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SOME CHILD HYGIENE ACTIVITIES OF THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

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The functions of the United States Public Health Service may be described under the following headings:

- 1. Protection of the United States from the introduction of disease from without.
- 2. Prevention of the interstate spread of disease and suppression of epidemics.
- 3. Cooperation with State and local boards of health in health matters.
- 4. Investigation of diseases of man.
- 5. Supervision and control of biological products.
- 6. Public health education and dissemination of health information.

In the exercise of these functions, in cooperation with State and local health authorities, the work of the Public Health Service has contributed very largely to the gradual decline in the general mortality rate of the country, which has been accompanied by a parallel reduction in the infant mortality rate. In other words, the United States Public Health Service, through efforts organizing better public health administration, improving the domestic and civic environment of the people, and through the wide dissemination of public health information, has been no small factor in reducing the infant mortality rate, which for a number of years has steadily declined, even without special attention to child health problems. In fact, even at the present time, as compared with the country at large, only a small part of the infant population enjoys the benefits of specialized health supervision.

Child Health Supervision.

In addition to the exercise of its general health functions on an increasingly broad scale, the Service has given attention to individual health problems and to the health needs of special classes of the population. In this connection, with special reference to safeguarding the health of infants and children, the Service in 1908 published a

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bulletin on "Milk in Relation to Public Health." This publication contained many articles relating to milk as an infant's food and, in addition, special articles relating to infant feeding, morbidity, and mortality. This bulletin was widely distributed and contributed materially to the adoption by State and local health officials of measures for safeguarding the milk supply, one of the most important factors in the control of tuberculosis among children, and in reducing the morbidity and mortality rates due to the diarrheal diseases of children.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDIES.

In 1912 the Public Health Service, impressed by reports of the prevalence of trachoma in certain parts of the country, and mindful of the high incidence of this disease potentially so damaging to vision in children, inaugurated surveys to map out the areas of infection preparatory to the institution of measures of control. Owing to the fact that representatives of practically every family in the community attend school, these investigations were largely confined to examinations of school children. In the years 1912 to 1914, both inclusive, officers of the United States Public Health Service visited over 1,000 schools in 11 States and examined 170,491 school children, of which number 2,425, or 1.42 per cent, were found to be suffering from trachoma.

As a result of these surveys, in addition to measures adopted by the States and communities, the Public Health Service established seven special hospitals for the treatment of trachoma and has treated in them up to June 30, 1921, 9,168 cases. In addition, largely as an educational measure in methods of control, Service officers have held 158 clinics in the several States, where 29,770 cases of trachoma received 296,920 treatments, and where 10,378 operations were performed on cases amenable to surgical relief. The far-reaching effect of these measures on child health and efficiency, through the preservation and restoration of vision in individual cases and the improvement in the economic status of whole families in heavily infected communities can scarcely be estimated. Furthermore, the educational value of the medical and surgical measures adopted for the control of this disease to the communities at large stamps this as one of the great child hygiene movements of this country.

SCHOOL HYGIENE.

In the course of the epidemiological studies mentioned, the officers of the Service were instructed to make sanitary surveys of the school buildings visited by them and observations of the physical condition of the children inspected. As a result of these observations it became apparent that organized health work in schools had been largely confined to the cities and that the work should be extended to country

districts, where so many people reside without receiving instruction in the prevention of disease.

The sanitary needs revealed were many. In general, the faults observed were due to lack of skilled advice and assistance and concerned especially the health supervision of children and the location, construction, sanitation, and equipment of school buildings.

In order to secure material for the standardization of the work and for the purpose of focusing attention more particularly on school health supervision, in 1915 the Service made a survey of the rural schools of Porter County, Ind., in cooperation with the local health and educational authorities. During this survey exhaustive studies were made of the hygiene of 75 rural schools, and a medical and mental examination was made of 2,488 school children. This work has been continued, and up to the end of 1921 the Service had made sanitary surveys of hundreds of school buildings and examined large numbers of school children in nearly every State of the Union. The work of the Service in this field has attracted nation-wide attention and has contributed very materially to the advancement of school health supervision, especially in rural districts, where such service is so badly needed.

Based on the data collected in the course of these surveys and mindful of the relation of the child to the community in matters of health, the Service has devised a schedule for school health supervision which has been adopted, with only such modifications as were required by local condition, by six States. In addition, the Service has received local requests from practically every State for assistance in preparing or supplying these schedules.

MENTAL HYGIENE.

The studies of the child's school environment and his physical condition revealed the fact that both the health and educational authorities had been very lax in determining the mental status of the children attending school. On the basis of these observations. the Service undertook special studies of the mental status of children. with particular reference to the prevalence of feeble-mindedness and allied conditions. In the course of these studies there was made a mental survey of 50,630 children in 663 schools and 10 institutions in 10 States and the District of Columbia, and it was and found that the percentage of feeble-mindedness in the school population of the communities visited ranged from 0.3 per cent to 1.3 per cent of those Furthermore, as indicated by these examinations, it appears that the percentage of feeble-mindedness in the schools approximated that in the general population represented by individuals 5 to 20 years of age, inclusive, where the school attendance was not less than 80 per cent of the total enrollment. These studies also

indicate that the percentage of mental defectives in the school population is double that in the general population.

The work of the Public Health Service in this field has strongly supplemented the work of others in focusing attention on the problem of feeble-mindedness and the necessity of State provision for the care and training of this unfortunate class of the population.

In Arkansas, the work of the Service in determining the prevalence of feeble-mindedness in the State served as the basis of recommendations to the legislature which resulted in the establishment of an institution for the care and training of the feeble-mided. Formerly no such provision had been made. In the course of this survey the Service representative visited 51 rural schools in 13 counties, and 20 schools in 8 cities, and examined 16,913 children.

In Oregon, the Public Health Service, cooperating with the University Extension Division of the University of Oregon conducted a State-wide survey to determine the prevalence of dependency and feeble-mindedness in that State. This survey was undertaken by the University of Oregon, in compliance with a resolution of the State legislature. It was found that of a population of 783,285, the total number of cases of mental defect was 3,702, or 0.47 per cent of the general population.

The combined total of all the known insane and all known mental defectives, with the approximate number of mental defectives among all delinquents and all dependents, was 7,689, or 0.98 per cent of the general population.

The total number of actual and potential social liabilities was 65,423. Excluding half of the delinquents and half of the dependents, there remains a total of 45,574 persons, representing 5.8 per cent of the general population.

Excluding further the known cases of insanity, the known cases of grosser mental defect in communities and institutions, and, further, excluding one-half of the delinquents as petty offenders, and one-half of the dependents as probably remedial, there was found 29,847 individuals who, as delinquents and dependents, were socially inadequate. In other words, the larger part of all public expenditures for the relief, care, treatment, and training of misfits of the State was caused by 3.8 per cent of the inhabitants. The report of this survey served as the basis of recommendation to the legislature for more adequate provision for these classes of the population.

This survey represents the first attempt at the conduct of a survey by the people themselves under trained direction, and has demonstrated conclusively the feasibility of making a survey in this manner with practical results at a minimum expense.

In addition to its other work in the field of mental hygiene, the Service undertook, in 1920, at the request of the judge of the Juvenile Court of the District of Columbia, studies of the mental and physical status of children appearing before that court. These studies have not only given greater insight into the psychology of the delinquent class, but have been of the greatest value to the court in arriving at judicial decisions. Furthermore, these studies have revealed a rather high degree of venereal infection in this class of the population, as well as a number of other conditions requiring medical attention, with the result that steps are now being taken to secure medical and surgical relief for those who can not have the necessary attention otherwise. Furthermore, the work of the Public Health Service in this field has served as the basis of recommendation to Congress for the provision of a permanent service of this character in the Juvenile Court.

CHILD HEALTH ORGANIZATION.

It matters not how great our knowledge may be of the causes of infant mortality, and of the methods of control, this knowledge is useless without a perfected machinery for its practical application. Realizing as it does that heretofore the great factor in reducing infant mortality has been the improved organization of public health administration, the Service has made an intensive study of The results of these child health organization in seven States. studies have been very gratifying. In one State, in which no money had previously been appropriated for child health work and but limited appropriation made for general health work, the activities of the Service excited State-wide interest to such a degree that very liberal appropriations have been made not only for general health work but for child health work also. Some of the concrete results attained were the appointment of a full-time director of child hygiene, the establishment of public health nurses in 29 counties, the organization of child health centers in 23 counties, the distribution of thousands of school inspection schedules and the undertaking of some form of school health supervision in approximately 50 counties of the State, and the enactment of a physical education law which provides for the teaching of health habits and for the physical examination of school children and definitely coordinates the department of education and the State department of health in their relation to the health supervision of school children. In addition, volunteer organizations engaged in health work have been stimulated to greater activity and impressed with the value of coordinated effort.

In another State the appropriations for child health work, largely through the activities of the Service, have doubled; and in another, the child health work has been planned and organized on a three-year basis, at the termination of which period it is expected that the major portion of the child population of the State will be under definite health supervision. These results indicate that this work

is of the greatest magnitude and importance from the standpoint of child health protection.

Research.

DRIED-MILK POWDER IN INFANT FEEDING.

The apostles of preventive medicine have emphasized the importance of breast feeding in giving children the best start in life and in reducing the infant mortality rate. However, many factors contribute to making breast feeding impossible, undesirable, or neglected in an unfortunately large number of instances, and recourse must be had to substitutes. Experience and the best medical judgment have confirmed the use of cow's milk as generally the best and most practical substitute for mother's milk. Unfortunately, over large areas of the country, cow's milk is not produced locally in sufficient quantity to supply the local needs. In other sections of the country it is produced in such quantity that much of it goes to waste, because of the cost of transportation or the lack of transportation facilities, and the distance limit that milk may be transported without deterioration. It is for these reasons that inquiring minds have turned to the solution of the problem and sought to make generally available this valuable food product at reasonable cost. As a result, the dried-milk products are coming into wider and wider use.

The value of these products as food for infants and older children has been demonstrated over and over again. However, except in institutional cases, no study of any magnitude had ever been undertaken in this country to establish the usefulness and safety of dried milk as an exclusive food for infants until that undertaken by the United States Public Health Service in August, 1919, in the city of Boston, Mass.

A total of 319 infants were enrolled for this study during the period August, 1919, to October, 1920. Of this number, 241 were under observation for sufficient length of time to furnish reliable data. The infants included in the study were not specially selected, but represented every type physically, and were recruited from all sorts and conditions of homes. The requirements for selection were that the infant should be entirely artificially fed, not more than six months old, and under the supervision of the Boston Baby Hygiene Association, which cooperated with the Service in this study. For purposes of study they were divided into three groups:

Group I (control group), children fed on grade A market milk; Group II, children placed on whole milk powder (containing 3½ per cent butter fat; reconstituted in the home);

Group III, children placed on milk which had been reconstructed from unsalted butter and skim milk powder.

The results of this study indicate that dried milk powder, of the brand used, is safe and of value as food for infants, and that it has some points of advantage in the case of babies who do not digest fresh cow's milk well. It was shown that the control infants in Group I made an average gain in weight less than that of the babies in either Group II or III, which were fed on dried milk products In view of the fact that approximately four bottle-fed babies die to one fed at the breast, because of the use of improper substitutes, these studies of the Public Health Service point the way to a facterial lowering of the infant mortality rate from intestinal causes, by a wider use of the dried milk products in communities where pure fresh milk is not available.

Studies of the Relation of Physical Handicaps to the State of Nutrition.

During the latter part of the fiscal year 1921, 200 underweight children in Baltimore, Md., having one or more physical defects, were selected for the study of the effect of the correction of physical defects on growth and developments. The defects included decayed teeth, diseased tonsils, adenoids, and marked defects of hearing and vision. The defects were corrected in 153 of these children. An unlooked-for development of this study was a ramification from points of contact with the community, which resulted in the correction of defects in 67 children outside of the group studied.

The children included in this study were weighed at frequent intervals, both before and subsequent to the date of the correction of the physical defects, and were given no other special attention. With but one exception, every girl, after the correction of physical defects, gained at a more rapid rate than the normal average. This was also true of the boys from 8 to 12 years of age. This investigation furnished an important link in the evidence pointing to the hampering effect of physical defects on growth and development, and the benefits to be gained by their correction in childhood, even when other important welfare measures are neglected or not enforced.

MOUTH HYGIENE.

Paralleling studies of the relation of physical handicap to nutrition, during 1920 and 1921 the Public Health Service studied the mouth condition of over 15,000 children, in five States, with a view to determining the effect of dental decay and mouth sepsis on growth, development, and school progress, and, incidentally, to stimulate communities to provide dental facilities for the school children who are without them. The results of this latter phase of the work have been most gratifying. Not only have a number of local communities established or agreed to establish such facilities, but in

each State visited the State dental society has heartily indorsed the movement and is enlisting the gratuitous aid of the local dentists where communities are financially unable to carry on the work unassisted.

Decayed teeth and septic mouth conditions constitute a large majority of the defects observed in children of school age. Owing to the great number of children who suffer from these conditions, and the frequent harmful effect of such conditions on the physical well-being and school progress of the child, and the promptness with which tangible results of corrective work become evident, this work of the Public Health Service stands in the first rank of measures for the conservation of the health of children.

Studies of Growth and Development.

Different observers have reported from 30 to 70 per cent of the children examined by them as undernourished. The present generally accepted measure of nutrition is based on the standard standing height and weight for a given sex at a given age period. Several different standards of normal physical development are in use in this country which are based on very inconclusive data. In fact, at the present time, with but one exception, no such standard has been scientifically determined.

The effect on human growth and development, of wide geographical range and varying climatic conditions which affect the food supply, the varying densities of population, the different degrees of congestion of industrial operations and the different types of industries of different States and communities, the wide variation in the economic and social status of individual families, and the tremendous foreign immigration must be considered and makes it difficult to determine a standard of measurement which will be applicable to the whole country. It is possible that standards can be arrived at applicable only to certain sections of the country of more or less homogeneous population and uniform climate.

The Public Health Service is approaching this problem from a new angle and is collecting data on the growth and development of children of a given sex at different age periods, of native American stock, of native-born children of foreign-born parents according to racial stock, and of foreign-born children. These studies are being made on a large scale, and material will be collected in representative districts of the whole country in the attempt to supply the long-felt need of a reliable index of nutrition.

STANDARDIZATION OF THE COLLECTION OF FIELD DATA.

The Public Health Service has long felt the need of comparable data relating to child health in different sections of the country. The basic principles of child health work are well known, and certain

fundamental information relating to child health is desired and secured by practically all interested health agencies. Unfortunately, this information is largely collected in such manner, depending on the different agencies and individual workers, that it is difficult and wellnigh impossible to compare the data collected in one section of the country with that collected in another. The Public Health Service has prepared schedules which are in extensive use for recording data relating to prenatal care and the care of infants and children of preschool age, for mouth hygiene, and for school health supervision work. with the object in view of using these forms as points of departure in the preparation of standard forms, in cooperation with the various health agencies of the country, that may be acceptable to all of them. By the use of such standards it will be possible to make comparisons and to utilize material collected in any section of the country for the evaluation of the effect of varying conditions and of special control measures on child health.

HEALTH EDUCATION.

The Public Health Service has prepared and distributed over 100 special articles having more or less direct bearing on child health. In addition to this, representatives of the Public Health Service, while conducting State-wide investigations in child hygiene, prepared much of the child health literature used by the States in which the investigations were conducted. Furthermore, during the year 1920, with the cooperation of 105 daily newspapers with wide circulation in practically every State in the Union, the Service published a series of articles on the "Care of the Baby" and another on "The Growing Child." These articles excited wide interest and were supplemented by hundreds of letters written in response to inquiries stimulated by them.

Present Work.

At the present time the Public Health Service is engaged in child health work in six States and will extend the work to include six other States. The plans of the Service contemplate investigations of every phase of child health conservation directed in such manner as to leave a permanent child health organization supported by the State or locality. Special investigations in individual States are made only in cooperation with State health authorities, on request, or with special agencies in any definite piece of child health investigation, indorsed by the State health authorities.

One of the remarkable features of the work of the Public Health Service is the small cost, which was made feasible by the type of organization. The total expenditure of special funds for child health work to the beginning of the fiscal year 1922, was \$66,000. The

relatively great amount of child health work by the Public Health Service was made possible by the ability of the Service to utilize not only its trained personnel in child hygiene work in connection with their regular duties in other fields of public health, but also the trained personnel of State and local health agencies and auxiliary volunteer agencies. Such procedure is both feasible and economical because of the intimate interrelationship of all health problems.

DIPHTHERIA IN THE UNITED STATES.

The accompanying table shows the number of reported cases of diphtheria per 1,000 population by quarters, from January to June, and by months, from July to October, 1921, compared with the same periods during 1920, and the medians for 1913 to 1920, inclusive.

The median was ascertained by arraying the figures so that the greatest number was first, the next smaller number was second, and so on to the smallest number, which was placed last. The middle number of the array was then selected as the median. Data were not available for all the States for the full eight years. As many years as possible were included for each State, but no year earlier than 1913 was used. The first column shows the number of years for which figures were obtained for each State.

The estimated populations on which the rates were computed are as follows:

	Number of States.	Estimated population.
1921	41 40 39	90, 907, 540 87, 602, 619 85, 489, 347

For comparison the death rates per 100,000 population in the registration area for deaths are shown in the following table:

Diphtheria death rates per 100,000 population in registration area for deaths 1913–1920, inclusive.

1920	15.3	1915	15.7
1919	14.7	1914	17.9
1918	13.9	1913	18.9
1917			
1916	14.5	Median	15.5

Diphtheria—Annual case rates per 1,000 population, January to October, 1921 and 1920, and medians for the years 1913 to 1920, inclusive.

Geographic division and State.	January, Febru- ary, March.	April, May, June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	10 months.
NEW ENGLAND.			,				
Maine: 1921	1, 20	0.87	1.07	0.51	0.90	1.83	1.05
1920 Median (5 years) Vermont:	. 61 . 40	. 48 . 29	. 73 . 27	.47 .42	. 48 . 35	1.86 .85	. 68 . 39
1921 1920 Median (7 years) Massachusetts:	.74 .78 .80	.74 .60 .63	.75 .61 .75	1.02 .44 .68	1. 47 . 51 . 88	1.81 1.19 1.36	. 94 . 69 . 80
1921	2. 56 2. 20 2. 37	1. 99 1. 58 1. 81	1. 35 1. 46 1. 42	1.58 1.32 1.31	1. 61 1. 28 1. 57	2. 70 2. 30 2. 79	2.09 1.77 1.96
1921	2. 16 3. 44 2. 13	1. 68 1. 78 1. 57	1.00 .91 1.12	. 61 . 95 1. 10	1.11 1.48 1.41	1.45 1.80 2.08	1.57 2.08 1.68
1921 1920 Median (8 years)	3. 13 2. 87 2. 10	1. 62 1. 99 1. 50	1. 23 1. 27 1. 24	1. 29 1. 39 . 96	1. 91 1. 64 1. 59	3. 05 3. 53 2. 74	2. 17 2. 24 1. 73
MIDDLE ATLANTIC.		·	••.				
New York: 1921. 1920. Median (8 years).	3. 68 2. 50 2. 36	2. 69 2. 31 2. 28	1. 26 1. 50 1. 61	1. 22 1. 12 1. 19	1. 39 1. 17 1. 33	2. 18 2. 26 2. 24	2, 52 2, 05 2, 03
New Jersay: 1921. 1920. Median (8 years)	3. 05 2. 23 2. 15	2.31 1.68 1.87	1. 25 1. 08 1. 46	1. 27 . 93 1. 17	1. 60 1. 38 1. 67	2. 75 2. 82 2. 82	2.30 1.79 1.92
Pennsylvania: 1921. 1920. Median (8 years)	2.48 1.99 1.85	1.72 1.25 1.32	1. 10 . 99 1. 11	1. 54 . 94 1. 18	2. 22 1. 59 1. 88	3. 63 2. 96 2. 87	2. 11 1. 62 1. 65
EAST NORTH CENTRAL.							
Ohio: 1921 1920 Median (7 years)	1. 81 1. 05 1. 33	1. 26 . 68 . 85	1. 04 . 55 . 72	1. 71 . 72 . 85	4. 46 1. 46 1. 55	8. 21 3. 35 2. 71	2. 46 1. 13 1. 24
1921 1920 Median (8 years)	1.11 .71 1.09	. 94 . 51 . 52	. 74 . 39 . 51	. 98 . 31 . 71	3.52 .50 1.06	7. 16 1. 54 2. 35	1.86 .64 .95
Illinois: 1921 1920 Median (6 years) Michigan:	2. 75 1. 92 1. 90	1. 95 1. 36 1. 38	1. 35 1. 10 1. 15	1.52 .96 .95	2. 91 1. 67 1. 45	6. 67 3. 52 2. 45	2. 65 1. 71 1. 58
1921 1920 Median (8 years) Wisconsin:	3. 39 2. 39 1. 64	2. 34 2. 12 1. 30	1. 43 1. 97 1. 28	1. 99 1. 78 1. 12	3. 05 2. 08 1. 42	4. 95 4. 08 2. 33	2.86 2.34 1.50
1921 1920 Median (8 years)	2. 22 . 90 . 85	1. 14 . 65 . 70	. 81 . 78 . 64	1.06 .86 .65	1. 43 . 94 . 73	3.71 2.06 1.25	1.71 .93 .79
WEST NORTH CENTRAL.							
Minnesota: 1921 1920 Median (8 years)	1. 37 1. 40 1. 39	1.11 1.06 1.34	. 80 1. 10 1. 17	1. 01 1. 38 1. 20	2. 14 1. 35 1. 22	3. \$8 2. 03 2. 12	1.53 1.32 1.39
1921 1920 Median (7 years)	.63 .38 .35	. 49 . 27 . 27	. 26 . 26 . 20	. 33 . 39 . 16	1. 39 . 48 . 30	1. 84 . 95 . 59	. 72 . 39 . 31
North Dakota: 1921. 1920. Median (4 years)	2.02 1.04 .75	. 74 . 44 . 46	1. 10 . 78 . 67	. 88 . 79 . 54	. 95 . 98 . 88	1. 23 3. 60 1. 38	1. 24 1. 05 . 71
South Dakota: 1921 1920 Median (6 years)	. 69 . 52 . 40	.63 .41 .35	1. 22 50	. 37 1. 11 44	1. 10 . 41 . 27	1. 47 . 99 . 48	.74 64 .39

Diphtheria—Annual case rates per 1,000 population, January to October, 1921 and 1920, and medians for the years 1913 to 1920, inclusive—Continued.

Geographic division and State.	January, Febru- ary, March.	April, May, June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	10 months.
WEST NORTH CENTRAL—contd.							
Nebraska:							
1921	0.58 .59	0. 59 . 32	0.40 .14	0.78 .32	1.68 1.06	3.00 1.70	0.94 •59
1920	.42	.36	. 16	.33	. 89	.74	. 45
1921	2, 39	.99	1. 24	1. 58	7. 25	13.63	3.38
1920	1.08 .83	.54	. 40 . 40	.74 .40	2.61 .78	13.63 8.07 2.37	1.67 .79
SOUTH ATLANTIC.				,			
Delaware:							
1921	. 88	.83 .89	.53 .27	.64	.80	1.70	. 88
1921	1. 39	.39		.48	. 48	2, 14	1.02
Maryland: 1921	1.88	1, 21	.72	1.01	1, 21	2, 99	1. 52
1929.	2.09	1.06	.76	.60	1. 19	2.49	1. 45
1929. Median (6 years) District of Columbia:	1.60	. 76	.66	.69	1. 36	2.34	1. 21
1921	2.65	. 85	.37	.24	1, 30 . 95	2. 46	1.49
1920 Median (8 years)	1. 94 1. 47	1.09 1.14	. 49	.95	.91	2. 00 2. 17	1. 35 1. 20
Virginia: 1921	1. 47	. 51	1. 10	2.41	3. 75	6. 30	1. 95
1920	. 88	. 46	.35	. 65	2, 12	5. 21	1.23
1920	.84	.35	.35	.97	2. 24	3. 25	1.04
1921	1. 50 1. 47	.60	. 74	1.40	3. 20 1. 13	9. 30 3. 12	2.09
1920. Median (4 years)	.47	. 59	.34	. 54 . 56	1. 31	2. 10	1.14 .67
North Carolina:	. 69	.34	.69	2, 46	5, 33	6, 14	1, 77
1920	.71	.35	27	. 82	2.80	4.30	1.14
Median (1918-1920) South Carolina:	.37	.32	.31	.84	2.84	4. 36	1.01
1921	1. 12 . 80	.41 .44	.81 .41	1. 93 . 63	4. 06 2. 96	4. 51 3. 66	1. 59 1. 14
1920 Median (8 years)	. 59	.39	.38	1. 13	2. 41	2.74	. 96
Florida: 1921	.80	.35	. 56	.62	1. 28	1. 22	. 71
1920	. 57	. 20	.21	. 39	. 74	1. 23	. 49
Median (1918-1920)	. 37	. 19	. 19	. 26	.75	1.07	. 39
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL.					.]		
Alabama: 1921	.22	.14	.25	1.08	1. 23	1, 88	. 55
1920	. 29	. 13	. 18	. 33	1.01	1, 35	. 41
Median (7 years)	. 21	.12	.18	.34	. 77	.70	.30
1921	.68	.30	1 07 .45	2.08 1.23	4. 30 2. 88	4. 63 3. 64	1. 50 1. 10
1920	.38	.23	.33	7.70	1.11	1. 43	.54
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL.	l			l			
Arkansas:							
1921	.51 .42	.13	.27	. 53	. 51 1. 27	1. 07 1. 69	. 52
1920 Median (4 years)	.14	.07	.03	.12	. 34	. 96	.21
1921	.39	.19	.31	.21	. 45	.82	.35
1920	.40	.18 .28	.13	. 19	. 29 . 54	.33	. 27 . 40
)klahoma:		l		1	1.	i	
1921	. 47	. 15	.10	.30	1.01	1.50	. 48
1920 ¹	. 46	.21	.17	.29	.53	.94	.39

¹ Not available.

Diphtheria—Annual case rates per 1,000 population, January to October, 1921 and 1920, and medians for the years 1913 to 1920, inclusive—Continued.

Geographic division and State.	January, Febru- ary, March.	April, May, June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	10 months.
MOUNTAIN.							
Montana:		.]					
1921	0.74	0.51	0. 29	0.33	0.56	1. 19	
1920	. 57	. 42	. 54	. 17	.45	. 56	. 47
Median (7 years)	. 55	. 44	. 59	. 36	. 40	. 62	. 49
Idaho:	. 27	. 26	21	. 24	. 75	. 27	.31
1020	.17	. 13	. 14	.30	.91	.41	.27
1920 Average (1913, 1920)	.14	iil	. 12	. 21	.50	.21	. 18
Wyoming:							,
1921	. 57	. 53	. 24	. 24	1.13	1.01	. 59
1920	. 47	. 14	. 24	•. 06	. 55	. 49	. 32
Median (8 years)	. 37	. 13	. 20	. 07	. 59	. 46	. 28
Colorado: 1921		1			0.00	4.60	0.43
1921	2. 13	2.03	1.78	2.35 .80	3. 28 1. 88	4. 23 1. 96	2. 41 . 88
1920 Median (6 years)	.53	.61	.70 .60	. 53	.86	1.01	.64
New Mexico:	. 33	.01		. 50	. 00	1.01	.01
1921	4.70	3, 58	2.89	1.87	3. 15	4, 30	3, 70
1920		2.15	2.15	1. 23	1. 49	3.84	1.88
Median 1							
Arizona:	1						
1921	.33	. 16	.07	. 17	. 17	1.53	. 34
1920 Median (4 years)	. 35	. 18	.07	. 11	. 21	. 53	. 25
Median (4 years)	. 16	. 13	. 12	.08	.08	. 20	. 14
PACIFIC.	l	- 1					
Washington:	1	1	1	1			
1921	1.01	. 74	.66	. 46	.94	1.68	. 90
1920	1.01	. 76	. 49	. 64	. 64	1.48	. 86
1920 Median (8 years)	. 50	. 39	. 32	. 30	. 36	.40	. 41
Oregon:						0.00	
1921	1.69	.83	1.99	1.20	1.81	3.03	1. 56
1920	.47	.38	. 20	.20	. 52	1.44	. 49 . 33
Median (8 years) California:	.31	. 36	. 21	. 24	. 29	.40	
1921	1.99	2.06	1.33	1.98	1.76	3, 50	2.07
1920	1. 93	1.48	. 91	72	1.40	1.63	1. 49
Median (8 years)	1.08	.91	.67	.64	. 65	1. 22	. 92
Median (8 years) Above States combined:			1				
1921	2.02	1.40	. 99	1.34	2.36	4.09	1.90
1920	1.50	1.09	.86	. 85	1.41	2.69	1. 33
Median	1. 31	1.02	.83	. 83	1.28	2.08	1. 20

¹ Not available.

SCARLET FEVER IN THE UNITED STATES.

The accompanying table shows the number of reported cases of scarlet fever per 1,000 population by quarters, from January to June, and by months, from July to October, 1921, compared with the same periods during 1920, and the medians for 1913 to 1920, inclusive.

The median was ascertained by arraying the figures so that the greatest number was first, the next smaller number was second, and so on to the smallest number, which was placed last. The middle number of the array was then selected as the median. Data were not available for all the States for the full eight years. As many years as possible were included for each State, but no year earlier than 1913 was used. The first column shows the number of years for which figures were obtained for each State.

The estimated populations on which the rates were computed are as follows:

	Number of States.	Estimated population.
1921	40	90, 907, 540 87, 602, 619 85, 489, 347

For comparison the death rates per 100,000 population in the registration area for deaths are shown in the following table:

Scarlet fever death rates per 100,000 population in registration area for deaths, 1913-1920, inclusive.

1920	
1918 3.1	1913
1917	Median3.9
1916	

Scarlet fever—Annual case rates per 1,000 population, January to October, 1921 and 1920, and medians for the years 1913 to 1920, inclusive.

Geographic division and State.	January, Febru- ary, March.	April, May, June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	10 months.
NEW ENGLAND.						,	
Maine: 1921	1.83	1.26	1. 15	0.96	0.87	1 00.	
1921	2.05	1.33	1.15	.31	.58	1.82 .98	1.41 1.31
1920 Median (5 years)	.42	.48	.47	.55	.58	. 20	. 45
Vermont:						- 20	• 30
1921	3.82	3.00	1.74	1.67	4.77	5.46	3.41
1920	2.33	1.51	.78	1.0)	.99	2.45	1.68
Median (7 years)	1.69	1.45	.78	.71	.61	1.26	1.28
fassachusetts:	3.65	2.20	.77	.71	.85	1 00	
1921 1920	4.14	3.39	1.04	.66	.89	1.32 1.68	2. 12
Median (8 years)	2.81	2.18	.83	.66	.88	1.58	2.69 1.89
Phodo Island	2.02	2.10				1.00	1.09
1921	2.16	1.73	.80	. 25	.86	.80	1.44
1920	2. 29	1.31	.63	. 36	1.03	. 93	1.37
Median (6 years)	1.71	1.41	.65	.39	.69	.96	1.21
onnecticut:			1				
1921	5. 26 3. 57	2. 43 2. 83	1.11	.68 .90	. 84 1. 12	1.54	2.72
1920 Median (8 years)	1.93	1.62	.57	.41	.61	2. 40 1. 12	2.47 1.33
MIDDLE ATLANTIC.					.02		1.00
	1						
New York: 1921	4.30	2.54	. 67	. 53	.80	1.44	0.00
1920	1.75	1.50	.63	. 44	.56	1.12	2.39 1.25
Median (8 years)	1.98	1.81	.67	.39	.55	.88	1. 29
'ew Jersey:	2.00	2.02		.00			1.05
1921	4.67	3.18	.81	. 66	. 89	1.70	2.76
1920	1.89	1.48	.50	. 40	.65	1.23	1.29
Median (8 years)	2. 17	1.94	.62	. 42	.61	1.07	1.50
ennsylvania: 1921	4.93	2.35		.83	1.28	2.20	
1921	2.80	2.33	.73	.60	1.19	2.20	2.69 2.02
Median (8 years)	1. 59	1. 22	.56	.53	.83	1.43	1. 18
EAST NORTH CENTRAL.		.				ı	
hio:				I	j	ł	
1921	3. 27	1.76	. 59	.99	1.54	3. 21	2.15
1920	4.00	2.95	. 95	84	1.12	2.71	2.65
Median (7 years)	2. 28	1.44	. 55	. 51	. 95	1.77	1.49
า liana: 1921	4. 91	9.51	5.5	AE	, ,,	2.32	0.00
1921	4. 81 3. 25	2.51 2.71	.55	. 45 . 65	1.31	2.32	2.66 2.25
Median (8 years)	2.37	1.35	.44	.42	.85	1.63	1.45

Scarlet fever—Annual case rates per 1,000 population, January to October, 1921 and 1920, and medians for the years 1913 to 1920, inclusive—Continued.

Geographic division and State.	January, Febru- ary, March.	April, May, June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	10 months.
EAST NORTH CENTRAL—contd.							
Illinois: 1921	4. 64	2.52	0.60	0.70	1.54	2.87	2.72
	4. 30	2.47	.72	.46	1.16	2.52	2.52
	3. 13	1.91	.64	.47	.69	1.13	1.80
1921	4. 59	2.30	. 82	1.00	1. 79	2.87	2.72
	2. 99	2.79	1. 31	1.21	1. 69	2.86	2.44
	2. 20	1.72	. 65	.63	. 79	1.16	1.50
1921	4.63	2.72	. 71	. 82	1.46	3.40	2.84
1920	2.60	2.26	1. 18	1. 03	1.45	2.12	2.04
Median (8 years)	1.99	1.59	. 86	. 56	.78	1.36	1.43
WEST NORTH CENTRAL.							,
Minnesota: 1921. 1920. Median (8 years) Iowa:	3.50	2.38	. 78	1.05	1.48	2.92	2.39
	1.56	1.36	. 70	.55.	.74	1.34	1.21
	2.28	1.89	. 70	.58	.70	1.16	1.56
1921	2.63	1.30	. 24	. 44	.88	2.61	1.59
	1.21	.95	. 41	. 39	.74	1.62	.96
	.83	.71	. 15	. 15	.21	.56	.57
1921 1920 Median (4 years) South Dakota:	2. 27 4. 74 2. 38	1. 05 1. 21 1. 21	.48 .72 .37	. 80 . 76 . 39	1.23 .35 .28	1.74 .48 .56	1. 42 2. 02 1. 24
1921 1920 Median (6 years) Nebraska:	3. 31 5. 77 1. 89	1. 61 3. 83 1. 46	.30 1.03 .46	. 67 1. 01 . 33	1. 08 . 64 . 52	2. 57 1. 80 1. 19	1.94 3.33 1.26
1921 1920 Median (1918–1920) Kausas:	2. 47 2. 79 1. 65	1. 87 1. 47 1. 07	.79 .10 .10	. 47 . 15 . 15	.80 .53 .36	2.05 1.14 .69	1.71 1.47 .94
1921	4. 22	1. 75	1.15	1. 72	2. 86	7. 11	3. 08
1920	2. 90	1. 24	.74	1. 43	2. 30	6. 27	2. 32
Median (8 years)	1. 85	1. 24	.34	. 35	. 50	1. 36	1. 18
SOUTH ATLANTIC. Delaware:			į				
1921 1920 Modian ¹ Maryland:	3.13 1.09	3, 15 1, 75	. 95 . 37	.37 .80	1.33 .64	2. 23 1. 61	2.37 1.19
1921	2, 57	1. 21	. 37	.58	1.08	2. 17	1. 56
	3, 21	1. 57	. 35	.51	1.04	1. 62	1. 78
	2, 37	1. 51	. 56	.41	.72	1. 23	1. 46
1921	3. 74	1. 51	. 26	.16	. 45	1.03	1. 76
	2. 15	2. 10	. 62	.51	. 60	1.84	1. 63
	2. 14	1. 62	. 44	.29	. 61	1.11	1. 37
1921 1920 Median (7 years) West Virginia:	1. 42 1. 00 . 72	.71 .46 .42	.50 .38 .19	1. 44 . 39 . 35	1.18 .66 .68	2.46 1.63 1.38	1. 20 . 74 . 60
1921	1.91	1.01	. 59	. 93	1.74	3. 34	1.51
	1.77	.98	. 87	. 59	1.01	2. 41	1.31
	.57	.61	. 41	. 41	.76	1. 49	.66
1921 1920 Median (1918–1920) South Carolina:	. 40 . 61 . 26	.33 .38 .18	. 42 . 19 . 21	1. 07 . 39 . 51	1.61 .80 .81	2.64 1.39 1.41	.79 .58 .43
1921	.07	.04	.08	.11	.20	.48	. 12
	.08	.09	.02	.04	.12	.14	. 08
	.09	.05	.07	.06	.15	.20	. 09
1921	.33	.07	.06	.13	.13	. 13	.17
1920	.18	.07	.02	.07	.13	. 26	.12
Median (1918–1920)	.16	.08	.05	.09	.10	. 21	.12

¹ Not available.

Scarlet fever—Annual case rates per 1,000 population. January to October, 1921 and 1920, and medians for the years 1913 to 1920, inclusive—Continued.

Geographic division and State.	January, Febru- ary, March.	April, May, June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	10 months.
FAST SOUTH CENTRAL.	-						
Alabama:						i .	
1921	0.18	0.14	0.19	0.40	0.35	0.87	0.28
1920. Median (7 years)	.30	.24	.25	. 16	42	. 45	.29 .23
Median (7 years) Mississippi:	. 19	12	.12	.25	. 40	. 59	.23
1921	.48	.22	.35	.60	. 91	1.35	.53
1920	.48 .74	.35 .23	.36 .17	.88	1.76	1.88	.82
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL.	. 25	.23	.17	.33	.38	.66	. 30
Arkansas:	·						
1921	.48	.17	.19	.17	.23	.44	30
1920. Median (4 years)	.34	. 21	.22	.29	. 53	. 44	.35
Median (4 years) Louisiana:	.22	.09	. 12	. 16	.29	.48	.20
1921	.26	. 12	.04	.09	.11	.43	.18
1920	25	.11	.08	. 15	. 13	. 26	. 17
Median (7 years)	.10	.09	.03	.07	.12	. 21	.10
Oklahoma: 1921.	.25	. 16	.14	.26	.27	. 49	. 24
1920¹ Median (1913, 1915, 1917)	. 86	.31	. 23	.31	.60	.74	. 54
MOUNTAIN.					·		•
Montana:							
1921	1.54	. 69	. 27	.15	. 52	. 94	. 86
1920. Median (7 years)	2. 54 2. 40	1. 42 2. 07	. 52 1. 19	.84	.62 .95	2. 41 2. 07	1.63 1.86
idaho:	2.30	1			. 20	2.07	1.00
1921	1.05	3.30	. 51	. 24	. 35	1.66	1.58
1920 Average (1913, 1920)	2. 04 1. 45	.93	.71	.08	. 22 . 12	.38 .21	1.03 .74
Wyoming:	1, 50	. 13	.50	.03	.12	.21	. /2
1921	3, 21	1, 19	.30	. 24	.65	1.01	1.54
1920. Median (8 years)	.77	1. 16	1.71	.37	.91	1.28	1.01
Colorado:	1.10	1. 10	.33	.46	.66	.99	.90
1921	1.64	1.87	.37	.39	.72	1.78	1.38
1920 Median (6 years)	1.23	1. 36 1. 32	.42	. 25 !	. 58	1.13	1.01
Median (6 years)	1.64	1.32	.54	.29	. 39	.80	1.09
1921	1.38	. 95	.33	. 23	. 49	.85	89
New Mexico: 1921 1920 Median ¹	1.76	1.01	.36	.27	.43	1.03	1, 04
Median 1							• • • • • • • •
Arizona: 1921	.78	. 55	.14	.10	.00	.85	.51 •
1920	.69	.67	.04	ii	.28	.60	.51
Median (4 years)	.48	. 24	.00	.04	.20	.04	.24
PACIFIC.			.		-		
Washington:	0.00		1		1	1	
1921	2.07 2.61	1.18 1.80	.47 .61	.53 .28	1. 17 . 76	1. 41 1. 26	1.33 1.62
1920 Median (8 years)	1.03	.71	.33	.31	.48	.60	.71
regon:	1	1	- 1		1	1	
1921	1. 23 1. 88	.53	.30	.24	. 52	1. 17 1. 16	.75
1920 Median (8 years)	.92	.85	.62	.37	. 52	.62	1.05 .78
'alifornia:		i	ŀ	1		į.	
1921	1.89	1. 51	.64	.65	.79	1.29	1.38
Modian (8 vocas)	1.65 1.36	.89	.46 .53	.44	.78	1. 29 1. 23	1.06
bove States combined:	1.30	.90	. 33	.40	.03	1.23	. 97
1741	3. 14	1.77	.50	.69	1.10	2.03	1, 92
1920	2.35	1.69	66	56	.90	1. 32	1.61
Median	1.67	1.23	.49	. 42	.63	1. 10	1, 13

¹ Not available.

MORTALITY FROM ORGANIC DISEASES OF THE HEART, 1920.

The Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce, states that 124,000 deaths were due to organic diseases of the heart in the death registration area of the United States in 1920, and that if the rest of the United States had as many deaths from this cause in proportion to the population, the total number of deaths from organic diseases of the heart in the entire United States for 1920 was 151,000, whereas for 1919 the number is estimated at 138,000, or 13,000 less than for 1920.

The trend of the death rate from organic diseases of the heart is upward, the lowest recorded rate for the registration area having been 111.2 per 100,000 population for the year 1900, and the highest rate 153.8 per 100,000 population for the year 1917. For 1920 the rate was 141.9 as against 131 per 100,000 population for 1919.

"Adjusted" rates based on the standard million population have been calculated in order to permit better interstate comparisons for the year 1920. The highest adjusted rate from organic diseases of the heart for 1920 is 180.8 per 100,000 for the State of New York, and the lowest is 87.3 for Kentucky.

For States in which at least 10 per cent of the population was colored, adjusted rates have been calculated separately for the white and colored populations. In this group of States the highest adjusted rate for the white population is 179.8 per 100,000 for New York, and the highest rate for the colored population is 248.3 per 100,000 for the same State; the lowest adjusted rate for the white population is 75 for Mississippi and the lowest for the colored population is 112 for Florida.

80423°-22---2

Deaths and death rates from organic diseases of the heart in the registration area (exclusive of Hawaii), and in the registration States, 1916–1920.

Area.	Nun	aber of d	eaths.	Ad- justed	1	Rate per 100,000 population.				
Alea.	1920	1919	1918	rate, 1920.	1920	1919	1918	1917	1916	
Registration area	124, 143	111, 579	124,668	(1)	141.9	131.0	153.3	153.8	150.6	
Registration States (1916) 2	103, 761		107,500	· (¹)	147.6	136.0	157. 3	155. 5	150.7	
California	6,346	5,999	6, 159	143.9	182.3	177.9	188.7	178.9	181.6	
Colorado	994 2,084	832 1,868	991 2,176	106. 8 138. 8	105.0 149.5	89. 2 136. 7	108.0 162.4	91.7 171.9	86.5 169.8	
Delaware	368	317	(8)	140.6	164.2	142.8	(3)	(3)		
Florida (total)	954	817	(3)	. 101.6	97.4	85. 3	· (*)	(4)	8	
White	651 303	512 305		94.3 112,0	100.4	81. 5 92. 6			,	
Illinois	9,505	8,542	9,500	141.3	145.6	132.6	149.5	(8)	(3)	
Indiana	4,350	4,024	4,777	116.5	147.8	137. 9	165.0	(*) 159.0	150.9	
Kansas	2,021 2,122	1,652	1,993 2,369	93.0 87.3	114.0 87.6	93. 6 85. 4	113.4 98.8	119.9 109.1	115.9 93.5	
Kentucky (total)	1,692	2,059 1,607	1.800	77.5	77.3	74.0	83.4	94.1	83.3	
Colored	430	452	569	166. 6	183. 2	. 190.4	237.0	241.4	182. 1	
Louisiana (total)	1,941	1,886	2,121	136.3	107.6	105.3 86.0	119.4 95.1	(*)	(4)	
White,	1,017 924	936 950	1,020 1,101	118.5 164.4	92. 1 131. 8	135. 2	156.4			
Maine	1,430	1,330	1.454	114.7	185.9	173.5	190.3	194.4	194.9	
Maryland (total)	2 407	2,233	2,820	153.7	165.1	154.9	197.8	184.2	159.1	
White	1,870 537	1,690 543	2, 121 699	138. 8 234. 1	154.3 218.7	141.1 222.3	179.3 287.6	167. 4 265. 1	145.1 226.2	
Massachusetts	7, 569	6,926	8, 167	168. 5	195. 2	181.0	216.2	205.5	197.7	
Michigan	5,906	5,045	5,576	145. 9	159. 1	139. 2	157.7	162.7	156.0	
Minnesota	2,732	2,468 1,222	2,661	110. 1 101. 8	113.7 85.3	104.1 68.2	113.8 (3)	104. 5 (³)	106. 2 (*)	
Mississippi (total) White Colored	1,527 566	472	(3)	75.0	66.0	55.5				
Colored	961	750		129.1	103.0	79.7				
Missouri	4,057	3,408	3,983	103.9	119.0	100. 3 83. 0	117.6 91.3	112.2 94.6	109. 7 96. 4	
Montana Nebraska	428 1,207	(3)	(477 (3)	97. 4 87. 6	76. 7 92. 7	(3)	(3)		(3)	
New Hampshire	908	(³) 749	921	129.7	204.6	169.3	208.8	(³) 215. 1	207.0	
New Jersey. New York (total). White	5,081	4,679	5,414	164.1	159.4	149.8	176.9	170. 2 202. 3	167. 5	
New York (total)	19, 961 19, 575	18, 591 18, 128	20,680 20,227	180. 8 179. 8	191.0 191.3	180. 1 179. 3	203. 0 202. 6	201.8	199. 5 198. 7	
Colored	386	463	453	248.3	178.2	220.7	223.2	225. 4 97. 2	241.0	
North Carolina (total)	2,403	2,061	2,448	113.9	93.2	81.1	97.7	97.2	91.0	
White	1,548 855	1,274 787	1,526 922	100.0 150.5	86.1 109.8	72.0 102.0	87. 7 120. 6	87. 9 118. 2	82.7 109.6	
Ohio	8, 335	7,694	8, 596	122.9	143.4	134.8	153.3	159.7	155.0	
OregonPennsylvania (total) W hite	1,139	1,000	982	121.8	144.3	128.6	128.1	(³)	(*)	
Pennsylvania (total)	12,406 11,898	11,500	13,852 13,238	141.6 139.1	141. 4 140. 3	132.7 131.0	161. 9 159. 8	155. 8 153. 3	148. 2 146. 3	
Colored	508	10, 980 520	614	233.6	174.0	184.0	224.6	232.8	207.2	
Rhode IslandSouth Carolina (total)	975	900	1,048	145.9	160.5	149.7	176.2	172.0	178.5	
South Carolina (total)	1,641	1,343	1,541	132.9	97.0	80. 2 70. 9	93. 0 84. 1	95.2 87.1	84. 6 74. 6	
White	763 878	575 7€8	670 871	116.5 150.9	92.4 101.3	88.9	101.2	102.5	93.6	
Colored Tennessee (total)	2,018	1,925	2.119	91.8	86.0	82.6	91.6	97.1	(3)	
White	1,375	1,333	1,423	76.4	72.6	71.0	76.5	81.7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
ColoredUtah	643 484	592 391	696 471	156.1 126.4	142.6 106.8	130. 7 87. 8	152.9 107.6	158. 9 105. 9	99.8	
Vermont	805	727	783	141.8	228.5	206.2	221.8	222.7	225.6	
Vermont. Virginia (total)	2,896 1,786	2,577	3,061	134.0	124. 7	112.2	134.8	136.3	135. 3	
White	1,786 1,110	1,570 1,007	1,829 1,232	112.9 187.5	109.6 160.3	97. 7 145. 9	115.6 179.0	112.6 190.3	113. 4 184. 4	
Colored		1,346	1, 408	113.8	115.8	100.0	106. 4	92.9	96.6	
Washington	1,584	1.010	1. 200	110.01	110.0	100.0	100. 1	74. 7	<i>a</i> 0. 0	

Rate not calculated.
 Including the District of Columbia.
 Not admitted to registration area until a later date.

MORTALITY FROM TUBERCULOSIS, 1920.

The Bureau of the Census announces that nearly 100,000 deaths were due to tuberculosis in the death registration area of the United States in 1920, and if the rest of the United States had as many deaths from this cause in proportion to the population, the total number of deaths from tuberculosis in the entire United States for 1920 was about 122,000, whereas for 1919 the number is estimated as 132,000, or 10,000 more than for 1920.

The trend of the tuberculosis death rate is downward. In the registration area of the 33 States which show rates for more than one year, 29 in the following table show their lowest rates for the year 1920. The tuberculosis death rate in the registration area in 1920 was 114.2 per 100,000 population, against 125.6 per 100,000 population for the year 1919.

To permit better interstate comparisons for the year 1920, adjusted rates based on the standard million population have been calculated. The highest adjusted tuberculosis rate for 1920 is 215.7 per 100,000 population for the State of Colorado, and the lowest is 40.8 per 100,000 population for the adjoining State of Utah. The high rate for Colorado is evidence not of unhealthfulness of climate, but of the attractiveness of the Colorado climate to persons afflicted with tuberculosis.

For the States in which at least 10 per cent of the population was colored, adjusted rates have been calculated separatery for the white and colored populations. In this group of States the highest adjusted tuberculosis rate for the white population is 137.6 per 100,000 for Kentucky, and the highest adjusted rate for the colored population is 354.9 per 100,000 population for the same State. The lowest adjusted tuberculosis rate for the white population is 54.2 for Mississippi, and the lowest for the colored population is 175.2 per 100,000 population for Florida.

Deaths and death rates from tuberculosis (all forms) in the registration area (exclusive of Hawaii) and in the registration States, 1916–1920.

Area.	Nun	aber of d	eaths.	'Ad- justed	1	Rate per 100,000 population.				
Ares.	1920	1919	1918	rate, 1920.	1920	1919	1918	1917	1916	
Registration area	99, 916	106, 985	122, 040	(1)	114.2	125.6	150.0	147.1	142.1	
Registration States (1916)2	79, 489	86, 070	100,946	(1)	113.1	124.2	147.7	142.9	139.6	
California	5, 555	5, 910	6,094	147.6	159.6	175.3	186.7	177.2	174.6	
Colorado	2, 134	2,005 1,729	2, 229 2, 062	215.7	225. 4	215.1	242.9	194.8	176.6	
Connecticut Delaware	1,666 327	1,729 363	(8)	116.8 142.5	119.4 146.0	126.5 163.6	153.9	160. 4	142.5	
Florida (total)	1,021	1,003	8	106. 4	104.1	104.8	(4)		8	
White	435	471		67.7	67.1	74.9				
Colored	586 6, 568	532	0 606	175. 2 97. 0	176.8 100.6	161.6 114.9	135.7		/2/	
IllinoisIndiana	3, 201	7, 395 3, 331	8, 626 4, 057	105.7	108.8	114.1	140.2	(3) 139.5	134.6	
Kansas	855	894	1,050	47. 4	48.2	50.6	59.8	59.8	57.3	
Kentucky (total)	3, 705	3,982	4,770	159.7	152.9 130.3	165.3	199.0 169.3	198. 8 166. 1	195. 2	
WhiteColored	2, 851 854	3, 109 873	3,651 1,119	137. 6 354. 9	363.8	143.1 367.8	466.0	486.1	163. 7 467. 4	
Louisiana (total)	2, 550	2,577	3,301	149. 1	141.2	143.9	185.8	(3)	(4)	
Louisiana (total)	894	879	-1, 169	86.9	80.9	80.8	109.0			
Colored	1,656 799	1,698 793	2, 132 927	244. 0 100. 2	236. 2 103. 8	241.7 103.4	302. 9 121. 4	117.1	118.2	
Maine	2, 139	2, 390	2,959	144.1	146.7	165. 8	207.6	195. 9	195.6	
White	1, 337	1, 549	1,930	106.5	110.4	129.4	163.1	150.8	148.6	
Colored	802	841	1,029	325.3	326.6	344.2	423.4	413.6	420.8	
Massachusetts	4, 412 3, 101	4, 901 3, 106	6,005 3,588	110.0 82.7	113. 8 83. 6	128.0 85.7	159.0 101.5	145. 9 96. 6	149. 2 92. 7	
Minnesota	2, 151	2, 246	2,446	88.2	89.5	94.7	104.6	102. 1	104.8	
Minnesota	2, 287	2, 436	(8)	138.6	127.8	136.0	(8)	(3)	(8)	
White	410	488		54. 2 213. 4	47.8 201.2	57.3 207.1	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •		
Colored Missouri	1,877 3,644	1, 948 3, 984	4, 891	102.5	106.9	117.2	144.4	149.2	143.0	
Montana	419	480	506	70.2	75. 1	88. 9	96.8	108.8	107. 1	
Nebraska	561	(3)	(1)	42.9	43.0	(*)	(9)	(3)	(*)	
New Hampshire	430 3. 63 5	453 3, 978	556 4, 817	94.7 110.7	97.0 114.0	102. 5 127. 4	126. 1 157. 4	113. 9 154. 3	. 114.5 151.1	
New York (total)	12,634	14, 538	17, 113	114.5	120.9	140.9	167. 9	166.3	160.6	
New Jorsey New York (total) White	11,848	13, 582	17, 113 16, 149	109.6	115.8	134. 4	161.8	161. 1	155. 4	
Colored	786	956	964	352.3	362. 8 116. 5	455.7	475.0	429. 4	422.2	
White	3, 004 1, 491	3, 110 1, 521	3, 475 1, 649	131. 8 93. 8	82, 8	122.4 86.0	138.7 94.7	137. 8 94. 2	147. 1 101. 5	
Colored	1.513	1, 589	1, 826	220.2	194.2	205.9	238.8	236. 4	249. 4	
Ohio	5, 975	6, 539	7,634	99.1	102.8	114.6	136.2	134.8	126. 4	
OregonPennsylvania (total)	703 9, 213	704 10, 327	675	86. 2 104. 0	89. 1 105. 0	90.6 119.1	88. 1 151. 6	(*) 138. 6	(*) 133. 0	
White	8, 267	9, 334	12,968 11,746	96.7	97.5	111.4	141.8	129.1	125. 4	
Colored	946	993	1, 222	312.1	324.1	351.3	447.0	438.0	373.5	
Rhode Island	798	895	1,080	127.5	131.3	148.8	181.5	172.9	175.9	
South Carolina (total) White	2,031 540	2, 271 552	2, 395 541	135.6 73.2	120. 0 65. 5	135. 6 68. 0	144.5 67.9	144.8 70 0	146. 1 67. 0	
Colored	1, 491	1,719	1, 854	197. 2	172.0	199.0	215.4	213.0	217. 2	
Cennessee (total)	3,860	3, 938	4,786	175. 2	164.6	169.0	206.8	199.1	(4)	
White	2, 451 1, 409	2,376	2,817	129.3 315.5	129.3 312.6	126.6 344.9	151. 5 432. 5	155.6 374.5	• • • • • • •	
Colored	1,409	1, 562 200	1, 969 209	40.8	39.1	44.8	47.8	44.6	50.7	
Vermont	288	321	369	77.7	81.8	91.1	104.4	93. 4	110.8	
Virginia (total)	3, 319	3, 445	4, 170	151.9	142.9	150.1	183.6	169.8	174.9	
White	1,545	1, 567	1,996	100.6 270.0	94.8 256.2	97. 5 272. 0	126. 1 315. 9	109. 2 307. 6	118. 4 301. 7	
Colored Washington	1,774 1,346	1, 878 1, 385	2, 174 1, 371	95.6	98.4	103.0	103.5	100.2	97.5	
Wisconsin	2, 267	2, 202	2,440	85.1	85.6	84.1	94.4	97.3	92. 1	

Rate not calculated.
 Including the District of Columbia.
 Not admitted to registration area until a later date.

PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH COMPARED.

DEATH RATES FOR PRINCIPAL CAUSES, OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER, 1921, IN A GROUP OF INSURED PERSONS.

The accompanying table is taken from the Statistical Bulletin of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. for December, 1921. It presents the mortality data of the industrial department of the company for October and November, 1921, and November and year, 1920.

The figures are based on a strength of approximately 13,400,000 insured persons.

Death rates (annual basis) per 100,060 lives exposed, for principal causes, October and November, 1921, and November and year, 1920.

[Industrial Department, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.]

•	Death rate per 100,000 lives exposed.							
Cause of death.	Novem- ber, 1921.	October, 1921.	November, 1920.	Year 1920.				
Total, all causes	836.7	770.8	848.6	989. 4				
yphoid fever. feasles carlet fever. Vhooping cough iphtheria nifluenza uberculosis (all forms) ancer feningitis (all forms) erebral hemorrhage rganic diseases of heart neumonia (all forms) ther respiratory diseases isiarrhea and enteritis. right's disease uerperal state nicides. fomicides ther external causes (excluding suicides and homicides) Traumatism by automobile.	5.5 1.6 30.7 5.2 95.3 70.1 5.3 62.6 118.4 61.1 15.1 16.3 5.9 6.3	8. 4 1. 3 27. 6 95. 3 69. 5 4. 0 52. 7 107. 8 11. 8 14. 7 62. 2 14. 1 8. 4 6. 6 49. 9 13. 8	9. 4 2. 2 7. 1 2. 7 31. 7 31. 7 70. 6 4. 2 57. 2 105. 9 54. 1 15. 2 14. 9 65. 7 15. 5 61. 4 15. 1	6.7 8.5 6.0 6.6 22.1 53.5 59.8 69.8 69.8 5.2 117.0 106.1 15.8 70.8 23.0 6.1 15.8 60.1				

DEATHS DURING WEEK ENDED DEC. 31, 1921.

Summary of information received by telegraph from industrial insurance companies for week ended Dec. 31, 1921, and corresponding week, 1920. (From the Weekly Health Index, Jan. 3, 1922, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

Policies in force	Week ended Dec. 31, 1921. 47, 852, 588	Correspondin; week, 1920. 45, 019, 068
Number of death claims		7, 093
Death claims per 1,000 policies in force, annual rate	10.5	8. 2

Deaths from all causes in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended Dec. 31, 1921, infant mortality, annual death rate, and comparison with corresponding week of preceding years. (From the Weekly Health Index, Jan. 3, 1922, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.)

	Takin akad	Week ended Dec. 31, 1921.		Average		hs under year.	Infant mor- tality
City.	Estimated population July 1, 1921.	Total deaths.	Death rate.1	death rate per 1,000.3	Week ended Dec. 31, 1921.	Previous year or years.2	rate,
Akron, Ohio. Albany, N. Y Atlanta, Ga Baltimore, Md. Birmingham, Ala. Boston, Mass. Bridgeport, Conn. Buffalo, N. Y Cambridge, Mass. Camden, N. J Chicago, Ill. Chicago, Ill. Cheinanati, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio. Cloveland, Ohio. Columbus, Ohio Dallas, Tex. Dayton, Ohio Denver, Colo. Detroit, Mich. Fall River, Mass. Fort Worth, Tex. Grand Rapids, Mich Houston, Tex Indianapolis, Ind. Jersey City, N. J. Kansas City, Kans Kansas City, Kans Kansas City, Kans Kansas City, Mo. Los Angeles, Calif Louisville, Ky. Lowell, Mass. Memphis, Tenn Milwaukee, Wis Minneapolis, Minn. New Bedford, Mass. New Haven, Conn. New Orlean, La. New Orlean, La. New Orlean, La. New Orlean, La. New Ala. New Paterson, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa. Portland, Calif. Omaha, Nebr. Paterson, N. J. Philadelphia, Pa. Portland, Oreg. Providence, R. I. Richmond, Va. Rochester, N. Y. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn Salt Lake City, Utah San Francisco, Calif. Seattle, Wash Sporkane, Wash Sporkane, Wash Sportagield, Mass. Syracuse, N. Y. Voungstown, Ohio.	750, 864 186, 133 757, 634 149, 967 519, 608 110, 444 119, 672 2, 780, 655 403, 418	34 39 731 258 214 36 113 322 575 121 1558 43 357 188 323 307 92 60 32 136 159 59 60 32 136 159 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	7.7 18.3 14.6 2 14.7 11.3 19.0 8 11.5 19.1 13.8 15.6 11.5 19.0 16.1 19.0 16.1 19.0 16.1 17.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6 11.6	4 10.8 C 15.6 C 14.1 A 17.8 A 20.8 A 17.8 A 20.8 A 17.8 C 14.1 1.9 C 10.8 A 17.5 C A 17.4 C C 12.8 C C 12.6 C C 12.8 C C 12.6 C C 12.8 C A 15.7 C A	2188277275213 4 832 80 7 11 5 7 30 9 2 2 5 2 10 2 3 2 5 2 4 2 4 4 2 5 1 17 5 7 30 9 8 7 6 7 10 5 6 8 6 5 5 5 6 6 1 4 1 7 3	C 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2

¹ Annual rate per 1,000 population.
2 "A" indicates data for the corresponding week of the years 1913 to 1917, inclusive. "C" indicates data for the corresponding week of the year 1920.
3 Deaths under 1 year per 1,600 births—an annual rate based on deaths under 1 year for the week and estimated births for 1920. Cities left blank are not in the registration area for births.
4 Data based on statistics of 1915, 1916, and 1917.

SUMMARY OF DEATHS IN 62 CITIES, 1921.

Deaths from all causes, death rate, and infant mortality in 62 large cities of the United States for 1921, and comparison with 1920.

[Furnished by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.]

(Fu	rnished by th	e Bureau	of the C	ensus, D	epartm	ent of Co	mmerce.]		
	Popula-	Popula- Total		Deaths	infant	visional Infant infant mor-		ality dat dar year	
City.1	tion.2	deaths.	rate.3	under 1 year.	mor- tality rate 1921.34	tality rate 1920.5	Total deaths.	Death rate.	Deaths under 1 year.
Total	27, 433, 479	327, 550	12.0	48, 067			372, 629	13. 8	56, 818
Akron, Ohio	229, 195	1,619	7.1	336	68	84	2, 443	11.3	452
ALIANIA, US	207, 473	1,743 3,053	15. 2 14. 8	179 - 394	77	77	1,785 3,485	15. 7 17. 2	176 475
Baltimore, Md Birmingham, Ala	750, 864 186, 133	10, 351 2, 702	13.8 14.6	1,598 427	87	106	11, 356 2, 982	15. 4 16. 5	1,961 484
Boston, Mass		10,095	13.4	1.483	76	-101	11,604	15.4	1,966
Boston, Mass. Bridgeport, Conn. Buffalo, N. Y. Cambridge, Mass. Camden, N. J. Chicago, Ill. Cincinnati, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio. Columbus, Ohio. Dallas. Tox.	757, 634 149, 967 519, 608	1, 453 6, 199	9.7 12.0	266	64 92	92 103	1,872 7,475	12.8 14.6	384 1, 371
Cambridge, Mass	110, 444	1,386	12.6	1, 212 192	67	96	1,636	14.9	274
Chicago, Ill.	119, 672 2, 780, 655	1, 498 30, 763	12.6 11.1	294 5, 061	86		1,731 34,848	14.7 12.8	364 5,675
Cincinnati, Ohio	403, 418	5.691	14.1	602	77	82	I 6 072	15.1	644
Columbus, Ohio	831, 138 245, 358 165, 282 153, 119	8, 681 3, 158	10. 5 12. 9	1, 463 360	73 73	87 96	9, 985 3, 546	12. 4 14. 8	1,692 453
Dallas, Tox Dayton, Ohio Denver, Colo Detroit, Mich	165, 282	1.939	11.8	287			2, 166	13.4	294
Denver, Colo	263, 152	1, 707 3, 696	10.8 14.1	237 392	77	85	1, 883 4, 484	12. 2 17. 3	275 463
Detroit, Mich		10.356	9.7	2,303	85	104	13,700	13. 4	2,885
Grand Rapids, Mich	120, 668 141, 197	1,728 1,537	14. 4 10. 9	413 231	111 74	129 99	1,772 1,826	14.7 13.2	458 310
Houston, Tex	144, 340	1,670	11.6 12.6	203 523	•••••	91	1, 944 4, 636	13. 9 14. 6	234 623
Jersey City, N. J	325, 632 302, 788	4, 085 3, 727	12.3	673	77 82		4, 221	14.1	758
Detroit, Mich Fall, River, Mass Grand Rapids, Mich Houston, Tex Indianapolis, Ind Jersey City, N. J Kansas City, Kans Kansas City, Mo Los Angeles, Calif. Louisville, Ky Lowell, Mass	103, 884	1, 321 4, 620	12.8 13.8	172 626	76	108	1,478 5,279	14. 5 16. 1	243 765
Los Angeles, Calif	336, 157 614, 160	R. 513	13.9	832	66	71	8, 274	14.1	830
Louisville, KyLowell, Mass	236, 083 113, 757	3,419	14. 5 12. 8 16. 0	335 279	70 90	86 135	3, 582 1, 771	15. 2 15. 7	409 425
Memphis, Tenn	165, 656	3, 419 1, 454 2, 645	16.0	316			3, 255	19.9	403
Milwaukee, Wis. Minneapplis, Minn	165, 656 468, 386 392, 315 122, 036	4, 535 4, 288	9.7 10.9	870 524	82 55	94 65	5, 415 4, 713	11.7 12.3	990 600
Nashville, Tenn	122, 036	1, 980	16.3	231			2, 147 1, 745	18.1	294
New Bedford, Mass New Haven, Conn	125, 012 167, 007	1, 379 1, 937	11.1 11.6	347 252	99 59	122 87	1,745 2,375	14.2	429 368
New Orleans, La	394, 657	6, 444	16.4	811			6,869	17.6	785
New York, N. Y	5, 751, 967 424, 885	64, 067 4, 746	11. 2 11. 2	9, 528 836	71 71	85	73, 393 5, 372	13.0 12.9	11, 319 993
Norfolk, Va	121, 260	1.441	11.9	241	82	100	1,782	15.2 11.8	285 293
Omaha, Nebr.	226, 472 197, 066	2, 363 2, 581	10.5 13.1	206 345	50 71	71 92	1,782 2,585 2,771	14.3	415
Paterson, N. J	137, 463 1, 866, 212	1,705	12.4	249	74	91	1,746 26,511	12.8 14.4	249 3, 956
New Haven, Conn. New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y Newark, N. J Norfolk, Va. Oakland, Calif. Omaha, Nebr Paterson, N. J Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Portland, Oreg Providence, R. I Richmond, Va. Rochester, N. Y St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn	602, 452	23, 623 8, 335	12.7 13.9	3, 346 1, 443 250	76 89 47	111	9,678	16.4	1,641
Portland, Oreg	602, 452 264, 859 239, 645 175, 686 305, 124	2,858	10.8 13.2	250 547	47 83	60	3, 164 3, 692	12. 1 15. 5	310 586
Richmond, Va	175, 686	3, 143 2, 548 3, 456	14.5	433	101	114	2, 847 3, 765	16.5	479
St. Louis, Mo.	305, 229 786, 164	3, 456 9, 414	11. 4 12. 0	530 886	78	84	10.931	12.6 14.1	567 1, 153
St. Paul, Minn. Salt Lake City, Utah San Francisco, Calif	237, 781	2, 496	10.5	260	47	73	2, 958 1, 704	12.5	378
San Francisco Colif	121, 595 520, 546	1, 480 7, 019	12. 2 13. 5	251 429	72 48	72 62	7, 259	14.3 14.2	241 558
Seattle, Wash	520, 546 327, 227	2.843	8.7	291	47	57	3, 401	10.7	3 49
Seattle, Wash	104, 442 1	1,319 1,521	12.7 11.2	129 238	53 68	71 85	1, 481 1, 709	14. 2· 13. 0	174 290
Syracuse, N. Y	135, 877 177, 265	2, 151	12.2	355	82	105	2,640	15. 2	438
Trenton, N. J	253, 696 122, 760	3, 041 1, 683	12.0 13.7	406 268	76 79	89	3, 413 1, 886	13.8 15.7	473 337
Washington, D. C	454, 028	6,052	13. 4 12. 1	757	83 87	91	6, 463	14.6 14.0	803 322
Washington, D. C. Wilmington, Del. Worcester, Mass Yonkers, N. Y	122, 760 454, 026 113, 408 184, 972 103, 324 139, 432	2, 361	12.8	231 370	77	85	1, 563 2, 668 1, 153	14.7	410
Yonkers, N. Y Youngstown Ohio	103, 324	942 1,607	9. 1 11. 6	153 365	61 93	99 95	1, 153 1, 738	11. 4 12. 9	212 375
	100, 204	1,001	11.0	303	. 20	~]	1, 100	12.5	010

¹Cities appearing in the summary are those shown for the 52 weeks in Weekly Health Index.

² Populations estimated as of July 1, 1921, based upon the Federal censuses of 1910 and 1920.

³ Allowance has been made for the extra day which must be added to the 52 weeks to give a period of 385 days.

⁴ Infant mortality rate is based upon deaths under 1 year as returned each week and estimated births, 1921

^{1921.}

Cities left blank are not in the registration area for births.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

Telegraphic Reports for Week Ended Jan. 7, 1922.

These reports are preliminary, and the figures are subject to change when later returns are received by the State health officers.

the other means officers.		
ALABAMA.	COLORADO.	
Cases. Chicken pox	(Exclusive of Denver.)	ses.
Diphtheria	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Influenza 2	Chicken pox.	33
	Diphtheris.	73
Malaria	Impetigo contagiosa	1
Pneumonia	Measles	3
Scarlet fever 19	Mumps.	8
Smallpox	Pneumonia.	5
Tetanus. 2	Scarlet fever.	33
Tuberculosis	Smallpox	38
Typhoid fever	Tuberculosis	42
Typnoid fever	Typhoid fever	2
Arkansas.		
Anthrax 1	CONNECTICUT.	
Chicken pox 4	Chicken pox.	101
Diphtheria11	Diphtheria:	M
Influenza 83		15
Malaria 12		13
Measles	i	16
Pellagra 1	l a	42
Pneumonia 7	German measles	3
Scarlet fever 10	Favus.	1
Smallpox 8	Influenza	5
Tuberculosis 4	Measles:	•
Typhoid fever 7	** *	13
		10 10
CALIFORNIA.		14
Cerebrospinal meningitis—Pomona	l •	42
Diphtheria194		20
Influenza 38	Ophthalmia neonatorum	2
Measles		34
Poliomyelitis—Fresno County	Scarlet fever:	
Scarlet fever	Hartford	10
Smallpox:		11
Kern County 13		39
San Jose		6-
Santa Clara 9	Trachoma.	1
Santa Clara County		5
Scattering		4
Typhoid fever 4		9
	······································	

FLORIDA.		IOWA.	
Cerebrospinal meningitis		Cerebrospinal meningitis—Marshalltown	ses.
Diphtheria	13	Diphtheria	
Influenza	3	Scarlet fever.	89
Malaria	1	Smallpox	53
Pneumonia	4	Kansas.	
Scarlet fever	5		
Smallpox	9	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Typhoid fever	3	Chicken pox.	
GEORGIA.		Diphtheria	
	15	German measles Influenza	1
Chicken pox	2	Measles.	5
Dengue	18	Mumps.	4
Dysentery (bacillary)	5	Pneumonia.	24
German measles	1	Poliomyelitis	1
Hookworm disease	9	Scarlet fever.	
Influenza.	21	Smallpox	31
Malaria	6	Tetanus	2
Paratyphoid fever	1	Tuberculosis	40
Pneumonia	19	Typhoid fever	6
Scarlet fever	17	Whooping cough	9
Septic sore throat	1	LOUISIANA.	
Smallpox	15	Diphtheria	18
Tetanus	4	Influenza.	7
Trachoma	2	Measles.	10
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	11	Scarlet fever	10
Typhoid fever	3	Smallpox	4
Typhus fever	1	Typhoid fever	28
Whooping cough	۰,۱		
ILLINOIS.		MAINE.	
Cerebrospinal meningitis:	- 1	Chicken pox	18 14
Adams County—Liberty Township	1	Diphtheria	5
Moline.	ī	Measles	9
Olney	1	Mumps	4
Diphtheria:	- 1	Prieumonia	5
Aurora	13		59
Chicago 2	06 j	Tuberculosis	7
•	10	Typhoid fever	2
Rockford	9	MARYLAND.1	
Streator	8	MARILAND.	
Scattering 1' Influenza			68
Lethargic encephalitis—Chicago	25	•	72
Pneumonia	1 19	German measles	7
Scarlet fever:	13		21
Chicago. 1	51	Lethargic encephalitis	1
Morgan County-Jacksonville Precinct			30
Scattering			91
Smallpox:	- 1		95
Rock Island—Drury Township	8	Septic sore throat	1
Scattering	52		34
Typhoid fever		Typhoid fever	16
Whooping cough	23		12
INDIANA.	I	Massachusetts.	
		Anthrax	1
Diphtheria 18		Chicken pox	72
Scarlet fever		Conjunctivitis (suppurative)	7
		Diphtheria	
	6	German measles	12
Week ended Friday.			

MASSACHUSETTS—continued.		NEW JERSEY.	
	ases.		1565. 2
Influenza		Cerebrospinal meningitis	
Lethargic encephalitis		Chicken pox	179
Measles		Diphtheria	
Mumps		Influenza	170
Ophthalmia neonatorum	. 11	Measles	
Pellagra	. 1	Paratyphoid fever	
Pneumonia (lobar)		Pneumonia.	
Poliomyelitis		Scarletfever	
Septic sore throat	. 1	Trachoma Typhoid fever.	_
Tuberculosis (all forms)	175	Whooping cough.	
Typhoid fever		w nooping cough	
Whooping cough.		NEW MEXICO.	
MINNESOTA.		Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
		Chicken pox	35
Chicken pox		Diphtheria:	
Diphtheria		Raton	12
Influenza		Scattering	
Measles		Measles.	1
Pneumonia	-	Mumps	6
Scarlet fever		Pellagra	
Smallpox		Pneumonia	11
Tuberculosis		Scarlet fever	15
Typhoid fever,		Smallpox	1
Whooping cough	. 2	Tuberculosis	46
MISSISSIPPI,		Typhoid fever	5
Diphtheria	. 34	Whooping cough	6
Scarlet sever			
Smallpox.		NEW YORK.	
Typhoid fever		(Excusive of New York City.)	
		Diphtheria	26 5
MISSOURI.	20	Influenza	28
Chicken pox		Measles	111
DiphtheriaEpidemic sore throat	107	Pneumonia	314
Influenza		Scarlet fever	338
Measles		Smallpox	1
Mumps		Typhoid fever	26
Poliomyelitis		Whooping cough	111
Pneumonia			
Rables		NORTH CAROLINA.	
Scarlet fever		Chicken pox	91
Smalipox		Diphtheria	79
Tetanus		German measles	3
Tuberculosis		Measles	14
Typhoid fever		Ophthalmia neonatorum	1
Whooping cough		Poliomyelitis	1
** mooping coupins	•	Scarlet fever	68
MONTANA.		Septie sore throat	4
Diphtheria	18	Smallpox	14
Scarlet fever	48	Typhoid fever.	5
Smallpox	38		153
NEBRASKA.		OREGON.	
Chicken pox	22	OREGON:	
Diphtheria:		Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Omaha	9	Chicken pox	20
Scattering	24	Diphtheria:	
deasles:		Port!and	3 0
Omaha	20	Scattering	8
Scattering	14	Measles	3
dumps	21	Mumps	9
carlet fever	57		14
Smallpox	34	Poliomyelitis-Astoria	1
Cuberculosis	9	Scarlet fever	8
¹ Deaths.	٠,		
~ Questing.			

oregon—continued.		WASHINGTON—continued.	•
Smallpex:	ases.	Poliomyelitis	ases. 2
Portland	_ 23	Scables.	_
Scattering		Scarlet fever:	
Tuberculosis		Spokane	. 21
Typhoid fever		Scattering	
Whooping cough		Smallpox:	0
	_	Spokane	. 30
SOUTH DAKOTA.		Tacoma	- :
Chicken pox	. 9	Scattering	
Diphtheria		Tuberculosis.	
Mumps		Typhoid fever.	
Pneumonia		Whooping cough	
Scarletfever		w mooping cough	. 10
Smallpox		WEST VIRGINIA.	
Tuberculosis		Diphtheria	. 27
Typhoid fever		Scarlet fever	. 15
Whooping cough	. 1	Smallpox	. 4
TEXAS.		Typhoid fever	. 4
	151	1	
Chcken pox		wisconsin. Milwaukee:	
Influenza		Cerebrospinal meningitis	. 1
Pneumonia		Chicken pox.	
- · ·		Diphtheria	
Scarletfever		German mea;les	
Smallpox		Pneumonia.	
Typhoid fever	12	Scarlet fever.	
VERMONT.		Tuberculosis	
Chicken pox	71		
Diphtheria		Typhoid fever	
Measles		Whooping cough	17
Mumps		Scattering:	100
Pneumonia		Chicken pox	
Scarlet fever		Diphtheria	
Smallpox		German measles	
Typhoid fever		Influenza	
Whooping cough		Measles	
Whooping coaga		Pneumonia	
WASHINGTON.		Poliomyelitis	
Chicken pox		Scarlet fever	
Diphtheria		Smallpox	
Meas'es		Tuberculosis	
Mumps		Typhoid fever	
Pneumonia	2	Whooping cough	::8
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Delayed Reports for	We	ek Ended Dec. 31, 1921.	
		KENTUCKY—continued.	
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.	ses.		ses.
Chicken pox		Measles:	
Diphtheria	30	Jefferson County	163
Measles		Scattering	
		Pneumonia.	
Scarlet fever	.,	PoliomyelitisCarlisle County	ئ <i>د ہ</i> .
Smallpox		Scarlet fever.	21
Tuberculosis		Septic sore throat	
Whooping cough	8		ა
KENTUCKY.2	!	Smallpox: Fulton County	10
Cerebrospinal meningitis—Graves County			
Chicken pox	33	Scattering	
Diphtheria:		Tonsillitis	
Christian County		Trachoma	5
Daviess County		Tuberculosis:	00
Jefferson County		Jefferson County	
Scattering		Scattering	
Influenza	61	Typhoid fever	
Malaria	1		1
¹ Deaths.	2]	For 2 weeks ended Dec. 31, 1921.	

SUMMARY OF CASES REPORTED MONTHLY BY STATES.

The following summary of monthly State reports is published weekly and covers only those States from which reports are received during the current week:

State.	Cerebrospinal meningitis.	Diphtheria.	Influenza.	Malaria.	Measles.	Pellagra.	Poliomyelitis.	Scarlet fever.	Smallpox.	Typhoid fever.
1921. Arizona (November)	14	35 1,906 17 10	80	28 3	5 71 3	4	1 50 1	24 847 72	1 288	9 75 10
Delaware (December)	6	137 3, 265	2 36	3 2	6 4 169		10	119 42 1,789	2 168	12 48 312

PLAGUE (RODENT).

Galveston, Tex.

Two plague-infected rats have been reported at Galveston, Tex., as follows: One reported positive January 6, 1922, trapped December 5, 1921; one reported positive January 10, 1922, trapped December 12, 1921.

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921.

ANTHRAX.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Ohio: Cleveland Pennsylvania: Philadelphia	1	
Philadelphia	. 2	•••••••

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-			City.	Median for pre-		ended 4, 1921.
	vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.		vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama: Birmingham California: Los Angeles. San Francisco Illinois: Chicago Indiana: Indianapolis La Fayette Maine: Bangor Massachusetts: Everett Michigan: Detroit Pontiac New Jersey: Newark Trenton	0 1 1 1 0 0 0 0	1 1 2 1 2 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	New York: Cohoes Mount Vernon New York Saratoga Springs North Carolina: Charlotte Ohio: Cleveland Pennsylvania: New Castle Pittsburgh Tennessee: Chattanooga Memphis. West Virginia: Bluefield.	000	3 1 1 1 1	1

DIPHTHERIA.

See p. 68; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 58, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 62.

INFLUENZA.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:	-		Massachusetts-Continued.		
Birmingham	· 2	1	Watertown	1	
Mobile		3	Winthrop Worcester	1	
Arkansas:		•	Worcester	· 12	
Little Rock	1	l	Michigan:		1
California:		l	Ann Arbor Detroit	1	
Los Angeles	2	[Detroit		1 :
San Francisco	. 3	1	New Jersey: Newark	_	I
District of Columbia:		İ	Newark	4	
Washington	2		New York:		1
Florida:	!		Albany	8	
Tampa	3		Buffalo		
Georgia:	_		New York	34	
Albany	1		Saratoga Springs	1	
Atlanta	5		Ohio:		i
Illinois:	امر		Akron	2	
Chicago	18	4	Pennsylvania:	4	
Kentucky:	1		Pennsylvania: Philadelphia Utah:	4	'
Covington			Salt Lake City		
Louisiana: New Orleans	1	3	Virginia:		
Marvland:	- 1	3	Petersburg	3	İ
	8	1	Richmond.	3	· · · · · · · · i
Baltimore	°	1	Roanoke	3	
Massachusetts: Boston	1		West Virginia:	J	
Cambridge			Fairmont	1	
Fall River.	- 1	i	Wisconsin:		
Lawrence	4		Green Bay	1	
			1		
		LEPF	osy.		
California: Sacramento San Francisco	1				
	LET	HARGIC	encephalitis.		
Maryland:	1		Nebraska:		
Cumberland		2	Omaha	1	1
	·	MAL	ARIA.		
Arkansas:			Massachusetts:		
Fort Smith	2		Massachusetts: Boston	2	
North Little Rock	- 1		New York:		
Florida:	^ ·		New York	1	
Tampa	2		Tennessee:	i	
Georgia:	- 1		Memphis		1
Brunswick	1 .				-
Louisiana:	- 1.			1	
	1			1	
New Orleans		3	į į	1	

MEASLES.

See p. 68; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 58, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 62.

PELLAGRA.

City.	Cases. Deaths.		City.	Deaths.	
Alabama: BirminghamGeorgia: Savannah	1	2 1	South Carolina: Greenville	1	. 2

PNEUMONIA (ALL FORMS).

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:		1	Kentucky:		
Anniston	2		Covington		. 4
Birmingham		9	Lexington		. 2
Birmingham. Montgomery.		3	Louisville	3	
California:	l		Louisiana:		12
Bakersfield		1 2	New Orleans	21	12
Berkeley	3	2	Maine:	l	. 1
Los Angeles	44	19	Auburn	i	•
Oakland	***	3	Bangor	•	2
Pasadena		2	BiddefordLewiston	i	i
Riverside	2	2 1 3 3 4 7	li Portland		i
Sacramento	l	3	Maryland:		Ί
Sen Rernarding		3	ll Baltimore	38	13
San DiegoSan FranciscoSanta AnaSanta Barbara	5	4	Cumberland	3	2
San Francisco	11	7	Massachusetts:	· ·	1
Santa Ana	3	1	Attleboro		1
Santa Barbara		1	Beverly		2
Stockton		2	ii Boston	1 . .	20
Colorado:		l	Cambridge Chelsea. Chicopee		4 2 1
Denver		16	Chelsea] 2
DenverPueblo		3	Chicopee		1
connecticut:			! Clinton	1	
Bridgeport	5	2	Exerett	3	
Bristol	4		Everett	1	<u>-</u>
BristolGreenwich	2	-	Fall RiverGreenfield		, 2
Meriden	2	<u>-</u>	Greenfield		1
Milford		1	Haverhill	2	1
New Haven		6	Lawrence	3	
New London		1	Leominster	• • • • • • • • •	1
Delaware:		١ .	Lowell		- 5 3 1 3 3 1 4
Wilmington	• • • • • • • • •	4	Lynn		3
District of Columbia:			Medford	• • • • • • • • • •	
Washington		13	New Bedford	• • • • • • • • •	3
Florida:			QuincySalem	• • • • • • • • • • • •	3
Tampa		1	Salem	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 - 1
Georgia:		12	Springfield Taunton	•	2
Atlanta	1	12	Weymouth		3
Brunswick	3		Worcester	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	เ
Savannah		3			**
llinois:		٥	Michigan:		ł
Alton	2		Ann Arbor	1	·····i
Bloomington	- 1	i	Battle Creek	·····i	1
Chicago	210	46	Benton Harbor		9
Chicago	3		Flint	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
Decatur		3	Grand Rapids	3	2
East St. Louis Elgin Evanston	. 1		Hamtramek	9	2 2 1 2 2
Elgin		3	Highland Park	5	ī
Evanston	2		Highland ParkJackson	4	2
Forest Park	2		Kalamazoo	4	$\bar{2}$
Freeport		1	Pontiac		1
Galeshurg	1		Port Huron	2	1
Jacksonville Kewanee	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	Saginaw	2	1
Kewanee		1	Minnesota:	-	
La Salle	1		Duluth.		1
Oak Park	6		Minneapolis		5
Peoria	2	1	Rochester	3	2
Quincy	2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	St. Paul		9
Rock Island Springfield	1	····· <u>2</u>	Missouri:		_
Springheld		2	Cape Girardeau		1
Indiana:	1	1	Kansas City		7
Elkhart		2	St. Joseph	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4
Com		ī	Montana:		_
Uary		$\hat{2}$	Great Falls		1
To Foresto		ĩ	Missoula		1
Gary Hammond La Fayette Marion		î	Nebraska:		
Marion Mishawaka		2	Lincoln	l	1
owa:		- 1	Omaha		8
Rurlington		1	Nevada:		
BurlingtonCouncil Bluffs		î	Reno		1
ansas:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 1	New Hampshire:	7	
Kansas City	2		Nashua		2
Lawrence.		1	New Jersey:	1	
Parsons	i		Bloomfield	5	
Topeka	3	2	Clifton	1	•••••••
Wichita	71		East Orange	3 1	. 1

PNEUMONIA (ALL FORMS)-Continued.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
New Jersey—Continued.			Ohio-Continued.		
Elizabeth		3	Dayton	3	l
Hoboken		4	Fremont	1	
HobokenJersey City	1		Hamilton		2
Kearny	l	2	Newark		1
Kearny		2	Newark Salem		1
Morristown.		ī	Sandusky		1
Newark		10	Toledo		3
Orange		3	Youngstown		2
Passaic		. 4	Zanesville		ī
Paterson	3	*	Oklahoma:	•••••	_
Perth Ambov		i	Oklahoma City		1
		2	Oregon:		-
Plainfield	11	3	Portland		9
Trenton		î			
West Hoboken		i	Pennsylvania: Philadelphia	83	36
West Orange	3	1	Philadelphia	(3)	
New York:	مٰم				
Albany	28		Providence		4
Buffalo	18	8	South Carolina:		
Cohoes		1	Charleston		2
Cortland	2		Greenville		1
Geneva		. 3	South Dakota:	_	
Glen Falls		1	Sioux Falls	1	
Ithaca	4	1	Tennessee:		
Mount Vernon		1	Memphis		7
Newburgh			Nashville		1
New York.	309	158	Texas:		
Niagara Falls.	4	- 1	Beaumont		1
Peekskill	3	_	Corpus Christi	1	
Port Chester		i	Dallas		6
Poughkeepsie	_	î	Galveston		2
Rochester	7	4	Galveston		2
		-	Utah:		_
Rome	1		Salt Lake City	l	1
Saratoga Springs			Virginia:		
Schenectady		4	Virginia.		
Syracuse		2	Alexandria Lynchburg Norfolk	,	i
<u>Troy</u>	э		Lynchourg	!	
Watertown		1	Petersburg	1	
			Petersburg		2
Yonkers		3	Portsmcuth		2
North Carolina:			Richmond		6
Charlotte		1	Roanoke	3	
Greensboro		2	West Virginia:	_	
Wilmington		1	Fairmont	1	
Winston-Salem		2	Huntington		1
Ohio:			Wheeling		1
Ashtabula	1	l 	Wisconsin:		
Canton		3	Janesville		1
Cincinnati	i		Kenosha		4
Cleveland			Kenosha	11	
Columbus		4	Racine		1

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-	or pre-		City.	Median for pre-			
	vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.	aths.	years.	Cases.	Deaths.	
Illinois: Aurora Chicago Massachusetts: Melrose	0 1 0	1 2 1		Nevada: Reno New York: New York Ohio: Toledo	0 0	1		

RABIES IN ANIMALS.

<u> </u>	 City.	1		Cases.
California: Los Angeles		:		
Los Angeles Georgia: Augusta				
dissouri: Kansas City	 	•••••	•••••	

SCARLET FEVER.

See p. 68; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 58, and Monthly summaries by States, p. 62.

SMALLPOX.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre-		k ended 24, 1921.	City.	Median for pre-	Week Dec. 2	ended 4, 1921.
	vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.		vious years.	Cases.	Deaths.
Arkansas:				Missouri—Continued.			
Fort Smith	0	1		St. Joseph	5	1	1
California:				St. Louis	ž	ĩ	
Bakersfield	0	22	1	Montana:			
Los Angeles	2	1		Billings	0	1	
Oakland	. 0	1	1	Great Falls	0	5	-
Richmond		1		Nebraska:			l
San Francisco		2		OmahaOhio:	4	6	
Stockton	0	3		Cincinnati	1	1	ł
Colorado:	_		1 _	Dayton	. 6	i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Denver	7	12	7	Fremont	ŏi	3	
District of Columbia:	_		1	Oklahoma:	Ĭ	•	•
Washington	0	4		Oklahoma City	1	5	
Georgia:			ł	Oregon:	ı		
Atlanta	3	4		Portland	2	16	
Savannah	0	4		Pennsylvania:		_	1
Illinois:	0	1	1	Harrisburg Philadelphia	0	1	-
AuroraCentralia.	ő	2		Punxsuta wney	ره	1	
Chicago	3	-	i	South Dakota:			
Peoria	ő	1		Sioux Falls	1	1	
Quincy	ŏ	î		Tennessee:	- 1	•	
Indiana:		-		Nashville	0	1	
Gary	0	1	l	Houston	o l	2	
Marion	0	3		Utah:			
Muncie	2	9		Salt Lake City	2	10	
Iowa:	ا ا	_	1	Vermont:		_	
Burlington	0	2		Rutland	0	1	
Cedar Rapids Muscatine	0	2 14		Virginia: Alexandria	0	1	
Sioux City	7	11	j	Petersburg	ŏl	1	••••••
Waterloo.	ó l	i		Washington.	١	- 1	• • • • • • •
Kansas:	•	•		Aberdeen	0	6	
Hutchinson	0	20		Spokane		8	
Maine:	1			Tacoma	1	7	
Waterville		1		Vancouver		2	
Michigan:				Walla Walla	2	9	· · · · · · •
Benton Harbor	0	1		Yakima	5	1	•••••
Ishpeming	0	1		West Virginia:	1	1	
Minnesota: Duluth	c	1	i 1	Bluefield	1	- 1	• • • • • • • •
Hibbing	ŏ	4		Eau Claire	0	1	
Minneapolis	13	9		Manitowoc	ŏ	10	
St. Paul	7	28		Milwaukee	7	2	
Missouri:				Racine	Ŏ.	ī	
Independence	0		1	Waukesha		1	••••••
Kansas City	2	14	10	West Allis		1 !	

TETANUS.

City.	Cases.	Deaths.	City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Connecticut: New Haven Georgia: Savannah Illinois: Chicago. East St. Louis.	1 1 1	1 1 1	Missouri: St. Louis Tennessee: Memphis	2	1

TUBERCULOSIS.

See p. 68; also Telegraphic weekly reports from States, p. 58.

TYPHOID FEVER.

The column headed "Median for previous years" gives the median number of cases reported during the corresponding weeks of the years 1915 to 1920, inclusive. In instances in which data for the full six years are incomplete, the median is that for the number of years for which information is available.

City.	Median for pre- vious		ended 24, 1921.	City.	Median for pre- vious		ended 4, 1921.
	years.	Cases.	Deaths.	·	years.	Cases.	Death
Alabama:				Nebraska:			
Birmingham Arkansas:	1	2		Omaha New Mexico:	0	1	
Fort Smith Little Rock	0	1		Albuquerque New York:	0	2	
North Little Rock	0	ī		Albany	. 0	1	
California: Berkeley	. 0		l'	Auburn	0	1 2	
Los Angeles.	0	1	i	Buffalo	2	1	
Oakland	ŏ	1		New York	12	7	
San Diego	ŏ	i		North Tonawanda	10	i	l
San Diego San Francisco	ĭ	î		Poughkeepsie	ě	. .	l
Colorado:	_	.		Syracuse	0	1	l
Denver	0	. 1		Troy	0	2	
Connecticut:		•	! !	Watertown	0	1	
Green wich	0		1	North Carolina:			i ·
Hartford	0	• • • • • • <u>•</u> •	1	Wilmington	0	2	
Norwich	0	5		Winston-Salem	0	1	ŀ
Delaware:	o			Ohio:			l
Wilmington District of Columbia:	ام	1		Bucyrus Cleveland	2	6	
Washington	2	6		Columbus	อ์		
Georgia:	- 1			Fremont	ŏ	i	l
Albany		1		Lorain	ŏ	- 2	
Atlanta	0	2		Ne wark	0	2	l. .
Macon		ī		Pennsylvania:	i		
Savannah	1	2	1	Butler		1	.
llinois:	_			Farrell	0	1	
Chicago	7	. 5	2	Johnstown	0	1	
Freeport	0	1		New Kensington		1	
Indiana:	1	1	1	Philadelphia Rhode Island:	3	4	
Louisiana:	- 1	1	1	Pawtucket	0	1	
New Orleans	1	6	i	South Carolina:	١		• • • • • • •
Maine:	- 1	•	•••••	Charleston	0	2	
Bangor	0	1		Tennessee:	- 1	-	
Maryland:	- 1	1		Chattanooga	0	1	
Baltimore	. 6	3	2	Knoxville	0	1	
Massachusetts:	1	- 1	1	Texas:			
Boston	1	2	1	Dallas	0		
Fall River	1	1		Utah:	ا ۔ ا	_	
Malden	0	1		Salt Lake City	1	1	
Worcester	0	1		Virginia:	o		
dinnesota:	0	1	ŀ	Roanoke	•	-	
Hibbing	ő	1	•••••••	Charleston	0	1	
St. Paul.	ĭ	2	••••••	Huntington	Ü	5	
dissouri:	- 1	-	••••••	Wisconsin:	"	"	
St. Louis	3	2	1	Marinette	0	1	
dontana:	٠,	- 1	-	Oshkosh	ŏ	ī!	
Billings	0	1					
Great Falls	Ŏ	1		1	1	1	

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. TYPHUS PEVER.

	· City.	Cases.	Deaths.
Massachusetts: Boston		1	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVEZ, AND TUBERCULOSIS.

	Popula- tion Jan.	Total deaths	Diph	ntheria.	Mea	sles.		arlet ver.		iber- losis.
City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama: Birmingham Mobile Montgomery Arizona:	178, 270 60, 151 43, 464	54 17 11	5 2		1		1 1		3	6
TucsonArkansas:	20, 292	11		·				ļ		. 6
Fort Smith	28, 811 11, 695 64, 997 14, 048	5 7	2 1 1				1 5		5	i
California: AlamedaBakersfieldBerkeley	28, 806 18, 638 55, 886 12, 923	3 7 9 1	3		i				1 i	
Lors Beach	55, 593 576, 673 216, 361 45, 354	14 196 55	3 75 24	6	3 4	•••••	2 31 10	i	31 4 1	17 2
RichmondRiversideSacramentoSan Bernardino	16, 843 19, 341 65, 857 18, 721	1 6 29 9	3 11	1	1		1 3 1	i		i 1
San Diego	74, 683 508, 410 15, 485 19, 441	41 152 5 9	3 50 2	5	5 2		19 	1	28	11
Santa Cruz. Stockton. Colorado: Denver.	10, 917 40, 296 256, 369	1 20 87	10 12	1	3	•••••	10 14		•••••	3 16
Pueblo	42, 908 143, 538	30	13 10		1		4	1	3	3
Bristol	20,620 11,238 11,475	1 2 0	3 2				2		1 	4
Greenwich (town)	22, 123 138, 036 18, 370	29	3 11		1		2		i	i
Milford (town) New Haven New London	29, 842 10, 193 162, 519 25, 688	4 41 7	3 5 10 1	i	2		10 1		$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	•••••
Norwich (town) Delaware: Wilmington	29, 685 110, 168	6 20	3		4 .		20		1	1
District of Columbia: Washington Florida:	437, 571	125	38	1	3 .		19 .		28	6
Tampa	51, 252 11, 555	21	7	•••• •			1 .		•••••	3
Atlanta Augusta Brunswick Macon	200, 616 52, 548 14, 413 52, 995	74 6 .	6				10		5	6
Rome	13, 252 83, 252 10, 783	33 2	2 1				5 2 4 1		i	i

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

	Popula- tion Jan.	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Mea	sles.		rlet er.		ber- osis.
City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Idaho: Boise	21, 393	6	1				4			
Illinois:	-		-				3			1
Alton Aurora	24, 682 36, 397	3 7	9	i i	10		i		17	
Bloomington	28,725	11	1					J		
Blue Island	11, 424 12, 491	5 2	10							
Champaign	15, 873 2, 701, 705		1							
Chicago	2, 701, 705 44, 995	653	199 10	16	49	1	108	2	240	46
Donatur	43, 818	10	18							
East St. Louis Elgin Evanston	66,740	16	9			•••••	1 1		1	
Evanston	27, 454 37, 215 10, 768	9	2							
Forest Park	10,768		ļ <u>.</u> .		2					
Freeport	19,669 23,834	10	5	1		•••••	4		• • • • • •	i
GalesburgJacksonville	15, 713	8	5				3			
Kewanee	16, 026 13, 050	5	2 4						2	1
La Salle	13, 552	3	2				2	i		
Oak Park	39, 830	9	2		2		2		1	3
PekinPeoria	12,086 76,121	21	1			• • • • • •	3 6			
Quincy	35, 978	4	ļ. 				1		4	
Rock Island	35, 177	6	····	ļ _i .	1		1 2		····i	·····i
SpringfieldIndiana:	59, 183	19	6	1		•••••	ے ا		1	1
Bloomington	11,595	2			[
Elkhart	24, 277 36, 549	18	8 6		····i	•••••	····· ₂ ·		•••••	·····i
Fort Wayne Frankfort	11, 585	2	ļ <u>.</u>		<u>.</u>				•••••	
Gary	55, 378	18	5				2 3		1	1
Hammond Huntington	36, 004 14, 000	5 3	3				1			•••••
Indianapolis	314, 194	93	24	1	2		9		14	5
Kokomo. La Fayette	30, 067	7 9	1 3				1 2		•••••	1 2
Logansport	22, 486 21, 626	5 5	1							
LogansportMarion.	23,747	5	2				2			•••••
Mishawaka	15, 195 36, 624	3 17	i	i			3			1
South Bend	70, 983		3							
Terre Haute	66, 083	15	4			•••••	2		•••••	3
Burlington	24, 057	4					2			
Cedar ŘapidsCouncil Bluffs	45, 566		2				1		• • • • •	•••••
Davenport	36, 162 56, 727	3	4	i						
Marshalltown	56, 727 15, 731				1		6			
MuscatineOttumwa	16, 068 23, 003	4	1				1 5			•••••
Sioux City	71, 227		14				5 2			
Waterloo Kansas:	36, 230		4		1	[2			••••
Atchison	12,630		3							
Coffeyville	13, 452	2			1					
Fort Scott	10, 693 23, 298	6	3 9	····i	····i		2			1
Kansas City	101, 177		4				2 4			
Lawrence.	20, 298 101, 177 12, 456 16, 912 16, 028 15, 085 50, 022	3			1					1
Leavenworth	16, 912	5	2 2				3 2 2 6 9		····i	
Salina	15, 085	5 3	2				2			
TopekaWichita	50, 022 72, 128	12 22	10 10		····i		6		7 12	2
Kentucky:	12, 120	1	10		1	••••••				
Covington	57, 121	18	ا	-			1		1	1
Lexington	41, 534 234, 891	18 74	2 23 9	2	34		3		13	1 2
Owensboro	17, 424		9	<u>-</u> .					ï	
Paducah	24, 735	اا	1	,,		^j	^j		!	

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

	Popula- tion Jan.	Total death:		htheria	. Me	asles.		arlet ever.	Tu	ubeı- losis.
City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Louisiana: New Orleans	387, 219	140	14				. 4		28	17
Maine: Auburn	16.985	4	1	.		1	. 8	1		1
Bangor	16, 985 25, 978 14, 731	ļ			1		i			
Bath	14,731	2			·					
BiddefordLewiston	18,008 31,791	11 9		2	•	-	. 6	-		-
Portland	69, 272	20	1				7			. i
Sanford	10,691	1					.			
Waterville Maryland:	13, 351		. 1		•		. 1			
Baltimore	733, 826	173	43	4	53	l	. 58	l	23	20
Cumberland	29, 837	8	3		.		. 1		1	
Massachusetts: Adams	12, 967	1	1	i	1	l	5	1	l	1
Amesbury	10, 036	2								
Arlington	18,665 19,731	2			. 2					
AttleboroBeverly	19, 731 22, 561	4 3			····i		2	·		
Boston.	748, 060	237	71	5	47	i	38		43	23
Braintree	10, 580	5	1			ļ				
Brookline	37, 748 109, 694	11 33	4		1		1		;-	1
Cambridge Chelsea	43, 184	8	8		3		4		1 1	1 *
Chicopee	36, 214	- 4	5		<u> </u>					
Clinton	12, 979	5	ļ <u>.</u>	.			1			
Danvers	11, 108 10, 792	0	. 1		i		3		1	
Everett	40, 120	ğ	l	1	i		4		2	i
Fall River	120, 485	21	4				1		3	1
GardnerGreenfield	16, 971 15, 462	. 2			8		1		1	1
Haverhill	53, 884	19	5	i			3			i
Lawrence	94, 270	28		. 1	. 3			1	2 1	3
LeominsterLowell	19, 744 112, 479	4 42	3		1		<u>2</u>		1 2	2
Lynn	99, 148	26	14		8		1		6	3
Malden	49, 103	15	5	1			7	1		
MedfordMelrose	39, 038 18, 204	10	2	•••••	17 15		3			i
Methuen	15, 189	····i			3					
Methuen. New Bedford.	121, 217	23	14	1	1		6		2	1
Newburyport	15,618	3	ļ <u>.</u>		1					••••••
Northampton	22, 282 21, 951	5 7	1				2		2	1
Norwood	12,627	4					1		2	
PittsfieldPlymouth	41,751	8 2	2				3	1	2	
Quincy	13, 045 47, 876	15	4	····i	9		10			····i
Salem	42, 529	9			1		1			
Somerville	93, 091	17	2		1		4		3	2
SouthbridgeSpringfield Taunton	14, 245 129, 563	2 28	7		5		8		3	3
Taunton	129, 563 37, 137	9	1				1		2	•••••
Wakefield Waltham	13, 025	4	1	• • • • • •			4			• • • • •
Watertown	30, 915 21, 457	5 2	2		2	• • • • • • •	2		1	•••••
Webster	13, 258	2							3	• • • • • •
West Springfield	13, 443	2			-		-	-		1
Westfield	18, 604 15, 057	5 6	2			•••••	•••••	••••• •		• • • • • •
wininfop	15, 455	1							''i'.	· · · · · · · ·
Woburn	16, 574 179, 754	2								•••••
Worcester	179,754	54	4		15 .	•••••	11 .			3.
Ann Arbor.	19, 516	10	4].		
Battle Creek	36, 164 12, 233 993, 739		8		5 .		1 .			••••
Benton Harbor	12, 233	172	3		-	2	1 .			1 11
Flint	91,099 [13	14	.		2	16	:::: :		1
Grand Rapids	137, 634	31 8 11	11	1 .			18	1	16 .	····•
Hamtramck	48, 615 46, 499	8	8			-	5	•••• •	-	
Highland Park	2 0, 199 i	TT 1	5 1.	' .	•••••!•	•••••	51.	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	••••

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

	Popula- tion Jan.	Total deaths	1 -	theria.	Mea	asles.		arlet ver.		iber- losis.
City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Michigan—Continued.		l	l						1	
Holland	12, 166	4	1		.		ļ		2	ļ
IshpemingJackson	10, 500 48, 374	16	3	-	i		7		3	····i
Kalamazoo	48, 858	19	9		1		21		i	li
Marquette	12,718	1					1		2	
PontiacPort Huron	34, 273 25, 944	8	5	1	1		9	1	····i	•••••
Saginaw	61, 903	20	8				ļ <u>.</u>		ļ <u>.</u> .	2
Sault Ste. Marie	12, 096	2					1			1
Minnesota: Austin	10, 118	6	1		l	l	l			
Duluth	98, 917	16	3				3			2
Faribault	11,089	5								
Hibbing	15, 089 380, 582	2 82	35		···ii		42		30	5
Rochester	380, 582 13, 722	15								ĭ
St. CloudSt. Paul	15, 873 234, 595	•••••	3 23		;.		4		9	
Winona	19, 143	59	lä		1		32		, ,	
Missouri:	7									
Cape GirradeauIndependence	10, 252 11, 686	6	2			•••••	1	• • • • • •		
Joplin	29, 855		i		1					
Joplin	324, 410	86	26	2			7			•••••
St. JosephSt. Louis	77, 939 772, 897	18 188	80	1 2	2	•••••	7 19	i	21	12
Montana:	2,001	100	~	-	ا ' ا		13	•		
Anaconda	11,668		<u>-</u> -						1	• • • • • •
BillingsGreat Falls	15, 100 24, 121	2 5			•••••	• • • • • •	5			•••••
Missoula	12,668	4	ļ <u>.</u> .						1	
Nebraska: Lincoln	E4 024	10								1
Omaha	54, 934 191, 601	12 47	17	2	3 20		3 1			4
Nevada:				-			_			
Reno New Hampshire:	12,016	4			•••••			•••••		•••••
Berlin	16, 104	4					2			
Concord	22, 167	8					1			· · · · · · ·
Dover	11, 210	4 5	•••••				•••••		•••••	••••••
Nashua	13,029 11,210 28,379	12								•••••
New Jersey: Asbury Park	· ·	1			- 1	- 1		1		
Atlantic City	12,400 50,682	14	i		····i		···i		····i	• • • • • •
BayonneBloomfield	76, 754		2				6			•••••
Clifton	22,019 26,470	6	2	•••••	····i·	•••••	4			1 1
East OrangeElizabeth	50,710	8	2 2 2 15				4		2	.
Elizabeth Garfield.	95,682		15	1	1	•••••	2	•••••	2	2
Hackensack	19,381 17,667	1 2	3							
Hoboken	68, 166	14	3	i			1	i	i	i
Jersey City Kearny	297, 864 26, 724		13	:-	9		16	•••••	3	• • • • •
Montclair	28, 810	7	2	1	0		4			
MorristownNew Brunswick	12,548 32,779	9	2						• • • • • •	· · · · · •
Newark	32,779 414,216	11 90	1 25		39	···i·	59	i	17	9
Orange	33, 268	17					4 .			ĭ
Passaic	63, 824	24	6 5	1	.1	•••••	9		2	•••••
Paterson	135, 866 41, 707	5	9		10		7 3		3	• • • • •
Phillipsburg	41, 707 16, 923	2							i	i
Plainfield	27,700	10	2		4 -	····· ·	····- ·	····· ·	•••••	•••••
Summit	10, 174	2 3	5 2				···i			• • • • •
Trenton	119, 289	44	12	i į			8 .		4	2
Union West Hoboken	20,651	6	1 2	····· ·	5		1 .		2	• • • • •
West New York	10, 174 119, 289 20, 651 40, 068 29, 926		1	·····			i i			
West Orange	15, 573	4 .					4 .			••••
New Mexico: Albuquerque	15, 157	6	4	<u> </u>			_ ı .			4
		-	- '				- •			

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

	Popula- tion Jan.	Total deaths	1 -	theria.	Mes	sles.		arlet ver.	Tr cu	ıber- losis.
City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
New York:								l		
AlbanyAuburn	113,344		. 13	ļ	. 5		3	ļ	8 2	i
Buffalo	36, 192 506, 775	116	39	5	5		35	i	12	9
Cohoes	22,987	7			.	ļ	5	·····	. 2	
Geneva	13, 294 14, 648	6								
Glens Falls	16,638	3	1						1	
IthacaLtttle Falls	17,004 13,029	8	1						i	i
Lockport	21, 308 42, 726	7	4				6		.]	. 2
Mount Vernon Newburgh	42, 7 26 30, 366	.8	1 4				6	·····	1 3	
New York	5, 621, 151	14 1,332	282	20	262	6	325	6	1188	1 101
Niagara Falls North Tonawanda	50, 760	10	3		1		20	 -		·····i
Olean	15, 482 20, 506	5 2	7	1						k
Peekskill	15, 868	3	1					- -	2	ļ <u>.</u>
Port Chester	16, 573 35, 000	6 10	1	j	····i	•••••	2	i	2	1 2
Rochester	295, 750	59	18	1	i		8		9	4
RomeSaratoga Springs	26, 341	13	7				1			1
SchenectadySyracuseTroy	13, 1°1 8°, 723	9 15	7		i		9			2
Syracuse	171,717	33	17	5	l		10	2	12	2 2 2
Watertown.	72,013 31,285	17 12	2			• • • • • •	5		4	2
White Plains	21,031	4							i	i
Yonkers North Carolina:	100, 226	13	1	•••••	2		13	•••••		2
Charlotte	46,338	14	4						3	l
DurhamGreensboro	21,719	7	ī							2
Rocky Mount	19, 861 12, 742	3 5					• • • • • • •			•••••
Salisbury	13, 884	ő								
Salisbury	33,372	8	2		;-		1			1 2
Ohio:	48, 395	13			1		•			_
Akron	208, 435	20	14		2		17			
Ashtabula Barberton	22, 082 18, 811	8 5				•••••	1 2	•••••	····i	1
Bucyrus	10, 425	1					2			
Canton	87,091	23	13	1			6	•••••	1	i
Cincinnati	15, 831 401, 247	2 112	28	6	3		4		18	8
Cleveland	796, 836		50		40		45			
Columbus	237,031 10,847	56	17 1		2	•••••	3	•••••	4	3
DaytonEast Cleveland	152, 559	47	9				1]	2	· · · · · · ·
East Cleveland	27, 292 17, 021	3	1 1		2		1		2	•••••
Findlay	12, 468	3							2	
Hamilton	39,675	11	3				1		1	2
Ironton	14,007	2	····i				···i			•••••
Lakewood	12,683 41,732 14,706 41,306	5					2			· · · · · · ·
LancasterLima.	14,706	8	1 5		-		1 5	•••••	1	•••••
Lorain	37, 295		7		4		6		····i'	· · · · · · · ·
Mansfield	27,824	6	1				.		1	•••••
Marion Middletown	27,891 . 23,594	6	7		4 -				····i	····i
Newark	26,718	13	15	2			6			·····•
New Philadelphia Niles.	10,718 13,080	•••••;•	4		-		3 .	•••••	1	•••••
Norwood.	24,966	2 2	3				2		· i	····i
Piqua	15,044	4								
SalemSandusky	10,305 22,897	4 1 3 12					···i			• • • • •
SanduskySpringfield	60, 840	12	14		i .		.		1	····i
Steubenville	28, 508	5 66	21	····;-	-		2		1 1 2 4	
ToledoYoungstown	60,840 28,508 243,109 132,358		4	2			2 5 1		4	6 2 1
Zanesville	29,569	20		!			3 1			ĩ

¹ Pulmonary tuberculosis only.

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

	Popula- tion Jan.	Total deaths	Diph	theria	Ме	asles.		rlet ver.		ber- osis.
City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Cases.	Desths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Oklahoma: Oklahoma City	91,258	21	3				4			1
Oregon: Portland	258, 288	64	33	2	2	l	7		4	3
Pennsylvania: Allentown	73.502		8		. 1				1	
Altoona	73,502 60,331 12,730		2				6			
Ambridge	12,730 50,358		1 14	ļ	•		3			-
Bethlehem Braddock	20.870		i			j				
Bradford	15, 525		ļ <u>.</u>			ļ	1			
BristolButler	10,273 23,778		2		i	¦	····i	·····		
Canonsburg	10.632		i		: <u>*</u> .	[2			
CanonsburgCarnegie	11,516 10,504			·			1			
Carrick Charleroi	11,516						····i·			
Chester	58,030		ļ <u>.</u>		i		î		2	ļ .
Coatesville	14, 515 18, 804		1 4							-
Dubois	13, 681		5							
Easton	33, 813		1		2		1		1	
ErieFarrell	93, 372 15, 586		5		3		4 3		6	•••••
Greensburg.	15, 586 15, 033		···i		3					
Harrisburg	75.917		4				3			
Ha leton	32,277 67,327		4 3		1 7					
Lancaster	53, 150		5		1		····i		•••••	
Lebanon. McKeesport.	24,643		2							
McKees Rocks.	45, 975 16, 713		6		1		1 2		•••••	• • • • • •
Mahanov City	15, 599			i	2					
Meadville	14, 568						2			
Monessen	18, 179 17, 469		3 2		·····		1	•••••	•••••	· · •
Mount Carmel	22,614		3							
New Castle	44, 938		2				4		• • • • · · · '	
New Kensington North Braddock	11, 987 14, 928		<u>.</u>				2 2		•••••	-
Oil City.	21 274		ĩ				ĩ l			
Philadelphia	1,823,158	471	81	2	2		168	1	62	34
Phoenixville	10, 484 588, 193		33		10		1 34		20	• • • • •
Plymouth	16,500				10				20	
Pottstown	17, 431		1		1		16			
Pottsville	21, 876 107, 784		8	• • • • • •	4		3	• • • • •		•••••
Scranton	137, 783		5				2		7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Sharon	21,747		1		9					
Shenandoah Sunbury	24, 726 15, 721		1		····i·		3			· • • • •
Tamaqua	12,363		·····2		1		1			
Uniontown	15,692		5				2		'	· · · · · •
WarrenWashington	14, 256 21, 480		6	•••••	2		1			•••••
Washington	11,717						····i		;	
Wilkes-Barre	73,833		7		9					
Wilkinsburg Williamsport	24, 403 36, 198		4				5			
Woodlawn	12, 495		1				1			
York	47, 512		3]			1			• • • • •
Rhode Island: Cranston	29 407	3								
East Providence (town)	29, 407 21, 793 64, 248		i				i			• • • • • •
Pawtucket	64, 248	9	1	:-		!	1	•••••		l 1
Providence	237, 595	60	16	1	2	•••••	5	•••••	••••••	1
Charleston	67, 957	31	2	1			8	!		3
Columbia	67, 957 37, 524		3		1		2			·····i
Greenville	23, 127	4	2	•••••		•••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	1
Sioux Falls	25, 176	3	1	اا	1		11		^j .	

CITY REPORTS FOR WEEK ENDED DEC. 24, 1921—Continued. DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Continued.

•	Popula- tion Jan.	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Mea	sles.		riet ver.		iber- losis.
. City.	1, 1920, subject to correction.	from all causes.	Onses.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Tennessee:										
Chattanoosa	57, 895 77, 818 162, 351 118, 342		3					ļ		,
Knoxville	77,818	58	31	i			1 3		26 26	1 1
Knoxville	118, 342	37	2	1			6		20	
Texas:			١ .		1		1			
Beaumont	40, 422 10, 522 158, 976 44, 255 138, 076 38, 500	6	2		•••••		.1			. 1
Dallas.	158, 976	42	8		5		2	1	i	3
Galveston	44, 255	18	5						 	. 3
Houston	138,076 38 500	29	5			• • • • •	4			. 1
Utah:		1	ł	[1
Salt Lake City	118, 110	28	3	, 1		•••••	14	, 1		į
Vermont: Barre	10,008	·		1		•••	2			
Burlington	22,779	4	4				8			
Rutland	14, 954	8				• • • • • •	• • • • • •			-
Virginia: Alexandria	18,060	4							l	l
Danville	21, 539	3	2		2		,			
Lynchburg	29, 956 115, 777	11	3 5			• • • • • •	• • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	2
Norfo'k Petersburg	31,002	8	3				******		2	li
Portsmouth.	54, 387	15	.,.,.				2			
Richmond	171,667 50,842	49 12	11 11		9		7	•••••	3 2	2
Roanoke Wash ngton:	30,022	12	**				-		_	
Ewerett	27,644		1				3			
Seattle	315, 652	• • • • • • •	8		1		6		11	-
Seattle	104, 437 96, 965		7 3				8		2	
Walla Walla	15,503		1				i	:	23	· · · · • •
West Virginio	18, 539		2		•••••		. 1	• • • • • • •		
Bluefield.	15, 282	6	3 2]	3			
Charleston	39,608 17,851	13	2				3		•••••	1
Fairmont	50 177	19	1				····i		•••••	
Huntington	50, 177 12, 515		ī				2			
Moundsville	10,669 54,322	3 18	4		···i		5 14			1
Wheeling Wisconsin:	34, 344	10	-		*		**		••••	-
AppletonAshland	19, 561		5				[
AshlandBeloit	11,334 21,284	5	5		•••••				1	
Eau Claire	20,880				i		3			· · · · · · ·
Fond du Lac	23,427	3						•••••		• • • • • •
Green Bay	31, 017 18, 293	3	5		1 .	• • • • • •	····i		•••••	-
Janesville Kenosha	40, 472	7	9				2			•••••
Madison	38,378	12	2				1			•••••
Manitowoc	17,563 13,610		3		1		1 2		•••••	
Milwaukee	457, 147		27 2				15		8	-
Oshkosh	33, 162	6	2	;- -	:- -		19		2	•••••
Racine	58, 593 30, 955	11	13 2	1	1 .		19		1	•••••
Sheboygan Superior Waukesha	39,624	5	ĩ				9			
Waukesha	12,558		;-	•••••	; . .		1	-		•••••
West Allis Wyoming:	13,765	•••••	4	••••••	1 .		•••••	••••		•••••
77 7 VAAAA 125 .	13,829	3	11				1		- 1	

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AUSTRALIA.

Plague - Queensland.

Plague has been reported in Queensland, Australia, as follows: *Brisbane*.—Week ended November 12, 1921, three cases; week ended November 26, 1921, three cases, with three deaths; for the two weeks under report, 16 plague rats found.

Cairns.—Week ended November 26, 1921, one case of plague and two plague rats reported.

Hinchinbrook Shire (Ingham).—Week ended November 12, 1921, nine plague rats found.

Townsville.—Week ended November 26, 1921, one case of plague, with one death.

The total number of cases of plague reported in Queensland from August 22 to November 26, 1921, was 29, with 18 deaths.

CANADA.

Scarlet Fever-Venereal Diseases-Fort William.

The Annual Report of the Department of Health of Fort William, Ontario, Canada, for the period November 1, 1920, to October 31, 1921, shows the occurrence of 201 cases of scarlet fever, with 5 deaths. The epidemic of mild scarlet fever which was stated to have prevailed during the past three years was declared terminated at the close of the period under report, but the type of the disease was stated to have been more severe than in the preceding year. The venereal disease report showed 27 cases of syphilis, 42 of gonorrhea, and 1 of chancroid.

The health activities at Fort William during the year included the establishment of a baby clinic, the conduction of a preschool clinic for all children intending to enter school, the establishment of a clinic for treatment of venereal diseases, and the services of a visiting nurse. (Population of Fort William, census of October 31, 1921, 19,988.)

Scarlet Fever-Summerside. Prince Edward Island.

Under date of December 29, 1921, scarlet fever was reported to have been prevalent at Summerside, Prince Edward Island, Canada, for several months, with no mortality to date.

CANAL ZONE.

Quarantine Against Importation of Smallpox.

On account of the presence of smallpox in Chiriqui Province, Republic of Panama, quarantine measures were ordered December 22, 1921, to be enforced against vessels arriving from ports in that Province for entry into Canal Zone waters or the Bay of Panama.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Anthrax - Bradford.

A fatal case of anthrax was reported at Bradford, England, under date of December 15, 1921. The case occurred in a wool finisher engaged on brown Bagdad and brown alpaca. The cause of death was stated as "pulmonary anthrax by inhalation."

HAWAII.

Hookworm Disease on Vessels.

During the month of November, 1921, 17 cases of hookworm disease were reported removed from vessels at ports in Hawaii.

INDIA.

Anthrax in Animals-Madras Presidency-September, 1921.

During the month of September, 1921, 475 fatal cases of anthrax in animals, occurring in 25 districts of the Presidency of Madras, India, were reported by the civil veterinary department of the Presidency.

ITALY.

Plague - Naples - Venice.

Plague has been reported in Italy, as follows:

Naples Province.—One case, October 22, 1921, at Torre Annunziata, in a laborer employed in a mill and bakery.

Venice.—October 27, 1921, one case in a mill employee.

JAMAICA.

Infectious Disease (Alastrim or Kaffir Pox).

Alastrim or Kaffir pox has been reported in the island of Jamaica, as follows: Week ended December 3, 1921, 26 new cases; week ended December 10, 1921, 13 new cases.

Typhoid Fever-Kingston and Vicinity.

During the period under report typhoid fever was reported in Kingston and vicinity, as follows: Week ended December 3, 1921, Kingston, 5 cases; surrounding country, 27 cases; week ended December 10, 1921, Kingston, 6 cases; surrounding country, 28 cases.

MAURITIUS.

Plague.

During the week ended November 5, 1921, 37 cases of plague, with 31 deaths, were reported in the island of Mauritius.

PERU.

Plague.

During the two weeks ended November 30, 1921, 48 cases of plague, with 12 deaths, were reported in Peru.

RHODES (ISLAND).

Plague.

On October 13, 1921, three new cases of plague, with one death, were reported on the Island of Rhodes, Aegean Sea.

RUMANIA.

Quarantine Against Arrivals and Importations from Naples.

Quarantine restrictions were declared in force November 21, 1921, for Rumania against arrivals and importations from Naples, Italy, as follows: Importations by sea to be allowed entry only at the port of Constanza, on the Black Sea, and by land through Giurgiu, on the Danube; provisions of the sanitary convention of Paris, 1912, to be enforced as regards vessels, travelers, baggage, and importations from Naples and its environs; travelers to be subjected at their place of destination to medical surveillance during a period of seven days. The entry into Rumania of groups of workmen, emigrants, and tramps was prohibited.

RUSSIA.

Typhus Fever-Latvia.

During the month of October, 1921, 87 cases of typhus fever were reported in the State of Latvia, Russia. (Population, estimated, 1,750,000.)

SWITZERLAND.

Epidemic Smallpox-Glarus.

Under date of December 10, 1921, epidemic smallpox was reported present in the Canton of Glarus, with 125 reported cases.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA.

Anthrax in Animals - Cape Province.

During the week ended November 10, 1921, outbreaks of anthrax in animals were reported as occurring on four farms in four districts of the Cape Province, Union of South Africa.

Typhus Fever-Natal.

An outbreak of typhus fever was reported, November 5, 1921, in the Vryheid district of the State of Natal.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER. Reports Received During Week Ended Jan. 13, 1922.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India				Oct. 2-8, 1921; Deaths, 6,374.
CakuttaIndo-China:	Nov. 13-19	8	5	
Saigon	Nov. 6-12	1	1	
Philippine Islands:				
Manila	Nov. 13-Dec. 2	4	1	
•	PLA	GUE.		
Asia Minor:		Ι		
Smyrna	Nov. 27-Dec. 3	1	1	w.
Australia: New South Wales—				* · ·
Sydney				Nov. 6-19, 1922: Plague rats re
•				ported found at distance from wharves.
Queensland				Total cases of plague, Ang. 22
		_		Nov. 26, 1921, 29; deaths, 18,
Brisbane	Nov. 6-26 Nov. 20-26	6		Plague-infected rats, 16.
CairnsIngham		1		One plague rat. Nine plague rats.
Townsville	Nov. 20-26	1	1	Time Kiegae rees.
Azores:		_	ا - ا	
St. Michael Island	Nov. 27-Dec. 3	5	2	At Ribeira Grande and Fenae d'Ajuda.
Ecuador:			1	u Ajuua.
Guayaquil	Dec. 1-15	2		Rats examined, 1,458; found in
Egypt				fected, 41.
Egypt		••••••	•••••	Jan. 1-Dec. 8, 1921: Cases, 336 deaths, 142.
City-				2020
Alexandria	Dec. 5-6	2		
Suez Province—	Nov. 22-Dec. 5	4	2	
Keneh	Dec. 1	1	1	Septicemic.
ndia				Oct. 23-Nov. 12, 1921: Cases
ndo-China:				3,244; deaths, 2,398.
Saigon	Nov. 6-12			Rodent plague, 1.
taly:				2000011 P-1800)
Naples (Province)—	0.4 00	_		
Torre Annunziata Venice	Oct. 22 Oct. 27	1		
fauritius (Island)	Oct. 30-Nov. 5	37	31	
(esopotamia:		- "		
Bagdad	Oct. 1-31	1	1	Now 17 20 1001, Co 10
?eru		•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Nov. 17-30, 1921: Cases, 48 deaths, 12. Occurring in Cal lao, Huacho, Huaras, Lima Magdalena Vieja, Paita, Sala verry, and Sechura.
Phodes (Telend) (Aereen See)	Oct 13	3	1	verry, and Sechura.
Rhodes (Island) (Aegean Sea) lyria:	Oct. 13	- 1	_	
Beirut	Oct. 9-Nov. 13	9	3	•

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received During Week Ended Jan. 13, 1922-Continued.

SMALLPOX.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canada:				
New Brunswick-		1	i	[
Counties—	Dec. 11-17	l	ļ	1
Restigouche	Dec. 11-17	1		-]
York	do,	.] 1		
Ontario—	D 11 04	2		
Niagara Falls	Dec. 11-24	1 . 2		
Ottawa	Dec. 18-31 Dec. 18-24	3		
Toronto	Dec. 18-24	3		1
China:	Nov. 16-22	i .	1	Mar. 92 90 1001, Decompt
Amoy	Nov. 16-22 Nov. 28-Dec. 4	2	1	Nov. 23-29, 1921: Present.
Antung	Nov. 28-19			Decemb
Chungking	Nov. 6-26			Present.
Foochow	Nov. 0-20			Do.
Hankow	Nov. 27-Dec. 3			Do.
Harbin	Nov. 14-27			. 50
Mukden	Nov. 20-26	• • • • • • • • •		Do.
Nanking	Nov. 20-Dec. 3 Nov. 21-Dec. 4			Do.
Shanghai	Nov. 21-Dec. 4	22	27	Cases, foreign: deaths, Chinese
Dominican Republic:				T. 31.4.1.4 440
San Pedro de Macoris	Dec. 4-17	10		In district, 146, estimated.
Santo Domingo	Nov. 15-Dec. 5	401		
cuador:		_		
Guayaquil	Dec. 1-15	2		Venccia and San Carlos haci
. *				das.
gypt:	' · <u>.</u>	ایا	_	
Alexandria	Nov. 26-Dec. 2	1	1	
laiti:				
Port au Prince	Dec. 11-24			Present.
ndia				Oct. 2-8, 1921: Deaths, 28.
Calcutta	Nov. 13-19	3	3	
[esopotamia:				•
Bagdad	Oct. 1-31	24	7	
lexico:	_			
Guadalajara	Nov. 1-30	3		
Mexico City	Nov. 20-26	12		
San Luis Potosi	Dec. 18-24		2	•
anama:				
Ancon.				Admitted to hospital by trans
				from Panama, Nov. 30, 1921 case. Arrived on sailing ves
			-	case. Arrived on sailing ves
				from a village on south coast
Chiriqui Province	Dec. 22			Present.
Panama	Dec. 14	1		On December 21, 1921, 1 ad
	200.1200	-		tional case from country d
	i			trict of Sabanas, admitted
1	1			hospital. Total admission
				Jan. 1-Dec. 21, 1921, 207.
ortugal:				ULL. 1 2 cc. 21, 1021, 2011
Lisbon	Nov. 13-26	12	5	
ussia:	1101. 10-20		۰	
Latvia	Oct. 1-31	31		
raits Settlements:	000.1-01	0.		
Singapore	Nov. 13-19	2	1	
vitzerland:	A1V1. 20-13	- 1	*	
Clema Conton	Dec. 10			Epidemic.
Glarus, CantonZurich	do	2		In vicinity.
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	an vicinity.
ria:	Oct. 9-Nov. 13	5	2	*
Beirut	Oct. 9-100. 15	. 0	- 4	
urkey:	Nov. 97 Dec. 10	10	2	
Constantinople	Nov. 27-Dec. 10	10	2	•

TYPHUS FEVER.

				Ī
Algeria:	Nov. 1-30	1		l
China: Harbin.				
Egypt: Cairo	Oot 15_21		1	
			7	ĺ
Bagdad	Oct. 1-31		7 1	ı

Reports Received During Week Ended Jan. 13, 1922—Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Mexico: Mexico City	Nov. 20-26	24 87 6	i	Outbreak.
	YELLOW	FEVE	₹.	
Mexico: Guadalajara	Nov. 1-30	1	1	

Reports Received from Dec. 31, 1921, to Jan. 6, 1922.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Bombay Calcutta Karachi Rangoon Java: West Java— Batavia Siam: Bangkok	Oct. 30-Nov. 5 Oct. 23-Nov. 12 do Oct. 1-Nov. 19 Nov. 1-7	1 6 2 1	6 1 4	Lebak.

PLAGUE.

Azores:		1		
St. Michael Island—				
Ribeira Grande	Nov. 13-26	5	3	The cases are of simple bubonic
Brazil:	Oct. 30-Nov. 5	3		form.
British East Africa:	Oct. 30-140V. 3	ľ	7	
Uganda	Aug. 1-Sept. 30	85	58	Reports of inspectors, deaths,142;
Ceylon:			1	reports of chiefs, deaths, 641.
Colombo	Oct. 30-Nov. 5	1	[Rodent plague, 2.
India:				
Bombay	Oct. 23-Nov. 12	.3	2	574 deaths out of 813 cases of
Karachi	Nov. 6-19	1 1	1	plague reported in surrounding
Madras Presidency	Nov. 13-26	600	392	territory.
Rangoon	Oct. 1-Nov. 19		50	
Mexico:		"	"	
Tampico				Dec. 18-24, 1921: Infected rodents
_			1	found, 2; total, Jan. 1-Dec. 24,
V O				1921; infected rodents, 319.
Vera Cruz Portuguese West Africa:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			One infected rodent caught Dec. 5 1921.
Angola—				3 1921.
Loanda	Oct. 9-Nov. 5		2	
Siam:			_	
Bangkok	Oct. 23-Nov. 5	1	1	•
Straits Settlements:			_	
Singapore	Nov. 6-12	2	2	

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources. For reports received from July 2 to Dec. 30, 1921, see Public Health Reports for Dec. 30, 1921. The tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.

Reports Received from Dec. 31, 1921, to Jan. 6, 1922—Continued.

SMALLPOX.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Bolivia:	A 1 Oct 21	42		
La Paz	Aug. 1-Oct. 31	12	28	}
Brazil:	Nov. 13-26	4	2	1
Rio de Janeiro	Oct. 31-Nov. 20	2	1 -	1
Sao Paulo British East Africa:	001. 51-1101. 20	_		
Uganda	Aug. 1-Sept. 30	7	1	Reports of inspectors, cases, 4.
Canada:	Lagi I Depti conti	1		Loops to straightfully cuses, in
Manitoba—		ł	ı	
Winnipeg	Nov. 20-Dec. 3	2		'
New Brunswick-		ļ	I	
Charlotte County				Dec. 17, 1921: 31 cases not previ-
St. Stephen	Dec. 11-17	2		ously reported, occurring at
Ontario-	_		1	Anderson ville and Blacks Har-
Ottawa	do	17]	bor.
Toronto	do	1		
Quebec-	•		1	
Montreal	do	1		
Saskatchewan-	D 110		'	
Saskatoon	Dec. 1-18	6		
Chile:	Oct. 23-Nov. 26			·
Valparaiso	Oct. 23-Nov. 20		34	
China:	Nov. 13-19	2		
Hankow	Oct. 31-Nov. 6	3		
Shanghai	Oct. 31-110v. 0	3		•
Colombia: Cartagena	Nov. 22-28		1	
Cuba:	1404. 22-20	•••••	•	
Antilla	Dec. 12-18	1		At Preston.
Dominican Republic:	200.12 10	•		120 1 1030011
San Pedro de Macoris	Nov. 20-26	5		At present there is an estimate of
India:				500 cases of smallpox in the dis-
Bombay	Oct. 23-Nov. 12	1	1	trict of Macoris; of this amount
Calcutta	Oct. 23-29	1	1	50 are within the city limits.
Do	Nov. 6-12	2		· ·
Madras	Nov. 13-26	22	8	
Rangoon	Oct. 1-Nov. 19	. 2		The second second
Italy:				•
Genoa	Nov. 10-20	1		the second second
Messina—	37			
Messina	Nov. 28-Dec. 4	1		
Pettineo	Nov. 14-20 Nov. 28-Dec. 4	1		
Do	NOV. 20-Dec. 4			
Mexico: Chihuahua	Dec. 5-11		1	
Portuguese East Africa:	Dec. 0-11		- 1	
Lourenco Marques	Oct. 1-Nov. 5	2	4	•
Portuguese West Africa:	000.1.200.000.00	- 1	- 1	:
Angola—				
Loanda	Oct. 9-Nov. 5		3	
Russia:			_	•
Esthonia	Oct. 1-31	20		
Serbia:				
Belgrade	Oct. 2-Nov. 26	16	4	
Siam:			1	
Bangkok	Oct. 23-Nov. 5	1		and the second second
Spain:			ا ۵۰	· · · · · ·
Malaga	Nov. 1-30		36	
Seville	Nov. 16-29		1	
Straits Settlements:	No. 6 10	_	.	•
Singapore	Nov. 6-12	5	1	
Tunis: Tunisia	Nov. 26-Dec. 9	10	7	

Reports Received from Dec. 31, 1921, to Jan. 6, 1922—Continued.

TYPHUS PEVER.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Bolivia:				
La Paz	Aug. 1-Oct. 31	83	65	
Chile: Valparaiso	Oct. 23-Nov. 26		6	
hina: Harbin	Nov. 7-13	1		
Egypt: Alexandria	Nov. 19-25	2		
Cairo	Oct. 1-14	2	1	
lussia: Esthonia	Oct. 1-31	14		
erbia:	Oct. 2-Nov. 26	3	2	
Belgrade	Oct. 2-Nov. 20	•	2	·
Constantinople	Nov. 20-26	4		
Inion of South Africa:				
Cape Province— East London	Oct. 30-Nov. 5	1		•

YELLOW FEVER.

Mexico: Jalisco— Las Penas	Dec. 19	••••	•••••	Yellow fever has been reported present; about 50 miles north- west from Manzanillo.
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