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A NEW DISINFECTANT TESTING MACHINE.

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In performing laboratory tests to determine the bactericidal power of disinfectants, some of the organisms, living or dead, upon which the disinfecting solutions have been allowed to act, are transferred at stated intervals from the disinfectant solutions to test tubes containing nutrient broth. The bacteria are thus placed in favorable conditions for multiplication, if they have not been killed by the disinfectant solution. As growth will appear in those tubes into which live organisms have been introduced, the results of the tests may be observed and from these observations an opinion formed as to the efficiency of the disinfectant under the conditions of the test. In testing a disinfectant a number of dilutions are used, thus necessitating a number of transfers for each time interval.

It is obvious that in performing these transfers by hand only one transfer can be made at a time; thus the conditions throughout the experiment may constantly be subjected to certain variations in those important factors of time and temperature upon which the uniformity of the tests depends. Moreover, as these transfers must be made in sequence, a single error in technique, disturbing the sequence of manipulation, may ruin the entire experiment. The precise inoculation of a considerable number of tubes at intervals of 15 seconds, as is sometimes required, and in a certain sequence, using different suspensions of bacteria, is a tedious task even if correctly done by an expert in the work. The serial inoculation may well be dispensed with if a method equally satisfactory, as regards the accuracy of the results, can be devised.

In performing disinfectant tests, the use of a machine has a certain obvious advantage over a technique depending wholly upon manual dexterity, in so far as the precision of a mechanical device is substituted for the variations in accuracy of the hand movements of one or more laboratory workers. In addition to this general advantage the machine to be described has certain other definite advantages when contrasted with the hand technique. By the use of the machine, all the transfers due to be made at any particular

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time interval are made at the same time and in the same way, thus securing identical conditions for each dilution of the disinfectant or disinfectants used. Furthermore, the machine makes 15 transfers at once, thus doing away with the strain of inoculating a large number of tubes singly in a certain sequence.

It has been recognized that in using a machine greater difficulty as regards the exclusion of air contamination is likely to be encountered; however, this machine has been so designed as to overcome that disadvantage.

Actual comparison of the two methods has shown that the use of the machine greatly simplifies the practice of disinfectant testing.

Construction of the Machine.1

A table (T), 31 inches high, 36 inches wide, and 30 inches from front to back, supports the following essential parts of the apparatus: A water bath (B), a large test tube rack (R3), a traveling carriage (Ca), and a flaming device (F.).

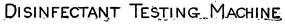
The water bath (B) is countersunk, so that half of its depth is below the level of the table top. The external dimensions of the bath are 30½ by 10 by 10 inches; the internal dimensions are 26½ by 5¾ by 71 inches. The space between the outer wooden casing of the bath and its galvanized iron lining (Li), is occupied with sawdust (Sd), for insulation. Two galvanized-iron racks hang in the bath supported at the ends. The first (R1), consists of an angled piece of galvanized iron 26 inches long. To the vertical portion of the rack are riveted 15 brass clips into which fit 15 disinfectant tubes (Td), their bottoms resting on the horizontal portion of the rack. The clips are so arranged that the centers of the tubes are exactly 13 inches from each other. Clear glass test tubes, 3 inches by 18 inch, are used. They are plugged with cotton and sterilized by dry heat. The second rack consists of three sheets of galvanized iron 26 inches long by 21 inches wide, the upper two being perforated with a row of 15 holes 1 inch in diameter. Into these fits a row of tubes for the test bacteria (Te), exactly similar to those used in rack No. 1. The tubes in rack No. 2 are so placed that their centers are 13 inches apart and that they are exactly in line with the corresponding tubes in rack No. 1. The water level (W. L.) in the bath is maintained about an inch below the top of the lining of the bath.

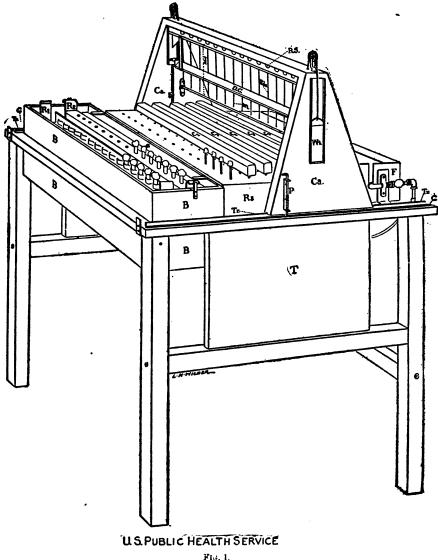
The test tube rack (R3) consists of 3 sheets of galvanized iron, 26½ by 10½ inches, joined together by uprights at the ends. The top of the rack is 3¾ inches above the table top and is perforated for test tubes, as is the second sheet, which is secured 3 inches below the top.

¹ The letters refer to similar designations on the filustrations. They are repeated with a complete list of the parts to which they refer at the close of the article.

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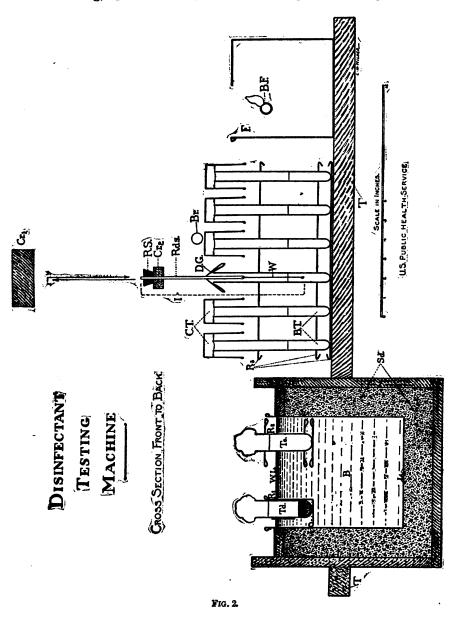
The bottom sheet rests upon the table top and supports the test tubes. The holes for the test tubes are $\frac{5}{8}$ inch in diameter. They are arranged in six rows of 15 each. In these holes are placed test tubes (B. T.), 6 inches by $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, containing about 7 c.c. of sterile





broth. The rack is so adjusted on the table by means of guides as to bring the test tubes into alignment with the tubes in rack No. 2. The centers of the tubes in the rows are 13 inches apart, and the rows are this same distance from each other. When the usual cotton plugs

are removed from the tubes, each row is covered by a galvanizediron cover (C), previously sterilized by dry heat. The covers are 24 inches long, 1½ inches wide, and 2 inches high, and are open only on



their inferior aspect, so as to fit over the rows of tubes. Two small projections serve to secure a layer of cotton (Ct) at the top of the cover inside, thus making them dustproof when applied to the mouths of the test tubes.

The traveling carriage (Ca) consists of two triangular-shaped wooden uprights 16 inches high. These are placed 31 inches apart and are connected with a crosspiece (CR). Small wheels are set into the bottoms of the uprights which rest upon two tracks (Tr), running from the front to the back of the table. Thus the carriage may be moved forward and backward on the table. Pins (P) on the uprights engage in holes in guides (G), running parallel to the tracks and external to them. These holes are so placed that the carriage may be accurately brought to a standstill, so that the center of the crosspiece will be exactly above the various rows of tubes described above.

The inoculator (I) is hung from the crosspiece at its ends by pulleys and is so counterbalanced by weights (Wt) that after use the device will always return to its position under the crosspiece (Cr1). The inoculator consists of a crosspiece (Cr2), to the ends of which are attached vertical guides carrying small wheels (2 at each end). The wheels run upon metal tracks on the inner surfaces of the uprights of the carriage, making it possible to raise and lower the inoculator in a plane at right angles with the table top but parallel with the rows of tubes in the racks. This crosspiece is perforated with 15 holes into which fit No. 3 rubber stoppers (RS). The stoppers have one perforation in the center into which No. 8 gauge aluminum rods (Rds) 51 inches in length are fitted. The lower ends of the rods are flattened and here are attached pieces of No. 23 gauge nichrome wire (Wi). The wires continue downward in line with the rods for 3 inches and terminate in 4 coils. used for transferring the culture after exposure to the disinfectant. They are made of nichrome wire, No. 23 B. & S. gauge.

A close cylindrical spiral is made by winding the Fig. 3.—Collfor inwire as tightly as possible about a piece of steel or other hard wire having a diameter of 0.072 inch (No. 13 B. & S. gauge). Wind about five full turns, bend the remainder of the wire sharply at a right angle to the wound portion, and parallel to the axis of the cylinder. Remove from the core and cut off the lower end, to leave exactly four complete turns. When completed the successive turns of the spiral must touch one another continuously. The coils are 7½ inches below the crosspiece of the inoculator.

The centers of the holes in the crosspiece are 1½ inches apart, and the machine has been so constructed that as the traveling carriage is moved back and forth the centers of the corresponding tubes in the racks will be directly below them. As the wire coils are directly below the centers of the holes in the crosspiece, they are directly

above the centers of the mouths of the test tubes. Two and onehalf inches below the crosspiece, and extending entirely across the inoculator, is the dust guard (D.G.). This is attached to the guides of the inoculator and is perforated to allow the aluminum rods to pass through it. It is made of galvanized iron, and in cross section has the shape of an inverted V. An expansion device consisting of a brass cylinder fitting snugly into a metal sleeve serves to connect the dust guard with the guide of the inoculator on the right. It has been so placed as to fit snugly over the mouths of the broth test tubes in rack 3 when the inoculator is lowered. The carriage is strengthened by a brace (Br), which is an iron rod extending across the carriage, and is attached to the side pieces 61 inches from their bottoms and 2 inches back of the center line. The flaming device (F) consists of a Bunsen burner to which is attached a horizontal brass tube closed at the distal end. The tube is slotted every 13 inches. and when the apparatus is lighted the wires of the inoculator can be lowered into the flames (B, F) from these slots and sterilized.

The Performance of Disinfectants—Tests, Using the Machine.

Following is a description of a method for substituting the machine above described for hand manipulations in the testing of disinfectants. It is not our purpose at this time to discuss the technique of disinfectant tests in general, nor to describe them in particular.

In making the tests, the machine should be in a room free from dust and air currents. Before beginning work, the crosspieces of the carriage and inoculator and the internal surfaces of the uprights of the carriage are wiped clean and free from dust. The water bath is filled, and its contents are brought to the desired temperature just before beginning work. The operator now thoroughly flames the interior surface of the dust guard and the rods and wires projecting below. This is conveniently done with an ordinary Bunsen burner attached to a long rubber hose. The flaming device may be conveniently lighted at this time.

The broth tubes are now placed in rack No. 3. Just before putting each tube in its place the stopper is ignited and the mouth of the tube is quickly flamed and the stopper extinguished. When all the broth tubes are in place the stoppers are quickly removed from the row nearest the operator, and this row is covered with its sterile galvanized-iron cover as quickly as possible. The stoppers are removed from the remainder of the tubes and the covers placed on the remaining rows in like manner.

Next, the operator places the tubes containing disinfectant dilutions and the test cultures in racks No. 1 and No. 2, respectively. The cotton stoppers are now removed from the tubes in these racks and the dilutions of disinfectants in the tubes in rack No. 1 are simultaneously poured upon the test cultures in the corresponding

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tubes in rack No. 2. This is done by tilting rack No. 1 away from the operator through an arc of 90 degrees.

At the instant of pouring, the time is taken and the experiment begins. The tubes in rack No. 2, now containing various dilutions of disinfectants and organisms, are covered by a semicylindrical galvanized-iron cover, previously flamed, and are gently agitated to mix the contents.

The carriage is now placed in such a position that the coils of the inoculator are over the mouths of the test tubes in rack 2, and after the proper time has elapsed the tubes are uncovered and the inoculator is lowered, immersing the wire coils in the contents of the tubes. The inoculator is raised and the tubes are covered. The operator now removes the cover from the row of broth tubes nearest him and rests it on the crosspiece of the carriage. The carriage is then pushed into such a position that the coils are over this row, the inoculator is lowered, and the coils, bearing organisms from the disinfectant-bacteria suspension, are immersed in the first row of broth tubes. The inoculator is raised, the carriage pushed back to a position over the flaming device, and the cover replaced on the first row of tubes. The inoculator is lowered, bringing the wires and coils into the Bunsen flames, which sterilize them. The operator now raises the inoculator and brings the carriage back to a position over the tubes containing disinfectant and bacteria. When the proper interval has elapsed after the first transfer, the operations described above are repeated, inoculating the 2nd row of broth tubes, and so on until the 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th rows of tubes have been inoculated, the proper time intervals being carefully observed. The experiment is now completed and rack 3, with tubes and covers in place, is removed from the machine and placed in the incubator.

It has been found advisable to agitate gently the tubes in rack No. 2 just before each transfer is made, and also to immerse and withdraw the wire coils several times from these tubes, repeating this procedure in the broth tubes each time a transfer is made.

Comparison of Machine and Hand Tests.

The following tables illustrate the results of performing disinfectant tests by the two methods, using aliquot parts of dilutions of the same disinfectants. Tests were made within an hour of each other and portions of a single culture were used in each pair of tests.

It will be observed that for the three pairs of tests the results for the 15-minute interval correspond exactly. In the 2½-minute interval there are four pairs of tubes which failed to correspond. In each of these cases the tube planted by machine differs from the one inoculated by hand by but one dilution. In this comparison the hand test is not taken as a standard of accuracy, as it is quite likely that the machine test represents the more reliable results. It will be noted throughout both tests that the values for the phenol control correspond very closely with the usual values obtained.

The presence or absence of growth in the broth tubes is indicated by plus or minus signs.

TABLE I a.

Disinfectant A.

HYGIENIC LABORATORY PHENOL COEFFICIENT USING MACHINE.

Temperature of experiment, 20° C.

Culture used, B. typhosus, 24-hour infusion broth, filtered.

Proportion of culture and disinfectant, 0.1 cc. + 5 cc.

Sample.	Dilu- tion.	Time	e cultu disin	ire exi fectant	osed for mi	to actinutes.	ion of	Phenol coefficient.
_	tion.	2}	5	73	10	12}	15	
Phenol Disinfectant A	1-80 1-90 1-100 1-110 1-120 1-155 1-260 1-225 1-255 1-250 1-375 1-300 1-325 1-375	11+++11+++++++	1 1 1 + + 1 1 1 1 1 + + + + +	1 + + + +	1+++	111+111111+	, 1111+111111+	$\frac{\frac{175}{90} + \frac{350}{110}}{\frac{2}{2}} = \frac{1.94 + 3.18}{2}$ 2.56 coefficient.

TABLE I b.

Disinfectant A.

HYGIENIC LABORATORY PHENOL COEFFICIENT USING HAND TECHNIQUE.

Temperature of experiment, 20° C.

Culture used, B. typhosus, 24-hour meat infusion broth, filtered.

Proportion of culture and disinfectant, 0.1 cc. + 5 cc.

Sample.	Dilu- tion.	Tim	e cultu disin	re exp	osed for mi	to acti nutes.	ion of	Phenol coefficient.
•		2}	5	7½	10	12}	15	
Phenol	1-80 1-90 1-100 1-110 1-120 1-150 1-225 1-225 1-250 1-275 1-300 1-325 1-350	++++++++	1 1 + + + 1 1 1 1 + + + + + +	1 1 + + 1 1 1 + + + + +	++-++		1111+111111111+	200 + 350 90 + 110 2 2.22+3.18 2 2.7 coefficient.

TABLE II a.

Disinfectant B.

HYGIENIC LABORATORY PHENOL COEFFICIENT USING MACHINE.

Temperature of experiment, 20° C.

Culture used, B. typhosus, 24-hour meat infusion broth.

Proportion of culture and disinfectant, Q.1 cc. + 5 cc.

Sample.	Dilu- tion.	Tim	e cultu disin	ire exi fectant	posed for mi	to acti nutes.	ion of	Phenol coefficient.
-		tion.	2}	5	71	10	121	15
Phenol	1-80 1-90 1-100 1-110 1-120 1-155 1-200 1-225 1-255 1-250 1-325 1-350 1-375	11+++1111++++++	1 + + + 1 + + + + +	111++11111++++	1 1++ ++++	1111111111+++	111+11111+++	$\frac{\frac{225}{90} + \frac{300}{110}}{\frac{20}{20}} = \frac{2.5 + 2.73}{\text{coefficient.}} = 2.61$

TABLE II b.

Disinfectant B.

HYGIENIC LABORATORY PHENOL COEFFICIENT USING HAND TECHNIQUE.

Temperature of experiment, 20° C.

Culture used, B. typhosus 24-hour meat infusion broth.

Proportion of culture and disinfectant, 0.1 cc. +5 cc.

Sample.	Dilu- tion.							Phenol coefficient.
		21	5	71	10	12}	15	
Phenol	1-80 1-90 1-100 1-110 1-120 1-155 1-225 1-225 1-225 1-251 1-300 1-325 1-350 1-375	+ + + + + + + + + + + +	111++1111+++++	11+++1111+++++	111++1111+++++	1111+11111++++		$\frac{\frac{225}{80} + \frac{300}{110}}{\frac{2}{2}} = \frac{2.21 + 2.73}{2} = 2.77$ coefficient.

TABLE III a.

Disinfectant C.

HYGIENIC LABORATORY PHENOL COEFFICIENT USING MACHINE.

Temperature of experiment, 20° C.

Culture used, B. typhosus, 24-hour meat infusion broth.

Proportion of culture and disinfectant, 0.1 cc.+5 cc.

Samples.	Dilu- tion.	Time	disini	re ext	osed to mi	to acti nutes.	on of	: Phenol coefficient.
!		2}	5	73	10	121	15	
Phenol	1- 80 1- 90 1-100 1-110 1-120 1-175 1-200 1-225 1-250 1-275 1-300 1-325 1-350 1-375	++++++	++++++	111++111111+++	111++11111111++		1111+111111111+	$\frac{\frac{275}{90} + \frac{350}{110}}{\frac{2}{2}}$ $\frac{3.05 + 3.18}{2}$ 3.11 coefficient.

TABLE III b.

Disinfectant C.

HYGIENIC LABORATORY PHENOL COEFFICIENT USING HAND TECHNIQUE.

Temperature of experiment, 20° C.

Culture used B. typhosus, 24-hour meat infusion broth.

Preparation of culture and disinfectant, 0.1 cc.+5 cc.

Samples.	Dilu- tion.	Time	cultu disin	ire ext	osed for mi	to acti nutes.	on of	Phenol coefficient.
-		21	5	73	10	12}	15	
Phenol	1- 80 1- 90 1-100 1-110 1-120 1-175 1-200 1-225 1-225 1-250 1-275 1-300 1-325 1-350 1-375	-+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	++		111++1111111+++	1111+11111111+		$\frac{\frac{250}{80} + \frac{350}{110}}{\frac{2}{2}}$ $\frac{3.12 + 3.18}{2}$ 3.15 coefficient.

List of Parts of the Machine.

B. =Water bath.

B. F. = Bunsen flame.

Br. =Brace.

B. T. =Broth tubes.

C. =Covers for broth tubes.

Ca. = Carriage.

Cr. 1. = Cross piece of carriage.

Cr. 2. = Cross piece of inoculator.

Ct. =Cotton.

D. G. = Dust guard.

F. =Flaming device.

G. =Guides.

I. =Inoculator.

Li. =Lining of water bath.

P. =Pins.

R. 1. = Rack for disinfectant tubes.

R. 2. = Rack for tubes for test organisms.

R. 3. =Broth tube rack.

R. S. =Rubber stoppers.

Rds. = Rods.

T. =Table.

Td. =Disinfectant tubes.

Te. =Tubes for test organisms.

Tr. =Tracks.

Sd. =Sawdust.

Wi. =Wires.

W. L.=Water level.

Wt. =Weight.

ARSPHENAMINE (SALVARSAN) AND NEO-ARSPHENAMINE (NEO-SALVARSAN).

LICENSES ORDERED AND RULES AND STANDARDS PRESCRIBED FOR THEIR MANUFACTURE.

Upon the recommendation of the Public Health Service the rules and standards copied below were adopted by the Federal Trade Commission on March 4, 1918, for the control of establishments licensed for the manufacture and sale of arsphenamine and neo-arsphenamine.

So far licenses for the manufacture of these products have been issued to the following establishments:

Dermatological Research Laboratories, 1818 Lombard Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Takamine Laboratory (Inc.), 120 Broadway, New York City. Farbwerke-Hoechst Co., 122 Hudson Street, New York City. Diarsenol Co. (Inc.), 475 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y.

RULES AND STANDARDS PRESCRIBED BY THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOR THE CONTROL OF LICENSEES FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND SALE OF ARSPHENAMINE.

- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) hereof, only the abbreviated chemical term Arsphenamine immediately followed by the descriptive chemical name shall be used on packages to designate the preparation.
- (2) Arsphenamine shall be offered for sale only in colorless glass ampules containing an atmosphere of an inert gas.
- (3) Each package shall be plainly marked so as to show the license number, the lot number, the name of the preparation, the actual amount of arsphenamine in the container, and the name and address of the manufacturer, in the following manner:

License No	Lot No
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This package contains ——— grams of Arsphenamine (hydrochloride of 3-diamino-4-dihydroxy-1-arseno-benzene), prepared under regulations issued by the Federal Trade Commission, and conforms with tests approved by the United States Public Health Service. Made by ———

No names of diseases or symptoms shall appear on any label or package.

The licensee shall use the name Arsphenamine, immediately followed by the extended scientific name of the article. The word Arsphenamine, when used upon labels attached to packages and cartons, shall be printed in 10-point Roman capitals. On ampules, 8-point Roman capitals may be used.

The licensee may, if he desires, use upon labels and packages his particular brand or trade name, provided that whenever any such brand or trade name is used it shall invariably be accompanied without intervening printed matter, with the name Arsphenamine and the extended scientific name of the article, as provided in the preceding paragraph.

(4) Before placing on the market, each lot shall be tested by the manufacturer as regards toxicity and arsenic content, and shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (5) and (6) following. Detailed and permanent records of these tests shall be kept by the manufacturer and copies furnished to the commission immediately upon the completion of the tests.

- (5) The total arsenic content of the air-dried drug shall not be below 29.5 nor above 31.57 per cent.
- (6) The maximum tolerated dose for healthy albino rats shall not be below 60 milligrams per kilo body weight when a 2 per cent slightly alkaline solution of the drug in freshly glass-distilled water is injected intravenously at the rate of not more than 0.5 cubic centimeter per minute.

For each toxicity test a series of animals of not less than four shall be used, and at least 75 per cent of the animals injected with the maximum tolerated dose should survive 48 hours from the time of injection.

The rats shall not be anesthetized for the injection and shall weigh between 100 and 150 grams. Pregnant animals shall not be used.

(7) In addition to tests by the manufacturer, tests shall be made from time to time by the United States Public Health Service. For this purpose samples of each lot shall be forwarded by the manufacturer to the Hygienic Laboratory of the United States Public Health Service. The number of samples supplied shall be not less than 10 ampules from any lot, and from lots of over 1,000 ampules, 1 per cent shall be furnished. Each ampule forwarded shall contain at least 0.6 gram of Arsphenamine.

Officers of said service or of the Federal Trade Commission, when duly detailed, may enter establishments for the purpose of securing samples and conducting inspections.

- (8) When lots have passed satisfactorily the prescribed tests, they may be offered for sale, but the right is reserved to require the withdrawal from the market of any lot designated by the Federal Trade Commission.
- (9) Manufacturers shall retain 2 per cent of the ampules from each lot for a period of three months from the time the preparation is put in ampules; but the number retained need not exceed 10 ampules from each lot.

RULES AND STANDARDS PRESCRIBED BY THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE FOR THE CONTROL OF LICENSEES FOR THE MANUFACTURE AND SALE OF NEO-ARSPHENAMINE.

- (1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) hereof, only the abbreviated chemical term Neo-Arsphenamine, immediately followed by the descriptive designation, shall be used on packages to designate the preparation.
- (2) Neo-Arsphenamine shall be offered for sale only in colorless glass ampules containing an atmosphere of an inert gas.
- (3) Each package shall be plainly marked so as to show the license number, the lot number, the name of the preparation, the actual amount of Neo-Arsphenamine in the container, and the name and address of the manufacturer in the following manner:

License No. ——. Lot No. ——.

This package contains ——— grams of Neo-Arsphenamine (a compound prepared from ...

This package contains —— grams of Nco-Arsphenamine (a compound prepared from Arsphenamine by means of formaldehyd-sulphoxylate), prepared under regulations issued by the Federal Trade Commission, and conforms with tests approved by the United States Public Health Service. Made by ———.

No name of diseases or symptoms shall appear on any label or package.

The licensee shall use the name Neo-Arsphenamine, immediately followed by the descriptive designation of the article. The word Neo-Arsphenamine, when used upon labels attached to packages and cartons, shall be printed in 10-point roman capitals. On ampules 8-point roman capitals may be used.

The licensee may, if he desires, use upon labels and packages his particular brand or trade name, provided that whenever any such brand or trade name is used it shall invariably be accompanied, without intervening printed matter, with the name Neo-Arsphenamine and the descriptive designation of the article, as provided in the preceding paragraph.

- (4) Before placing on the market, each lot shall be tested by the manufacturer as regards toxicity and arsenic content, and shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (5) and (6), following. Detailed and permanent records of these tests shall be kept by the manufacturer and copies furnished to the commission immediately upon the completion of the tests.
- (5) The total arsenic content of the air-dried drug shall not be below 18 per cent nor above 20 per cent.
- (6) The maximum tolerated dose for healthy albino rats shall not be below 90 milligrams per kilo body weight when a 2 per cent aqueous solution of the drug in freshly glass-distilled water is injected intravenously at the rate of not more than 0.5 cubic centimeter per minute.

For each toxicity test a series of animals of not less than four shall be used, and at least 75 per cent of the animals injected with the maximum tolerated dose should survive seven days from the time of injection.

The rats shall not be anesthetized for the injection and shall weigh between 100 and 150 grams. Pregnant animals shall not be used.

(7) In addition to tests by the manufacturer, tests shall be made from time to time by the United States Public Health Service. For this purpose samples of each lot shall be forwarded by the manufacturer to the hygienic laboratory of the United States Public Health Service. The number of samples supplied shall not be less than 10 ampules from any lot, and from lots of over 1,000 ampules 1 per cent shall be furnished. Each ampule forwarded shall contain at least 0.9 gram of Neo-Arsphenamine

Officers of said service or of the Federal Trade Commission, when duly detailed, may enter establishments for the purpose of securing samples and conducting inspections.

- (8) When lots have passed satisfactorily the prescribed tests, they may be offered for sale; but the right is reserved to require the withdrawal from the market of any lot designated by the Federal Trade Commission.
- (9) Manufacturers shall retain 2 per cent of the ampules from each lot for a period of three months from the time the preparation is put in ampules, but the number retained need not exceed 10 ampules from any lot.

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

EXTRA-CANTONMENT ZONES—CASES REPORTED WEEK ENDED APR. 9.

CAMP BEAUREGARD ZONE, LA.		CAMP DODGE ZONE, IOWA—continued.	
Alexandria: Ca	ses.	Ankeny: Ca	ses.
Chicken pox	2	Diphtheria	1
Diphtheria		Gonorrhea	1
Malaria.	_	Scarlet fever	1
Mumps.	_		_
Pellagra	2	CAMP FUNSTON ZONE, KANS.	
Pneumonia.	2	Chicken pox:	
Smallpox.	4	Manhattan	
Typhoid fever	_		1
Whooping cough		Diphtheria:	_
	2	Randolph	1
Boyce:	2	Measles:	_
Pneumonia	Z	Army City	1
Pineville:	_	Manhattan	11
Mumps		Mumps:	
Smallpox	. 2	Junction City	2
CAMP BOWIE ZONE, TEX.		Manhattan	8
Fort Worth:		Pneumonia:	
		Manhattan	2
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Scarlatina:	
Chicken pox	3	Riley	1
Gonorrhea	1	Scarlet fever:	
Measles	1	Manhattan	3
Scarlet fever	2	Whooping cough:	
Smallpox	3	Junction City	8
		Junction City	
Syphilis	1	Junction City	•
	1	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.	
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS.	1	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.	٠
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox:	-		•
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.	1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster Lunenburg	-	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster Lunenburg. German measles:	4	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta. Chicken pox: Atlanta.	1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster. Lunenburg. German measles: Lancaster. Lunenburg. Measles: Ayer. Lancaster.	4 4 1 14 7	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6 1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster. Lunenburg. German measles: Lancaster. Lunenburg. Measles: Ayer. Lancaster. Shirley.	4 4 1 14 7	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6 1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta Diphtheria: Atlanta German measles: Atlanta Gonorrhea:	1 6 1 3
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster. Lunenburg. German measles: Lancaster. Lunenburg. Measles: Ayer. Lancaster. Shirley.	4 4 1 14 7	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6 1 3
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta Diphtheria: Atlanta German measles: Atlanta Gonorrhea: Atlanta Malaria: Atlanta Atlanta Malaria: Atlanta	1 6 1 3
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster. Lunenburg. German measles: Lancaster. Lunenburg. Measles: Ayer. Lancaster. Shirley. Mumps: Lancaster. CAMP DODGE ZONE, IOWA.	4 4 1 14 7 1 2	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6 1 3 3
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta. Diphtheria: Atlanta. German measles: Atlanta. Gonorrhea: Atlanta. Malaria: Atlanta. Mcasles: Atlanta. Mcasles: Atlanta.	1 6 1 3 3
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3 3	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta Diphtheria: Atlanta German measles: Atlanta Gonorrhea: Atlanta Malaria: Atlanta Mcasles: Atlanta Mumps:	1 6 1 3 3 1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3 3 10 8	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta. Diphtheria: Atlanta German measles: Atlanta. Gonorrhea: Atlanta. Malaria: Atlanta. Malaria: Atlanta Malaria: Atlanta Mumps: Atlanta Mumps: Atlanta	1 6 1 3 3 1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3 3 10 8 21	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta	1 6 1 3 3 1 14 21 1
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3 3 10 8 21 9	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta Diphtheria: Atlanta German measles: Atlanta Gonorrhea: Atlanta Malaria: Atlanta Mcasles: Atlanta Mumps: Atlanta Mumps: Atlanta Clarkston Decatur.	1 6 1 3 3 1 14 21 1 3
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3 3 10 8 21 9 15	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta. Diphtheria: Atlanta. German measles: Atlanta. Gonorrhea: Atlanta. Malaria: Atlanta. Measles: Atlanta. Mumps: Atlanta. Clarkston. Decatur. Engleside.	1 6 1 3 3 1 14 21 1 3 5
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS. Chicken pox: Lancaster	4 4 1 14 7 1 2 3 3 10 8 21 9	CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Atlanta Chicken pox: Atlanta. Diphtheria: Atlanta. German measles: Atlanta. Gonorrhea: Atlanta. Malaria: Atlanta. Mcasles: Atlanta. Mumps: Atlanta. Clarkston. Decatur. Engleside. Scottdale.	1 6 1 3 3 1 14 21 1 3

CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.—continued.		CAMP JCSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA-contin	ned.
-	ases.	-	2365
Atlanta		Eastport.	
Decatur	3	Jacksonville	
Scottdale	1	Mandarin	
Scarlet fever:		Measles:	
Atlanta	3	Jacksonville	. 14
Svohilis:		South Jacksonville	. 2
Atlanta	. 3	Mumps:	
Tuberculosis:		Jacksonville	. 3
Atlanta	8	Smallpox:	
Typhoid fever:		Jacksonville	. 2
Atlanta	3	Syphilis:	
Whooping cough:	_	Jacksonville	. 5
Scottdale	1	Trachoma:	
Stone Mountain	1	Jacksonville	. 3
CAMP GREENE ZONE, N. C.		Tuberculosis:	_
Charlotte Township:		Jacksonville	. 2
Diphtheria carrier	1	Whooping cough:	
German measles.	3	Jacksonville	25
Gonorrhea	10	FORT LEAVENWORTH ZONE, KANS.	
Measles	6	Leavenworth:	
Mumps	1	Chicken pox	
Syphilis	10	Diphtheria	
Trachoma	3	German measles	1
Whooping cough	5	Measles	
		Mumps.	
GULFFORT HEALTH DISTRICT, MISS.		Pneumonia, lobar	
Gulfport Health District:		Smallpox	
Cerebrosy inal meningitis	1	Tuberculosis	1
Conjunctivitis	1	Leavenworth County:	
Dysentery	5	Measles.	7
Malaria	9	Scarlet fever	1
Measles	7	Smallpox	3
Pneumonia	2	CAMP LEE ZONE, VA.	
Syphilis	1	Chicken pox:	
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	1	Hopewell	1
Laborousous, pulmonary	•	Prince George County	6
CAMP HANCOCK ZONE, GA.		Diphtheria:	•
Augusta:		Hopewell	1
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Petersburg	2
Chicken pox	1	German measles:	
German measles	1	Ettricks	3
Measies	22	Petersburg	1
Pneumonia, lobar	2	Malaria:	
Whooping cough	1	Hopewell	1
	-	Measles:	
CAMP JACKSON ZONE, S. C.		City Point	1
Columbia:		Ettricks	3
Cerebrospinal meningitis	2	Hopewell	
Diphtheria	1	Petersburg	6
Measles	2	Mumps: Ettricks.	
Mumps	1	Hopewell	6 4
CAMP JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA.	- 1	Pneumonia:	•
Diarrhea:	- 1	Ettricks	2
Fishers Corner	1	Septic sore throat:	•
Dysentery:	-	Chesterfield County	1
Highway	2	Ettricks	3
Jacksonville	7	Petersburg	5
South Jacksonville	1	Tuberculosis:	
Youkon	1	Petersburg	3
Gonorrhea:	I	Typhoid fever:	
Fishers Corner	1	Petersburg	1
Hookworm:	- 1	Whooping cough:	
Highway	201	Ettrioke	•

CAMP LEWIS ZONE, WASH.		FORT OGLETHORPE ZONE, GA.	
German measles: Ca	ases.	Cerebrospinal meningitis: Cas	ses.
Dupont		Chattanooga	565. 1
· Lakeview		Chicken pox:	
Oak Knoll		Chattanooga	2
- Parkland		Gonorrhea:	L
Spanaway		Chattanooga	2
Steilacoom Lake	. 2	Rossville	1
Mumps:		Measles:	•
Dupont	. 1	East Lake	1
Scarlet fever:		Mumps:	1
Dupont		Chattanooga	10
Parkland	. 1	East Chattanooga	13 7
Tuberculosis:		Eart Lake.	í
Clover Creek		Scarlet fever:	
Greendale		North Chattanooga	
Tenino	. 1	Smallpox:	1
Whooping cough:		Chattanooga	3
Parkland	4	Tuberculosis:	3
CAMP LOGAN ZONE, TEX.		Chattanooga	1
-Houston:		1	_
Cerebrospinal meningitis		Chattanooga	2
German measles	1	Whooping cough:	•
Gonorrhea	124	Chattanooga	20
Measles	17	CAMP PIKE ZONE, ARK.	
Mumps	7	Little Rock:	
Pneumonia	3	Chancroid	2
Syphilis	31	Chieken pox	2
Tuberculosis	1	Diphtheria	2
Whooping cough	1	l	13
Humble:		Malaria	5
Gonorrhea	1	Measles	4
Syphilis	6		10
Magnolia Park:			16
Measles	1	Scarlet fever	3
CARD MACADOWED COMP DO		Smallpox	6
Waco:			12
Chicken pox	10	Tetanus	1
Measles	10 13	Trachoma	1
Meningitis, tubercular.	13		3
Mumps	41	Typhoid fever	1
Pneumonia, lobar.	4	North Little Rock:	•
Poliomyelitis	1	German measles	1
Smallpox	3	Mumps	3
Tuberculosis.	1	Pneumonia	2
Typhoid fever	1	Smallpox	2
Whooping cough	1	Tuberculosis	1
w nooping cough	^	Scotts:	-
CAMP MCCLELLAN ZONE, ALA.			1
Chicken pox:	- 1	~ *	î
Anniston	2		ī
Measles:	-		-
Anniston	.	CAMP SEVIER ZONE, S. C.	
Precinct 23.	3	Cerebrespinal meningitis:	
Mumps:	3		
Anniston	3	Pneumonia, broncho:	1
Pneumonia:	3	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
Anniston	2	omer obines rounamb	•
Smallpox:	-	CAMP SHELBY ZONE, MISS.	
Anniston	9	,	
	- 1	Hattlesburg: Chicken pox	
Oxford	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2
Precinct 15	1		2 7
Precinct 22	1		-
			1
Anniston	2 ;	Mumps 2-	3

CAMP SHELBY ZONE, MISS.—continued.		TIDEWATER HEALTH DISTRICT, VA.	
Hattiesburg—Continued.	ases.		4505
Pneumonia, lobar		Newport News	•
Smallpox		Phoebus	. :
Tuberculosis, pulmonary		German measles:	
Typhoid fever		Phoebus	. :
Whooping cough		Measles:	
		Hampton	. :
CAMP SHERIDAN ZONE, ALA.		Newport News	. 1
Montgomery:		Phoebus	. :
Chancroid	. 2	Mumps:	
Chicken pox.		Newport News	. (
Gonorrhea		Pneumonia:	
Malaria		Phoebus	. 1
Measles		Scarlet fever:	
Mumps		Hampton	
Ringworm.		Newport News	
Smallpox		Phoebus	. 1
Syphilis		Smallpox:	
Rural district in 5-mile zone:	-	Newport News	. 2
Smallpox	1	Tuberculosis:	
		Newport News	2
CAMP SHERMAN ZONE, OHIO.		Whooping cough:	
Chancroid:		Newport News	1
Chillicothe	1	CAMP TRAVIS ZONE, TEX.	
Gonorrhea:	•	San Antonio:	
Chillicothe	2	Dysentery	. 2
Measles:	-	Erysipelas	
Chillicothe.	19	Gonorrhea	
Green Township.		Measles.	
Jefferson Township	10	Mumps.	
Liberty Township		Pneumonia	
Mumps:	•	Syphilis	
Chillicothe.	2	Tuberculosis	9
Scioto Township	1		·
Scarlet fever:	•	CAMP WADSWORTH ZONE, S. C.	
Chillicothe	4	Glenn Springs:	
Smallpox:	•	Chicken pox	3
Chillicothe	1	Gonorrhea	2
Typhoid fever:	-	Pauline:	
· Chillicothe.	1	Chicken pox	1
	_	German measles	1
CAMP ZACHARY TAYLOR ZONE, KY.		Spartanburg:	
Jefferson County:		Diphtheria	2
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	German measles	1
Rabies in animals	il	Measles	4
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	2	Mumps	3
Typhoid fever	î	Ophthalmia neonatorum	1
Louisville:	- 1	Pneumonia	1
Cerebrospinal meningitis	3	Smallpox	3
Chicken pox	3	Tuberculosis	4
Diphtheria	12	Whooping cough	4
Measles	18	CAMP WHEELER ZONE, GA.1	
Pneumonia, lobar	3	East Macon:	
Rabies in animals	i	Mumps	5
Scarlet fever	5	Macon:	ð
Smallpox	8	Chicken pox	6
Trachoma	2	German measles	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	26	Mumps.	
Typhoid fever	1	Scarlet fever	1
Whooping cough	3	Smallpox.	i
		-1.4 0. 1010	•

For week ended Apr. 8, 1918.

DISEASE CONDITIONS AMONG TROOPS IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following data are taken from telegraphic reports received in the office of the Surgeon General, United States Army, for the week ended March 29, 1918:

Noneffective rate per 1,000—Continued.
National Guard camps 39.1
2.0 National Army camps 58.7
3.5 Regular Army 44.4
1.7 Annual death rate per 1,000 (disease only):
3.8 All troops 9.8
National Guard camps 3.6
National Army camps 14.0
0.4 Regular Army 10.1
3.

New cases of special diseases reported during the week ended Mar. 29, 1918.

.				·,	,	.,			,	
Camps.	Pneumonia.	Dysentory.	Malaria.	Venereal.	Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fover.	Deaths.	Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease only).	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
Wadsworth. Hancock McClellan Sevier. Wheeler. Logan Cody Doniphan. Bowie Sheridan Shelby. Beauregard Kearney Devens Upton Dix. Meade Lee Jackson Gordon Sherman Taylor Custer Grant. Pike Dodge Funston Travis Lewis. Northeastern Department Southeastern Department Southeastern Department Southern Department Western Pepartment Aviation, S. C. Camp Greene Camp Fremont El Paso Columbus Barracks Fort Logan Fort McDowell Fort Slocum	2 56 4 8 8 5 11 23 2 13 16 16 4 19 21 17 19 16 30 5 11 42 44 44 42 44 42 42 43 44 44 42 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 2 8 1 2	144 255 344 109 5 1800 224 4 4 588 225 110 224 4 8 58 225 110 224 4 8 58 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	100 133 7 711 115 122 166 177 83 131 12 15 130 177 15 99 105 22 7 7 3 3 4 16 17 7 11 3 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 20 2 2 8 5 7 7 12 2 3 3 11 7 5 6 5 11 7 5 6 5 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 7 7 5 6 5 1 1 4 5 5 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 7 7 5 6 5 1 1 4 5 5 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 7 7 5 6 5 1 1 4 5 5 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 7 7 5 6 5 1 1 4 5 5 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14 11 14 44 53 21 21 21 21 49 46 66 66 22 55 20 51 18 64 30 30 44 30 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	628. 4 413. 2 413. 2 1,044. 9 1,773. 7 1,981. 3 1,981. 3 2,534. 6 438. 4 1,172. 5 1,360. 4 811. 2 1,472. 5 1,360. 4 811. 2 1,472. 5 1,360. 4 1,433. 5 2,028. 0 1,712. 3 1,12. 3 2,741. 1 1,679. 2 4,087. 6 1,673. 5 1,179. 1 1,679. 2 4,087. 6 1,673. 5 1,179. 1 1,679. 2 2,242. 4 1,462. 5 1,039. 9 932. 8 1,174. 8 1,462. 5 1,039. 9 932. 8 1,281. 9 2,329. 8 2,085. 7 1,561. 6	22. 3 28. 2 29. 5 36. 3 34. 5 24. 9 53. 7 24. 9 53. 7 24. 2 53. 8 53. 7 32. 5 56. 4 45. 3 28. 4 45. 3 26. 2 87. 0 82. 2 99. 7 40. 0 24. 9 112. 5 50. 2 43. 1 112. 5 51. 6 112.
Disciplinary Barracks, Alcatraz Disciplinary Barracks, Fort Leavenworth A. A. Humphreys. J. E. Johnston. Camp Merritt Camp Stuart West Point, N, Y	15 1 1 43 40		2	4 24 45 29	4 8 6	1	1 12 3	2 1 9 5	3,864.5 654.8 1,152.3 1,303.4 2,170.4 1,484.8	56. 6 3. 7 39. 2 57. 8 53. 4 9. 3

New cases of special diseases reported during the week ended Mar. 29, 1918-Continued.

. Camps.	Pneumonia.	Dysentary.	Malaria.	Venereal.	Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fever.	Deaths.	Amusi admission rate per 1,000 (disease only).	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
Edgewood-Aberdeen Provisional depot for corps and Army troops Camp Holabird	2 2			4 24 1	1 12	2	8		2,313.9 1,451.7 6,246.2	25.8 34.4 3.0
Camp Raritan. General hospitals National Guard in departments. National Army in departments. Fort Thomas.	1 2 28 4		1	31 8 91 6	2 2 2 41 2	1 1	29	2 3 7	1,573.3	64.4
Total	692	7	31	1,745	741	48	269	249	1 1, 522. 0	1 49. 4

1 All troops.

Annual rate per 1,000 for special diseases.

Disease.	All troops in United States.1	Regulars in United States.1	National Guard, all camps.1	National Army, all camps.1	Expedi- tionary forces. ²
Pneumonia. Dysentery. Malaria. Venereal.		43. 4 . 5 . 7 87. 2	13 2.5 55.4	34. 9 . 3 1. 1 70. 4	46. 4 . 5 . 2
Paratyphoid. Measles. Meningitis. Scarlet fever.	31.5	37. 7 2. 5 17. 9	8.3 .6 1.8	45.3 2.8 10.4	2. 2 8. 9 3. 5 22. 6

¹ Week ended Mar. 29, 1918.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

Arkansas.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Garrison, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox: Union County 5, Mississippi 2, Faulkner 1, Drew 3, Jefferson 2, Fort Smith 3, Logan 4, Washington 34, Monroe 2. Measles: Drew 3, Sebastian 28, Fort Smith 1, Lee 1, Logan 15, Desha 7. Chicken pox: Sebastian 36, Fort Smith 2, Logan 20, Chicot 1. Malaria: Lafayette 1, Traskwood 2, Jefferson 1, Sebastian 1, Logan 1, Ouachita 1, Chicot 2. Tuberculosis: Drew 3, Jefferson 1, Logan 4, Ouachita 2. Scarlet fever: Sebastian 6. Diphtheria: Jefferson 1, Lee 1.

Connecticut.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Black, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Infantile paralysis: Hartford 1. Meningitis: New London 1, Windsor Locks 1.

² Week ended Mar. 21, 1918.

Illinois.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Drake, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox: One hundred and thirty-three, of which Chicago 9, Quincy 14, Bryant 5, Virden 6, White City 7, Alton 15, Peoria 15, Belleville 5, Harlem Township 7, Millcreek 8. Scarlet fever: One hundred and seven, of which Chicago 60. Meningitis: Chicago 10, Washington 1. Poliomyelitis: Chicago 3, Springfield 1. Diphtheria: One hundred and twenty-eight, of which Chicago 94.

Indiana.

From the State Board of Health of Indiana, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Measles: Epidemic North Manchester, South Bend. Diphtheria: One death each Brownsburg, Anderson, Greensburg, Phlox; epidemic Salem, Napoleon. Smallpox: Epidemic Davies County, Lawrenceburg. Whooping cough: Epidemic Banta; one death Windfall. Gastroenteritis: Shop workers, munition plant Kokomo, Michigan City, South Bend.

Kansas.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Crumbine, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox (10 or more cases): By counties—Allen 14, Bourbon 10, Cherokee 30, Crawford 15, Graham 28, Jackson 14, Kingman 15, Labette 13; by cities—Kansas City 16, Topeka 14, Wichita 13. Meningitis: By cities—Eldorado 1, De Soto 1, Edna 1, Chanute 1, Norton 1, Kansas City 2. Scarlet fever (over 10 cases): Topeka 26.

Louisiana.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Dowling, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Meningitis, excluding Rapides Parish: Calcasieu Parish, Gerstnerfield 1, Orleans Parish 1. Poliomyelitis 1.

Massachusetts.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Hitchcock, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Unusual prevalence. German measles: Attleboro 14, Brookline 41, Lunenburg 25, Manchester 20, Nahant 8, Newton 33. Measles: Beverly 34, Brookline 45, Chelsea 48, Newbury 10, Norwood 18, Quincy 58, Woburn 14.

Minnesota.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Bracken, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox (new foci): Carver County, Cologne village 3; Clay County, Oakport Township 1; Douglas County, Drandon Township 1; Filmore County, Spring Valley Township 2, Forestville Township 1; Kittson County, Humboldt village 4, Hill Township 2, St. Vincent Township 24; Pine County, Rock Creek Township 4; Traverse County, Monson Township 1; Wright County, Cokato Township 18. Five cerebrospinal meningitis, 1 poliomyclitis, reported since April 1.

Nebraská.

From the State Board of Health of Nebraska, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox: Harvard, Allen, Miller, Red Cloud, Omaha, Pawnee City, Burchard, Steinauer, Mayberry, Tamora, Clay County. Scarlet fever: Clay Center. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Nebraska City.

New Jersey.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Bowen, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Measles: Unusually prevalent in Newark, East Orange, Paterson.

South Carolina.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Hayne, by telegraph, for week ended April 8, 1918:

Meningitis: Greenville 2, Charleston 3, Hartsville 1, Darlington 1, Richland 1, Columbia 1.

Vermont.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Dalton, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox: Guild Hall 1, Canaan 1. No other outbreak or unusual prevalence.

Virginia.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Traynham, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Smallpox: By counties—Franklin 5, Alleghany 3, Alexandria 2, Botetourt 2, York 1, city of Newport News 3. Cerebrospinal meningitis: Newport News 1, Culpeper County 3.

Washington.

From Collaborating Epidemiologist Tuttle, by telegraph, for week ended April 6, 1918:

Investigating outbreak of possible meningitis in Douglas County. Scarlet fever in Tacoma seems to be subsiding.

ANTHRAX.

Louisiana.

During the month of March, 1918, 2 cases of anthrax were notified in Louisiana, 1 case from Caddo Parish and 1 from Vermilion Parish. The source of infection was not positively determined in either case.

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

State Reports for February, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama: Calhoun County. Colbert County. Houston County. Jefferson County. Lamar County. Lamar County. Mansstone County. Marshall County. Montsomery County. Morgan County. Tuscaloosa County. Total California: Alameda County. Oakland. Contra Costa County. Martinez. Los Angeles	1 20 1 1 1 1 3	California—Continued, Orange County. Merced County. Riverside County— Riverside. San Diego County— Naval Training Camp. Camp Kearney. San Francisco County— San Francisco. Solano County. Mare Island. Stanislaus County— Modesto. Total. Nevada: Nye County.	2 1 4

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Chicago, III	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Sirmingham, Ala	Augusta, Ga	1		Muncie, Ind.		1
Charlotie, N. C. 1	Dimmin abom Ala	1 3	1 2		2	
Chartotie, N. C.	Destan Moss	1 2	1 2	Nowhurmort Mass	4	1
Chartotie, N. C.	Duffalo N V	1 0	1 ?	Now Waven Conn	}	
Dayton, Ohio. 2	Charlotta N C		1 1	Now Orleans La	1	
Dayton, Ohio. 2	Chattanoora Tenn		1 -	New York N V	7	11
Dayton, Ohio. 2	Chicago III	1 7	8	North Little Rock Ark		11
Dayton, Ohio. 2	Cleveland, Ohio	l i	1	Omaha, Nebr	i	
Dayton, Ohio. 2	Columbia, S. C.	l î		Orange, N. J.	i	
Detroit, Mich. 1	Dallas, Tex	l i		Petersburg, Va	·	1
Detroit, Mich. 1	Dayton, Ohio	1 2		Philadelphia, Pa.	4	Ī
Fall River, Mass. 1 1 Providence, R. I 3 1 Flint, Mich. 1 1 1 Quincy, Mass. 1 1 Richmond, Va. 2 Hartford, Conn. 1 1 Salt Lave City, Utah. 1 1 Houston, Tex. 1 Salt Lave City, Utah. 1 1 Salt Lave City, Utah. 1	Detroit. Mich	l ī		Pittsburgh, Pa	2	
Fall River, Mass. 1 1 Providence, R. I 3 1 Frott Wayne, Ind. 1 1 1 Quincy, Mass. 1 1 Richmond, Va. 2 Hartford, Conn. 1 St. Louis, Mo. 2 2 Hartford, Conn. 1 Salt Lake City, Utah. 1 Salt Lake City, Utah. 1 Salt Lake City, Utah. 1 Salt Lake City, W. J. 2 Savannah, Ga. 2 Scranton, Pa. 1 Lawrence, Mass. 2 Scranton, Pa. 1 Leavenworth, Kans. 2 Seattle, Wash. 1 Louisville, Ky. 1 Springfield, Ill. 1 Lowell, Mass. 1 Stockton, Cal. 1 Stockton, Cal. 1 Macon, Ga. 1 Troy, N. Y. 1 Manchester, N. H. 2 1 Washington, D. C. 3 Milwaukee, Wis. 1 Milwaukee, Wis. 2 Milwaukee, Wis. 3 M	Elizabeth, N. J	1 2		Portsmouth, Va	1	
Fall River, Mass. 1 1 Providence, R. I 3 1 Flint, Mich. 1 1 1 Quincy, Mass. 1 1 Richmond, Va. 2 Hartford, Conn. 1 1 Salt Lave City, Utah. 1 1 Houston, Tex. 1 Salt Lave City, Utah. 1 1 Salt Lave City, Utah. 1	Evansville, Ind	Ī		Poughkeepsie, N. Y	1	1
Tint, Mich 1	Fall River, Mass	1		Providence, R. I	3	2
Grand Haven, Mich	Flint, Mich	1	1	Quincy, Mass	1	1
Hartford, Conn	Fort Wayne, Ind	1		Richmond, Va		1
Hartford, Conn.	Grand Haven, Mich	1		St. Louis. Mo	2	2
Havernill, Mass.	Hartford, Conn	1	l	St. Paul, Minn	1	
Savannah, Ga 2 Savannah, Ga 2 Scranton, Pa 1	Haverhill, Mass	1	1 1	Salt Lake City, Utah	1	1
Savannah, Ga 2 Savannah, Ga 2 Scanton, Pa 1	Houston, Tex	1		San Francisco, Cal	1	
Ransas City, Kans. 2 Scranton, Fa. 1	Jersey City, N. J		2	Savannah. Ga	2	1
Leavenworth, Kans. 2	Kansas City, Kans	2		Scranton, Pa	1	2
######################################	Lawrence, Mass	2	•••••	Beattle, Wash	1	••••
######################################	Leavenworth, Kans	2	1	Somerville, Mass	1	
######################################	Louisville, Ky	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	Springheid, III	1	
MII W QUACO, 17 13	Lowell, Mass	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	Stockton, Cal	4	
MII W QUACO, 17 13	Macon, Ga	••••••	1	Weshington D.C.	1	•••••
MII W QUACO, 17 13	Manuester, N. H	Z	1 1	Wichita Kane	1	••••••
	MILIWOUACC, WIS		i	Wilkes-Barre, Pa	1	•••••
Montgomery, Ala	Montgomory Ala	17		Wornester Mass	- 1	•••••

DIPHTHERIA.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 558.

ERYSIPELAS. City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Bridgeport, Conn. Buffalo, N. Y. Chicago, Ill. Chicago, Ill. Cincinnati, Ohio. Dayton, Ohio. Detroit, Mich. Dubuque, Iowa. Fargo, N. Dak. Flint, Mich. Grand Forks, N. Dak Hartford, Conn. Jacksonville, Fla. Lexington, Ky. Los Angeles, Cal. Louisville, Ky. Milwaukee, Wis. Morristown, N. J. Nashville, Tenn. Newark, N. J. New Orleans, La. New York, N. Y.	5 25 3 8 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Oakland, Cal Oklahoma City, Okla. Passaic, N. J Peoria, Ill. Petersburg, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Pittsburgh, Pa. Pontiac, Mich Portland, Oreg. Providence, R. I. Racine, Wis Richmond, Va. Rochester, N. Y Sacramento, Cal St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul, Minn. San Francisco, Cal Springfield, Ill Steubenville, Ohio Superior, Wis. Wilkinsburg, Pa. Yonkers, N. Y	1 3 9 1 2 1 1 2 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

LEPROSY.

California—Los Angeles.

On April 9, 1918, a case of leprosy was notified at Los Angeles, Cal., in the person of W. G., living at 500 East Ninth Street.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

During the week ended March 23, 1918, there were three cases of leprosy reported; one at Los Angeles, Cal., one at New Orleans, La., and one at San Francisco, Cal. There was also one death from this disease reported at New Orleans.

MALARIA.
State Reports for February, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama: Bullock County Butler County Chambers County Houston County Jefferson County Limestone County Limestone County Shelby County Talladega County Tuscaloosa County Total	1 1 1 1 4 1 2 1 2 1 3	California: Glenn County Los Angeles County Merced County San Francisco County— U. S. N. Training Station San Jeaquin County Stockton Total	3 4 1 1 1 1

MALARIA—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Atlanta, Ga	2 2 1	1	Little Rock, Ark. Newark, N. J North Little Rock, Ark. Pittsfield, Mass.	1 1 4	

MEASLES.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 558.

PELLAGRA.

State Reports for February, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama: Bibb County. Calhoun County. Etimore County. Etowah County. Hale County. Henry County. Jackson County. Jefferson County. Lamar County Macon County. Madison County. Mobile County Montgomery County. Pickens County.	1 1 8 6	Alabama—Continued. Shelby County Tuscaloosa County. Winston County. Total California: Los Angeles County— Los Angeles San Diego County— San Diego County— Total	566

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Atlanta, Ga. Austin, Tex. Birmingham, Ala. Bosten, Mass. Charleston, S. C. Dallas, Tex. Fort Worth, Tex. Lexington, Ky.	2 1	1 ,1 1 1	Memphis, Tenn. New Orleans, La. Norfolk, Va. Philadelphia, Pa. Somerville, Mass. Wilmington, N. C. Worcester, Mass.	1 1	1 1 1

PNEUMONIA.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Akron, Ohio Alameda, Cal. Altoona, Pa Anderson, Ind Anniston, Ala Atlanta, Ga Baltimore, Md Barre, Vt. Battle Creek, Mich Berkeley, Cal	1 9 1 7 112 1 2	1 1 5 37	Boston, Mass Braddock, Pa Bridgeport, Conn Brockton, Mass. Brookline, Mass Bambridge, Mass Charlestown, W. Va. Chelsea, Mass. Chicago, Ill Chicopee, Mass	17 2 1 7 1 12	30 23 1 1 2 2 1 8 162 1

PNEUMONIA—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918—Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Cleveland, Ohio	55 3	24 2	Moundsville, W. Va Newark, N. J	5 199	2
Clinton, Mass Columbia, S. C	ı	_	New Redford Mass	199	32
Dallas, Tex	3	7	New Bedford, Mass New Britain, Conn Newburyport, Mass	3	1 7
Davion Ohio	2	8	Nowhneymort Mace		
Dayton, Ohio Detroit, Mich	26	41	Newcastle, Pa	1 _	
Fall Divor Mace	1 1	l i	Newport, Ky	1- 2 4	9
Flint Mich	1 6	3	Newton, Mass	ã	2
Fort Worth Tox	7	7	Northampton, Mass	î	
Fall River, MassFlint, MichFort Worth, TexGrand Rapids, Mich	14	2	North Little Rock, Ark	î.	
Hagerstown Md	1 2		Oakland, Cal	7	15
Hagerstown, Md Harrisburg, Pa	2	1 7	Oakland, Cal Parkersburg, W. Va	'n	li
Hattiesburg, Miss	ī		Philadelphia, Pa	159	121
Haverhill, Mass			Pittsburg, Pa.	37	30
Holyoke, Mass Jackson, Mich	i		Pittsfield, Mass.	1	8
Jackson, Mich	1 3		Pontiac. Mich	3	2
Jacksonville, Fla Jersey City, N. J	2	6	Richmond, Va	3) 6 2 2 3
Jersey City, N. J	}		Rochester, N. Y	21	'2
Kalamazoo, Mich Kansas City, Kans	1		Rutland. Vt	2	· 2
Kansas City, Kans	25		St. Joseph, Mo	1	3
Lancaster, PaLawrence, Mass	2		San Diego, Cal	23	15
Lawrence, Mass	3	3	Schenectady, N. Y	4	1
Leavenworth, Kans	3 2 3	3	Sheboygan, Wis	1	. 1
Lexington, KyLincoln, Nebr	3	7	Sheboygan, Wis	4	1
Lincoln, Nebr	4	1	Springfield, Mass	17	7
Little Rock, Ark	17	2	Springfield, Ohio	1	3
ong Beach, Cal	3	1	Steubenville, Onio	1	
Lorain, Ohló	1 2 2 6		Stockton, Cal	4	• • • • • • • • • •
os Angeles, Cal	2	6	Waco, Tex	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Lowell, Mass	2	5	Waltham, Mass	1	1
ynn, Mass	6	5	Wichita, Kans	5	1
Manchester, N. H	2 1	2	Worcester, Mass	28 13	5 3
Michigan City, Ind Morgantown, W. Va Morristown, N. J	7	1	York Do	13	3
Morgantown, W. Va	7	•••••	York, Pa	2	•••••
Morristowii, N. J	1	• • • • • • • • •			

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

California Report for February, 1918.

During the month of February, 1918, 1 case of poliomyclitis was reported at Delano, Kern County, Cal.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Cambridge, Mass	1 1 1	10	Newark, N. J New York, N. Y Pittsburgh, Pa. Racine, Wis. Toledo, Ohio	2 2 3 1 1	1 1 1

RABIES IN MAN.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

There were 2 deaths from rabies reported during the week ended March 23, 1918; 1 at Galveston, Tex., and 1 at Louisville, Ky.

RABIES IN ANIMALS.

City Report for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

During the week ended March 23, 1918, there was 1 case of rabies in animals reported at Detroit, Mich.

SCARLET FEVER.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 558.

SMALLPOX.

Kansas-Fort Scott.

During the period from April 1 to 6, 1918, 2 cases of smallpox were notified at Fort Scott, Kans., making a total of 24 cases reported at that place since the beginning of the outbreak, December 10, 1917.

California Report for February, 1918.

•			\ \ \ \	accination h	istory of cas	es.
Place.	New cases reported.	Deaths.	Number vaccinated within 7 years pre- ceding attack.	Number last vaccinated more than 7 years preceding attack.		Vaccination history not obtained or uncertain.
O. 111						
California: Alameda County	1	1	1		1	1
Oakland						
Fresno County	1 4		1 .		1 2	
Fresno	3				3	
	1				1 ?	
Selma		,			1 4	
Imperial County	4			¦•••••		
Calexico					2	
Kern County				1	1	
Lake County	1				1	
Madera County	1				1	
Marin County—		i	ļ	1	1	1
Sausalito					1	l
Orange County	3	 		l	1	1 9
Santa Ana	5				5	
Los Angeles County	3				1 3	
Los Angeles.	ğ				ĺŽ	
Riverside County	3				l š	1
Sacramento County—	•	*********		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	
- Sacramento	1		1	1	1	1 1
San Bernardino County	2	•••••	•••••		2	
San Diego County—	•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	i
San Diego	2				1	l ,
San Francisco County—	2	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1	1 .
San Francisco	••					ŀ
	12	••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		12	
San Joaquin County	1	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	1	••••••••••	
Stockton	1	•••••			1	
San Mateo County	1	••••••			1	
Shasta County—			i i		_	
Redding	1				1	
Siskiyou County—	- 1			- 1	. 1	
Dunsmuir	3				3	
Tehama County	5			1	1	. 3
Total	74		1	3	61	0

SMALLPOX—Continued.

Miscellaneous State Reports.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama (Feb. 1-28):			Alabama (Feb. 1-28)—Con.		
Autauga County			Limestone County	. 2	
Baldwin County			Macon County	Z	
Barbour County	1		Madison County	51	
Bibb County	.5		Mobile County	2	
Butler County			Monroe County		
Calhoun County	50		Montgomery County	54	
Chambers County			Morgan County	3	
Cherokee County	6		Pickens County	16	
Chilton County	3		Pike County	6	
Cleburne County	6		Shelby County	6	, ,
Coffee County	1		St. Clair County	12	
Colbert County	1		Sumter County	1	
Coosa County	6		Talladega County	99	
Covington County	4		Tuscaloosa County	8	
Cullman County	8		Washington County	3	
Dale County	25				
DeKalb County	2		Total	925	4
Etowah County	10		 		
Favette County	1		Nevada (Feb. 1-28):		i
Greene County	1		Elko County	8	
Jefferson County	472	3	Nye County	3	
Lamar County	6		Washoe County	1	l
Lauderdale County	4				
Lee County	5		Total	12	l

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
kron, Ohio	26		Jacksonville, Fla	1	
lton, Ill.	17		Janesville, Wis	5	l
nderson, Ind	8		Kalamazoo, Mich	2	
nn Arbor, Mich			Kansas City, Mo	41	
nniston, Ala			Knoxville, Tenn		
tlanta, Ga			Kokomo, Ind	ĭ	
Saltimore, Md			La Crosse, Wis		
Barre, Vt			La Fayette, Ind		
Battle Creek, Mich			Leavenworth, Kans	3	
Birmingham, Ala			Lima, Ohio		
			Lincoln, Nebr	ż	
Butte, Mont			Little Rock, Ark	11	
anton, Ohio		•••••		2	
edar Rapids, Iowa		• • • • • • • • • •	Lorain, Ohio	1	
harlotte, N. C		•••••	Los Angeles, Cal		• • • • • • • • •
hicago, Ill		•••••	Louisville, Ky	8	
incinnati, Ohio			Macon, Ga	1	4 ½
leveland, Ohio			Madison, Wis	1	
linton, Iówa			Memphis, Tenn		
offeyville, Kans	3		Michigan City, Ind	14	
olorado Springs, Colo	1		Milwaukee, Wis	12	
	10		Minneapolis, Minn	20	
ouncil Bluffs, Iowa	20		Mishawaka, Ind	1	
allos Tex			Missoula, Mont	1	
Pallas, Tex			Mobile, Ala	5	
ayton, Ohio			Moline III	2	
es Moines, Iowa			Montgomery, Ala	5	
etroit. Mich.			Muncie, Ind	ä	
belone, Mich			Muskegon, Mich		
ubuque, Iowa			Muskogee, Okla	ĭ	
ast Chicago, Ind	i		Nashville, Tenn		
l Paso, Tex		• • • • • • • • • •	New Britain, Conn	ĭ	
lwood, Ind		•••••			
rie, Pa			New Castle, Ind	ĝ	
vansville, Ind			New Orleans, La New York, N. Y		
lint, Mich	6		New York, N. Y	1	
ort Wayne, Ind	11		Norfolk, Va	1	
ort Worth, Tex	16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	North Little Rock, Ark	1	
resno, Cal	4 1		Oakland, Cal		
alesburg, Ill	26		Oklahoma City, Okla	29	
rand Forks, N. Dak	8		Omaha, Nebr	53	
rand Rapids, Mich			Oshkosh, Wis	2	
arrisburg, Pa			Parkersburg, W. Va	1	
artford, Conn	2		Peoria, Ill	6	
attiesburg, Miss	ĩ		Pittsburgh, Pa	6	
BUILDSUUIK, MISS	63		Pontiac, Mich.	2.1	

SMALLPOX-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918—Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Pueblo, Colo	2 1 4 1 2 10 15 2 27		San Francisco, Cal	4 1 4 5 7 5 12 5 1 12 4	

TETANUS.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

There were reported during the week ended March 23, 1918, three deaths from tetanus; one each at Cincinnati, Ohio, Mobile, Ala., and New Orleans, La.

TUBERCULOSIS.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 558.

TYPHOID FEVER.

State Reports for February, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama: Colbert County Conecuh County Cullman County Etowah County Fayette County Franklin County Houston County Lamar County Lamar County Madison County Mobile County Monigomery County Pike County Washington County Total California: Alameda County Colusta County Fresno County Fresno County Fresno County Fresno Lounty Bawley Calexico Los Angeles County Los Angeles	1 1 1 1 32 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 52	Riverside	1 1 1 7 2 2

TYPHOID FEVER—Continued. City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

Altoona, Pa.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Barmingham, Ala.	Altoons, Pa	1		Lowell, Mass	1	
Barmingham, Ala.		l ī		Macon, Ga	ī	
Barmingham, Ala		l ī		Manchester, N. H.	2	
Barmingham, Ala.	Atlantic City. N. J	1 2		McKeesport, Pa.	5	
Barmingham, Ala	Anetin Tax	-	1	Milwankee Wis		
Morgantown, W. Va	Rallimora Wd		1 1	Minneanolie Minn		1 :
Morgantown, W. Va	Damingham Ala	1 1	1 1	Moline III		:
Strockline, Mass 1	Poston Moss		•	Morgantown W Vo	•	1 .
Suffalo, N. Y	Dustuli, mass		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Morgantown, W. Va	1 .	
Darleston, W. Va. 1	Brookiine, Mass	1 1	•••••	New Bedierd, Mass	3	
Darleston, W. Va. 1	Bunaio, N. I	1	Z	Newburgh, N. 1	10	
Tantanoga, Tenn	narieston, 8. C	1		New Orleans, La	2	1
Jancinani, Onio 2	harleston, W. Va	1		Newton, Mass	1	
Jancinani, Onio 2	hattanooga, Tenn	1		New York, N. Y	4	8
Jancinnati, Onio. 2	Thicago, Ill	8	2	Norristown, Pa	. 1	
Seleveland, Ohio 2	incinnati, Ohio	2	1	Uakiand, Cal	1 1	
Columbia S. C.	Eleveland, Ohio	2	l	Philadelphia, Pa	2	1
Dovington, Ky	Columbia, S. C	1	l	Pittsburgh, Pa	6	1 1
Duluth, Minn	ovington, Ky.	1		Pontiac, Mich	1	
Duluth, Minn	umberland, Md	1		Portland Me	1	17
Duluth, Minn	Denver, Colo	ī		Portland, Oreg.	î	В
Duluth, Minn	Detroit, Mich	4	1 2	Pueblo Colo	1	9
Duluth, Minn	Dubuque Tows	Ē.	_		ĵ,	7
Saginaw Mich Saginaw Mich Saginaw Mich Sak Citago, Ind Sat Crange, N. J Sat Lake City, Utah Sak Citago, Ohio Sak Crange, N. J San Francisco, Cal Schenetady, N. Y Superior, Wis Superior, Wis Syracuse, N. Y Syracuse, N.	minth Winn	ĭ		Rock Island III	ĩ	
Sat Crange, N. J. 1 Salt Lake City, Utah 1 Sandusky, Ohio. 1 Sandusky, N. Y. 1 Sandusky, N. Y. 1 Sandusky, N. Y. 1 Sandusky, N. Y. 1 Superior, Wis. 1 Superior, Wis. 1 Superior, Wis. 1 Superior, Mass. 1 Sandusky, Ohio. 1 Sandusky, Ohio. 1 Sandusky, Ohio. 1	act Chicam Ind	Ė		Coginery Mich	1	
Ilizabeth, N. J.	ast Orango, Illu	,		Salt Take City IItah	- 4	
San Francisco, Cal.	lisabath N T			Conductor Obio		
Schenetady, N. Y				Sandusky, Onlo		1
Superior, wis Superior, wis Superior, wis Superior, wis Syracuse, N. Y. 3	awoou, ma			San Francisco, Cal		1
Superior, wis Superior, wis Superior, wis Superior, wis Syracuse, N. Y. 3	reen bay, wis	•••••••	_ <u> </u>	Schenectady, N. 1		
Superior, wis Superior, wis Superior, wis Superior, wis Syracuse, N. Y. 3	ammona, ina	2		Somerville, Mass	1	
Taunton, Mass	averniii, Mass	1		Superior, Wis		
Taunton, Mass	oboken, N. J	1		Syracuse, N. Y	3	
Idianapolis, Ind	Olvoka, Mass	11		Taunton, Mass	1]	
anosha Wig	ndianapolis, Ind	1		Toledo Obio		. 1
anosha Wig	ansas City, Kans	3		Washington, D. C	1	
a Crosse, Wis	enosha. Wis	1 1		Washington, Pa	2	
orain, Ohio	a Crosse, Wis	ī	1	Wheeling, W. Va.	2	1
	orain, Ohio.	i il		Wilmington, Del	īl	
os Angeles, Cal	os Angeles, Cal	<u>ā</u>		Winston-Salem, N. C.		
ouisville, Ky 1	misvilla Kv		· · · · · · i	,	- 1	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS. State Reports for February, 1918.

For the month of February, 1918, there were reported in Alabama 35 cases of diphtheria, 1,345 cases of measles, and 28 cases of scarlet fever; in California, 262 cases of diphtheria, 5,299 cases of measles, and 407 cases of scarlet fever; in Nevada, 8 cases of measles and 24 cases of scarlet fever.

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918.

	Popula- tion as of July 1,	Total	Di the	Diph- theria.		Measles.		rlet er.	Tuber- culosis.	
City.	1916. (Estimated by U. S. Census Bureau.)	deaths from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Over 500,000 inhabitants: Baltimore, Md Boston, Mass Chicago, Ill Cleveland, Ohio Detroit, Mich Los Angeles, Cal New York, N. Y Philadelphis, Pa Pittsburgh, Pa St. Louis, Mo	589, 621 756, 476 2, 497, 722 674, 073 571, 784 503, 812 5, 602, 841 1, 709, 518 579, 090 757, 309	893 210 241 135 2, 246 796 228 252	9 89 116 18 60 32 267 58 21	3 17 10 31 9 3	420 192 61 19 37 195 1,562 525 139 119	2 2 1 1 41 3	11 35 51 8 53 10 153 50 12 30	1 1 1 3 1	32 79 393 33 49 31 320 118 43 48	43 32 103 31 30 24 300 105 16

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918-Continued.

	Popula- tion as of	Total	Diph	theria.	Mea	asles.		arlet ver.		ber- osis.
City.	July 1, 1916. (Es- timated by U. S. Census Bureau.)	deaths from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 300,000 to 500,000 inhabitants:										
Buffalo, N. Y	468, 558	144	11	3 2 1	84	ļ;	. 8	ļ	. 27	17 26 12
Jersey City. N. J.	410, 476 306, 345	160 137	10 15	1 1	25 61	1 2	7 16		24	26
Milwaukee, Wis	436, 535	127	5	1	281	2 2	45	i	22	7
Minneapolis, Minn	363, 454	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	14	1	28	1	16	1	J	ļ <u>.</u>
New Orleans La	408,894 371,747	129	23 12	·····	369	8	26	1	39 48	20 23 13
New Orleans, La	463,516	175	16		124	2	14		30	13
Seattle, Wash	348, 639				62	3	ł	1	11	5 22
Washington, D. C From 200,000 to 300,000 inhabit- ants:	363,980	211	9	•••••	510	2	41	. 1	17	22
Columbus, Ohio	214,878	74			31	l	18		9	8
Thinway Colo	260,800	79	6	•••••	211		40			19
Mdianapolis, Ind. Louisville, Ky. Portland, Oreg. Providence, R. I. Rochester, N. Y. St. Paul, Minn.	271,708 238,910	- 90 98	20 7		65 13		31	1	14	10
Portland, Oreg	295, 463	58	3	•••••	281		7		16	5
Providence, R. I	254,960	87	10	1	51		9			17 5 8 7
Rochester, N. Y	256, 417 247, 232	77	6 35	1	59	1	16	1	11	7
From 100,000 to 200,000 inhabit-	221,202	64	33	- 1	26		41	2	18	′
ants:						1				
Atlanta, Ga	190,558	51	5 4	• • • • • • •	17	• • • • • • •	2		7 7	7 8 5 5
Bridgeport, Conn	181,762 121,579	56 77	11	····i	33 9	ıi	3	•••••	1 4	5
Cambridge, Mass	112,981 1	29			57	ĩ	6		4	5
Birmingham, Ala. Bridgeport, Conn Cambridge, Mass. Camden, N. J. Dallas, Tex.	106, 233 124, 527		2		24		5 1		4	i
Dayton, Ohio	127, 224	11	3		40 43	1	5	• • • • • •	3	5
Des Moines, Iowa			8 2 3 3 4	i	10.		13	i		
Fall Biver, Mass	128,366	54	3	4	3	• • • • • •	2	•••••	11	6
Grand Rapids, Mich	128, 291	30 45	5	1 2	14	•••••	10	9	6	
Hartford, Conn	110,900	52	5 3 2		5		8		9	2
Des Moines, Iowa. Fall Biver, Mass Fort Worth, Tex. Grand Rapids, Mich Hartford, Conn. Houston, Tex Lawrence, Mass	101, 598 128, 366 104, 562 128, 291 110, 900 112, 307 100, 560 113, 245	41	2		34		· -		9	52 4 3 1 2 13 8 4 5 6 5 1 7
Lowell, Mass. Lynn, Mass. Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn.	113, 245	32 40	1 6	i	16 8	1	3		67	3
Lynn, Mass		33	5	ī	21		3 7		4	2
Memphis, Tenn	148,995 117,057	74	12	•••••	23		7	•••••	29	13
New Bedford, Mass	118, 158	57 48	2		.9 10		1 2	•••••	3 12	. 8
New Haven, Conn	149,685	56	3		1				15	5
Oakland, Cal	198,604	56		•••••	45		6		11	6
Reading, Pa.	165,470 109,381	48 29	3 9	1 5	20 50		9 10	•••••	•••••	1
Richmond, Va	156,687	55	9	ĭ	42 27		11		8	7
New Bedford, Mass. New Haven, Conn Oakland, Cal. Omaha, Nebr Reading, Pa Richmond, Va Salt Lake City, Utah. Scranton, Pa Springfield, Mass.	117,399	38	5	•••••	27		18	1	•••••	3 5 4
Springfield, Mass	146,811 105,942	45 39	3 5	1	3 25	····i	8		4	4
Syracuse, N. Y Tacoma, Wash Toledo, Ohio	155,624	46	8 .		200	3	12		8	6
Tacoma, Wash	112,770		1	•••••	.81		31			•••••
Trenton, N. J.	111.593	77 51		•••••	18		11	•••••	52 12	10 7
Trenton, N. J	155, 624 112, 770 191, 554 111, 593 163, 314		5	2	13		4		7	4
From 50,000 to 100,000 inhabitants:	1	- 1	- 1	1	-	- 1	- 1	- 1	- 1	
Akron, Ohio	85,625 .		9 .		18		8 .		3	
Altoona, Pa.	58,659		6 .		8].				1].	
Atlantic City, N. J	57,660				18		· · · · · · ¦ ·		5	1 3
Bayonne, N. J.	50, 245 69, 893	28 .	2		140		2		'''i'.	
Berkeley Cal Binghamton, N. Y.	57,653 53,973	13	2 1 1		4 .		3			
	53,973	22	1	1	9 .	•••••	6 .	•••••	2	3
Canton, Ohio.	60, 852	14 13	1 :		13 .		5 .		2	····i
Charleston, S. C.	60,734	31	î	i	2 .	1 .				3
Canton, Ohio Charleston, S. C. Chattanooga, Tenn Covington, Ky Duluth, Minn	67, 449 60, 852 60, 734 60, 075 57, 144 94, 495 86, 690	7 .	···i		10 .		···i		1 2 5	1 3 3 7 4 5
Duluth, Minn	94, 495	30 24 41	6 .	i	12 .		1		5	4
Elizabeth, N. J	86,690	41	4 1.		47		1	1	ıĭl	5

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918—Continued.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916.	Total deaths	1 -	theria.	Me	asles.	Sc.	arlet ver.	Tu	iber- osis.
City.	(Estimated by U. S. Census Bureau.)	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 50,000 to 100,000 inhabit-										
ants—Continued: El l'aso, Tex Erle, Pa Evansville, Ind Flint, Mich Fort Wayne, Ind Harrisburg, Pa Hoboken, N. J Holyoke, Mass Jacksonville, Fla Johnstown, Pa Kansas City, Kans Lancaster, Pa Little Rock, Ark Malden, Mass Manchester, N. H Mobile, Ala New Britain, Conn Norlok, Va Oklahoma City, Okla Passalc, N. J Pawtucket, R. I Peoria, Ill Portland, Me Pueblo, Colo Rockford, Ill Sacramento, Cal Saginaw, Mich St. Joseph, Mo San Diego, Cal Savannah, Ga Schenectady, N. Y Somerville, Mass South Bend, Ind Springfield, Ill Springfield, Ill Springfield, Ill Springfield, Ill Springfield, Ill Troy, N. Y Wichita, Kans Wilkes-Barre, Pa Wilmington, Del Yorkers, N. Y York, Pa From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabit- ants: Alameda, Cal Austia, Tex	63,705	34	1		19	l			l	8
Erie, Pa	63,705 75,195	33 35	4	1	16		7		10	8 5 3
Flint. Mich	76,078 54,772	35 26	5 7 8 2 4		11	•••••	7 2 3 2		8 2	1
Fort Wayne, Ind	54,772 76,183 72,015 77,214	24	8				2			1
Harrisburg, Pa Hoboken, N. J	72,015 77,214	38	4	2	27 8		5		10 10	1 4
Holyoke, Mass	65, 286	26 24 38 37 21 29 25	<u>i</u> .	<u>i</u> -	8 3 13 1 2		3		L	1 5 4 1 2
Johnstown, Pa	76, 101 68, 529	29 25	7 1	1	13		10		34	i
Kansas City, Kans	99, 437			•••••	2		3	1	7	
Little Rock, Ark	50, 853 57, 343	17	1	•••••	40	•••••	4			·····i
Malden, Mass	57, 343 51, 155	17 13	1 5	2	7 9		3		4	1 2 2 2
Mobile, Ala	78, 283 58, 221	27 20	1	•••••	41	•••••		•••••	12	2 2
New Britain, Conn	53, 794	16	2	•••••	27		8 2			
Oklahoma City. Okla	89,612 92,943	18	2 1 1	•••••	īi	•••••	1		•••••	5
Passaic, N. J.	71,744	26	4	•••••	4				4	1 5 4 2 2
Peoria, Ill	59,411 71,458	24	····i·	•••••	3 10	2	•••••	•••••		2 2
Portland, Me	71,458 63,867	24 17	1		7		1 2 1			
Rockford, III	54,462 55,185	12 20	1	• • • • • • •	34	•••••	1		3	
Sacramento, Cal	66, 895	12 20 21 25 31 21 24 21 24			34 59		3 2		3 1	2 4 3 3 1 3
Saginaw, Mich	55, 642 85, 236	25 31		····i	3 7	•••••	2		····i	3
San Diego, Cal	85, 236 53, 330	21	5 3		101	i	4		5	ï
Schenectady, N. Y.	68, 805 99, 519	24 21	····i		17	•••••	g	•••••	3 8	. 3
Somerville, Mass	87,039	24	8		17 31		3 5		3	4
South Bend, Ind	68, 946 61, 120	14 17	1	•••••	28 65	•••••	3	•••••	•	
Springfield, Ohio	51,550 66,083		1		3 2				4	2 2 4 3
Terre Haute, Ind	66, 083 77, 916	16 24	5	•••••	8	••••••	1 10	•••••	5	4 3
Wichita, Kans	70, 722				42	i	3		4	•••••
Wilkes-Barre, Pa	76, 776 94, 265	31 58	8		28 58	••••••	3 7 2		1	7
Yonkers, N. Y	99,838		î	i	15		1		1	ż
From 25 000 to 50 000 inhabit.	51,656	32		•••••	17	•••••	1	•••••	14	•••••
ants:		1	_					- 1	_ [
ants: Alameda, Cal	27, 732 34, 814	18	3	•••••	12	••••••	2	•••••	I.	1 5
Battle Creek, Mich	29,480	7	7	2	65		3			•••••
Brookling Mass	32, 985 32, 730	7 9		• • • • • •	1 48		····i	•••••	3	••••
Burlington, Iowa		6					î			•••••
Butter, Pa.	27,632 43,425	11 29	5 2	1	35		13		•••••	1
Cedar Rapids, Iowa	43,425 37,308						7			•••••
Charleston, W. Va	29,941 39,823	7 22	3	•••••	14				5	•••••
Chelsea, Mass	40. 192	24	3		42		i		2	••••
Chicopee, Mass	29,319 27,386	6	3 -	•••••	1 42		1 2	•••••	3	2
Colorado Springs, Colo	32.971	17	3		38 .				3	5
Council Bluffs Town	34,611 . 31,484	••••••	8	•••••	4		5	•••••	1 .	••••
Cranston, R. I.	25,987	6			4		3			•••••
Cumberland, Md	26,074 32,261	10 10	······ ·	•••••	123		11		3	1 1
Davenport, Iowa	48.811 .				4 3		12			
Dubuque, Iowa	39,873 . 25,061	5	•••••		3	····				2
East Chicago, Ind.	28,743	12			7					î
Brookine, Mass Burlington, Iowa Butler, Pa Butte, Mont Cedar Rapids, Iowa Charleston, W. Va Charlotte, N. C Chelsea, Mass Chicopee, Mass Cinton, Iowa Colorado Springs, Colo Columbia, B. C Council Bluffs, Iowa Cranston, R. I Cumberland, Md Danville, Ill Davenport, Iowa Dubuque, Iowa Durham, N. C East Chicago, Ind Easton, Pa East Orange, N. J	30, 530 42, 458	18	1 -		17				1 -	••••
-mor viamer, it. a	- OUT (· · · · · •							

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918—Continued.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916.	Total deaths	_	theria.	Mea	sles.		arlet vor.		ubėr- losis.
City.	(Estimated by U. S. Census Bureau.)	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabit- ants—Continued										
T31 T11	28, 203	12	ļ	ļ	. 8		2			.
Elmira, N. Y	38, 120		. 1		52		1		6	
Eigm, III Elmira, N. Y Evanston, III Everett, Mass Everett, Wash	28, 591 39, 233	6	4		18		1 4		5	· ····•
Everett, Wash	35, 486	2	J				ļ <u>.</u>			
Fitchburg, Mass	41,781	14			···; <u>.</u> .					· -
Fresno, Cal	34, 958 41, 863	5 18			17					·····;
Green Bay. Wis.	29,353	9								1 1
Everett, Wasn Fitchburg, Mass Fresno, Cal Galveston, Tex Green Bay, Wis. Hagerstown, Md Hammond, Ind Haverhill, Mass	25,679				1		1			ļ <u> </u>
Hammond, Ind	26, 171	12 16			1 21	• • • • • •	5	····i	3	·
Jackson, Mich	48, 477 35, 363	13	.4		10		23		ı	·····i
Jamestown, N. Y	36,580	17	2							ļ <u>-</u>
Kalamazoo, Mich	48, 886	30	2 7	• • • • • •	3 5		•••••		. 3	4
Jackson, Mich. Jamestown, N. Y. Kalamazoo, Mich. Kenosha, Wis. Knoxville, Tenn La Crosse, Wis.	31,576 38,676	8	1 1	•••••	6		4		2	
La Crosse, Wis	31,677	3	i							ĩ
Lexington, Ky	41,097	20	1		12		•••••		1	2 1 3 2
Lima, Unio	35, 384 46, 515	15 17	3 4		10	•••••	8	····i		2
Long Beach, Cal	27, 587	12	ī		26				1	
Lexington, Ky Lima, Ohio Lincoln, Nebr Long Beach, Cal Lorain, Ohio	27, 587 36, 964						1			•••••
	32,940	11 20	2		15 5		····i	•••••	3 2	i
Macon, Ga Madison, Wis McKeesport, Pa Medford, Mass Moline, Ill	45, 757 30, 699	20 16	i	····i	3		1	····i	2	3
McKeesport, Pa	47, 521		1		19					
Medford, Mass	28, 234	.8	4		6		3		•••••	•••••
Montclair, N. J.	27, 451 26, 318	11 4	•••••		25 78				1	•••••
Montclair, N. J. Montgomery, Ala.	43, 285	21			iĭ		1			
Mount vernon, N. 1	37,009	11	2		5		1 1		2	·····i
Muncie, Ind Muskegon, Mich Muskogee, Okla Nashua, N. H. Newburgh, N. Y. New Castle, Pa Newport, Ky. Newport, R. I. Newton, Mass. Niagara Falls, N. Y. Norristown, Pa Norwalk Conn	25, 424	8 11		•••••	4		- 1		1	1
Muskogee, Okla	26, 100 44, 218				10					•••••
Nashua, N. H.	27, 327		3		•••••		5		ا-ي	1 3
New Castle Pa	29,603 41,133	11	1	•••••	6 10	•••••	i	• • • • • •	3	3
Newport, Ky	31 927	9	1						2	•••••
Newport, R. I	30, 108 43, 715 37, 353	3 7	1				3			
Newton, Mass	43,715	7 7	1 .	•••••	23	2	1 5	•••••	1 1	2
Norristown, Pa	31,401	12	2		ĭ				1	2 1 2 1
Norwalk, Conn Oak Park, Ill Orange, N. J Oshkosh, Wis	26,899 .		2 .		6				i	1
Oranga N I	26,654	12	4	•••••	34 56	•••••[•	···i	1	1 2	••••••
Oshkosh, Wis	33,080 36,065	• 7			30		<u>.</u> . J		4	1 2 3
	46, 450	18			248				1	3
Petersburg Vo	41, 185 25, 582	15	1 -		25 9		1	•••••	3	i
Perth Amboy, N. J. Petersburg, Va. Pittsfield, Mass.	38,629	19	1 .	···i	1		5			2
Portsmouth, Va. Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	39,651	17	2		15		2 :			2 1
Quincy, Ill.	30, 390 . 36, 798	;;-	1	1	58 . 6 .		1		1	•••••
Quincy, Mass	38, 136	11 18	1 .		73		6			3
Quincy, Mass	45, 486	11			33 .		9			3 2 3
Roanoke, Va	43, 284	16 12	! -		55 .	-	2		2	3
Salem. Mass	28, 923 48, 562	23	3 .		45 . 30 .		٠ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		3	·····2
Roanoke, Va. Rock Island, Ill Salem, Mass. San Jose, Cal.	38,902				28 .					
Sheboygan, Wis.	28,559	7 .	-		4 -		-		1	i
Stockton, Cal	27, 445 35, 358	22 .		•••••	3 . 58 .				3	••••
Superior, Wis	48, 226 36, 283	11					4 .			i
Taunton, Mass	36, 283	16 .				-	·····		3	2
Steubenville, Ohio Stockton, Cal Superior, Wis Taunton, Mass Topeka, Kans. Wato, Text	48, 726 33, 385	18		••••	63 . 11 .		20 .			••••
Waltham, Mass	30,570	14					!			2

City Reports for Week Ended Mar. 23, 1918-Continued.

•	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916.	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Me	sles.		ver.	Tu	ber- osis.
City.	July 1, 1916. (Estimated by U. S. Census Bureau.)	from all causes.	Casés.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants—Continued.										
watertown, N. Y. Weet Hoboken, N. J. Wheeling, W. Va. Williamsport, Pa. Wilmington, N. C. Winston-Salem, N. C. Woonsocket, R. I. Zanesville, Ohio	29,894	l	l		98		ļ		ļ	l
West Hoboken, N. J	43, 139	.3	2	ļ	. 9		1		2	
Williamsport Pa	43,377 33,809	13 11	li		15 1				2	
Wilmington, N. C	29,892	12			11				1	
Winston-Salem, N. C	31, 155	16	3	i	24		····i		3	l
Zanesville, Ohio	44,360 30,863	12		l		J	ļ <u>.</u>			····
TOTAL TO,000 to 40,000 III HUNDINGHING	2		١.	١.	l	-				
Alton, III	22,874 23,996	19 8	1 2	1	3		2 2		····i	l
Anderson, Ind	15,010 14,112	13	5		43		ļ <u>.</u>		1	
Anniston, Ala	14,112	<u>2</u>	·····i		22	·····			3	
Bedford, Ind	12, 169 10, 349	1	1	•••••						
Berlin, N. H. Braddock, Pa	13.599	3					ļ			
Braddock, Pa	21,685 15,794	8 7			1				1	
Cairo, Ill. Chillicothe, Ohio	15, 470	3	5		1 5		3			
Clinton, Mass	13,075	6			8 5		ĭ			!
Coffeyville, Kans	17,548	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· · · · · ·	5					
Clinton, Mass. Coffeyville, Kans. Dover, N. H. Elkhart, Ind. Riwood, Ind. Fargo, N. Dak. Colorburg III	13,272 21,858,	6		• • • • • •					i	
Elwood, Ind	11,028	4			3					
Fargo, N. Dak	17,389	2 7	2		8				1	
Grand Forks N Dok	24,276 15,837	7	2	• • • • • •	26 1		3			• • • •
Greenville, S. C	18, 181	1							3	
Galesburg, III. Grand Forks, N. Dak. Greenville, S. C. Hackensack, N. J. Hattiesburg, Miss. Janesville, Wis.	16,945		1		1		1			
Hattiesburg, Miss	16,482	3	1	• • • • •	1		3		1	
Kearny, N. J.	14,339 23,539	9		• • • • • • •	27		3		3	
Kokomo, Ind	20,930	7			27 7		1			
La Fayette, Ind Leavenworth, Kans	21,286 19,363	8 21		i	12		1			
Marinette Wig	14,610	1			12		2		• • • • • •	
Martinsburg, W. Va	12,666				1					
Melrose, Mass	17,445	6	1		4					• •
Mishawaka, Ind	21,512 16,385	7							2 1	
Missoula, Mont	16,385 18,214	4								
Melrose, Mass Miehigan City, Ind Mishawaka, Ind. Missoula, Mont. Morgantown, W. Va Morristown, N. J. Moundsville, W. Va Nanticoke, Pa New Albany. Ind Newburyport, Mass Newcastle, Ind New London, Conn	13,709	6							2	• • • •
Moundsville, W. Va.	13,284 11,153	4 5			1				2	
Nanticoke, Pa	23,126	14	1		3		6			
New Albany. Ind	23,629 15,243	10	. 1							
Newcastle, Ind	13,243	4 3	• • • • •			• • • • •			1	
New London, Conn North Adams, Mass. North Little Rock, Ark	20,985	9			1	1	1		1	
North Adams, Mass	22,019 14,907	8	• • • • • •				····i		• • • • • •	
Northampton, Mass.	19,926	7					1		2	• • • •
Northampton, Mass. Parkersburg, W. Va. Plainfield, N. J.	20,612	5			1		1			
Plainfield, N. J Pontiac, Mich	23, 805 17, 534	8 13		•••••	11 6		17		1 3	
Portsmouth, N. H.	11,668	19			6		7		•	
Richmond, Ind	24.697	8							4	
Rocky Mount, N. C	12,067	3 7		•••••	2		•••••	· · · · · ·	4	
Rutland, Vt	14,831 20,193	6		•••••					i	
Sandusky, Ohio	13, 821	7			i				î	
	10,965	.3		•••••				[2	
Steelton Pa	21,365 15,548	15 1	•••••	•••••	5	•••••	1	•••••	7	
Spartanburg, S. C. Steelton, Pa. Washington, Pa.	21,618				115					
Wilkinsburg, Pa	23, 228	17	1		28	•••••	•••••		1	
Woburn, Mass	15,969	2		•••••		• • • • • • •	•••••		•••••	

FOREIGN.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER. Reports Received During Week Ended Apr. 12, 1918.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Bombay. Karachi Madras.	Jan. 6-26 Dec. 30-Jan. 26 Jan. 20-26	126 25 10	103 6 4	
	PLA	GUE.		
Ceylon: Colombo	Jan. 13–19 Jan. 5–19 Jan. 5–26 Jan. 5–19 Dec. 30–Jan. 26 Jan. 20–26	16 1,526	11 48 5 14 1,162	Jan. 6-26, 1918: Cases, 95,630; deaths, 76,273.
MyingyanProme Rangoon Toungoo.	Jan, 5-12do Jan. 6-26 Jan. 13-19	64	73 1 60 1	
	SMAL	LPOX.		
Brazil: Rio de Janeiro Canada:	Feb. 3–Mar. 9	73	41	
New Brunswick— Moncton Nova Scotia— Halifax Sydney	Mar. 25-30 Mar. 17-23 Mar. 25-30.	2 2 5		
Ontario— Ottawa Sarnia Quebec—	Mar. 25-31 Mar. 24-30	1 2		
MontrealChina: AmoyShanghai	do	3	10	Present. Cases, foreign; deaths, native.
TientsinIndia: BombayMadrasRangoon	Feb. 18–23 Jan. 6–26 Jan. 20–26 Jan. 6–26	3 132 27 6	39 5 2	
Italy: Milan Mexico: Ciudad Juarez	Dec. 1-31	15		
Mexico City	Mar. 3-9	9		Varioloid.
Coruna	Jan. 20-Feb. 23 Dec. 1-31 Jan. 1-31		5 12 20	

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

Reports Received During Week Ended Apr. 12, 1918—Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Great Britain: Belfast	Mar. 3-9do	1 5 2 110 37	1	Sept. 10, 1917-Jan. 13, 1918: Cases, 4,158; deaths, 854. To Jan. 13, 1918: Cases, 37; deaths, 10.

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1918.

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
AntungIndia:	Nov. 26-Dec. 2	3	1	1
Bombay	Oct. 28-Dec. 15	19	14	
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 5	74	67	1
Calcutta	Sept. 16-Dec. 15 Dec. 30-Jan. 12		92	}
DoMadras	Nov. 25-Dec. 22	2	14	
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 12	3	3	i
Rangoon	Nov. 4-Dec. 22	5	5	
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 5	1	1	1
Indo-China:	į	1	l	G
Provinces	Sept. 1-Nov. 30			Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 152;
AnamCambodia	dodo	18 72	13 52	deaths, 89.
Cochin-China	do	50	22	l .
Saigon	Nov. 22-Dec. 9	4	3	
Kwang-Chow-Wan	Sept. 1-30	10	2	
Java:	0.4.00.37	_	_	
East Java	Oct. 28-Nov. 3	1	1	Oct 10 Dec 07 1017 Come 100
West Java Batavia	Oct. 19-Dec. 27	49	23	Oct. 19-Dec. 27, 1917; Cases, 102; deaths, 56. Dec. 28, 1917-Jan.
Datavia	Oct. 13-Dec. 21	75	20	10, 1918: Cases, 22; deaths, 9.
Persia:				10, 10101 04000, 2, 4001115, 0.
Mazanderan Province				July 30-Sept. 3, 1917: Cases, 384;
Achraf	July 30-Aug. 16	90	88	_deaths, 276.
Astrabad Barfrush	July 31			Present.
Chahmirzad	July 1-Aug. 16	39	25	25 cases reported July 31, 1917.
Chahrastagh	June 15-July 25	10	8	20 cases reported July 51, 1917.
Charoud	Aug. 26-Sept. 3	4	ž	
Damghan	Aug. 26			Present.
Kharek	May 28-June 11	21	13	
Meched	Aug. 18-Sept. 2	174	82	
Ouzoun Dare Sabzevar	Aug. 8	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	ນິດ. ກິດ.
Sari	July 3-29	273	144	70.
Semman	Aug. 31-Sept. 2	14	5	
Yekchambe-Bazar	June 3	6		
Philippine Islands:				
Provinces	N 10 Day 1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Nov. 18-Dec. 29, 1917: Cases,
Antique Do	Nov. 18-Dec. 1 Feb. 3-9	48	32	1,053; deaths, 693. Dec. 30, 1917-Feb. 9, 1918: Cases, 914;
Bohol	Nov. 18-Dec. 29	169	111	deaths, 546.
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 9	213	181	dentis, oto.
Capiz	Nov. 25-Dec. 29	27	21	•
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 9	121	101	•
Cebu	Dec. 23-29	3		
DoIloilo.	Dec. 30-Feb. 9 Nov. 25-Dec. 29	69 179	36 135	
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 9	82	53	-
Leyte	Nov. 25-Dec. 22	13	12	
Do	Feb. 3-9	9	8	

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1918—Continued.

CHOLERA—Continued.

	,			,
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Philippine Islands—Continued.		i	Į.	
Provinces—Continued. Mindanao	Nov 25 Dec 20	337	196	
Do	Nov. 25-Dec. 29 Dec. 30-Feb. 9 Nov. 25-Dec. 22	351	220	
Occidental Negros	Nov. 25-Dec. 22	351 177	123	1
D0	Jan. 13-Feb. 9 Nov. 25-Dec. 29 Dec. 30-Feb. 9 Nov. 25-Dec. 1	60	40]
Oriental Negros	Nov. 25-Dec. 29	99	62	
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 9	15 1	13 1	}
Romblon	110V.20-Dec.1	1 *		į
Bangkok	Sept. 16-22	. 1	1 1	
Turkey in Asia:	2000.20	1 -	_	1
Bagdad	Nov. 1-15		. 40	
	PLA	GUE.		
DII-		<u> </u>	Ī .	<u> </u>
Brazil: Bahia	Nov. 4-Dec. 15	4	4	
Do	Nov. 4-Dec. 15 Dec. 30-Jan. 12 Dec. 23-29	3	2	l
Rio de Janeiro	Dec. 23-29	Ĭ	l	
Do	Jan. 6-12	1	1	ł
British Gold Coast:		l	i	l
Axim	Jan. 8	[Present.
Ceylon: Colombo	Oct. 14-Dec. 1	14	13	
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 12	6	5	1
Ecuador			1	Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 68 deaths, 24. Reported outbreak occurring about Jan. 17, 1918.
GuayaquilDo	Sept. 1-30	3	1	deaths, 24. Reported outbreak
Ъо	Oct. 1-31	20	8	occurring about Jan. 17, 1918.
Do	Nov. 1-30	45	15	ł
EgyptAlexandria	Jan. 14-28	·····i	2	Jan. 1-Nov. 15, 1917: Cases, 728 deaths, 398.
Port Said	July 23-29	i	2	1 '
india	July 25-25	l	l	Sept. 16-Dec. 29, 1917; Cases.
Bassein	Dec. 9-29		8	Sept. 16-Dec. 23, 1917: Cases, 223,834; deaths, 174,743. Dec. 30, 1917-Jan. 5, 1918: Cases, 23,304; deaths, 22,677.
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 12 Oct. 28-Dec. 29	<u></u> .	3	30, 1917-Jan. 5, 1918: Cases,
Bombay	Oct. 28-Dec. 29	147	123	28,304; deaths, 22,677.
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 5	19	11	İ
Calcutta Do	Sept. 16–29 Dec. 30–Jan. 12		2 3	
Henzada	Oct 21-27		i	
Karachi	Oct. 21-27 Oct. 21-Dec. 29	27	20	
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 5 Oct. 31-Nov. 17	1		1
Madras Presidency	Oct. 31-Nov. 17	3,294	2,560	
Do	Jan. 6-12	2,784	2,124	1
MandalayDo	Oct. 14-Nov. 17 Dec. 30-Jan. 12 Dec. 30-Jan 5 Oct. 21-Dec. 22		89 236	
Myingyan	Dec. 30-Jan 5	•••••	37	
Rangoon	Oct. 21-Dec. 22		56	
Myingyan Rangoon Do	Dec. 30-38H. 3	15	14	Nov. 1-30, 1917: Cases, 37; deaths,
Toungoo	Dec. 9-29		5	34.
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 5		3	
Indo-China:				Sent 1-Nov 30 1017 Cocas 80
Provinces	Sept. 1-Nov. 30	28	25	Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 89; deaths, 68.
Cambodia.	do	39	28	
Cochin-China	do	22	15	
Saigon	Oct. 31-Dec. 23	17	6	
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 3	36	9	
Java:				Oct. 27-Dec. 23, 1917: Cases, 189;
East Java Surabaya West Java	Nov. 4-25	3	3	deaths. 186.
West Java				deaths, 186. Nov. 25-Dec. 9, 1917: Cases, 45;
				deaths, 45.
Peru				Dec. 1, 1917-Jan. 15, 1918: Cases,
Ancachs Department—	Dec 1 to 45	9		106.
Casma Lambayeque Department	Dec. 1-Jan. 15	2 22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	At Chiclayo, Ferrenase, Jayanca,
Lambayeque Department.	uv	22	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Lambaveque.
Libertad Department	do	72		Lambayeque. At Guadalupe, Mansiche, Pacas-
1				
				Pedro, and country district of Trujillo.
			1	Trunilo.
Lima Danari	a. I	اما		City and country
Lima Department Piura Department—	do	9,	•••••	City and country

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1918—Continued.

PLAGUE—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Senegal: St. Louis	Feb. 2	13	9	Present.
Singapore	Oct. 28-Dec. 29	5	7	*

SMALLPOX.

	1	1	1	1
Algeria:		1	I	1
Algiers	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	3	1	
Do	Jan. 1-31	2	1 .	ł
Australia:	Juli 1-01	1 -	1	i .
New South Wales	1	1	.1	July 12-Dec. 20, 1917: Cases, 36.
Abermain	Oct. 25-Nov. 29	3	1	Jan. 4-17, 1918: Cases, 1.
Cessnock	July 12-Oct. 11			Newcastle district.
Eumangla	Aug. 15	l i		The weastie district.
Kurri Kurri	Dec. 5-20	2		
Mungindi	Aug. 13	l ĩ		\$
Warren	July 12-Oct. 25	22		1
Do	Jan. 1-17	ī		1
Brazil:	J 4444. 1-17	•		
Bahia	Nov. 10-Dec. 8	3	I	i
Pernambuco	Nov. 1-15	ĭ	1	1
Rio de Janeiro	Sept. 30-Dec. 29	703	190	1
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 26	158	42	į
Sao Paulo	Oct. 29-Nov. 4	100	2	į
Canada:	000.20-1101. 1		_	
British Columbia—	į.	l	T	1
Vancouver	Jan. 13-Mar. 9	5	1	[
Victoria	Jan. 7-Feb. 2	2		[
Winnipeg	Dec. 30-Jan. 5	Ĩ		ĺ
New Brunswick—	200.00-3411.0	•		
Kent County	Dec. 4	1	i	Outbreak. On main line Cana-
ment county	200. 2			dian Ry., 25 miles north of
	1	l		Moncton.
Do	Jan. 22	40		In 7 localities.
Northumberland	do	41		In 5 localities.
County.		31		All o localities.
Restigouche County	Jan. 18	60		
St. John County—				
St. John	Mar. 3-9	2	1	
Victoria County	Jan. 22	10		At Limestone and a lumber
Westmoreland	Jan. 22	10		camp.
County—				camp.
Moneton	Jan. 20-Mar. 23	. 9	i i	
St. John	Mar. 17-23	ĭ		
York County	Jan. 22	Ŕ		
Nova Scotia-	•	۰		
Halifax	Feb. 24-Mar. 2	1	1	
Sydney	Feb. 3-Mar. 23	8		
Ontario—	100.0 11111.20			
Hamilton	Dec. 16-22.	1		
Do	Jan. 13-19	2		
Ottawa	Mar. 4-24	5		
Sarnia	Dec. 9-15	i		
Do	Jan. 6-Mar. 23	30		
Toronto	Feb. 10-16	1		
Windsor.	Dec. 30-Jan. 5	i	•••••	
Prince Edward Island—	Dec. 00-141. 0	•		
Charlottetown	Feb. 7-13	1		
Quebec—		•		
Montreal	Dec. 16-Jan. 5	5		
Do	Jan. 6-Mar. 9	7		
China:	Tun. V-Hai. V	•	•••••	
Amov	Oct. 22-Dec. 30		!	Present.
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 3	••••••		Do.
Antung	Dec. 2-23	13	2	~ • •
	Jan. 7-Feb. 17		2	
Do	Jan. 28-Feb. 3	5	í	
Changsha	Jan. 27-Feb. 9	• • • • • • • • •	1 1	Do.
Cheson		••••••	••••••	Do.
Chungking	Nov. 11-Dec. 29	• • • • • • • • •	•••••	
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 2	••••••		Do.
Dairen	Nov. 18-Dec. 22	3	1 1	
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 23l	25	1	

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1918—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China—Continued.				
HarbinDo	May 14-June 30 July 1-Dec. 2	20	••••••	Chinese Eastern Ry. Do.
Hongkong	Dec. 23-29	1		
Do	Dec. 23–29 Jan. 26–Feb. 9 Oct. 28–Nov. 4	6	1	Do.
Manchuria Station	May 14-June 30 July 1-Dec. 2	6		Do.
Do Mukden	Nov. 11-24	3		Do. Present.
Nanking	Feb. 3-16			Epidemic.
Shanghai	Nov. 18-Dec. 23	41	91	Cases, foreign; deaths among natives.
Do	Dec. 31-Feb. 10	33	92	Do.
SwatowTientsin	Jan. 18 Nov. 11-Dec. 22	13	İ	Unusually prevalent.
Do	Dec. 30-Feb. 9	14		
Tsingtau	Feb. 4-10	1		
Habana	Jan. 7	1		Nov. 8, 1917; 1 case from Coruna; Dec. 5, 1917, 1 case.
Marianao	Jan. 8	1		6 miles distant from Habana. Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917; Cases, 26;
Ecuador	Sept. 1–30 Oct. 1–31	.8		deaths, 2.
Do	Nov. 1-30	14 4	1 1	
Egypt:		2	I	
Alexandria	Nov. 12-18 Jan. 8-Feb. 28	5	1	
Cairo France:	July 23-Nov. 18	6	1	·
Lyon	Nov. 18-Dec. 16	6	3	
Do Marseille	Jan. 7–Feb. 17 Jan. 1–31	11	2 2	
Paris	Jan. 27-Feb. 23	2	- -	
Great Britain: Cardiff	Feb. 3-9	4		
Greece: Saloniki	Jan. 27-Feb. 9		7	
Honduras: Santa Barbara Department.	Jan. 1-7			Present in interior.
India: Bombay	Oct. 21-Dec. 29	50	12	
Do Karachi	Dec. 31-Jan. 5 Nov. 18-Dec. 29	26 4	5 2	Nov. 11-17, 1917: 10 cases with 4
	Nov. 15-Dec. 29			deaths; imported on s. s. Me- nesa from Basreh.
Madras	Oct. 31-Dec. 29	18 21	8 10	
DoRangoon	Dec. 30-Jan. 12 Oct. 28-Dec. 22	6	10	
Do	Dec. 30-Jan. 5	1		
Provinces				Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 546;
AnamCambodia	Sept. 1-Nov. 30do	163 16	25 8	deaths, 146.
Cochin-China	do Oct. 20–Dec. 30	353	108	
Saigon Do	Oct. 20-Dec. 30 Dec. 31-Feb. 3	120 188	26 63	•
Laos	Oct. 1-31	1		
Do Tenkin	Jan. 26-Feb. 3 Sept. 1-Oct. 31	1 9	1 4	
Do	Jan. 26-Feb. 3	3		
Italy: Castellamare	Dec. 10	2		Among refugees.
Florence	Dec 1-15	17	4	_
Genos Do	Dec. 2-31	11 30	3 2	
Leghorn. Messina	Jan. 7-Feb. 24 Jan. 3-19	30	6	
Milan				Oct. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 17.
Naples Taormina	To Dec. 10	6		Among refugees.
Turn	Jan. 20-Feb. 9 Oct. 29-Dec. 29 Jan. 21-Feb. 3	123	120	
Japan: Do	Jan. 21-Feb. 3	24	3	
Nagasaki	Jan. 14-27	3	1	Taking of Malmor (Managar)
Taihoku	Dec. 15-21 Jan. 8-Feb. 11	1 5	······2	Island of Taiwan (Formosa). Do.
Tokvo	Feb. 11-18	8		City and suburbs.
Yokohama	Jan. 17-Feb. 3	4 1		

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1918—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Java: East Java. Mid-Java. Samarang West Java Batavia. Mexico:	Oct. 7-Dec. 23 Nov. 6-Dec. 12 Nov. 2-8	50 4	i	Oct. 10-Dec. 26, 1917: Cases, 86; death, 1. Oct. 19-Dec. 27, 1917: Cases, 231; deaths, 36. Dec. 28, 1917-Jan. 10, 1918: Cases, 47; deaths, 4.
Aguascalientes Ciudad Juarez Mazatlan Do Mexico City Do Piedras Negras Vera Cruz Newfoundland: St. Johns Do Trepassey Philippine Islands: Manila Do Porto Rico: San Juan Portugal, Lisbon Do Portuguese East Africa: Lourenço Marques	Feb. 4-17. Mar. 3-9. Dec. 5-11. Jan. 29-Mar. 5. Nov. 11-Dec. 29. Dec. 30-Mar. 2 Jan. 11. Jan. 20-Mar. 2. Dec. 8-Jan. 4. Jan. 5-Mar. 15. Jan. 4. Oct. 28-Dec. 8. Jan. 13-Feb. 9. Jan. 28-Mar. 3. Nov 4-Dec. 15. Dec. 30-Feb. 22. Aug. 1-Dec. 31.	1 4 166 52 2000 7 29 35 5 12 23 2 4	3	Outbreak with 11 cases reported.
Russia: Archangel. Moscow. Petrograd. Siam: Bangkok Do. Spain: Coruna. Madrid. Seville. Straits Settlements: Singapore Do. Tunisia:	Sept. 1-Oct. 31 Aug. 26-Oct. 6 Aug. 31-Nov. 18 Nov. 25-Dec. 1 Jan. 6-12 Dec. 2-15 Oct. 1-Dec. 30 Nov. 25-Dec. 1 Dec. 30-Jan. 5	7 22 76 1 1	2 3 1 4 66 1	Jan. 1-Dec. 31, 1917: Deaths, 77.
Tunis Turkey in Asia: Bagdad. Union of South Africa: Cape of Good Hope State	Oct. 1-Dec. 31	28		Present in November, 1917.
East LiverpoolVenezuela: Maracaibo	Jan. 20-26 Dcc. 2-8	1	1	Varioloid.
	TYPHUS	FEVER	l.	
Australia: South Australia Brazil: Rio de Janeiro Canada:	Nov. 1-Dec. 31 Dec. 1-31 Oct. 28-Dec. 1	7	1	Nov. 11-17, 1917: one case.
Ontario— Kingston	Dec. 2-8	3 2 13 2	1 1 2	
Deville	1404. 1-20	I -	•••••••	

Reports Received from Dec. 29, 1917, to Apr. 5, 1918—Continued.

TYPHUS FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Egypt: Alexandria Do Cairo Port Said	Nov. 8-Dec. 28 Jan. 8-Feb. 25 July 23-Dec. 16 July 30-Nov. 11	57 223 137 5	15 54 70 5	
France: Marseille	Dec. 1-31		1	
Great Britain: Belfast	Feb. 10-Mar. 2 Dec. 21	15 1	2	
Do	Jan. 20-Feb. 23 Dec. 2-8	4		
Saloniki	Nov. 11-Dec. 29 Dec. 30-Jan. 19		72 11	
Japan: Nagasaki Do	Nov. 26-Dec. 16 Jan. 7-Feb. 17	5 8	5 2	
Java: East Java Surabaya	Dec. 17-23	6	i	Oct. 15-Dec. 23, 1917: Cases, 35 deaths, 6.
Mid-Java Samarang Do	Oct. 9-Dec. 26 Dec. 27-Jan. 2	20	2	Oct. 10-Dec. 26, 1917: Cases, 63 deaths, 2.
West Java	•••••••	1		Oct. 19-Dec. 27, 1917: Cases, 94 deaths, 17.
Batavia	Oct. 19-Dec. 27 Dec. 15	59	15 2	
Do Durango State— Guanacevi	Jan. 21-Feb. 10		14	Epidemic.
Mexico City	Feb. 11	476 491		Spideme.
Norway: Bergen Portugal:	Feb. 1-16	3		
Lisbon Oporto	Feb. 21do			Present. Epidemic. Dec. 24, 1917-Mar. 9 1918: About 250 cases reported
Russia: Archangel	Sept. 1-14 Aug. 26-Oct. 6	7 49	2 2	•
Petrograd Do	Aug. 31-Nov. 18 Feb. 2	32		Present.
Vladivostok		12 2	1	
Switzerland: BaselZurich	Jan. 6-19 Nov. 9-15	1 2	1	
Do Tunisia: Tunis.	Nov. 9-15 Jan. 13-19	2	1	
Do Turkey:	Nov. 30-Dec. 6 Feb. 9-15	2	1	
Albania— Janina Union of South Africa:	Jan. 27			Epidemic.
Cape of Good Hope State			•••••	Sept. 10-Nov. 25, 1917: Cases, 3,724 (European, 31; native, 3,693); deaths, 761 (European, 5; native, 756).
	YELLOW	FEVE		***************************************
EcuadorGuayaquilbo.	Sept1-30 Oct. 1-31	1 1	1	Sept. 1-Nov. 30, 1917: Cases, 5; deaths, 3.
Yaguachi Honduras:	Nov. 1-30	1	2	
TegucigalpaDo	Dec. 16–22 Jan. 6–19		1	