England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 95 great towns of England and Wales correspond to an annual rate of 11 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 17,639,881.

Ireland.—The deaths registered in 21 principal town districts correspond to an annual rate of 16.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,157,014. The lowest rate was recorded at Kilkenny, viz, 5, and the highest at Ballymena, viz, 32.1, per 1,000.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 18 principal towns correspond to an annual rate of 13.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 2,132,400. The lowest rate was recorded at Motherwell, viz, 2.5, and the highest at Greenock viz, 19.2, per 1,000. The total number of deaths from all causes was 560, including diphtheria 5, measles 8, scarlet fever 2.

ITALY—Genoa.—Two weeks ended July 31, 1912. Population 283,266. Total number of deaths from all causes 174, including diphtheria 1, tuberculosis 10, typhoid fever 3.

Two weeks ended August 15, 1912. Total number of deaths from all causes 151, including diphtheria 3, tuberculosis 33, typhoid fever 3.

MALTA.—Month of July, 1912. Population 212,332. Total number of deaths from all causes 445, including tuberculosis 17.

SPAIN—Almeria.—Month of July, 1912. Population 53,000. Total number of deaths from all causes 87, including measles 1, smallpox 3, tuberculosis 6, typhus fever 5.

Malaga.—Month of June, 1912. Population 132,000. Total number of deaths from all causes 314, including diphtheria 6, measles 10, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 3, tuberculosis 16, typhoid fever 3.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

RUPERT BLUE,
Surgeon General,
United States Public Health Service.

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