rats	63		-	1									19		-	_	į
Bombay Presidency C		2, 14 8	3,971	8, 089 1.17	1, 231 235	1-	1,382	38	500	, 200 873	1,421	808	25				
Bombay	2			~	-	-	- -	<u>:</u>	•		Ť	-	Ī		İ	Ť	
	97	٥	٥	9	176		150	149	• 5	•	1	1			1		
					118	86	8	5	8						-		
Madras Presidence	00	372	2987	1.181	123	8	95	26	120	137	122				=		
	φ-	148	392	547	139	8	\$	8	8	23	5	-				Ī	
	1	က	1	464	1		H				-			-	-	-	
Indo-China (see also table below): Pnom-Penh	63	8	89	61	63		_								-		
		63	69	Ì	+	+	+	+	İ	Ī					Ī	Ī	
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Including plague in the United States and its possessions.

A report dated Nov. 13, 1933, states that plague was reported in Manchuria, China, as follows: Fengtien Province, 249 cases; Hsingan Province, 200 cases; Jehol Province, 81 cases; Kirin Province, 479 cases.

Imported.

* 103 cases of pixque with 5 deaths were reported in Ovamboland, South-West Africa from Jan. 1 to Oct. 14, 1933. Antiplague measures have been taken.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER-Continued

PLAGUE-Continued

[C indicates cases; D, deaths; P, present]

Place	June 1938	July 1933	Au- gust 1933	Sep- tem- ber 1933	Octo- ber 1933	Novem-	Place	June 1933	July 1933	Au- grust 1923	Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per Per	O 25 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	No.
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CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER-Continued

SMALLPOX-Continued

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Place	May 28- June 24, 1933	June 25- July 30- Aug. 27- July 29, Aug. 26, Sept. 30, 1933 1933 1933	July 30- Aug. 26, 1933	Aug. 27– Sept. 30, 1933		October 1933	1933		Nove	November 1983	83		Dece	December 1933	2263		ien.6.
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²Dec. 18, 1933: 90 cases of smallpox were reported in Juarez, Mexico, with 18 desths occurring from Dec. 1 to 16, 1933. 1 For 2 weeks.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER-Continued

SMALLPOX-Continued

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Place	June 1933	July 1933	Au- gust 1933	Sep- tem- ber 1933	Octo- ber 1933	No- vem- ber 1983	Place	June 1933	ruly 1933	Au- gust 1933	Sep- tem- 1933	Octo- ber 1933	No Vem- 1933
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TYPHUS FEVER

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Poland (See table below)			80	•	80	2	**	=	<u> </u>	<u>~-</u>	<u> </u>	₹ °	7	7	₹ °	24	**	
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For 4 weeks.

Incomplete reports from San Pedro, Chile, for the month of November 1983 show 113 cases of typhus fever.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER-Continued

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued

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12 cases of yellow fever with 2 deaths were reported in Novo Exu, Pernambuco State, Brazil, during the month of June 1933.

Superted.

* Includes I suspected death.

* On Jan. 5, 1934, I case of yellow fever was reported in Keits, and on Jan. 10, 1934, I case was reported in Dunkwa, both in Gold Coest.

* Imported.

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