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TUBERCULOSIS.

ITS PREDISPOSING CAUSES.1

By F. C. SMITH, Assistant Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service.

The public is already fairly well instructed concerning the exciting cause of tuberculosis, i. e., the tubercle bacillus. Sputum containing this germ is the chief means of spreading infection, although milk from tuberculous cows is a danger to be reckoned with. the person infected, the greater the danger. Infants infected before they are a year old are very likely to die from tuberculous meningitis. Children under 5 years of age may develop tuberculosis of glands, bones, joints, or lungs. Death may result or they may be crippled for life with hunchback, shortened limbs, or stiff joints. Children playing on floors or pavements soiled with tuberculous sputum may be infected by getting the germs on their hands, or clothing, and into their mouths, or by inhaling them in dust, and also by contact with infected objects (toys, pets, toilet articles, door knobs, etc.). A patient with active disease, therefore, should stay away from children. He should not live in the same house with children if it can be avoided. Adults are in less danger of becoming infected, and when they develop the disease its beginning usually can be traced back to infection during childhood.

INFECTION PRACTICALLY UNIVERSAL BY THE SIXTEENTH YEAR.

There are constantly over 1,000,000 people in the United States sick with tuberculosis, many of whom are careless or ignorant. Large numbers of these persons are not in hospital. Many people, believing themselves to be healthy and appearing well, are occasional "carriers" of the tubercle bacillus. There are many sources of infection. In spite of all precautions, therefore, most people are slightly infected with tubercle bacilli at an early age.

If a drop of tuberculin is rubbed into the abraded skin of a person who has never been exposed to tuberculosis—a very young child, for instance—no reaction follows. The abrasion quickly heals with-

¹ A revision of the material originally issued as Supplement No. 3 to the Public Health Reports, Feb. 7, 1913.

out redness or swelling. If the drop of tuberculin be rubbed into the skin of a person who is or has been infected with tuberculosis, a reaction follows in a few hours, manifested by a small area of redness, which, however, disappears after a few days and is unattended by any harmful effects. This is the cutaneous tuberculin test of Von Pirquet.

It has been found that thousands of people react to the tuberculin test who have no signs of tuberculosis. About 90 per cent of children between the ages of 12 and 13, and practically all adults, will give positive reactions, but the children of different communities will give slightly different results. The Indians of Taos, N. Mex., an isolated community, were found, during an investigation of disease among the Indians by the United States Public Health Service, to be almost free from tuberculosis, and only 3 of the 64 school children tested there showed positive reactions. Of 1,145 Indian school children tested elsewhere, however, 779 reacted positively. A community free from almost universal infection is rare. The examination of large numbers of bodies dead from other causes than tuberculosis in various parts of the world has shown, at the hands of numerous investigators, that a small area of healed or latent tuberculosis can almost always be found in the adult.

TUBERCLE BACILLI HARMLESS UNDER CERTAIN CONDITIONS.

Most people who react to the tuberculin test are not only apparently healthy, but never break down from tuberculosis, although they have received living tubercle bacilli into their bodies, perhaps many times. Practically all adults are infected to some degree with tubercle bacilli; and though many develop tuberculosis, especially during their years of greatest stress, the majority successfully resist it. It will at once occur to the reader that infection is perhaps a matter of dosage, that a large number of virulent bacilli inhaled or ingested may cause tuberculosis in an individual, whereas a small dose will be rendered harmless by a high degree of resistance from a virile body. This is undoubtedly true. There is even a certain measure of protection derived from a small dose of tubercle bacilli well resisted.

These latent germs of infection, the potential factors of tuberculosis, in themselves probably give a certain degree of immunity against the effects of larger doses which one may later unfortunately experience. The individual is, in a certain degree, vaccinated against tuberculosis. Too much comfort must not be derived from this, however, because in young children infection of any degree is likely to become generalized and rapidly fatal, and large dosage and repeated exposures may cause even an adult to succumb. Hence no sanitary precaution should be neglected at any age to reduce the

frequency and extent of exposure to tubercle bacilli. It must be remembered also that these bacilli of latent infection are living bacilli, capable of remaining virulent in the living body for many years, and that the apparently healthy host may lose his immunity to them in several ways, many of which are not well understood. The most common ways of losing immunity, and the ones most easily prevented, are those now to be discussed—the predisposing causes of tuberculosis.

WEAKENED RESISTANCE OR PREDISPOSITION.

In very early times it was observed that tuberculosis is more likely to occur at certain ages and under certain conditions of life. Hippocrates, the father of medicine, noted that it was most frequent berween the ages of 18 and 35, a period which calls for the greatest physical and mental efforts. Doctor Bonney mentions "the old English idea that consumption was the cause of death of nearly all hard zealots in the field of letters, law, love, medicine, and religion." It is common knowledge now among physicians that any cause which weakens the individual, lessens his resistance and predisposes to tuberculosis. A powerful physique is not a complete safeguard. Athletes, although their muscles are firm, frequently develop tuberculosis when exhausted by chronic fatigue, overexertion, overtraining, or by amusements or excesses which weaken the resistance to disease. Baldwin states: "Adults of good physique, in functional and organic health, possess a nearly perfect protection against natural infection by tubercle bacilli," but adds, "Any weak moment * * * may play the part of a predisposition." To maintain normal vigor and functional health requires the observance of a mulitude of details and a consideration of the chief causes of lowered vitality.

LACK OF PROPER FOOD.

The well fed resist tuberculosis well; the underfed yield readily. Clinical observations have abundantly proved this fact in both man and animals. Actual want is by no means the commonest cause of poor nourishment, although it must be reckoned with, especially in our great cities, such as New York, where it is said many hundred school children go breakfastless to school. In the average American household too little time is given to the study of children's diet during the first decade of life; and even when food is properly prepared for them it must not be forgotten that it often takes time and patience to induce a playful and capricious child to eat the proper things in sufficient quantities. Every attack of indigestion, every missed or partially consumed meal has its adverse effect on nutrition at any age of life. Many people are underfed who consider themselves well fed.

The rich business man who hastily consumes a scanty breakfast of toast and coffee and works hard all day in an office with only a hasty lunch at noon can not consider himself well fed even though he consumes a full meal in the evening. His child who refuses at table wholesome articles of food, such as bread and butter, vegetables, and meat, can not maintain a satisfactory degree of nourishment. Candy and cookies taken between meals, and frequently accountable for the lack of appetite at table, can not possibly be considered a satisfactory substitute for proper food.

A lack of knowledge of food values is very common, especially in cities where delicatessen products made to tempt the eye and palate too often in the busy urban life take precedence over wholesome soups, roasts, and stews from the home kitchen. It should not be forgotten that the fatty articles of food, including butter, fat meats, cream, and olive oil, are especially valuable in building up resistance to tuberculosis; but the diet must be suited to the age of the individual. Bread and butter, meat, and abundant vegetables must not be slighted simply because milk and eggs are so commonly mentioned as ideal foods.

EXHAUSTION.

Next to lack of food, great fatigue is the greatest predisposing factor in tuberculosis. Exhaustion may be produced by long hours of heavy work and also by lack of sleep, by worry, long hours of study, and any excessive or prolonged exertion, either work or play. Dancing at the end of a day's work and indulged in until late hours may have serious effects upon general health. Even outdoor sports, which are certainly to be encouraged, may defeat their chief end if indulged in immoderately or to the exclusion of proper resting periods. Child labor, either in factory or at home, excessively long working hours, occupations which can not be interrupted for Sunday rest, or which tempt, or drive, to excessive effort or "speeding up," all tend to weaken resistance and predispose to tuberculosis. Night schools, overtime, excessive amusements, overindulgence, and asceticism are all important predisposing causes.

BAD AIR.

The air of poorly ventilated rooms is bad. Not only in factory and workshop and in overheated, poorly ventilated places of amusement, but in his own home, the ordinary individual frequently lacks good air. When air is breathed and rebreathed it becomes laden with poisonous matters. A person fresh from the pure outdoor air will feel oppressed upon entering such an atmosphere, and will notice a bad odor in the room. When he goes forth he will carry the taint of such a place in his garments. One who lives long in vitiated air grows pale, loses appetite, takes cold easily, and becomes tired upon

slight exertion. If several people occupy the room, or if gas or oil is burned in it, the contained air rapidly becomes highly polluted unless it is frequently renewed. The effect of bad air and lack of sunshine on infected rabbits has been studied by Doctor Trudeau, who found that animals confined in a cellar died of tuberculosis, while similarly infected ones recovered in the open air. Remembering that some babies, many children, and most adults are infected with tubercle bacilli, and knowing the fatal effects of close confinement, the need of good ventilation becomes imperative.

Air flows very much as water does, and to renew itself in a room it should have an inlet and an outlet. A bucket of dirty water half immersed in a flowing crystal stream remains dirty. A small trickle of clear water will not cleanse a pond constantly receiving pollution from another source. A room must be well flushed with flowing air to sweep out pollution, and the flow should be constant both in summer and winter. Ventilation at night is most important, the fear of night air being without any foundation. With sufficient bed clothes, there can be no excuse for leaving even partially closed a single window in the room.

OCCUPATION.

Marble and stone cutters, dry grinders, dry drillers, and other workers who inhale "hard" dust are especially subject to tuberculosis. "Soft" dust from coal, limestone, wood, cotton, or wool is not very injurious. Many occupations in which the mortality from tuberculosis is high are not in themselves conducive to tuberculosis, but are occupations in which employees are underpaid or overworked, or which are sought by the physically unfit, the improvident, or persons ignorant or careless of the measures necessary to keep healthy. Outside of certain dusty occupations, the lowest tuberculosis mortality is found among the callings which are characterized by comfortable living and moderate exertions.

RACE.

Races differ very much in their resistance to tuberculosis. The colored population of the United States has a death rate from tuberculosis approximately three times as great as that of the white. The American Indian, likewise, is extremely susceptible to both pulmonary and other forms of tuberculosis. The disease often runs an extremely rapid course to a fatal termination. The Jew, on the other hand, among whose race tuberculosis has been present for many centuries, resists the disease well, and though frequently of frail physique often makes a recovery under adverse conditions. The Irish, on the other hand, do not resist tuberculosis well, while the Italians do.

CLIMATE.

While it was formerly believed that residence in certain climates gave an immunity to tuberculosis, this idea has now been exploded. The one-time freedom from the disease of the inhabitants of the Hebrides was early noted, and explanation was offered that the smoke of the particular kind of peat burned there on open hearths had antiseptic properties. To the lime-kiln region of England was ascribed special virtues on account of the prevailing gases found in the atmosphere. Iceland, before it became infected, was thought to possess certain qualities due to its snow and cold; the arid Southwest and other desert regions, because of drvness and sunshine: mountainous districts because of altitude; and sea air because of iodine and other salts suspended in the atmosphere. Usually an "immune zone" is merely uninfected territory. Tuberculosis is known to be extensively prevalent among the watchmakers of the Alps, a region which was, and still is, popular for the treatment of tuberculosis. The American Indians of the arid Southwest are in danger of extermination through the ravages of tuberculosis, which is unduly prevalent among them; and this in a country in which they have always lived and to which tuberculous tourists in large numbers commonly resort for treatment. It may be confidently asserted, therefore, that there is no climate possessing peculiar virtues which will prevent the development of tuberculosis.

AGE.

No age is immune against tuberculosis. Young infants succumb rapidly to it, and, contrary to the common belief, persons over 50 years of age are by no means exempt, and deaths occur from tuberculosis in a considerable percentage of fatalities occurring in old age.

About 10 per cent of all deaths among children under 15 years of age are due to various forms of tuberculosis. About one-third of all deaths between 20 and 40 are due to tuberculosis, chiefly the pulmonary variety. This period is the age of greatest stress, the time of supreme endeavor. Between 20 and 40 ardent desires, intense ambitions, passions, both good and evil, drive the human machine relentlessly. Pride, instinct, and vanity, the desire to excel, to marry well, to be admired, all conspire to stimulate activity. The ambition to make money, obtain place, and secure power leads to selfdenial and to immoderate exertions, to depletion and fatigue. Whether a man's capital is brain or brawn, whether he has mental force or physical strength to invest, the mid period of life finds him spending, spending lavishly, of the best he has. Whether he succeeds or fails, his expenditures are limited only by his physical resources. With women no less than with men is this a critical period. and it will not be strange if, owing to more active participation in

life's struggle, the difference in the mortality rate from tuberculosis, which is now in favor of the female, should shortly disappear. At this age, too, the fullest opportunity is found for indulgence of every passion prejudicial to general good health, and the most abundant temptations appear to exhaust physical resources. Alcoholism and venery now take their greatest toll of life's chiefest possession. Be he, then, virtuous or vicious, filled with consuming ambition or merely the prey of evil passions, between 20 and 40 man finds him self more frequently than at any other time in a condition of anergy to resist tuberculous infection and succumbs to it more frequently than to any other disease.

OTHER DISEASES.

It has long been known that measles and whooping cough in children are especially likely to be followed by tuberculosis of the lungs, and every effort should be made to protect a child from these diseases. The later in childhood that these diseases occur the better. Mouth breathing should be corrected and adenoids should be removed. Scarlet fever, influenza, colds, and all diseases which lower resistance, impair nourishment, and increase the stress of life at any age must be reckoned with as important factors in tuberculosis. The importance of typhoid fever is shown in the fact that the general death rate among survivors is more than twice that among persons who have never had typhoid. Of those who recover from typhoid but die from other causes within three years, 39 per cent succumb to tuberculosis. Uncinariasis (hookworm), chronic malaria, and dysentery have pernicious effects on general health, which may become manifest in the same way.

ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO.

There was a time when whisky was considered good for the tuberculous patient, and there have been some who believed in the antiseptic powers of smoke. It is now known that neither of these agents has any place in the prophylaxis or treatment of this disease. The inhaled smoke of cigarettes is especially harmful to the delicate air passages, as well as weakening in its effects on the system. Alcohol in immoderate quantities impairs digestion, encourages irregular habits, and seems especially to predispose the subject to pulmonary disease.

SUMMARY.

At an early age practically all people have become slightly infected with living tubercle bacilli. This fact need not cause alarm, because it probably gives a slight degree of protection against a subsequent

infection. Safety, however, depends on the maintenance of a high degree of body resistance to prevent these latent bacilli from producing active tuberculosis. This is not to be accomplished by becoming an athlete, but by the daily observance of general hygienic principles throughout life. Keep the body well nourished, avoid great fatigue, work and sleep in well-ventilated rooms, in freely flowing air, and spend as much time as possible outdoors; but carefully reserve hours for adequate rest, as well as for recreation, practice deep breathing and proper carriage, avoid other diseases as far as possible, and be temperate in all things.

INTERNATIONAL COOPERATIVE WORK OF THE HEALTH SECTION OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

The first meeting of the second experimental interchange of public health personnel arranged by the Health Section of the League of Nations took place in London, February 26, 1923. The purpose of these meetings is the interchange of ideas in health work that will result from the association of experts of the different nations in what may be likened to a post graduate school of instruction in the principles of health and sanitation. After a six weeks' course in England, the representatives go to the Continent to continue the work for a similar period in Poland and possibly other European countries. Asst. Surg. Gen. A. M. Stimson represents the United States Public Health Service.

Twenty-six doctors, representing the Governments of the United States, Japan, and 14 European countries, were received at the Ministry of Health by Lord Onslow, who stated that the visitors were taking part in a promising development of an original scheme of international health organization being made possible by the generosity and wide outlook of the Rockefeller Foundation, which made a contribution to the League of Nations of £12,000 a year for three years.

Lord Onslow stated that at the end of the week the visitors would be taken in charge by the medical officers of health of Birmingham, Liverpool, Manchester, Newcastle, Bradford, and Glasgow. They were to be given an opportunity of seeing some representative sanitary work in London, a demonstration of field sanitation at the Royal Army Medical College, and of visiting the city and port of London. They were also to be informed of the medical duties of the Ministry of Health and shown the system of national statistics employed by the Registrar General.

Sir Arthur Griffith-Boscawen, who, owing to the by-election at Mitcham, was unable to be present, wrote welcoming the party and

stating: "I conceive that great value may arise from professional interchange of expert opinion between medical officers in Great Britain and yourselves. As you know, public-health work in this country is of long standing, and we may have methods as well as conditions in which you will be interested. But do not hesitate to suggest to us improved methods and higher conditions if opportunity arises. We are always willing to learn."

Following is a syllabus of Sir George Newman's address:

PUBLIC HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN GREAT BRITAIN.

1. The English system of local government:

Principle: Every citizen shares in the State, the consolidation of which depends on local autonomy and efficiency.

- (a) The Crown.
- (b) Parliament.
- (c) Central departments of State; Ministry of Health, Home Office, Board of Education, etc.
 - (d) County councils.
 - (e) Local sanitary authorities—urban, rural, port.
 - (f) Local education authorities.
 - (g) Parish councils.
 - (h) Poor unions (medical relief and vaccination).
- (i) Special bodies for special purposes, e. g., river boards, hospital boards, insurance committees, etc.

Duties and functions of these various bodies; how elected; permanent and temporary; paid and voluntary services. Rates and taxes, loans, exchequer grants.

2. English sanitary law and institutions:

Early sanitary legislation. (a) Epidemics (leprosy, plazue, cholera, smallpox).

- (b) Growth of knowledge. (c) Reports: Poor law commissioners (1838); Privy Council (1856); and the Registrar-General, leading to legislation 1846, 1847, and 1848.
- (d) Social evolution: The modern movement; environment versus personal factor.

Types of chief legislation now in force:

- 1. Vaccination acts, 1867, 1871, 1898, 1907.
- 2. Public health acts, 1875-1891, and their amendments.
- 3. Rivers pollution act, 1876.
- 4. Sale of food and drugs acts, 1875-1899.
- 5. Local government act, 1888.
- 6. Infectious disease notification and prevention acts, 1889, 1890, 1899.
- 7. Housing of working classes acts, 1890, 1909, 1919.
- 8. Factory and workshop acts, 1893, 1901.
- 9. Isolation hospital acts, 1893, 1901.
- 10. Notification of births acts, 1907, 1915.
- 11. National insurance acts, 1911-1921.
- 12. Feeding, medical inspection, and protection of children, 1906-1921.
- 13. Mental deficiency act, 1913.
- 14. Milk and dairies act, 1915, 1922.
- 15. Venereal disease act, 1917.
- 16. Maternity and child welfare act, 1918.
- 17. Midwives act, 1918.
- Miscellaneous acts (canals, burial, water, alkali, cleansing of persons, etc.), by-laws, adoptive legislation and corporation acts.

3. Duties of medical officers of health and school medical officers:

Administration, advisory, investigation and prevention of infectious disease, inspection, reporting. The school medical service. Qualifications. Methods of appointment. Duties of sanitary inspectors.

4. Public medical services:

Poor law, public health service, school medical service, insurance medical service.

- 5. Powers and obligations of medical practitioner:
 - (1) Notification of births.
 - (2) Death certificate.
 - (3) Notification of infectious disease.
 - (4) Notification of industrial poisoning.
 - (5) Cleansing house certificate.
 - (6) Disinfection certificate.
 - (7) Offensive trade and other nuisances.
 - (8) Removal and burial of body, etc.
- 6. The establishment of a Ministry of Health: Its scope of duties.

DEATH RATES IN A GROUP OF INSURED PERSONS.

COMPARISON OF DEATH RATES FOR PRINCIPAL CAUSES, DECEMBER, 1922, JANUARY, 1923, AND JANUARY AND YEAR, 1922.

The accompanying tables are taken from the Statistical Bulletin of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. for February, 1923. The first table presents the mortality experience of the company for January, 1923, and gives, for purposes of comparison, similar data for December, 1922, and January and year, 1922. The rates are based on a strength of approximately 14,000,000 insured persons.

A sharp rise in the gross death rate for this group of persons is shown for January, 1923, over the rate for December, 1922, due, it is stated, largely to the increase in the number of deaths from influenza and pneumonia, together with higher rates for important organic diseases, namely, heart disease, cerebral hemorrhage, and chronic nephritis. Although 73 per cent of the increase in the death rate for all causes for January over that for December was due to the greater death toll of these five causes, almost every cause of death shows a higher rate for January, 1923, than that recorded for the same month last year, the rate for measles being three and one-half times as high.

Death rates (annual basis) for principal causes per 100,000 lives exposed, December, 1922, January, 1923, and January and year, 1922.

[Industrial Department, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.]

	Death 1	ate per 10),000 lives e	exposed.
Cause of death.	January, 1923.	Decem- ber, 1922.	January, 1922.	Year 1922. ¹
Total, all causes	1,046.3	894.1	960. 7	877.2
Typhoid fever Measles Scarlet fever Whooping eough Diphtheria Influenza Tuberculosis (all forms) Tuberculosis of respiratory system Cancer Diabetes mellitus Cerebral hemorrhage Organic diseases of heart Pneumonia (all forms) Other respiratory diseases Diarrhea and enteritis Bright's disease (chronic nephritis) Puerperal state Suicides Homicides Other external causes (excluding suicides and homicides) Traumatism by automobile All other causes	8. 4 5. 9 27. 1 37. 8 114. 7 106. 9 71. 8 20. 0 72. 1 157. 2 131. 7 20. 4 6. 2 80. 6 17. 9 7. 1 7. 2 56. 7 10. 8	4.8 5.9 4.4 2.3 27.5 14.1 101.2 92.1 71.0 65.4 61.4 6.1 73.6 61.4 61.5 86.6 14.4 61.7 14.9	3.9 2.4 7.5 2.0 26.1 13.3 108.0 98.3 72.8 67.2 16.8 8.1 73.6 6.1 8.2 7.7 50.5 9.0 219.0	5.6 4.3 4.8 2.6 17.8 21.5 113.4 102.9 71.5 17.0 62.4 128.0 10.7 6.9 9 18.9 7.4 6.2 5.7 7.7 13.5 12.6 12.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13.5 13

¹ Based on provisional estimate of lives exposed to risk in 1922.

The following table shows the per cent of the total amount disbursed by the company during the year 1922 on account of deaths from certain specified diseases and conditions:

Disease or condition.	Per cent of total.	Disease or condition.	Per cent of total.
All causes of death	2.7 7.3 13.1 12.2 9.0	Puerperal state Total external causes. Suicides. Homicides Accidents. Accidentsl drowning. Traumatism by fall Railroad accidents Automobile accidents Other accidents. All other causes of death	12.4 2.0 1.2 9.2

DEATHS DURING WEEK ENDED MARCH 31, 1923.

Summary of information received by telegraph from industrial insurance companies for week ended March 31, 1923, and corresponding week of 1922. (From the Weekly Health Index, April 3, 1923, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

	Week ended Mar. 31, 1923.	Corresponding week, 1922.
Policies in force	52, 684, 286	48, 873, 335
Number of death claims	11, 462	10, 736
Death claims per 1,000 policies in force, annual rate	11. 3	11. 5

² Not available.

Deaths from all causes in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended March 31, 1923, infant mortality, annual death rate, and comparison with corresponding week of 1922. (From the Weekly Health Index, April 3, 1923, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

	Estimated	Week Mar. 3	ended 1, 1923.	Annual death rate per		hs under year.	Infant mor- tality
City.	population July 1, 1923.	Total	Death	1,000, corre- sponding	Week ended	Corre- sponding	rate, week ended
		deaths.	rate.1	week, 1922.	Mar. 31, 1923.	week, 1922.	Mar. 31, 1923.2
Total	29, 087, 521	8, 072	14.5	14. 0	980	1, 034	
Akron, Ohio	* 208, 435	30	7.5	10.0	4	12	47
Albany, N. Y	117, 375 222, 963	39 59	17. 3 13. 8	17. 9 22. 5	2 5	1 8	44
Albany, N. Y Atlants, Ga Baltimore, Md Birmingham, Ala Boston, Mass Bridgeport, Conn Buffalo, N. Y Cambridge, Mass Camden N. J Chicago III	773, 580	225	15. 2	18.0	29	34	85
Birmingham, Ala	195, 901 770, 400	65 276	17. 3 18. 7	12.8 16.2	9 32	5 35	92
Bridgeport, Conn.	* 143, 555 536, 718	32	11.6	12. 4 17. 3	5	5	69
Buffalo, N. Y.	536, 718	145	14.1	17.3	21	34	. 88 18
Camden N. J.	111, 444 124, 157	29 32	13. 6 13. 4	16. 9 13. 3	1 4	5 2	66
Cainten II. Cincinnati, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio. Columbus, Ohio. Dallas, Tex. Dayton, Ohio.	2, 886, 121	- 751	13.6	12.1	101	98	
Clareland Ohio	406, 312	134 181	17. 2 10. 6	13. 5 11. 7	19 21	17	125 58
Columbus, Ohio.	888, 519 261, 082 177, 274	91	18.2	16.0	8	27 11	83
Dallas, Tex	177, 274	45	13.2	10.3	3	, 3	
	165, 530 272, 031	34 89	10.7 17.1	13. 2 18. 9	. 11	6 14	66
Detroit, Mich. Duluth, Minn. Erie, Pa. Fall River, Mass.	995, 668	247	12.9	12.5	38	44	76
Duluth, Minn	106, 289 112, 571	24 29	11.8 13.4	12.4	2	4	46 61
Fall River, Mass.	120, 912	45	19. 4	17.7	3 7	7	99
Flint, Mich.	120, 912 117, 968	26	11.5		3 3		60
Grand Rapids Mich	143, 821 145, 947	34 35	12.3 12.5	12. 3 15. 6	3	2	47
Fint, Mich. Fort Worth, Tex. Grand Rapids, Mich. Houston, Tex.	154, 970	40	13.5	13.9	3 7	2	
Indianapolis, Ind	342, 718	116	17.6	9.3	9	7	69
Houston, 1ex. Indianapolis, Ind. Jacksonville, Fla. Jersey City, N. J. Kansas City, Mo. Los Angeles, Calif. Louisville, Ky.	100, 046 309. 034	29 82	15. 1 13. 8	14. 4 15. 5	5 13	13	87
Kansas City, Mo	351, 819	89	13. 2	14.6	5	4	• • • • • • •
Los Angeles, Cahi	666, 853 257, 671	242 83	18.9 16.8	16. 5 15. 8	22 11	17 15	82 119
Lowell, Mass.	115, 089	33	15.0	13. 2	4	3	70
Lowerl, Mass. Memphis, Tenn. Milwaukee, Wis. Minneapolis, Minn. Nashville, Tenn. New Bedford, Mass. New Haven, Conn.	102, 683	26 80	13. 2		3		79
Milwaukee. Wis	170, 067 484, 595	131	24. 5 14. 1	14. 3 13. 1	27	10 22	134
Minneapolis, Minn	409, 125	107	13.6	12.5	13	11	71
Nashville, Tenn	121, 128 130, 072	56 36	24. 1 14. 4	18. 2 18. 0	8	5 8	164
New Haven, Conn.	172, 967	41	12.4	12.3	5	g [65
New Orleans, La	404, 575	130	16.8	14.0	15	8 .	
Bronx Borough	5, 927, 625 840, 544	1, 498 179	13. 2 11. 1	13. 7 12. 0	190	245 22	76 25
Brooklyn Borough	9 156 697	495	12.0	12, 1	72	85	76
New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y. Bronx Borough. Brooklyn Borough. Manhattan Borough. Queens Borough. Richmond Borough.	2, 267, 001 535, 844 127, 549 438, 699	670 113	15. 4 11. 0	15. 9 11. 7	92 13	119	89 70
Richmond Borough	127, 549	41	16.8	20.5	6	5	109
Newark, N. J.	438, 699	100	11.9	13. 9	9	11	42
Oakland, Calif	159, 089 240, 086	35 50	11. 5 10. 9	10. 9 12. 3	2 2	3	35 26
Omaha, Nebr	204, 383	61	15.6	14.8	9	4	26 97
Paterson, N. J	139,579	35 663	13. 1 18. 0	15. 1 15. 6	82	. 77	64 106
Richmond Borough Newark, N. J. Norfolk, Va Oakland, Calif. Omaha, Nebr. Paterson, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa Pittsburgh, Pa Portland, Oreg. Providence, R. I. Richmond, Va Rochester, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn salt Lake City, Utah san Antonio, Tex. san Francisco, Calif. esettle, Wash spokane, Wash	1, 922, 788 613, 442 273, 621 242, 378	173	14.7	14.9	24	32	83
Portland, Oreg	273, 621	85	16. 2	13. 4	8	2	81
Richmond, Va.	242, 378 181, 044	83 47	17. 9 13. 5	15. 4 14. 6	10 5	8 7	82 61
Rochester, N. Y.	317, 867	66	10.8	14.1	12	13	95
St. Louis, Mo	803, 853	203 69	13. 2 14. 9	13.1	18	14 10	65
Salt Lake City, Utah	241, 891 126, 241	45	18.6	11.7 13.0	5	2	81
an Antonio, Tex	126, 241 184, 727 539, 038 315, 312	53	15.0		6 .		
an Francisco, Calli	539, 038	155	15.0	14.0	7	16	42
leattle Wash	8315 312 1	63	10.4	12.2	6	7	53

 ¹ Annual rate per 1,000 population.
 2 Deaths under 1 year per 1,000 births—an annual rate based on deaths under 1 year for the week and estimated births for 1922. Cities left blank are not in the registration area for births.
 3 Enumerated population Jan. 1, 1920.

Deaths from all causes in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended March 31, 1925, infant mortality, annual death rate, and comparison with corresponding week of 1922. (From the Weekly Health Index, April 3, 1923, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)—Continued.

City.	Estimated		ended 1, 1923.	Annual death rate per	Death 1	Infant mor- tality	
	population July 1, 1923.	Total deaths.	Death rate.	1,000, corre- sponding	Week ended Mar. 31, 1923.	Corresponding week, 1922.	rate, week
Springfield, Mass Syracuse, N. Y Tacoma, Wash Toledo, Ohio Trenton, N. J Washington, D. C Wilmington, Del Worcester, Mass Yonkers, N. Y Youngstown, Ohio	184, 511 101, 731 268, 338 127, 390 437, 571	46 44 18 67 47 161 35 55 26 36	16.6 12.4 9.2 13.0 19.2 19.2 15.5 14.9	15. 3 15. 0 15. 4 15. 8 15. 3 14. 4 14. 9 10. 9 9. 1	7 4 1 10 8 16 5 6 5	8 3 12 4 9 1	100 52 25 101 135 91 102 67 108 95

^{*} Enumerated population Jan. 1, 1920.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

These reports are preliminary, and the figures are subject to change when later returns are received by the State health officers.

Reports for Week Ended April 7, 1923.

ALABAMA.	_	CALIFORNIA.	
	Cases.		ases.
Cerebrospinal meningitis		Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Chicken pox		Alameda	1
Diphtheria		Los Angeles	1
Influenza	397	San Francisco	1
Lethargic encephalitis	. 1	Diphtheria	137
Malaria		Influenza	131
Measles	689	Leprosy—Sacramento	1
Pellagra	16	Lethargic encephalitis:	
Pneumonia	112	Los Angeles	2
Scarlet fever.	7	Ontario	1
Smallpox	11	San Francisco	1
Tuberculosis	47	Suisun	ī
Typhoid fever	10	Tulare County	î
Whooping cough		Measles.	944
Whooping congressions	-	Rocky Mountain spotted fever:	711
ARIZONA.		Lassen County	1
Chicken new	6	Scarlet fever.	184
Chicken pox	1	Smallpox:	101
Diphtheria	1	Los Angeles	10
	_		13
Mumps	23	Scattering.	21
Scarlet fever	25	Typhoid fever	9
Smallpox	8	COLORADO.	
Trachoma	1	(Exclusive of Denver.)	
Whooping cough	10		
ARKANSAS.		Chicken pox.	21
	l	Diphtheria	15
Chicken pox	48	Influenza	28
Diphtheria	2	Measles	13
Hookworm disease	3	Mumps	19
Influenza	239	Pneumonia	42
Malaria	39	Scarlet fever	29
Measles	99	Septic sore throat	2
Mumps	31	Tuberculosis	43
Pellagra	8	Whooping cough	23
Searlet fever	5		
Smallpox	8	CONNECTICUT.	
Trachoma	2	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Tuberculosis	12	Chicken pox	38
Typhoid fever	2	Conjunctivitis	2
Whooping cough		Diphtheria	48
			20

connecticut—continued.	Cases.	INDIANA.	a
Favus		Cerebrospinal meningitis:	Cases.
Influenza.		Lake County	. 2
Lethargic encephalitis	. 7	Madison County	. 1
Measles		Diphtheria	56
Mumps		Influenza	
Pneumonia (lobar)		Measles	
Scarlet fever		Pneumonia	
Smallpox		Scarlet fever	
Trachoma		Smallpox	63
Trichinosis Tuberculosis (all forms)		Typhoid fever	4
Whooping cough		IOWA.	
	08	Diphtheria	46
FLORIDA.		Scarlet fever	
Diphtheria		Smallpox	18
Influenza	4	KANSAS.	
Malaria	9	1	
Pneumonia	2	Cerebrospinal meningitis	3
Smallpox	7	Chicken pox	53
Typhoid fever	13	Diphtheria	39
GEORGIA.		German measles.	1
Chicken pox	19	Influenza.	13
Conjunctivitis (infectious)	1	Measles	217
Dengue	1	Pneumonia	58 53
Diphtheria	47	Poliomyelitis	1
Dysentery (bacillary)	1	Scarlet fever.	61
German measles	1	Smallpox	19
Hookworm disease	5	Tetanus	2
Influenza	157	Tuberculosis	40
Malaria	13	Typhoid fever	7
Measles	472	Whooping cough	207
Mumps Pneumonia.	8 43	LOUISIANA.	
Scarlet fever	13	•	_
Septic sore throat	3	Diphtheria	8
Smallpox	9	Influenza	176 2
Tuberculosis (all forms)	8	Smallpox.	17
Typhoid fever	5	Typhoid fever.	7
Whooping cough	4	Whooping cough	16
ILLINOIS.		MAINE.	
			_
Cook County (including Chicago)		Cerebrespinal meningitis	1
Cook County (including Chicago) Chicago	3 2	Conjunctivitis (infections).	19 1
Henry County	1	Diphtheria	6
Diphtheria:	-	German measles.	22
Cook County (including Chicago)	104	Influenza	61
Chicago	96	Measles	137
Scattering	37	Mumps	1
Influenza	165	Pneumonia	20
Lethargic encephalitis:		Scarlet fever	27
Chicago	2	Tuberculosis	15
Sangamon County	1	Typhoid fever	2
Pneumonia	624	Whooping cough	77
Scarlet fever:		MARYLAND.1	
Cook County (including Chicago)	93		_
Chicago	77	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Peoria County	11	Chicken pox	91
Scattering	78	Diphtheria	48
Typhoid fever	15	Influenza.	1 135
Whooping cough.	230	Lethargic encephalitis	4
¹ Week ended Friday.		0	•
John Chicon I Iluay .			

MARYLAND—continued.	_	MISSOURI.	_
	Cases.		Cases.
Malaria	. 1	Posterior Posterior	. 53
Measles	. 674		. 59
Mumps			. 9
Pneumonia (all forms)			
PoliomyelitisScarlet fever			1,490
Septic sore throat.			. 22
Smallpox		Ophthalmia neonatorum	1 23
Tuberculosis.		Scarlet fever.	76
Typhoid fever		Smallpox	
Whooping cough		Trachoma	
	1	Tuberculosis	34
MASSACHUSETTS.		Typhcid fever	4
Cerebrospinal meningitis	3	Whooping cough	42
Chicken pox			
Conjunctivitis (suppurative)	34	MONTANA.	
Diphtheria	135	Diphtheria	2
German measles	13	Rocky Mountain spotted fever:	
Influenza	36	Townsend, R. F. D. 1	1
Lethargic encephalitis	9	Scarlet fever	11
Malaria	1	Smallpox	5
Measles	849		
Mumps	239	NEBRASKA.	
Ophthalmia neonatorum	11	Chicken pox	14
Pneumonia (lobar)	98	Diphtheria	7
Scarlet fever. Septic sore throat.	322	German measles.	3
Trachoma.	1 2	Influenza.	14
Tuberculosis (all forms)	159	Measles	17
Typhoid fever	139	Mumps	48
Typhus fever	13	Pneumonia.	4
Whooping cough.	353	Scarlet fever.	26
··· nooping coagn	300	Tuberculosis	10
MICHIGAN		Typhoid fever	2
Diphtheria	120	whooping cough	50
Measles	346	NEW JERSEY.	
Pneumonia	190		
Scarlet fever	323	Cerebrospinal meningitis	2
Smallpox	24	Chicken pox	117
Tuberculosis	56	Diphtheria	119
Typhoid fever	8	Dysentery	1
Whooping cough	214	Influenza	45
		Measles	848
MINNESOTA.	- 1	Pneumonia	158
Cerebrospinal meningitis	2	Poliomyelitis	2
Chicken pox	8	Scarlet fever	180
Diphtheria	38	Trachoma	1 4
Influenza	3	Whooping cough	110
Lethargic encephalitis	4	whoolying confirmation	110
Measles	621	NEW MEXICO.	
Pneumonia	13	•	
Scarlet fever.	154	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Smallpox	40	Chicken pox	4
Tuberculosis	47	Diphtheria	46
Typhoid fever	6	Influenza	6
Whooping cough	9	Measles	60 10
MISSISSIPPI.	.	MumpsPneumonia	10 18
Diphtheria	11	Scarlet fever.	18 12
Influenza.	409	Smallpox.	12
Scarlet fever.	2	Trachoma.	1
Smallpox	4	Tuberculosis	20
Typhoid fever.	5	Whooping cough	7
	-		-

NEW YORK.		TEXAS—continued.	
(Exclusive of New York City.)	_	Dinkibaria	ases.
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Cases.	Diphtheria	31
Cerebrospinal meningitis	2	Dysentery	1
Diphtheria		Influenza	988
Influenza		Measles.	127
Lethargic encephalitis	4	Mumps	133
Measles	1,305	Pellagra	2
Pneumonia	376	Pneumonia	100
Poliomyelitis	1	Poliomyclitis	1
Scarlet fever	333	Scarlet fever	13
Smallpox	2	Trachoma	21
Typhoid fever	16	Smallpox	73
Whooping cough	341	Tuberculosis	85
NORTH CAROLINA.		Typhoid fever	2
		Whooping cough	53
Cerebrospinal meningitis	2	VERMONT.	
Chicken pox	100	Chicken pox	4
Diphtheria	50	Dinhtharia	1
German measles	15	Diphtheria	
Measles	2, 481	Influenza	3
Poliomyelitis	1	Measles	13
Scarlet fever	18	Mumps	21
Smallpox	8 2	Pneumonia	6
Trachoma	1	Scarlet fever	11
Typhoid fever	5	Smallpox	2
Whooping cough	427	Typhoid fever	1
		Whooping cough	34
OREGON.	23	WASHINGTON.	
Chicken pox	<u>م</u>	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Influenza	16	Lewis.	1
	- 0	Seattle.	1
Lethargic encephalitis:	٠.		
Portland	11	Chicken pox.	61
Wallowa County	11	Diphtheria:	
Measles	2	Spokane	10
Mumps	1	Scattering	17
Pneumonia	1 10	Lethargic encephalitis:	
Scarlet fever	15	Skagit County	1
Smallpox:		Measles	8
Columbia County	13	Mumps	9
Portland	8	Poliomyelitis—Kitsap	1
Scattering	8	Scarlet fever:	
Tuberculosis	8	Spokane	13
Whooping cough	18	Taylor	23
		Scattering	17
SOUTH DAKOTA.		Smallpox	32
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Tuberculcsis	35
Chicken pox	9	Typhoid fever	5
Diphtheria	21	Whooping cough.	65
•			30
Influenza	1	WEST VIRGINIA.	
Lethargic encephalitis	1	Chicken pox	8
Measles	30	Diphtheria	2
Mumps	1	Scarlet fever	6
Pneumonia	15	Typhoid fever	2
Poliomyelitis	1	1 y phota to vot	-
Scarlet fever	36	wisconsin.	
Smallpox	5	Milwaukee:	_
Tuberculosis	1	Chicken pox	9
Typhoid fever	2	Diphtheria	13
Whooping cough	4	German measles	1
	.	Measles	90
TEXAS.		Pneumonia	7
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Scarlet fever	226
Chicken pox	88	Tuberculosis	6
Dengue	4	Whooping cough	27
		2 0 0	
¹ Deaths.			

wisconsin—continued.		wisconsin—continued.			
Scattering:	Cases.	Scattering—Continued.	Cases.		
Chicken pox	. 74	Typhoid fever	6		
Diphtheria	43	Whooping cough			
Influenza	. 224	WYOMING.			
Lethargic encephalitis	. 3	Chicken pox	5		
Measles	. 809	Influenza	1		
Pneumonia		Measles			
Poliomyelitis	. 1	Mumps	3		
Scarlet fever		Scarlet fever			
Smallpox		Smallpox			
Tuberculosis		Tuberculosis			

Reports for Week Ended March 31, 1923.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. Cases.	NORTH DAKOTA.
	Cases.
Cerebrospinal meningitis 1	Chicken pox. 2
Chicken pox 35	Diphtheria12
Diphtheria	German measles 1
Influenza 6	Lethargic encephalitis 1
Lethargic encephalitis 1	Measles
Measles	Pneumonia 10
Scarlet fever	Scarletfever40
Tuberculosis	Smallpox9
Whooping cough 41	Tuberculosis
	Typhoid fever 1
	Whooping cough

SUMMARY OF CASES REPORTED MONTHLY BY STATES.

The following summary of monthly State reports is published weekly and covers only those States from which reports are received during the current week.

State.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Diphtheria.	Influenza.	Malaria.	Measles.	Pellagra.	Poliomyelitis.	Scarlet fever.	Smallpox.	Typhoid fever.
February, 1923. Arkansas. California. Montana Virginia. March, 1923.	1 8 9 9	24 657 39 247	3,159 3,985 237 24,529	69 6	.254 1,780 20 2,636	7 3 8	2 3 1 3	19 792 65 246	10 74 37 28	16 28 4 23
Florida Nebraska	1 1	32 78	98 505	19 94	174	11 1	, i	7 152	. 11	55 3

RECIPROCAL NOTIFICATION.

February, 1923.

Cases of communicable diseases referred during February, 1923, to other State health departments by departments of health of certain States.

State referred by.	Cerebro- spinal meningi- tis.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Tubercu- losis.	Typhoid fever.
Connecticut	1				
Minnesota		1	3	6 22	i
					_

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923. ANTHRAX.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Pennsylvania: Philadelphia	1	

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding week of the years 1915 to 1922, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full eight years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City. for	Median for pre-			City.	Median for pre-		
					vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.
California: Los Angeles Connecticut: Bridgeport	0	1 2	1	New Hampshire: Keene New Jersey: West New York New York:	0	1	1
New Haven	0	1	1	Mount Vernon New York Watertown Ohio:	0 6 0	1 2 1	1 1
Illinois: Chicago Kentucky:	1	5 1	4	Akton Hamilton Pennsylvania: Bethlehem.	0 0 0	1 1	i
LexingtonLouisvilleLouisvilleLouisvilleLouisiana: New OrleansMassachusetts:	0	1	1	Pittsburgh Texas: El Paso Galveston	0 0	<u>2</u>	1
Boston Framingham Michigan: Detroit	2 0 1	1 1	1 1	Virginia: Richmond Washington: Seattle	0	1	
Missouri: Kansas City St. Louis	0	1 2	i	Wisconsin: Superior	0	1	1

DIPHTHERIA.

See p. 802; also Current State summaries, p. 790, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 794.

INFLUENZA.

	Ca	ses.	Deaths.		Ca	Deaths,	
City.	Week ended Mar. 25, 1922.	Week ended Mar. 24, 1923.	week ended Mar. 24	City.	Week ended Mar. 25, 1922.		week ended Mar. 24, 1923.
Alabama: Birmingham Mobile Montgomery Tuscaloosa Arkansas: Little Rock. California:		23 1 9	1 1 	California—Continued. Riverside	6 3 66 18 7 17	7 3	3
Alameda Bakersfield Berksley Long Beach Los Angeles Oakland Pasadena	5 5 12 206 21 13	67 6 3	1 7	Connecticut: Bridgeport. Bristol Hartford Meriden New Britain	5 1 1 1 14	1	1

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923—Continued.

INFLUENZA-Continued.

	Ca	ises.	Deaths		Ca	ases.	Deaths
City.	Week ended Mar. 25, 1922.	Week ended Mar. 24, 1923.	week ended Mar. 24	City.	Week ended Mar. 25, 1922,	Week ended Mar. 24, 1923.	week ended Mar. 24, 1923.
Connecticut—Continued.		2	3	Massachusetts-Contd.			
New London		2	ľ				1 1
Stonington	27	1		Winthron		i	l î
Waterbury	2			Michigan:			I
District of Columbia:	١.		-	Battle Creek		. 1	
Washington Florida:	4	10	7		29	11	1 4
Tampa	5			Flint	10	•	
Georgia:	l		1	Ishpeming	2		
AtlantaBrunswick	115	16		Jackson	1		1
Macon	1	100		Kalamazoo. Marquette. Muskegon. Pontiac			2
Rome	66	100		Marquette	34	1	
Illinois:		ļ		Pontiac	i	1	
Aurora	1	ļ		Minnesota:			
Chicago	93	54	15	Duluth	1		
Cicero	2	28		Faribault			1
Danville. Decatur. Evanston	3	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Minneapolis St. Cloud		i	3
Evanston		ľ		St. Paul	•••••	·	3
Mattoon			i	Missouri:			•
Quincy	10	1		Independence		1	
Quincy. Rock Island Springfield	2	4	4	Kansas City	11	8	11
Indiana			*	St. Joseph St. Louis	27	1 1	••••••
Bloomington		1		Springfield	21		2
Fort Wayne			2	Montana:			_
Gary		•••••	1	Missoula	20		
HammondIndianapolis		•••••	1	Nevada: Reno	5	9	•
Kokomo.			i	New Jersey:	Đ	9	••••••
Terre Haute			4	Atlantic City	1		
Iowa:	ı			Bloomfield		1	•••••
Burlington Kansas:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	•••••	Clifton	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
Coffeyville	. 1	1		Garfield Hoboken	••••••	1	•••••••
Wichita			i	Kearny	2	4	.
Kentucky:				l Newark	42	23	5
Covington	•••••	•••••	2	Orange Summit		2	• • • • • • •
HendersonLouisville	7	4	1	Trenton	5	4	••••••
Louisiana:	'	*	- 1	West Orange	3	2	••••••
Baton Rouge	5			New Mexico:		-	•••••
New Orleans	13	15	8	Albuquerque	3		•••••
Maine:	i	6		New York:		29	
Bangor Biddeford	3 .	•	••••••	Albany	37	5	••••••
Portiand		i	i	Binghamton	57		· · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sanford	25	1)	1	Buffalo	14	1	3
Maryland: Baltimore			3	Cohoes	6	3	• • • • • • • •
Cumberland	94	63 11	1	Cortland	5	28	·····i
Frederick		32		Elmira	i	20	
Massachusetts:				Hudson			i
Attleboro		9		Jamestown		1 .	•••••
Belmont	31	ii	3	Lockport Middletown	2	5	·····i
Braintree	5	il.	9	Mount Vernon	3	3	1
Cambridge	8	ī į.		Mount Vernon New York	120	326	48
Chicopee	2 .			North Tonawanda	2 .		
Everett	13	13		Olean		3	2
Fall RiverGreenfield	7	5	4	Peekskill Poughkeepsie	5	1	2 2 2 1
Haverniu	4	····i		Rochester	*		í
Lowell		ī į.		Rome			2
Lynn New Bedford	1 .	ایی	1	Saratoga Springs Syracuse	148	2 .	
Pittsfield	8	2	1	Syracuse	26	-	·····i
Quincy.	3	il	ill	Watertown Yonkers	1:		3
Quanting	2 .			North Carolina:	-		•
Somerville	1	1	1	Charlotte	3 .		
Springfield	3		••••••	Greensboro			1
A4 STEITSTIL		_ 1 l.	u	Wilmington	36 ¹ .		1

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923—Continued.

INFLUENZA-Continued.

	Cases.		Deaths,		Cases.		_ Deaths
1	ended	Week ended Mar. 24, 1923.	week ended Mar. 24, 1923.	City.	Week ended Mar. 25, 1922.	Week ended Mar. 24 1923.	week ended Mar. 2 1923.
Ohio:				Texas—Continued.			
Akron	2	1		El Paso		1	
Barberton	- 1	-	i	Fott Worth	• • • • • • • • •	i	1
Cincinnati	4	•••••	6	Houston	40		1
Cleveland	39	Ā	6	San Antonio	10	•••••	1
Cleveland Heights	39	•	, 6	Utah:	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
Columbus	30	•••••		Salt Lake City			1
Commous	30].	• • • • • • •	3	Sait Lake City			·
Findlay		• • • • • • •	1	Virginia:			1
Ironton	4 .	• • • • • • •		Charlottesville	•••••		4
Mansfield		1		Danville			1
Piqua			1	Lynchburg			
Springfield	1 .		1	Norfolk	2		l
Toledo			2 3	Norfolk Petersburg	16		
Youngstown	2		3	Richmond			
Oklahoma:	ı			Roanoke	1		1
Oklahoma			1	Washington:	- 1		1
Oregon:				Walla Walla	2		1
Portland		2	2	West Virginia:	- 1		
Pennsylvania:			_	Charleston	16		1
Philadelphia	17	12	13	Clarksburg			i
Rhode Island:				Fairmont	30		l
Cumberland		2	1	Huntington	2	5	1
Providence	2	· [1		Morgantown		ž	
outh Carolina:	-1	- 1		Wisconsin:	•••••	·	l
Greenville	15	i		Kenosha	1		l
Cennessee:				La Crosse		·····i	
Memphis	1	- 1	5	Manitowoc	3	•	
Nashville			. 2	Marinette		• • • • • • • • •	
Texas:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Milwaukee	•••••		i
Austin	- 1	8	1			••••	l
Beaumont	8	۰۱	- 1	Sheboygan	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ı
Dallas	9	i	3	Wyoming:	8		ļ
Danas	9	. *	3	Casper	0	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
	I	ЕТНА	RGIC E	NCEPHALITIS.	·		
City.	Case	es. 1	Deaths.	City.	Ca	ses.	Deaths.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Connecticut: New Haven Massachusetts: Braintree. Webster		1	Minnesota: St. Cloud	3 1 1	

MALARIA.

Alabama: Birmingham Florida: Tampa	2		Louisiana: New Orleans Michigan: Dotroit	2 2	
Georgia: Albany	1		New York: New York Pennsylvania:	1	
Illinois: Chicago	-	1	Philadelphia	1	1
			Beaumont	•••••	1

MEASLES.

See p. 802; also Current State summaries, p. 790, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 794.

PELLAGRA.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Maryland: Baltimore Texas: Waco	1		Virginia: Norfolk Richmond		1

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923—Continued. PNEUMONIA (ALL FORMS).

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:			Kentucky:		
Anniston	3 31	ii	Covington.		2
Birmingham	31	2	Lexington.	20	3
Arkansas:		_	Louisville	1 20	11
Little Rock	6	l . •	Louisiana:	•	
California:	1	l	New Orleans	l	17
Alamada	l	1	Maine:		
Bakersfield	1		Bath		1
Bakersfield Eureka Long Beach		2	Biddeford		2
Long Beach		1	Lewiston	2	1
LOS Angeles	64	18	Portland		· 5
Oakland	5	2 2 2	Sanford	1	
Pasadena	3	2	Maryland: Baltimore. Cumberland.	***	٠
Riverside		1 2	Baltimore	108	44
Sacramento		1 3	Cumberland	1	2
San Diego Santa Barbara Stockton	2	4 3 1	Frederick	-	
Cente Barbara	_	1 1	Adams		
Stockton	1	•	Attleboro		i
Colorado:	•		Relmont	1	
Denver		19	Reverly	î	
DenverPueblo		1	Boston	45	43
Connecticut:			Belmont		2
Bridgenort	11	5	H Brooking	1	
Bristol Hartford Manchester New Britain		ž	Cambridge		6
Hartford	2		Cambridge	2	
Manchester	2		Clinton	1	
New Britain	4	1	Danvers		1
New Haven		14	Easthampton	1	
New London		1	Everett	2	
New Haven New London Waterbury		: 6	Danvers Easthampton Everett Fall River	7	4
District of Columbia:			Framingham Haverhill	1	
Washington		39	Haverhill	3	2 1 12
Florida:		_	LawrenceLowell	••••••	1
St. Petersburg Tampa.		2 2			. 12
Tampa		Z	Wolden		10
Georgia:	20	15	Maiden	•••••	6 3 1 2 15 1 5
Atlanta	20	10	Milford	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7
Brunswick Savannah	- 1	5	New Redford		15
Illinois:		J	Newburyport		- 1
Alton	3	1	Pittsfield		5
Aurora	š		Plymouth		ī
Aurora Bloomington Blue Island		2	Malden Methuen Milford New Bedford New Bufford Pittsfield Plymouth Somerville Contribution	5	2
Blue Island		3	Southbridge Springfield Taunton. Watertown	1	• • • • • • • • •
Chicago	360	105	Springfield	.5	••••••
Cicero	4	1	Taunton		7
Decatur	9	2	Watertown	2	• • • • • • • • • •
Cicero Decatur Elgin	4	ī			•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Exanston 1	2		Weymouth Woburn Worcester	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
Jacksonville Kewanee Oak Park	2	1	Wornegter		3
Kewanee	•••••••	1 2 2 1 7	Worcester	8	3
Oak Park Peoria	4	2	Michigan:	1	
Cuiner	8	2	Alpena	1 2	••••••
Quincy Springfield	18	÷1	Ann Arbor Battle Creek Benton Harbor	2	
ndiana:		•	Benton Harbor		i
Anderson	ł	2	l Doteoit I	61	37
Bloomington		2 1 3 4 6	Flint Grand Rapids Hamtramek		37 11 22 3 2 1 1 1
East Chicago		ā	Grand Rapids	7	2
Fort Wayne		4	Hamtramck		3
Garv		6	Highland ParkHolland JacksonKalamazoo.		2
Hammond		4 1	Holland		1
Indianapolis		16	Jackson	4	1
Kokomo.		1	Kalamazoo		1
La Fayette		1	Muskegon	4.1	
ndiana: Anderson Blo mington East Chicago Fort Wayne Gary Hammond Indianapolis Kokomo La Fayette Logansport South Bend Terre Haute		1 2	Pontiac		: 1
South Bend		2	Port Huron	2	3
Terre Haute		4	Sault Ste. Marie	2	••••••
owa:	_		Minnesota:	8	
Burlington Council Bluffs Muscatine	3	1	Duluth	8	8
Council Bluffs		3 2	Minneapolis		12
muscatine	•••••••	2	Missouri:	••••••	26
Cansas:	2	1	Independence	1 .	
Coffeyville	4	····i	Kansas City St. Joseph Springfield		12
Fort Scott	4	*	CA Taranh		
					- 4

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923—Continued.

PNEUMONIA (ALL FORMS) -- Continued.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Montana:			Ohio—Continued. Chillicothe		
Billings		2	Chillicothe	l	2
Great Falls		2	Cincinnati		12
Missoula	4		Cleveland Heights	68	25
Neb <u>ra</u> ska:			Cleveland Heights	1	
LincolnOmaha	• • • • • • • • •	2	li Columbus	1	9
Omaha		9	Dayton. East Cleveland. East Youngstown.	1	
New Hampshire:		۱ .	East Cleveland		2
Keene Manchester	• • • • • • • • • • •	1	East Youngstown		4
Manchester	• • • • • • • • • • •	4	Findlay	2]
New Jersey: Atlantic City			Hamilton		1
Tollowillo	2	3	Kenmore Mansfield	1	
BellevilleBloomfield	4	·····i	Newark	6	2
Clifton	2	1			, ,
East Orange		2	Solom		
Fligshoth	• • • • • • • • • • •	9	Sandusky. Toledo. Youngstown. Zanesville		1 1
ElizabethEnglewood	······2	. 1	Toledo		1
Garfield	3	2	Voungetown	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11
Harrison	ĭ	- 1	Zanesville		3
Hoboken	-	4	Oklahoma:		٠
Jersey City	7	7	Oklahoma		8
Kearny	4	i	Oregon:		ı °
Jersey City Kearny. Montelair	3	i	Oregon: Portland.	•	13
Morristown.	ĭ	•	Pennsylvania:		10
Newark	59	17	Philadelphia	127	104
Orange	4		Rhode Island:		
Passaic.		3	Cumberland		1
Perth Amboy		ĭ	Newport		$\bar{2}$
Phillipsburg		1	Pawtucket		4
PhillipsburgPlainfield	3	2 2	Providence		21
Summit	4	2	South Carolina:		
Trenton	9	6	Charleston		2
West Hoboken		5	Columbia		7
West Orange	3		Green ville		. 2
ew Mexico:			- Tennessee:		
Albuquerque	2		Memphis		19
ew York:			Nashville		17
Albany	16		Texas:	1	
Amsterdam		2	AmarilloBeaumont		1
Auburn	1		Beaumont		1
Buffalo	47	16	Dallas		7
Cohoes	6		El Paso Fort Worth Galveston Houston		4
Cortland	1		Fort Worth		10
Dunkirk	3	1	Galveston		1
Elmira	7		Houston		.8
Glens Falls	1		Sau Antonio		17
Hornell	3	1	Waco Utah:		5
Ithaca		1		7	8
Jamestown		3 2	Salt Lake City Vermont:		8
Lackawanna			Purlington	1	
		4	Burlington		1
Mount Vernon	400	1	Virginia:		
New YorkOlean	460	263	Alexandria	i	1
Peekskill	5 5	······ _ž	Norfolk		7
Port Chester	2	4	Norfolk Petersburg		í
Poughborgie	í		Portsmouth	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4
Poughkeepsie	21	8	Richmond		5
Rome	3	î	Richmond	· · · · · · · · i	í
Rome	1	*	West Virginia:		
Schenectedy	11		Bluefield		2
Swromico		7 7	Charleston	•••••	4
Troy	8 7	6	Huntington		7
Watertown	5	3	Morgantown	1	
White Plains	3	•	Parkersburg		····i
Yonkers	7	6	Wheeling		7
orth Carolina:	• 1	٠,	Wisconsin:		•
Durham		1	1 10-1-44	2	
Greensboro		2 l	Janesville		i
Raleigh		ī	Janesville Kenosha		. 2
Greensboro Raleigh Rocky Mount Wilmington Winston-Salem		1 2 1 1 2 4	Madison	5	1
Wilmington		2	Milwaukee		19
Winston-Salem		4	Oshkosh		4
що:		- II	Racine		3
Akron	12	ll	Sheboygan		1
Barberton		1 1 1 5	Kenosna. Madison. Milwaukee. Oshkosh. Racine. Sheboygan. Superior.		2
Bucyrus	3 !	1	Wyoming: Cheyenne	1	
CambridgeCanton	1	1 1	Chevenne	i	1
Computate		- 11			

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923-Continued.

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding week of the years 1915 to 1922, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full eight years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-	Week ended Mar. 24, 1923.		
	vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.	
Massachusetts—Webster New York—New York Pennsylvania—Butler.	0	1 2 1		

RABIES IN ANIMALS.

City.	Cases.	City.	Cases.
Alabama: Tuscaloosa California: Los Angeles Georgia: Savannah. Massachusetts: Methuen	2 24 2 2	Missouri: Kansas City New Jersey: Montclair Orange Summit.	1 1 1

SCARLET FEVER.

See p. 802; also Current State summaries, p. 790, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 794.

SMALLPOX.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding week of the years 1915 to 1922, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full eight years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre- vious	Mar.	k ended 24, 1923.	City.	Median for pre- vious	Mar. 2	ended 4, 1923.
	years.	Cases.	Deaths.		years.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:	1			Minnesota: Duluth		5	
Birmingham Mobile		1		Faribault	8	3	•••••
California:	9	1		Minneapolis	24	8	
Carrornia.	1	3	l	St. Paul	8	7	
Los Angeles Oakland	Ô	, ž		Montana:	ľ	•	
Stockton	l ŏ	ī	·····	Billings	1	1	l
Colorados	ı •	•		Great Falls	2	ī	
Denver	12	2		Missoula	l îl	î	•
Connecticut:		_		New York:	1 1	-	•••••
Bridgeport	0		1	Dunkirk	lol	1	I
Florida:	*		-	Olean	·	ī	
Key West	0	2		North Carolina:		-	
St. Petersburg		2		Durham	1 1	3	
Georgia:				Greensboro	Ō	14	
Macon	1	1		Winston-Salem	5	35	
Valdosta	l îl	3		North Dakota:	· • 1		
Indiana:	- 1			Grand Forks	3	1	l
Anderson	0	1		Ohio:	1	_	
Fort Wayne	l il	3		Columbus	1	2	
Gary	0	10		Davton	1	1	
Indianapolis	6	3		Toledo	4	38	
Logansport	0	1		Youngstown	2	1	
Iowa:	1			Oklahoma:	1		
Davenport	5	8		Oklahoma	6	1	
Kansas:	i i			Oregon:	1		
Atchison	0	3		Portland	4	13	
Louisiana:	l i			Pennsylvania:	į.		
New Orleans	6	1		Altoona	0	1	
Michigan:				South Carolina:	- 1		
Battle Creck	2	2		Greenville	0	1	
Detroit	8	1		Tennessee:			
Grand Rapids	2	3		Memphis	2	2	

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

City.	Median for pre-		c ended 24, 1923.	City.	Median for pre-			
-	vious years.		Deaths.		years.	Cases.	Deaths	
Texas: Fort Worth Waco Utah: Salt Lake City Virginia: Norfolk Roanoke Washington: Bellingham Everett	2 0 14 0 0	2 1 1 1 1 1		Washington—Continued. Seattle. Spokane Tacoma Wisconsin: Beloit. Janesville Oshkosh Racine. Stevens Point.	4 11 1 0 0 2 1	4 3 2 3 1 1 1 1 3		

TETANUS.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.
California: San Bernardino. Missouri: St. Joseph. St. Louis. North Carolina: Winston-Salem.	1	1 1 1

TUBERCULOSIS.

See p. 802; also Current State summaries, p. 790.

TYPHOID FEVER.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding week of the years 1915 to 1922, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full eight years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-				Median for pre- vious		ended 4, 1923.
	years.	Cases.	Deaths.		years.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama: Birmingham Mobile California: Sacramento District of Columbia: Washington Florida: St. Petersburg Georgia: -Brunswick Savannah Illinois: Chicago Indiana: Hammond	0 0 1	1 1 3 8	1	Missouri: St. Louis. New York: Glens Falls. New York Olean. Rochester. Ohio: Canton. Cleveland Youngstown Pennsylvania: Allentown. Beaver Falls. Bristol. Butler	2 0 6 0 0 2 0 0	2 2 6 1 1 1 4	1 1 1 1
South Bend Kentucky: Covington Louisville. Louistana: New Orleans. Maryland: Baltimore. Massachusetts: Boston. Chelsea. Lawrence. Lovel! Michigan: Detroit. Ilolland. Muskegon. Minnesota:	0 0 0 2 4 1 0 0 1	18 2 2 6 1 1 5 1	1 1	Cannonsburg Norristown Philadelphia Scranton Shamokin South Carolina: Columbia Texas: El Paso Virginia: Alexandria. Roanoke Washington: Spokane West Virginia: Bluefield Wheeling	Ŏ	1 1 1 1 1 5 2 1	i
Minneapolis St. Paul	3 0	2 2	i				

	Popula-	Total deaths	1 -	ntheria	Ме	asles.		arlet ver.	Tu	iber- losis.
City.	tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:										•
Anniston	17, 734 178, 806 60, 777		· ₂	····i	85		i		2 16	ļ ₂
Birmingham	60,777	59 21	1				1	. :::::	10	6 3
Tuscaloosa	11,996				24					
Arkansas: Fort Smith	28, 870	i			2	ĺ	J	İ		
Hot Springs	11.695	2								
Little Rock North Little Rock	65, 142 14, 048		1		45 36		1			
California:	i	_	1	1	1		1		1	<u> </u>
AlamedaBakersfield	28, 806 18, 638	7		·	2		·	·	·	3
Kuroka	12.923	8 7					4		3	
Long Beach Los Angeles Oakland	55, 593	25 220	68	1 6	31 169	····i	55	····i	2 38	2 22
Oakland.	576, 673 216, 261	43	8		68		ii		2	22
Pasadena	45, 354	17	2		10.		9		2 1	
Richmond	16, 843 19, 341	2 5	i		1	•••••	1			
Sacramento	19, 341 65, 908 18, 721	22	î		1 4		5		4	3
San Bernardino. San Diego.	18, 721 74, 683	16 48			8 76	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 4		6	3 3 5 2
San Jose	39, 642	9	i		1		i		ľ	2
San Jose Santa Ana Santa Barbara	15, 485 19, 441	8			10					
Santa Barbara	19,441	6								
Stockton	10, 917 40, 296	14	3		61		3			i
Colorado: Denver	256, 491	93	22	2	51		20	l	1	10
Pueblo	43, 050	10	3	2	31	****	20		4	18 2
Connecticut:	-	1		_					1	i
BridgeportBristol	143, 555 20, 620	48 9	11 2	2	29	2	10		8	7
Fairfield (town)	11, 475	2			15		7		3	i
Hartford	11, 475 138, 036 18, 370	52	15	1	l		4		7	1
Manchester (town)	10. 193	4	i		1 1	•••••	i		····i	
New Britain	59, 316	14	3 2	1	4		3		l	
New Haven New London	59, 316 162, 537 25, 688	56 7	2		38 32	•••••	6		3	2
Stonington (town)	10, 236 91, 715	. 7	i		3		i			
Waterbury	91,715	33	5		54		10		3	3
Washington	437, 571	180	9		400	2	19		26	12
Florida:			Ť		-500	_				
Key West	18,749	6 17			i	•••••				1
Tampa	18,749 14,237 51,608	16	3		4				2	
Georgia:										
AlbanyAtlanta	11,555 200,616	74	i		2 1	•••••			····i	6
Brunswick	14, 413 52, 995 13, 252 83, 252	3								
Macon	52,995 13,252	•••••	3 1		500 2		····i		•••••	•••••
RomeSavannah	83, 252	33			3		i		2	5
ValdostaIdaho:	10, 783	5				•••••				•••••
Boise	21, 393	3				اا			:	
PocatelloIllinois:	15,001	4								•••••
Alton	24,682	7	1		13		1			
Aurora	36, 397 28, 725	16	3		13		î			2 1
BloomingtonBlue Island	28,725	9	1	•••••	3	•••••			2	1
Chicago	11, 424 2, 701, 705 44, 995	756	101	3	777	8	88	2	169	45
Cicero	44,995	9 1	2		2		3		2	ĩ
DecaturElgin	43, 818 27, 454	11 9	•••••	•••••	1 14	•••••	2		11	•••••
Evanston	37, 234	17			36		2		2	• • • • • •
Galesburg. Jackson ville	23, 834 1	4 8	•••••		- 1	•••••	;-		;-	• • • • • •
Kewanee	15,713 16,026	10		::::::			1	:::: <u>:</u>	4	•••••
La Salle	13,000	4	i		2 2				i i	•••••
Mattoon	13, 552	4 1	1'	'	2 1	!		·····'	'	•••••

	Popula-	Total deaths	_	ntheria	. Me	asles.		arlet ever.		uber- dosis.
City.	tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Illinois—Continued.										
Oak Park	39, 858	11	2		. 3	ļ;	. 6			
PeoriaQuincy	76, 121 35, 978	20 14			. 80	1	4 3			• • • • • • •
Springfield	59, 183	25	4		61	i	ĭ		. 13	2
Indiana:			1		1	1		1	1	
Anderson Bloomington	29, 767 11, 595	9		·¦	i		. 2		-	
Crawfordsville	10, 139	2	i]		4	1		
East Chicago	35, 967	9	1		. 4		.	-		. 2
Elwood Fort Wayne	10, 790 86, 549	3 22	2	····i	·		4	-	-	•
Frankfort	11 585	4			. 2		1	. :::::		i
Gary	55, 378	26	1		. 19	1	2			
Hammond	36,004	13			. 18		. 1		. 2	
HuntingtonIndianapolis	14, 000 314, 194	120	10	5	73		i	•	7	
Indianapolis Kokomo	30, 067	10	ĭ				î		: :	
La Fayette	22, 486	10	2					-		. 1
Logansport.	21,626 19,457	2 5			10]		-	•	
Michigan City	15, 195	2			2		4		. 5	
Muncie	36, 524	9							. 2	
South Bend	70, 983	17	1		9		4		. 3	1
Terre HauteIowa:	66, 083	3 5			46		1		•	1
Burlington	24, 057	7	l	l			2	1		
Cedar Rapids	45, 566		1				3			
Clinton.	24, 151		1						•	
Council Bluffs	36, 162 56, 727	8					2		-	
Diimone	39, 141				39	l	2			
10W8 CITY	39, 141 11, 267 15, 731						6			
Marshailtown	15, 731 20, 065	7	····· ₂ ·				1		.	
Mason City	16,068	8	2		12					
Sioux City	16,068 71,227 36,230		i		2		3			
waterioo	36, 230	• • • • • • •			8		7			
Kansas: Coffeyville	13,452	2			l	İ	1	1	1	1
Fort Scott	10,693	10	i							
Hutchinson	10, 693 23, 298 101, 177 12, 456 16, 932						1		1	
Kansas CityLawrence	101, 177	3	3		14		3		5	
Leavenworth	16, 912		····i	•••••	2					•••••
Parsons	10,020	5					1			
Topeka.	50,022	20	3		1		2 2			2
Wichita Kentucky:	72, 217	15	•••••	•••••	• • • • • •					•••••
Covington	57, 121	15	3				10			1
Henderson	12, 169	7								1
LexingtonLouisville	41,534 234,891	25 73	8	• • • • •	24	• • • • • •			21	2 6
Owensboro	17, 424				5				21	0
Paducah	24,735				1		2			
Louisiana: New Orleans	387, 219	153	12	2	11	1	6	Ì	10	12
Maine:	301,215	135	12	-		•••••	u		10	12
Auburn	16, 985	2					6			· · · · · ·
Bangor	25, 978	ا-ي							1	· · · · · · ·
BathBiddeford.	14,731 18,008	3 12								• • • • • •
Lewiston	31,791	iī			2		5		i	ï
Portland	69, 272	30	1				2	• • • • • •		2
Sanford (town)	10,691 13,351	2					3	• • • • • •		• • • • •
Waterville	10,001						١	•••••	•••••	• • • • • •
Baltimore	733, 826	221	27		243		52		34	26
Cumberland	29, 837 11, 066	15 5			64			•••••	1	· · · · · •
Frederick	11,066	5	1	••••••		•••••	•••••	••••••		•••••
Adams (town)	12,967	4 .								· · · · · ·
Amesbury (town)Arlington (town)	10 036	2			ا		1			
Arlington (town) Attleboro Belmont (town)	18,665 19,731 10,749	4 2 2 4	1	1	20 2 4		1	•••••	2 3	
	10, 101	2	.				2		i	-

	Popula-	Total deaths	Dipl	theria	. Ме	asles.		arlet ver.		uber- llosis.
City.	tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Massachusetts-Continued.										
Beverly	22, 561	6		· ···· <u> </u>	· :::	· ····	. 1	ļ		
BostonBraintree (town)	748, 060 10, 580	262	70	2	111	2	104	2	36	. 19
Brookline	37,748	12	2		. 4		7		. i	
Cambridge	109, 694 43, 184	43	7		46		. 12	ļ	- 4	
Clinton	12,979	4			!		1		. 2	. 1
Danvers	11,108						Ī		. ī	
Dedham	10,792 11,261	4		·			····i	· ····	-	-
Everett	40, 120	12	2		8		5		. 3	i
Fall River	120, 485	56	2		6		12		. 6	4
Framingham	17,033 16,971	5 2			1		9		i	-
Greenfield	15, 462	3							.	. i
HaverhillLawrence.	53, 884 94, 270	16 33	1		7		2		- 1	2
Leominster	19.744	4	1		12		1		1 1	1 1
Loweli	19,744 112,759	56	5	1	88	2	4		. 4	4
Lynn Malden	99, 148 49, 103	40 19	1	2	19 14	2	5 7		. 5	2
Medford	39,038	14	2		2		3		1 1	i
Melrose	18, 204	1			2				. ī	
Methuen	15, 189 13, 471	5 5			2		16		·	
Natick	10,907		i				11			
New Bedford	121 217	42	3		24		2		. 3	
Newburyport	15,618 22,282 21,951	3	1			¦				
Northampton	21,951	9					5			
Northbridge Pittsfield	10, 174 41, 763	1								
Plymouth	13,045	12 4	1		1	•••••	5	1	2	
Plymouth. Quincy. Somerville.	47,876 93,091	8	11		3		12		i	
Somerville	93,091 14,245	34 2	4		21		7		2	1
SouthbridgeSpringfield	129,614	27	4	•••••	6	•••••	···ii		2	····i
Taunton	129,614 37,137	26			22	2	14	1	2	2
Wakefield Waltham	13,025 30,915	8	2		14 1		3		3	
Watertown	21,457	2	ĩ		2		5		2	
Webster West Springfield	13,258	4 2			•••••		6	•••••		1
Westfield.	13,443 18,604	3	····i		•••••			•••••	····i	• • • • • •
Weymouth	15,057	6								i
WinthropWoburn	15, 455 16, 574	2 8			29		•••••	•••••		i
Worcester	179,754		5		34		13		7	. 3
fichigan: Alpena	11 101	i	I	- 1		- 1	_			
Ann Arbor	11,101 19,516	10					5	· · · · · ·		•••••
Battle Creek	36, 164	0	3				4			•••••
Benton Harbor Detroit	12,233 993,678	271	1 57	7	2 55	2	113	5	56	23
Flint	91,599	28	4	i	8	2	13		50	20
Grand Rapids	137,634	53	11		5		11	•••••	4	6
HamtramckHighland Park	48,615 46,499	9 13	3 2	2	16		4	•••••	1	1 1
Holland	12.183	1					2			•••••
Jackson Kalamazoo	48,374	17 25	1	;-	2		11	•••••	1	•••••
Marquette	48,487 12,718	3	9	1			5	•••••		1
Muskegon	36.570	13	1							2
Pontiac	34,273 25,944	9	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	2		4	•••••		•••••
Sault Ste. Marie	12,093	3					1			
Innesota:			_ [_		-	
DuluthFaribault	98,917 11,089	18	5 .		70	······	6 2	•••••	3	1
Hibbing	15,089	4			37		5	···i		····i
Mankato	12,469].	95			1 .				!	
Rochester	380,582 13,722	13 .	8	3	101	1	39	1	22	6
St. Cloud	15,873 .								i	•••••
St. Paul	234, (98	64 }	14 .	1	245	2	38	1	12	9

	Popula-	Total deaths	1 -	htheris	. Me	asles.		arlet ever.		uber- dosis.
City.	tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Missouri:										
Cape Girardeau	10, 252	4	ļ	.	. 3			.	.	
Independence	11,686		. <u>-</u>		. 1		. 2		٠	
Joplin	29,902 324,410	102	1 7		. 51	''''i		····i		· ···· <u>.</u>
Kansas CitySt. Joseph	77,939	39			. 2	1	. 9	1 1	5	. 1
St. Louis	772,897	236	40	i		i			21	18
Springfield	39,631	12								. 2
Montana:	** ***	1 .	1	1	1		1	İ	1	
Anaconda	11,668	1 6				-		-	•	-
BillingsGreat Falls	15, 100 24, 121	12	2		: '``i'		1 1			
Missoula	12,668	5					2	i	í	
Nebraska:				1	1	1	1	1 -	-	
Lincoln	54,948	13	1		.		. 1			. 1
Omaha	191,601	68	9	1			. 4		-	- 4
Nevada: Reno	12,016	5	l	1	1		. 1	[1
New Hampshire:	12,010			-			•			
Berlin	16, 104	2		
Concord	22, 167	9		·	.		. 2		. 1	
Dover	13,029	3		•						·!
Keene Manchester	11,210 78,384	5 30	1 3		1 3		. 1			· ·····
New Jersey:	10,002		ľ	ļ	' "		1			
Asbury Park	12,400	3	l	.	. 2	l	. 1	l	. 1	
Atlantic City	50,707	19	2	 	. 16		. 1			
Bayonne	76,754		3						3	
BellevilleBloomfield.	15,660 22,019	4	i		7		3 4		1	
Clifton	26,470	6	i		3		ì	i	2	
East Orange	50,710	ğ	l . .		22		3	l	ĩ	l
Elizabeth	95,783		14	1	22 22		9		2	
Englewood	11,627	3			9		2 3			
Garfield	19,381 17,667	. 5	2		1		2		1	•••••
Harrison	15,721		i		10				3	
Hoboken	68, 166	20	5	i	3		2		4	
Jersey City	298, 103		11	ļ	4		14		8	
Kearny.	26,724	10			49		1			1
Long Branch	13,521 28,810	3 5	1		9		2			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Morristown	12,518	6	····i				1 2			
Newark	414,524	113	16		200	i	12		26	4
Orange	33, 268	8	1		29		3		3	ļ <u>-</u>
Passaic	63,841	17	1	1	18		3		2	1
Perth Amboy	41,707 16,923	8	4		•••••	•••••	9		1	1
PhillipsburgPlainfield	27,700	6			6		i	• • • • • •		•••••
Summit	10, 174	5	i							
Trenton	119,289	39	16	3	1		11	1	4	1
West Hoboken	40,074	9	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 	1	• • • • • •	6		1	
West New York	29,926	3	2		···i0	• • • • • •	3			;
New Mexico:	15,573	°	•••••		10		3		1	1
Albuquerque	15, 157	12			ll		1		2	5
New York:	· 1	1								*
Albany	113,344		1		1		. 8		7	
Amsterdam	33,524	9	2	. 1	8 8	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	2	
Buffalo	36, 192 506, 775	140	16		403	3	37	····i	21	8
Cohoes	506,775 22,987	16			100					
Cortland		5	1				4			
Dunkirk	19,336	5	••••		اجي		1			1
Elmira Geneva	45,393	····i	2		2		2		2	1
Glens Falls.	16 639	8	••••••	•••••				•••••	···· ₂ ·	•••••
Hornell.	15.025	5								
	11 745	9							3	i
Hudson	11,740						3	- 1		
Ithaca	17,004	9	•••••		•••••	•••••	ا ب			• • • • • •
IthacaJamestown	17,004 38,917	12	3		2	,	1			•••••
Ithaca Jamestown Lackawanna	17,004 17,004 38,917 17,918	12 3	3		2	******	1 2			•••••
IthacaJamestown	13, 294 19, 336 45, 393 14, 648 16, 638 15, 025 11, 745 17, 004 38, 917 17, 17, 18 13, 029 21, 308	12	3		2	,	1		1	•••••

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED MARCH 24, 1923—Continued.

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

	Popula-	Total deaths	1 -	ıtheria	. Me	asles.	Sc	arlet ver.	Tu	iber- losis.
City.	tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
New York—Continued.									1	
Mount Vernon	42,726 5,620,048	11 1,567	158	10	349	4	324	4	. 246	1 110
New York Newburgh	30.366	1,367	1 136	10	349	.	324	*	. 240	. 110
Olean	20,506	10			65	1	22	1		
PeekskillPlattsburg	15, 868 10, 909	7 5		·j	20	j	2		. 1	
Port Chester	16.573	1					i			
Poughkeepsie	35,000 295,750 26,341	8	2	····i	· · · · · <u></u>		1		1	ļ
RochesterRome	295, 750 26, 341	86 14	16	1	57 2	1	2 4		. 12	8 3
Saratoga Springs	13, 181 88, 723 171, 717	4					ļ		i	1
Schenectady Syracuse	88,723 171 717	33 54	6		14	1	10 24	1 1	3 2 5 2	1 1 2 1 1 1
Troy.	72,013	28	3	i	1		î	1	5	2
Watertown	31,285 21,031	15		ļ	ļ <u>.</u>		1 2		2	1
White PlainsYonkers	100, 176	6 29	4		1 5		9		1	1
North Carolina:		1	1		1				1	1
Durham	21,719 19,861 24,418	8 16			93		2		4	
Greensboro	24, 418	9	2		106		_ z			3
Rocky Mount	12,742	4								ļ <u>.</u>
Wilmington	33,372 48,395	8 18			2		1		7	4
North Dakota:		10		ļ	-			ļ	1 '	*
Fargo	21,961		6	1					ļ	·····
Akron	208, 435	33	7		21		9		3	
BarbertonBucyrus	18, 811 10, 425	4 5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	¦	4	····i	5 2		2	1
Cambridge	13, 104 87, 091	3			4		1		í	
Canton	87,091	19	3		29		1			i
Chillicothe	15, 831 401, 247 796, 841 15, 236	6 129	10		10 21		8		22	10
Cleveland	796, 841	186	28		242	i	110	2	34	iŏ
Cleveland Heights	15, 236 237, 031	74	6		42 138	3	8		1 3	6
Cochocton	10.847		ĭ		136				3	0
Dayton East Cleveland East Youngstown Findlay	152, 559 27, 292	50	5		6		8		1	
East Cleveland	27,292 11,237	9 5		• • • • • •	75		6		3	• • • • •
Findlay	17,021 12,468	8			54	2				
Fremont	12,468	4	₂ .		1 3		·····2			
Kenmore	39,675 12,683	13	1	•••••			3		····i	1
Lancaster	14,706 37,295	5	!		2					
Lorain	37,295 27,824	17	4		46 14		9	1	1 1	
Marion.	27, 891				4					
Martins Ferry	11,631	5	i							•••••
Middletown New Philadelphia	23, 594 10, 718	8	····i		8	1	···i		•••••	•••••
Newark	26,718	11			26		ī			····i
Niles	13,080 24,966	2	4		13		1		1	•••••
NorwoodPiqua	24,900 15,044	5 5 3	····i		1		1		•••••	•••••
Salem.	10,305	š							i	
Sandusky	22,897 60,840	4 18	1 2		28 206	····i	1 4		···· ₂ ·	i
Steubenville	28,508	18	1		200		2		1	
Tiffin	14 375	8 5 78							1	••••••
Toledo. Youngstown	243, 164	78	13	····i	45 50	1 2	20 8	. 1	1 3	6
Zanesville	243, 164 132, 358 29, 569	39 13	10		1	2	0		1	
Oklahoma:	91,295	26	2		2		5			
Oregon: Portland	258, 288	71	2		2		2		8	3
Pennsylvania: Allentown	73,502		8		112		13		2	
Altoona	60,331 12,730		1 .		52 l		4			
Ambridge. Beaver Falls	12,730	•••••	1 .		3		1			•••••
Deaver Pauls	12,802	'.	•••••	•••••	o '.	••••••	ı,	•••••	•••••	•••••

¹ Pulmonary only.

	Popula-	Total deaths	1 -	htheria	Me	asles.	Sc fe	arlet ver.	T cu	uber- losis.
City.	Popula- tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Pennsylvania—Continued.										
Berwick	12, 181 50, 358 20, 879 15, 525 23, 778 10, 632 10, 916			·	. 69	-	1 3			· · · · · · •
Braddock	20,879		2 1		. 03		ı		$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$	
Bradford	15,525		1		3 7			.]	
Butler	23,778		2	ļ	. 38		. 2		-	
CanonsburgCarlisle.	10,632				· · · · i	• ••••	• • • • • • •		. 1	
Carrick.					1 2					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Chambersburg	13,171 11,516 58,030				5 17		2			
Charleroi.	11,516		1		. 5		.			
Chester		• • • • • • • •			17 2		. 3		. 1	
Columbia.	10,836		4		31				. 9	
Connellsville	10,836 13,804 11,049		l		6	1		1		
Dickson	11,049		1		.	.	<u>.</u>			
Donora	14,131 13,681 19,011	• • • • • • • •	····· ₂ ·		. 16		1 2		-	· -
Duquesne.	19,001	• • • • • • • •			2		-		-	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Easton	33,813		2		23		6	1		
Erie	33,813 93,372		4		. 1 6		4		. 4	
Farrell	15,586 15,033	• • • • • • • •			6		2	ļ	-	
Greensburg	75,917	•••••	1 4		4		1		-	• • • • •
Hazleton.	32,277		2		90 1		1 5 2		-	•
Homestead	20,452		2 1	:::::	1 6		·			
Jeannette	10.627		<u>.</u> .		25 16					
JohnstownLancaster	67,327	••••••	3		16		13			
Lebanon.	53, 150 24, 643	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 3 2		13		3		·	•••••
McKee's Rocks	24,643 16,713		4		13		1			
McKeesport	46,781		1		75 3 13 7 2 1					
Mahanoy City	15,599		2		2					
Mount Cormol	18,179 17,469	•••••	• • • • • •		1				i	• • • • • •
Nanticoke.	22,614				5					•••••
New Castle	44,938 11,987						2			
Nanticoke	11,987				6				1	
Norristown North Braddock	32,319	••••••	3	• • • • • •	3 3		1		3	· · · · · ·
Oil City.	14,928 21,274 1,823,779		• • • • • •	• • • • • •	105				3	
Oil City. Philadelphia	1,823,779	608	94	11	228	11	69	2	94	49
Phoenixville.	10,484				3		<u>.</u> .			
Pittsburgh Pittston.	10,484 588,343 18,497	••••••	19	• • • • •	352 2		27	• • • • •	10	
Pottstown	17,431		•••••	• • • • • •	25		•••••			•••••
Pottsville	21.876				15					
Punxsutawney	10,311 107,784		3							
Reading	107,784		4 2		50 24		3	• • • • •		· · · · · ·
Shamokin	137,783 21,204 21,747 24,728		2	•••••	24	• • • • • • • •	3	• • • • • •	3	• • • • •
Sharon	21.747				4 58					• • • • •
Shenandoah	24,728		3					• • • • • •		
Steelton	13,428 15,721				2				i	.
Sunbury Swissvale	15,721	•••••	4	•••••	5 3 7	•••••	····i	• • • • •		•••••
Tamaqua	10,908 12,363		2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7	•••••		• • • • • •		•••••
Uniontown	15.692		2		53 1 9		i			-
Washington	21,480 11,717				1		1			• • • • •
West Chester	72 922	•••••	1		8	•••••	1	• • • • • •	····i	• • • • •
Wilkinsburg.	73,833	•••••		•••••	36	•••••	•••••	• • • • • • •	-	• • • • • •
Williamsport	24,403 36,198		i				i			
Woodlawn	12.490 1.				6					•••••
York	47,512		2		49	!	4	•••••	1	•••••
Rhode Island: Cranston	20 407	او	1	- 1	4	1	1			
Cumberland (town)	10,077	2 2 7								•••••
Newport	30, 255	7	i		12		i i			•••••
Pawtucket.	29, 407 10, 077 30, 255 64, 248 237, 595	26 . 90 .	ي.		29 202		1 .			2 6
Providenceouth Carolina;	237, 595	90	7	1	202	7	3		1	6
Charleston		21 .							1	2
Columbia	67,957 37,524 23,127	23 13								2 1 1
Greenville	23,127	13 .			. ا ا	. . l .	.اا			1

	Popula-	Total deaths	1 -	ntheria	Мо	asles.	Sc. fe	arlet ver.	Tu	iber- losis.
City.	tion Jan. 1, 1920.	from all causes	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
South Dakota:										
Sioux Falls	25, 202	6	1		· ·····	· ·····	. 5	ļ	· ·····	·····
Memphis	162,351 118,342	68 70	10	2	104 178	1	4		15 3	1
Texas: Amarillo	15, 494 34, 876	ļ <u>.</u>	. <u>.</u> .		.	.	1			
AustinBeaumont	34, 876 40, 422	1 18	1		30	····i		ļ	1	<u>2</u>
Corpus Christi	10.522	3 47	3			.				l
Dallas	158,976 77,580	47	3		98	6	6		. 5	11
El Paso	106,482	17	3		1	.	î		5	1 5
Galvacton	106, 482 44, 255 138, 276 161, 379	17		· ·····	5	ļ	·····2		.	6
Houston San Antonio Waco	161,379	41 75	.5 1		2	1:::::	l			8
Waco	38, 500	20	1		28	1	1			
Utah: Salt Lake City	118, 110	52	2	l	7	l	2	l	2	4
Vermont:	=	-					1		1	-
Barre. Burlington	10,008 22,779	7					1			·····i
Rutland	22, 779 14, 954	4								1
Virginia:		4	ł		1	ł	1	1	2	1
Alexandria. Charlottesville	18,060 10,688	1 3	1::::::		l				1	
Danville	21, 539 30, 070	6			5	;-	1		7	
Lynchburg Norfolk	30,070 115,777	13	1 2		134 35	1	1		5	2 5
Petersburg	31.012	8			6		î		5 2	
Petersburg	54, 387 171, 667	14 60			6	ļ	;-		;;	
Roanoke	50, 842	19	1		83 155	2	1		12	9
Washington:	•	-	_							_
Aberdeen	15, 337 27, 644		1		····i			•••••		• • • • • •
Seattle	315 312		2		1		10			· · · · · ·
Spokane	104, 437		5		2		10	• • • • •		•••••
Tacoma. Vancouver	104, 437 96, 965 12, 637		4	• • • • •		• • • • • •	4			•••••
West Virginia:			_							•••••
Bluefield	15, 282	6 15	•••••		19 2		1	• • • • • •		•••••
Charleston	39, 608 27, 869	4			9		1			•••••
Fairmont	17, 851	l	1				4		1	•••••
Huntington	50, 177 12, 515	. 21			7 5		•••••	•••••		2
Morgantown	12, 515 12, 127 10, 669				60					• • • • • •
Moundsville	10,669	4 9	1		····i					•••••
Parkersburg	20, 050 56, 208	21	3		105	····i	3		6	····i
Wisconsin:						- 1	Ť		- 1	_
AppletonBeloit.	19, 561 21, 284	- 8 5						•••••		•••••
Eau Claire	20,906						1 1			• • • • • •
Fond du Lac	23, 427	. 10	<u>.</u>	···i	5		2 4	···· ₂ ·	1	2
Green Bay Janesville	31, 017 18, 293	·····2	4		36		i	z	•••••	•••••
Kenosha	40, 472	13	1		36 34				1	
La Crosse Madison	30, 421 38, 378	5	2		18 187		2 2	•••••	····i	••••
Marinette	13, 610	2								· · · · · · ·
Milwaukee	457, 147	133	26	2	104		213	4	12	9
Oshkosh Racine	33, 162 58, 593	13 19	····i	····i	66		11		4	•••••
Shehovgan	30, 955 1	9	3		16					•••••
Stevens Point	11.371	7			15		1		••••• •	••••
Superior	39, 671 12, 558 18, 661	1	····i		14 18		3		·····	
Wausau	18,661		1 .		22					•••••
West Allis	13, 745	······	1	•••••	1	•••••	3 .		····· ·	••••
Cheyenne	13, 829	6							1	1
	,	- 1		1		1	1		- 1	

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

ARGENTINA.

Plague-Rosario.

Information dated February 27, 1923, shows the occurrence at Rosario, Argentina, during the preceding 17 days, of eight cases of plague with three deaths. The disease was stated to be confined to one small section of the city.

Isolated cases of plague were stated not to be unusual at Rosario and in the northern interior provinces of Argentina, among Syrians and Turks.

AUSTRALIA.

Anthrax - Albury.

Under date of January 31, 1923, a case of anthrax was reported at Albury, a locality on the border between the States of New South Wales and Victoria, Australia. The patient was stated to have purchased a shaving brush from a dealer and to have used it twice before developing symptoms of anthrax. In his statement to the authorities he alleged that the day following the second use of the shaving brush he noticed an irritation and swollen pimple on his lower lip. The infection of the brush was verified. A guinea pig inoculated with washings from the brush died of anthrax and anthrax bacilli were reported demonstrated in smears. The patient recovered.

AZORES.

Plague-Fayal and St. Michael.

Plague has been reported in the Azores as follows: Island of Fayal, two cases at Castelo Branco during the week ended March 18, 1923; one case at Horta, reported March 23, of actual occurrence about two weeks previous to report. St. Michael Island, February 4 to 24, 1923, 18 cases with 11 deaths, occurring in vicinity of port of Ponta Delgada.

BRAZIL.

Yellow Fever-Bahia.

During the week ended February 24, 1923, four cases of yellow fever with one death were reported at Bahia, Brazil.

CANADA.

Lethargic Encephalitis-Regina, Saskatchewan.

During the period February 11 to March 24, 1923, five deaths from lethargic encephalitis, of which four occurred in nonresidents, were reported at Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada.

Typhoid Fever-Cochrane-Ontario.1

Increased prevalence of typhoid fever was reported at Cochrane, Ontario, March 25, 1923, with 300 cases present. No mortality was reported. Emergency hospitals have been established and nurses brought from Toronto. (Estimated population, 4,000.)

CELEBES (MALAY ARCHIPELAGO).

Plague - Macassar.

Under date of February 15, 1923, plague was reported present at Macassar, Celebes Island, Malay Archipelago, in bubonic form and epidemic in pneumonic form.

CUBA.

Communicable Diseases.

Communicable diseases have been notified in Cuba as follows:

NEW CASES REPORTED FEBRUARY 11-20, 1923.

Province.	Chicken pox.	Diph- theria.	Infantile tetanus,		Measles.	Para- typhoid fever.	Scarlet fever.	Typhoid lever.	
Camaguey Habana Matanzas	15 4	5		9 16	2		3	2 11 5	
Oriente. Pinar del Rio. Santa Clara.	13 26	3		84 1 2	2	1		21 4 7	
Total	58	11		112	4	2	3	. 40	

NEW CASES REPORTED FEBRUARY 21-28, 1923.

Camaguey	6 4 26	7		49	 3	2	4 6 6 9 3 8
Total		11	1	78	 3	4	36

DANZIG (FREE CITY).

Typhus Fever.

During the week ended February 24, 1923, a case of typhus fever was reported at Danzig in the person of a traveler arriving from Poland.

¹ Public Health Reports, April 6, 1923, p. 763.

DOMENICA (WEST INDIES).

Smallpox (Reported as Alastrim).1

Under date of February 26, 1923, smallpox (reported as alastrim) was stated to be present in the Island of Domenica, with several thousand cases.

ESTHONIA.

Communicable Diseases - January, 1923.

Communicable diseases were reported in the Republic of Esthonia during the month of January, 1923, as follows:

Disease.	Cases.	Disease.	Cases.
Diphtheria. Measles. Scarlet fever. Smallpox	165 122	Tuberculosis Typhoid fever Typhus fever	68

¹ Recurrent typhus cases, 4; paratyphus fever cases, 2.

GREECE.

Lethargic Encephalitis -- Kalamata.

During the four-week period ended February 13, 1923, three deaths from lethargic encephalitis were reported at Kalamata, Greece.

GUADELOUPE (WEST INDIES).

Smallpox (Reported as Alastrim).2

Information received under date of February 26, 1923, shows the continued existence of smallpox (reported as alastrim) in the island of Guadeloupe, West Indies, occurring among the colored population.

MARTINIQUE (WEST INDIES).

Smallpox (Reported as Alastrim) - Quarantine Against Martinique.

Smallpox (reported as alastrim) was stated to be present, March 31, 1923, with a few cases, on the island of Martinique, West Indies. The British islands were stated to have quarantined against Martinique.

MEXICO.

Minaico.

Fatal Case of Fever-Tuxtepec.

The following telegram was received April 6, 1923, from a Public Health Service officer on duty in Mexico, with regard to a fatal case of fever at Tuxtepec, Mexico:

"A case of yellow fever diagnosed by local physician at Tuxtepec, Oaxaca, and patient died. Case investigated by Doctor Connor and declared by him to be blackwater fever."

Population, officially estimated, 1,109,479.

¹ Public Health Reports, January 26, 1923, p. 174.

² Public Health Reports, January 26, 1923, p. 174; February 2, 1923, p. 224; March 30, 1923, p. 712.

PANAMA CANAL.

Prohibited Importations on Account of Foot-and-Mouth Disease—Canal Zone—Colon—Panama.

Prohibition of entry into the Canal Zone and the cities of Colon and Panama, either permanently or for transshipment, was declared effective March 14, 1923, as regards—

Horses, mules, asses, cattle, sheep, swine, and goats, unless accompanied by American consular certificate that they have not come from a locality where foot-and-mouth disease prevails or that they be subjected after arrival to such disinfection as the chief quarantine officer may direct; chickens, or any other domesticated fowls; hay, grain, straw, or goods packed in grass, hay, or straw, from the Republics of Guatemala, Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua, and Costa Rica.

POLAND.

Communicable Diseases—December 3-23, 1922.

Communicable diseases have been notified in Poland as follows:

WEEK ENDED DECEMBER 9, 1922.

Disease.	Cases.	Deaths.	Locality of highest mor tality. (District and
		<u> </u>	city.)
Cerebrospinal meningitis	6	3	
Cerebrospinal meningitis	73	1ŏ	K ielce.
Measles	822	44	Warsaw City.
Scarlet fever	297	39	_ Do.
Smallpox	18 75	2	Lwow.
TuberculosisTyphoid fever	260	169 26	Lwow; Warsaw City.
Typhog lover	223	3	Lwow. Stanislawow.
Typhus fever	195	5	Nowogrodek.
Whooping cough	196	17	Lwow.
Cerebrospinal meningitis	14 96 839 224	6 9 25 19	Lodz. Silesia. Lwow. Stanislawow.
Scarlet fever	221	19	Stanislawow,
Cuberculosis.	85	169	Lwow.
Pyphoid fever	269	24	Lodz.
Typhus fever	199	8	Lwow.
Typhus fever, recurrent	145 95	2	Nowogrodek.
Whooping cough	80	· ']	Warsaw City.
WEEK ENDED DECEMBE	ER 23, 1 922		
Perebrospinal meningitis	11	5	Silesia.
erebrospinal meningitis	88	7	Lwow; Silesia.
feasies	396	15	Kielce: Warsaw City.
carlet fever	193	. 24	Stanislawow.
mallpox	7 89		Wante or Otto
uberculosis	254	193 27	Warsaw City. Lodz: Warsaw City.
Typhus fever	179	12	Eastern borders.
vphus fever, recurrent	148	4	Nowogrodek.
Vhooping cough	193	24	

RUSSIA.

Communicable Diseases - Moscow - January, 1923 (Comparative).1

The following statement shows the number of communicable diseases treated in epidemic hospitals in the city of Moscow, January, 1923, and January, 1922.

Disease.	January, 1923.	January, 1922.	Remarks.
Chicken pox Cholera Diphtheria Influenza Relapsing fever Scarlet fever Smallpox Typhcid fever Typhus fever	73 695 345 320 10 77	76 215 1,905 230 67 124 2,240	Undetermined, 38 and 214 cases, respectively.

Plague—December 2, 1922-February 16, 1923-Kirghiz Republic.1

During the period December 2, 1922, to February 16, 1923, 116 cases of pneumonic plague were reported in the Kirghiz Republic, Russian Federation. The occurrence was distributed in two out of the six governments of the Republic.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

Smallpox-Typhus Fever-January, 1923.

Smallpox and typhus fever were reported in the Union of South Africa, during the month of January, 1923, as follows: Smallpox—18 cases with 1 death among the colored population and 4 cases in the white population. Typhus fever—587 cases with 65 deaths, colored population, and 10 cases with 1 death, white population. For distribution of occurrence according to States of the Union, see pages 815 and 816.

¹ From information dated February 26, 1923, appearing in the Epidemiological Report of the Health Section, League of Nations, Mar. 22, 1923.

The reports contained in the following tables must not be considered as complete or final as regards either the list of countries included or the figures for the particular countries for which reports are given.

Reports Received During Week Ended April 13, 1923.¹ CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India			<u>.</u> .	Jan. 14-20, 1923: Cases, 570;
Bombay	Feb. 4–10 Feb. 4–17	2	2	deaths, 344.
Calcutta	Feb. 4-17	70	48	I
Madras	Feb. 18-24	3	2]
Rangoon	Feb. 11-17	ji	1	
Russia:	Jan. 1-31	1		•
		<u> </u>	1	1
	PLA	GU R.		A 11.55
Argentina:				1
Rosario	Feb. 10-27	8	3	1
	Feb. 10-21		•	İ
Azores:		l	j	
Fayal—	32 - 45 - 45	١ _	ì	
Castelo Branco	Mar. 12-18	2		
Horta	Mar. 23	1		Actual occurrence about Mar. 6
		1.	1	1923.
St. Mi chael	!	1.:	l	Feb. 4-24, 1923: Cases, 18; deaths, 11. In vicinity of Ponta Del
20. 22. 02. 02. 03. 03. 03. 03. 03. 03. 03. 03. 03. 03		1		11. In vicinity of Ponta Del
Celebes (Malay Archipelago):		ł	1	gada.
Macassar		1	ł	Feb. 15, 1923: Bubonic, present
an and 3364		1		pneumonic, epidemic.
Parent		1	į .	Ion 1 Mar 9 1022: Cone of
gypt		J		Jan. 1-Mar. 8, 1923: Cases, 27
City—		1 -] _ '	deaths, 17.
Port Said	Mar. 1-5	1	1	
Suez	Mar. 2	1	1	
Province—		1		
Assiout	Mar. 1-8	6	3	Pneumonic, 2 cases.
Kena	Mar. 8	1	1	Pneumonic, 1 death. Feb. 4-10, 1923: Cases, 6,470
ndia				Feb. 4-10, 1923; Cases. 6.470
Rombay	Feb. 4-10	16	13	deaths, 5,075.
BombayCalcutta	Feb. 11–17	1	ű	200000, 0,010.
Tanah:	Feb. 18-24	4	2	
Karachi	Feb. 18-24			
Madras Presidency Rangoon	qo	488	378	
Rangoonaq (Mesopotamia): ⁸	Feb. 11-17	32	29	•
raq (Mesopotamia): "		_		
Bagdad	Jan. 1-31	3		
tussia:			1	
Kirghi z Republic				Dec. 2, 1922-Feb. 16, 1923: Cases.
enegal:				116 (pneumonic); occurring in
Dakar	Feb. 1-28	2	2	Dec. 2, 1922-Feb. 16, 1923: Cases, 116 (pneumonic); occurring in two out of six Governments.
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	SMAL	LPOX.		
Canada:	·		j	
Alberta-	1		1	
Calgary	Mar. 4-10	1		
Ontario—		- 1		•
Ottawa	Mar. 18-24	1		
hina:		-		
Antung	Feb. 26-Mar. 4	1		•
Chungking.	Feb. 4-10	- 1		Present.
Tientsin	Feb. 18-24	i		Reported from foreign office.
	Feb. 10-24	*		Fah 26 1022. Present with and
omenica (west maies)				Feb. 28, 1923: Present with several thousand cases (esti-
1		1	J	meted) Deposited to the
j	l	i i	į	mated). Reported as alas-
	ı	1	Į	trim.
sthonia				Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 16.
rcece:			1	
Kalamata	Jan. 13-Feb. 13		1	
Patras.	Feb. 4-17		74	
Patrasuadeloupe (West Indies)				Feb. 26, 1923: Present. Reported
				as alastrim.
uatemala:		ŀ	i	.,
Guatemala City	Fab 23	!	j	Present.
Guatemaia City	red. 23		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	rresent.

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources. ² Formerly appearing as Mesopotamia.

Reports Received During Week Ended April 13, 1923—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

	1	1	1	1
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India				. Jan. 14-20, 1923: Cases, 1,783
Bombay	Feb. 4-10	. 17	6	
Calcutta	Feb. 4-17	. 37	22	!
Karachi	Feb. 18-24	24	2	1
Madras	do	. 24	3	
Rangoon	Feb. 11-17	. 16	11	
Iraq (Mesopotamia): 1 Bagdad	Jan. 1-31	32	20	. [
Jamaica.	3811. 1-01		20	Dec. 31, 1922-Mar. 10, 1923: Cases 393. (Previously reported as alastrim.)
Java:	•	1	1	alastim.)
East Java—	•	l		
Soerabaya	Feb. 4-10	. 2		
West Java—		_		
Batavia	Feb. 3-16	. 4		. Province.
Martinique		.!	1	. Mar. 31, 1923: Present. Reported
	l	ł	l .	as alastrim.
Mexico:				
Guadalajara	Feb. 1-28	39	8	i
_ Mexico City	Feb. 18-Mar. 3	61		.]
Persia:		l		•
Tabriz	Dec. 18-31		2	
Poland				Dec. 3-23, 1922: Cases, 29; deaths,
Portugal:	Feb. 19-Mar. 3	17	3	2.
Lisbon	Feb. 19-31ar. 3	1 17	l °	1
Chisinau	Jan. 1-31	17	ļ	1
Russia:	Jan. 1-01	"		1
Moscow		1	1	Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases treated in
22000011		::		hospital, 10.
Spain:		i i	•	
Valencia	Mar. 4-10	4	1	
Switzerland:		_		
Basel	Feb. 25-Mar. 3	3		i
Berne	do	25		!
Zurkh	do	1		
Union of South Africa				Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 22 (colored, 18, white, 4); deaths, 1
		1 1		ored, 18, white, 4); deaths, 1
				(colored).
Cape Province	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 14 (colored, 10, white, 4).
D.	Ti-b 4 10	i I		ored, 10, white, 4).
Do	Feb. 4-10			Outbreaks. Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 4; deaths, 1
Natal				(colored).
Dó	Feb. 4-10			Outbreaks.
Orange Free State				Jan 1-31 1923: Cases 3 (colored).
Transvaal				Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 3 (colored). Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 1 (colored).
Do	Feb. 4-10			Outbreaks.
20	100.1.0		•••••	0 40000
	TYPHUS	FEVER	l.	
Austria:				
Vienna	Jan. 7-17	1		
Brazil:		ì	_	
Porto Alegre	Feb. 25-Mar. 3		3	
China:	1	1		
Manchuria—	F13 10 10			
Harbin	Feb. 12-18	3	• • • • • • • • • •	In manage and dead from Deland
Danzig (Free City)	Feb. 18-24	1	• • • • • • • • • •	In person arrived from Poland.
Egypt:	Feb. 26-Mar. 4	1		
Alexandria	Jan. 1-7	3	·····i	
Cairo	Addr. T_1	•	- 1	Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 2. Recur-
Preeca:	••••••••	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	rent typhus, cases, 4.
Patras	Feb. 4-17		4	rous albums, cases, as
fexico:	- VV. T-11	••••••	*	
Mexico City	Feb. 18-Mar. 3	31 .		Including municipalities in Fed-
Persia:		٠,		eral District.
	Dec. 18-31		3	
oland				Dec. 3-23, 1922: Cases, 501;
		1		deaths, 29. Recurrent typhus:
Rumania:	_ 1	_ 1	j	Dec. 3-23, 1922: Cases, 501; deaths, 29. Recurrent typhus: Cases, 488; deaths, 11.
Chisnau	Jan. 1-31	71 .		Recurrent typhus, cases, 33.
			•	

¹ Formerly appearing as Mesopotamia.

Reports Received During Week Ended April 13, 1923-Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Russia: Moscow Union of South Africa	do	290		Undetermined, cases, 38. Jan. 1-31, 1923: Total-Cases, 597; deaths, 66. (Colored, 587 cases, 65 deaths; white, 10 cases, 1
Cape Province Do	Feb. 4-17			death.) Jan. 1-31, 1923; Colored—cases, 513; deaths, 54; white—6 cases, Outbreaks, 13an. 1-31, 1923; Colored—cases, 19; deaths, 1; white—1 case, Outbreaks. Jan. 1-31, 1923; Colored—cases,
Do		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		37: deaths, 5; white mases, 1. Outbreaks. Jan. 1-31, 1923: Calcud—cases, 18; deaths, 5; white—cases, 2, 1 death. Outbreaks.
	YELLOW	FEVE	·	
Brazil: Bahia. Mexico: Tampico.	Feb. 18-24 Jan. 15	4	1	Reported on bills of health.

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923. CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China: Liutaoku Chosen (Korea): Yalu River Region	Sept. 22	60	20	Sept. 22, 1922; 30 deaths reported.
India Bombay Calcutta Do. Madras De. Rangoon Do. Philippine Islands:	Oct. 27-Dec. 23. Nov. 12-Dec. 30. Dec. 31-Feb. 3. Nov. 19-Dec. 16. Jan. 21-Feb. 17. Nov. 12-Dec. 23. Dec. 31-Jan. 27.	2 102 114 4 6 17	1 60 76 2 2 2 10	Sept. 24-Dec. 30, 1922: Cases 14,637; deaths, 8,833. Dec. 31, 1922-Jan. 13, 1923; Cases, 2,061; deaths, 1,209.
Province— Laguna Russia. Archangel (Government) Tashkent. Ukraine Donetz (Government) Tchernigov (Government). Siam:	do	7 27 29 36		Jan. 1-Oct. 7, 1922: Cases, 83,367. Turkestan Republic: 3 cases reported on waterways. Sept. 1-30, 1922: Cases, 119.
BangkokDo	Oct. 29-Dec. 23 Dec. 31-Jan. 27	4 3	1	•••••

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued. PLAGUE.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Azores:				
Faval Island—	l	ı	ı	1
Castelo Branco	Dec. 2-31		. 3	Vicinity of Horta. Dec. 30, 1922;
Pico Island-	N 00 D 10	İ	١ .	Several cases.
Lages	Nov. 27-Dec. 15	·	8	1 case present Dec. 15, 1922.
St. Michael Island Ponta Delgada	Nov. 26-Dec. 9	3		Nov. 12-Dec. 30, 1922: Cases, 100; deaths, 35. At localities 3-9 miles from Ponta Delgada. Dec. 31, 1922-Feb. 3, 1923: Cases, 106; deaths, 41. From 6 to 20 miles distant from port of Penta Delgada.
Brazil:	1101. 20 Dec. 5	1 "		miles from Ponta Delgada
Bahia	Oct. 29-Dec. 30	5	5	Dec. 31, 1922-Feb. 3, 1923;
Do	Oct. 29-Dec. 30 Jan. 28-Feb. 3	l i	1	Cases, 108; deaths, 41. From
Pernambuco	Jan. 14-20	3	2	6 to 20 miles distant from port
Porto Alegre	Nov. 19-25	1		of Ponta Delgada.
British East Africa: Kenya Colony—_		l	4	
Tanganyika Territory	Oct. 15-Dec. 16	12	7	
Do	Jan. 14-20	7	6	<u> </u>
Uganda	Dec. 1-31	141	129	
Entebbe	Nov. 24-30	211	202	
Ceylon:	Now 19 Dec 20	46	38	Plague rodents, 16.
Colombo Do	Nov. 12-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 17	51	40	Plague rodents, 17.
Chile:	Dec. 01-1 00. 11		1	l rague rodents, 11.
Antofagasta		l	l	Quarantine. Year, 1922: March,
				1 case; May, 1 case.
China:				
Hongkong	Nov. 5-Dec. 23 Dec. 31-Jan. 6	14	12	i .
Do	Dec. 31-Jan. 0	1		
Harbin	Jan. 29-Feb. 4	7		
Ecuador:		1		
Guayaquil	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	9	3	Rats examined, 16,600; found in-
			l _	fected, 72.
Do	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	18	- 5	Rats examined, 17,900; found in-
2				fected, 83.
EgyptCity—				deaths, 228. Jan. 1, 1922-Jan.
Alexandria	Nov. 19-25	2		Jan. 1-Dec. 28, 1922: Cases, 485; deaths, 228. Jan. 1, 1922-Jan. 4, 1923: Cases, 487; deaths, 228. Jan. 1-Mar. 1, 1923: Cases, 17;
. Do	Jan. 8-10 Nov. 19-27	1	1	Jan. 1-Mar. 1, 1923: Cases, 17;
Port Said	Nov. 19-27	4	2	deaths, 16.
Do	Jan. 26 Nov. 18-Dec. 5	1 3	4	
Suez Province—	NOV. 10-Dec. 5	°		
Assiout	Nov. 19-Dec. 29	4	1	Septicemic: 1 case, 1 death.
Do	Jan. 26-Feb. 27	8	6	Pneumonic: 4 cases, 4 deaths; septicemic, 1 case, 1 death.
			_	_septicemic, 1 case, 1 death.
Dakahlieh	Dec. 3	1 2	1	Pneumonic.
Minieh Do	Nov. 18–27 Feb. 24	2	1	
Hawaii:	F 60. 24		•	
Honokas				Feb. 8-9, 1923: Plague rats, 3.
India				Feb. 8-9, 1923: Plague rats, 3. Oct. 1-Dec. 30, 1922: Cases, 25,007;
Bombay	Oct. 27-Dec. 30	41	32	deaths, 18,803. (Report for
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 3	28	21 1	deaths, 18,803. (Report for Nov. 19-25, 1922, not received.) Dec. 31, 1922-Feb. 3, 1923: Cases, 25,149; deaths, 19,631.
KarachiDo	Dec. 10-16, Dec. 31-Feb. 17	1 9	. 8	Cases 25 140 deaths 10 631
Madras Presidency	Nov. 19- Dec. 30.	2.269	1,448	cuses, 20,110, deaths, 10,001.
Do	Nov. 19-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 17	2,878	2, 171	
Madras	Nov. 19-25	1	1	
_ Do	Jan. 21-27	.1	1	
RangoonDo	Nov. 12-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 10	52 90	49 79	
Japan:	Dec. 31- Feb. 10		. '''	
Osaka				July 1-Nov. 30, 1922: Cases, 70.
ava				Oct. 1-Nov. 3, 1922: Cases, 900; deaths, 763. Jan. 1-31, 1923: Cases, 490; deaths, 549.
				deaths, 763. Jan. 1-31, 1923:
TO 24 Y			- 1	Cases, 490; deaths, 549.
East Java				Dec. 1-31, 1922: Deaths, 990.
Residencies— Pekalongan	Dec. 1-31	56	1	
Samarang	do	202		
Soerabaya	Oet. 22-Dec. 31	34	14	
Do.	Jan. 14-20	2	2	Jan. 17-23, 1923: Cases, 5; deaths,
Do				
	Oat 20 Dec 16	10	10	3.
	Oct. 29-Dec. 16	18	18	Not a seaport.

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Madagascar				Jan. 1-Dec. 10, 1922: Cases, 143.
Province— Diego Suarez	Ton 1-31	2		Jan. 1-15, 1923: Cases, 22.
Moramanga	Jan. 1-31	ļ	:	To Nov. 12, 1922: Cases, 24; deaths, 21. Cases reported to
Amparafara region	Sept. 18-Nov. 5	21		Oct. 30, pneumonic. Bubonic, 18; septicemic, 3 (doubtful, 2).
Moramanga	Dec. 6-9	3		Bubonic.
Tamatave Miarinarivo.	Feb. 10-Dec. 31	21		Do. 14 1922-Ian 1 1923: 1 case
				(European).
Tananarive				(European). Jan. 1-Dec. 10, 1922: Cases, 73 (bubonic, 37; pneumonic, 8; septicemic, 28). Jan. 1-15, 1923:
Ambohimangakeley	Nov. 19-Dec. 9	9		Cases, 19. Bubonic, 3; pneumonic, 3; septicemic, 3.
Anketrina	Mar. 27-May 9	11		Bubonic, 4; pneumonic, 2; septi- cemic, 5 (3 doubtful).
Fenoarivo region	Oct. 7-Nov. 28	16		Bubonic, 3; pneumonic, 8; septicemic, 5.
Tananarive Do	Oct. 23-Dec. 10 Dec. 14-Jan. 15	13	5	1 septicemic.
Mesopotamia:				
Bagdad	Oct. 1-Nov. 30	16		
Tampico	Mar. 23	2	1	Plague rodent found, Mar. 14, 1923.
Palestine: Jaffa	Nov. 27-Dec. 4	1		
Peru	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		Nov. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Cases, 199;
Do	•••••			deaths, 93. Jan. 1-31, 1923; Cases, 151; deaths, 59.
Localities—	No. 10 Dec 01			Total to the state of
Canete Do	Nov. 16-Dec. 31 Jan. 1-31	56 22	19 7	Including vicinity. Do.
Casma Catacaos	do	1		At Campina.
Chepen	Dec. 16-31	4 2	1 1	Present Nov. 9-15, 1922.
Do	Jan. 1-31 Nov. 16-Dec. 15	1 17	7	•
Chiclayo (city and country).			1	
Do Eten	Jan. 1-31 Nov. 16-Dec. 15	18 4	9	
Guadeloupe	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	22	12	
Do Huacho	Jan. 1-31 Nov. 16-Dec. 31	4	1 2	
Do	Jan. 1-31	4	1	Court
Huara Huaral.	do Nov. 16–30	6 1		Country.
Do Huarmey	Jan. 1-31 Dec. 1-31	3 2	1 2	
Jayanca	Nov. 16-Dec. 31	10	8 3	
Lambayeque Do	do	7 9	3 7	
Lima (city)	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	11	8	
Do Lima (country	Jan. 1-31 Nov. 1-Dec. 31	1 14	1 5	
Do	Jan. 1-31	4	2	
Lurin	Dec. 1-15 Nov. 16-39	1 1	•••••	
Do	Jan. 1-31	i l	1	
Magdalena Vieja Mala	Dec. 16-31 Dec. 1-31	1 2	1	
Do	Dec. 1-31	4		
Miraflores	Dec. 16-31	3	3	
Mosche	Nov. 16-30	2 3	1	
Paita Do	Dec. 16-31	10	2 7 7	
Piura Do	Nov. 16-Dec. 31 Jan. 1-31	12 14	7 4	
Pueblo Nuevo	Dec. 1-31	7	4	
Do	Jan. 1-31	10	6 i	

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 8, 1923—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Peru—Continued. Localities—Continued. San Pedro	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	6	4 3	
SullanaDoTrujilloDoTuman	Nov. 16-30 Jan. 1-31	3 1 3 25	3 1 1 7	District.
Portugal: Lisbon Oporto Portuguese West Africa: Angola—	Nov. 10-29 Jan. 21-27	4	2 1	
Angola— Loanda	Oct. 1-Dec. 30		45	Fatal cases among white population.
Siam: Bangkok Do	Nov. 12-Dec. 23 Dec. 31-Jan. 27	5 8	5 7	
· Barcelona	Nov. 15-Dec. 18			Sept. 24-Nov. 14, 1922: Cases, 23 deaths, 9.
Malaga. Straits Settlements:	Jan. 27			17 suspected cases.
Singapore	Jan. 21-27	2 1	2 1	
Beirut Furkey:	Nov. 6-30	4	3	
Constantinople Do Union of South Africa: Transvaal—	Nov. 22-28 Jan. 28-Feb. 10	2 2		
Klipfontein Farm	Dec. 16	2	1	Natives. Jan. 25, 1923: Plague infected wild rodent found in vicinity.
On vessels: S. S. Helcion	Dec. 1	1		At Thursday Island Quarantine Australia, from Singapore Straits Settlements. In Chi
s. s. ——	Dec. 20			nese firemen. At port of London; plague infected rats and cats found in grain cargo on vessel from South America.
	SMAL	LPOX.		

•	1	1 .	1
Algeria:	1	1	1 1
Algiers	Dec. 1-10	1 1	i . I
Do	Jan. 1-Feb. 20	2	
Arabia:	Juli 1 105. 20	_	
Aden	Nov. 19-Dec. 23	7	1 3
Do	Jan. 7-Mar. 3	18	ا ق
Bolivia:		-	1
La Paz	Jan. 1-31	6	4
Brazil:		•	· *
Bahia	Nov. 5-11	1	1
Para	Feb. 12-Mar. 4	6.	
Pernambuco	Jan. 21-27	1	
Rio de Janeiro	Nov. 25-Dec. 30	40	15
Do		31	14
Sao Paulo	Oct. 16-22	7	-71
British East Africa:	OC6. 10-22	•	- 1
Kenya Colony—			1
Tanganyika Territory	Oct. 8-Dec. 23	193	10
Do	Jan. 7-20	17	II.
Uganda			
Entebbe	Nov. 24-30.	3 -	1 1
Canada:	1101. 21 00	J	• 1
Manitoba—			
	Dec. 10-30	14	. 1
Winnipeg Do	Jan. 21-27	14	
New Brunswick—	Jan. 21-27		••••••
Northumberland	Jan. 21-Feb. 17	8	1
	Jan. 21-Feb. 17	8	
County.	Mon 11 17		
Restigouche County	Mar. 11-17	1	11

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canada—Continued.				
Ontario		· <u>-</u> -	-	Dec. 1-31, 1922: Cases, 51; deaths,
Hamilton	Dec. 31-Feb. 24	. 7		1. Jan. 1-Feb. 28, 1923: Cases,
Niagara Falls Do	Dec. 3-30 Dec. 31-Jan. 12	10 12		. 66.
Ottawa	Dec. 10-23			•
Do		10		
Toronto		2		
Do		1		
Quebec	. Jain. 14–20	3		
Saskatchewan— Regina	. Dec. 3-23	2		
Ceylon: Colombo Chile:	Nov. 12-Dec. 24	9	4	1 case, 1 death outside city.
Concepcion	Oct. 30-Dec. 25		7 5	
Valparaiso	Feb. 6–26 Oct. 2–Dec. 26	4	54	In hospital 83 cases
Do	Jan. 9-Feb. 10		90	In hospital, 83 cases. Dec. 31, 1922-Jan. 27, 1923: Deaths, 66. Feb. 16, 1923: 80 cases present (estimated).
Amov	Nov. 5-Dec. 23		3	Nov. 26-Dec. 30, 1922: Present.
Do	Jan. 7-Feb. 3		5	1107. 20-200. 00, 1322. 1163616.
Antung	Nov. 13-Dec. 10	2		į
Centon	Oct. 1-Nov. 30			Prevalent.
Do	Jan. 21-Feb. 10	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		Present.
Cnangsna	Feb. 11-17	1		.
Chungking Do	Nov. 5-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 3			Do. Do.
Foochow	Nov. 12-Dec. 30			Do.
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 17	• • • • • • • •		Do.
Hankow	Dec. 31-Jan. 20	4	1	
Hongkong	Nov. 5-11	• • • • • • • •	1	
Do	Dec. 31-Jan. 20	3	1	
Manchuria—	N 00 Dec 01	10		
Harbin Do	Nov. 20-Dec. 31 Jan. 8-Feb. 11	13 7		
Mukden	Nov. 19-Dec. 16.	•		Do.
Do	Nov. 19-Dec. 16 Jan. 7-Feb. 3			Do.
Nanking	Nov. 5-Dec. 23	•••••		Do.
Do	Jan. 7-20	•••••		_ Do
Shanghai	Jan. 15-Feb. 25	3	1	Foreign. Death, Chinese.
Chemulpo Do	Oct. 1-Dec. 31 Jan. 1-31	135 26	84 17	
Fusan	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	4		
Do	Jan. 1-31	5		
Gensan	Dec. 1-31	6	2	•
Seoul	Oct. 1-Dec. 31	19	1	
Do	Jan. 1-31	35	11	
Colombia: Buenaventura	Jan. 25–Feb. 20	48	••••••	Estimated, 50 cases present; type mild; among colored population.
Cuba: Province—		1		
Camaguey	Nov. 11-Dec. 31	20		
Matanzas	Jan. 1-31	2		
Oriente	Nov. 21-Dec. 31	22		
Do	Jan. 1-Feb. 10	10	• • • • • • • • • • • •	
Santa Clara	Dec. 21-31	1	• • • • • • • • • •	O + 1 01 1000 G 0
Czechoslovakia Province—	_		••••••	Oct. 1-31, 1922: Cases, 3.
Bohemia	Oct. 1-31	1		
Moravia	do Oct. 1-Nov. 30	1		
Slovakia	Oct. 1-Nov. 30	, 2		
Dominican Republic: Puerto Plata	Dec. 14-30	2	1	
Santo Domingo	Dec. 3-16.	-		Present.
Do.	Feb. 28-Mar. 6	3		11000000
San Pedro de Macoris	Jan. 13-19	2		
Ecuador:	D. 101		1	
Guayaquil Do	Dec. 1–31	10 11		

Reperts Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued. SMALLPOX—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Egypt:				
Alexandria	Feb. 19-25	1		.]
Port Said	Jan. 21-27	1		4
Esthonia	Oct. 1-Dec. 31	61		
France:	Dec. 1-10	1		
Paris	Da: 1-10			'f
Germany: Bremen	Dec. 3-9	1	.	
Great Britain:		[-		
Liverpool	Dec. 11-17	1	1	From vessel.
London	Nov. 26-Dec. 23	3		
Nottingham	Nov. 19-Dec. 13	4		
Do	Jan. 7-Feb. 24	11	ļ	
Greece:	Jan. 21-Feb. 3		10	
Patras Saloniki.	Nov. 6-Dec. 31	6	5	
Do,	Jan. 15-28.	6		
Zante				Epidemic, Jan. 17, 1923.
Do	Jan. 7–14	13	4	
India				Nov. 5-Dec. 30, 1922: Cases, 5,783;
BombayDo	Nev. 5-Dec. 30	22	10	deaths, 333. Dec. 31, 1922-Jan.
D0	Dec. 31-Feb. 3 Nov. 12-Dec. 30	39	19	13, 1923: Cases, 2,533; deaths,
Calcutta Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 3	46 54	23 30	613.
Karachi.	Nov. 26-Dec. 30	6	30	
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 17	30	13	
Madras	Nov. 12-Dec . 30	71	23	
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 17	145	. 46	
Rangoon	Nov. 5-Dec. 30	27	6	
. Do	Jan. 7-Feb. 10	· 76	25	
famaica	Dec. 31-Mar. 10	393		Reported as alastrim.
Kobe	Jan. 13-Feb. 16	6	2	
Yokohams	Jan. 22-28	· ĭ		
ava:		_		
East Java—				
Soerabaya	Nov. 5-11	4		
West Java— Batavia	Nov. 11-Dec. 22	25		City and Province.
Do	Jan. 27-Feb. 2	25	1	Province.
atvia.	Oct. 1-Dec. 31	7		# TOVIDEC.
Mesopotamia:	1	•		
Bagdad	Oct. 1-Nov. 30	568	361	
Mexico:			1 .	•
Chihuahua	Dec. 4-17	38	17	
Guadalajara	Dec. 1-31	30	1/	
Do	Jan. 1-30	15		
Mexico City	Nov. 12-Dec. 23	43		Including municipalities in Fed-
· ·				eral district.
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 17	107		Do.
Nogales	Dec. 10-19 Dec. 31-Feb. 10	• • • • • • • •	į	
Do	Jan. 28-Feb. 3	• • • • • • • •	2	
San Luis Potosi.	Jan. 14-20	• • • • • • • •	i	
Sonora, State		 .		Nov. 1-30, 1922: Present in north-
Empalme	Nov. 1-30 Dec. 1-31	4	1	ern section.
Torreon	Dec. 1-31		1	
Vera Cruz	Feb. 26-Mar, 11	9	4	V 00 Ti-b 10 1000 Cones 0
Palestine				Jan. 23-Feb 19, 1923: Cases, 8. Northern district.
Persia:	.			Mot mer mer wer
Teheran	Oct. 24-Dec. 22		139	
Peru:				
Callao	Nov. 1-15	2		
Lima (city)	Dec. 1-15	3	1	
	Nov. 1-15	2	1	Oct. 1-Dec. 2, 1922: Cases, 103:
Lima (country)				Oct. 1-100. 2, 1822. Cases, 103;
				deaths 74.
Lima (country)				deaths, 24.
Lima (country)	Nov. 19-Dec. 30	143	34	
Lima (country)	Nov. 19-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 24	135	73	Dec. 25-31, 1922: Deaths, 12.
Lima (country)	Nov. 19-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 24 Oct. 15-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 24		34 73 12 8	

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Portuguese West Africa:				
Angola— Loanda	Oct. 27-Nov. 11	J	10	1
Russia:	1	1	1	
Province— Ukraine				JanSept., 1922: Cases, 8,744.
Spain:	N 00 D 0			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Corunna Huelva	Nov. 26-Dec. 2 Nov. 24-Dec. 31		1 4	
Madrid	. Dec. 1-31		. i	-
	Jan. 1-31		1	
Seville	Nov. 27-Dec. 31 Jan. 1-Mar. 11		32 16	
Valencia	Nov. 26-Dec. 23	3		
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 24	18	1	
Switzerland: Berne	Nov 10-Dec 30	85		
Do	Nov. 19-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 24	133		j,
Lucerne	. Jan. 1-31	6		
Zurich	Nov. 19-Dec. 30 Jan. 14-Feb. 24	19		i
Syria:	j.	ľ	l	1
Aleppo	Nov. 19—Dec. 23 Dec. 31-Feb. 24	38	20	
DoBeirut.	Dec. 31-Feb. 24 Dec. 11-20	26	6	
Damascus	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	97	16	
Do	Jan. 1-31	19		
Tunis:	Dec 1 99	2	١.,	
TunisDo	Dec. 1-22	1	1	
Turkey:				
Constantinople	Nov. 19-Dec. 16	122	34	
Do Union of South Africa	Dec. 31-Feb. 23	416	144	Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Cases-Col-
Union of South Africa			•••••	ored, 64; deaths, 1; white, cases,
				4.
Cape Province		•••••	•••••	Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Cases—Colored, 48; deaths, 1; white, 4
				cases.
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 3			Outbreaks.
East London Natal	Jan. 7-13	2	•••••	Dec. 1-31, 1922: Cases, 6 (colored).
Orange Free State				Dec. 1-31, 1922: Cases, 2 (colored).
Do	Jan. 14-Feb. 3			Outbreaks.
Southern Rhodesia Transvaal	Nov. 9-15	3		Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Cases, 10.
Do	Dec. 31-Jan. 6			Ontbreaks.
Johannesburg	Dec. 31-Jan. 6 Nov. 1-30		1	
Do Yugoslavia	Jan. 1-31	1	•••••	Aug. 1-31, 1922: Cases, 30; deaths,
I ugostavia				12.
Serbia				Aug. 1-31, 1922: Cases, 26.
Belgrade On vessel:	Nov. 12-Dec. 31	10	4	
S. S. Huntress	Nov. 11	1		At Fremantle, Australia: from
	l l	ı		At Fremantle, Australia; from Cape Town, South Africa.
S. S. Junin	Jan. 13	1		At Antofagasta, Chile. Vessel proceeded to Arica, Chile, with
		ŀ		patient on board.
s. s	Dec. 17-23	1		At Liverpool.
			l	
	TYPHUS	FEVER	•	
Algeria:	}	- 1		
Algiers	Nov. 11-Dec. 31	2	1	
Do	Jan. 1-31	7	. 2	
OranBolivia:	Jan. 11-20	1	- 1	
La Paz	Jan. 1-31	17	9	
Brazil:	Dec 2.0		ا	
Pernambuco Porto Alegre	Dec. 3–9 Nov. 19–Dec. 16	2 3	2	
Bulgaria:	1	1		
Sofia	Feb. 4-10	1 .		Paratyphus, 2 cases.

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.		
Chile:						
Antofagasta	Nov. 12-Dec. 30	24	5 2	Nov. 11-Dec. 5, 1922: Cases, 10		
DoConcepcion	Dec. 31-Feb. 24 Oct. 17-Dec. 18		. 9	deaths, 2. Quarantine station October, 1922—1 fatal case on vessel from Valparaiso November, 1922—cases, 7; De		
Dô	Dog 26 Ian 15	•	. 7	on vessel from Valparaiso		
IquiqueTalcahuano	Jan. 14-20. Nov. 12-Dec. 23. Jan. 7-Feb. 11.	10	1 6	November, 1922—cases, 7; De		
D0	Jan. 7-Feb. 11	5	2	cember, 1922—cases, 9; remaining, Dec. 31, 3 cases.		
Valparaiso	Dec. 3-30 Dec. 31-Feb. 10		1 00	1		
China: Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 10		. 28	Daily hospital average, 25 cases		
Antung	Nov. 13-Dec. 10	i				
Harbin	Nov. 20-26 Jan. 1-28	7				
Do		1 *				
Matanzas	Dec. 25-31	1	1			
City— Prague Province—	Nov. 19-25	1				
Bohemia	Nov. 1-30	1	1	1		
Ruthenia	Nov. 1-30 Oct. 1-Dec. 31	25				
SlovakiaDanzig (Free City)	Nov. 1-30 Jan. 7-13	2				
Egypt:		ı		İ		
Alexandria	Nov. 19-Dec. 31	2	1			
Do	Jan. 22–28 Oct. 1–Dec. 31	19	9	i		
Esthonia				Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922; Cases, 6		
Libau	Dec. 24-30	1		Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Cases, 6 Recurrent typhus: Cases, 10 Year 1922: Cases, 159; recurrent		
Narva	•••••	ļ		typhus, 91 cases. Year 1922: Cases, 149; recurrent typhus cases, 83.		
Berlin	Nov. 26-Dec. 2	ļ	1	3, p		
CoblenzDresden	Dec. 10-16de	1				
Great Britain:	Jan. 7–Feb. 17	1 .	1			
Greece:		_	·			
Corfu IslandLeucadia.	Feb. 8			Present.		
Patros	NAV 10-25		i	D0.		
D0	Jan. 1-7	3	1	_		
Piræus. Prevesa	Feb. 8		•••••	Do. Do.		
Saloniki	Dec. 18-24.	3		Among refugees.		
D0	Jan. 7-28	16	3	Refugees.		
ZanteGuatemala:	Jan. 17			Present.		
Guatemala City	Jan. 1-31		1			
reland:	Jan. 14-Feb. 17	13	3			
taly:	June 15-Dec. 14	20		In county Mayo.		
Trieste	Feb. 26-Mar. 3	1		Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Cases, 74. Recurrent typhus, cases, 10.		
Mexico: Mexico City	Nov. 12-Dec. 30	90		Including municipalities in Federal District.		
Do San Luis Potosi	Dec. 31-Feb. 17 Jan. 25-Feb. 10	81	2	Do.		
Palestine	Jan. 20- Feb. 10	• • • • • • • •	2	Dec. 5-23, 1922: Cases, 3: in northern section. Feb. 27-Mar. 5, 1923—1 case in northern section.		
Jaffa.	Dec. 12-18	. 2				
Jerusalem.	Jan. 16-Feb. 26 Dec. 26-Jan. 1	1				
araguay: Asuncion	Jan. 1-27		1			
Teheran	Sept. 24-Nov. 24		3	_		
oland				Oct. 1-Dec. 2, 1922: Cases, 1,415; deaths, 101. Recurrent ty-		

Reports Received from December 30, 1922, to April 6, 1923—Continued. TYPHUS FEVER—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Portugal: Oporto	Oct. 15-Dec. 2		1	
Rumania: Bucharest		ļ <u>.</u>		To Jan. 31, 1923: Cases, 96
Chisinau	Nov. 1-30	5		deaths, 13.
Russia				July 30-Sept. 23, 1922; Cases 23,803.
Ukraine Ukraine, Tartar Republic, and Siberia.	JanSept June 1-30	i i		Provisional figures.
Do	July 1-31	6,864		Do. Do.
Siberia: Vladivostok	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	1 '		Do. Remittent, 1 case; indefinite.
Do	Jan. 1-31	43		cases. Remittent, 1 case; indefinite, 10
Spain: Barcelona	Nov. 39-Dec. 27		3	
Do	Jan. 11-17 Dec. 1-31		1	
Syria: Aleppo Do Beirut	Jan. 7-Feb. 17	1 37 1	1 9	Generally among refugees.
Turkey: Constantinople Do		_		
Union of South Africa	Dec. 31-Feb. 17	70	5	Mar. 6, 1923: Present. Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Colored— cases, 3,097; deaths, 298; white—
Cape Province		•••••		cases, 11; deaths, 2. Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922; Colored— cases, 2,799; deaths, 250; white— cases, 6; deaths, 1.
DoPort Elizabeth	Dec. 31-Feb. 3 Jan. 28-Feb. 3	i		Outbreaks.
Natal		•••••		Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922; Colored—cases, 143; deaths, 32; white—
Orange Free State			••••••	cases, 2. Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922: Colored—cases, 91; deaths, 8; white—cases, 3; deaths, 1.
Do Transvaal	Jan. 7–Feb. 3			Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1922; Colored—
DoJohannesburg	Jan. 14-Feb. 3 Nov. 1-30 Jan. 1-31	3	6	cases, 64; deaths, 8. Outbreaks.
DoVenezuela: Maracaibo	Jan. 21–27	4	2 1	
Yugoslavia: Bosnia-Herzegovina Serbia	Aug. 1–31	1		Aug. 1-31, 1922: Recurrent ty-
	YELLOW	PPVPP		phus fever, cases, 4.
	1 ELECT		·· .	
razil: Bahia (exico:	Dec. 31-Feb. 17	36	9	
Ciudad Victoria	Dec. 17-23	1		
Gold Coast— Saltpond Nigeria—				Reported present Dec. 21, 1922.

Do.