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## THE PROBLEM OF ACUTE INFECTIOUS JAUNDICE IN THE UNITED STATES.

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Acute infectious jaundice is an acute infectious disease characterized by malaise, prostration, and gastrointestinal symptoms at onset, by fever of varying degree and by jaundice of varying intensity and duration. In severe cases bleeding from mucous surfaces and albuminuria are common. In moderately severe cases the rather high fever, marked prostration, and absence of local signs tend to exclude local disease of the biliary tract and present the clinical picture of an acute infection. Light cases of this affection, however, seem to be clinically indistinguishable from ordinary catarrhal jaundice and therefore are seldom diagnosed correctly in the absence of an outbreak of the disease, which naturally directs attention to the probably infectious character of the malady.

In presenting this brief paper the writer desires to:

1. Emphasize the aspects of the disease which are of special interest to sanitarians in the United States.
2. Briefly outline the epidemiological problems of the disease.
3. Indicate the procedures for their study by laboratory methods.

### Prevalence of the Disease Among Troops in Europe.

It is well known that outbreaks of jaundice have occurred at different times among the French, British, Italian, German, and Russian troops. The geographical range of prevalence has been from Belgium to Gallipoli. In most of the outbreaks the mortality has been low, but in some of the commands the attack rate has been high. At this time the weight of evidence indicates that the disease in the great majority of instances, if not in all, has been due to the "*Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ*" of Inada (1916) and his coworkers. This organism was first demonstrated as the cause of a severe form of the disease prevalent in Japan.

**Prevalence of the *Spirochæta Icterohæmorrhagiæ* Among Wild Rats in the United States.**

Noguchi (1917) found that rats captured about New York City were infested with a spirochæta identical in appearance with that causing acute spirochætal jaundice in man. This worker, by means of cross immunity tests, presented further evidence that the parasites causing the human disease in Europe and Japan and those found in New York rats were the same. Jobling (1917) found that of more than a hundred rats captured in Nashville, Tenn., at least ten per cent carried similar spirochætes in their kidneys. The writer has found a similar prevalence of the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* in wild rats captured in Washington, D. C. As far as can be made out the organisms found by different workers in the United States correspond very closely in appearance and pathogenicity for guinea pigs with those infecting human beings in the trenches in Europe and in the mines of Japan. The evidence then seems to indicate pretty conclusively that the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ*, the cause of acute spirochætal jaundice in man, is rather widely disseminated among wild rats living under such different conditions of environment as obtain in New York, Washington, and Nashville. Reports of the degree of prevalence of these parasites in the rats throughout the country are awaited with considerable interest.

**Reported Occurrence of Epidemic Jaundice in the United States.**

A search of the literature reveals a number of outbreaks of jaundice occurring from time to time in this country. Even though few and far between, on account of the prevalence of the causative agent in wild rats and the fact that outbreaks of jaundice tend to occur among troops, these reports deserve at least a passing consideration.

An account of an outbreak of jaundice among troops in the War of 1812 has come down to us. Acute infectious jaundice has been stated to have been highly prevalent during the Civil War and various numerical estimates of its prevalence appear in the literature. The following quotation is taken from the Medical and Surgical History of the War of the Rebellion prepared under direction of the Surgeon General, United States Army: "Jaundice occurred frequently in the progress of the malarial or other fevers as the result of morbid changes affecting the liver or blood. The yellow coloration in these cases was mostly an incident or symptom of the well-defined primary disease. There were, however, a large number of hepatic or hæmatic disorders in which the alteration of color represented so prominent a symptom that the disease was recorded under the heading of jaundice. Not less than 71,691 cases of this kind were reported among white troops (Union Army). Generally the cases were sporadic, but sometimes a series occurred in a command constituting a local epidemic."

While in the report just quoted the association of jaundice with disease of the liver and malaria is recognized, the records contain several accounts of clear-cut outbreaks of jaundice and fever corresponding pretty closely to the descriptions of the trench jaundice observed in the present war. It seems, then, that while outbreaks of acute infectious jaundice, very likely due to spirochætes, occurred during the Civil War, a numerical estimate of the prevalence of the disease should not be attempted.

A search of the literature reveals a number of reports of outbreaks of jaundice among the civil population in the United States. In the majority of these reports no special prevalence of other febrile diseases is mentioned in connection with the cases reported. In many of the cases the observers were impressed with the fact that they were dealing with a condition they had never seen before, basing their diagnosis on the description of the disease as it occurs in Europe.

In all the American reports most of the patients experienced nausea or vomiting, some abdominal distress or pain, headache, and fever of varying degree, followed in a few days by jaundice of varying intensity. In fact from many of the descriptions there is little to suggest a specific infectious disease, aside from the fact that a number of cases as described above would appear at about the same time in a community which was both previously and subsequently free from the disease. Several reports indicate a high mortality among pregnant women. In some outbreaks children seem to have been chiefly attacked, in others adults, and in still others adults and children were equally affected. In some outbreaks males were principally affected, while in others both sexes were affected about equally. In several outbreaks the symptomatology in the fatal cases was strikingly similar, suggestive of rapid necrosis of the liver cells as occurs in acute yellow atrophy of the liver. There is no information as to the occupation of those ill with the disease, nor is it possible to gain any comprehensive idea of the sanitary situation as regards water and food supply, sewage disposal, and the like, under which the disease has occurred in the United States. No adequate study of the pathology of the disease in man in this country has come to the writer's attention. Barker and Sladen found that the blood serum of their cases agglutinated a strain of *B. paratyphosus*.

There is some evidence to suggest that direct contact may have occasionally played a part in transmitting the disease, as in Hanover, N. H. (Gile, 1908), where a number of college students were engaged in surveying roads in the vicinity, camping out at night. From time to time one would become ill with jaundice and fever and return to college. Then cases began to appear in the college itself where the disease had formerly been unknown. Again at Ann Arbor, Mich.

(Cummings, 1915), 12 of the 19 cases had been in contact with a sick college mate previous to contracting the disease. In this outbreak the food supply was apparently not a factor, as nearly all those attacked ate at separate boarding houses.

**Outbreaks of Infectious Jaundice in the United States (Civil Population).**

Place.	Approximate population.	Year.	Months.	Cases.	Deaths.	Reported by—
Rocky Mount, N. C.	?	1849-50	Nov., Dec., Jan.	About 40...	Not stated.	Pittman, N. Orleans Med. J., v. 6, p. 694.
Hallifax Court House, Va.	?	1857-58	Fall and winter.	Not stated.	Apparently none.	Faulkner, Md. & Va. Med. J., v. 15, p. 355.
Savannah, Ga....	30,000	1880	Jan., Feb....	80.....	None.....	Nunn, Atlanta Med. & Surg. J., v. 28, p. 6.
Birmingham, Ala.	3,000	1881-82	Sept.-Jan....	"Many"....	"Few"....	Sears, Trans. Med. Assoc. State of Alabama.
Plainfield, Mich..	100	1886-87	Dec., Jan....	22.....	None.....	Green, Phys. & Surg., v. 9, p. 199.
Geneva, N. Y....	7,000	1888	Spring.....	200.....	None mentioned.	Sweet, Med. Regist., v. 3, p. 317.
Troy, Me.....	?	1887	.....do.....	Not stated.	.....do.....	Dodge, Rept. State Bd. Health, Maine, v. 4, p. 266.
Sparta, Wis.....	3,000	1898	Aug., Sept., Oct.	"Few"....	"Few"....	Boebe, Trans. Med. Soc., Wis., v. 32, p. 183.
Calumet, Mich., and vicinity.	30,000	1897-98	June-Jan....	675.....	None.....	Pomeroy, Trans. Mich. State Med. Soc., v. 22, p. 387.
Hanover, N. H....	4,000	1899	Not stated..	About 25..	.....do.....	Gile, Trans. N. Hampshire Med. Soc., 1908, p. 181.
Stirling, Kans....	2,200	1905	Sept., Oct., Nov.	30.....	2.....	Ross, J. Kansas Med. Soc., 1906, p. 407.
Montevallo, Ala..	.....	1906	Nov., Dec...	Not stated.	None.....	Wilkinson, Ala. Mod. J., v. 19, No. 6.
Talladega, Ala....	5,500	1907	Summer and fall.	About 200..	2.....	Dixon, Ala. Mod. J., v. 20, p. 320.
Baltimore, Md....	558,500	1908	Nov., Dec...	6 cases, of 700 inmates of jail.	None.....	Barker & Sladen, Bull. Johns Hopkins Hosp., v. 20, p. 310.
Andover, Me.....	750	1908-09	Oct.-Feb....	135.....	.....do.....	Leslie, Bost. Med. & Surg. J., v. 161, p. 622.
Austin, Minn....	6,960	1910	Sept.-Dec...	About 200..	.....do.....	Collins, J. Minnesota State Med. Asso., v. 31, p. 305.
New York City....	4,800,000	1912-13	Oct.-Jan....	25 studied at author's clinic.	1.....	Herrman, Trans. Amer. Ped. Soc., v. 25, p. 85.
Hetland, S. Dak..	223	1913	June.-Sept..	Not stated.	Not stated.	Grove, St. Paul Med. J., v. 16, p. 109.
Ann Arbor, Mich.	15,000	1915	Spring.....	25.....	None.....	Cummings, J. Mich. State Med. Soc., v. 14, p. 293.

From the table it is evident that, while in certain of the outbreaks a fairly large proportion of the community has been attacked, the case-fatality rate has always been low. As regards seasonal prevalence, it would seem that the fewest cases occurred in the warmer months of the year. Detailed analysis of the reports shows very few cases occurring in the summer as compared with the fall and winter. This is in accordance with a part of the observation of Japanese and European workers, that the disease does not occur in the hottest or coldest weather.

Before closing the discussion as to the prevalence of epidemics of jaundice in the United States it seems fair, in the absence of more definite knowledge, to ask whether such a disease as a separate entity

has existed or whether all the outbreaks were not manifestations of some other disease such as typhoid fever or malaria. With regard to malaria it may be said that, while estivo-autumnal malaria undoubtedly caused outbreaks of jaundice in the Civil War, it is contrary to our present knowledge of the distribution of this disease to ascribe such outbreaks as occurred in Maine, New Hampshire, Minnesota, and Wisconsin to this cause. To infer that these cases were due to some vagary of *B. typhosus* would contradict a great mass of clinical experience, which shows that jaundice is a very rare symptom of typhoid fever. The same may be said with regard to paratyphoid infection. In general the seasonal prevalence of acute infectious jaundice seems to be at its lowest just when so-called filth-borne diseases are most prevalent.

Whatever may be the weight attached to such facts as have been stated above they indicate that epidemics of jaundice closely simulating those now known to be caused by the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* have occasionally appeared in this country, and that they were possibly due to this parasite. This latter statement is strengthened by the finding by A. M. Stimson (personal communication) of spirochætes in sections of the kidney of a man who died in New Orleans of a disease characterized by jaundice and fever. These sections prepared by Levaditi's method show spirochætes morphologically similar to the causative agent of acute spirochætal jaundice.

#### The Problem of the Rat as a Carrier of the *Spirochæta Icterohæmorrhagiæ*.

The following quotation from Noguchi is well adapted as a starting point in this discussion: "The finding of the causative organism of infectious jaundice among wild rats in America and the identification of this strain with those found in Asia and Europe seem to be particularly important in revealing a latent danger to which we have been constantly exposed but from which we escape as long as sanitary conditions are not disturbed by untoward events."

Long before the present war acute infectious jaundice was recognized to occur especially among troops, among sewer workers, agricultural laborers working in wet soil, and in mine workers. People who handle food as butlers and cooks, in Japan at least, are also said to be attacked with especial frequency. With the universal adoption of trench warfare in the present conflict acute infectious jaundice took a more or less prominent place in the category of trench diseases. Stokes (1917) observed a definite increase in the number of cases among troops during wet spells of weather, followed by a diminution in cases when the weather became dry. It was also noted that a regiment which had a number of cases in the line—i. e., wet trenches—was not infected while in rest billets, but again produced cases when it returned to the trenches. In Japan, Inada

(1916) and his coworkers found that cases of acute infectious jaundice occurred in the wet shafts of the mine, but not in the dry shafts nor on the surface. Some evidence has been presented to show that the hot and cold months of the year are unfavorable to the spread of the disease. Several laboratory workers have been directly infected by the blood of guinea pigs suffering from the disease, at least once with fatal outcome.

The credit of first finding the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* in rodents belongs to the Japanese investigators, who first demonstrated these parasites in the kidneys of field mice. Further investigations in the coal-mining regions of Japan showed that 40 per cent of the wild rats harbored organisms resembling these parasites. Many cases of infectious jaundice in human beings, due to spirochætes, occur in this region. With regard to the spirochætes found in the rats, it was observed that they live in the kidney without injury to the animal, and are excreted in the urine. By means of tests with immune sera, evidence was obtained which indicated that the spirochætes which came from the rats were quite similar to, if not identical with, those derived from human sources. The various strains of these spirochætes all produced the same striking pathological picture in experimentally infected guinea pigs. Guinea pigs were infected by allowing rats to bite them, and it was demonstrated also that the organisms would pass through the unbroken skin of these animals.

English and French workers soon demonstrated the presence of the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* in rats taken from the trenches in which the disease had appeared among troops. Thus Stokes (1917) found 6 out of 15 rats to be infected. On the other hand, Courmont and Durand (1917) examined 50 rats taken in a region where acute infectious jaundice was unknown. The rats appeared perfectly healthy, but four of them were proved by guinea-pig inoculation to harbor the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ*. These figures approximate the rate of incidence later obtained for wild rats in the United States. Rat infestation has been demonstrated in other portions of France.

With regard to the relation between rat infestation and human infection with *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ*, two possibilities present themselves. First, it is possible that no transfer from rats to man takes place, or only exceptionally as in case of a bite. It may be that some cause is at work in the trenches and mines which tends to infect man and rats with the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* entirely independently of each other. On the other hand, it seems more probable that the spirochætes may be interchanged indiscriminately among men and rats living in such environments as obtain in the trenches, by means of their urine. There is evidence to show that infection can take place either through the skin or by the mouth.

There is no adequate evidence that any insect plays a part in the transmission of the disease in nature, although the experimental evidence in this regard is by no means complete. The epidemiology of the disease seems to point rather definitely to a moist soil, at an equable temperature, as a means of keeping alive the virus.

While the problem of the rat in relation to acute infectious jaundice has not been completely worked out, the following statement of the mode of transfer forms a reasonable hypothesis. About 10 per cent of all wild rats wherever located probably carry the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* in their kidneys and excrete them in their urine. If this organism finds a favorable environment in the soil, a sufficient number may live long enough to infect a human being who gets them in the mouth or on the skin. Under these conditions a larger number of rats also take up the spirochætes.

Much more work needs to be done to place the whole matter on a sound scientific basis and to do this it is essential to (1) recognize cases of the disease in man, (2) determine the general prevalence of the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* in wild rats, living in various environments.

#### Detection of the *Spirochæta Icterohæmorrhagiæ* by Laboratory Methods.

##### A. In Man.

The following methods have been successfully employed in detecting infection with the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* in human beings:

1. Examination of blood films. These have been stained for spirochætes by one of the Romanowski stains or one of the silver impregnation methods.
2. Examination of the blood by dark field illumination.
3. Injection of the blood into the peritoneal cavity of a guinea pig.

In these three methods, the earlier in the course of the disease the blood is obtained the better the chances of success. In the first two methods search must be made with the microscope for the spirochætes and as they are not very numerous in the blood of human cases, and somewhat difficult to stain these methods are not highly satisfactory. On the other hand, in early cases guinea-pig inoculation with blood is a valuable procedure and should always be done, unless the patient is first seen late in the disease. If the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* are present in the inoculated blood the guinea pig will usually sickén and die in about ten days. Post-mortem examination will show a well marked combination of jaundice and hemorrhage such as, so far as known, is not produced by any other infection.

In a light-skinned guinea pig a distinct yellowish tinge, especially noticeable in the ears and about the genitals, is usually observed. On dividing the skin of the abdomen in a case of this disease, the operator is at once struck with the widespread hemorrhages which lie beneath the skin and between the connective tissue planes.

They range from minute petechiæ up to massive effusions of blood perhaps a centimeter in diameter. The hemorrhages are especially well marked about the axillary and inguinal lymph-nodes and as the skin is reflected hemorrhagic areas will be seen between the fascia covering the skeletal muscles. The skin is usually quite yellow and the abdominal muscles frequently show a yellowish tinge. On opening the body cavity the liver appears distinctly enlarged and of a brownish yellow color. The spleen is not enlarged. The intestines are stained yellow and hemorrhages into the intestinal walls are of frequent occurrence. Post-peritoneal hemorrhages are frequent and abundant, especially about the kidney and adrenal. This organ is frequently the seat of marked effusions of blood. In the thorax the lungs especially attract attention, being the seat of the most characteristic gross change observed in the guinea pig. These consist of numerous sharply defined hemorrhagic foci. The description, by the Japanese, of the lungs as resembling the mottled wings of a butterfly is a very apt one. Histologically the liver and kidneys show the most characteristic changes. The liver shows an exudation of polymorphonuclear leucocytes about the bile ducts, and widespread degenerative changes of the parenchyma. Many of the cells contain an abnormal amount of pigment, while others show pronounced vacuolization and dispersion. The kidneys show an acute exudative nephritis with hemorrhages throughout the cortex.

The tissues of the guinea pig contain many spirochætes, which may be best demonstrated by staining portions of the liver by the older method of Levaditi, making sections and examining by the microscope. Dark field examination of the liver pulp will also usually reveal them.

#### 4. Microscopic examination of the urine for spirochætes.

The urine is centrifugalized and the sediment examined by the dark field method, or films are made and stained by India ink, Romanowsky stain or a silver impregnation method. It will be recalled that the urine contains spirochætes in a variety of conditions, and one must be entirely familiar with the morphology of the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* to hazard a diagnosis by a microscopic examination of the urine.

The microscopic examination of the urine has a special field in expert hands to determine whether a convalescent is excreting the spirochætes in his urine and is therefore a carrier.

#### 5. Injection of urinary sediment into the peritoneal cavity of a guinea pig.

This method has frequently been followed by positive results and should be regularly practiced. As in the injection of blood it has the decided advantage that positive results are well marked, causing the definite pathological changes in the guinea pig, above referred to.



6. Examination of tissues obtained at necropsy by the older method of Levaditi.

By this method the spirochætes may frequently be demonstrated in the viscera, especially in the kidneys.

In general, it may be stated that for the diagnosis of the disease in the living patient by laboratory procedures, guinea pig inoculation appears to be most reliable, and the method of choice; next in practical importance is the microscopical examination of blood and urine for spirochætes; and finally, attempts to cultivate the organism directly from the human subject, which appears to be a matter of considerable difficulty.

#### B. In Rodents.

Here, as in the detection of the disease in man, guinea-pig inoculation is the method of choice and reliability. The rats should preferably be taken alive, killed, and the kidneys removed at once, with precautions not to contaminate them. The kidneys should then be emulsified and the emulsion injected into the peritoneal cavity of a guinea pig, if possible using a guinea pig for each rat. The guinea pigs should then be observed for at least two weeks. If the *Spirochæta icterohæmorrhagiæ* are present the pig will become ill, show some rather variable pyrexia, become slightly jaundiced, collapse, and die in about 10 days, and at post-mortem examination will show the marked picture of jaundice and hemorrhage referred to above. Spirochætes may be demonstrated in the tissues, as previously indicated.

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# PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

*No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.*

## UNITED STATES.

### EXTRA-CANTONMENT ZONES—CASES REPORTED WEEK ENDED MAY 7.

CAMP BEAUREGARD ZONE, LA.		CAMP DODGE ZONE, IOWA.	
Chicken pox:	Cases.	Chancroid:	Cases.
Alexandria.....	1	Des Moines.....	1
Gonorrhea:		Diphtheria:	
Alexandria.....	1	Des Moines.....	4
Malaria:		Gonorrhea:	
Alexandria.....	2	Des Moines.....	5
Measles:		Scarlet fever:	
Alexandria.....	2	Ankeny.....	1
Pineville.....	1	Des Moines.....	17
Mumps:		Grimes.....	1
Alexandria.....	28	Smallpox:	
Pineville.....	3	Des Moines.....	14
Pneumonia:		Syphilis:	
Alexandria.....	5	Des Moines.....	6
Pineville.....	1		
Poliomyelitis:		CAMP EBERTS ZONE, ARK.	
Ward No. 2.....	6	Arthritis, acute:	
Smallpox:		England.....	1
Alexandria.....	1	Gonorrhea:	
Tuberculosis:		Cabot.....	1
Alexandria.....	1	Carlisle.....	1
Pineville.....	1	England.....	1
Whooping cough:		Lonoke.....	3
Alexandria.....	4	Malaria:	
CAMP BOWIE ZONE, TEX.		Carlisle.....	4
Fort Worth:		England.....	9
Chicken pox.....	6	Lonoke.....	1
Diphtheria.....	1	Measles:	
Gonorrhea.....	2	Carlisle.....	2
Malaria.....	1	England.....	8
Measles.....	1	Lonoke.....	1
Mumps.....	31	Lonoke, route 4.....	2
Pneumonia.....	2	Mumps:	
Scarlet fever.....	10	Carlisle.....	1
Smallpox.....	22	England.....	5
Sore eyes.....	1	Keo.....	1
Tonsillitis.....	3	Pellagra:	
Typhoid fever.....	3	England.....	3
Whooping cough.....	2	Pneumonia:	
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS.		England.....	1
German measles:		Kerr.....	1
Lancaster.....	1	Lonoke.....	1
Mumps:		Smallpox:	
Ayer.....	1	England.....	7
Lancaster.....	1	Lonoke, route 2.....	1
		Syphilis:	
		England.....	2

## CAMP EBERTS ZONE, ARK.—continued.

Tuberculosis:	Cases.
England.....	3
<b>Typhoid fever:</b>	
Carlisle.....	2
England.....	1
<b>Whooping cough:</b>	
England.....	2

## CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.

<b>Atlanta:</b>	
Chicken pox.....	5
Diphtheria.....	2
German measles.....	1
Gonorrhea.....	16
Measles.....	3
Mumps.....	17
Pneumonia.....	2
Scarlet fever.....	2
Syphilis.....	11
Smallpox.....	1
Tuberculosis.....	13
Typhoid fever.....	1
Whooping cough.....	1
<b>Decatur:</b>	
Typhoid fever.....	1
<b>Stone Mountain:</b>	
Whooping cough.....	6

## CAMP GREENE ZONE, N. C.

<b>Charlotte Township:</b>	
Diphtheria.....	1
Gonorrhea.....	22
Measles.....	6
Mumps.....	11
Scarlet fever.....	3
Syphilis.....	11
Trachoma.....	1
Tuberculosis.....	6
Whooping cough.....	10

## GULFPORT HEALTH DISTRICT, MISS.

<b>Gulfport Health District:</b>	
Gonorrhea.....	5
Malaria.....	11
Measles.....	4
Mumps.....	3
Syphilis.....	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary.....	2

## CAMP HANCOCK ZONE, GA.

<b>Augusta:</b>	
Cerebrospinal meningitis.....	1
Chancroid.....	4
Chicken pox.....	6
German measles.....	1
Gonorrhea.....	9
Measles.....	12
Syphilis.....	12

## CAMP JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA.

<b>Atlantic Beach:</b>	
Measles.....	1
<b>Eastport:</b>	
Malaria.....	1

## CAMP JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA.—contd.

<b>Jacksonville:</b>	<b>Cases.</b>
Chicken pox.....	4
Enteritis.....	4
Gonorrhea.....	1
Measles.....	2
Mumps.....	9
Pneumonia.....	2
Smallpox.....	2
Syphilis.....	2
Tuberculosis.....	8
Typhoid fever.....	4
Whooping cough.....	22
<b>Mandarin:</b>	
Malaria.....	2

## FORT LEAVENWORTH ZONE, KANS.

<b>Leavenworth:</b>	
German measles.....	1
Measles.....	8
Smallpox.....	1
Tuberculosis.....	1
<b>Leavenworth County:</b>	
Diphtheria.....	1
Measles.....	9
Pneumonia, lobar.....	1
Scarlet fever.....	3
Smallpox.....	1
Typhoid fever.....	2

## CAMP LEE ZONE, VA.

<b>Chancroid:</b>	
Petersburg.....	1
<b>Chicken pox:</b>	
Prince George County.....	6
<b>German measles:</b>	
Ettricks.....	1
Prince George County.....	1
<b>Gonorrhea:</b>	
Petersburg.....	8
<b>Measles:</b>	
Ettricks.....	1
Hopewell.....	1
Petersburg.....	2
<b>Mumps:</b>	
Ettricks.....	9
Hopewell.....	3
Petersburg.....	1
Prince George County.....	2
<b>Pneumonia:</b>	
Petersburg.....	1
<b>Scarlet fever:</b>	
Hopewell.....	1
Petersburg.....	1
<b>Septic sore throat:</b>	
Ettricks.....	2
<b>Syphilis:</b>	
Petersburg.....	1
<b>Tuberculosis:</b>	
Petersburg.....	1
<b>Whooping cough:</b>	
Ettricks.....	3
Hopewell.....	1

## CAMP LEWIS ZONE, WASH.

German measles:	Cases.
Greendale.....	2
Loveland.....	6
Spanaway.....	1
Measles:	
Du Pont.....	2
Mumps:	
Du Pont.....	3
Parkland.....	1
Scarlet fever:	
Parkland.....	1
Syphilis:	
Lakeview.....	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary:	
American Lake.....	1
Lakeview.....	1
Parkland.....	1
Whooping cough:	
American Lake.....	8
Parkland.....	1

## CAMP LOGAN ZONE, TEX.

Chancroid:	
Houston.....	2
Diphtheria:	
Houston.....	2
Dysentery:	
Moonshine Hill.....	1
Gonorrhea:	
Houston.....	20
Malaria:	
Eureka.....	1
Moonshine Hill.....	5
Measles:	
Cypress.....	1
Houston.....	10
Moonshine Hill.....	3
Mumps:	
Moonshine Hill.....	1
Smallpox:	
Hufsmith.....	1
Syphilis:	
Goose Creek.....	1
Houston.....	23
Humble.....	1
Trachoma:	
Houston.....	1
Tuberculosis:	
Houston.....	3

## CAMP MACARTHUR ZONE, TEX.

Waco:	
Chicken pox.....	3
Malaria.....	1
Mumps.....	27
Scarlet fever.....	1
Smallpox.....	2
Tuberculosis.....	4

## CAMP M'CLELLAN ZONE, ALA.

Anniston:	
Chicken pox.....	3
Diphtheria.....	1
Measles.....	1
Mumps.....	14
Pellagra.....	1

## CAMP M'CLELLAN ZONE, ALA.—continued.

Anniston—Continued.	Cases.
Pneumonia.....	2
Smallpox.....	4
Tuberculosis.....	1
Whooping cough.....	1
Blue Mountain:	
Smallpox.....	1
Precinct 20:	
Mumps.....	1

## NORFOLK COUNTY NAVAL DISTRICT, VA.

Chicken pox:	
Lafayette Park Reservation.....	1
Diphtheria:	
Norfolk.....	1
Malaria:	
Ocean View.....	2
Measles:	
Norfolk.....	13
Portsmouth.....	12
Larchmont.....	1
South Norfolk.....	3
Mumps:	
Ocean View.....	3
Willoughby.....	1
Norfolk.....	5
Portsmouth.....	1
Ophthalmia neonatorum:	
Portsmouth.....	4
Pneumonia:	
Norfolk.....	2
Scarlet fever:	
Portsmouth.....	2
Norfolk.....	1
Norfolk County.....	1
Smallpox:	
Norfolk.....	2
Syphilis:	
Norfolk.....	1
Typhoid fever:	
Norfolk.....	1
Tuberculosis:	
Portsmouth.....	2
Ocean View.....	1

## FORT GGLETHORPE ZONE, GA.

Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Chattanooga.....	1
Diphtheria:	
Chattanooga.....	1
Gonorrhea:	
Chattanooga.....	17
Mumps:	
Chattanooga.....	3
Rossville.....	7
Paratyphoid fever:	
Chattanooga.....	1
Pneumonia:	
East Lake.....	1
Rossville.....	1
Scarlet fever:	
Chattanooga.....	3
St. Elmo.....	1

## FORT OGLETHORPE ZONE, GA.—continued.

Smallpox:	Cases.
Chattanooga.....	5
North Chattanooga.....	1
Syphilis:	
Chattanooga.....	15
Tuberculosis:	
Chickamauga.....	1
Typhoid fever:	
Alton Park.....	1
Chattanooga.....	1
Whooping cough:	
Chattanooga.....	3

## CAMP PIKE ZONE, ARK.

Little Rock:	
Cerebrospinal meningitis.....	3
Chancroid.....	1
German measles.....	1
Gonorrhea.....	13
Malaria.....	8
Measles.....	1
Mumps.....	4
Pellagra.....	2
Pneumonia.....	12
Scarlet fever.....	2
Smallpox.....	11
Syphilis.....	12
Tuberculosis.....	20
Typhoid fever.....	1
North Little Rock:	
Gonorrhea.....	1
Malaria.....	4
Mumps.....	2
Pellagra.....	1
Smallpox.....	3
Syphilis.....	1
Scott:	
Gonorrhea.....	2

## CAMP SEVIER ZONE, S. C.

Measles:	
Judson Mills.....	1
Union Bleachery.....	1
Mumps:	
Union Bleachery.....	3
Smallpox:	
Poe Mill.....	1

## CAMP SHELBY ZONE, MISS.

Hattiesburg:	
Chicken pox.....	1
Malaria.....	2
Measles.....	1
Mumps.....	25
Pellagra.....	3
Septic sore throat.....	1
Veneral.....	10
Whooping cough.....	8

## CAMP SHERIDAN ZONE, ALA.

Montgomery:	
Chancroid.....	4
Chicken pox.....	1
Gonorrhea.....	16
Malaria.....	76
Measles.....	5

## CAMP SHERIDAN ZONE, ALA.—continued.

Montgomery—Continued.	Cases.
Mumps.....	6
Ophthalmia neonatorum.....	1
Ringworm.....	34
Smallpox.....	2
Tuberculosis.....	2

## CAMP SHERMAN ZONE, OHIO.

Diphtheria:	
Chillicothe.....	2
Measles:	
Chillicothe.....	5
Liberty Township.....	1
Springfield Township.....	2
Scarlet fever:	
Chillicothe.....	1
Springfield Township.....	1
Smallpox:	
Chillicothe.....	3
Tuberculosis, pulmonary:	
Chillicothe.....	1

## CAMP ZACHARY TAYLOR ZONE, KY.

Jefferson County:	
Cerebrospinal meningitis.....	1
Measles.....	2
Smallpox.....	3
Louisville:	
Chicken pox.....	4
Diphtheria.....	6
Measles.....	8
Mumps.....	1
Rabies in animals.....	1
Scarlet fever.....	2
Smallpox.....	2
Tuberculosis, pulmonary.....	2
U. S. Government clinic:	
Chancroid.....	2
Gonorrhea.....	29
Syphilis.....	32

## TIDEWATER HEALTH DISTRICT, VA.

Chancroid:	
Newport News.....	3
Chicken pox:	
Hampton.....	1
Newport News.....	4
Gonorrhea:	
Newport News.....	8
Measles:	
Hampton.....	1
Newport News.....	12
Mumps:	
Hampton.....	4
Newport News.....	18
Phoebus.....	1
Scarlet fever:	
Newport News.....	4
Smallpox:	
Newport News.....	1
Syphilis:	
Newport News.....	4
Trachoma:	
Hampton.....	1

**TIDEWATER HEALTH DISTRICT, VA.—continued.**

	Cases.
Tuberculosis:	
Hampton.....	1
Typhoid fever:	
Hampton.....	1
Phoenix.....	1
Whooping cough:	
Hampton.....	1
Newport News.....	2

**CAMP TRAVIS ZONE, TEX.**

San Antonio:	
Diphtheria.....	1
Dysentery.....	2
Enteritis, gastro.....	1
Erysipelas.....	1
Gonorrhea.....	50
Malaria.....	1
Measles.....	8
Mumps.....	6
Pneumonia.....	2
Syphilis.....	7
Tuberculosis.....	23
Typhoid fever.....	9

**CAMP WADSWORTH ZONE, S. C.**

Measles:	
Moore.....	1
Spartanburg.....	3

**CAMP WADSWORTH ZONE, S. C.—continued.**

Mumps:	Cases.
Spartanburg.....	10
Pellagra:	
Glenn Springs.....	1
Moore.....	1
Pauline.....	2
Pneumonia; lobar:	
Cedar Springs.....	1
Saxon Mills.....	1
Spartanburg.....	1
Smallpox:	
Spartanburg.....	2
Tuberculosis:	
Saxon Mills.....	1
Whooping cough:	
Spartanburg.....	9

**CAMP WHEELER ZONE, GA.**

Bibb County:	
Malaria.....	1
Macon:	
Malaria.....	1
Measles.....	1
Mumps.....	1
Scarlet fever.....	4
Smallpox.....	2
Tuberculosis.....	2
Typhoid fever.....	1

**DISEASE CONDITIONS AMONG TROOPS IN THE UNITED STATES.**

The following data are taken from telegraphic reports received in the office of the Surgeon General, United States Army, for the week ended April 26, 1918:

**Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease):**

All troops.....	1,279.4
National Guard camps.....	1,313.8
National Army camps.....	1,304.2
Regular army.....	1,257.2

**Noneffective rate per 1,000 on day of report:**

All troops.....	42.9
National Guard camps.....	37.6

**Noneffective rate per 1,000—Continued.**

National Army camps.....	50.5
Regular Army.....	40
Annual death rate per 1,000 (disease only):	
All troops.....	10.4
National Guard camps.....	8.3
National Army camps.....	13
Regular Army.....	9.8

*New cases of special diseases reported during the week ended Apr. 26, 1918.*

	Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Venereal.		Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fever.	Deaths.	Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease only).	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
				Total.	New infections.						
Wadsworth.....	4	.....	.....	17	12	4	1	2	1	332	17.2
Hancock.....	4	.....	.....	15	15	2	.....	.....	.....	478	26.6
McClellan.....	17	.....	1	15	15	.....	1	1	5	1,065	29.4
Sevier.....	8	.....	6	43	24	6	.....	3	3	538	25
Wheeler.....	62	.....	2	9	3	.....	.....	.....	13	1,634	44.4
Logan.....	20	.....	.....	61	49	10	1	11	4	2,855	40.4
Cody.....	5	.....	.....	5	1	.....	.....	.....	5	377	22.1
Doniphan.....	6	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	1,783	64.9
Bowie.....	11	.....	1	65	64	.....	.....	.....	3	1,016	54.6
Sheridan.....	10	.....	.....	13	10	.....	.....	.....	3	902	28.7

New cases of special diseases reported during the week ended Apr. 26, 1918—Continued.

	Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Venereal.		Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fever.	Deaths.	Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease only).	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
				Total.	New infections.						
Shelby.....	11	1		17	7	3			4	2,546	51.3
Beauregard.....	23		13	29	5	1	1		2	2,138	70.2
Kearny.....	4		1	6	6			5		1,612	46.4
Devens.....	49			47	5	8		6	8	867	45.9
Upton.....	15			34	12	14	1	1	3	716	36.4
Dix.....	8			53	17	12		6	3	953	32.7
Meade.....	9			18	9	8		2	1	779	30.4
Lee.....	2		1	223	16	3	1		6	1,311	61.8
Jackson.....	9			21	4	17	1		1	1,422	61.9
Gordon.....	11		2	17	17	25	2	1	21	1,569	57.3
Sherman.....	21			25	7	6		20	8	1,119	46.6
Taylor.....	17					33		2	15	1,788	73.9
Custer.....	12			31	2	6	1	7	3	745	31.8
Grant.....	9			26	1	20		4	2	833	29.3
Pike.....	21	2		60	12	16	5	5	11	1,703	62.9
Dodge.....	41			39		22	1	18	19	1,985	99.5
Funston.....	16			30	12	7		3	5	964	59.3
Travis.....	11		3	31	3	22			7	3,578	59.4
Lewis.....	1		1	92	13	4		13		1,058	43.1
Northeastern Department.....	1			8	6	4			2	936.8	32.9
Eastern Department.....	5			26	8	16	2		3	967.3	32.4
Southeastern Department.....	2		8	28	21	13	1		5	1,189.1	51
Central Department.....	14			32	14	18		18	2	1,120.9	39.7
Southern Department.....	30		1	85	51	11	1	4	12	1,570.9	47.3
Western Department.....	7			23	15	8			3	1,054.9	25.8
Aviation Section, Signal Corps.....	31	1	4	132		43	2	32	23	1,344.1	34.4
Camp Greene.....	10			11		5			2	615.9	21.8
Camp Fremont.....	3		1	12	4	15			1	908.5	43.5
El Paso.....	1			11	1	1		1		1,070.7	4.9
Columbus Barracks.....	2			18	1				2	1,465.6	60.2
Jefferson Barracks.....	3			27	1	4		7	1	3,557.3	130.5
Fort Logan.....	8					2		4	5	4,036.5	114.2
Fort McDowell.....				4	2					1,325.8	47.4
Fort Slocum.....			1	2		1			1	612.7	37.5
Fort Thomas.....	1			2		7				1,248.3	55.5
Disciplinary Barracks, Alcatraz.....										1,155.5	25.4
Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth.....	3								1	1,310.7	35.3
A. A. Humphreys.....	1			2						761.8	44.6
J. E. Johnston.....	1			35	25	6	1	1		1,337.5	39.7
Hoboken.....	21		1	158	20	8		4	11	1,383	51.6
Newport News.....	9		2	54	17	32			7	1,257.4	63.3
West Point, N. Y.....	1									387.1	8.1
Edgewood.....	1			1						658.5	19.2
Prov. Depot for Corps and Army troops.....	7			19	1	5		1	6	1,189.5	41.7
Camp Holabird.....				1						4,666.7	51.3
Camp Raritan.....				2		1				1,150.4	31
Springfield Armory.....										833.7	37.6
National Guard Departments.....	2			9	2	4					
National Army Departments.....	15		3	76	32	56		9	7		
Total.....	616	4	52	1,828	572	509	24	192	258	11,279.4	142.9

1 All troops.



*Annual rate per 1,000 for special diseases.*

Disease.	All troops in United States. <sup>1</sup>	Regulars in United States. <sup>1</sup>	National Guard, all camps. <sup>1</sup>	National Army, all camps. <sup>1</sup>	Expedition- ary Forces. <sup>2</sup>
Pneumonia.....	26.6	21.1	32.6	29.1	21.3
Dysentery.....	0.17	0.13	0.17	0.2	0.0
Malaria.....	2.2	2.3	4.2	0.8	0.7
Venereal.....	78.9	90.5	53.3	86.2	52.8
Paratyphoid.....	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.0	0.0
Typhoid.....	0.04	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Measles.....	21.9	26.1	4.5	25.7	5.2
Meningitis.....	1.0	0.9	0.88	1.4	3.4
Scarlet fever.....	8.3	9.5	3.87	10.1	6.7

<sup>1</sup> Week ended Apr. 26, 1918.<sup>2</sup> Week ended Apr. 19, 1918.**CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.****Alabama.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Perry, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Smallpox: By counties—Cullman 1, Jackson 39, Jefferson 43, Tuscaloosa 1, Wilcox 4. No other unusual prevalence.

**California.**

From the State Board of Health of California, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Twenty-three cases smallpox; 7 in Stockton, 4 in Tehama, 4 in San Francisco, remainder scattered over State. Six cases epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis; 1 in Berkeley, 2 in San Francisco, 2 in Los Angeles, 1 in San Joaquin County. One case poliomyelitis in Santa Monica. Prevalence of measles and other diseases that have been epidemic throughout the State now greatly reduced. Twenty-three cases of hookworm reported from mines in Amador County.

Reported by mail for preceding week (ended April 27):

Cerebrospinal meningitis.....	6	Poliomyelitis.....	1
Chicken pox.....	121	Scarlet fever.....	63
Diphtheria.....	61	Smallpox.....	17
Erysipelas.....	12	Syphilis.....	39
German measles.....	262	Tetanus.....	2
Gonococcus infection.....	49	Trachoma.....	2
Hookworm.....	13	Tuberculosis.....	124
Malaria.....	5	Typhoid fever.....	16
Measles.....	829	Whooping cough.....	173
Pneumonia.....	45	Mumps.....	176

**Connecticut.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Black, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Smallpox: Hartford 3, Cheshire 1. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Hartford 1, Waterbury 1.

**Illinois.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Drake, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918: .

Smallpox: One hundred and fifteen, of which in Quincy 9, Chandlerville 6, Elk Township (Jackson County) 6, Decatur 5, Alton 7, Woodriver Township (Madison County) 7, Peoria 20, East St. Louis 8, Millcreek 8, Chicago 5. Diphtheria: One hundred and thirty-two, of which in Chicago 97. Scarlet fever: Ninety-three, of which Oak Park 6, East Alton 7, Moline 5, Chicago 40. Poliomyelitis: Three, of which Chicago 2, Joliet 1. Meningitis: Nineteen, of which one each in Macon Township (Effingham County), Geneva, Nilwood, Petersburg Precinct (Menard County), Springfield 2, Chicago 13.

**Indiana.**

From the State Board of Health of Indiana, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Diphtheria: One death each—Tipton, Michigan City, Vevay. Smallpox: Epidemic—Logansport, Anderson. Measles: Epidemic—Prairie Creek, Benton County, Henry County. Whooping cough: One death each—Middleton, Harsey, Henry County.

**Kansas.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Crumbine, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Meningitis: In cities—Junction City 1, Pittsburgh 1, Wichita 1. Poliomyelitis: Wathena 1. Smallpox (10 or more cases): In counties—Allen 14, Butler 13, Cherokee 14, Crawford 19, Graham 13, Montgomery 10, Osborne 30; in cities—Wichita 17. Scarlet fever (over 10 cases): Neosho County, including Chanute, 34.

**Louisiana.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Dowling, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Meningitis 3, smallpox 27, typhoid fever 15, measles 18, pneumonia 16.

**Massachusetts.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Hitchcock, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Unusual prevalence. Diphtheria: Templeton 6. German measles: Gardner 16, Mansfield 20. Measles: Brookline 36, Lawrence 125, Quincy 37, Westford 15, Woburn 14. Scarlet fever: Billerica 5. Smallpox: Lynn 1.

**Minnesota.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Bracken, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Smallpox (new foci): Chippewa County, Leenthrop Township, 1; Freeborn County, Riceland Township, 2; Goodhue County, Kenyon village, 78; Cherry Grove Township, 19; Meeker County, Dassel village, 1; Renville County, Camp Township, 4; Fairfax village, 2; Rice County, Richland Township, 9. One poliomyelitis, nine cerebrospinal meningitis, reported since April 29.

**Nebraska.**

From the State board of health of Nebraska, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Smallpox: Scotts Bluff County, Stella, Upland, and still existing at Omaha, Lincoln, and Syracuse. Scarlet fever: Scotts Bluff County.

**South Carolina.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Hayne, by telegraph, for week ended May 6, 1918:

Two cases epidemic meningitis.

**Virginia.**

From the State Board of Health of Virginia, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

Two cases smallpox Northampton County, several King William, one Charlotte, several Wise, two Pittsylvania, one Loudoun. One case cerebrospinal meningitis Buckingham County, one Montgomery, one Nansemond. One case poliomyelitis Accomac, one Pittsylvania.

**Washington.**

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Tuttle, by telegraph, for week ended May 4, 1918:

German measles still widely prevalent, but epidemic decreasing. Scarlet fever situation much improved in Tacoma. Seattle, 30 cases scarlet fever. Yakima County, 35 cases whooping cough.

**CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.****State Reports for March, 1918.**

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
<b>Alabama:</b>		<b>Ohio—Continued.</b>	
Bibb County.....	1	Lucas County.....	2
Calhoun County.....	4	Mahoning County.....	2
Colbert County.....	4	Medina County.....	1
Etowah County.....	1	Montgomery County.....	4
Houston County.....	1	Muskingum County.....	1
Jefferson County.....	22	Pike County.....	3
Montgomery County.....	2	Ross County.....	1
Morgan County.....	1	Scioto County.....	3
Tuscaloosa County.....	3	Shelby County.....	1
Total.....	39	Summit County.....	6
		Trumbull County.....	1
		Total.....	57
<b>Ohio:</b>		<b>Washington:</b>	
Ashland County.....	1	Clark County—	
Ashtabula County.....	2	Camas.....	2
Belmont County.....	2	Pierce County—	
Butler County.....	1	Tacoma.....	3
Clark County.....	2	Whatecom County—	
Clinton County.....	2	Sumas.....	1
Columbiana County.....	1	King County—	
Cuyahoga County.....	11	Seattle.....	1
Franklin County.....	1	Total.....	7
Guernsey County.....	1		
Hamilton County.....	6		
Henry County.....	1		
Jackson County.....	1		

## CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS—Continued.

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Atlanta, Ga.	3	1	Newark, N. J.	14	3
Baltimore, Md.	7	4	New Haven, Conn.	1	.....
Bayonne, N. J.	1	.....	New Orleans, La.	3	2
Birmingham, Ala.	1	1	New York, N. Y.	28	7
Boston, Mass.	7	2	Niagara Falls, N. Y.	1	1
Buffalo, N. Y.	1	1	Norfolk, Va.	2	1
Cambridge, Mass.	1	.....	Oakland, Cal.	.....	1
Centralia, Ill.	1	.....	Philadelphia, Pa.	2	1
Chicago, Ill.	9	2	Pittsburgh, Pa.	2	1
Cincinnati, Ohio.	4	1	Pittsfield, Mass.	1	.....
Cleveland, Ohio.	2	1	Providence, R. I.	1	.....
Davenport, Iowa.	1	.....	Richmond, Va.	.....	1
Dayton, Ohio.	.....	1	St. Joseph, Mo.	1	.....
Detroit, Mich.	2	.....	St. Louis, Mo.	2	3
Fort Wayne, Ind.	1	.....	San Francisco, Cal.	1	2
Hartford, Conn.	.....	1	Schenectady, N. Y.	1	.....
Holyoke, Mass.	1	1	Scranton, Pa.	1	.....
Indianapolis, Ind.	1	1	Seattle, Wash.	1	1
Lawrence, Mass.	1	2	Shenandoah, Pa.	2	.....
Lexington, Ky.	1	1	Spartanburg, S. C.	1	.....
Lincoln, Nebr.	1	.....	Springfield, Ill.	1	.....
Los Angeles, Cal.	1	2	Topeka, Kans.	1	.....
Louisville, Ky.	2	2	Warren, Ohio.	1	1
Macon, Ga.	2	.....	Washington, D. C.	4	1
Manchester, N. H.	1	1	Wichita, Kans.	1	.....
Manitowoc, Wis.	1	1	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	.....	1
Milwaukee, Wis.	6	4	Winston-Salem, N. C.	2	.....
Nashville, Tenn.	2	1	Worcester, Mass.	3	2

## DIPHThERIA.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 744.

## ERYSIPELAS.

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alameda, Cal.	1	.....	Milwaukee, Wis.	3	.....
Austin, Tex.	.....	2	Newark, N. J.	7	.....
Baltimore, Md.	4	.....	New Castle, Pa.	1	.....
Berkeley, Cal.	1	.....	New York, N. Y.	.....	4
Bridgeport, Conn.	1	.....	Oklahoma City, Okla.	.....	1
Buffalo, N. Y.	7	1	Palestine, Tex.	1	.....
Cambridge, Mass.	.....	1	Philadelphia, Pa.	.....	2
Charlotte, N. C.	1	.....	Pittsburgh, Pa.	7	1
Chicago, Ill.	13	2	Pontiac, Mich.	1	.....
Cincinnati, Ohio.	2	1	Portland, Oreg.	2	.....
Cleveland, Ohio.	5	.....	Quincy, Ill.	.....	1
Denver, Colo.	1	.....	Reading, Pa.	1	.....
Detroit, Mich.	5	1	Richmond, Ind.	.....	1
Duluth, Minn.	1	.....	Rochester, N. Y.	1	.....
El Paso, Tex.	.....	1	St. Joseph, Mo.	1	.....
Erie, Pa.	1	.....	St. Louis, Mo.	16	2
Kansas City, Kans.	1	.....	San Francisco, Cal.	2	1
Los Angeles, Cal.	6	.....	Steubenville, Ohio.	2	.....
Louisville, Ky.	3	4	Tacoma, Wash.	2	.....
Manchester, N. H.	1	1	Utica, N. Y.	.....	1
Manitowoc, Wis.	1	.....	Yonkers, N. Y.	1	.....
Memphis, Tenn.	.....	1			

## LEPROSY.

## City Report for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

During the week ended April 20, 1918, one case of leprosy was reported at San Francisco, Cal.

**MALARIA.****State Reports for March, 1918.**

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
<b>Alabama:</b>		<b>Alabama—Continued.</b>	
Butler County.....	2	Mobile County.....	1
Calhoun County.....	3	Shelby County.....	1
Colbert County.....	2	Tuscaloosa County.....	8
Elmore County.....	1		
Escambia County.....	1	Total.....	38
Etowah County.....	1		
Greene County.....	2	<b>Ohio:</b>	
Houston County.....	1	Gallia County.....	4
Jefferson County.....	6	Harrison County.....	2
Madison County.....	5		
Marshall County.....	4	Total.....	6

**City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.**

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Austin, Tex.....		1	Louisville, Ky.....	1	1
Bakersfield, Cal.....	1		Marshall, Tex.....	1	
Birmingham, Ala.....	1		Memphis, Tenn.....	3	2
Hattiesburg, Miss.....	14		Palestine, Tex.....	14	
Little Rock, Ark.....	3		Richmond, Va.....	2	
Cape Girardeau, Mo.....	4		Tuscaloosa, Ala.....	1	

**MEASLES.**

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 744.

**PELLAGRA.****State Reports for March, 1918.**

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
<b>Alabama:</b>		<b>Alabama—Continued.</b>	
Bibb County.....	1	Pickens County.....	1
Calhoun County.....	2	Shelby County.....	1
Chambers County.....	1	St. Clair County.....	3
Colbert County.....	1	Sumter County.....	1
Dallas County.....	3	Tuscaloosa County.....	13
Escambia County.....	1	Walker County.....	2
Etowah County.....	1	Wilcox County.....	1
Henry County.....	2		
Jackson County.....	3	Total.....	67
Jefferson County.....	12		
Lamar County.....	1	<b>Ohio:</b>	
Limestone County.....	1	Lawrence County.....	1
Madison County.....	14	Paulding County.....	1
Marion County.....	1		
Montgomery County.....	1	Total.....	2

**City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.**

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Augusta, Ga.....		1	Little Rock, Ark.....		1
Austin, Tex.....		1	Marshall, Tex.....	1	
Beaumont, Tex.....		1	Memphis, Tenn.....		2
Birmingham, Ala.....	1	2	Mobile, Ala.....		1
Charleston, S. C.....		3	Montgomery, Ala.....		1
Charlotte, N. C.....		1	Nashville, Tenn.....	1	
Chelsea, Mass.....		1	New Orleans, La.....	1	
Columbia, S. C.....	1		Palestine, Tex.....	2	
Dallas, Tex.....		2	Providence, R. I.....	1	
Greenville, S. C.....		1	Roanoke, Va.....		1
Houston, Tex.....	1		Rocky Mount, N. C.....		1
Lincoln, Nebr.....	1		Winston-Salem, N. C.....	1	

## PLAGUE.

## Hawaii—Laupahoehoe.

On May 5, 1918, one death from plague was reported at Laupahoehoe, Hawaii.

## PNEUMONIA.

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Amsterdam, N. Y.	5	1	Long Beach, Cal.	1	
Atlanta, Ga.	2	30	Los Angeles, Cal.	11	6
Auburn, N. Y.	4	1	Louisville, Ky.	5	20
Baltimore, Md.	57	21	Lowell, Mass.	6	4
Barre, Vt.	1	1	Lynn, Mass.	8	5
Battle Creek, Mich.	1	1	Manchester, N. H.	3	3
Berkeley, Cal.	1		Manitowac, Wis.	2	2
Boston, Mass.	25	40	Mansfield, Ohio	2	1
Braddock, Pa.	3		Marshall, Tex.	1	
Brockton, Mass.	8	2	McKeesport, Pa.	8	10
Buffalo, N. Y.	7	37	Melrose, Mass.	1	1
Burlington, Vt.	1		Michigan City, Ind.	2	2
Butler, Pa.	1		Morgantown, W. Va.	1	
Cambridge, Mass.	12	5	Morristown, N. J.	1	1
Centralia, Ill.	2		Newark, N. J.	66	21
Chattanooga, Tenn.	2	1	New Bedford, Mass.	9	3
Chelsea, Mass.	2	3	Newburyport, Mass.	5	4
Chicago, Ill.	432	185	New Castle, Ind.	3	
Chillicothe, Ohio.	1		New Castle, Pa.	2	
Cleveland, Ohio	74	59	Newport, Ky.	3	
Clinton, Mass.	1		Newton, Mass.	3	3
Coffeyville, Kans.	1		Northampton, Mass.	1	1
Cumberland, Md.	1		Oak Park, Ill.	1	3
Dallas, Tex.	1	9	Palestine, Tex.	4	2
Dayton, Ohio	8	9	Philadelphia, Pa.	129	66
Detroit, Mich.	54	114	Pittsburgh, Pa.	119	142
Duluth, Minn.	2	9	Pittsfield, Mass.	1	2
Erie, Pa.	4	7	Pontiac, Mich.	2	1
Fall River, Mass.	6	1	Quincy, Mass.	4	1
Findlay, Ohio	1		Reading, Pa.	7	4
Flint, Mich.	9	2	Rochester, N. Y.	16	12
Fort Worth, Tex.	11	11	Sacramento, Cal.	2	2
Fresno, Cal.	1		Saginaw, Mich.	2	1
Grand Rapids, Mich.	29	4	Salem, Mass.	1	1
Hammond, Ind.	2	3	San Francisco, Cal.	24	26
Harrisburg, Pa.	1	4	Schenectady, N. Y.	10	3
Hattiesburg, Miss.	1		Somerville, Mass.	8	3
Haverhill, Mass.	15	1	Springfield, Mass.	17	3
Holyoke, Mass.	2	1	Steelton, Pa.	1	1
Houston, Tex.	1	5	Steubenville, Ohio	1	
Jackson, Mich.	6	3	Stockton, Cal.	9	4
Johnstown, Pa.	1	12	Waco, Tex.	1	
Kalamazoo, Mich.	4	3	Waltham, Mass.	1	3
Kansas City, Kans.	6		Warren, Ohio.	3	3
Keokuk, Iowa.	4		Wichita, Kans.	3	
Kokomo, Ind.	1		Wilkinsburg, Pa.	4	5
Lancaster, Pa.	3		Worcester, Mass.	26	9
Lawrence, Mass.	4	2	Yonkers, N. Y.	1	2
Leavenworth, Kans.	2	1	York, Pa.	1	
Lincoln, Nebr.	1	1	Youngstown, Ohio.	4	15
Little Rock, Ark.	4				

## POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

## State Reports for March, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama:		Ohio—Continued.	
Jefferson County	1	Lucas County	1
Ohio:		Mercer County	1
Cuyahoga County	2	Wyandot County	1
Franklin County	2		
Hamilton County	1	Total	8

**POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS)—Continued.****City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.**

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Cambridge, Mass.....	2	1	New York, N. Y.....	1	.....
Chicago, Ill.....	4	1	Orange, N. J.....	.....	3
Milwaukee, Wis.....	6	1	Warren, Ohio.....	1	.....

**RABIES IN ANIMALS.****City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.**

During the week ended April 20, 1918, two cases of rabies in animals were reported at Detroit, Mich., and one case at Louisville, Ky.

**SCARLET FEVER.**

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 744.

**SMALLPOX.****Kentucky—Laurel County.**

On April 29, 1918, smallpox was reported in Laurel County, Ky., from 40 to 60 cases of the disease having occurred in two or three localities in the county.

**State Reports for March, 1918.**

Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Vaccination history of cases.			
			Number vaccinated within 7 years preceding attack.	Number last vaccinated more than 7 years preceding attack.	Number never successfully vaccinated.	Vaccination history not obtained or uncertain.
Ohio:						
Adams County.....	9	.....	.....	.....	3	6
Allen County.....	79	.....	.....	1	78	.....
Ashland County.....	6	.....	.....	.....	1	5
Ashtabula County.....	5	.....	.....	.....	4	1
Athens County.....	6	.....	.....	1	2	3
Auglaize County.....	6	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Brown County.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Butler County.....	78	.....	.....	1	77	.....
Clark County.....	4	.....	.....	.....	4	.....
Clermont County.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Clinton County.....	2	.....	.....	.....	2	.....
Columbiana County.....	19	.....	.....	.....	16	3
Coshocton County.....	13	.....	.....	.....	4	9
Crawford County.....	6	.....	.....	.....	4	2
Cuyahoga County.....	216	.....	.....	.....	59	157
Darke County.....	8	.....	.....	1	5	2
Delaware County.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	.....
Erie County.....	15	.....	.....	1	14	.....
Fairfield County.....	23	.....	.....	.....	18	4
Fayette County.....	2	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Franklin County.....	64	.....	.....	.....	60	4
Fulton County.....	21	.....	.....	.....	21	.....
Gallia County.....	20	.....	.....	.....	16	4
Greene County.....	14	.....	.....	.....	11	3
Guernsey County.....	29	.....	.....	.....	7	22
Hamilton County.....	88	.....	.....	2	79	7
Hancock County.....	30	.....	.....	.....	16	14
Henry County.....	26	.....	.....	1	20	5

## SMALLPOX—Continued.

## State Reports for March, 1918—Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Vaccination history of cases.			
			Number vaccinated within 7 years preceding attack.	Number last vaccinated more than 7 years preceding attack.	Number never successfully vaccinated.	Vaccination history not obtained or uncertain.
Ohio—Continued.						
Hocking County.....	12				9	3
Huron County.....	11				2	9
Jackson County.....	3				1	2
Jefferson County.....	3				1	2
Knox County.....	9				1	8
Lake County.....	3				3	
Lawrence County.....	12				8	4
Licking County.....	20				3	17
Logan County.....	11				5	6
Lorain County.....	22			1	8	13
Lucas County.....	43		1	1	2	40
Mahoning County.....	28				6	22
Medina County.....	1				1	
Meigs County.....	39					39
Mercer County.....	11				7	4
Miami County.....	7			3	4	
Montgomery County.....	35				34	1
Morgan County.....	1				1	
Muskingum County.....	23				6	17
Ottawa County.....	1				1	
Paulding County.....	4				2	2
Perry County.....	23			1	1	22
Pickaway County.....	3			1	2	
Portage County.....	41				2	39
Preble County.....	1				1	
Putnam County.....	4				4	
Richland County.....	1				1	
Ross County.....	6				6	
Sandusky County.....	4					
Scioto County.....	53			1	43	9
Seneca County.....	6				6	
Shelby County.....	8			1	5	2
Stark County.....	27		1	1	6	19
Summit County.....	217			2	71	144
Trumbull County.....	17				15	2
Warren County.....	24			3	14	7
Van Wert County.....	5				4	1
Vinton County.....	14				4	10
Warren County.....	15				15	
Washington County.....	2				1	1
Wayne County.....	20					20
Williams County.....	1				1	
Wood County.....	25				18	7
Wyandot County.....	9				7	2
Total.....	1,618		2	22	730	864

## Miscellaneous State Reports for March, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama:			Alabama—Continued.		
Baldwin County.....	1		Escambia County.....	1	
Barbour County.....	2	1	Etowah County.....	24	
Bibb County.....	29		Jackson County.....	1	
Butler County.....	30		Jefferson County.....	340	1
Calhoun County.....	108	1	Lamar County.....	2	
Chambers County.....	3	1	Limestone County.....	2	
Cherokee County.....	1		Madison County.....	1	
Chilton County.....	5		Mobile County.....	41	
Choctaw County.....	3		Montgomery County.....	35	
Clebourne County.....	4		Morgan County.....	23	
Coffee County.....	1		Pickens County.....	3	
Colbert County.....	8	1	Randolph County.....	1	
Cullman County.....	2		Shelby County.....	2	
Elmore County.....	7		St. Clair County.....	8	



## SMALLPOX—Continued.

## Miscellaneous State Reports for March, 1918—Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama—Continued.			Washington—Continued.		
Sumter County.....	3		Ferry County—		
Tallapoosa County.....	8		Republic.....	9	
Tuscaloosa County.....	4		King County.....	3	
Walker County.....	3		Seattle.....	13	
Washington County.....	12		Kittitas County.....	6	
Wilcox County.....	2		Okanogan County.....	2	
Winston County.....	1		Pierce County—		
Total.....	721	5	Stellacoom.....	1	
Oregon:			Tacoma.....	5	
Baker County.....	4		Skagit County.....	1	
Clackamas County.....	2		Snohomish County.....	4	
Clatsop County.....	1		Arlington.....	29	
Jackson County.....	1		Everett.....	4	
Marion County.....	8		Marysville.....	1	
Umatilla County.....	1		Spokane County.....	10	
Walla Walla County.....	3		Cheney.....	9	
Wasco County.....	1		Hillyard.....	10	
Portland.....	11		Spokane.....	76	
Total.....	32		Stevens County.....	2	
Washington:			Walla Walla County.....	3	
Douglas County—			Whatecom County—		
Mansfield.....	1		Bellingham.....	3	
			Whitman County.....	6	
			Lacrosse.....	1	
			Total.....	172	

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Akron, Ohio.....	24		Fremont, Ohio.....	1	
Alton, Ill.....	16		Fresno, Cal.....	1	
Atlanta, Ga.....	4		Galesburg, Ill.....	1	
Bakersfield, Cal.....	3		Grand Forks, N. Dak.....	2	
Baltimore, Md.....	5		Grand Rapids, Mich.....	3	
Beaumont, Tex.....	1		Greeley, Colo.....	3	
Bellingham, Wash.....	1		Hamilton, Ohio.....	10	
Birmingham, Ala.....	27		Harrisburg, Pa.....	3	
Braddock, Pa.....	1		Hartford, Conn.....	6	
Buffalo, N. Y.....	1		Independence, Mo.....	8	
Burlington, Iowa.....	3		Indianapolis, Ind.....	50	
Canton, Ohio.....	1		Iola, Kans.....	3	
Cedar Rapids, Iowa.....	4		Jamestown, N. Y.....	2	
Chanute, Kans.....	1		Janesville, Wis.....	1	
Charleston, W. Va.....	1		Kalamazoo, Mich.....	9	
Chattanooga, Tenn.....	3		Kansas City, Kans.....	13	
Chicago, Ill.....	11		Knoxville, Tenn.....	7	
Cincinnati, Ohio.....	19		La Crosse, Wis.....	3	
Cleveland, Ohio.....	31		La Fayette, Ind.....	1	
Coffeyville, Kans.....	12		Lancaster, Ohio.....	4	
Colorado Springs, Colo.....	1		Leavenworth, Kans.....	1	
Columbus, Ohio.....	4		Lima, Ohio.....	15	
Council Bluffs, Iowa.....	19		Lincoln, Neb.....	5	
Crawfordsville, Ind.....	1		Little Rock, Ark.....	9	
Danville, Ill.....	4		Logansport, Ind.....	1	
Davenport, Iowa.....	1		Lorain, Ohio.....	2	
Dayton, Ohio.....	1		Los Angeles, Cal.....	1	
Denver, Colo.....	25		Louisville, Ky.....	1	
Des Moines, Iowa.....	23		Madison, Wis.....	2	
Detroit, Mich.....	18	1	Marion, Ind.....	1	
Dubuque, Iowa.....	2		Massillon, Ohio.....	3	
Durham, N. C.....	1		Memphis, Tenn.....	6	
Elmira, N. Y.....	1		Michigan City, Ind.....	1	
El Paso, Tex.....	2		Middletown, Ohio.....	7	
Elyria, Ohio.....	1		Milwaukee, Wis.....	3	
Erie, Pa.....	1		Minneapolis, Minn.....	17	
Fargo, N. Dak.....	1		Mobile, Ala.....	2	
Flint, Mich.....	3		Montgomery, Ala.....	1	
Fort Scott, Kans.....	6		Morgantown, W. Va.....	1	
Fort Smith, Ark.....	3		Murfreesboro, Ind.....	3	
Fort Wayne, Ind.....	2		Muskogee, Okla.....	8	
Fort Worth, Tex.....	26		Nashville, Tenn.....	1	

## SMALLPOX—Continued.

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918—Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Newark, N. J.	1	.....	Scranton, Pa.	1	.....
New Castle, Ind.	1	.....	Seattle, Wash.	9	.....
New Orleans, La.	6	.....	Sioux City, Iowa	7	.....
Niagara Falls, N. Y.	1	.....	South Bend, Ind.	1	.....
North Little Rock, Ark.	6	.....	Spartanburg, S. C.	1	.....
Ogden, Utah	1	.....	Spokane, Wash.	10	.....
Oklahoma City, Okla.	18	.....	Springfield, Ill.	1	.....
Omaha, Nebr.	34	.....	Springfield, Mo.	3	.....
Oshkosh, Wis.	2	.....	Steelton, Pa.	2	.....
Parkersburg, W. Va.	1	.....	Superior, Wis.	1	.....
Peoria, Ill.	17	.....	Tacoma, Wash.	1	.....
Philadelphia, Pa.	3	.....	Terre Haute, Ind.	4	.....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	1	.....	Toledo, Ohio	1	.....
Pontiac, Mich.	3	.....	Topeka, Kans.	5	.....
Providence, R. I.	.....	1	Tuscaloosa, Ala.	2	.....
Provo, Utah	2	.....	Warren, Ohio.	2	.....
Quincy, Ill.	10	.....	Washington, D. C.	2	.....
Roanoke, Va.	2	.....	Waterloo, Iowa	4	.....
St. Joseph, Mo.	6	.....	Watertown, N. Y.	5	.....
St. Louis, Mo.	16	.....	Wheeling, W. Va.	1	.....
Salina, Kans.	4	.....	Wichita, Kans.	20	.....
Salt Lake City, Utah	19	.....	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	1	.....
Sandusky, Ohio.	1	.....	Winston-Salem, N. C.	1	.....
San Francisco, Cal.	6	.....	Youngstown, Ohio.	2	.....

## TETANUS.

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Baltimore, Md.	.....	1	Mobile, Ala.	.....	1
Chicago, Ill.	1	.....	New Orleans, La.	.....	1
Galveston, Tex.	.....	1	Providence, R. I.	.....	1

## TUBERCULOSIS.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 744.

## TYPHOID FEVER.

## State Reports for March, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama:		Ohio:	
Calhoun County	3	Adams County	1
Cullman County	1	Ashtabula County	7
Elmore County	1	Belmont County	4
Etowah County	1	Butler County	3
Fayette County	2	Clark County	4
Hale County	1	Columbiana County	7
Jackson County	1	Crawford County	1
Jefferson County	13	Cuyahoga County	3
Lauderdale County	1	Defiance County	5
Madison County	4	Delaware County	1
Marshall County	1	Erie County	2
Montgomery County	1	Franklin County	3
Pickens County	2	Greene County	1
Russell County	1	Hamilton County	5
Tuscaloosa County	2	Hardin County	1
Washington County	3	Hocking County	1
Total	38	Holmes County	1
		Jackson County	1
		Jefferson County	5

## TYPHOID FEVER—Continued.

## State Reports for March, 1918—Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
<b>Ohio—Continued.</b>		<b>Oregon—Continued.</b>	
Lawrence County.....	5	Linn County.....	1
Licking County.....	1	Portland.....	4
Lorain County.....	3	Total.....	13
Lucas County.....	12	<b>Washington:</b>	
Mahoning County.....	9	Benton County.....	1
Medina County.....	1	Prosser.....	1
Monroe County.....	1	Clallam County.....	1
Montgomery County.....	1	Grays Harbor County—	
Muskingum County.....	15	Aberdeen.....	2
Paulding County.....	1	King County.....	1
Pickaway County.....	1	Seattle.....	2
Sandusky County.....	2	Klickitat County.....	1
Scioto County.....	3	Pacific County.....	1
Stark County.....	1	Skagit County.....	1
Summit County.....	4	Mount Vernon.....	1
Trumbull County.....	1	Spokane County.....	1
Tuscarawas County.....	2	Fairfield.....	2
Total.....	119	Spokane.....	1
<b>Oregon:</b>		Stevens County.....	1
Coos County.....	1	Yakima County.....	1
Cocon County.....	1	North Yakima.....	2
Lane County.....	6	Total.....	20

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Auburn, N. Y.....	1		Louisville, Ky.....	4	
Baltimore, Md.....	3	1	Lowell, Mass.....	1	
Birmingham, Ala.....		1	Milwaukee, Wis.....	6	2
Buffalo, N. Y.....	2	2	Minneapolis, Minn.....	2	1
Cambridge, Mass.....	2		Mobile, Ala.....	1	
Cape Girardeau, Mo.....	1		Moline, Ill.....		1
Charleston, S. C.....	1		Morgantown, W. Va.....	1	
Charleston, W. Va.....		1	Nashville, Tenn.....	2	
Chelsea, Mass.....	1		Newark, N. J.....	2	
Chicago, Ill.....	4		New Britain, Conn.....	1	1
Cincinnati, Ohio.....		1	New Castle, Pa.....	1	
Cleveland, Ohio.....	2	1	New Orleans, La.....	1	
Connellsville, Pa.....	1		New York, N. Y.....	7	2
Covington, Ky.....	2		North Yakima, Wash.....	1	
Danville, Ill.....	1		Oakland, Cal.....	3	
Davenport, Iowa.....	2		Ogden, Utah.....	1	1
Des Moines, Iowa.....	1		Philadelphia, Pa.....	4	3
Detroit, Mich.....	3	3	Pittsburgh, Pa.....	7	2
Durham, N. C.....	1		Portland, Me.....	1	
Elmira, N. Y.....	1		Portland, Oreg.....	1	
El Paso, Tex.....		1	Portsmouth, N. H.....	1	
Fairmont, W. Va.....	2		Providence, R. I.....	1	1
Fall River, Mass.....	1	1	Quincy, Mass.....	1	
Farrell, Pa.....	1		Rochester, N. Y.....	1	
Flint, Mich.....	2	1	Rock Island, Ill.....	1	
Fort Smith, Ark.....		1	St. Louis, Mo.....	3	
Grand Rapids, Mich.....	1		Sandusky, Ohio.....	2	
Hammond, Ind.....		1	Shamokin, Pa.....	1	
Harrisburg, Pa.....	1		Stockton, Cal.....	2	2
Hartford, Conn.....	1		Sunbury, Pa.....	5	
Houston, Tex.....	3	1	Superior, Wis.....	1	
Jersey City, N. J.....	1		Tacoma, Wash.....	1	
Johnstown, Pa.....	2	1	Warwick, R. I.....	1	
Kansas City, Kans.....	1		Wheeling, W. Va.....	2	2
Kokomo, Ind.....	1		Williamsport, Pa.....	1	
Lawrence, Mass.....		1	Wilmington, Del.....	1	1
Leavenworth, Kans.....	1		Winston-Salem, N. C.....	1	
Lincoln, Nebr.....		1	York, Pa.....	3	
Little Rock, Ark.....	1		Youngstown, Ohio.....	1	
Los Angeles, Cal.....	4				

## DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS.

## State Reports for March, 1918.

Place.	Cases reported.			Place.	Cases reported.		
	Diph- theria.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.		Diph- theria.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.
Alabama.....	37	1,178	30	Oregon.....	10	1,579	43
Ohio.....	574	2,202	940	Washington.....	44	867	326

## City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918.

City.	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	Total Deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Over 500,000 inhabitants:										
Baltimore, Md.....	589,621	281	4	2	623	4	11	.....	70	45
Boston, Mass.....	756,476	286	71	6	326	4	37	.....	69	35
Chicago, Ill.....	2,497,722	862	107	15	83	.....	37	.....	493	111
Cleveland, Ohio.....	674,073	267	23	3	52	.....	8	.....	43	32
Detroit, Mich.....	571,784	333	56	7	80	4	44	1	44	33
Los Angeles, Cal.....	503,812	155	20	.....	157	.....	6	1	41	24
New York, N. Y.....	5,602,941	1,755	285	46	1,467	43	130	5	299	221
Philadelphia, Pa.....	1,709,518	628	58	6	770	6	30	.....	102	72
Pittsburgh, Pa.....	579,090	.....	12	.....	434	.....	15	.....	33	.....
St. Louis, Mo.....	757,302	239	43	4	116	2	34	.....	43	18
From 300,000 to 500,000 inhabit- ants:										
Buffalo, N. Y.....	468,558	177	13	2	99	.....	17	.....	34	29
Cincinnati, Ohio.....	410,476	.....	18	1	32	1	2	.....	30	22
Jersey City, N. J.....	306,345	98	13	1	62	1	27	.....	15	11
Milwaukee, Wis.....	436,535	178	8	2	321	3	30	2	45	8
Minneapolis, Minn.....	363,454	.....	18	3	25	.....	23	3	18	13
Newark, N. J.....	408,894	.....	25	1	556	8	23	.....	37	22
New Orleans, La.....	371,747	172	8	1	2	.....	1	.....	42	27
San Francisco, Cal.....	463,516	190	16	.....	56	.....	7	.....	25	20
Seattle, Wash.....	348,639	.....	6	.....	91	.....	19	.....	10	.....
Washington, D. C.....	363,980	181	8	.....	553	2	30	2	28	17
From 200,000 to 300,000 inhabit- ants:										
Columbus, Ohio.....	214,878	76	.....	.....	44	.....	35	.....	7	8
Denver, Colo.....	260,800	98	6	.....	86	.....	31	1	.....	14
Indianapolis, Ind.....	271,708	.....	12	1	14	.....	51	3	14	.....
Louisville, Ky.....	238,910	109	2	.....	16	.....	2	.....	21	12
Portland, Oreg.....	295,463	64	2	.....	223	4	8	.....	12	7
Providence, R. I.....	254,960	102	11	1	174	1	8	.....	2	10
Rochester, N. Y.....	256,417	77	6	.....	69	.....	13	2	17	3
From 100,000 to 200,000 inhabit- ants:										
Atlanta, Ga.....	190,558	97	3	1	4	.....	2	.....	7	6
Birmingham, Ala.....	181,762	98	1	.....	9	1	.....	.....	9	9
Bridgeport, Conn.....	121,579	39	7	.....	6	.....	2	.....	11	5
Cambridge, Mass.....	112,981	29	9	.....	75	.....	4	.....	6	4
Camden, N. J.....	106,233	.....	2	.....	28	.....	4	.....	15	.....
Dallas, Tex.....	124,527	16	1	.....	22	1	.....	.....	.....	4
Dayton, Ohio.....	127,224	43	2	.....	6	.....	4	.....	7	2
Des Moines, Iowa.....	101,596	.....	10	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	6
Fall River, Mass.....	128,366	46	3	.....	2	.....	1	.....	9	6
Fort Worth, Tex.....	104,562	34	1	.....	1	.....	1	.....	2	2
Grand Rapids, Mich.....	128,291	45	1	.....	11	.....	9	.....	6	.....
Hartford, Conn.....	110,900	60	4	1	7	.....	3	.....	7	5
Houston, Tex.....	112,307	40	1	.....	20	.....	2	.....	2	5
Lawrence, Mass.....	100,563	31	3	.....	36	2	1	.....	6	4
Lowell, Mass.....	113,243	43	1	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	4	4
Lynn, Mass.....	102,425	28	2	.....	52	.....	3	.....	2	1
Memphis, Tenn.....	143,995	64	8	.....	4	.....	5	.....	21	7
Nashville, Tenn.....	117,057	87	.....	.....	26	2	2	.....	2	6
New Bedford, Mass.....	118,158	.....	2	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	13	6
New Haven, Conn.....	143,685	.....	2	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	11	2
Oakland, Cal.....	198,604	43	4	1	13	.....	3	.....	7	3

## DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd.

City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918—Continued.

City.	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	Total deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 100,000 to 200,000 inhabit- ants—Continued.										
Omaha, Nebr.	165,470	45	13	2	11		23	1		
Reading, Pa.	109,381		2		77		5			
Richmond, Va.	156,687	68	2		92		3		9	6
Salt Lake City, Utah	117,399	32	7		14		4			1
Scranton, Pa.	146,811		4		8		1		2	
Spokane, Wash.	150,323						2			
Springfield, Mass.	105,942	39	5	2	32		5		2	6
Syracuse, N. Y.	155,624	62	5		126	1	6		12	6
Tacoma, Wash.	112,770		5		9		40			
Toledo, Ohio.	191,554	77	5		23		11		23	11
Trenton, N. J.	111,593	46	4	1	8				8	2
Worcester, Mass.	163,314	75	2	1	4		4		8	4
Youngstown, Ohio	108,385				24				4	4
From 50,000 to 100,000 inhabit- ants:										
Akron, Ohio.	85,625		9		10		18		10	
Allentown, Pa.	63,505		1		22		1		4	
Altoona, Pa.	58,659		6				3			
Atlantic City, N. J.	57,660				46				3	1
Augusta, Ga.	50,245	21			13				3	3
Bayonne, N. J.	69,893				27				3	
Berkeley, Cal.	57,653	10	1		9		2			2
Binghamton, N. Y.	53,973	18	6		16		5		2	1
Brockton, Mass.	67,449	19	3	1	14		4		3	2
Canton, Ohio	60,852	13	1		4		1			1
Charleston, S. C.	60,734	35	1		1					4
Chattanooga, Tenn.	60,075	3					3		2	1
Covington, Ky.	57,114	26	1		10				2	4
Duluth, Minn.	94,495	31	2		5				5	1
Elizabeth, N. J.	86,690	11	6		111		3		7	1
El Paso, Tex.	63,705	57	1		16	2	4			15
Erie, Pa.	75,195		1		44		3		15	
Evansville, Ind.	76,078	36			9				2	7
Flint, Mich.	54,772	23	2		6		10		3	2
Fort Wayne, Ind.	76,183	44	7		22		1		3	3
Harrisburg, Pa.	72,015		3		8		4			
Hoboken, N. J.	77,214	23	7		5				5	4
Holyoke, Mass.	65,286	15	1	1	4				2	
Johnstown, Pa.	68,529		2		5		5			
Kansas City, Kans.	99,437		2		43				7	
Lancaster, Pa.	50,853				35		5		2	
Little Rock, Ark.	57,343	12			2		3			1
Malden, Mass.	51,155	8			21		1			
Manchester, N. H.	78,283	22	2		16		2		4	2
Mobile, Ala.	58,221	23								4
New Britain, Conn.	53,794	12	2		20		5			3
Norfolk, Va.	89,612				13		4			6
Oklahoma City, Okla.	92,943	22					2		5	5
Passaic, N. J.	71,744	14	4		21				1	1
Pawtucket, R. I.	59,411	24			24		1			3
Peoria, Ill.	71,458	29			7					1
Portland, Me.	63,867	21			3		1			
Rockford, Ill.	55,185	25		1	13		1			3
Sacramento, Cal.	66,895	32	1	1	31		3			3
Saginaw, Mich.	55,642	21	1		3		1			2
St. Joseph, Mo.	85,236	23	6	1	3		1		1	1
San Diego, Cal.	53,330	22	5		35	1	2			
Schenectady, N. Y.	99,519	31	4		13		1		3	3
Sioux City, Iowa	57,078	1					11			1
Somerville, Mass.	87,039	27	3		58		4		3	3
South Bend, Ind.	68,946	13	1		5				2	1
Springfield, Ill.	61,120	28	1		80					3
Springfield, Ohio.	51,550	27			3				4	2
Terre Haute, Ind.	66,083	48	5	1			4			
Troy, N. Y.	77,916	35	1		3		2		4	3
Utica, N. Y.	85,692	24	1		52		1		6	
Wichita, Kans.	70,722				38		1		3	1
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	76,776		7		66		4		1	
Wilmington, Del.	94,265	40			36		3			2
Yonkers, N. Y.	99,833	22			32	2	5			3
York, Pa.	51,656		3		9		2		4	

## DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd.

City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918—Continued.

City.	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	Total deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.		
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	
From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants:											
Alameda, Cal.	27,732	10			37		1		5		
Amsterdam, N. Y.	37,103	2	1		5						
Auburn, N. Y.	37,385	10			3				2		
Austin, Tex.	34,814	22	1			1	1				
Battle Creek, Mich.	29,480		2		78		5		1		
Beaumont, Tex.	27,711	19	1			1					
Bellingham, Wash.	32,985				1		1				
Brookline, Mass.	32,730	7	1		35		1		1		
Burlington, Iowa.	25,030	8					2				
Butler, Pa.	27,632		2		11		4				
Butte, Mont.	43,425	51	1		2		6	2			
Cedar Rapids, Iowa.	37,308						7				
Central Falls, R. I.	25,636		1								
Charleston, W. Va.	29,941	17			3	1	1		1	3	
Charlotte, N. C.	39,823	16			13				7	1	
Chelsea, Mass.	46,192	12	2		37	2	4		2	1	
Chester, Pa.	41,396		1		6				2		
Chicopee, Mass.	29,319	10	3	1	1				5	1	
Clinton, Iowa.	27,396				6		2				
Cohoes, N. Y.	25,211	5					1		1		
Colorado Springs, Colo.	32,971	15	2		7				5	6	
Columbia, S. C.	34,611				3						
Council Bluffs, Iowa.	31,484	12			2		4				
Cranston, R. I.	25,987	11			1					1	
Cumberland, Md.	26,074	5			11		9		3		
Danville, Ill.	32,261	19	1		17				4	4	
Davenport, Iowa.	48,811						2				
Durham, N. C.	25,061	9			11					1	
Easton, Pa.	30,530		4		16				3		
East Orange, N. J.	42,458	5			77		3		1	1	
Elgin, Ill.	28,203	8			1		1				
Elmira, N. Y.	38,120	7	1		28				4		
Evanston, Ill.	28,591	8									
Everett, Mass.	39,233	7	1		11		1		1		
Everett, Wash.	35,496				5						
Fort Smith, Ark.	28,638				1				1		
Fresno, Cal.	34,958	11			9						
Galveston, Tex.	41,963	11	1						1	3	
Green Bay, Wis.	29,353	12	1		40		2			2	
Hamilton, Ohio.	40,496	12			3		1				
Hammond, Ind.	26,171	9	1		2						
Haverhill, Mass.	48,477	15	2		59	1	1		1	1	
Hazleton, Pa.	28,491		2		22						
Jackson, Mich.	35,363	12	4		8		24			1	
Jamestown, N. Y.	36,580	18	1		25				2	2	
Kalamazoo, Mich.	48,886	19			4				4	2	
Kenosha, Wis.	31,676	16	6	2	1		2	1	1	1	
Knoxville, Tenn.	38,676		1		12				2	2	
La Crosse, Wis.	31,677	9	1								
Lexington, Ky.	41,097	20			12				1	2	
Lima, Ohio.	35,384	14	1				7				
Lincoln, Nebr.	46,515	8	3				7				
Long Beach, Cal.	27,587	10			9		2				
Lorain, Ohio.	36,964				1		1		1		
Lynchburg, Va.	32,940	8			8				4	1	
Macon, Ga.	45,757	16					7				
Madison, Wis.	30,699	13			2		2			1	
McKeesport, Pa.	47,521				14						
Medford, Mass.	26,234	5	2		8		1			1	
Moline, Ill.	27,451	18	2		26		5	1			
Montclair, N. J.	26,318	4			22				3	2	
Montgomery, Ala.	43,285	30			8					1	
Muncie, Ind.	25,424	8	1				1		1	2	
Muskogee, Okla.	44,218		1		2						
Nashua, N. H.	27,327	6					1				
Newark, Ohio.	29,635				3						
Newburgh, N. Y.	29,603	14			3				4		
New Castle, Pa.	41,133				5						
Newport, Ky.	31,927	12							2	2	
Newport, R. I.	30,108	5	1				1				
Newton, Mass.	43,715	12			5		1		3	1	
Niagara Falls, N. Y.	37,353	13	1		1		2		1		
Norristown, Pa.	31,401				1				2		
Norwalk, Conn.	53,899					1	19	2	1	2	

## DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd.

City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918—Continued.

City.	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	Total deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabit- ants—Continued.										
Oak Park, Ill.	26,654	12	1		24		1			
Ogden, Utah.	31,404				31				1	1
Orange, N. J.	33,080	13			38				2	
Oshkosh, Wis.	36,065	5					3		1	
Pasadena, Cal.	46,450	11	1		59		1		4	3
Pittsfield, Mass.	38,629	19			1		1		3	
Portsmouth, Va.	39,651	17			12		3			1
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	30,390	12	1		130		1		3	2
Quincy, Ill.	36,798	21	4	1	15					
Quincy, Mass.	38,136	21	5	1	56	1	1		4	1
Racine, Wis.	46,486	17			27		1	1	2	2
Roanoke, Va.	43,294	21	1		51				1	
Rock Island, Ill.	28,926	10	5		17		1			
Salem, Mass.	48,562				17				3	2
San Jose, Cal.	38,902				22					
Sheboygan, Wis.	28,559	16	1		2	1	2	2		2
Shenandoah, Pa.	29,201		2						4	
Springfield, Mo.	40,341	18			1		2			6
Steubenville, Ohio	27,445	25			1				2	
Stockton, Cal.	35,358	16	1		8				1	1
Superior, Wis.	46,226	24					3			
Taunton, Mass.	36,283	22						1		2
Topeka, Kans.	48,726				11		20			
Waco, Tex.	33,385	16			10		1			
Walla Walla, Wash.	25,136				1					
Waltham, Mass.	30,570	12			25				1	1
Waterloo, Iowa	35,559	4			1		3			
Watertown, N. Y.	29,894	1			74				1	
West Hoboken, N. J.	43,139	8			9		2			
Wheeling, W. Va.	43,377	20	1		7		4		3	2
Williamsport, Pa.	33,809		2				2			
Winston-Salem, N. C.	31,155	24			5				5	4
Zanesville, Ohio	30,863	7								
From 10,000 to 25,000 inhabitants:										
Alton, Ill.	22,874	11					1			1
Ann Arbor, Mich.	15,010	8			21					2
Annniston, Ala.	14,112		1		2					
Appleton, Wis.	17,834	3			4					1
Asbury Park, N. J.	14,007	6	2		2		1			
Ashtabula, Ohio	21,498	7			2					
Bakersfield, Cal.	16,874	5			6		1		1	2
Barre, Vt.	12,160	4					2			1
Bedford, Ind.	10,349	4								3
Beloit, Wis.	18,072	9		1	10		1		1	
Bethlehem, Pa.	14,142				21		2		3	
Bloomington, Ind.	11,383	2					1			
Braddock, Pa.	21,685		1	1						
Burlington, Vt.	21,617	8	1							
Cairo, Ill.	15,794	10			1					
Cape Girardeau, Mo.	10,775						3		1	
Carlisle, Pa.	10,726		1							
Centralia, Ill.	11,538						1			
Chanute, Kans.	12,455				6					
Cheyenne, Wyo.	11,320		2				2		1	
Chillicothe, Ohio	15,470	3			8		4		1	
Clinton, Mass.	13,075	3			9					
Coatesville, Pa.	14,455				8		1			
Coffeyville, Kans.	17,548		1		2		9			
Concord, N. H.	22,669	9	1		5				1	
Connellsville, Pa.	15,455				12					
Corpus Christi, Tex.	10,432	6								2
Crawfordsville, Ind.	11,164	1	6	1						
Dover, N. H.	13,272	4			1		1			
Du Bois, Pa.	14,665		1		3					
Dunmore, Pa.	20,776		1				1			
Elyria, Ohio	18,618	10							1	
Fairmont, W. Va.	15,506				1					
Fargo, N. Dak.	17,589	5	2	1	4					
Farrell, Pa.	10,180				3					
Findlay, Ohio	14,858	7	1		46				3	

<sup>1</sup> Population Apr. 15, 1910; no estimate made.

## DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd.

City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918—Continued.

City.	Population as of July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	Total deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuberculosis.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 10,000 to 25,000 inhabitants—Continued.										
Fort Scott, Kans.	10,550	4			2					
Fremont, Ohio.	10,882				7					
Galesburg Ill.	24,276	9	1				1			
Gardner, Mass.	17,140	2	1		2				1	1
Greeley, Colo.	11,420						6			
Greensboro, N. C.	19,577	5	1		4					
Greensburg, Pa.	15,483				1					
Greenville, S. C.	18,181	9			1		1			1
Hackensack, N. J.	16,945	6	1		6					1
Harrison, N. J.	16,950				6		3		3	
Hattiesburg, Miss.	16,482	8			2				2	1
Homestead, Pa.	22,466				6		1		1	
Independence, Kans.	14,506	5							1	1
Independence, Mo.	11,672	7	2				4			
Iola, Kans.	11,068				1					
Janesville, Wis.	14,339	5			1		1			
Kearny, N. J.	23,539	9	1		29		1			
Keokuk, Iowa.	14,008				11		6		1	1
Kokomo, Ind.	20,930	11			2				2	
Lafayette, Ind.	21,286	10	1							1
Lancaster, Ohio.	15,670				4		7		2	2
Lawrence, Kans.	13,321		1							
Leavenworth, Kans.	19,363	9			31		1			
Lincoln, R. I.	10,383				6					
Lozansport, Ind.	21,046	8			6				2	
Long Branch, N. J.	15,395	2			1		4		1	1
Mahogany City, Pa.	17,463		1		3					
Manitowoc, Wis.	13,805	7			1		5			
Mansfield, Ohio.	22,734	7			33				1	2
Marinette, Wis.	14,610	4			1		2	1		
Marion, Ind.	19,834	2			2					
Marshall, Tex.	13,712	1								
Mason City, Iowa.	14,457	5								1
Massillon, Ohio.	15,310	3	1		3		1		1	
Mendville, Pa.	13,802				3					
Melrose, Mass.	17,445	4			1				1	
Michigan City, Ind.	21,512	3	5							
Middletown, Ohio.	15,625	6			1					
Mishawaka, Ind.	16,385	2	2		22					
Missoula, Mont.	18,214	4					2			
Monessen, Pa.	21,630		4		10				1	
Morgantown, W. Va.	13,709	2			1		1		3	
Morristown, N. J.	13,284	7	1		1					
Moundsville, W. Va.	11,153	3							2	2
Mount Carmel, Pa.	20,268								3	
Muscatoine, Ia.	17,500				2					
Nanticoke, Pa.	23,126		1						1	
New Albany, Ind.	23,629	10	1						1	1
Newburyport, Mass.	15,243	14			8					
New Castle, Ind.	13,241	4					3			1
New London, Conn.	20,985	12					1		2	
North Adams, Mass.	22,019	8							1	
Northampton, Mass.	19,926	7								1
North Braddock, Pa.	15,148						1		1	
North Little Rock, Ark.	14,907	1	1						1	1
North Yakima, Wash.	20,951		1							
Oil City, Pa.	19,297				14					
Palestine, Tex.	11,854	10			2				1	
Parkersburg, W. Va.	20,612	7			5					1
Phoenixville, Pa.	11,714								1	
Pittston, Pa.	18,599				3					
Plainfield, N. J.	23,805	12	2		6		1			1
Pontiac, Mich.	17,524	6	1		1		4		4	2
Portsmouth, N. H.	11,666				3		3			
Pottsville, Pa.	22,372		3		4					
Provo, Utah.	10,645	3								
Rahway, N. J.	20,219				2					
Raleigh, N. C.	20,127	9			11					
Redlands, Cal.	14,000				2					

<sup>1</sup> Population Apr. 15, 1910; no estimate made.



**DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd.**

City Reports for Week Ended Apr. 20, 1918—Continued.

City.	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	Total deaths from all causes.	Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.	
			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 10,000 to 25,000 inhabit- ants—Continued.										
Reno, Nev.....	14,869	10								
Richmond, Ind.....	24,697	9	3	2						1
Rocky Mount, N. C.....	12,067	3			1				1	
Rutland, Vt.....	14,831	4								
Salina, Kans.....	12,098				12		7			
Sandusky, Ohio.....	20,193	5			1				1	1
Santa Ana, Cal.....	10,627	3			18					
Santa Cruz, Cal.....	14,594	4			2					
Saratoga Springs, N. Y.....	13,821	10			11					
Shamokin, Pa.....	21,119						1			
Sharon, Pa.....	18,616				10					
Shelbyville, Ind.....	10,965	1								
Spartanburg, S. C.....	21,365	11	4		3					2
Steelton, Pa.....	15,548		1				1		4	
Sunbury, Pa.....	16,260		1		1					
Tiffin, Ohio.....	12,867	4			5					1
Tuscaloosa, Ala.....	10,488	6			3					
Uniontown, Pa.....	20,780				1					
Vallejo, Cal.....	13,461	8			12					2
Vancouver, Wash.....	13,180				57		1			
Warren, Ohio.....	13,059	4	2		3				3	
Warren, Pa.....	14,737								1	
Washington, Pa.....	21,618				18		2			
Wausau, Wis.....	19,239	3					1			
West Orange, N. J.....	13,550	3			30				1	
West Warwick, R. I.....	15,782	7								
Wilkinsburg, Pa.....	23,228		1		16					
Woburn, Mass.....	15,969	6								

# FOREIGN.

## CUBA.

### Communicable Diseases—Habana.

Communicable diseases have been notified at Habana as follows:

Disease.	Mar. 21-31, 1918.		Remain- ing under treatment Mar. 31, 1918.	Disease.	Mar. 21-31, 1918.		Remain- ing under treatment Mar. 31, 1918.
	New cases.	Deaths.			New cases.	Deaths.	
Diphtheria.....	2	1	6	Paratyphoid fever.....			2
Leprosy.....			12	Scarlet fever.....			27
Malaria.....	5	1	37	Typhoid fever.....	21	3	50
Measles.....	5		49	Varicella.....	6		15

<sup>1</sup> From the interior, 30.

<sup>2</sup> From the interior, 7.

<sup>3</sup> From the interior, 25.

## DOMINICAN REPUBLIC.

### Dengue.

Dengue was reported present in the Dominican Republic during the week ended March 30, 1918, as follows: La Vega, 3 cases; Puerto Plata, 2 cases; San Francisco de Macoris, 1 case.

## CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER.

Reports Received During Week Ended May 10, 1918.<sup>1</sup>

### CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India:				
Bombay.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 16....	16	20	
Calcutta.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 2.....		5	
Madras.....	Feb. 10-23.....	5	3	
Indo-China:				
Cochin-China—				
Saigon.....	Mar. 4-10.....	1		
Philippine Islands:				
Provinces.....				Mar. 17-23, 1918: Cases, 186; deaths, 125.
Bohol.....	Mar. 17-23.....	71	55	
Capiz.....	do.....	9	8	
Cebu.....	do.....	12	7	
Misamis.....	do.....	34	16	
Occidental Negros.....	do.....	34	20	
Surigao.....	do.....	6	4	
Zamboanga.....	do.....	20	15	

<sup>1</sup> From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

# **CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—** Continued.

**Reports Received During Week Ended May 10, 1918—Continued.**

## **PLAGUE.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Ceylon:				
Colombo.....	Jan. 20-Feb. 16....	13	12	
China:				
Nanking.....	Mar. 17-23.....		15	
Ecuador:				
Duran.....	Mar. 16-30.....	1		
Guayaquil.....	do.....	17	7	
Hawaii:				
Laupahoehoe.....	May 5.....	1	1	
India:				Jan. 27-Feb. 16, 1918. Cases,
				116,066; deaths, 93,199.
Bassein.....	Feb. 3-16.....		37	
Bombay.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 16....	71	53	
Calcutta.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 2.....		1	
Benazada.....	Feb. 3-16.....		32	
Karachi.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 23....	20	14	
Madras.....	Feb. 10-16.....	1	1	
Madras Presidency.....	do.....	1,832	1,510	
Myingyan.....	Feb. 3-10.....		51	
Pegu.....	Feb. 10-16.....		1	
Rangoon.....	do.....	78	75	
Toungoo.....	Feb. 3-16.....		21	
Indo-China:				
Cochin-China—				
Saigon.....	Mar. 4-10.....	17	13	

## **SMALLPOX.**

Canada:				
New Brunswick—				
Moncton.....	Apr. 14-20.....	3		
St. John.....	Apr. 21-27.....	4		
Nova Scotia—				
Halifax.....	Apr. 14-20.....	3		
China:				
Changsha.....	Mar. 2-8.....	6		
Dairen.....	Mar. 17-30.....	23	3	
Hongkong.....	Feb. 24-Mar. 9....	4	2	
Nanking.....	Mar. 17-23.....			Present.
Tientsin.....	Mar. 10-16.....	10		
Ecuador:				
Guayaquil.....	Mar. 16-31.....	1		
Great Britain:				
Hull.....	Mar. 24-30.....	2		
India:				
Bombay.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 2.....	320	129	
Calcutta.....	do.....		3	
Karachi.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 23....	24	12	
Madras.....	Feb. 10-23.....	20	10	
Rangoon.....	Feb. 10-16.....	7	1	
Indo-China:				
Cochin-China—				
Saigon.....	Mar. 4-10.....	108	33	
Italy:				
Genoa.....	Mar. 25-31.....	2	1	
Mexico:				
Guadalajara.....	Mar. 1-31.....	21	4	
Philippine Islands:				
Manila.....	Mar. 17-23.....	15	1	Varioloid, 21.
Portugal:				
Lisbon.....	Mar. 17-30.....	11		
Spain:				
Madrid.....	Feb. 1-28.....		3	
Malaga.....	Oct. 1-31.....		19	
Tunisia:				
Tunis.....	Mar. 16-22.....	1		

**CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—**  
Continued.**Reports Received During Week Ended May 10, 1918—Continued.****TYPHUS FEVER.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Great Britain:				
Glasgow.....	Mar. 31-Apr. 13...	3	.....	
Mexico:				
Aguascalientes.....	Apr. 15-21.....	.....	1	
Guadalajara.....	Mar. 1-31.....	6	3	
Portugal:				
Lisbon.....	Mar. 17-30.....	10	.....	
Tunisia:				
Tunis.....	Mar. 23-29.....	2	3	Mar. 11, 1918: Epidemic in regions of Tala and Tozer.

**YELLOW FEVER.**

Ecuador:				
Guayaquil.....	Mar. 16-31.....	11	6	

**Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918.****CHOLERA.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
Antung.....	Nov. 26-Dec. 2....	3	1	
India:				
Bombay.....	Oct. 28-Dec. 15....	19	14	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 26....	200	170	
Calcutta.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 15....	.....	135	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 26....	.....	24	
Karachi.....	do.....	25	6	
Madras.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 22....	2	2	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 9....	37	19	
Rangoon.....	Nov. 4-Dec. 22....	5	5	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 2....	2	1	
Indo-China:				
Provinces.....				Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 152; deaths, 89.
Anam.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30....	18	13	
Cambodia.....	do.....	72	52	
Cochin-China.....	do.....	50	22	
Saigon.....	Nov. 22-Dec. 9....	4	3	
Do.....	Feb. 4-Mar. 11....	7	3	
Kwang-Chow-Wan.....	Sept. 1-30.....	10	2	
Java:				
East Java.....	Oct. 28-Nov. 3....	1	1	
West Java.....				Oct. 19-Dec. 27, 1917: Cases, 102; deaths, 56. Dec. 28, 1917-Jan. 31, 1918: Cases, 27; deaths, 7.
Batavia.....	Oct. 19-Dec. 27....	49	23	
Do.....	Dec. 28-Jan. 31....	24	1	
Persia:				
Mazanderan Province.....				July 30-Sept. 3, 1917: Cases, 384; deaths, 276.
Achraf.....	July 30-Aug. 16....	90	88	Present.
Astrabad.....	July 31.....	.....	.....	
Barfush.....	July 1-Aug. 16....	39	25	
Chahmirzad.....				25 cases reported July 31, 1917.
Chahrastagh.....	June 15-July 25....	10	8	
Charoud.....	Aug. 26-Sept. 3....	4	2	
Damghan.....	Aug. 26.....	.....	.....	Present.
Kharek.....	May 28-June 11....	21	13	
Meched.....	Aug. 18-Sept. 2....	174	82	
Ouzoun Dare.....	Aug. 8.....	.....	.....	Do.
Sabzevar.....	Aug. 24.....	.....	.....	Do.
Sari.....	July 3-29.....	273	144	
Semman.....	Aug. 31-Sept. 2....	14	5	
Yekchambe Bazar.....	June 3.....	6	.....	
Philippine Islands:				
Provinces.....				Nov. 18-Dec. 29, 1917: Cases, 1,053; deaths, 693. Dec. 30, 1917-Mar. 16, 1918: Cases, 1,424; deaths, 925.
Antique.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 1....	48	32	
Do.....	Feb. 3-9.....	4	4	
Bhol.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 29....	169	111	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 16....	421	336	
Capiz.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 29....	27	21	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 2....	210	174	
Cebu.....	Dec. 23-29.....	3	.....	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 9....	83	45	

# **CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—** Continued.

**Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918—Continued.**

## **CHOLERA—Continued.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
<b>Philippine Islands—Contd.</b>				
<b>Provinces—Continued.</b>				
Davao.....	Mar. 10-16.....	10	8	
Iloilo.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 29....	179	135	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 2.....	97	63	
Leyte.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 23....	13	12	
Do.....	Feb. 3-Mar. 16.....	50	38	
Mindanao.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 29....	337	196	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 9.....	351	220	
Misamis.....	Feb. 24-Mar. 16.....	72	51	
Occidental Negros.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 23....	177	123	
Do.....	Jan. 13-Mar. 9.....	96	63	
Oriental Negros.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 29....	99	62	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 16.....	17	14	
Romblon.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 1.....	1	1	
Surigao.....	Feb. 24-Mar. 2.....	8	5	
Zamboanga.....	Feb. 24-Mar. 9.....	15	14	
<b>Siam:</b>				
Bangkok.....	Sept. 16-22.....	1	1	
<b>Turkey in Asia:</b>				
Bagdad.....	Nov. 1-15.....		40	

## **PLAGUE.**

<b>Brazil:</b>				
Bahia.....	Nov. 4-Dec. 15....	4	4	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 23....	4	3	
Rio de Janeiro.....	Dec. 23-29.....	1		
Do.....	Jan. 6-12.....	1	1	
<b>British East Africa:</b>				
Mombasa.....	Oct. 1-Dec. 31....	31	18	
<b>British Gold Coast:</b>				
Axim.....	Jan. 8.....			Present.
<b>Ceylon:</b>				
Colombo.....	Oct. 14-Dec. 1.....	14	13	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 19....	7	5	
<b>China:</b>				
Anhui Province—				
Fengyanghsien.....	Feb. 27.....		9	Present in North China in January, 1918; pneumonic form.
Fengpu.....	do.....		1	Pneumonic.
Chili Province—				
Kalgan.....				Do.
Kiangsu Province—				Vicinity. Present in February, 1918.
Nanking.....	Mar. 18.....			Present.
Shansi Province.....				Present in February, 1918; 116 cases estimated.
<b>Ecuador:</b>				
Babahoyo.....	Feb. 1-15.....	1		
Duran.....	do.....	1	1	
Guayaquil.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30....	68	24	
Do.....	Feb. 1-15.....	44	18	Reported outbreak occurring about Jan. 17, 1918.
Do.....	Mar. 1-15.....	20	7	
<b>Egypt:</b>				
Alexandria.....	Jan. 14-28.....	1	2	
Port Said.....	July 23-29.....	1	2	Jan. 1-Nov. 15, 1917: Cases, 728; deaths, 398.
<b>India:</b>				
Bassein.....	Dec. 9-29.....		8	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 2.....		37	
Bombay.....	Oct. 28-Dec. 29....	147	123	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 26....	81	59	
Calcutta.....	Sept. 16-29.....		2	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 12....		3	
Henzada.....	Oct. 21-27.....		1	
Do.....	Jan. 5-Feb. 2.....		25	
Karachi.....	Oct. 21-Dec. 29....	27	20	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 26....	16	14	
Madras.....	Feb. 3-9.....	2	1	
Madras Presidency.....	Oct. 31-Nov. 24....	5,786	4,519	
Do.....	Jan. 6-Feb. 9.....	8,599	6,599	
Mandalay.....	Oct. 14-Nov. 17....		89	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 2.....		627	
Myingyan.....	do.....		235	
Prome.....	Jan. 5-12.....		1	
Rangoon.....	Oct. 21-Dec. 22....		56	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 9.....	188	176	
Toungoo.....	Dec. 9-29.....		5	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 19....		4	
<b>Sept. 16-Dec. 29, 1917: Cases, 228,834; deaths, 174,743. Dec. 30, 1917-Jan. 26, 1918: Cases, 123,934; deaths, 98,950.</b>				

# **CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—** Continued.

**Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918—Continued.**

## **PLAGUE—Continued.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
<b>Indo-China:</b>				
Provinces.....				Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 89; deaths, 68.
Anam.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30....	23	25	
Cambodia.....	do.....	39	28	
Cochin-China.....	do.....	23	15	
Saigon.....	Oct. 31-Dec. 23....	17	6	
Do.....	Dec. 31-Mar. 17....	98	47	
<b>Java:</b>				
East Java.....				Oct. 8-Dec. 31, 1917: Cases, 196; deaths, 193.
Do.....				Jan. 1-14, 1918: Cases, 22; deaths, 21.
Residences—				
Kediri.....	Oct. 8-Dec. 31....	1	1	
Madloen.....	do.....	49	49	
Samarang.....	do.....	110	109	
Surabaya.....	do.....	25	23	
Surakarta.....	do.....	11	11	
West Java.....				Nov. 25-Dec. 9, 1917: Cases, 45; deaths, 45. Dec. 1, 1917-Jan. 15, 1918: Cases, 106.
<b>Peru:</b>				
Ancachs Department—				
Casma.....	Dec. 1-Jan. 15....	2		
Lambayeque Department.....	do.....	22		At Chiclayo, Ferrenafe, Jayanca, Lambayeque.
Libertad Department.....	do.....	72		At Guadalupe, Mansiche, Pacasmayo, Salaverry, San Jose, San Pedro, and country district of Trujillo.
Lima Department.....	do.....	9		City and country.
Piura Department—				
Catacaos.....	do.....	1		
<b>Senegal:</b>				
St. Louis.....	Feb. 2.....			Present.
<b>Siam:</b>				
Bangkok.....	Sept. 16-Dec. 23....	13	9	
Do.....	Jan. 13-Mar. 2....	24	16	
<b>Straits Settlements:</b>				
Singapore.....	Oct. 28-Dec. 29....	5	7	
Do.....	Jan. 6-Feb. 16....	29	28	

## **SMALLPOX.**

<b>Algeria:</b>				
Algiers.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31....	3	2	
Do.....	Jan. 1-Apr. 23....	213		
<b>Australia:</b>				
New South Wales.....				July 12-Dec. 20, 1917: cases, 39; Jan. 4-17, 1918; case, 1.
Abermain.....	Oct. 25-Nov. 29....	3		Newcastle district.
Cessnock.....	July 12-Oct. 11....	7		
Eumangla.....	Aug. 15.....	1		
Kurri Kurri.....	Dec. 5-20.....	2		
Mungindi.....	Aug. 13.....	1		
Warren.....	July 12-Oct. 25....	22		
Do.....	Jan. 1-17.....	1		
<b>Brazil:</b>				
Bahia.....	Nov. 10-Dec. 8....	3		
Pernambuco.....	Nov. 1-15.....	1		
Rio de Janeiro.....	Sept. 30-Dec. 29....	703	190	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 9....	231	83	
Sao Paulo.....	Oct. 29-Nov. 4....		2	
<b>British East Africa:</b>				
Mombasa.....	Oct. 1-Dec. 31....	9	5	
<b>Canada:</b>				
British Columbia—				
Vancouver.....	Jan. 13-Mar. 9....	5		
Victoria.....	Jan. 7-Feb. 2....	2		
Winnipeg.....	Dec. 30-Apr. 13....	4		
New Brunswick—				
Kent County.....	Dec. 4.....			Outbreak. On main line Canadian Ry., 25 miles north of Moncton.
Do.....	Jan. 22.....	40		In 7 localities.
Northumberland County.....	do.....	41		In 5 localities.
Restigouche County.....	Jan. 18.....	60		

# **CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—** Continued.

**Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918—Continued.**

## **SMALLPOX—Continued.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canada—Continued.				
New Brunswick—Contd.				
St. John County—				
St. John.....	Mar. 3-Apr. 6.....	5	.....	At Limestone and a lumber camp.
Victoria County.....	Jan. 22.....	10	.....	
Westmoreland County—				
Moncton.....	Jan. 29-Apr. 6.....	16	.....	
York County.....	Jan. 22.....	8	.....	
Nova Scotia—				
Halifax.....	Feb. 24-Apr. 6....	6	.....	
Sydney.....	Feb. 3-Apr. 6.....	15	.....	
Ontario—				
Arnprior.....	Mar. 31-Apr. 6.....	.....	1	
Hamilton.....	Dec. 16-22.....	1	.....	
Do.....	Jan. 13-19.....	2	.....	
Ottawa.....	Mar. 4-24.....	5	.....	
Sarnia.....	Dec. 9-15.....	1	.....	
Do.....	Jan. 6-Mar. 30.....	32	.....	
Toronto.....	Feb. 10-Apr. 6.....	2	.....	
Windsor.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 5.....	1	.....	
Prince Edward Island—				
Charlottetown.....	Feb. 7-13.....	1	.....	
Quebec				
Montreal.....	Dec. 16-Jan. 5.....	5	.....	
Do.....	Jan. 6-Apr. 6.....	12	.....	
China:				
Amoy.....	Oct. 22-Dec. 30.....	.....	.....	Present.
Do.....	Dec. 31-Feb. 10.....	.....	.....	Do.
Antung.....	Dec. 2-23.....	13	2	
Do.....	Jan. 7-Feb. 17.....	6	2	
Changsha.....	Jan. 28-Mar. 10.....	.....	1	
Chefoo.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 9.....	.....	.....	Do.
Chungking.....	Nov. 11-Dec. 29.....	.....	.....	Do.
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 16.....	.....	.....	Do.
Dairen.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 22.....	3	1	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 16.....	39	2	
Hankow.....	Feb. 25-Mar. 3.....	1	.....	
Harbin.....	May 14-June 30.....	20	.....	Chinese Eastern Ry.
Do.....	July 1-Dec. 2.....	7	.....	Do.
Hongkong.....	Dec. 23-29.....	1	.....	
Do.....	Jan. 28-Feb. 9.....	6	1	
Hungtaho Station.....	Oct. 28-Nov. 4.....	1	.....	Do.
Manchuria Station.....	May 14-June 30.....	6	.....	Do.
Do.....	July 1-Dec. 2.....	3	.....	Do.
Mukden.....	Nov. 11-24.....	.....	.....	Present.
Nanking.....	Feb. 3-Mar. 16.....	.....	.....	Epidemic.
Shanghai.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 23.....	41	91	Cases, foreign; deaths among natives.
Do.....	Dec. 31-Mar. 10.....	36	106	Do.
Swatow.....	Jan. 18.....	.....	.....	Unusually prevalent.
Tientsin.....	Nov. 11-Dec. 22.....	13	.....	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 9.....	27	.....	
Tsingtau.....	Feb. 4-Mar. 23.....	8	.....	
Cuba:				
Habana.....	Jan. 7.....	1	.....	Nov. 8, 1917: 1 case from Coruna;
Marianao.....	Jan. 8.....	1	.....	Dec. 5, 1917, 1 case.
Ecuador:				6 miles distant from Habana.
Guayaquil.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.....	26	2	
Do.....	Feb. 1-15.....	3	3	
Egypt:				
Alexandria.....	Nov. 12-18.....	2	1	
Do.....	Jan. 8-Feb. 28.....	5	.....	
Cairo.....	July 23-Nov. 18.....	6	1	
France:				
Lyon.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 16.....	6	3	
Do.....	Jan. 7-Feb. 17.....	11	2	
Marseille.....	Jan. 1-31.....	.....	2	
Paris.....	Jan. 27-Mar. 9.....	8	2	
Great Britain:				
Cardiff.....	Feb. 3-9.....	4	.....	
Hull.....	Mar. 17-23.....	1	.....	
Greece:				
Saloniki.....	Jan. 27-Mar. 16.....	.....	9	
Honduras:				
Santa Barbara Department	Jan. 1-7.....	.....	.....	Present in interior.

# **CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—** Continued.

**Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918—Continued.**

## **SMALLPOX—Continued.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
<b>India:</b>				
Bombay.....	Oct. 21-Dec. 29....	50	12	
Do.....	Dec. 31-Jan. 26....	26	5	
Karachi.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 29....	4	2	Nov. 11-16, 1917: 10 cases with 4 deaths; imported on s. s. Menesa from Basreh.
Madras.....	Oct. 31-Dec. 29....	20	8	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 9....	102	38	
Rangoon.....	Oct. 28-Dec. 22....	6	1	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Feb. 9....	35	6	
<b>Indo-China:</b>				
Provinces.....				Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 546; deaths, 146.
Anam.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30....	163	25	
Cambodia.....	do.....	16	8	
Cochin-China.....	do.....	353	108	
Saigon.....	Oct. 20-Dec. 30....	120	26	
Do.....	Dec. 31-Mar. 17....	687	240	
Laos.....	Oct. 1-31.....	1	1	
Do.....	Jan. 26-Feb. 3....	1	1	
Tonkin.....	Sept. 1-Oct. 31....	9	4	
Do.....	Jan. 26-Feb. 3....	3		
<b>Italy:</b>				
Castellamare.....	Dec. 10.....	2		Among refugees.
Florence.....	Dec. 1-15.....	17	4	
Genoa.....	Dec. 2-31.....	11	3	
Do.....	Jan. 2-Mar. 15....	41	5	
Leghorn.....	Jan. 7-Mar. 10....	32	7	
Messina.....	Jan. 3-19.....	1		
Milan.....				Oct. 1-Dec. 31, 1917: Cases, 32. Among refugees.
Naples.....	Dec. 10.....	2		
Taormina.....	Jan. 20-Feb. 9....	6		
Turin.....	Oct. 29-Dec. 29....	123	120	
Do.....	Jan. 21-Mar. 3....	56	3	
<b>Japan:</b>				
Nagasaki.....	Jan. 14-Mar. 31....	9	3	
Taihoku.....	Dec. 15-21.....	1		Island of Taiwan (Formosa).
Do.....	Jan. 8-Mar. 11....	25	5	
Tokyo.....	Feb. 11-Mar. 6....	26		City and suburbs.
Yokohama.....	Jan. 17-Feb. 3....	4		
<b>Java:</b>				
East Java.....	Oct. 7-Dec. 23....	50		Dec. 25-31, 1917: Cases, 7. Jan. 1-14, 1918: Cases, 3.
Surabaya.....	Dec. 25-31.....	1		
Mid-Java.....				Oct. 10-Dec. 26, 1917: Cases, 86; death, 1. Dec. 28, 1917-Jan. 23, 1918: Cases, 23.
Samarang.....	Nov. 6-Dec. 12....	4	1	
West Java.....				Oct. 19-Dec. 27, 1917: Cases, 231; deaths, 36. Dec. 28, 1917-Jan. 31, 1918. Cases, 116; deaths, 17.
Batavia.....	Nov. 2-8.....	1		
<b>Mexico:</b>				
Aguascalientes.....	Feb. 4-17.....		2	
Ciudad Juarez.....	Mar. 3-23.....	2	1	
Mazatlan.....	Dec. 5-11.....		1	
Do.....	Jan. 29-Apr. 2....	4	4	
Mexico City.....	Nov. 11-Dec. 29....	16		
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 30....	90		
Piedras Negras.....	Jan. 11.....	200		
Vera Cruz.....	Jan. 29-Mar. 2....	7	3	
<b>Newfoundland:</b>				
St. Johns.....	Dec. 8-Jan. 4....	29		
Do.....	Jan. 5-Apr. 12....	76		
Trepassey.....	Jan. 4.....			Outbreak with 11 cases reported.
<b>Philippine Islands:</b>				
Manila.....	Oct. 28-Dec. 8....	5		Varioloid, 78.
Do.....	Feb. 3-Mar. 16....	12	3	
<b>Porto Rico:</b>				
San Juan.....	Jan. 28-Apr. 7....	37		Of these, 36 varioloid.
<b>Portugal:</b>				
Lisbon.....	Nov. 4-Dec. 15....	2		
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 16....	6		
<b>Portuguese East Africa:</b>				
Lourenço Marques.....	Aug. 1-Dec. 31....		16	
<b>Russia:</b>				
Azchangel.....	Sept. 1-Oct. 31....	7		
Moscow.....	Aug. 26-Oct. 6....	22	2	
Petrograd.....	Aug. 31-Nov. 18....	76		
<b>Siam:</b>				
Bangkok.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 1....	1	1	
Do.....	Jan. 6-Mar. 2....	15	6	



**CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—**  
Continued.

**Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918—Continued.**

**SMALLPOX—Continued.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
<b>Spain:</b>				
Coruna.....	Dec. 2-15.....	.....	4	
Do.....	Jan. 20-Feb. 23.....	.....	5	
Madrid.....	.....	.....	.....	Jan. 1-Dec. 31, 1917: Deaths, 77.
Seville.....	Oct. 1-Dec. 30.....	.....	66	
Do.....	Jan. 1-31.....	.....	20	
Valencia.....	Jan. 27-Feb. 2.....	1	.....	
<b>Straits Settlements:</b>				
Singapore.....	Nov. 25-Dec. 1.....	1	1	
Do.....	Dec. 30-Jan. 5.....	1	.....	
<b>Tunisia:</b>				
Tunis.....	Dec. 14-20.....	1	.....	
<b>Turkey in Asia:</b>				
Bagdad.....	.....	.....	.....	Present in November, 1917.
<b>Union of South Africa:</b>				
Cape of Good Hope State.....	Oct. 1-Dec. 31.....	28	.....	
East Liverpool.....	Jan. 20-26.....	1	.....	Varioloid.
<b>Venezuela:</b>				
Maracaibo.....	Dec. 2-8.....	.....	1	

**TYPHUS FEVER.**

<b>Algeria:</b>				
Algiers.....	Nov. 1-Dec. 31.....	2	1	
<b>Argentina:</b>				
Rosario.....	Dec. 1-31.....	.....	1	
<b>Australia:</b>				
South Australia.....	.....	.....	.....	Nov. 11-17, 1917: Cases, 1.
<b>Austria-Hungary:</b>				
Hungary.....	.....	.....	.....	Present in December, 1917.
<b>Brazil:</b>				
Rio de Janeiro.....	Oct. 23-Dec. 1.....	7	.....	
<b>Canada:</b>				
Ontario—				
Kingston.....	Dec. 2-8.....	3	.....	
Quebec—				
Montreal.....	Dec. 16-22.....	2	1	
<b>China:</b>				
Antung.....	Dec. 3-30.....	13	1	
Do.....	Dec. 31-Jan. 27.....	2	2	
<b>Chosen (Korea):</b>				
Seoul.....	Nov. 1-20.....	1	.....	
Do.....	Feb. 1-28.....	3	2	
<b>Egypt:</b>				
Alexandria.....	Nov. 8-Dec. 28.....	57	15	
Do.....	Jan. 8-Mar. 11.....	409	98	
Cairo.....	July 23-Dec. 16.....	137	70	
Port Said.....	July 30-Nov. 11.....	5	5	
<b>France:</b>				
Marseille.....	Dec. 1-31.....	.....	1	
<b>Germany</b>				
<b>Great Britain:</b>				
Belfast.....	Feb. 10-Mar. 30.....	21	3	
Dublin.....	Mar. 24-30.....	3	.....	
Glasgow.....	Dec. 21.....	1	.....	
Do.....	Jan. 20-Mar. 23.....	12	.....	
Manchester.....	Dec. 2-8.....	1	.....	
<b>Greece:</b>				
Arta.....	Feb. 19.....	2	.....	
Janina.....	Feb. 14.....	110	.....	
Saloniki.....	Nov. 11-Dec. 29.....	.....	72	Jan. 27, epidemic.
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 16.....	.....	27	
<b>Italy:</b>				
San Remo.....	Mar. 10-16.....	2	.....	
<b>Japan:</b>				
Nagasaki.....	Nov. 26-Dec. 16.....	5	5	
Do.....	Jan. 7-Mar. 31.....	14	6	
<b>Java:</b>				
East Java.....	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 15-Dec. 31, 1917: Cases, 39;
Surabaya.....	Dec. 17-31.....	9	1	deaths, 7. Jan. 1-14, 1918:
Do.....	Jan. 1-14.....	10	1	Cases, 11; deaths, 2.
Mid-Java.....	.....	.....	.....	Oct. 10-Dec. 26, 1917: Cases, 63;
Samarang.....	Oct. 9-Dec. 26.....	20	2	deaths, 2. Dec. 23, 1917-Jan.
Do.....	Dec. 27-Jan. 15.....	18	.....	23, 1918: Cases, 11.

# **CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—** Continued.

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to May 3, 1918—Continued.

## **TYPHUS FEVER—Continued.**

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Java—Continued.				
West Java.....				Oct. 19-Dec. 27, 1917: Cases, 94;
Batavia.....	Oct. 19-Dec. 27.....	59	15	deaths, 17. Dec. 28, 1917-Jan.
Do.....	Dec. 28-Jan. 31.....	27	1	31, 1918: Cases, 53; deaths, 1.
Lithuania.....				Dec. 30, 1917-Jan. 5, 1918: Cases,
				195.
Mexico:				
Aguascalientes.....	Dec. 15.....		3	
Do.....	Jan. 21-Apr. 7.....		14	
Durango State—				
Guanacevi.....	Feb. 11.....			Epidemic.
Mexico City.....	Nov. 11-Dec. 29.....	476		
Do.....	Dec. 30-Mar. 30.....	627		
Newfoundland:				
St. Johns.....	Mar. 30-Apr. 5.....	1	1	
Norway:				
Bergen.....	Feb. 1-16.....	3		
Poland.....				Dec. 23, 1917-Jan. 12, 1918: Cases,
				3,026; deaths, 315.
Portugal:				
Lisbon.....	Mar. 3-16.....	8		Feb. 21: Present.
Oporto.....	Dec. 1-31.....	23	4	
Do.....	Jan. 1-Mar. 8.....	1,811	161	
Russia:				
Archangel.....	Sept. 1-14.....	7	2	
Moscow.....	Aug. 26-Oct. 6.....	49	2	
Petrograd.....	Aug. 31-Nov. 18.....	32		
Do.....	Feb. 2.....			Present.
Vladivostok.....	Oct. 29-Nov. 4.....	12	1	
Spain:				
Corcubion.....	Apr. 11.....			Present. Province of Coruna,
				west coast.
Sweden:				
Goteborg.....	Nov. 18-Dec. 15.....	2		
Switzerland:				
Basel.....	Jan. 6-19.....	1	1	
Zurich.....	Nov. 9-15.....	2		
Do.....	Jan. 13-19.....	2		
Tunisia:				
Tunis.....	Nov. 30-Dec. 6.....		1	
Do.....	Feb. 9-Mar. 15.....	35	5	Of these, 26 in outbreak in prison.
Union of South Africa:				
Cape of Good Hope State.....	Sept. 10-Dec. 30.....	4,035	830	Sept. 10-Nov. 25, 1917: Cases,
				3,724 (European, 31); deaths,
				761 (European, 5). Total to
				Jan. 27, 1918: Cases, 4,248 (Eu-
				ropean, 32); deaths, 866 (Euro-
				pean, 5).
Natal.....				From date of outbreak in Decem-
				ber, 1917, to Jan. 27, 1918: Cases,
				34; deaths, 10.

## **YELLOW FEVER.**

Ecuador:				
Babahoyo.....	Feb. 1-15.....	1	1	
Guayaquil.....	Sept. 1-Nov. 30.....	5	3	
Do.....	Feb. 1-15.....	1		
Do.....	Mar. 1-15.....	1	1	
Milagro.....	Feb. 1-15.....	1	1	
Yaguachi.....	Nov. 1-30.....	1		
Guatemala:				
Retalhuleu.....	Apr. 22.....			Present. About 25 miles from
				Champerico, Pacific port.
Honduras:				
Tegucigalpa.....	Dec. 16-22.....		1	
Do.....	Jan. 6-19.....		1	