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HEREDITY AND CULTURE AS FACTORS IN BODY BUILD

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1. STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

The prevailing explanation of obesity made by the physiologists of nutrition is well expressed by Tileston (in Barker's Endocrinology and Metabolism, Vol. IV, p. 34). He states that exogenous obesity, the "Mastfettsucht" of the Germans, constitutes probably 99 per cent This "exogenous obesity is the or more of the cases met in practice. ordinary form in which the condition is simply the result of an excess of intake over outgo in an otherwise healthy organism" (p. 33). this is, indeed, the whole story, then we should expect a perfect correlation between such excess and deviation from normal build. One of us has recently (1923) criticized this dogma on the ground that it fails to take into account the factor of heredity or constitution; and that Tileston is not justified in asserting, as he does on page 34 (in consonance, it must be said, with nutritional physiologists in general), that adiposity of the ordinary form is not inherited, and the fact that certain races show a large incidence of obesity is to be attributed entirely to their manner of life.

The evidence which was adduced in the paper (1923) of one of the present writers, for an hereditary factor, lay in the following facts: (1) That two slender parents rarely have a fleshy child, whereas two fleshy parents not infrequently have a slender child; (2) that when one parent is fleshy and the other slender, the children are prevailingly fleshy, but less so than when the parents are both fleshy, suggesting hereditary dominance of fleshiness: (3) that when the parents are of mixed heredity in respect to build, their children are most variable in build; (4) that there is regression to mediocrity in build of children of parents both of whom are slender; (5) that frequently children undergo, during their lifetime, the same changes in build that their parents did during their lives; (6) that in the population at large the distribution of indices of build is not a random one but that. on the contrary, there are certain biotypes—slender, medium, and fleshy-which show themselves at all ages from birth to maturity and are distinguishable by the fact that they are more frequent than persons of intermediate size.

2. METHODS AND MATERIAL

It has seemed desirable to secure other tests of the possibility of inherited factors in build, and certain data collected by the Eugenics Record Office of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, in cooperation with the Playground Athletic League of Baltimore (of which Mr. Robert Garrett is president and Dr. William Burdick is director), seemed to afford the opportunity. The collection of these data was made by Miss Louise A. Nelson, who visited about 100 families, made measurements of height and chest girth, and secured a statement about weight from as many members of each family as possible. Also a statement was obtained as to feeding and exercising habits, as well as scholastic standing. The following is an example of a record of one individual in a family:

Family A.—Maryland family of Austrian extraction belonging to the laboring class and living in a comfortable home in a poor rural section.

Personal History: III-12 John A., born in E——, Md., April 4, 1913. Age, 10 years. Height in stocking feet, 54 inches; weight in indoor clothing and without shoes, 65 pounds. Chest girth over cotton shirt, 24½ inches. Scholastic standing, "G." He has a good appetite, eats little meat, drinks coffee three times a day, and drinks tea. Exercises vigorously, works on the farm, has had whooping cough.

The weights were reduced to the "stripped" condition by use of the following table, based on Martin (1914, p. 52).

Age	Males	Females
3-6 years	1/20 off.	1/15 off.
7-14 years		1/13 off.
Adults, winter	9 pounds off.	8 pounds off.
Adults, summer		6 pounds off.

The girths measured over a shirt or "shirt waist" are reduced to "on skin" dimensions by subtracting the amounts given in the following table:

Season	Males	Females
Winter	5 cm. (2 inches).	6 cm. (2.4 inches).
Summer	2 cm. (0.8 inches).	2.5 cm. (1 inch).

The following index of build was used: The chest girth (on skin) divided by net stature (without shoes). This is the "relative chest girth."

The standard indices of build employed are as follows:

Age, years	8	9-10	11	12	13-14	15–16	17-18	19-20	21-45
Standard relative chest girth	50	49	48	47	48	49	50	51	52

This standard was calculated for males, but was used for females also, in default of any special standards for that sex.

The grades for nutrition were assigned about as follows:

- -2. Has a poor appetite; eats very little.
- -1. Eats little, is a dainty eater, has finicky appetite.
- 0. Eats a moderate amount of food.
- +1. Eats heartily.
- +2. Is a very hearty eater; eats voraciously.

The grades for activity were assigned about as follows:

- -2. Very inactive; spends most of his time sitting in chair or lying on bed.
- -1. Exercises little.
 - 0. Exercises moderately.
- +1. Exercises vigorously. "Exercises to reduce weight."
- +2. Exceedingly active; extraordinarily energetic.

The current hypothesis that build is correlated directly with food intake and inversely with activity would seem to be roughly tested by subtracting the grade for activity from the grade for nutrition, and correlating the difference, which we may call "nutritional residual," with build. If the activity grade is more than the nutrition grade (the sign of the grade being duly regarded), the difference is negative. Thus, nutrition grade 2 minus activity grade -2 gives residual grade of 4. Nutrition grade -1 minus activity grade -1 gives nutritional residual grade of 0. The residual grades thus calculated, running from -4 to +4, are correlated with the difference between the build of the person and the standard build for that age. This difference may be called the "abmodality in build." It runs in our series from -24 to +21.

3. RESULTS

The correlation between "abmodality in build" and "residual grade" was found for a population of 402 persons. It is given in Table 1.

Table 1-Correlation between "abmodality in build" and "residual grade"

		Abmodality in build (deviation of relative chest girth from standard)															
Nutritional residual	-25 to -23	-22 to -20	-19 to -17	-16 to -14	-13 to -11	-10 to -8	-7 to -5	1 to -2	-1 to 1		5 to 7	8 to 10	11 to 13	14 to 16	17 to	20 to	To- tal
												_					
-4						;-		1									1
-3 -2					i-	3	7	6		2	;-						20
-1				2	ō	14	10	11	12	2 35	5	2	i	i			60
0	1	0	0	4	1	5	38	42	38		21	14	4	3			206
+1				1	1	2	10	11	13 5	13	18	9	4	1	1	1	85 25
+3							. 1	*	3	0	i		1	U	1	1	2.5
Total_	1	0	0	7	3	25	67	77	68	58	50	27	10	5	2	2	402

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Correlation

Abmodality of build: Avg. = -0.821; $\sigma = 6.317$. Nutritional residual: Avg. = +0.547; $\sigma = 0.978$.

Correlation between abmodality of build and nutritional residual: r=0.335.

A word in justification of the nutritional residual seems to be called It depends clearly upon estimates that are not exactly measured and estimates of things like appetite and activity that are not commensurate. Although these facts must be taken into account, they do not deprive the residual of great value. In both appetite and activity we have great medium groups whose central points are comparable because modal. These constitute the majority, perhaps 75 per cent, of all cases. At the extremes are the rare, striking, more or less bizarre cases, whether of appetite or activity, which constitute apparently the limiting 1 per cent at each end of the series. Beyond the majority class, yet not extreme, lie the major and minor classes, whether of exercise or nutrition, constituting each about 12 per cent. Of course, these figures are estimates, yet they indicate approximations to the quantitative values of judgments. In any case, though the classes were not precisely measured, the procedure of subtracting one from the other is significant and without considerable error.

It might be urged that body build has no inherent relation to state of nutrition. Yet, especially in the developmental years considered in this study, the relation must be fairly close. For undernourished children have usually a small skeletal frame as well as poor muscular and fatty development; while those who have been well nourished from infancy tend to gain a large frame, well covered on the chest. A large relative chest girth is as good a measure of high nutrition as any other index of nutrition, and probably better than one that includes absolute weight of the entire body.

From Table 1 it appears that the correlation between abmodality of build and autritional residual is represented by the correlation coefficient of 0.335. Since a correlation coefficient of 1.00 indicates perfect correlation and 0.00 no correlation at all, this coefficient indicates that the correlation between abmodality of build and nutritional residual is by no means perfect, but about one third of a perfect correlation.

The criticism may be directed toward this conclusion that it can not stand against conclusions based on such measurements of exquisite precision as those of physiological nutritionists. Of the precision of the studies on basal metabolism, and on oxygen consumption and heat increment with activity, there can be no dispute; but these measurements do not show that man is a simple form of heat engine. As Du Bois says (1924, p. 182): "Some of these (exogeneously obese

patients) obviously eat more than their neighbors, others obviously lead more sedentary lives. A few seem to be fairly active in their habits and frugal in their diets. These furnish us with the true problem of obesity." We may grant that men are heat engines; but they have extraordinary capacities for adjustment, regulation, and economy of operation, and these capacities apparently differ in different families.

The objection may be raised that the method is only roughly quantitative and this is readily granted. However, errors are as likely to be in one direction as another and tend to cancel each other. In so far as they do not cancel each other, they tend to reduce the coefficient of correlation.

Owing to the fact that the 402 persons considered in Table 1 are not from 402 families but from 71, it appears that on the average there were more than 5.8 persons to the family. Inasmuch as there are doubtless hereditary factors involved in body build, appetite, and desire for activity, these factors are probably responsible for a certain amount of "spurious correlation." This would tend to increase the correlation observed; just how much we have not sought to determine.

If abmodality of build depends so little upon nutritional residual, it remains to inquire what other factors determine build. The answer to this question has, we believe, been already given in a study of heredity of build recently published by the Carnegie Institution, of Washington. This study showed that there are several—at least three—biotypes (or elementary species) of human beings in the population of this country characterized by special conditions of build. There is a slender, a medium, and at least one fleshy biotype. In some families there is only one factor, in others there are two or more factors involved in build. In some cases these idiosyncrasies of build may be due to endocrine idiosyncrasies. In other cases, perhaps, to more general peculiarities of metabolism.

4. CONCLUSION

The conclusion of this study is that both constitutional and cultural factors play a part in determining abmodalities of build. The constitutional factors may be regarded as not less important in determining the result than the cultural factors.

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DEATH RATES IN A GROUP OF INSURED PERSONS

COMPARISION OF PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH, AUGUST, SEPTEMBER, AND FIRST NINE MONTHS OF 1925

The accompanying tables are taken from the October issue of the Statistical Bulletin, published by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., and present the mortality experience of the company for September, as compared with August, 1925, and the death rates for white and colored policyholders for the first nine months of the years 1923, 1924, and 1925. The rates are based on a strength of approximately 16,000,000 policyholders.

The death rate for September in this group of insured persons was 8.4 per 1,000, as compared with 8.5 for September, 1924. With the exceptions of June and August, declines from the 1924 rates have been recorded for each of the first nine months of 1925.

Typhoid fever, for the sixth month out of the first nine months of 1925, registered a higher death rate than it did for the corresponding month of 1924; and it is predicted that, unless a marked improvement occurs during the last quarter, typhoid, for the first time in many years, will show an increased death rate over the preceding year.

The mortality record for violence is unfavorable, except for suicides. Accidents as a group showed an increase in death rate of 7.3 per cent over the rate for September, 1924. The death rate for automobile accidents in September was 20 per 100,000—the highest rate ever recorded in any month in the records of the company.

Death rates (annual basis) for principal causes per 100,000 lives exposed, August and September, 1925, and September and year, 1924

[Industrial department, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.]

	Rate per 100,000 lives exposed 1								
Cause of death	September, 1925	August, 1925	September, 1924	Year 1924					
Total, all causes	841.6	747. 2	852. 6	. 905. 2					
Typhoid fever		6. 9	8. 2	4.4					
Measles		1. 4	.6	7. 2					
Scarlet fever	.9	1.8	1.2	4.4					
Whooping cough	9.1	8. 6	8.6	7. 4					
Diphtheria		5.1	7.5	13. 1					
Influenza	5. 4 86. 9	3. 8 81. 6	3.7 90.9	16.0					
Tuberculosis (all forms)	75.3	70.3	79.9	104, 2 92, 3					
Tuberculosis of respiratory system	68.6	62. 6	74.4	70.2					
Cancer Diabetes mellitus		11.1	14.5	14.8					
Cerebral hemorrhage	46.1	42.3	53.1	60. 1					
Organic diseases of heart		94.6	111.3	123. 4					
Pneumonia (all ferms)	39. 2	32.8	38.5	88. 6					
Other respiratory diseases	10.0	9. 4	9.9	13. 8					
Diarrhea and enteritis	87.5	60. 2	73.3	32, 2					
Bright's disease (chronic nephritis)	60.5	56. 0	60.7	65. 3					
Puerperal state		13. 9	15. 1	16.8					
Suicides	7.4	5.1	8.1	7. 2					
Homicides	8.0	6.6	7.3	7. 1					
Other external causes (excluding suicides and homicides)	69.3	69. 7	64. 6	62. 5					
Traumatism by automobiles	20.0	18. 4	19. 2	15. 7					
All other causes	197. 9	173. 6	201. 1	186, 5					

¹ All figures include infants insured under one year of age.

FIRST NINE MONTHS OF 1925

The health record of American and Canadian wage earners and their families during the first nine months of 1925 has never been equaled during the corresponding period of any year, as indicated by the unprecedented favorable mortality experience of these industrial insurance policyholders. Among the white persons of this group the death rate for the first nine months of 1925 was 8.2 per 1,000, as compared with 9.2 in 1924, 8.8 in 1923, 8.4 in 1922, 8.2 in 1921, and 9.8 in 1920. The 1925 rate shows actual improvement over the rate for 1921, though numerically the same, since infant lives were not insured in 1921.

The record for the colored policyholders is not quite as favorable as that for the white. While better than in 1924, this year's colored death rate to date is not as good as in 1922 and 1921.

The most important single item in this good health record is the continued decline in mortality from tuberculosis, the rate for white policyholders (81.2 per 100,000) representing a decrease of 17.7 per cent from last year's figure for the same period. A decrease was also registered for colored persons.

Measles, scarlet fever, whooping cough, and diphtheria all show improvement in comparison with prior years.

Pneumonia and other respiratory conditions show reductions from preceding years. The decline in the broncho-pneumonia death rate is particularly significant, since it has occurred despite an increase in the number of infants insured.

The death rate for influenza has been running higher than in 1924, but it is still below the rate for most other recent years.

Lower rates are shown for the three leading "degenerative" diseases—organic heart disease, cerebral hemorrhage, and chronic nephritis. The combined death rate for these three conditions shows a decline of 10.4 per cent among the white and of 7.8 per cent among the colored policyholders from the rate for the first nine months of 1924.

A lower death rate is shown for puerperal diseases in both white and colored women.

The figures indicate that automobile fatalities have increased, and it is predicted that, if conditions in this group are representative of those in the general population, the 1925 automobile accident death rate will reach a new maximum in 1925.

Death rates per 100,600 persons exposed compared by white and colored policy-holders for the first nine months of 1923, 1924, and 1925

[Industrial department, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.]

	Death rates per 100,000 persons exposed								
Cause of death		White		Colored					
	January-	January-	January-	January-	January-	January-			
	Septem-	Septem-	Septem-	Septem-	Septem-	Septem-			
	ber, 1925	ber, 1924	ber, 1923	ber, 1925	ber, 1924	ber, 1923			
All causes of death	822. 2	924. 6	880. 0	1, 504. 2	1, 637. 3	1, 495.			
Typhoid fever Measles	3. 1	3. 5	4. 2	11. 4	10.1	10. 2			
	3. 6	10. 6	11. 6	2. 4	6.5	10. 3			
Scarlet fever	4.1	5. 9	5. 1	1. 2	.9	1.3			
	7.3	8. 2	7. 3	13. 9	14.7	11.9			
Influenza Meningococcus meningitis	10. 6 20. 3	15. 3 15. 6 . 8	15. 5 32. 9 . 8	4.3 49.7 .6	5.0 42.3 .9	5. (69. (
Tuberculosis (all forms) Tuberculosis of respiratory system	81. 2	98. 7	97. 7	230. 7	264. 2	251. 4			
	70. 9	87. 3	88. 4	201. 1	236. 9	229. 0			
Tuberculosis of the meninges, etc Other forms of tuberculosis	5.0 5.3 68.7	6. 0 5. 4	4.6 4.6	8.6 21.1	8. 4 18. 8	6. 4 15. 9			
Diabetes Cerebral hemorrhage; apoplexy	15. 0 48. 1	77. 1 16. 1 60. 3	71. 4 17. 2 57. 0	69. 3 15. 6 86. 8	77.3 17.1 104.8	67. 8 14. 7 96. 2			
Organic diseases of the heart Total respiratory diseases	113. 2	123. 7	120. 9	212. 5	226. 5	205, 5			
	89. 3	104. 0	92. 5	185. 3	212. 0	177, 9			
Bronchitis	4. 8	5. 5	5. 6	8. 2	10. 3	10. 1			
Bronchopneumonia	33. 5	41. 1	30. 6	58. 9	68. 4	45. 4			
Pneumonia—lobar and undefined Other diseases of respiratory system Diarrhea and enteritis	43.7 7.3	48. 7 8. 7	48.4 7.9	104. 9 13. 3	120. 1 13. 3	110. 5 12. 0			
Under 2 years Two years and over	34. 4	34.7	26. 0	39. 3	35. 0	25. 6			
	29. 6	29.3	20. 5	29. 3	24. 7	17. 1			
	4. 8	5.5	5. 4	9. 9	10. 3	8. 5			
Acute nephritis	4.5	5.3	4. 8 64. 6	15. 6 121. 8	17. 6 125. 3	14. 7 113. 7			
Total puerperal state Puerperal septicemia Puerperal albuminuria and convul-	15. 5 5. 6	17. 7 6. 5	17. 6 6. 6	25. 4 10. 9	28.8 11.3	23. 4 9. 6			
sionsOther diseases of puerperal state	3. 6	4. 6	4.1	5. 9	7. 6	5. 7			
	6. 3	6. 5	6.9	8. 6	9. 9	8. 2			
Total external causesSuicides	72.9	78. 5 8. 0	72. 6 8. 0	113. 1 4. 2	122. 6 5. 3	111. 2 5. 2			
Homicides	3. 5	3. 2	3. 4	32. 4	39. 1	31. 9			
	62. 3	67. 3	61. 2	76. 4	78. 1	74. 1			
Accidental drowning	7. 3	9. 1	8.0	8. 9	10. 4	7. 1			
	17. 0	16. 3	14.3	14. 4	14. 8	12. 0			
	167. 9	184. 0	160.2	305. 3	325. 7	284. 4			

ABSTRACTS OF CURRENT PUBLIC HEALTH COURT DECISIONS

Influenza and pneumonia held compensable under workmen's compensation act.—(Connecticut Supreme Court of Errors.) A marble setter, as the result of exposure in the course of his employment, contracted influenza which later developed into pneumonia causing death. The court sustained an award to the widow under the workmen's compensation act. (De La Pena v. Jackson Stone Co. et al., 130 Atl. 89.)

Enjoining of unlawful transportation and disposal of garbage.—
(Maryland Court of Appeals.) The city of Baltimore contracted with a private corporation for the disposal of garbage produced in the city. Under the contract the city was to transport the garbage

in covered scows to the reduction company's plant where the same was to be disposed of without the creation of any nuisance. In a suit against the city and the reduction company for injunctive relief brought by persons living in the vicinity of the reduction plant, it was alleged that the city transported the garbage in uncovered scows and that the reduction company disposed of the garbage in such a manner as to create a nuisance. It was alleged that flies, odors, and gases, which resulted from the manner in which the garbage was transported and reduced, impaired the health and interfered with the comfort of the complainants. The court of appeals held that the facts alleged were sufficient to entitle the complainants to relief, but, due to errors in pleading, relief could not be granted in that particular proceeding. (Block et al. v. Mayor and City Council of Baltimore et al., 129 Atl. 887.)

DEATHS DURING WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 14, 1925

Summary of information received by telegraph from industrial insurance companies for week ended Nov. 14, 1925, and corresponding week of 1924. (From the Weekly Health Index, November 18, 1925, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce)

	Week ended Nov. 14, 1925	Corresponding week, 1924
Policies in force		57, 698, 430
Number of death claims	11, 502	10, 057
Death claims per 1,000 policies in force, annual rate-	9. 7	9. 1

Deaths from all causes in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended November 14, 1925, infant mortality, annual death rate, and comparison with corresponding week of 1924. (From the Weekly Health Index, November 18, 1925, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce)

		ded Nov. 1925	Annual death rate per 1,000	Death 1 3	Infant mortality rate	
City	Total deaths	Death rate 1	1,000 corre- sponding week, 1924	Week ended Nov. 14, 1925	Corresponding week, 1924	week ended Nov. 14, 1925 2
Total (69 cities)	6, 993	12.5	₹11.9	770	₹ 789	4 62
Akron	37	1		5	3	. 56
Albany 5	46	20.0	15.0	. 5	2 2	109
Atlanta	77			11	2	
WhiteColored	33 44	(6)		5 6		
Baltimore 5	201	13. 2	15. 0	24	34	72
White	149	!	10.0	16	01	59
Colored	52	(6)		8		129
Birmingham	68	(6) 17. 2	18. 7	9	7	
White	28	i		3		
Colored	40	(6) 15. 5		. 6		
Boston	233	15. 5	15.8	35	23	92
Bridgeport	34 166	15. 6	12.3	6 20	3 20	96
Buffalo	28	13. 0	11.6	6	1	81 100
Camden	41	16.6	15.7	7	7	111
Tenton	22	10.8	9.6	ż	6	42
Chicago 5	640	11.1	10.7	84	58	74
Cincinnati	146	18. 6	13.7	12	58 19	. 71
Cleveland	192	10. 7	9.1	25 7	16	62
olumbus	55	10. 2	12.2	7	5	64
Dallas	57	15. 4	11.4	87 1 3 6 3 43 2 2 6 8 8 3	8	
White	49			7		
Colored	8 39	(6) 11.8	10. 5	1 2	7	47
Denver	64	11.9	15.7	, a	ıi l	71
Des Moines	27	9.4	12.6	š	ő	51
Detroit	265	11.1	10. 3	43	45	74
Ouluth	14	6.6	4.8	2	0	43
Il Paso	28	13. 9	14.0	2	3 1 8 2	
Crie	26			6	1 1	117
fall River 5	32 21	13. 8 8. 4	9. 5 7. 1	9	31	110 47
Forth Worth	36	12.3	5.6	4	3	41
White	26	1	0.0	4	١	
Colored	10	(6)		ō		
Frand Rapids	33 35	11.3	10. 5	4	0	63
Iouston	35	11.1	15.6	5	2	
White	27			4		-
Colored	8	(6)		1		
ndianapolis	95 69	13. 8 11. 4	14. 6 10. 7	9 4	11 13	64 28
ersey City Cansas City, Kans	30	12.6	10.7	3	13	60
White	20	12.0	10.7	2	- 1	45
Colored	10	(6)		ĩ l		184
Colored Cansas City, Moos Angeles	110	15.6	14.9	10	11	
os Angeles	215			23	21	63
ouisville	85	17. 1	16.9	5	11	42
White	65			5		48
Colored	20 26	(6) 11, 6	11.3	4	4	69
vnn	20	10.0	10.1	5	3	50
lemphis	56	16.7	23.6	7	8	
White	28		20.0	, 7	ا - ۲	
Colored	28	(6) 11. 1		o l		
filwaukee	107	11.1	8.8	18	14	83
Inneapolis	105	12.9	12.9	10	11	53
ashville 5	59	22. 6	17. 7	6	5 -	
White	31 28	(6)		3 -		

¹ Annual rate per 1,000 population.

² Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 births—an annual rate based on deaths under 1 year for the week and estimated births for 1924. Cities left blank are not in the registration area for births.

³ Data for 68 cities. Data for 63 cities.

⁶ Data for 63 CLIGES.

⁸ Deaths for week ended Friday, November 13, 1925.

⁶ In the cities for which deaths are shown by color, the colored population in 1920 constituted the following per cents of the total population: Altanta 31, Baltimore, 15, Birmingham 39, Dallas 15, Fort Worth 14, Houston 25, Kansas City, Kans., 14, Louisville 17, Memphis 38, Nashville 30, New Orleans 26, Norlolk 38, Richmond 32, and Washington, D. C., 25.

Deaths from all causes in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended November 14, 1925, infant mortality, annual death rate, and comparison with corresponding week of 1924. (From the Weekly Health Index, November 18, 1925, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce)—Contd.

		nded Nov. 1925	Annual death rate per		s under year	Infant mortality rate
City	Total deaths	Death rate	1,000 corre- sponding week, 1924	Week ended Nov. 14, 1925 Corre- sponding week, 1924	week ended Nov. 14, 1925	
New Bodford New Haven New Orleans White	21 28 149 100	8. 1 8. 2 18. 7	9.8	3 7 16 13	4 5 13	49 91
Colored New York Bronx Borough Brooklyn Borough Manhattan Borough Queens Borough Richmond Borough Newark, N. J.	49 1, 367 181 435 608 112 31 93	(°) 11. 7 10. 5 10. 1 14. 0 10. 2 12. 1	10.6 12.7	3 143 18 37 79 9 0	163 10 75 71 5	57 62 38 82 42
Norfolk White Colored Oakland Oklahoma City Omaha Paterson	28 10 18 44 19 41 26	(6) 9. 0 10. 1 9. 6	11. 0 11. 5 9. 6	1 0 3 2 2 3	20 5 3 8 6 2 2	91 18 29 0 34 21 50
Philadelphia Pittsburgh Portland, Oreg Providence Richmond White Colored	463 197 68 64 58 43 15	12. 2 16. 3 12. 6 13. 6 16. 2	12.7 12.0 11.3 11.8 16.2	45 14 2 9 6 4	66 27 9 6 3	56 47 20 71 72 72 72
Rochester St. Louis. St. Louis. St. Paul Salt Lake City San Antonio San Diego San Francisco San Francisco Schenectady Schenectady San St. San	68 216 58 32 62 28 143	10. 7 13. 7 12. 3 12. 7 16. 3 13. 8 13. 4 8. 2	11. 9 12. 8 8. 8 11. 8 11. 4 13. 5 12. 6	5 16 2 6 7 3	9 11 2 2 9 1	40 17 90 70 17
Seattle	66 16 33 30 44 21 64	8. 2 15. 8 10. 3 12. 0 10. 5 11. 6	10.4 10.5 11.2 11.4 9.6 8.9	1 4 1 3 1 6 1 7	1 5 4 2 7 2 2 2 3	28 39 26 67 15 75 23 63
Trenton Utica Washington, D. C White Colored Waterbury. Wilmington, Del. Worcester	26 27 129 82 47 29 14	10. 3 13. 1 13. 5 (6)	11. 3 11. 9	0 4 11 5 6 4 0 6	2 7 2 2 2 7	0 86 62 41 110 86 0 69
Yonkers Youngstown	21 24	9. 8 7. 8	12. 4 8. 7	8 1	2 3	175 12

⁵ Deaths for week ended Friday, November 13, 1925.
⁶ In the cities for which deaths are shown by color, the colored population in 1920 constituted the following per cents of the total population: Atlanta 31, Baltimore, 15, Birmingham 39, Dallas 15, Fort Worth 14, Houston 25, Kansas City, Kans., 14, Louisville 17, Memphis 38, Nashville 30, New Orleans 26, Norfolk 38, Richmond 32, and Washington, D. C., 25.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring

UNITED STATES

CURRENT WEEKLY STATE REPORTS

These reports are preliminary and the figures are subject to change when later returns are received by the State health officers

Reports for Week Ended November 21, 1925

ALABAMA		CALIFORNIA	
0111	Cases	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	Cases
Chicken pox	13	Oakland	
Dengue	1	Riverside	
Diphtheria		Chicken pox	
Influenza	60	Diphtheria	. 111
Malaria	28	Influenza	
Measles	· 1	Measles	
Mumps	24		
Pellagra	2	Mumps Poliomyelitis:	. 165
Pneumonia	71		
Poliomyelitis	1	Bakersfield	. 1
Scarlet fever	22	Fresno County	. 1
Smallpox	6	Kern County	
Trachoma	5	Lodi	
Tuberculosis	40	Los Angeles County	
Typhoid fever	25	Oakland	
Whooping cough	10	Ojai	
		Redlands	
ARIZONA		San Benito County	. 1
		San Bernardino County	. 1
Chicken pox	33	Santa Monica	. 1
Diphtheria	4	Scarlet fever	146
Mumps	1	Smallpox:	
Poliomyelitis	2	Los Angeles	7
Scarlet fever	23	Los Angeles County	7
Trachoma	1	Oakland	10
Tuberculosis	14	Scattering.	
Typhoid fever	10	Typhoid fever	
		Whooping cough	
ARKANSAS		11 nooping cougnition	
Chi-lan-	9	COLORADO	
Chicken pox	-	(Exclusive of Denver)	41
Diphtheria	12	Chicken pox	
Hookworm disease	3	Diphtheria	
Influenza	84	Influenza	1
Malaria	50	Measles	
Paratyphoid fever	2	Mumps	3
Pellagra	5	Paratyphoid fever	
Scarlet fever	10	Pneumonia	1
Smallpox	1	Poliomyelitis	1
Trachoma	4	Scarlet fever	24
Tuberculosis	16	Tuberculosis	24
Typhoid fever	25	Typhoid fever	6
Whooping cough	1 1	Whooping cough	17
	(26	19)	

CONNECTICUT	~	ILLINOIS	
	Cases	Diphtheria:	Cases
Anthrax			. 80
Chicken pox		Kankakee County	. 5
Conjunctivitis (infectious)		Rock Island County	. 5
Diphtheria		Scattering	42
Dysentery (amebic)	. 1	Influenza	
German measles	1	Measles	210
Influenza	6	Pneumonia	248
Lethargic encephalitis	2	Poliomyelitis:	- &
Measles	93	Cook County	1
Mumps		Putnam County	î
Pneumonia (broncho)		Winnebago County	1
Pneumonia (lobar)	43	Scarlet fever	322
Poliomyelitis	1	Smallpox:	344
Scarlet fever	50	Cook County	1
Septic sore throat	3	McLean County	13
Tetanus	1	Scattering	
Tuberculosis (all forms)	26		1
Typhoid fever	3	Tuberculosis	388
Whooping cough			_
w hooping cough	83	Saline County	8
****		Tazewell County	6
DELAWARE		Scattering	23
Chicken pox	3	Whooping cough	71
Diphtheria	4	INDIANA	
Influenza	4	Chicken pox.	63
Pneumonia	3	Diphtheria.	53
Scarlet fever	4	Influenza	
Tuberculosis	1	Manda	14
Typhoid fever	_	Measles	17
13 photo level	1	Pneumonia	6
·		Poliomyelitis	3
FLORIDA		Scarlet fever	169
Diphtheria	43	Smallpox	44
Influenza	20	Trachoma	13
Maleria	38	Tuberculosis	40
Measles	2	Typhoid fever	16
Mumps	9	Whooping cough	15
Pneumonia	74	IOWA	
Poliomyelitis	1	Chicken pox.	69
Scarlet fever	2	Diphtheria	
Smallpox	7	German measles	50
Tetanus	-	Impetigo contegiose	1
Tuberculosis	10 88	Impetigo contagiosa	3
		Mcasles.	3
Typhoid fever	26	Mumps	12
Whooping cough	9	Pneumonia	9
		Poliomyelitis	3
GEORGIA	- 1	Scarlet fever	57
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Smallpox	23
Chicken pox.	- 1	Typhoid fever	4
Conjunctivitis (acute)	5	Whooping cough	15
Diphtheria	1	KANSAS	
Dysentery	23		
Hookworm disease	7	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	_
	6	Junction City	1
Influenza	142	Kansas City	1
Majaria	17	Osborne	1
Measles	2	Chicken pox	101
Mumps	7	Diphtheria	36
Paratyphoid fever	1	German measles	1
Pellagra	5	Measles.	9
Pneumonia	58	Mumps	10
Scarlet fever	8	Pneumonia	15
Septic sore throat	1	Scarlet fever	65
Smallpox	6	Smallpox (scattering)	11
Tuberculosis	13	Tuberculosis	35
Typhoid fever	23	Typhoid fever (scattering)	14
Typhus fever	2	Vincent's angina	1
Whooping cough	- 1		

LOUISIANA		MICHIGAN	
	Cases		Cases
Diphtheria		Diphtheria	120
Influenza		Measles	136
Malaria		Pneumonia	132
Pneumonia	_	Scarlet fever	207
PoliomyelitisScarlet fever		Tuberculosis	9
Smallpox		Typhoid fever	48 16
Tuberculosis		Whooping cough.	137
Typhoid fever			20.
Whooping cough		MINNESOTA	
		Chicken pox	123
MAINE		Diphtheria Influenza	72
Chicken pox	71	Measles	1 8
Diphtheria		Pneumonia.	5
Measles		Poliomyelitis	4
Mumps		Scarlet fever.	216
Pneumonia		Smallpox	1
Poliomyelitis		Tuberculosis	48
Scarlet fever		Typhoid fever	4
Tuberculosis		Whooping cough	50
Typhoid fever		MISSISSIPPI	
Vincent's angina		Diphtheria	33
w nooping cough	12	Scarlet fever	13
MARYLAND 1		Smallpox	3
	109	Typhoid fever	12
Chicken pox	109 44	MISSOURI	
Diphtheria Dysentery	3	Chicken pox	105
German measles.	1	Diphtheria	92
Influenza	18	Influenza	17
Lethargic encephalitis	2	Malaria	1
Measles	134	Measles	5
Mumps	43	Mumps	11
Ophthalmia neonatorum	2	Pneumonia.	54
Paratyphoid fever	3	Poliomyelitis	1
Pneumonia (broncho)	26	Rabies	3
Pneumonia (lobar)	36	Scarlet fever	138
Scarlet fever	44	Septic sore throat Smallpox	2 4
Septic sore throat	1	Tetanus	2
Trachoma	1	Trachoma	6
Tuberculosis	42 27	Tuberculosis	55
Typhoid fever	52	Typhoid fever	22
w nooping cough	52	Whooping cough	32
MASSACHUSETTS			
Chicken pox	247	MONTANA Chicken pox	42
Conjunctivitis (suppurative)	11	Diphthciia.	6
Diphtheria	91	Measies	13
German measles	15	Mumps	136
Influenza	18	Scarlet fever	19
Lethargic encephalitis	4	Smallpox	11
Measles	1,038	Whooping cough	14
Mumps	53	NEBRASKA	
Ophthalmia neonatorum	25	Chicken pox	24
Pneumonia (lobar)	144	Diphtheria	4
Poliomyelitis	2	Measles	1
Scarlet fever	213	Mumps	2
Septic sore throat	1	Pneumonia	2
Trachoma	1	Poliomyelitis	2
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	1 127	Scarlet feverSmallpox	30
Tuberculosis (other forms)	24	Tuberculosis	5 2
Typhoid fever-	8	Typhoid fever	7
Whooping cough.	151	Whooping cough	8
1 Wook anded Frider			•

¹ Week ended Friday.

new Jersey	_ 1	OKLAHOMA-continued.	Conn
	Cases 2	Typhoid fever:	Cases
Cerebrospinal meningitis	281	Mayes	9
Chicken pox	81	Scattering	60
Influenza	. 6	Whooping cough	
Measles	. 168		
Pneumonia	. 113	OREGON	
Poliomyelitis	. 1	Cerebrospinal meningitis	,3
Rahies	. 1	Chicken pox	47
Scarlet fever	162	Diphtheria:	_
Typhoid fever	. 10 . 39	Coos County	_
Whooping cough	. 99	Portland Scattering	
NEW MEXICO	24	Influenza	
Chicken pox		Measles	
Lethargic encephalitis		Mumps	
Measles	. 1	Pneumonia	
Mumps	. 2	Scarlet fever	. 51
Pneumonia	. 6	Smallpox: Salem	13
Poliomyelitis	. 1	Scattering	_
Scarlet fever	_ 18	Tuberculosis	
Septic sore throat	_ 1 _ 25	Typhoid fever	_
Tuberculosis		Whooping cough	
Typhoid fever	-	PENNSYLVANIA	
Whooping cough		Chicken pox	767
NEW YORK		Diphtheria:	
(Exclusive of New York City)		Philadelphia	
Cerebrospinal meningitis	. 1	Pittsburgh	
Diphtheria		Scattering	
Influenza		German measles Impetigo contagiosa	
Lethargic encephalitis		Lethargic encephalitis—Philadelphia	
Measles		Malaria	_
Pneumonia		Measles	
Poliomyelitis		Mumps	
Scarlet fever		Ophthalmia neonatorum—Philadelphia	
Typhoid fever	158	Pneumonia	
Whooping cough	_ 100	Scapies Scarlet fever	
NORTH CAROLINA		Trachoma—Philadelphia	
Chicken pox		Tuberculosis	
Diphtheria		Typhoid fever	
Measles Poliomyelitis	-	Whooping cough	
Scarlet fever	-	RHODE ISLAND	
Septic sore throat		Chicken pox	. 9
Smallpox	_ 10	Diphtheria	_
Trachoma	_ 11	German measles	. 5
Typhoid fever		Influenza	. 4
Whooping cough	_ 52	Measles:	•
OKLAHOMA		Charlestown	
(Exclusive of Oklahoma City and Tuls	a)	Newport Providence	. 89
Chicken pox		Scattering	
Diphtheria:		Mumps	
Tillman	_ 19	Scarlet fever	
Scattering	_ 47	Typhoid fever	. 2
Influenza	_ 132	Whooping cough	. 11
Malaria	- 41	SOUTH DAKOTA	
Measles		Chicken pox	. 3
Mumps		Measles.	
PellagraPneumonia	-	Mumps	. 1
Poliomyelitis—Johnston	_	Pneumonia	. 1
Scarlet fever	_	Poliomyelitis	. 1
Smallpox	_ 8	Scarlet fever	. 41
2 Dootha			

SOUTH DAKOTA—continued.)ases	Washington—continued	Cases
Smallpox	. 1	Poliomyelitis:	
Tuberculosis		Pierce County	
Typhoid fever	. 2		
Whooping cough	. 2		
		Scarlet fever	
TEXAS		Smallpox:	•
		Tacoma	. 10
Cerebrospinal meningitis	. 1	Scattering	31
Chicken pox	. 4	Tuberculosis	86
Diphtheria	41	Typhoid fever	7
Dysentery	. 1	Whooping cough	47
Influenza	32	ı	21
Mumps	4	WEST VIRGINIA	••
Pneumonia	9	Diphtheria	18
Poliomyelitis	1	Scarlet fever	17
Scarlet fever	26	Typhoid fever:	_
Tuberculosis	23	Montgomery	
Typhoid fever	17	Weston	2
Whooping cough		WISCONSIN	
		Milwaukee:	
UTAH		Chicken pox	116
Chicken pox	116	Diphtheria	34
Diphtheria:		German measles	4
Murray	8	Measles	1
Ogden	10	Mumps	18
Salt Lake City	11	Pneumonia	3
Scattering	6	Scarlet fever	4
Measles.	2	Tuberculosis	23
Mumps	8	Typhoid fever	1
Pneumonia	5	Whooping cough	37
Scarlet fever	7	Scattering:	
Tuberculosis	2	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	1
	4	Chicken pox	256
Typhoid fever	-	Diphtheria	32
Whooping cough	21	German measles.	17
VERMONT		Influenza	10
		Measles.	116
Chicken pox	45	Mumps.	42
Diphtheria	5	Pneumonia.	18
Measles	8	Poliomyelitis	3
Mumps	6	Scarlet fever	136
Poliomyelitis	3	Smallpox	11
Scarlet fever	32	Tuberculosis	27
Whooping cough	43	Typhoid fever	11
****	- 1	Whoming cough	77
VIRGINIA	- 1	Whooping cough	"
Poliomyelitis—Amherst County	1	WYOMING	
Smallpox-Nottoway County	9	Cerebrospinal meningitis	2
•		Chicken pox	16
WASHINGTON	- 1	Diphtheria	2
Chicken pox	139	Measles	1
Diphtheria.	28	Pneumonia	2
Jerman measles	4		-
nfluenza	1	Poliomyelitis	1
Measles	6	Scarlet fever	14
	- 1	Typhoid fever	1
**************************************	27	Whooping cough	3

Reports for week ended November 14, 1925

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA		NORTH DAKOTAcontinued	
Ca	1505		Cases
Chicken pox	21	Poliomyelitis	1
Diphtheria	21	Scarlet fever	68
Influenza		Smallpox	3
Lethargic encephalitis		Tuberculosis	1
Measles	3	Typhoid fever	4
Pneumonia	33	Whooping cough	24
Poliomyelitis	1		
Scarlet fever	24	SOUTH CAROLINA	
Tuberculosis	23	Dengue	
Whooping cough		Diphtheria	
A moohing congri	•	Influenza	
NORTH DAKOTA		Malaria	205
Chicken pox	14	Measles	6
Diphtheria		Scarlet fever	19
German measles		Smallpox	9
Measles	1	Tuberculosis	24
Mumps	60	Typhoid fever	27
Pneumonia	10	Whooping cough	

SUMMARY OF MONTHLY REPORTS FROM STATES

The following summary of monthly State reports is published weekly and covers only those States from which reports are received during the current week:

State	Cere- bro- spinal menin- gitis	Diph- theria	Influ- enza	Ma- laria	Mea- sles	Pella- gra	Polio- mye- litis	Scarlet fever	Small- pox	Ty- phoid fever
O: t ber, 1925 Delaware District of Columbia Florida Idaho Louisiana Maryland Minnesota Missouri New Jersey New York North Carolina North Dakota Ohio	0 2 1 2 2 2 2 0 6 15 1	20 58 101 2 92 167 444 368 429 934 955 43 767	2 15 0 60 51 2 44 355 82	80 0 76 8 0 1 38	1 8 1 3 84 14 22 160 1,164 32 6 315	0 13 0 20 1	7 8 5 3 11 141 20 11 132 6 21 43	8 93 9 24 34 130 596 426 327 728 301 134 926	0 1 8 24 7 0 0 22 5 39	40 7 54 12 169 245 55 187 109 366 97 52 394

RECIPROCAL NOTIFICATIONS

Notifications regarding communicable diseases sent during the month of October, 1925, to other State health departments by departments of health of certain States

Referred by-	Poliomy- elitis	Scarlet fever	Smallpox	Tubercu- losis	Typhoid fever
Illinois			1	6	14
Massachusetts	3 2	2		67	5 2
Washington					_

PLAGUE-ERADICATIVE MEASURES IN THE UNITED STATES

The following items were taken from the reports of plague-eradicative measures from the cities named:

Los Angeles, Calif.	
Week ended Nov. 7, 1925:	
Number of rats trapped	2, 289
Number of rats found to be plague infected	2
Number of squirrels examined	266
Number of squirrels found to be plague infected	0
Number of mice trapped	3, 591
Number of mice found to be plague infected	0
Date of discovery of last plague-infected rodent Nov. 6, 1925.	
Date of last human case, Jan. 15, 1925.	
0.11 1.014	

Oakland, Calif.

(Including other East Bay communities)

Week ended Nov. 7, 1925:	
Number of rats trapped	93 8
Number of rats found to be plague infected	0
Totals:	
Number of rats trapped Jan. 1 to Nov. 7, 1925	74, 278
Number of rats found to be plague infected	21
Number of squirrels examined May 1 to Aug. 1, 1925	7, 277
Number of squirrels found to be plague infected	0
Number of mice trapped Jan. 1 to Nov. 7, 1925	26 , 266
Date of discovery of last plague-infected rat, Mar. 4, 1925.	•
Date of last human case, Sept. 10, 1919.	

GENERAL CURRENT SUMMARY AND WEEKLY REPORTS FROM CITIES

Diphtheria.—For the week ended November 7, 1925, 36 States reported 1,939 cases of diphtheria. For the week ended November 8, 1924, the same States reported 2,316 cases of this disease. One hundred and two cities, situated in all parts of the country and having an aggregate population of about 29,000,000, reported 924 cases of diphtheria for the week ended November 7, 1925. Last year for the corresponding week they reported 1,121 cases. The estimated expectancy for these cities was 1,373 cases. The estimated expectancy is based on the experience of the last nine years, excluding epidemics.

Measles.—Thirty-four States reported 1,679 cases of measles for the week ended November 7, 1925, and 703 cases of this disease for the week ended November 8, 1924. One hundred and two cities reported 856 cases of measles for the week this year, and 309 cases last year.

Poliomyelitis.—The health officers of 36 States reported 107 cases of poliomyelitis for the week ended November 7, 1925. The same States reported 138 cases for the week ended November 8, 1924.

Scarlet fever.—Scarlet fever was reported for the week as follows: Thirty-six States—this year, 2,467 cases; last year, 3,097 cases. One

hundred and two cities—this year, 945 cases; last year, 1,148 cases; estimated expectancy, 774 cases.

Smallpox.—For the week ended November 7, 1925, 36 States reported 263 cases of smallpox. Last year for the corresponding week they reported 528 cases. One hundred and two cities reported smallpox for the week as follows: 1925, 53 cases; 1924, 138 cases, estimated expectancy, 29 cases.

Typhoid fever.—Eight hundred and two cases of typhoid fever were reported for the week ended November 7, 1925, by 36 States. For the corresponding week of 1924, the same States reported 554 cases of this disease. One hundred and two cities reported 152 cases of typhoid fever for the week this year and 119 cases for the corresponding week last year. The estimated expectancy for these cities was 118 cases.

Influenza and pneumonia.—Deaths from influenza and pneumonia were reported for the week by 95 cities, with a population of more than 28,000,000, as follows: 1925, 815 deaths; 1924, 668.

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925

The "estimated expectancy" given for diphtheria, poliomyelitis, scarlet fever, smallpox, and typhoid fever is the result of an attempt to ascertain from previous occurrence how many cases of the disease under consideration may be expected to occur during a certain week in the absence of epidemics. It is based on reports to the Public Health Service during the past nine years. It is in most instances the median number of cases reported in the corresponding week of the preceding years. When the reports include several epidemics or when for other reasons the median is unstisfactory, the epidemic periods are excluded and the estimated expectancy is the mean number of cases reported for the week during nonepidemic years.

If reports have not been received for the full nine years, data are used for as many years as possible, but no year earlier than 1915 is included. In obtaining the estimated expectancy, the figures are smoothed when necessary to avoid abrupt deviations from the usual trend. For some of the diseases given in the table the available data were not sufficient to make it practicable to compute the estimated expectancy.

		Chiele	Dipht	heria	Influ	ienza	34		Pneu-
Division, State, and city	Population July 1, 1923, estimated	Chick- en pox, cases re- ported	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re- ported	Cases re- ported	Deaths re- ported	Mea- sles, cases re- ported	Mumps, cases re- ported	monia, deaths re- ported
NEW ENGLAND									
Maine: Portland New Hampshire:	73, 129	1	2	1	0	0	1	5	0
Concord	22, 408 81, 383	0	0	0 1	0	0	0	0	o
Vermont:			_	•			_	1	•
Barre Burlington	1 10, 008 23, 613	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts:				- 1		Ů	•	_	_
Boston Fall River	770, 400 120, 912	26	57	15	2	0	48 69	2	24
Springfield	144, 227	1 3	4 5	4	1	i	09	Ö	2 3 6
Worcester	191, 927	6	8	7	ō	ā	166	ŏ	6
Rhode Island:		- 1	•			,		,	•
Pawtucket	68, 799	3	2	1	0	0	1	0	2
Providence	242, 378	0	12	6	0	0	47	0	5
Bridgeport	1 143, 555	1	10	2	1	1	5	0	5
Hartford	1 138, 036	i l	9	ĩ	ō	٥١	2	i	5
New Haven	172, 967	3	3	ōΙ	ŏ	ŏl	4	ō	4

¹ Population Jan. 1, 1920.

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925—Continued .

			Diph	heria	Infl	nonza			
Division, State, and city	Population July 1, 1923, estimated	Chick- en pox, cases re- ported	Cases, esti- mated expec- tancy	Cases re- ported	Cases re- ported	Deaths re- ported	Measles, cases re-	Mumps, cases re- ported	Pneu- monia, deaths re- ported
MIDDLE ATLANTIC									
New York: Buffalo New York Rochester Syracuse	536, 718 5, 927, 625 317, 867 184, 511	12 101 39 23	26 160 6 12	3 109 17 1	1 11 0 0	1 12 0 0	206 25 0	0 21 1 8	19 164 5 7
New Jersey: Camden Newark Trenton	124, 157 438, 699	5 15	7 17	2 11	0 6	0	0 22	0 1	4 13
Pennsylvania: Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading	127, 390 1, 922, 788 613, 442 110, 917	85 37 21	5 64 36 5	88 17	1 1 0	2 11 0	55 1 2	11 1	40 25
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	110, 917	21	"	1	· ·	ľ	4	0	1
Ohio: Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Toledo	406, 312 888, 519 261, 082 268, 338	12 41 7 37	19 49 12 14	14 69 4 12·	0 3 0 0	7 2 2 1	0 31 1 3	0 0 0 0	17 28 2 8
Indiana: Fort Wayne Indianapolis South Bend Terre Haute	93, 573 342, 718 76, 709 68, 939	2 21 13 4	4 23 3 4	1 4 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 22 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 8 1 4
Illinois: Chicago	2, 886, 121 61, 833	67 2	201	74 5	11 0	2	12 0	2 4	56 4
DetroitFlintGrand Rapids	1, 155, 000 117, 968 145, 947	49 1 2	76 13 8	35 6 2	4 0 0	1 0 1	33 0 1	1 0 1	37 1 0
Wisconsin: Madison Milwaukee Racine Superior	42, 519 484, 595 64, 393 1 39, 671	12 103 1 1	2 29 2 1	0 40 1 0	0 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 0 0	0 14 1 0	2 10 0 1
WEST NORTH CENTRAL				ŀ	l	İ			
Minnesota: Duluth Minneapolis St. Paul Iowa:	106, 289 409, 125 241, 891	18 52 15	6 29 20	0 44 12	0	0 0 1	0 2 2	0 0 4	1 5 4
Davenport Des Moines Sioux City Waterloo	61, 262 140, 923 79, 662 39, 667	2 0 9	2 7 2 1	10 I I I	0 0 0		1 0 0 0	0	
Missouri: Kansas City St. Joseph St. Louis North Dakota:	351, 819 78, 232 803, 853	5 8 9	17 4 64	8 6 51	1. 0 0	2 0 0	·0 1	1 0 0	11 5
Fargo Grand Forks South Dakota:	24, 841 14, 547	0 2	0	0	0	0	0	46	2
AberdeenSioux FallsNebraska:	15, 829 29, 206	8	6 1	0	0	0	0	14 0	ō
LincolnOmaha	58, 761 204, 38 2	5 20	4 11	0	8	0	0	0	9
TopekaWichita	52, 55 5 79, 261	8	3 7	1 2	0	0	0	0	0 3

¹ Population Jan. 1, 1920.

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925—Continued

			Diphi	heria	Influ	ien za		'	_
Division, State, and city	Population July 1, 1923, estimated	Chick- en pox, cases re- ported	Cases, esti- mated expec- tancy	Cases re- ported	Cases re- ported	Deaths re- ported	Mea- sles, cases re- ported	Mumps, cases re- ported	Pneu- monia, deaths re- ported
SOUTH ATLANTIC									
Delaware: Wilmington	117, 728	1	. 3	13	0	0	0	0	9
Maryland:	1	1					ļ	ł	l
Baltimore	773, 580 32, 361	42 0	26 1	16 5	11 0	3 0	72 0	33	30
Frederick	11, 301	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	U
Washington	1 437, 571	22	21	10	1	1	2	0	18
Virginia: Lynchburg	30, 277	4	2	5	0	. 0	0	1	0
Norfolk Richmond	159, 089	5 0	5 15	0 22	0	0	0	0	5 7
Roanoke	181, 044 55, 502	ŏ	4	6	ŏ	ļő	Ô	i	ó
West Virginia: Charleston	45, 597	0	5	4	0	0	0	o	3
Huntingten	57, 918	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	3 2 2
Wheeling North Carolina:	1 56, 208	0	4	4	0	1		0	
Raleigh Wilmington	29, 171 35, 719	0	3 2	5 0	0	1 0	0	0	0
Winston-Salem	56, 230	ŏ	4	2	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ž
South Carolina: Charleston	71, 245	1	3	1	0	1	0	0	0
Columbia Greenville	39, 688 25, 789	0	3 2	1 2	. 0	0	0	17 0	0
Georgia:									
· Atlanta Brunswick	222, 963 15, 937	2	11 0	3	47 0	1 0	0	0	20 0
Savannah	89, 448	ĭ	š	ĭ	š	ĭ	Ŏ	Ŏ	3
Florida: St. Petersburg	24, 403	0	o	0	0	0	0	0	. 0
Tampa	56, 050	0	1	3	0	. 0	0	1	2
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL									
Kentucky: Covington	57, 877	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	0
Louisville	257, 671	2	13	5	ĭ	ŏ	3	ŏ	10
Tennessee: Memphis	170, 067	o	16	5	0	1	0	0	7
Nashville Alabama:	121, 128	0	7	4	0	0	0	0	3
Birmingham	195, 901	o l	6	5	6	6	0	0	9
Mobile Montgomery	63, 858 45, 383	0	2	1 2	1 0	0	0	0 12	0
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		-		ļ					
Arkansas:				l					
Fort SmithLittle Rock	30, 635 70, 916	2	2	0	0 5	ō-	0 1	0	i
Louisiana:		1	i					- 1	
New Orleans	404, 575 54, 590	0 2	13 1	8 1	19	3 0	1 0	0	12 1
Oklahoma:		- 1	6	1	1			-	
Muskogee Oklahoma City	31, 485 101, 150	1	5	3	0	0	0	0	5
Tulsa Texas:	102, 018	2	6	7	0		0	0	
Dallas	177, 274	2	15	13	1	0	0	0	6 1
Galveston Houston	46, 877 154, 970 184, 727	0	1 5	8	0	0 }	0		5 6
San Antonio	184, 727	0	2	6	0	0	0	0	6
MOUNTAIN	-								
Montana: Billings	16, 927	- 1	0	0	0	0	. 0	3	0
Great Falls	27, 787	7 5	2	0	0	0	0	106	Ó
Helena Missoula	1 12, 037 1 12, 668	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0 2
**T12200TIS	* 14 UUO !	9 1					٠,	υ,	_

¹ Population Jan. 1, 1920.

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925-Continued

-				ar: :	Di	iphtl	reria	Infl	uenza			
Division, State, city	and	Populat July 1 1923, estimat	١,	Chick- en pox, eases re- ported	Cas est mat expe	ed ec-	Cases re- ported	Cases re- ported	Deaths re- ported	Mea- sles, cases re- ported	Mumps cases re- ported	Pneu- monia, deaths re- ported
MOUNTAIN—conti	nued											
Colorado: Denver Pueblo		272, (43, 8		16 6		15	12 11	0	0	2 1	4	6
Arizona: Phoenix		33, 8	99				0	0	1	0		1
Utah: Salt Lake City Nevada: Reno	ŀ	126, 2 12, 4	- 1	47 0		3 0	5 0	0	0	1 0	4	2
PACIFIC	1					- 1						ŀ
Washington: Seattle Spokane Tacoma Oregon:		¹ 315, 6 104, 5 101, 7	73	24 14 4		6 5 3	1 1 5	0 0 0	0	1 0 0	7 • 0 • 1	3
Portland California:		273, 6	21	10		7	25	0	0	2	8	4
Los Angeles Sacramento San Francisco		666, 8 69, 9 539, 0	50	18 4 41		10 2 20	35 1 8	2 0 2	3 0 1	3 0 2	5 0 6	10 2 10
	Scarle	et fever		Smal	lpox	- <u>-</u> -	Tube		'yphoid f	ever	Whee	
Division, State, and city	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re-	Cas est ma expe	i- Cas ted re ect- port	-	eath re- orted	culo sis, deatl re-	Case	Cases d re- t- ported	Deaths re- ported	Wheep- ing cough, cases re- ported	Deaths, all causes
NEW ENGLAND						-		_	-			
Maine: Portland New Hampshire: Concord Manchester	1 1 1	6 2 9		0	0	0	0	0	0	2 0 0	2 0 0	22 6 16
Vermont: Barre Burlington	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 10
Massachusetts: Boston Fall River Springfield Worcester	31 1 6 8	49 4 10 20			0 0 0	0 0 0	1	3 1 0	4 0 0 0	1 0 0 0	47 0 3 14	214 25 42 46
Rbode Island: Pawtucket Providence	1 5	0 5			0	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 7	16 78
Connecticut: Bridgeport Hartford New Hav	5 5 5	7 6 0		0	0	0 0 0	0 0 1	a	1 0	0	5 1 8	30 40 34
MIDDLE ATLANTIC						,						
Buffalo New York Rochester Syracuse New Jersey:	15 78 6 10	19 59 10 1	1	0	0	0 0 0	2 109 1 1	2 22 I 1	0 12 1 0	1 3 0 0	7 39 10 28	164 1,358 66 38
Camden Newark Trenton	·12	9 18	(8	0	2 3	0 2 1	0	2	0	37 106
Pennsylvania: Philadelphia Pittsburgh Reading	45 28 1	47 49 6	į	1 0	8	0 0 0	28 12 1	8 2	5 2 0	0 3 0	25 15 10	431 200 35

¹Population Jan. 1, 1920.

² Pulmonary tuberculesis only.

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925-Continued

	Scarle	fever		Smallpe)X	Tuber-	Ту	phoid f	ever	W hoop-	
Division, State, and city	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re- ported	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re- ported	Deaths re- ported	re-	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re- ported	Deaths re- ported	ing cough, cases re- ported	Deaths, all causes
EAST NORTH CENTRAL											
Ohio: Cincinnati Cleveland Columbus Toledo	12 23 8 12	15 13 9 4	0 1 0 0	0 0 2 0	0 0 0 0	11 13 3 4	1 4 2 4	5 2 0 12	0 0 0	17 32 1 0	135 174 72 70
Indiana: Fort Wayne Indianapolis South Bend Terre Haute	1 10 2 3	2 8 4 5	1 1 0 1	0 8 . 5 1	0 0 0	0 7 1 0	0 0 1 0	1 3 0 3	0 0 1 3	0 18 1 0	12 101 16 18
Illinois: Chicago Springfield	102 2	64 0	1 0	0	0	42 1	7 1	5 0	1 0	39 0	653 20
Michigan: Detroit Flint Grand Rapids. Wisconsin:	55 8 9	69 6 11	2 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 0	13 2 1	3 0 0	5 0 0	2 0 0	37 16 6	270 17 25
Madison Milwaukee Racine Superior	1 25 5 2	2 9 0 11	0 1 1 1	0 0 0 0	0 0 0	0 6 1 0	0 1 0 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 0	5 16 5 0	7 108 9 8
WEST NORTH CENTRAL											
Minnesota: Duluth Minneapolis St. Paul Iowa:	3 25 9	18 49 20	0 1 3	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 2 4	0 0 1	1 2 0	1 0 0	6 1 12	15 98 50
Davenport Des Moines Sioux City Waterloo	1 12 3 2	1 4 0 3	0 1 1 1	0 0 2 0			1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0		0 0 0 1	
Missouri: Kansas City St. Joseph St. Louis North Dakota:	9 4 29	16 6 46	0 0 1	0	0 0 0	8 1 15	1 1 3	0 3 6	0 0 1	7 0 3	101 25 252
Fargo Grand Forks South Dakota:	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	С	15 0	8
Aberdeen Sioux Falls Nebraska:	0	0 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 0	4
Lincoln Omaha Kansas:	3	6	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	8	13 51
Topeka Wichita	3 3	2	8	8	0	0	8	3	0	5 0	13 22
SOUTH ATLANTIC Delaware:							ĺ				
Wilmington Maryland:	3	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	32 229
Baltimore Cumberland Frederick	13 1 0	14 0 0	0	0	0	17 0 0	5 1 0	11 0 0	1 0 0	37 0 0	10 1
District of Col.: Washington	13	38	0	• 0	0	9	3	5	1	4	148
Virginia: Lynchburg Norfolk	1 1	2 1 7	0	0	0	4 4	0 0 1	0 1 0	0	0 1 0	10 55
Richmond Roanoke West Virginia:	8 2	3	0	ő	0	2 2	1	0	0	0	21
Charleston Huntington Wheeling	1 2 2	2 2 6	0	1 0 0	0	0 1 0	1 0 2	8 0 1	1 0 0	2 0 0	22 19 22

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925-Continued

	Scarle	t fever		Smallp	юх	Tuber	T	phoid i	lever	Whoop	
Division, State, and city	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re- ported	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re- ported	re-	culo- sis, deaths	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases re-	Deaths re- ported	ing cough, cases re- ported	Deaths, all causes
SOUTH ATLANTIC— continued											
North Carolina: Raleigh Wilmington Winston-Salem South Carolina:	1 1 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0	0 0 5	0 0	2 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	1 0 3	10 17
Charleston Columbia Greenville	1 1 1	1 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	4	1 1 0	1 0 1	0	0 0 0	32
Georgia: Atlanta Brunswick Savannah Florida:	7 0 1	2 0 3	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	. 6 0 8	1 0 1	3 0 0	0 0 0	2 0 0	97 2 36
St. Petersburg Tampa EAST SOUTH	0	0	8	0	0	0 2	0	0	0	0	8 19
CENTRAL Kentucky:											
Covington Louisville Tennessee:	2 4	0 2	0	0	0	6	0	10	0	0 2	17 91
Memphis Nashville Alabama:	4	8	0	0	0	5 1	2 2	6 11	1	2 0	76 43
Birmingham Mobile Montgomery	6 1 1	4 1 0	0	5 0 0	0 0 0	5 0 0	2 1 0	4 0 0	0 0 0	2 0 0	77 18
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-										
Arkansas: Fort Smith Little Rock Louisiana:	1 1	1 2	0	0		<u>i</u>	1 1	0 2	0	0	
New Orleans Shreveport Oklahoma:	1	6	0	0	0	15 2	4 0	6	3	0	148 28
Oklahoma City Tulsa Texas:	3	3 4	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0 2	
Dallas	4 1 1 1	11 0 1 0	0	0 0 0	0 0 0	4 0 3 3	1 1 0 0	2 0 0	0 0 0	0	62 15 42 49
Montana: Billings Great Falls Helena Missoula	1 1 0 0	0 1 0 2	0	0 1 0 0	0	0 1 2 0	0	0	0	0 0 0	11 6 6 7
Idaho: Boise Colorado:	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	o	o	0	2
Denver Pueblo Arizona:	7	8	0	0	0	5 1	2	0 3	0	11 0	77 9
PhoenixUtah:		2 -		0	0	2 -		0	0 -		16
Salt Lake City. Nevada: Reno	0	0	0	0	0	• 0	0	0	0	0	29 1
PACIFIC Washington: Seattle Spokane Tacoma Oregon:	7 5 1	15 9 5	1 3 0	4 0 0	6	1	1 1 0	1 0 1	1	2 0 0	31
Portland California:	8	20	3	1	0	4	2	0	0	0	
Los Angeles Sacramento San Francisco.	13 2 7	15 0 12	1 0 1	12 0 1	0	14 3 10	3 1 1	0 0 1	0	1 0 5	195 23 141

City reports for week ended November 7, 1925—Continued.

_	Cereb	respinal ingitis	Let ence	h argic phalitis	Pe	llagra	Polion tile	r yelit is paraly:	(i nfan- sis)
Division, State, and city	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases, esti- mated expect- ancy	Cases	Deaths
NEW ENGLAND				1			ĺ		
Massachusetts:					_			2	١
Rhode Island: Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
MIDDLE ATLANTIC									
New York:									
Buffalo New York City	0 2	0 2	7	9	0	0	0	10	
Rochester	ē	õ	ė	ē:	ŏ	ŏ	Ŏ	Ō	2 1
Pennsylvania: Philadelphia	0	0	i	1	0	1	0	0	-0
EAST NORTH-CENTRAL									
Ohio: Cleveland	0	o	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
Indiana: Indianapolis		0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Illinois:	1 1	-						1	_
Chicago	0	0	2	2	0	0	3	3	0
Detroit	2	1	2	0	0	0	0	8	1
Milwaukee	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
WEST NORTH CENTRAL			1						
Missouri: Kansas City St. Louis	0	0	1 0	1 0	0	. 0	0	0	0
\ 7. L	1 1						_	1	2
Neoraska: Onahs Kansas:	1	1	0	0 . •	0	0	0	1	0
Topeka	9	. 0	٠	•	ا	· ·		1	
SOUTH ATLANTIC									
Maryland: Baltimore	o	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
District of Columbia: Washington	0	o	1	o	0	0	0	1	0
North Carolina:		1	1			1	0	0	0
Raleigh	0	0	0	0	0	1			
Charleston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	θ	0
Tampa	O	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL		1	ł	-	i	-			
Kentucky: Louisville	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Tennessee		1	- 1	+	- 1		0	1	0
Nashville	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	1	U
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL		1	1						
Louisiana: New Orleans	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	1
Shreveport	ŏ	ŏ	ō	0	0	1	0	0	0
Oklahoma: Oklahoma City						1	0		
Texas: Dallas 1	0	Ð	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
PACIFIC]					
Washington:	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
TacomaOregon:		1	ì	-	- 1				0
PortlandCalifornia:	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Los Angeles	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
SacramentoSan Francisco	0	ö	ĭ	1	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	î	ŏ

¹ Dengue, 1 case.

The following table gives the rates per 100,000 population for 103 cities for the 10-week period ended November 7, 1925. lation figures used in computing the rates were estimated as of July 1, 1923, as this is the latest date for which estimates are avail-The 103 cities reporting cases had an estimated aggregate population of nearly 29,000,000, and the 96 cities reporting deaths had more than 28,000,000 population. The number of cities included in each group and the aggregate populations are shown in a separate table below.

Summary of weekly reports from cities, August 30 to November 7, 1925-Annual rates per 100,000 population 1

DIPHTHERIA CASE RATES

	Week ended—									
	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Oct.	Oct. 10	Oct. 17	Oct. 24	Oct. 31	Nov.
103 cities	2 72	96	99	3 102	4 120	140	154	5 168	3 182	6 16
New England	45	77	144	84	77	99	124	7 97	137	9
Middle Atlantic East North Central	62 61	89 75	83 81	81 113	84 4 140	114 164	129 174	129 189	149 195	6 12 18
West North Central	102	145	149	155	195	207	236	259	282	20
South Atlantic	113	127	94	117	225	191	224	8 268	228	2
East South Central	34	80	80	63	69	97	97	109	97	13
West South Central	32	125	60	79	65	83	93	102	264	19
Mountain	315	200	224	³ 195	134	200	162	372	3 176	2
Pacific	2 80	78	136	107	107	107	110	142	157	14

MEASLES CASE RATES

103 cities	2 22	23	30	* 36	441	55	70	5 93	3 105	155
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	52 25 21 6 25 0 0 0 28	94 25 17 4 23 0 5 10 9	112 34 24 10 16 6 5 10	184 32 24 6 31 11 0 29 20	250 35 426 8 25 11 0 10	385 47 26 6 16 11 0 38 12	447 65 25 10 55 6 0 10 29	7 599 87 47 10 8 40 40 14 29 12	604 110 57 12 59 17 5 3 20 15	852 6 161 74 15 154 17 9 38 17

SCARLET FEVER CASE RATES

Middle Åtlantic 30 31 47 49 62 65 75 96 10 East North Central 62 61 62 70 4104 117 151 142 19 West North Central 125 114 151 147 195 135 276 296 30 South Atlantic 59 57 39 66 69 98 137 *134 19 East South Central 143 120 57 80 80 132 154 132 8 West South Central 37 32 42 14 51 65 56 42 43	3 66 4 91 96 126 5 132 5 160 6 171	³ 66	63	54	2 56	103 cities
Middle Åtlantic 30 31 47 49 62 65 75 96 10 East North Central 62 61 62 70 4104 117 151 142 19 West North Central 125 114 151 147 195 135 276 296 30 South Atlantic 59 57 39 66 69 98 137 *134 19 East South Central 143 120 57 80 80 132 154 132 8 West South Central 37 32 42 14 51 65 56 42 43	47 89 109 132 7 130 201 271	47	62	65	47	New England
East North Central 62 61 62 70 4 104 117 151 142 19 West North Central 125 114 151 147 195 135 276 296 30 South Atlantic 59 57 39 66 69 98 137 *134 19 East South Central 143 120 57 80 80 132 154 132 8 West South Central 37 32 42 14 51 65 56 42 43		49	47	31	30	Middle Atlantic
South Atlantic 59 57 39 66 69 98 137 * 134 19 East South Central 143 120 57 80 80 132 154 132 8 West South Central 37 32 42 14 51 65 56 42 42	70 104 117 151 142 194 167	70	62	61	62	
East South Central 143 120 57 80 80 132 154 132 8 West South Central 37 32 42 14 51 65 56 42 43	147 195 135 276 296 305 384	147	151	114	125	West North Central
West South Central 37 32 42 14 51 65 56 42 43	66 69 98 137 8134 193 185	66	39	57	59	South Atlantic
	80 80 132 154 132 80 109	80	57	120	143	East South Central
	14 51 65 56 42 42 102	14	42	32	37	West South Central
	\$88 181 153 48 115 \$195 172	3 88 E	166	38	76	Mountain
Pacific 252 38 67 81 93 107 142 133 149	81 93 107 142 133 148 162	81	67	38	2 52	Pacific

¹ The figures given in this table are rates per 100,000 population, annual basis, and not the number of cases reported. Populations used are estimated as of July 1, 1923.

2 Spokane, Wash., not included.

3 Helena, Mont., not included.

4 Superior, Wis., not included.

5 Barre, Vt., and Winston-Salem, N. C., not included.

6 Trenton, N. J., not included.

7 Barre, Vt., to included.

8 Winston-Salem, N. C., not included.

Summary of weekly reports from cities, August 30 to November 7, 1925—Annual rates per 100,000 population—Continued

SMALLPOX CASE RATES

					Week	ended				
	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Sept.	Oct.	Oct.	Oet. 17	Oct. 24	Oct.	Nov.
103 cities	2 5	6	7	,6	+2	5	8	17	10	6 10
New England	0 0 5 4 2 11 5 10 2 40	0 0 2 4 12 23 5 19 44	0 0 2 4 12 40 5 0 49	0 0 2 2 6 34 0 3 39 41	0 0 10 2 0 0 0 10 26	0 0 1 10 6 17 0 10 46	0 0 8 0 6 46 0 29 58	7 7 0 4 4 4 8 0 6 0 10 78	0 0 17 27 6 6 6 9 3 10 46	0 60 12 12 12 29 0 19
	TYP	ногр	FEVE	R CAS	SE RA'	TES				
103 cities	.2 40	42	51	3 45	4 40	37	36	5 33	³ 26	6 27
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	30 29 19 21 62 183 176 29 2 31	35 27 22 62 51 246 74 133 29	30 35 19 58 111 212 167 88 29	22 34 31 17 94 217 102 3 98 23	47 32 4 18 35 54 143 97 115 29	17 31 22 33 55 177 60 124 9	25 28 32 21 70 132 46 48 20	7 15 25 9 33 6 78 160 83 67 32	17 21 16 19 27 109 83 88 20	22 6 11 19 31 64 183 51 38 9
	IN	FLUE	NZA I	EATH	RAT	ES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
96 cities	3	5	5	3 3	14	3	6	\$8	• 11	6 13
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central Mountain Pacific	0 3 3 2 2 2 0 5 19	2 3 7 0 0 6 5 29 4	0 6 4 7 2 6 10 20 0	0 3 5 4 2 0 0 0 3 10 4	0 3 47 7 4 17 20 0	0 3 3 4 2 0 15 10	0 5 8 7 2 17 10 0 11	7 2 8 9 7 8 2 6 20 38 4	12 10 7 11 6 29 41 3 10 10 4	5 6 14 12 7 18 40 15 10
	PNE	EUMO	NIA D	ЕАТН	RATE	ES				
96 cities	73	64	62	3 57	4 62	66	94	å 96	9 122	6 137
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central West South Central Mest South Central Pacific Pacific	55 84 64 33 57 143 76 86 106	52 68 49 37 64 154 87 38 102	70 62 47 46 86 86 82 117 69	55 66 42 28 92 46 51 2 78 57	32 68 447 37 87 109 66 143 98	60 64 65 46 76 120 66 95	97 94 94 61 129 103 56 124 83	7 87 104 83 63 8 124 132 117 115 79	112 137 119 99 137 114 138 3 78 10 53	139 • 142 125 88 207 166 163 105 95

² Spokane, Wash., not included.
³ Helena, Mont., not included.
⁴ Superior, Wis., not included.
⁵ Barre, Vt., and Winston-Salem, N. C., not included.
⁶ Trenton, N. J., not included.
⁷ Barre, Vt., not included.
⁸ Winston-Salem, N. C., not included.
⁹ Helena, Mont., and Tacoma, Wash., not included.
¹⁰ Tacoma, Wash., not included.

Number of cities included in summary of weekly reports and aggregate population of cities in each group, estimated as of July 1, 1923

Group of cities	Number of cities reporting cases	of cities	Aggregate population of cities reporting cases	Aggregate population of cities reporting deaths
Total	103	96	28, 977, 311	28, 321, 626
New England Middle Atlantic East North Central West North Central South Atlantic East South Central West South Central West South Central Mountain Pacific	10 16 14 21 7 8	12 10 16 11 21 7 6 9	2, 098, 746 10, 304, 114 7, 135, 899 2, 515, 330 2, 542, 498 911, 885 1, 124, 564 546, 445 1, 797, 830	2, 098, 746 10, 304, 114 7, 135, 899 2, 381, 454 2, 542, 498 911, 885 1, 023, 013 546, 445 1, 377, 572

FOREIGN AND INSULAR

THE FAR EAST

Report for week ended October 24, 1925.—The following report, for the week ended October 24, 1925, was transmitted by the far eastern bureau of the health section of the League of Nations' Secretariat, located at Singapore, to the headquarters at Geneva:

.	Pla	gue	Ch	olera	Sma	llpox
Port	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
Calcutta						
Bombay.						
Madras		0	1	0	8	2
Rangoon		ĭ		ŏ.		ő
Karachi		î		ŏ	4	ž
Negapatam		-		,	•	-
Colombo	0	0	0	0	0	0
Singapore	Ŏ	ŏ	Ĭ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Port Swettenham	Ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Penang	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Batavia	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	l ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Soerabaya	ŏ	ŏ	ľŏ	Ĭŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Samarang	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Belawan Deli	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Macassar	ŏ	ŏ	l , ŏ	ĭŏ	٠ŏ	ĕ
Sandakan (North Borneo)	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	l ő:	ŏ	ŏ
Kuching (Sarawak)	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	5	ĭ
Manila	ŏ	ŏ	6	3	ŏ	Ó
Bangkok	ŏ	ŏ	5	4	ŏ	ŏ
Saigon and Cholon	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ō	ŏ	ŏ
Hongkong	ň	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Shanghai	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	1	ŏ
Amoy	ĕ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ō	ŏ
Nagasaki	ŏ	ŏ	. 0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Yokohama	ŏ	ŏ	Ö	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Simonoseki	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Moji	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Kobe	ŏ	ŏ	ĭ	١	ŏ	ŏ
Osaka	ŏl	ŏ	8		ŏl	ŏ
Keelung (Taiwan)	ŏ	ŏ	ő	0	ŏ	ŏ
Fusan	ň	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ň
Dairen	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	2	U
Adelaide	ŏl	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ő	0
Brisbane	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Fremantle	ň	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ
Melbourne	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Sydney	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ
Suez	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏĺ	ŏ
Alexandria	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ
Port Said	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ
Mombasa (Kenya)	ŏ	ŏl	ŏl	ŏl	ŏİ	ŏ
Massowah	ŏ	ŏl	ŏl	ŏ	őĺ	ŏ
Djibuti	ŏl	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Lourenco Marques	ŏ	ŏl	ŏi	ŏ	ŏ	Ğ
Durban.	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏl	ŏ	ŏ
Cape Town	ŏ	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ	ŏl	ŏ
Mauritius	ĭ	ĭ	ŏl	ŏ	ăl	ŏ
Seychelles	ō	ō	ŏl	ő	ă	ŏ
	91	١	١	•	•	U

CHINA

Infectious disease prevalence—South Manchuria Area and Leased Territory—Ten-year period.—Information received from the sanitary office of the South Manchuria Railway Co. for the last ten years shows that of diseases of the digestive organs reported within the railway area typhoid fever showed the greatest number of cases, followed by dysentery, paratyphoid fever, and cholera in the order named. Death rates from scarlet fever, smallpox, typhus fever, diphtheria, and plague are stated to have been high. Conditions of occurrence and prevalence of disease during the 10-year period were further reported as follows:

Cerebrospinal meningitis.—Made notifiable in May, 1918. The disease has appeared sporadically with a few cases in the railway area.

Cholera.—Appeared at Dairen, Port Arthur, Liaoyang, and Antung in the summer of 1907; again at Dairen and Port Arthur in August, 1909, and in a few other localities; in 1911 present with greater virulence at Dairen, Port Arthur, and Chinchu, but did not spread beyond the leased territory. In 1912 five cases were found among crews and passengers of vessels arrived at Dairen. At this time the disease did not invade the railway area. In the late spring of 1919 cholera spread from Swatow by way of Shanghai and Tientsin via Yingkou (Newchwang), into South Manchuria, passing the Liao River and overrunning the whole of South Manchuria. The epidemic was suppressed in October of the same year. There were reported 13,000 cases with 6,300 fatalities.

Diphtheria.—Generally diffused in sporadic form. At Fushun a considerable number of cases were reported yearly from the year 1913. Cases were reported in considerable numbers at Mukden.

Influenza.—Outbreaks at various points in Manchuria in May, 1918, with rapid spread and about 21,000 reported cases. In September of the same year the disease reappeared. Acute pneumonia and bronchial catarrh developed in many cases. There were reported in all Manchuria 65,000 cases with 1,000 deaths. In October, 1919, the world epidemic of influenza reached Manchuria by way of Japan and Shanghai. The epidemic ceased in February, 1920. At Dairen 3,000 cases were reported. (Population, census of 1925, 188,549.)

Lethargic encephalitis.—Stated to be of sporadic occurrence only.

Paratyphoid fever.—Made notifiable in August, 1911, having been previously classed with typhoid fever. In 1914 and 1915 a comparatively large number of cases were reported, but since that date no marked prevalence has been reported.

Plague.—Plague was reported in North Manchuria in October, 1910, at the time of the annual movement of coolies into South Man-

churia. Some of these coolies presented symptoms of plague and the disease was widely disseminated. Railway traffic was suspended to prevent importation of the disease, but this measure was only partially effective, as the coolies are generally foot travelers. The number of cases of plague reported in the Kwantung Leased Territory and the South Manchuria railway area was over 200, the aggregate of all cases occurring in Manchuria being estimated at far above 40,000. In August, 1920, a few cases from the epidemic of pneumonic plague prevailing on the North Manchuria frontier were imported into South Manchuria.

Relapsing fever.—Stated to be considerably prevalent among Chinese coolies in summer. The disease was made notifiable in June, 1913. The point of outbreak was stated to be generally Fushun and cases appearing at other localities have been generally traced to contact with Chinese coolies at Fushun collieries.

Scarlet fever.—No case was reported until the year 1908. In 1909 two cases occurred at Dairen, besides three in the railway area. Since that date outbreaks have been reported at various localities, during summer months dying out, but present generally at other seasons and in winter particularly malignant; present recently with less frequency and not in epidemic form.

Smallpox.—Appearing sporadically annually among Chinese and Japanese.

Tuberculosis.—Mortality from tuberculosis was stated to show a gradually increasing tendency, largely among young people.

Typhoid fever.—Present sporadically and in epidemic form every year.

Typhus fever.—First reported at Liaoyang in 1909. Since that date sporadic cases have been notified at different localities but in decreasing numbers.

Disease	Japa	anese	Chi	nese	For	eign	Т	otal
Disease	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths
Cerebrospinal meningitis Diphtheria Dysentery Paratyphoid fever Scarlet fever Smallpox Typhoid fever Typhous fever	18 96 825 109 400 239 594 9	10 9 102 4 43 22 75	3 1 82 6 4 109 31 4	1 13 11 7 1	1 9 2 2 16	3 1 1 2	21 98 916 117 404 350 641	11 9 118 5 43 34 84

Infectious diseases in South Manchuria Railway Area, 1924

CUBA

Communicable diseases—Habana—October 1-31, 1925.—During October, 1925, communicable diseases were reported at Habana, Cuba, as follows:

Disease	New cases	Deaths	Remain- ing under treatment Oct. 31, 1925	Disease	New cases	Deaths	Remain- ing under treatment Oct. 31, 1925
Chicken pox	1 1 8		3 9	Malaria ¹	75 46 13 27	2 5	21 19 3 17

¹Many of these cases were from the interior.

EGYPT

Plague—October 15-21, 1925—Summary.—During the week ended October 21, 1925, five cases of plague were reported in Egypt, making a total of 126 cases reported from January 1 to October 21, 1925, as compared with 357 cases occurring during the corresponding period of the year 1924.

FINLAND

Communicable diseases—September, 1925.—During the month of September, 1925, communicable diseases were reported in Finland as follows:

Disease	Cases	Disease	Cases
Diphtheria	83	Poliomyelitis	6
	22	Scarlet fever	72
	97	Typhoid fever	87

Population, Census, 1923: 3,469,402.

FRANCE

Fatal case of plague—Vicinity of Marseille—October 13, 1925.—Information was received under date of November 3, 1925, of the occurrence of a fatal case of plague, October 13, 1925, at Chateau Gombert, situated about 8½ kilometers from Marseille, France.

GREECE

Plague case at Cephalonia, Ionian Islands—November 10, 1925.—According to information dated November 12, 1925, a case of plague was reported November 10, 1925, at Cephalonia, Ionian Islands, Greece. The case was stated to have originated at Patras, Greece.

JAMAICA

Smallpox (reported as alastrim)—September 27-October 31, 1925.— During the five-week period ended October 31, 1925, smallpox (reported as alastrim) was notified in the Island of Jamaica as follows: Kingston, 34 cases; localities outside of Kingston, 49 cases.

Other diseases.—Other diseases were reported in the island during the period under report as follows: Chicken pox (outside of Kingston) 6 cases; tuberculosis, pulmonary, Kingston, 8 cases; outside of Kingston, 45 cases; typhoid fever, Kingston, 1 case; outside of Kingston, 56 cases.

MALTESE ISLANDS

Mortality—Communicable diseases—Year 1924.—During the year 1924 there were reported in the Islands of Malta and Gozo, 5,181 deaths (Malta, 4,686; Gozo, 495 deaths). Causes of death were reported as follows:

Disease	Cases	Deaths	Disease	Cases	Deaths
Cerebrospinal meningitis		10 22 11 49 17	Pneumonia (all forms) Broncho. Lobar Type not stated Scarlet fever Tuberculosis, all forms Typhoid fever. Whooping cough	6	86 52 13 21 219 41 53

Occarring mostly during the first quarter of the year.
 Epidemic from mid-year 1923 to March, 1924, with total of 1,672 cases; of which 501 occurred in 1924.

² Epidemic from mid-year 1923 to March, 1924, with total of 1,672 cases; of which 501 occurred in 1924

Leprosy.—Leprosy was reported during the year in the Maltese Islands with 14 deaths.

Lethargic encephalitis.—This disease was first recognized in the Maltese Islands in April, 1920, with 14 cases reported from that date to May, 1922. During the year 1924, 40 cases with 11 deaths were reported after a period of complete abeyance covering most of the year 1922 and all of the year 1923. This fact, with certain conditions of occupation and locality, indicated fresh infection. Lethargic encephalitis was added to the list of notifiable diseases in 1920.

Malta (undulant) fever.—The notified incidence of Malta (undulant) fever, 940 cases, shows a decrease from the two previous years.

Trachoma.—Trachoma was made notifiable in August, 1922. To the end of that year 833 cases had been reported. During 1923, 1,282 cases were notified, and during the year 1924, 488 cases.

65093°-25†--3

Place

Soerakarta.

Beirut

Syria:

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER

The reports contained in the following tables must not be considered as complete or final as regards either the lists of countries included or the figures for the particular countries for which reports are given.

Reports Received During Week Ended November 27, 1925 1

CHOLERA

Cases Deaths

Remarks

Epidemic in four localities.

Date

	1 2 4.0	1		1.
Ceylon: Colombo India Calcutta Rangoon	Sept. 13-Oct. 10	30	2 29 2	Immigrants. Sept. 13-19, 1925: Cases, 1,10#; deaths, 702.
	PLA	GUE		
Algeria: Algiers British East Africa:	Oct. 11-20	1		
British East Africa: Tanganyika Territory Uganda	Sept. 20-26		2	July, 1925: Cases, 116; deaths,
China: Nanking Swatow Egypt	Oct. 11–17do			102 Present. Endemic. Oct. 15-21, 1925: Cases, 5; total, Jan. 1-Oct. 21, 1925: Cases, 126; corresponding period, 1924—
France: Chateau Gombert	Oct. 13	1	1	cases, 357.
Greece: Cephalonia		1		Ionian Islands. Case stated to have originated at Patras.
India	Oct. 20-20		1 8 28	Sept. 13-19, 1925: Cases, 1,325; deaths, 926.
Java: Batavia Besoeki	Sept. 2-5		55	Epidemic.
Cheribon Djokjakarts Kediri	Sept. 2-5do			Do. Do.
Pekalongan Soerabaya	Aug. 23-Sept. 12 Sept. 13-19	9	48 9	Epidemic, Sept. 2-5, 1925: At Ternan.

SMALLPOX

1

Sept. 11-17...

Oct. 1-10.....

Algeria: Algiers Oct. 1-20 3 September, 1925: Cases, 1925	12.
British East Africa: Mombasa 0ct. 4-10 1 Mombasa Sept. 13-26 8 1 China: Amoy Sept. 13-26 8 1 Amoy Sept. 20-Oct. 3 Present. Do. Swatow do Do. Do. Great Britain: Hull Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Sept. 20-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-19, 1925: Case deaths, 183.	12.
Mombasa	
Tanganyika Territory	
China: Amoy Sept. 20-Oct. 3 Present. Nanking Oct. 11-17 Do. Swatow do Do. Great Britain: Hull Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne 1 Sept. 13-19, 1925: Case India Scpt. 20-Oct. 3 2 deaths, 183. Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7 7	
Amoy Sept. 20-Oct. 3 Present. Nanking Oct. 11-17 Do. Swatow do Do. Great Britain: Hull Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Sept. 13-19, 1925: Case deaths, 183. Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7	
Nanking Oct. 11-17 Do. Swatow do Do. Great Britain: Hull Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Sept. 20-Oct. 3 2 deaths, 183. Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7 7	
Swatow do Do. Great Britain: Hull Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Scpt. 13-19, 1925: Case Bombay Scpt. 20-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7	
Swatow do Do. Great Britain: Hull Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Scpt. 13-19, 1925: Case Bombay Scpt. 20-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7	
Great Britain: Oct. 25-31 12 Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Sept. 20-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7 To deaths, 183. To deaths, 183.	
Hall	
Newcastle-on-Tyne do 1 India Sept. 13-19, 1925: Case Bombay Scpt. 20-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7 Sept. 13-19, 1925: Case deaths, 183.	
India. Sept. 13-19, 1925: Case Bombay Sept. 20-Oct. 3 2 Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7	
Bombay Scpt. 20-Oct. 3 2 deaths, 183. Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7	a 000.
Calcutta Sept. 13-Oct. 10 7 7	5, 200,
Madras Oct. 11-17 9 7	
Jamaica	ises, 83.
(Reported as alastrim.)	
Kingston Sept. 27-Oct. 31 Reported as alastrim.	
Java:	
Pasoeroean Residency Sept. 17	
Soerabaya	
Mexico:	
Mexico City Oct. 18-24 I Including municipalities	in Fed-
eral district.	
Union of South Africa:	
Transyaal Sept. 27-Oct. 3 Outbreaks.	

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received During Week Ended November 27, 1925—Continued

TYPHUS FEVER

Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Oct. 11-20	. 1	3	September, 1925: Cases, 2.
Oct. 18-24 Nov. 1-7	11	1	Including municipalities in Federal district. Sept. 15-Oct. 19, 1925: 9 cases, occurring in 6 localities, viz,
Oct. 4-10			Beit Gan, Haifa, Kehr Uria, Rishon, Safad, and Tel-Aviv. Aug. 16-22, 1925: Cases, 13; 1 death.
	Oct. 11-20 Oct. 4-17 Oct. 18-24 Nov. 1-7	Oct. 11-20	Oct. 11-20

YELLOW FEVER

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925 1

CHOLERA

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Algeria:				
Algiers	May 11-20	1		
Ceylon	36 10 10			Jan. 25-June 27, 1925: Cases, 172;
Colombo	May 10-16	2	2	deaths, 120. June 28-Aug. S, 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 21.
China:		l	1	1925. Cases, 27, deaths, 21.
Foochow	Aug. 23-Sept. 19	19	9	
Hongkong			2	j
Nanking.	Sept. 6-12		l	Sporadic cases.
Shanghai	July-September	2,058	218	Foreign: Cases, 58; deaths, 15.
South Manchuria—		-,	i -	Native: Cases, 2,000; deaths,
Yingkou	Sept. 27-Oct. 3	2		203.
Swatow	Oct. 8			Present.
India				Apr. 26-June 27, 1925: Cases,
Bombay				33,647; deaths, 19,950. June
Do		11	7	28-Aug. 29, 1925: Cases, 16,453;
Calcutta			49	deaths, 9,239.
<u>D</u> o	May 17-23	79	61	
Do		12	11	
Do	July 5-Sept. 12	81	66	
Karachi	Aug. 30-Sept. 5	1	1	
Madras Presidency	June 6-20	4 49	1 19	
Do Rangoon		22	15	Feb. 8-14, 1925: Cases, 2; deaths,
Do	June 14-27	12	8	2. (Received out of date.)
Do	June 28-Sept. 5	7	6	2. (Received out of date.)
Indo-China:	June 26- Dept. 5	•		
Saigon	May 4-June 7	4	3	Including 100 square kilometers
Do		3	2	of surrounding country.
Do	Aug. 3-9	ĭ	ī	Do.
Japan:			_	=
Kobe	Sept. 4-6	5	2	** *
Taiwan Island, Tiahoku	Oct. 1-8.			Present.
Yokohama	Sept. 2	5	3	

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925-Continued

CHOLERA—Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Philippine Islands:				
Albay—]	1	ł
Tabaco	June 14-20	1	1	1
Batangas	Sept. 6-12	1		•[
Bulacan	do	1 5	1 4	1
Do Camarines Sur	June 28-Sept. 19 July 3-9	1	*	İ
Lagonoy	June 6-12	2	1	1
Laguna	Sept. 6-12	ī	1	.1
Levte	July 8-14	1	1	
Manila	June 15-28 June 29-Aug. 16	3		.]
<u>D</u> o	June 29-Aug. 16	17	4	
Do Mountain Province	Sept. 7-Oct. 4 June 23-29	175 1	64	l
Rizal Province	Aug. 2-8	2		1
Do	Aug 16-Sept 22	6	6	†
Suragao	Aug. 16-Sept. 22 Aug. 16-22	ĭ	ĭ	į.
Zambales	Sept. 20-26	1	1	
Siam:	A 00 T 07	9		
Bangkok	Apr. 29-June 27 Aug. 23-29	1	4	1
Turkey:	11ug. 20 20	•	1 -	•
Constantinople	May 16-22	1		1
On vessel:			1	1
		1		At Nagasaki. Reported Sept. 2, 1925, arrived on vessel from
Steamship President Lin-		1		China. At Kobe, Sept. 5, 1925, from
coln. Steamship Amboise	Sept. 16, 1925	2	2	Shanghai. At Hongkong, China, from
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		_		Yokohama, via Shanghai. In
				1925. Arrived at Suez Oct. 15. having received free pratique at the intermediary ports of Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, and Dijibuti. Destination,
·				and Dijibuti. Desti nation , Marseille.
•	PLA	GUE		
Brazil:				
Bahia	May 3-June 13	5	4	
Do	Sept. 6-12	1	1	
British East Africa:	T.1 + 00			
Uganda	Feb. 1-28	28 79	28 74	Apr. 1-May 31, 1925: Cases, 129;
Entebbe	May 4-June 30	19	74	deaths, 118.
Ceylon:				deaths, 110.
Colombo	May 10-June 30	11	10	
Do	May 10-June 30 June 28-Oct. 3	22	19	
Do	Sept. 18			Plague in rats.
China:	35 - 01 01			B
Foochow	May 24-31			Reported present in epidemic form.
Do	Aug. 23-29			Present.
Do Nanking	Aug. 23-29 July 25-Oct. 10 May 27			Do.
North Manchuria	May 27	2	1	201
Ecuador:	1	_		
Guayaquil Do	June 1-15 Sept. 1-Oct. 15	1	1	May 16-June 30, 1925: Rats examined, 30,347; found infected,
Do	Sept. 1-Oct. 15	10	8	amined, 30,347; found infected,
				95. July 1-Oct. 15, 1925: Rats
	1	1		taken, 65,632; rats found infected, 272.
Egypt	1			Jan. 1-Oct. 14: 1025: Cases 128
201 P				Jan. 1-Oct. 14; 1925: Cases, 126. Corresponding period year 1914: Cases, 357.
City—	ļ			1914: Cases, 357.
Alexandria	June 17-24	2	2	Bubonic.
Do	Sept. 10-16	1		
Port Said	June 17-18	1]	1	
Alexandria Do. Port Said Do. Do.	June 28-Sept. 3	11	3	
D0	Oct. 1-1	2		
Suez Do	Ang 10	3	2 1	Septicemic.
D0	Aug. 19	1 1	τ	верикеши.

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925-Continued

PLAGUE-Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Egypt—Continued. Province—				
Assiut	June 5	. 1	1	
Beni-Souef	June 10-16	. 8	4	i
Do	Aug. 6-12	. 5	2	1
Charkieh	June 6-8	. 1	1	1
Kena Minia	June 17 June 6-17	1 3	1 2	
France:	June 0-17	· °	1 -	1
Marseille	Aug. 13-18	3		
Gold Coast	March-April		3	1
Greece:		1	1	1
Athens		64	18	
Piræus	July 18-Aug. 14	9		
Pyrgos.	Sept. 1	1 2		•
Saloniki Hawaii Territory:	Sept. 22-Oct. 12	2	1	1
Honokaa	June 28	1	1	Plague-infected rat.
Do	Aug. 7	1	1	i ague inicettu iut.
Do	Aug. 7. Aug. 15. July 31.			Plague-infected rat, near Paquilo
Kukuihaele	July 31			Plague-infected rat.
Paauhau	Aug. 12		.	Do.
India			.	Apr. 26-June 27, 1925: Cases, 10,166; deaths, 8,913. June 28-
Bombay	Apr. 26-June 27	65	59	10,166; deaths, 8,913. June 28-
Do	June 28-Sept. 12	23	17	Sept. 12, 1925: Cases, 7,444;
Calcutta	May 30-June 6	1	1	deaths, 5,025.
Do	July 5-11	i	1 i	1
Karachi	May 18-June 6	4	3	
Do	July 31-Aug. 6	î	ĭ	
Do	Sept 6-Oct. 10	23	12	
Madras	May 10-June 27	15	8	
Do	June 28-Sept. 19	185	78	
Rangoon	May 3-June 27	113	95	Feb.8-14,1925: Cases, 13; deaths,
<u>D</u> o	June 28-July 4	20	18	13. (Received out of date.)
D0	July 12-Sept. 19	212	175	
Indo-China: Cochin-China—				
Saigon	Apr. 20-June 21	3	3	Including 100 square kilometers
~u.go		Ĭ	ļ	of surrounding country.
Do	Aug. 31-Sept. 20	4	3	Do.
Irak:	35 04 7 0		l .	
Bagdad	May 24-June 6 June 21-27	9	1	
Do	June 21-27	5	•	
Italy: Naples Province—				
Secondigliano	Sept. 3-5	2		From the Bulletin Quarantenaire,
Japan:				Egypt, Sept. 17, 1925.
Taiwan—		_		
Taihoku	Oct. 2-6	1	1	
Java:	May 6-June 19	32	31	
Batavia Do	July 5-31	65	65	In Province.
Do	Aug. 8-14	28	26	Do.
Do	Aug. 22-Sept. 11	100	101	Do
Besoeki Residency	A 110 4-19			Epidemic in capital and in five
Cheribon	Apr. 1-June 27 June 28-Aug. 22 Mar. 7-May 25		102	native villages.
Do	June 28-Aug. 22		66	
Pasoeroean Residency	Mar. 7-May 25			Epidemic in several localities.
Do	July 13			Do.
Pekalongan	Apr. 9-June 27		96 9	
Do	June 28-July 25		30	
Do	Aug. 1-22 May 7-27	3	30	
SoerabayaDo	June 28-Aug. 29	22	7	
Do	Sent 6-12	9	9	
Soerakarta Residency	Sept. 6-12 May 28			Epidemic at Kalidgambe.
D ₀	Aug. 5-12			Epidemic at Klaten.
Tegal	Apr. 2-May 16		36	=
D ₀	May 24-June 13		16	
Do	Aug. 1-22		11	

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925—Continued

PLAGUE-Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Madagascar: Province— Itasy	Apr. 1-June 30 July-August	232 70	200 66	Bubonic, 3; septicemic, 1.
Do Tananarive Town	_ June 1-7	5	. 1	
Do	Aug. 1-31	5	5	
Nigeria	January, 1925 March-June	10 25	13 6 20	
Barranea Callao Canete. Huacho Lima (city) Lima (country) Russia: Kalmyk District. North Caucasus	July-August	8 3 5 3 15 6 10 2	6 2 1 1 7 1 8 2	deaths, 18.
UrtsSiam: BangkokDoDo	Apr. 26-June 20 June 28-Sept. 26	13 6	11 5	In laboratory worker and contact. Province of Bukeevsk. Sept. 18, 1925: Plague-infected
Straits Settlements: Singapore		9 3 2	9 3	rats found.
Tunis: Tunis Turkey: Constantinople Union of South Africa;	Aug. 12-18 May 25-31	1		Plague rodent.
Cape Province— Kimberley Do	June 14-20 July 5-11	1	1	In a Malay camp. One plague-infected house mouse.
Orange Free State— Boshof District On vessel: Steamship Efstratios Cavoundis.	June 28-Aug. 15 July 7-11	5 4	2 1	Natives. At Alexandria, Egypt. Vessel arrived July 7, 1925. Regular route, ports in Syria, Greece, and Port Said. Dead rats
Steamship Arcadia Steamship Anatolia Steamship City of Norwich.	July 24–27	2 1 1		reported found on board. At Pirseus, Greece, from Alexandria, Egypt. Do. At Port Said, Egypt, Apr. 14, 1925, from Rangoon, Colombo, and Perim; destination, London. Case occurred in first officer of vessel.
Steamship Naxos	Sept. 12	1		At Rhodes, from Dodecanese Islands via Alexandria, Egypt. The vessel left Alexandria Sept. 9, 1925.

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925—Continued

SMALLPOX

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Algeria: Algiers	May 1-June 30	43	2	
Do	May 1-June 30 July 1-Aug. 20	67		_
Do	. Sept. 1–30	. 6		-
Constantine Bolivia:	do	47		•1
La Paz	Apr. 1-June 30 July 1-Aug. 31	10 8		
Brazil: Bahia	June 28-Sept. 5	8	8	
Do	Sept. 19–26	2		.i
Pernambuco	Apr. 26-May 30	40		
Do	June 7-27 July 5-18	5	3	1
Porto Alegre	June 14-20	<u> </u>	. î	Ì
Do	Aug. 9-15 May 9-June 27		. 1	Ł .
Rio de Janeiro Do	May 9-June 27	122	36	,
Do	June 28-Aug. 15 Aug. 29-Oct. 17	222	122	ì
British East Africa: Kenya—				
Mombasa	Apr. 19-June 20	27	13	
Do Nairobi	July 5-Sept. 26	73	19	
Tanganyika Territory	May 3-9 Apr. 5-May 23	82	24	
Do	June 14-27	48	3	1
Do	Aug. 9–15	1, 181	427	i
Do Uganda	Aug. 23-Sept. 12 Feb. 1-28	32	4	
Entebbe	June 1-30	ĩ		
British South Africa: Northern Rhodesia Do	Apr. 28-May 4 Sept. 8-14	3 34		Natives.
Southern Rhodesia	June 11-July 1	2 4		Do.
Do Bulgaria:	Aug. 20-Sept. 16	*		ъ.
Sofia	Aug. 6-19	2		
Canada:			l	
Alberta— Calgary British Columbia—	Aug. 2-Sept. 26	2		
Vancouver	June 1-28 July 6-Oct. 25	7 18		
New Brunswick— Restigouche County	June 1-30	1		
Ontario.	7 14 00			May 31-Sept. 30, 1925: Cases, 52;
Galt Kingston	June 14–20do	2 1		deaths, 1.
Do	Aug. 23-29	î		•
North Bay	June 28-July 18	3		
TorontoSaskatchewan—	Oet. 4-17	3		
Regina	May 24-30	3		
China:	- 1		_	
Amoy	May 17-June 30		7	Progent
Do Antung	July 12-Sept. 19 May 11-June 21	7		Present.
Do	June 29-Aug. 9	3		
Do	Sept. 7–13	4		.
Canton Chungking	May 10-June 13 May 3-30			Do. Widespread.
Foochow	May 9-Oct. 3			Present.
Hongkong	May 9-Oct. 3 Apr. 19-June 13	15	12	
Do	July 19-25	1		
Manchuria— Dairen	Apr. 13-June 28	115	17	
Do	June 28-Sept. 27	8	5	
Harbin	May 13-June 2	2		
Do Nanking	Oct. 1-7	1		Do.
Shanghai	May 9-Oct. 10 May 3-June 6	5	2	D0.
Do	July 6-Oct. 3	ĭ	3	
Swatow.	May 17-Oct. 3			Stated to be endemic.
Tientsin Do	May 9-June 6 July 12-18	3		
	- u.j 1 u 1 U			

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925—Continued

SMALLPOX—Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Chosen			386	
Seoul				January-June, 1925: Cases, 341; deaths, 74.
Colombia: Buenaventura	Sept. 15-29	1		1
Czechoslovakia				Apr. 1-June 30, 1925: Cases, 3; deaths, 1. Occurring in State
77		İ	1	of Slovakia.
Egypt	May 21-27	1	i	January-July, 1925: Cases, 341; deaths, 74.
Cairo	May 21-27	17	5	•
FranceParis		1		February-June, 1925: Cases, 102. July, 1925: Cases, 49.
Germany: Baden (State)	i	ì	1	
Stuttgart	July 5-Sept. 19	4		Van 1994, Garage 6
Gibraltar Gold Coast G				Year 1924: Cases, 6. January-June, 1925: Cases, 1,121;
				January-June, 1925: Cases, 1,121; deaths, 99. July, 1925: Cases, 159; deaths, 36.
Great Britain: England and Wales				May 24-June 27, 1925: Cases, 441.
Birmingham	July 7-13	1		June 28-Oct. 24, 1925: Cases, 832.
Cardiff Do	June 14-20 Aug. 2-8	14	8	802.
Newcastle-on-Tyne Do	Aug. 2-8 May 31-June 27 June 28-Oct. 24	19	1	
SheffieldGreece	Oct. 4-24	24		January-June, 1925: Cases, 47;
AthensDo	May 1-31 June 24-30	27	2 3	deaths, 8. July, 1925: Cases, 2.
Do	July 1-31	14	ĭ	
Do Saloniki	Sept. 1-30 Sept. 22-28	8	1	
Haiti: Port au Prince	Aug. 23-29	1		Reported at Jean Rabel Aug. 27.
Hungary: Budapest	July 5–18	13		
India Bombay	Apr. 26-June 27	156	115	Apr. 26-June 27, 1925: Cases, 37,107; deaths, 9,152. June 28-
Do Calcutta	June 28-Sept. 19 May 3-9	35 109	23 100	Sept. 12, 1925: Cases, 21,180; deaths, 5,063.
Do	May 17-23 May 31-June 20	75 88	61 81	, .,
Do	July 5-Sent 12	64	53	
Karachi Do	May 18-June 27 June 28-July 4 Aug. 30-Sept. 26	6 1	1	
Do Madras	Aug. 30-Sept. 26 May 18-June 27	10 152	6 66	. '
Do	June 28-July 18 Aug. 2-Oct. 10	68 144	25 54	
Rangoon	May 3-June 27 June 28-July 4	207	99	
DoIndo-China:	July 12-Sept. 19	29	14	
Cochin-China-				
Saigon	1	13	9	Including 100 square kilometers of surrounding country.
Irak Do	Aug. 17-Sept. 20	16	4	Do. Jan. 11-May 30, 1925: Cases, 136;
Bagdad	Apr. 26-June 20 Sept. 27-Oct. 3	4	1	deaths, 46
ItalyDo	Sept. 27-Oct. 3 Dec. 28-June 27 June 28-Aug. 1 Aug. 17-23	97 29		
Catania	Aug. 17-23	1		•
Syracuse Province Turin	Aug. 17-Sept. 13	7		
VeniceJamaica	July 27-Aug. 2	3		Apr. 26-June 27, 1925: Cases, 110. June 28-Sept. 26, 1925: Cases,
				161 (reported as alastrim).
Kingston	Apr. 26-June 27 June 28-Sept. 26	19 59		Reported as alastrim.
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Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925—Continued

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Japan:				
Kobe	May 24-June 27	. 2		-
Nagasaki	May 15-21	2		-
Do Taiwan	July 6–19 June 1–30	11		1
Do	July 1-31	1 1		-
Tokyo		l î		<u> </u>
Yokohama	May 25-June 12	3		
Java:		1 _		1
Bantam Residency	June 14-27	2		
Do Batavia	Aug. 1-8 May 2-June 26	2		1
Do	July 4-31	5		1 .
Do	Aug. 8-Sept. 25	6		Province.
Bezoeki	Aug. 23-Sept. 5 Apr. 22-28	14	2	
Brebes	Apr. 22-28	1		1
Cheribon	Apr. 16-22	2	. 1	Do.
Do Kediri Residency	July 12-Aug. 15 July 14			Epidemic.
Pasaeroean	Aug. 30-Sept. 5	35	1	Epidenne.
Pekalongan	Aug. 30-Sept. 5 Apr. 2-8 Apr. 23	1	l	İ
Rembang Residency	Apr. 23		.	Epidemic at Kawedanan.
Do	Aug. 8			Epidemic at Montong
Soerabaya	Apr. 16-June 27	304 373	41 43	
Do Do	Aug 16-Sont 19	376	56	İ
South Bantam	June 28-Aug. 8 Aug. 16-Sept. 12 Apr. 16-22	i		
Tegal	Mar. 29-May 2	2	1	1
Latvia				May-June, 1925: Cases, 4. July,
		i	l	1925: Case, 1.
LithuaniaMalta	June 1-30	9		February-May, 1925: Cases, 6.
Do	July 1-Aug. 31	9	1	
Do	Oct. 5-21	24	1 4	Valetta and vicinity. From con-
	l .		1	tact at Lazaretto, 1 case.
Floriana	do	14		·
Valetta	do	7		T 1007 D 11
Mexico	July-October		31	January-June, 1925: Deaths, 2,667.
Guadalaiara	June 2-29		10	2,001.
Guadalajara Do	Tune 30-Sept 91		3	
Merida	Sept. 20-Oct. 16 May 24-July 27 July 5-11 July 26-Sept. 5	2		
Mexico City	May 24-July 27	12		Including municipalities in Fed-
Do	July 5-11	3 8		eral district. Do.
Do	Sept. 27-Oct. 17	3		Do. Do.
Oaxaca, State	Aug. 14			Epidemic at El Hule and other
San Luis Potosi	Aug. 16-Sept. 19 Oct. 11-24	3	2	localities.
Do	Oct. 11-24		3	
Tampico	June 1-10		1 2	
Torreon	July 1-31	4 2	4	•
Morocco:	Aug. 1 Dept. Do	_	*	
Tangier	May 17-June 5			Present among natives.
Nigeria				December, 1924: Cases, 40;
.To				deaths, 16. January-June, 1925: Cass, 1,541;
·Do				deaths, 169.
Persia:				deaths, 100.
Teheran	Mar. 21-May 21		29	
Peru:	-			
Areguipa	June 1-30		1	
Do Lima	Aug. 1-31	4 5		
Poland	do	ð		Mar. 1-June 27, 1925; Cases 41
				Mar. 1-June 27, 1925: Cases, 41. July 5-12, 1955: Cases, 2. Aug.
				2-8, 1925: Case, 1.
Portugal:	<u>.</u>			
Lisbon	Apr. 26-June 27 June 28-Oct. 11 June 14-20	36	6	Good Was 1997 Deedles C
Operto	June 28-Oct. 11	100	20	Sept. 7-20, 1925: Deaths, 6.
Oporto	June 14-20	1 7		
Rumania	July 15-Aug. 29			January-May, 1925: Cases, 22;
1				death, 1.
Russia				December, 1924; Cases, 1,000.
i i	Tealers 1 01	.,	l	January-April, 1925: Cases,
Ukraine	July 1-31	19	'	5,733.

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925—Continued

SMALLPOX-Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Siam:				
Bangkok Do	Apr. 26-June 27 June 28-July 11	27	19 1	
Spain: Malaga Do	May 24-June 20 July 5-Oct. 17		15 46	
Valencia Straits Settlements:	May 31-June 27	3	ĩ	
Singapore Do	May 17-23 July 5-11	1 1	1	
Sumatra: Pedang	July 12-25	. 5		
Switzerland: Berne Lucerne	June 7-13 June 14-20	1 4		
Syria: Beirut	Apr. 21-30	1		
Tripoli Tunis:				Jan. 3-Apr. 15, 1925: Cases, 14.
Tunis Do	May 6-June 30 July 1-Oct. 6		46 91	
Turkey: ConstantinopleUnion of South Africa	May 16-22	2		July 1-31, 1925: Cases, 8.
Cape Province	May 24-Sept. 12 Apr. 18-25	8	i	Outbreaks.
Orange Free State Transvaal	Aug. 9-Sept. 5 May 3-June 6 Aug. 30-Sept. 12	i		Outbreak in Ladybrand district Outbreaks.
Do Johannesburg	Sept. 5-11	1		Do.
Uruguay	A 1 01			December, 1924: Cases, 8. February-May, 1925: Cases, 11.
Montevideo	Aug. 1–31	1		
	TYPHUS	FEVE	R	
Algeria:	35 00			Ti-i-ia 10 Tesleted
Algiers Do	May 11-20 July 1-Aug. 20	18	2 8	In vicinity, 12 cases. Isolated.
Constantine	July 1-Aug. 20 July 1-10	17		District.
Do	July 21-31	7		Department.
Oran	do	8		D 0.
Bolivia: La Paz	Apr. 1-June 30	5		
Do	Aug. 1-31			
	Aug. 1-31	1		November-December, 1924:
Bulgaria Sofia	May 28-June 3	1 2		November-December, 1924: case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27, deaths, 3.
Bulgaria Sofia Canary Islands: Santa Cruz de Teneriffe			1	November-December, 1924: case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3.
BulgariaSofiaCanary Islands: Santa Cruz de TeneriffeChile: Iguique	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27		1 2 2	acco Ionuory-Tuno 1095
Bulgaria Sofia Canary Islands: Santa Cruz de Teneriffe Iquique Valparaiso Do China:	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20		2	acco Ionuory-Tuno 1095
Bulgaria Sofia Canary Islands: Santa Cruz de Teneriffe Iquique Valparaiso Do China: Manchuria— Harbin	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27 June 28-Oct. 3 May 19-June 2	2	2 2	acco Ionuory-Tuno 1025
Bulgaria	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27 June 28-Oct. 3	2	2 2	case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3.
Bulgaria Sofia Canary Islands: Santa Cruz de Teneriffe Iquique Valparaiso Do China: Manchuria— Harbin	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27 June 28-Oct. 3 May 19-June 2 Sept. 2-Oct. 14	2 2 3	2 2 13	case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3.
Bulgaria	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20	2 2 3 3 394	2 2 13	case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3. April-June, 1925: 1 case, occur- ring in Province of Russinia July, 1925: Cases, 3. January-June, 1925: Cases, 1,011; deaths, 211. July 2-Aug. 4.
Bulgaria Sofia Canary Islands: Santa Cruz de Teneriffe Chile: Iquique Valparaiso Do China: Manchuria— Harbin Do Chosen Czechoslovakia. Egypt Alexandria Do Cairo	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27 June 28-Oct. 3 May 19-June 2 Sept. 2-Oct. 14 January-May May 7-June 3 July 9-Sept. 17 Mar 26-May 13 Mar 26-May 13 Mar 26-May 13	2 2 3 394	2 2 13 	case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3. April-June, 1925: 1 case, occur- ring in Province of Russinia. July, 1925: Cases, 1,01; January-June, 1925: Cases, 1,01;
Bulgaria Sof	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27 June 28-Oct. 3 May 19-June 2 Sept. 2-Oct. 14 January-May May 7-June 3 July 9-Sept. 17 Mar 26-May 13 Mar 26-May 13 Mar 26-May 13	2 2 3 394 3 6 3 1	2 2 2 13 	case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3. April-June, 1925: 1 case, occur- ring in Province of Russinia July, 1925: Cases, 3. January-June, 1925: Cases, 1,011; deaths, 211. July 2-Aug. 4.
Bulgaria Sofia Sofia Sofia Sofia Sofia Sofia Sofia Sofia Sofia Cruz de Teneriffe Sofie: Iquique Valparaiso Do Sofina: Manchuria Harbin Do Sofinas Sofia Sofi	May 28-June 3 Sept. 14-20 Aug. 8-22 May 10-June 27 June 28-Oct. 3 May 19-June 2 Sept. 2-Oct. 14 January-May May 7-June 3 July 9-Sept. 17	2 3 394	2 2 2 13 69	case. January-June, 1925 Cases, 124; deaths, 7. July 1925: Cases, 27; deaths, 3. April-June, 1925: 1 case, occur- ring in Province of Russinia July, 1925: Cases, 3. January-June, 1925: Cases, 1,011; deaths, 211. July 2-Aug. 4.

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925—Continued

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Great Britain:				
Scotland-		1	i	
Glasgow		. 2		_[
Greenock	. May		_ 2	
Do	Aug. 6-18	7	1	.
Greece				January-June, 1925; Cases, 57;
Athens		1	2	January-June, 1925: Cases, 57; deaths, 6. July-August, 1925: Cases, 17; deaths, 3.
Do Kalamata	Sept. 1-30	12	1 2	Including Piræus.
PatrasIrak:	Apr. 1-30 June 28-July 4		2	
Bagdad	July 12-18	. 1		
Cork CountyLatvia	Aug. 25			April-June, 1925: Cases, 26.
Libau	July 14-20			
Lithuania	July 14-20	1 *		July-August, 1925: Cases, 9.
Litiidama				March-May, 1925: Cases, 158;
Maria		l	1	deaths, 7.
Mexico City	May 24-June 6	24		January-June, 1925: Deaths, 124. Including municipalities in Federal district.
Do	Tuno 28-Aug 1	39		Do.
Do	June 28-Aug. 1 Aug. 16-Oct. 17	82		Do.
San Luis Potosi	June 26-Oct. 31		2	1 20.
Tampico	Aug. 20-31	1	-	
Tampico	1108. 20 01	i -		January-June, 1925: Cases, 421
Palestine:				July, 1925: Cases, 59.
Dagania	July 21-27	1		
Ekron	do	i		
Haifa	Aug. 20-Sept. 28.	2		
Jaffa district	June 28	2		
Do	Aug. 20-Sept. 14	3		
Jerusalem	July 29-Sept. 14			From Ramleh district.
Maijdal	May 26-June 8			From Ramica distance.
Rainleh	May 19-25	i		
Safad	June 9-15	i		
Do	July 21-27	î		
Tel Aviv	do			
Persia:		•		
Teheran	Apr. 21-May 21		1	
Peru:	Apr. 21 May 21			
Arequipa	Apr. 1-June 30		3	
Do	July 1-31		ı	
Do	Sept. 1-30		i	
Poland	Бері. 1-30		1	Mor 1-Apr 11 1095: Cocoo
1 diana				1 105: dootho 74 Apr. 10
				Mar. 1-Apr. 11, 1925: Cases, 1,195; deaths, 74. Apr. 19- June 27, 1925: Cases, 1,001; deaths, 87. July 5-Aug. 15, 1925: Cases, 173; deaths, 16. Aug. 23-Sept. 5, 1925: Cases, 34; 1 death.
Portugal:				I ucatii.
Oporto	May 31-June 6	1		
DoRumania	July 5-Sept. 26	1, 360	152	
Constantza	January-May May 1-June 30	1, 300	152	
Do	Sept. 1-10	í		
Russia	Sept. 1-10			December, 1924: Cases, 5062.
ivuosia				December, 1924: Cases, 5062. January-April, 1925: Cases,
Ukraine Spain:	July 1-31	248		30,107.
Seville	A 1107 20-20		1	
Valencia	Aug. 20-26			
Valencia Tripoli	June 7-13	3	1	
Tunis:	June 1-30	5		
Tunis: Tunis. Do	May 21-June 17 July 8-Sept. 8	16 12	8 5	
Turkey:	1			
Constantinople	May 11-31	7 1	2 1	

Reports Received from June 27 to November 20, 1925-Continued

TYPHUS FEVER—Continued

Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Union of South Africa				June, 1925: Cases, 61, deaths, 4
Cape Province	May-June, 1925		6	July, 1925: Cases, 161; deaths
Do	July, 1925	31	1 1	34.
Do	Aug. 23-Sept. 19			Outbreaks.
East London	Sept. 13-19	1		Native.
Natal	May-June, 1925	16		
Do	July, 1925	15	5	
Durban	Feb. 1-June 27	17		
Do	June 28-Aug. 29	2		
Orange Free State	May-June, 1925	53	5	
Do	July, 1925	99	20	
Do		1		Outbreaks.
Hoopstad	July 5-11			Do.
Transvaal			4	
Do		16		
Do	Aug. 9-15			Do.
Johannesburg		1		
Yugoslavia:	July 10-20			
Belgrade	June 8-14	1		
Zagreb	May 8-21	7	1	
Zagreb	May 6-21	'	1 1	
	YELLO	W FEV	ER	
Gold Coast	Apr. 1-30	1		
Ivory Coast:	June 1-10	1	1	
LanouLiberia:	June 1-10		- 1	
	A 7	4		
Monrovia	Aug. 7	2		
Nigeria:	1 4 04 00			
Ibaden	Apr. 24-30	1		
Lago3	Apr. 29-May 5	4	1	