PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

A Working Plan for Colored Antituberculosis Leagues,

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There was published in the Public Health Reports of May 28, 1909, Volume XXIV, No. 22, a plan for the organization of colored antituberculosis leagues, which contemplated the organization of a league in each State, with a branch in every colored church.

Experience has shown that after such leagues are formed difficulty arises in getting to work in an effective way, because the work is new in character and those engaged in it have had but little, if any, experience. It is to meet this difficulty and supply a practical guide for the work of the leagues that this is written.

ORGANIZATION OF A STATE LEAGUE.

The object of the state league is to organize the church leagues, to bind them together and render more effective their work. The caring for patients and work of a similar character are properly the function of the church leagues.

There need be but little ceremony in organizing a state league. A few leading colored men and women, preferably from different parts of the State, but not necessarily so, meet and proceed to organize the state league.

The constitution and by-laws for state leagues should be adopted, followed by the election of a president, a secretary, and a treasurer.

It is desirable that the constitution and by-laws recommended in "The Plan" be adopted in all essential particulars, so that there will be uniformity in organization and work. They have been adopted in all the States that have organized thus far, and it is believed future organizations should also adopt them.

The president then appoints a committee, the president and secretary being members of it, to select a vice-president for each county in the State. (The plan contemplates that there shall be a vice-president for each county, whose duty it is to organize a branch league in each colored church in the county.)

The selection of the county vice-presidents should be made with a good deal of care. Suitable persons who will actively carry on the work should be chosen for these positions. The vice-presidents should be authorized to appoint one or more representatives in each community to help them organize the leagues in the churches and arouse interest in the work.

It can not be impressed too strongly on the vice-presidents that the success of the church leagues in their districts will depend upon the amount of attention given the work. The organization of a branch league in a church is merely the starting point; the real work is done after the organization is completed.

The president and secretary of the state league should call for regular reports from the county vice-presidents, showing the number of church leagues in their respective counties and a statement of

the work done in each.

If any of the church leagues are not prospering, the president or the secretary of the state league should visit or write to them and learn what is the trouble, and give needed advice and encouragement. Officers of the state league should consult frequently and freely with their state board of health and enlist its sympathy and aid in their work. The closer the leagues keep in touch with the health authorities the better will be the results obtained. Both the state and local health officers will be glad to give their best efforts to help along this work. They are in a position to do a great deal to assist both state and church leagues, and the leagues should work in harmony with them.

CHURCH BRANCH LEAGUES.

Organization.—In order that the members of the church in which it is proposed to organize the branch league may understand thoroughly the objects of the league, the minister or other competent person should explain clearly the purpose of the league and what it is expected to accomplish. He should inform them that relatively many more colored people die of consumption than white people; that very few colored people get well of the disease, partly because they do not know how to take care of themselves and partly because many neglect to do so; and that the object of the league is to teach the well how to preserve their health and prevent their contracting consumption and other diseases, and the sick how to regain their health. If too poor to take the necessary treatment, it is the purpose of the league to help its members to do so.

After the foregoing has been thoroughly explained, the church branch of the state league should be formed by the adoption of the constitution and by-laws given for church leagues in the plan of organization published in the Public Health Reports of May 28, 1909. After this has been done, the officers required by the by-laws should

be elected.

The secretary then takes the name and address of each of the members, and as soon as a member has paid his dues he is given the certificate of membership, properly filled out, and signed by the president and secretary of the church league.

The certificate of membership given to each person joining the league has printed on it information and instructions which, if fol-

lowed, will tend to protect the individual from consumption.

An attempt has been made to make the certificate large and attractive, and it is expected that the members will value it to such an extent that they will frame and hang it in a prominent place in the home, where it can be frequently seen, and that the sanitary maxims that it contains will be learned and followed.

In organizing the church league it is well to have a number of the certificates on hand to supply the members as soon as they pay their dues. The form of the certificate will be found in the plan of organization for these leagues. The certificate can be printed at a local printing office, but if this is not practicable, or it is preferred to buy them, very handsome certificates printed in black and red, with a large red seal, and the name of the state and church branch league, can be bought for about 6 cents each, by the hundred.

The amount of the annual dues to be paid by each member can be changed by each league to suit the necessities of the community. The dues should be so small that no one will be kept out of the league by not being able to pay them. However, as the dues will be the chief source of revenue with which the league expects to do its work,

they should not be made smaller than is actually necessary.

The money paid into the league as dues goes to form a fund that is disbursed by the church league collecting it to help those of its members who contract consumption. How much this help will be will depend upon the amount of money the league has at its disposal and the needs of the individual. But whether this help is much or little the having the certificate of membership and belonging to the league will give information that will teach one to protect himself and his family from disease. This means less sickness, consequently less loss of time from work, therefore more money, more comforts, and more happiness for all concerned.

The vice-presidents and organizers should see that the four standing committees required by the by-laws of the church leagues are

promptly appointed and that they understand their duties.

As the work of each church league will at first consist largely of educating its members as to the cause of tuberculosis and the way to live to keep from getting it, the committees, and especially the ones having charge of "sick," "sanitation," and "information" should be especially active. They should learn all that is possible about their respective subjects so that they can teach the other members.

In joining the church league one also becomes a member of the State Colored Antituberculosis League. Members of the state league and church branch leagues wear a button showing their

connection with the leagues.

Membership.—Membership in the church leagues should not be confined to the members of the church organizing the league. As a rule it is better that the members of each church join their own church league, but if for any reason their church has no league there should be no objection to their joining the league of some other church. Those who are not members of any church should also be allowed to join the league.

Details of the work of a church league.—As soon as the church league is organized the president should appoint the four standing committees required by the by-laws to serve for one year, viz: "Finance," "Information," "Sick," and "Sanitation." The details of the work to be done may then be considered. One of the first of these is to ascertain how many of the members have or are suspected of having tuberculosis. This duty devolves upon the committee on the sick, which should get from the secretary a list of the members, giving the

name and address of each. This list should be gone over and every member carefully considered. It is probable that the greater number of the members are personally known to the committee, and thus it can be told at once whether they are sick or well.

The committee is not expected to decide whether these members have tuberculosis. Their duty is to make out the list of the sick and

ailing. The physician will decide the nature of the sickness.

It is desirable to find cases of consumption in the earliest stages, for these may be cured, and if all members who are not strong and healthy are examined by the physician it is possible that cases of

early consumption will be found.

Each ailing member should be visited by some of the committee and more careful inquiry made as to the nature of the trouble and the member urged to go to a physician or a dispensary for examination. This is especially true if the member has been losing flesh, or has had a cough for some time, or has throat trouble, or is sickly and frail. If upon examination the physician finds that the member has consumption, the patient should get a certificate stating that fact. The physician will also tell the patient what treatment is necessary.

The certificate will be presented to the committee by the patient, and the committee will make more careful inquiry into the condition of the patient, the treatment considered necessary by the physician, the patient's means, the number of people he has depending upon him, etc., so that the facts may be presented to the executive board in accordance with the requirements of Article VII of the by-laws.

The list of the sick should be most carefully guarded and no one allowed to see it but the officers of the league and the health officers. This knowledge should be regarded as a sacred confidence that should not be divulged except to the persons mentioned above, as many might chief to have the persons that they have tuborculoris

might object to having it known that they have tuberculosis.

Under no circumstances should the list be allowed to fall into the hands of "patent medicine" concerns which might urge their nostrums on the patients, much to their annoyance and also to their detriment, if they become induced to take the "patent medicines."

The measures necessary for the treatment of a patient who has tuberculosis must be determined by the physician, but it is the duty of the executive board to decide how much and what kind of help the league can give the patient in carrying out this treatment.

It is not proposed to discuss here the question of treatment in a sanatorium which is the ideal way of handling all cases of tuberculosis, for in a sanatorium the sick cease to be a menace to the community and can be under supervision and treatment all the time. Unfortunately, at present sanatoria are not available for the great mass of the people; and even if they were, many would be unable to

go to them.

There is a class of patients who have to depend upon their daily labor for the support of themselves and their families. If they stop work, their support is cut off. For such as these treatment in a sanatorium is out of the question, and any treatment they can get must be given in their homes and frequently while they are working. To this class belong the great majority of the negroes; therefore the work of the church leagues must be directed to such help as can be given under these circumstances. What is necessary

in each case will depend upon the condition of the patient, the stage of the disease, and the financial circumstances of the individual.

For the purposes of the league, consumptives may be divided into three classes:

First. The patients who are in the earlier stages of the disease and are able to go about their work while taking treatment.

Second. Cases in which it is necessary to stop work and remain

quiet if they are to get well.

Third. Cases in which the disease has progressed so far that it is hopeless to attempt a cure, but for which much can be done to make the patients comfortable and prevent them from scattering the

germs of the disease.

As stated above, what is necessary in each case will depend upon the condition of the patient and his surroundings. Much also depends upon the means the league has at its disposal to help the individual. Most church leagues find that they have very little money; therefore the help given must be limited. However, there are certain things that can be done even by the poorest leagues.

Information as to the way in which the disease is spread; the means to prevent it; what is necessary to get well if one has it, etc., is all printed on the certificate. When the member gets the certificate and has learned all that is printed on it, the first step has been taken in the education of the individual in regard to tuberculosis, so it should be the aim of the officers of the leagues to get the certificates in the hands of the members.

The officers of the league can see that the instructions on the certificate are understood and carried out. Many individuals are careless and must be constantly watched to see that they do not neglect important precautions. Probably the most difficult thing the league will have to do will be to induce its members to keep their windows open and let fresh air and sunlight into their rooms.

The officers and committees of the league should urge the members to keep the windows of their rooms open, especially at night, and to avoid overcrowding their sleeping rooms. Whenever a dark room or closed window which should be open is found, the danger should

be pointed out, and the member urged to correct it.

The practice of sleeping with the head and face covered is so deeply rooted in the negro race that it seems almost hopeless to attempt to eradicate it in the present generation. It is a most pernicious habit. The dangers of the practice should be pointed out, and the members urged to abandon it. Children should not be allowed to contract the habit.

The careless spitting of consumptives in their homes is a practice dangerous to others. The careless at times spit on the floor, the walls, the hearth of the open fire, or on the stove if one is used. The sputum of the consumptive dries and is carried into the air as dust. This is drawn into the lungs when one breathes. The dangers of this should be emphasized, and the proper way to dispose of sputum shown. The consumptive should catch all of his sputum and burn it. There are cheap cups made of paper that can be had at small cost, and these should be used to spit in, and when they are full they should be burned. The better cups have covers to them, so that the flies can not get at the sputum. While consumption is a dangerous

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disease, the careful consumptive is not dangerous to live with. The careless consumptive, however, is dangerous to live with and a menace to those around him.

The minister and the officers of the leagues should consult frequently with the health officer of their community. Working together they

can accomplish much more than by working alone.

The minister and officers of the league can teach their people to be careful and not produce unsanitary conditions, and the health officer can remedy conditions that the people can not correct. The leagues should urge the members to beautify their homes, no matter how humble they may be. If the home is made more attractive, interest in it will grow, and an improvement in the sanitary conditions will naturally follow. Teach the members to have grass and flowers in their yards. See that there is no dirt, trash, or litter scattered about; that the loose paling of the fence is nailed on, and the sagging gate has a new hinge. Pull the dirty rags from the broken window pane and burn them. Let them put their bed-clothing out in the sun occasionally, and sweep the dust from under the bed and furniture. Open the window and door and let air and sunlight into the rooms. All of these things tend to improve the sanitary conditions, which means health and happiness.

Members should be taught that remedies advertised as cures for consumption are not to be relied upon, and that the only known way to get well is to live in the open air as much as possible, both day and night, and to eat nourishing food at regular intervals. The consumptive when possible should go to a physician or a dispensary

and follow exactly the instructions given.

Aside from the help that can be given the individual consumptive, which will be discussed later on, there is much that the leagues can do by concerted action to improve the conditions under which the negro lives. Probably one of the most important factors in the spread of tuberculosis, aside from his habits, is the manner in which the negro is housed. The negro as a rule is a renter. The houses that he can rent are usually located in the poorest and most unhealthy part of the city. They are often poorly constructed, badly lighted and ventilated, and frequently in bad repair. The rooms are usually small and dark, having but one window, and the top sash is seldom arranged to be lowered. Many houses are built on poorly drained ground, and water stands under them after each rain, making the rooms damp and cold. These houses are seldom provided with bathing arrangements or water-closets, thus necessitating the use of privies, or the back alleys, with all the dangers attendant upon such conditions. For such houses, or more frequently for one or two rooms in such a house, the negro pays proportionately more rent than the white race does for better houses in the same community, either because better accommodations are not available, or because he can not, or will not, pay for better. The family, usually consisting of father, mother, and several children, and often friends or relatives, all live, eat, and sleep in these two or three rooms, frequently with the windows and doors tightly closed, and in winter a stove going at full blast.

In the negro section of the city the streets are usually either badly paved or not paved at all. The sidewalks are either in bad repair or

missing. The streets are badly lighted at night, garbage cans are

not emptied regularly, and the scavenger service is poor.
"There is a reason for these things," say the landlords, the municipal authorities, and others who have dealings with the negro. The landlord says: "Negroes are destructive; they pull down, but they never improve property. A house rented to negroes will depreciate from 25 to 50 per cent in a year. If you put in plumbing they break it, they deface the walls, they tear off the shutters and the doors, they break and burn the fences. It is useless to give them good houses as they neither appreciate them nor take care of them.'

The municipal authorities say that negroes make no effort to keep their surroundings clean and sanitary. They throw things into the street, choke the plumbing, drains, and sewers with old rags, trash, and dirt, and make no effort to help the authorities keep things in order; therefore it is useless to try to help them until they learn to help themselves. They say that there are exceptions to these statements, but that they are true so far as the great mass of the negroes is concerned. Reference is made to the subject here to draw attention to the fact that the leagues can do much to change these conditions, thereby bettering the condition of the race.

If the things that are said about the negro by the landlords, the municipal authorities, and others are true, then it is necessary for the negro to change these conditions before there can be hope for much betterment. If they are not true, steps should be taken to convince the landlords, municipal authorities, and others that they

are false.

It is in this way that the leagues, though aimed at tuberculosis, may be the means of bettering the conditions along many lines. the negro can demonstrate that he is not destructive, and that he can and does take care of the house in which he lives; if he will keep his surroundings neat and clean; if he shows that he is clean and sanitary in his practices, and that he feels his responsibility as a citizen by trying to keep up the sanitary conditions and the appearances of his home and his city, he will find that many of his troubles will disappear. If a landlord finds that his property is being cared for by his negro tenant, the yard, fences, etc., being kept in order, the rent promptly paid, and tenant is desirable, he will be only too glad to keep him, and to make such alterations in his house as he may desire. If it is demonstrated to the municipal authorities that the negro is as careful of his section of the city as the whites, his wants will receive consideration. The educated negroes succeed in getting surroundings that are far better than those of the average because they have learned to appreciate the above facts, and have put them into practice.

When the leagues have taught their members that it is not healthy to live in dark, damp rooms, with bad sanitary surroundings, and have educated them to the point where they will refuse to live under such conditions, then the landlords will build proper houses for them. The leagues working in conjunction with the health officer can get the city authorities to so frame the building ordinances that only

sanitary dwellings will be erected in the city.

What a church league can do for the individual consumptive.—In addition to supplying the members of the league with information in regard to tuberculosis and sanitation, which is the work of the September 3, 1909 1280

committees, and trying to induce the members to follow the instructions given them, there are other things that the league can do for

the individual consumptive.

The chief difficulty that will be encountered by the leagues is the lack of money to help their sick members. It is hoped, however, that as the league demonstrates its value to the community more money will be available, and the work of helping the sick members can be extended. This work contemplates the "class method" of treating patients at their homes, the establishment of dispensaries, and ultimately sanatoria and "tuberculosis farms," where a patient can earn a living by working on the farm and at the same time be under medical supervision. It is realized that these things are for the future, but it is well to keep them in mind as one of the ultimate aims of the leagues.

Now let us consider what can be done for the members who have consumption. The league should buy a number of the paper spit cups mentioned above, and distribute them to their consumptive members, and urge their use. These cups are cheap and therefore can be burned after being used. If every consumptive can be induced to use these cups and then burn them much will be done toward

stopping the spread of consumption.

Whenever a case of consumption is discovered the officers of the league should apply to the health officer to disinfect the rooms occupied by the consumptive, in order to protect the other people in the house from the disease. Then if the consumptive is careful he is not likely to reinfect them. Also when a consumptive dies the health

officer should be asked to disinfect the rooms.

Consumptives should spend most of their time out of doors, and if possible should sleep on a porch, or in a shed, or tent. All one needs is something to protect against the weather and keep off the rain and snow, but let in a great deal of fresh air. Patients live out of doors all winter in the north, with the thermometer below zero, and many have been cured of consumption in this way, including negroes. The league may help to provide the shack, shed, or tent, or it may furnish sleeping bags, blankets, etc., and in this way help the patient.

If the patient is very poor it may be that the league can see that he gets proper food which he might not otherwise have. The committees of the league will doubtless find many other means for helping the patient at small expense. The minister in making his pastoral calls can be of the greatest help both to the patient and to the community by seeing that the patient is properly carrying out his instruc-

tions, and that he has the proper facilities for doing so.

Dispensary.—As soon as the church league is formed, some physician should be designated who will examine all members referred to him, to decide if they have consumption. Usually there will be found one or more physicians who are members of the league, who will probably act in this capacity. If practicable a tuberculosis dispensary might be established at some convenient point, possibly in one of the rooms in the church, where the physicians could be found on certain days at stated hours, say, twice a week. Here they could see the consumptives, and examine and advise them as to the treatment necessary. They could also examine other members referred

to them to decide whether they had consumption or not. Records of the dispensary work should be kept.

It is not practicable at this time to go more minutely into the details of the work of these leagues, which are now in their formative

stage.

The writer will be glad to lend any aid in his power to any state or church league that may desire it, and all persons who are interested in this movement are invited to write to him, expressing any views they may have for the advancement of the work. He will be glad to have any aid, advice, or criticisms that may be offered.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Reports from San Francisco, Cal.—Plague-prevention work at San Francisco, Oakland, and Point Richmond, and in Alameda County, Cal.

Surgeon Blue reports:

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Last case of human plague: Sickened, January 30, 1908. Last case of rodent plague: October 23, 1908.

Week ended August 14, 1909.

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Dead inspected	81 0
Premises inspected	7
Buildings condemned Nuisances abated	7 222
Rats found dead:	20 $2,037$
Total rats taken	2, 057
Rats identified: Mus norvegicus Mus rattus Mus musculus Mus alexandrinus	55 475
Total	2, 037
Rats identified as to sex: Male Female	857 806
Total	1, 663
Rats examined bacteriologically	1, 602 0
Poisons placed	37, 477

OAKLAND, CAL.

Last case of human plague: Sickened, July 17, 1908. Last case of rodent plague: Trapped, December 1, 1908.

Week ended August 14, 1909.

Week ended August 14, 1909.	
Dead inspected	15
Plague	0.
Necropsies held	2
Premises inspected	430 193
Premises cleaned.	51
Garbage cans installed	14
Nuisances abated	65
Rats found dead	32
Rats trapped	736
Rats identified:	
Mus norvegicus	725
Mus alexandrinus	2
Mus musculus	41
_	
Total	768
Pote exemined heatericlesically	727
Rats examined bacteriologically	121
Plague ratsGround squirrels examined bacteriologically	193
Plague squirrels	0
Ground squirrels shot	193
ALAMEDA COUNTY, CAL. (EXCLUSIVE OF OAKLAND).	
Week ended August 14.	
Last case of human plague: Sickened, 10 miles east of Sunol, July 27, 1909. Last case of rodent plague: Found 1 mile west of Altamont, July 30, 1909. Dead inspected	42 a 1
Necropsies held	4
POINT RICHMOND, CAL.	
Week ended August 14.	
Sick inspected	1
Plague	0
Dead inspected	2
Plague	0
Report from Seattle, Wash.—Plague-prevention work.	•
Passed Assistant Surgeon Glover reports, August 16:	
SEATTLE, WASH.	
Date of finding of last plague rat, September 26, 1908.	
Week ended August 14, 1909.	
Rats received	957 783 0 21
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^a Joseph Mendoza, who sickened July 27, 1909, and was previously reported positive for plague in the Alameda County report for the week ended July 31, 1909, died August 12, 1909.

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY, STATE AND CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES—UNTABULATED.

CALIFORNIA—City and county of San Francisco.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 475,000. Total number of deaths, 476, corresponding to an annual death rate of 9.81 per 1,000 of population, including measles 2, enteric fever 6, whooping cough 6, scarlet fever 5, diptheria 4, and 54 from tuberculosis. Cases: Diptheria 38, scarlet fever 42, smallpox 1, measles 108, whooping cough 23, enteric fever 28, and tuberculosis 88.

Iowa—Keokuk.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 16,000. Total number of deaths 29, including whooping cough 1, and 2 from tuberculosis. No contagious diseases reported.

Ottumwa.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 25,000. Total number of deaths 32, including enteric fever 1, and 1 from tuberculosis. Cases: Enteric fever 6, scarlet fever 2, tuberculosis 1.

MINNESOTA.—Month of May, 1909. Estimated population, 1,979,658. Reports to the state board of health show as follows: Total number of deaths, 1,571, including diphtheria 25, enteric fever 17, scarlet fever 40, measles 4, whooping cough 15, smallpox 1, and 196 from tuberculosis. Deaths reported from state institutions during the month numbered 33, including 11 from tuberculosis.

New York State.—Month of June, 1909. Estimated population, 8,699,643. Total number of deaths, 10,701, corresponding to an annual death rate of 15.0 per 1,000 of population, including enteric fever 70, measles 152, scarlet fever 110, whooping cough 60, diphtheria 176, and 1,327 from tuberculosis. Cases: Tuberculosis 2,755, diphtheria 1,893, scarlet fever 1,883, measles 8,153, smallpox 25, and enteric fever 333.

Auburn.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 34, including diphtheria 1, and 4 from tuberculosis. Cases: Diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, scarlet fever 1, and phthisis pulmonalis 3.

MISSOURI—Springfield.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 35,000. Total number of deaths, 36, including enteric fever 4, and 4 from tuberculosis. Cases: Enteric fever 20.

Washington—Spokane.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 100,000. Total number of deaths, 104, corresponding to an annual death rate of 12.48 per 1,000 of population, including scarlet fever 6, enteric fever 1, diphtheria 2, and 3 from tuberculosis. Cases: Smallpox 1, measles 2, scarlet fever 64, diphtheria 19, and enteric fever 10.

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 26 to September 3, 1909.

[For reports received from December 25, 1908, to June 25, 1909, see Public Health Reports for June 25, 1909.]

[Note.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
alifornia:				
Berkeley Hobart Mills Sacramento San Francisco	July 25-31	1		
Hobart Mills	Apr. 1-30	1		
San Francisco	June 6-12	1		
Truckee	Mar. 23	2 3		
41WUBOO			******	
Total for State		8		
nnecticut:				•
New Haven	May 1-31	1	1	
Total for State		1		
total at a Calconnitie				
strict of Columbia:	A 0 14		1	
Washington	Aug. 5-14	1		
Total for District		1		
		4		÷
orgia:				
Macon	June 14-July 11	8		
				
Total for State		8		
- oto	;			
nois:				
Alexander County— Cairo	May 1_Time 20	95		
Champaign County Christian County Clay County	May 1-June 30 Apr. 1-May 31 Apr. 1-May 31 Apr. 1-30	25		
Christian County	Apr. 1-May 31	35		
Clay County	Apr. 1-30	1		,
Clinton County	Apr. 1-June 30	7		
Cook County— Chicago				
Unicago	June 20-Aug. 21	5		
Dewitt County	May 1-31 Apr. 1-May 31 Apr. 1-30		• • • • • • • • • •	
Edwards County	Apr. 1-May 31	. 3	•••••	
Effingham County	May 1-31	2		
Franklin County	May 1-31 Apr. 1-May 31	2		
Fulton County	Apr. 1-June 30			Present.
Gallatin County	Apr. 1-May 31	16		
Iroquois County	May 1-31	1 1		
Jackson County	Apr. 1-May 31	14	•••••	
Murphysboro	Apr. 1-May 31 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-May 31 May 1-31 Apr. 1-May 31 Apr. 1-July 31 Apr. 1-July 31 Apr. 1-20	40	•••••	
Knox CountyLake County	Apr. 1-30	14	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
Lasalle County	Apr. 1-30	3	•••••	
McDonough County	Apr. 1-30		•••••	
McHenry County—		- 1		
Marengo	May 1-June 30			
Macoupin County	Apr. 1-May 31	6		
McLean County	June 1-30	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Madison County Marion County	May 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	Apr. 1-June 30	14	•••••	
Matropolic	Apr. 1-May 31	20		
Montgomery County Peoria County Peoria County Perry County Pulaski County Rock Island County Molive	May 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 June 1-July 31 Apr. 1-July 31 May 1-31	2		
Peoria County	Apr. 1-June 30	13		
Peoria	June 1-July 31	37		
Perry County	Apr. 1-July 31	13		
Pulaski County	May 1-31	5		
tock island County			;	
Molinet. Clair County—	June 1-July 31	Z .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
East Ot I amin	May 1-June 30	11		
	36 1 01	20		
East St. Louis	M8V 1-31	i		
aline Countyangamon County	Apr. 1-30			
Saline County	May 1-31	3 !		
Saline CountySangamon County	May 1-31	3		
Saline CountySangamon County	May 1-31	3 1 3		•
Saline County Sangamon County Springfield Schuyler County Shelby County Stephenen County	Apr. 1-July 31	3 1 3 4		•
Saline County	Apr. 1-July 31	4 5		
Saline County Sangamon County Springfield Schuyler County Shelby County Stephenson County Pazewell County Pekin	Apr. 1-July 31	4 5 70		
aline County angamon County Springfield chuyler County helby County tenhenson County	May 1-31. May 29-July 9. May 29-July 9. May 1-31. Apr. 1-July 31. May 1-31. Apr. 1-May 31. Apr. 1-May 31. Apr. 1-May 31.	4 5 70		

Remarks.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.
inois—Continued.		١.	
Warren County	June 1-July 31	3	
Will County— Joliet	July 1–31	1	
Williamson County	Apr. 1–May 31	6	
Winnebago County Woodford County	June 1–30 Apr. 1–July 31		
Woodkit County	Apr. 1-valy ot		
Total for State		638	
diana:			
Allen County	May 1-31	5	
Fort Wayne	June 6-Aug. 14 June 1-30	79	
Clay County	June 1–30	4	
Dearborn County Dekalb County	May 1–31 June 1–30	1 1	
Delaware County	Mav 1–31		
Muncie	June 20–July 10	4	
Fayette CountyGibson County	May 1-31	1 5	·····
Grant County	May 1-June 30	3	
Greene County	June 1–30	2	•••••
Marion County— Indianapolis	June 14-20	1	l
Montgomery County	May 1-June 30	9	
Parke County Pulaski County	May 1-31	1 2	·····
St. Joseph County	. June 1-30	4	
South Bend	June 13-Aug. 14	5 26	
Vanderburgh County Vermilion County	May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30	41	
Vigo County	. June 1–30	4	
Wayne County White County	May 1-June 30 May 1-31	10 2	1
Total for State		215	1
a:			
Cedar Rapids	July 1-31	1	
KeokukOttumwa	June 1-30	3	
Total for State	-	5	
sas:			
Allen County	. May 1–31	5 7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Atchison County	June 1-30	i	
Chautauqua County	. May 1-31	3	
Cherokee County Coffey County	. May 1-31	1 1	•••••
Comanche County	. June 1-30	3	
lowley County	. May 1-31	14 20	•••••
Crawford County Pittsburg	. May 1-June 30	4	
Decatur County	. June 1–30	12	1
Dickinson County Doniphan County		20	
Douglas County	. May 1-31	1	
Elk County	. May 1-31	1	
Ellsworth County	. May 1-31	1	
Clisworth County Franklin County Jeary County	May 1-31	1 5 4	
Ellsworth County Franklin County Feary County Fraham County	May 1-31	1 5 4 6	
Ellsworth County ranklin County leary County traham County reenwood County	May 1-31 June 1-30 May 1-31 May 1-31 June 1-30 May 1-31	1 5 4 6 3 24	
Ellsworth County ranklin County leary County raham County reenwood County ackson County efferson County	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30	1 5 4 6 3 24 2	
Ellsworth County. Franklin County. Franklin County. Franklin County. Franklin County. ackson County. ackson County. efferson County.	May 1-31 June 1-30 May 1-31 May 1-31 June 1-30 May 1-31 May 1-June 30 May 1-31 May 1-31	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6	
Ellsworth County. Franklin County. Jeary County. Fraham County. Jreham County. Jackson County.	May 1-31 June 1-30 May 1-31 May 1-31 June 1-30 May 1-31 May 1-31 May 1-31 May 1-31 May 1-31	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6 1	
Ellsworth County Franklin County Feary County Fraham County Fraham County fackson County edferson County ewell County Kearny County Labette County Parsons	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31.	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6 1	
Ellsworth County. Franklin County. Jeary County. Fraham County. Jraham County. Jraham County. Jransons. Jron County.	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31.	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6 1	
Ellsworth County. Franklin County. Geary County. Graham County. Greenwood County. Jackson County. Jackson County. Jackson County. Jackson County. Jackson County. Labette County. Parsons Lyon County. Jarahall County. Marshall County. Montgomery County.	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. May 1-31. May 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30.	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6 1 8 27 225 3	
Ellsworth County Franklin County Geary County Graham County Greenwood County sefferson County sefferson County fewell County Ewell County Labette County Parsons Lyon County Marshall County Montgomery County Nemaha County	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. May 1-31. May 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30.	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6 1 8 27 225 3	
Jefferson County Jewell County Kearny County Labette County Parsons Lyon County Marshall County Montgomery County Nemaha County Osage County Osage County	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. June 1-30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30.	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 6 1 8 27 225 3 1 32	
Ellsworth County Franklin County Geary County Graham County Graham County Jackson	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. June 1-30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30.	1 5 4 6 3 24 2 2 6 1 1 8 27 225 3 1 32 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 3	
Ellsworth County Pranklin County Pranklin County Pranklin County Pranklin County ackson County edferson County ewell County Every County Parsons Younty Larshall County Lontgomery County sage County sage County Eleborne County Eleborne County Eleborne County Eleborne County Eleborne County	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. June 1-30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30. May 1-June 30.	1 5 4 6 6 3 24 2 6 6 1 8 27 225 3 1 1 32 11 3 1	
Ellsworth County Franklin County Jeary County Jraham County Jraham County Jackson County Jarshall County Jarshall County Jarshall County Jarshall County Jarshall County Jongomery Jong	May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-31. June 1-30. May 1-31. May 1-June 30. May 1-31.	1 5 4 6 6 3 2 4 2 6 6 1 8 27 225 3 1 1 32 11 3 1	

Place Date Cases Deaths Remarks		**			
Kansas—Continued Rule 1-90	Place	Date	Cases	Deaths	Remarks
Kanse-Continued Republic County May 1-June 30 1		Daw.	Cases.	Doarus.	Politica no.
Republic County					
Risy County		T 1 00	١.	1	•
Russic County June 1-30. 2	Dilar County	May 1 Tuna 20	. 8		
Sate	Rush County	June 1-30	.1 2		
Sate	Russell County	June 1-30	. ī		
Sate	Saline County	May 1-31	. 2	1	
Shawnee County	Soughick County	May 1-01	115		
Topeka	Shawnoo County	Mov 1_31			
Summer County	Topeka	May 1-June 30	. 38		
Thomas County	Smith County	May 1-31	.) 11		
Wabaunsec County May 1-31 6 Wyandotte County May 1-31 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Thomas County	May 1-31	i		
Total for State	Wabaunsee County	May 1-31	6		
Total for State	Wyandotte County	May 1-31			
Kentucky: Covington	Kansas City	June 13-July 17	10		
Total for State 26	Total for State		593	1 1	
Total for State 26					
Total for State 26	Kentucky:	Time 12 Tule 2] !	
Total for State 26	Lexington	June 20-July 31	14		
Total for State 26	Newport	June 14-July 25	4		
Total for State 26	Paducah	June 13-26	3		
Louislana: New Orleans. June 13-Aug. 7. 11					
New Orleans	TOTAL IOI STATE		20		
Total for State	Louisiana:				
Maryland, general	New Orleans	June 13-Aug. 7	11		
Maryland, general	Total for State		11		
Massachusetts:	Total for State		- 11		
Massachusetts:	Maryland, general	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	9		
Massachusetts:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		l		
Total for State	Total for State	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	9		
Michigan: Bay County— Bay City June 1-30 1	Massachusetts:				
Michigan: Bay County	Lawrence	June 27-July 3	1		
Michigan: Bay County	Total for State				
Bay County	Total for State				
Bay City	Michigan:			İ	
Delta County June 1-30 1 Eaton County May 1-June 30 21 Emmet County June 1-30 1 Houghton County May 1-31 1 Huron County May 1-31 1 Ingham County May 1-31 1 Jackson County May 1-31 1 Jackson County May 1-31 1 Kalamazoo County Kalamazoo County Kalamazoo July 4-24 2 Kent County Grand Rapids June 6-26 2 Lapeer County June 1-30 1 Marquette County May 1-June 30 6 Muskegon County May 1-June 30 6 Muskegon County May 1-June 30 6 Newaygo County June 1-30 1 Ottawa County May 1-June 30 7 Saginaw July 25-31 1 St. Clair County May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County May 1-31 1 Total for State June 1-30 27 Tuscola County May 1-31 1 Total for State June 1-30 27 Tuscola County June 1-30 27 Total for State June 1-30 3 Becker County June 15-21 5 Bigstone County June 8-14 1 Carver County June 8-14 1 Faribault County June 8-14 1 Faribault County June 8-14 1 Hennepolis May 1-June 30 39 Hubbard County May 25-31 1 Itasca County May 25-31 1	Bay County—	Tuma 1 00			
Delta County June 1-30 1 Eaton County May 1-June 30 21 Emmet County June 1-30 1 Houghton County May 1-31 1 Huron County May 1-31 1 Ingham County May 1-31 1 Jackson County May 1-31 1 Jackson County May 1-31 1 Kalamazoo County Kalamazoo County Kalamazoo July 4-24 2 Kent County Grand Rapids June 6-26 2 Lapeer County June 1-30 1 Marquette County May 1-June 30 6 Muskegon County May 1-June 30 6 Muskegon County May 1-June 30 6 Newaygo County June 1-30 1 Ottawa County May 1-June 30 7 Saginaw July 25-31 1 St. Clair County May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County May 1-31 1 Total for State June 1-30 27 Tuscola County May 1-31 1 Total for State June 1-30 27 Tuscola County June 1-30 27 Total for State June 1-30 3 Becker County June 15-21 5 Bigstone County June 8-14 1 Carver County June 8-14 1 Faribault County June 8-14 1 Faribault County June 8-14 1 Hennepolis May 1-June 30 39 Hubbard County May 25-31 1 Itasca County May 25-31 1	Calhoun County	June 1-30	1		
Eaton County	Chippewa County	May 1-31			
Emmet County	Delta County	June 1-30	1		
Houghton County	Eaton County	May 1-June 30			
Huron County	Houghton County	May 1-31			•
Kalamazoo County	Huron County	June 1-30			
Kalamazoo County	Ingham County	May 1-31			
Kalamazoo	. Kalamazoo County	жау 1-ад	1		
Kent County		July 4-24	2		
Oceana County May 1-31 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Kent County—	1			
Oceana County May 1-31 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Lencer County	June 0-20	2		
Oceana County May 1-31 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Marquette County	May 1-June 30	6		
Oceana County May 1-31 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Muskegon County	May 1-June 30	6		• *
Ottawa County May 1-June 30 7 Saginaw County May 1-June 30 17 Saginaw July 25-31 1 Schoolcraft County— May 1-June 30 4 Schoolcraft County— June 1-30 27 Tuscola County— May 1-31 4 Wayne County— May 1-31 1 Total for State 110 110 Minnesota, general Mar. 1-Apr. 30 3 Becker County June 15-21 5 Bigstone County June 8-14 1 Carver County July 6-12 1 Farlbault County June 7-14 2 Hennepin County— May 1-June 30 39 Hunbard County May 25-June 14 7	Newaygo County	June 1-30	1		
Saginaw May 1-June 30 17	Ottawa County	May 1-31	7	:	
Saginaw July 25-31 1	Saginaw County	May 1-June 30	17		
Schoolcraft County	Saginaw	July 25–31			
Manistique June 1-30 27	St. Clair County	May 1-June 30	4	•••••	
Tuscola County May 1-31 4 Wayne County— Detroit. May 1-31 1 Total for State 1110 Minnesota, general Mar. 1-Apr. 30 3 Becker County June 15-21 5 Bigstone County June 3-14 1 Carver County July 6-12 1 Faribault County June 7-14 2 Hennepin County— Minneapolis May 1-June 30 39 Hubbard County May 25-June 14 7		June 1-30	27		
Detroit	Tuscola County	May 1-31			
Total for State	Wayne County—	36 1 01	!		
Minnesota, general. Becker County. Bigstone County. June 15-21. June 8-14. Carver County. July 6-12. Hennepin County- Minneapolis. May 1-Apr. 30. June 8-14. June 8-14. Lune 8-14. June 8	Detroit	мау 1-31	1		
Becker County June 15-21 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Total for State		110		
Becker County June 15-21 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		36 1 4 22			
Bigstone County	Minnesota, general	Mar. 1-Apr. 30		3	
Carver County July 6-12 1 Faribault County June 7-14 2 Hennepin County May 1-June 30 39 Hubbard County May 25-31 1 Itasca County May 25-June 14 7	Bigstone County	June 8-14			
Farlbault County	Carver County	July 6-12	1		
Minneapolis.	Faribault County	June 7-14	2		
Hubbard County May 25-31 1 1 1 14 25-3 1 1 1 1 14 25-3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Hennepin County—	May 1_Turn 20	20	1	
Itasca County May 25-June 14. 7 Lesueur County June 1-7. 1	Hubbard County	May 25-31			
Lesueur County June 1-7 1	Itasca County	May 25-June 14	7		
	Lesueur County	June 1-7	1 1.	••••••	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
firments several Continued]		
finnesota, general—Continued. McLeod County	May 25-31	1	i	
Marshall County	June 8-July 5	6		1
Meeker County	May 25-31	5		.
Morrison County	June 21-28	1		1
Nobles County	May 25-June 21	2		•
Olmsted County	June 8-14	2		·
Pine County	May 25-31	1		1
Ramsey County— St. Paul	Apr. 1-May 31	10	l	<u> </u>
Redwood County	June 1-7	i		}
Rock County	June 1-7	1		
St. Louis County	May 25-June 21	3		
Duluth	June 10-Aug. 20	19		
Sibley County	June 22-28	3 3		1
Steele County Wabasha County	May 25-June 21 May 25-31	2		İ
Wadena County	May 25-June 21	10		
Waseca County	May 25-June 21 May 25-31	8		[
Wright County	June 15-21	1		
		100	-	1
Total for State		136	. 3	
issouri:				1
Kansas City	June 13-26	2	l	ŀ
St. Joseph	May 30-July 24	19		
St. Louis	June 20-Aug. 14	6		
	_			
Total for State		27		
ontana: Carbon County	June 1-July 31	6	l	
Cascade County—	Julie 1-July 01			
Great Falls	June 1-30	1		
Chouteau County	June 1-30	1	1	
Custer County	June 1-30	1		
Dawson County	May 1-31	5		
Deerlodge County	May 1-31	1		
Forgus County	June 1-30	4		
Flathead CountyGallatin County	May 1-31 May 1-31	4		
Jefferson County	May 1-31	-		
Lewis and Clark County-		_		
Helena	May 1-31	1		
Missoula County—				
Missoula	June 1-July 31	4		
Park County	May 1-June 30	21 12		·
Livingston Sanders County	May 1-July 31 May 1-31	1		
Silverbow County	June 1-July 31	16		
Butte	June 11-Aug. 12	28		
Teton County	May 1-31	1		
Valley County	May 1-31	1		
Yellowstone County	May 1-July 31	7		
Total for State		118		
Total for State	••••••	110		÷
braska:				
Lincoln	May 1-July 31	34		•
Total for State		34		•
******	16 1 T 00	400		
w York, general	May 1-June 30	433	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total for State	ĺ	433		
1000 101 00000				
rth Carolina:	_			
Beaufort County	June 1-30	1		
Bladen County	Apr. 1-30	5		
Buncombe County	Apr. 1-30	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Caldwell County	Apr. 1-June 30	19 70		
Carteret County	Apr. 1–June 30 Apr. 1–30	70		
Craven County	Anr 1-Tune 30	8		
Craven County	May 1-31	1		
Duplin County	Apr. 1-June 30	25		
Johnston County	Apr. 1-30	3		
Harnett County	June 1-30	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Lee County	Apr. 1-30	6 7	•••••	
Mecklenburg County	May 1-June 30 May 1-31	2	••••••	
Common Common		-		D
Mitchell County	Apr. 1–30			Present.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
	-			
North Carolina—Continued Onslow County	Arre 1-20	2		
Pamlico County	. Apr. 1-30 May 1-31	4		
Pasquotank County	. Apr. 1-May 31	15		
Pitt County	. Apr. 1-June 30	17		
Robeson County Rowan County	June 1-30	8 16		
Sampson County	May 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 May 1-31 Apr. 1-30	51		In extreme northern part.
Transylvania County	May 1-31	5		
Wake County	Apr. 1-30	2		
Watauga County Wayne County	June 1-30 May 1-31	12 14		
Wilson County	Apr. 1-30.	î		
Wilson CountyYancey County	Apr. 1-30 Apr. 1-May 31	8		
Total for State		307		
Total for State		301		
North Dakota:				
Bottineau County Grand Forks County	May 1-31	1		
Grand Forks County	May 1-31	6 1		
McHenry County	May 1-31	i		
Grand Forks County Lamoure County McHenry County Ward County	May 1-31	8		
	1 1			
Total for State		17		
hio:				
Cincinnati	June 12-July 2	4		
Dayton	July 18-24	1		
Toledo	July 25-31	1	• • • • • • • • •	
Total for State		6		
Oklahoma:	Ans 2 Ang 21	51		
Okladoma	Apr. 5-Aug. 21	31	1	
Total for State		51	1	
Portland	Apr 1-Tune 30	26	i	
T OI MINING.				
	<u>-</u>			
Total for State		26	,	
		26		
Panney Ivania	Înly 10-24			
ennsylvania: Philadelphia	Ĵuly 10-24.	26		
ennevivania	Ĵuly 10-24.			
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for Stateennessee:	=	4		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State	=	4		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for Stateennessee: Knoxville	=	4 . 4		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for Stateennessee: Knoxville	=	4		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate	June 20-Aug. 21	4 • 4 7 7		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville Total for S ate exas: Archer County	June 20-Aug. 21	4 . 4 . 7 . 7		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville Total for S ate exas: Archer County	June 20-Aug. 21	4 • 4 7 7		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for Stateennessee: Knoxville Total for S ateexas: Archer County	June 20-Aug. 21	4 • 4 • 7 • 7 • 1 • 22 • 6	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville Total for S ate exas: Archer County	June 20-Aug. 21	4 4 7 7 7 1 22 6 6 1 10	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County Bee County San Antonio Bowie County	June 20-Aug. 21	4 • 4 7 7 1 22 6 1 10 7	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County Bear County San Antonio Bowie County Cameron County Cherokee County Cherokee County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30	4 - 4 - 7 - 7 - 1 - 22 - 6 - 1 - 10 - 7 - 1 - 1	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County San Antonio Bowie County Cameron County Cherokee County Childress County	June 20-Aug. 21	4 7 7 1 22 6 1 10 7	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. annessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. sxas: Archer County. Baylor County. Bee County. San Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Childress County.	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30	4 4 7 7 7 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 1 1 4 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. Baylor County. Bee County. Bee County. Baylor County. Ben Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Galveston County. Galveston.	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30	4 4 7 7 7 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 7 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County Bear County Cameron County Cameron County Cherokee County Childress County Calveston Galveston Gonzales County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30	4 4 7 7 7 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 1 1 4 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. Data: Archer County. Baylor County. Bee County. San Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Ellis County. Galveston County. Galveston. Gonzales County. Grayson County.	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30	4 . 4 . 7 . 7	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. Stas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County Bee County Cameron County Cherokee County Childress County Galveston County Galveston. Gonzales County Grayson County Harris County Harris County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 19-25 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30	4 7 7 7 1 22 6 1 10 7 7 1 1 4 2 1 1 6 9 9 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. Enter County. Baylor County. Bee County. San Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Ellis County. Galveston County. Galveston. Gonzales County. Grayson County. Houston. Houston. Harrison County.	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 June 1-30 Mar .28-June 19	4 7 7 7 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 1 1 4 2 1 1 6 6 9 12 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. Archer County. Baylor County. Bee County. San Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Galveston. Gonzales County. Grayson County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harderson County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harderson County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harderson County.	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30	4 7 7 7 1 22 6 1 10 7 7 1 1 4 2 1 1 1 6 9 1 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County San Antonio Bowie County Cameron County Cherokee County Childress County Callis County Galveston Gonzales County Harris County Harrison County Henderson County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30	4 7 7 7 1 22, 6 1 10, 7 1, 1 4 2, 1 1, 6 6 9 12, 17 15, 18 15	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. exas: Archer County. Baylor County. Bee County. San Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Galveston County. Galveston. Gonzales County. Harris County. Harris County. Harrison County. Henderson County Jefferson County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30	4 4 7 7 7 1 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 7 1 1 4 2 1 1 6 9 9 1 1 7 1 1 5 1 1 1 5 1		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County Bexar County San Antonio Bowie County Cameron County Cherokee County Childress County Galveston County Galveston County Grayson County Harris County Harris County Harris County Harris County Harris County Harrison County Harrison County Henderson County Jefferson County Jefferson County Jones County Kinney County Kinney County Lewer County Lewer County Kinney County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County Lewer County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30	4 7 7 7 1 22, 6 1 10, 7 1, 1 4 2, 1 1, 6 6 9 12, 17 15, 18 15	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. exas: Archer County. Baylor County. Bee County. Bee County. San Antonio. Bowie County. Cameron County. Cherokee County. Childress County. Galveston County. Galveston. Gonzales County. Harris County. Harris County. Henderson County Henderson County Jefferson County Kinney County Lamar County Lamar County Matagorda County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 4 7 7 7 1 1 22 6 1 1 0 7 7 1 1 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. Baylor County. Beaylor County. Bee County. Bean Antonio. Bowle County. Cameron County. Childress County. Childress County. Galveston County. Grayson County. Houston. Horiston. Harrison County. Harris County. Harris County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Harrison County. Martagorda County. Matagorda County. Matagorda County. Maleaner County. Maleaner County.	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30	4 7 7 7 1 122 6 6 1 10 7 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 9 12 17 15 15 15 15 15 12 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County San Antonio Bowie County Cameron County Childress County Ellis County Galveston County Grayson County Houston Houston Harrison County Henderson County Lamar County Kinney County Lamar County Matagorda County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30	4 4 7 7 7 1 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 7 1 1 4 2 1 1 6 6 9 12 17 15 15 15 15 15 12 12 10 19 5		
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ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. exas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County San Antonio Bowie County Cameron County Childress County Ellis County Galveston County Grayson County Houston Houston Harrison County Henderson County Lamar County Kinney County Lamar County Matagorda County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30	4 4 7 7 7 1 1 22 6 6 1 10 7 7 1 1 4 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	
ennsylvania: Philadelphia Total for State. ennessee: Knoxville. Total for S ate. axas: Archer County Baylor County Bee County San Antonio Bowie County. Cameron County Cherokee County. Callis County Galveston County Galveston County Harris County Houston Harrison County Henderson County Henderson County Henderson County Simple County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Jones County Matagorda County Matagorda County Milam County Milam County San Saba County San Saba County San Saba County Stephens County Stephens County	June 20-Aug. 21 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 May 1-June 30 June 1-30 4 4 7 7 7 1 1 22 2 6 6 1 1 1 0 7 1 1 1 4 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
exas—Continued.				
Travis County	May 1-June 30	19		
Upshur County	May 1-June 30	. 2		
Van Zandt County	. May 1-June 30	6		
Webb CountyLaredo			-	
Wharton County	June 1-30	2		
Wichita County	. June 1-30	5		
Williamson County	June 1-30	4	1	
Motel for State		317		
Total for State		317	9	
itah:				
Box Elder County	May 1-31	3		
Cache County	Jane 1-July 31	4		
Carbon County Davis County	June 1-July 31	3		
Emery County	May 1-July 31 June 1-July 31	30 4	·····	1
Garfield County	May 1-July 31	i		
Salt Lake County	May 1-July 31	57	1	
Salt Lake City	Inna 1_90	56		
San Pete County	May 1-July 31	29		
Summit County Tooele County	May 1-July 31	67 5		
Uintah County	May 1-31	21		
Utah County	May 1-July 31 May 1-July 31 May 1-31 May 1-July 31 May 1-July 31	10		
Weber County	May 1-July 31	4		
mid-1 din dasa			 	
Total for State irginia:		299	1	
Lynchburg	June 20-26	1	[<u>.</u>	
Total for State		1		
ashington:				
Spokane	June 6-July 3	7		
Tacoma	May 14-June 27	. 6		
Matal for State		10		
Total for State	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	13		
lisconsin:				
Ashland County		8		
Baron County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	47		
Buffalo County		11		
Burnett County		1		
Chippewa County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	87	i	
Chippewa County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	13		
Columbia County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	1		
Douglas County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	. 8		
Dunn County Fond du Lac County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31 Jan. 1-Mar. 31	35 1	2	
Jackson County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	i		
Juneau County		39		
La Crosse County-				
La Crosse	June 13-July 10	2		
Manitowoc County Marathon County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31 Jan. 1-Mar. 31	33 1		
Milwaukee County-	1011. 1_WGT. 51			
Milwaukee	June 21-27	2		
Oconto County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	1		
Outagamie County—	T 00 T 21	22	1	
AppletonOzaukee County	June 20-July 31 Jan. 1-Mar. 31	13		
Pepin County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	2		
Pierce County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	4		
Polk County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	2		
St. Croix County	Ian 1-Mar. 31	47		
Sheboygan County Taylor County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31 Jan. 1-Mar. 31	40		
Trempealeau County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	3		
Vernon County	Jen 1-Mar 31	54		
Washham County	Tam 1 Man 91	8		
Waukesha County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31			
Waupaca County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	24		
Washburn County Waupaca County Waupaca County Waushara County Winnebago County	Jan 1-Mar 31	1		
TIMEDOGO COUNTY	vent. 1-mai. VI			
Total for State		527	3	
	L			
Grand total for the United	i ⁻			

Plague in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, August 2-September 3, 1909.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
California: Alameda County— Sunol	Aug. 2-12	1	1	Case sickened July 27.

Weekly morbidity and mortality table, cities of the United States.

[For smallpox and plague, see special tables.]

Claire	Popula- tion, Week United	ion, deaths		Tuber- culosis.		Enteric fever.		Scarlet fever.		Diph- theris.		Measles.		Whooping cough.	
Cities.	ended—	1900.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Castes.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Altoona, Pa. Ann Arbor, Mich. Ashtabula, Ohio. Baltimore, Md. Bath, Me. Bayonne, N. J. Biddeford, Me. Boston, Mass. Braddock, Pa. Bradford, Pa. Brockton, Mass. Carbondale, Pa. Chariotte, N. C. Chelsea, Mass. Chicago, Ill. Chicopee, Mass. Cincinnati, Ohio.	Aug. 21	38,973	11 4		1	4		i				i			
Ashtabula, Ohio	Aug. 14	12,949	3												
Baltimore, Md	do	508, 957	183	13	23	43	8	8		7	2	1		21	6
Bath, Me	do	10,477		·i			••••	1 1		6	••••	i			
Biddeford, Me	do	16, 145	i												
Boston, Mass	do	560,892	223	55	20	16	2	18	3	31	1	15	2	8	1
Braddock, Pa	do	15,654	13	••••	••••	• • • •		7		1	••••	2 1	••••		
Brockton, Mass	do	40.063	1 13			ï						1			
Carbondale, Pa	do	13, 536	5	••••								2			
Charlotte, N. C	Aug. 20	18,091	12 15	••••	1	4	••••	··i		1 2				i	
Chicago, Ill	Aug. 21	1.698.575	649	77	81	40	3	61	3	52	5	32	6	69	5
Chicopee, Mass	do	19, 167	15		1	••••			ļ			1			
Cincinnati, Ohio	do	325,902	91 143	18 27	14	11 39	••••	3 11	··i	5 39	2	1 45	 1	36	1
Clinton Mass	Aug. 20	381,766 13,667	143	21	15	39	••••	11	1	39	2	40		90	••••
Cleveland, Ohio Clinton, Mass Columbus, Ga Columbus, Ohio	do	17,614	3												
Columbus, Ohio	Aug. 14	125, 560	39 39	6 7	6	8 10	;.	3 5	• • • •	2			••••	••••	
Concord, N. H	Aug. 21	125, 560 19, 632	1		2	1	1	Ð	••••	i	••••			1	••••
Covington, Ky	Aug. 21	42,938	23			3		1							
Danville, Ill	do	16,534	8	2	2	"i	2	••••		• • • •				••••	
Duluth, Minn	Ang. 20	85, 333 80, 000	36	7	5				••••	···	i	2		••••	••••
Dunkirk, N. Y	Aug. 21	11,616	3												
Elkhart, Ind	do	15, 184	28	2 10	3-	7 6	2	••••		··i·			:::	-;;-	
Do	Aug. 14	52, 733 52, 733	24	3	2		··i	••••	••••			6		-11	••••
Do	Aug. 21	52,733	15			5		2				7 6 4			
Evansville, Ind	do	59,007	14 10		1 3	7			• • • •	2					••••
Fall River, Mass	do	24, 336 104, 863	44	5	2	8		··i·		3					••••
Findlay, Ohio	do	104,863 17,613	5 .			3		1		2					
Galesburg, Ill	do	18,607	3	·i·	;-		···2	1							••••
Gloucester, Mass	do	37, 789 26, 121	4		1		2	••••					1		• • • •
Do Concord, N. H. Covington, Ky. Danville, Ill. Dayton, Ohio Duluth, Minn Dunkirk, N. Y Elkhart, Ind Erie, Pa Do Evansville, Ind. Everett, Mass. Fall River, Mass. Findlay, Ohio Galesburg, Ill. Galveston, Tex. Gloucester, Mass. Grand Rapids, Mich. Greenville, S. C Harrison, N. C Greenville, S. C Harrison, N. J Hartford, Conn Haverhill, Mass Houston, Tex.	do	87,565	20	1	2	7		5				2		2	
Greensboro, N. C	do	10, 035 11, 860	= 1					1		3					••••
Harrison, N. J.	do	10,596	4		••••										••••
Hartford, Conn	Aug. 15	79,850	29	3	2	1				1	1				
Haverhill, Mass	Aug. 21	37,175 44,633	15	2	ا•و٠٠				!			i		2	••••
De	Apr. 3	44,633	22												
Houston, Tex De	Apr. 10	44,633	25		3					2					ï
Do	Apr. 17	44,633	25 29		1 9					1					••••
Do	May 1	44,633 44,633	26		1		··;·								••••
Do	May 8	44,633	23 .		3		ا.ي			2					••••
Do	May 15 May 22	44,633	19 23	••••	1 6	••••	1				••••	• • • • •	••••		••••
	May 22 May 29	44,633 44,633	16		0		··i								···;
Do	June 5	44,633	39 .												
Do	June 12	44,633	19 .	•••	3		1			أ					••••
Do	June 19	44,633 44,633	34 . 25 .		3						• • • •				1

Weekly morbidity and mortality table, cities of the United States—Continued.

Cities. Week ended—			Total deaths from		ber- osis.		teric ver.		rlet er.		ph- ria.	Meas	les.		ioop ig igh.
	States census, 1900.	all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Савев.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	
Houston, Tex	July 3	44,633	21		3										
Do Do	July 10 July 17	44,633 44,633	24 22	• • • •	7		3								
Do	Jnly 24	44,633	16		3		2			;-					
Do	Aug. 7	44,633 44,633	20 25	••••	3		1	1		li	i				
Do	Aug. 14	44,633	34		3 2		1			1					
Hyde Park, Mass	do	44,633 13,244	25 4		2	··i				. .					
Jacksonville, Fla	do	25, 180	25 83		1	4	2	4				;-			
Do	Aug. 15	206, 438 206, 438	74		10 10		i	3	ï	2	i	1			
Johnstown, Pa	do	35,936	19	6	3	9		1	1	3		7		4	
Kingston, N. 1	Aug. 21	24,535 32,637	5 10	• • • •		4	1			<u> </u>					
La Crosse, Wis	do	28,895	3		ļ					····		7			
Do	Aug. 23 Aug. 21	18, 116 41, 459	1 10	<u>.</u> .	••••	3		2				3 2 2 2			
Lebanon, Pa	do	17,628	7	1	1	1		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -	ļ	ļ <u>.</u> .		1	
Los Angeles, Cal	Aug. 14	102, 479 94, 969	68 44	11		7 3	• • • •	5		2		2 2	••••	9	
Lynchburg, Va	do	18,891						3							
Lowell, Mass Lynchburg, Va. Macon, Ga. Do. Manchester, N. H. Manitowoc, Wis. Mansfield, Ohio Marinette, Wis. Mariboro, Mass. Massillon, Ohio Medford, Mass. Moline, Ill. Montclair, N. J. Montgomery, Ala. Morristown, N. J. Do.	Aug. 14	18, 891 22, 746 22, 746	5 3	••••	ï	3	••••	2		• • • •					
Manchester, N. H	do	56,987	27			١i				4		i			
Manitowoc, Wis	do	11,786 17,650	5	1	1	2	••••	3							
Marinette, Wis	do	16, 195	3	1	i	î		i		4					
Mariboro, Mass	Aug. 14	13,609 11,944	5	1	···i·		;-			1				1	
Medford, Mass	do	18,244	6	ï	2					2					
Moline, Ill	do	17,248 13,962	6 3	• • • •		;-		;-							
Montgomery. Ala	Aug. 20	30, 346	20	••••		. .									
Morristown, N. J	Aug. 14	13,000	5 3	5	1			1		• • • •					
Morristown, N. J. Do Mount Vernon, N. Y. Nanticoke, Pa. Nashville, Tenn Nebraska City, Nebr. Newark, N. J.	Aug. 21	13,000 21,228	3	··i	"i			i				3			
Nanticoke, Pa	Aug. 22	12,616	4			- ; ;		٠٠				•••••			
Nasnville, Tenn Nebraska City. Nebr.	Aug. 21	80,865 7,200	36 3	4	5	12								1	
Newark, N. J. New Bedford, Mass	do	246,070	84 34	20 3	6	4		9		15	2		1		• • • •
New Begiorg, Mass New Brijnswick.N.J.	July 31	63, 442 20, 006	34		3	1		0				i			
New Brunswick, N. J. Do Do Newburyport, Mass. New Orleans, La	Aug. 7	20,006				3				1					
Do	Aug. 14	20,006 20,006		. .		3		2		ï					
Newburyport, Mass.	do	14, 478	7			1			···i						
New Orleans, La	do	278, 104 28, 301	167 8	36	18	14	4	11	1	5					•••
Newport, Ky. Newton, Mass. New York, N. Y. Niagara Falls, N. Y. North Adams, Mass.	do	33,587	9	1	1		-::-	2		::::		2			
New York, N. Y Wiggers Falls N. Y	do	3, 437, 202 19, 457	12	565 1	137	74	15	68	4	141	10	2 149	12	25	
North Adams, Mass.	do	24, 200	13	3	1			9							
Northampton, Mass.	do	18,643 66,960	28		4	5		2		3		1			
Oklahoma, Okla	Aug. 14	43,500	26 17		1		1								. :
r Do Orenge N I	Aug. 21	43, 500 24 141	17	3	3		3	2		2				2	
North Adams, Mass. Northampton, Mass. Oakland, Cal. Ollahoma, Okla Do Orange, N. J. Peekskill, N. Y Philadelphia, Pa Pittsfield, Mass. Portland, Me	do	10, 358	5				1	1				16			
Philadelphia, Pa	Aug. 14	1, 293, 697 21, 766	413 6	137 3	51	79 1	7	24		54	1	16	2	20	
Portland, Me	Aug. 7		14		i	2		î		2		i			
Portsmouth, N. H	Aug. 21 Aug. 23	17,870 13,696	7	• • • •		••••	• • • •			1			••••		••••
Pottstown, Pa Providence, R. I	Aug. 23 Aug. 21	175,597	65	6	9	9		3		6		4		ļ	
Racine, Wis	do	29, 102	10		2 1				• • • •	<u>.</u> .	··i·	<u>2</u>	••••	··i	
Reading, Pa Rock Island, Ill	Aug. 23 Aug. 21	78,961 19,493	27			8									
St. Louis, Mo	do	575, 2 3 8	214	45	18	33	1	5	1	12	1	7	••••	5	••••
Sandusky, Ohio Do	Aug. 7 Aug. 14	19,664 19,664	6 5	••••	3	2									
San Jose, Cal	do	21.50D	4		ļ							•••••	••••		
Schenectady. N. Y Somerville, Mass	Aug. 21	31,682 61,643	16 22 10	5 3 2	3	1 3 1	1	3		6	i	····i		ï	

Weekly morbidity and mortality table, cities of the United States—Continued.

Week		Popula- tion, United	Total deaths	cul	ber- osis.		teric ver.		wriet ver.	Di	ph- eria.	Meas	iles.	iı	igh.
Cities.	ended-	States census, 1900.	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Desths.	Cases.	Deaths.
South Bethlehem, Pa Springfield, Mass. Steetton, Pa. Steetton, Pa. Stuperior, Wis. Tacoma, Wash Taunton, Mass. Terre Haute, Ind. Titusville, Pa. Toledo, Ohio Do. Do. Toledo, Ohio Trenton, N. J. Waitham, Mass. Weymouth, Mass. Williamsport, Pa. Williamsport, Pa. Williamsport, Pa. Williamsport, Pa. Woroszter, Mass. York, Pa. Zanesville, Ohio	Aug. 21do Aug. 15 Aug. 21do July 24 July 31 Aug. 7 Aug. 14 Aug. 21dodododo Aug. 23dodododododo Aug. 21dododo Aug. 21dodododododo	13, 241 62, 059 12, 068 31, 036, 673 8, 244 131, 822 131, 822 131, 822 131, 822 131, 822 131, 822 131, 822 131, 822 131, 823 111, 324 24, 481 11, 721 28, 75, 76, 508 14, 254 133, 708 22, 538	9 17 3 8 8 12 19 249 40 50 53 2 8 13 10 26 4 35	1 2 3 3 5 8 8	2 4 3 5 3 5 1 2	5 1 1 1 4 4 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1	1 2 2 1 1 1 1	1	2121 223533 3 111	1 1	10 83 35 4	1	2	

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BARBADOS.

Reports from Bridgetown—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Urquhart reports, August 7 and 14: Week ended August 7. Bills of health issued to 7 vessels having a total of 69 passengers and 396 members of crews. Of these vessels 2 were fumigated. One, the *Spanish Prince*, from Rio de Janeiro for New Orleans, was infested with rats.

Week ended August 14. Bills of health issued to 8 vessels having a total of 6 passengers and 247 members of crews. Of these vessels 3 were fumigated. Sanitary condition of vessels, cargoes, crews, and passengers was good. Sanitary condition of port and island good. No quarantinable disease reported.

BRAZIL.

Reports from Rio de Janeiro—Inspection of vessels—Mortality—Smallpox.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stewart reports, July 28 and August 7: Two weeks ended July 24. Vessels inspected and received bills of health: July 2, the British steamship Ethelwolf, for Tybee Roads, Georgia, for orders, in water ballast, with no passengers and no change in the crew personnel; July 13, the British steamship Austriana, for Baltimore, in cargo of manganese ore, and with no passengers, and no change in the crew personnel; July 15, the British steamship Rosetti, for New Orleans, in cargo of coffee, with no passengers, and no change in the crew personnel; July 19, the British steamship Spanish Prince, for New Orleans, in cargo of coffee, with no passengers, and no change in the personnel of the crew; July 18, the British steamship Vasari, for New York, with coffee cargo from this port, and with 46 cabin passengers and 1 steerage passenger, and no change in the personnel of the crew; July 20, the British steamship Corsican Prince, for New York, in cargo of coffee, with no passengers, and no change in the crew personnel, and July 23, the British steamship Lord Downshire, for Galveston, Tex., in water ballast, with no passengers and no change in the personnel of the crew.

Two weeks ended August 7. Vessels inspected and received bills of health: July 26, the British steamship St. Oswald, for Galveston, Tex., via St. Lucia, W. I., for disinfection, in water ballast, with

no passengers and no change in the crew personnel; July 29, the British steamship Llangibby, for some southern port, via St. Lucia, for disinfection, in water ballast, with no passengers and no change in the personnel of the crew; July 31, the Brazilian steamship Acre, for New York, with coffee cargo from this port for the United States and with miscellaneous cargo for Brazilian coast ports, with full crew signed on here, and vaccinated, and with 49 cabin passengers and 28 steerage passengers; on the same date, the British steamship Tudor Prince, for New York, in cargo of coffee, with no passengers and no change in the personnel of the crew here; same date, the German ship Dresden, for Gulfport, in stone and sand ballast, with no passengers and with 3 new members of crew signed on at this port; August 1, the British bark Annie, in stone ballast, for Gulfport, with no passengers and with 5 new members of crew signed on here; August 2, the German steamship Desterro, for New York, in coffee cargo, with 4 cabin passengers and 9 steerage passengers from here and with 1 new member of crew signed on in this port; on the same date, the British steamship Manchester Inventor, in water ballast, for Tampa, Fla., with no passengers and no change in the crew; August 4, the British steamship Byron, for New York, with coffee cargo, and with 14 cabin passengers from this port and transferred in this port from the River Plate, and 16 steerage passengers from Rio de Janeiro and the River Plate, and with no change in the crew personnel in this port; August 6, the British steamship Lord Roberts, with cargo of manganese ore and with no passengers, and 2 new members of the crew, for Philadelphia; and August 7, the British steamship Thespis, for New York, in cargo of coffee, with no passengers and with no change in the personnel of the crew.

No other vessels left this port during the week.

Mortality.—Smallpox.—Week ended July 18. Estimated population, 811,443. Census population, 1907, 628,675. Total deaths, 263. No cases nor deaths reported due to yellow fever or bubonic plague. Smallpox caused 4 new deaths with 6 new reported cases. At the close of the week there were in the hospital São Sebastião 18 cases of smallpox under treatment.

Week ended July 25. Total deaths, 240. No deaths nor cases reported due to yellow fever or bubonic plague. Smallpox caused 3 deaths with 3 new reported cases. At the close of the week there were in the Hospital São Sebastião 12 cases of smallpox under treat-

ment.

Week ended August 1. Total deaths, 228. No deaths nor cases due to yellow fever or plague. Smallpox caused 1 death, with 3 new cases reported. At the close of the week there were in the Hospital São Sebastião 11 cases of smallpox under treatment.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Mengis reports:

Week ended August 19. Present officially estimated population, 10,000. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good.

Bills of health issued to the following named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	
Aug. 14	Ellis. Heredia.	New Orleansdo	38 81	1 4	. 14 14	

CHINA.

Report from Amoy—Cholera and plague—Epidemic plague in Chang-Poo and vicinity.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Foster reports, July 26:

Week ended July 24. No bills of health issued. There were 9

deaths from cholera and 62 deaths from plague in Amoy.

On July 23, I was informed by Dr. J. H. Montgomery that plague was reported July 23 to be still epidemic in Chang-Poo. Cases of the pneumonic and bubonic type are very prevalent there, and the mortality is very large. During the month of June there were 61 cases with 59 deaths from plague in Kang-be, a village with a population of about 800, situated near Chang-Poo.

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports:

Week ended August 17. Estimated population 8,000. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 11 12 13 14 15 15	Parismina Preston Belita Heredia Atenia Esparta Prinz Joachim	89 30 21 66 76 44 106	3 0 0 7 1 3 74	36 2 0 4 0 0 23	0

CUBA.

Reports from Cienfuegos-Inspection of vessels-Sanitary conditions. Acting Assistant Surgeon Suarez reports, August 16 and 23:

Week ended August 14. Vessels inspected..... Bills of health issued..... Members of crews inspected..... Immune certificates issued.....

The sanitary condition of the city and port continues satisfactory, no quarantinable disease having been reported.

Week ended August 21.

Vessels inspected	2
Bills of health issued	2
Members of crows inspected	45
Immune certificates issued	3

The sanitary condition of the city and port continues fair; no quarantinable disease reported.

Report from Habana—Inspection of vessels—General sanitary conditions.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Amesse reports, August 24:

Week ended August 21.

Bills of health issued	21
Vessels inspected	16
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected	758
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected	448

The health status of Cuba as a whole is good. Towns exceeding 5,000 in population are for the most part kept in good condition. In smaller settlements, however, sanitary conditions are less satisfactory.

Passenger traffic for the United States continues rather heavy for

the close season.

About 400 persons a week proceed to points in Florida; an equal number embark for New York, with an average of 30 for New Orleans. Of those bound for points in infectible territory fully 70 per cent are immune cigar makers and their families en route to Key West and Tampa. Careful estimates covering a period of 4 months also show that approximately 95 per cent of the entire passenger traffic originates in the city of Habana and environs.

Sanitary inspection of towns in Santa Clara Province.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Noiret reports, August 14 and 21, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Amesse, at Habana:

Santa Clara.—Population, 13,763. No sanitary improvements.

Cruces.—Population, 10,239. There is a health officer. Streets not cleaned. Water supply bad; unscreened water barrels containing larvæ found; no hospital.

Ranchuelo.—Population, 3,000. There is a health officer. Streets not cleaned. Water supply bad, rain water being used, in barrels;

mosquitoes abundant.

Week ended August 21.

Santa Clara.—The streets were cleaned twice during the week, the eiling inspectors made three rounds, and the garbage was collected daily and partially cremated.

Report from Matanzas—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, August 24:

Week ended August 21. During this period bills of health granted to 4 vessels bound for United States ports, in good sanitary condition. No quarantinable diseases were reported during the week.

Report from Santiago-Inspection of vessels-House and water-deposit inspection—No larvae found.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, August 19: Week ended August 14. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels bound for the United States and its dependencies. No vessel fumigated. No new case of quarantinable disease reported.

The sanitary department reports 2,834 houses inspected; no larvæ

found in the water deposits.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Puerto Barrios, fruit port—Stegomyia present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ames reports:

Week ended August 14. Present officially estimated population, 350. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Stegomyia calopus present.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	
Aug. 8 12 14	Niederwald	Colon New Orleans New York, via Republic of Panama and Jamaica.	46 27	2 11 4	8	

Temperature taken of all persons on steamship Ellis day of sailing.

HAWAII.

Report from Honolulu—Examination of rats for plague infection— Plague rat from Hilo verified.

Chief Quarantine Officer Hobdy reports, August 9:

HONOLULU.

Week ended August 7.

Total rats taken	566
Trapped	516
Shot from trees	50
Found dead	0
Examined bacteriologically	403
Plague rats	0
Classification of rats trapped:	
Mus alexandrinus	34
Mus musculus	221
Mus norvegicus	116
Mus rattus	145
Classification of rate shot from trees:	
Mus alexandrinus.	28
Mus rattus	21
Mus norvegicus	1
Average number of traps set daily	1, 294
Rat from Hilo proved to be plague infected	1

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port—Stegomyia and Anopheles present— Sanitary work.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Jumel reports:

Week ended August 18. Present officially estimated population, 6,800. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Stegomyia present; anopheles increasing in number. Grading of streets to prevent surface-pool formation continues.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 12 13 15 16 18	Colombia. Joseph Vaccaro. Agnella. Viator. Orleanian.	19 33 18 17 33	0 1 0 0 15	0 4 0 0	0 0

Temperature of all persons on board above-named vessels taken at time of clearance.

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port-Mosquitoes.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wailes reports as follows:

Week ended August 18. Present officially estimated population, about 2,500. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country, good. Mosquitoes very abundant.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage dis- infected.
Aug. 12 12 18 17	Harald Mercator Belvernon Utstein	18 17 17	3 1	0	0

INDIA.

Report from Calcutta—Cholera, plague, and smallpox—Summary of plague in Bengal and India.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Allan reports, July 29:

Week ended July 24, no transactions.

Week ended July 17. There were 19 deaths from cholera, 33 from plague, and 2 from smallpox; in Bengal, 40 cases and 38 deaths from plague; in India, 800 cases of plague with 613 deaths.

ITALY.

Report from Naples—Inspection of vessels—Examination of emigrants— Smallpox.

Surgeon Geddings reports, August 9:

Vessels inspected at Naples and Palermo, week ended August 7.

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage in- spected and passed.	dictrinated
Aug. 3 4 6 7 7	Sicania Regina d'Italia Prinzess Irene Roma America	New Yorkdo.	293 396 267 576	60 85 60 90	550 680 520 670
	Total		1,532	295	2,420
		PALERMO.	·		
	I	l	I		<u> </u>

Aug. 5 Regina d'Italia New York 265 300	150
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Rejections recommended.

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Trachoma.	Favus.	Suspected trachoma.	Suspected favus.	Other causes.	Total.
Aug. 3 4 6 7 7	Sicania. Regina d'Italia. Prinzess Irene. Roma. America. Total.	10 11 4 16	1 2 1	8 5 2 6	1	5 3 2 3	24 20 10 80

PALERMO.

-		!	· ·	i	i	i
Aug. 5	Regina d'Italia	16	 22	•••••	2	40

Smallpox in Naples.—During the week ended August 8, 34 cases of smallpox with 2 deaths were reported at the health office of the city of Naples.

JAPAN.

Reports from Yokohama—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Sanitary conditions—Examination of emigrants.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Cumming reports, August 3:

Week ended July 31. Bills of health granted to 4 vessels.

No further cases of plague or other quarantinable disease were reported in or near this city during the past week, and sanitary conditions at Yokohama and in the Empire are good except upon the Island of Shikoku, near Kobe, where there is an outbreak of plague.

The steamship Indrawadi was thoroughly fumigated and many rats

were killed.

Summary of examination of emigrants.—During the month of July, 1909, 145 alien steerage passengers from this port were examined; 8 were refused, 22 held for diagnosis, 115 passed, and 102 certified; 114 persons were bathed, and 308 pieces of baggage disinfected.

Examination of emigrants.—Number of emigrants per steamship Siberia July 29: Examined 27; for San Francisco, held for observa-

tion 2; for Honolulu, rejected 1; held for observation 5.

Per steamship Aki Maru August 5, for Seattle: Examined 12; held for observation 1.

MEXICO.

Report from Coatzacoalcos-Inspection of vessels-Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Thompson reports, August 20:

Week ended August 18. Two vessels inspected. No sickness occurred on board while in port and all on board were well at time of sailing.

Report from Manzanillo-Further relative to yellow fever at Colima.

The following information was received from the Department of State, August 30:

The American consul at Manzanillo reports, August 26:

About four weeks since first case of yellow fever at Colima. Eight cases were reported. None at present. No precautions except isolating cases.

Report from Progreso—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Death of yellow fever case at Merida.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Harrison reports, August 21:

Vessels dispatched	. 6
Vessels fumigated	3
Members of crews	211
Passengers from this port.	37

Sanitary conditions are unchanged and no quarantinable disease was reported in the town or immediate vicinity. The case of yellow fever at Merida reported for the week ended August 13 terminated fatally August 14.

Report from Salina Cruz—Fumigation of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gochicoa reports, August 16: Period from August 1 to 15 inclusive. Two vessels fumigated.

Report from Tampico—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stowe reports, August 19:

Week ended August 18.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Vessels inspected and passed	5
Bills of health issued	5
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected	131
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected	0
Vessels fumigated prior to sailing.	ň
vessets thinigated bitot to saming	v

No case of quarantinable disease has occurred during the week. Sanitary condition of port and surrounding country good.

Report from Veracruz—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports, August 16:

Week ended August 15.

Bills of health issued	7
Vessels inspected	2
Vessels fumicated	5
Vessels fumigated	19
Wombors of grows inspected	ōE.

The general sanitary conditions of Veracruz are good; no contagious diseases having been reported during the week.

NETHERLANDS.

Report from The Hague—Cholera at Rotterdam—Preventive measures taken—No contamination found in water supply.

The following information is received from Minister Beaupré.

through the Department of State, under date of August 26:
Two cases of Asiatic cholera in Rotterdam are officially reported. All preventive measures have been taken. Examination of the water supply shows no contamination.

NICABAGUA.

Report from Bluefields, fruit port—Stegomyia present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Layton reports:

Ten days ended August 19. Present officially estimated population, 2,500. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Mosquitoes abundant, Stegomyia calopus being the prevailing mosquito.

Bill of health issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of trew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	
Aug. 8	Marietta Di Georgio	New Orleans	19	5	0	

Temperature of all on board above-named vessel taken day of saffing.

Report from Corinto—Sanitary work— Mosquito destruction.

Consul Johnson reports, July 9:

Sanitary work is being carried out at Corinto under police regulation, including draining and filling of swamps, screening of water containers, removal of refuse, cleaning of premises, and general measures against mosquitoes.

RUSSIA.

Reports from Libau—Status of cholera in Russia—Water supply for vessels—Water supply of St. Petersburg—Examination of emigrants.

Acting Assistant Surgeon De Forest reports, August 7 and 13: Week ended August 6:

Cholera in Russia.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
St. Petersburg	. 186	111
Jaroslav		5
Riga		19
Vitebsk		42
Novgorod (for week ended July 31)		18
Archangel		22
Rubinsk		13
Polotzk		29
Pronstadt		
_ver		
Kem		9
Onega	- 5	
Novotorshok		2
Kortschevsk		2
Rshevsker		1
Tologda (from beginning of epidemic in May to July 28)		149
District of Schenkurft		
Romanovo-Borissoglebsk		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Katerinenburg		
Perm	1 21	
/alk		
Tharkov (District Lebedinsk)	-	8

No quarantinable disease is present in Libau.

The steamship Birma sailed for New York August 3 with 33 second-cabin passengers and 614 steerage passengers. All passengers and members of crew had been in Libau 5 days previous to sailing. One hundred and ninety-one pieces of baggage were disinfected.

The water for vessels is taken from a drilled well at the dock. The dock is at least one-fourth of a mile from any dwelling and one-half mile from the city proper.

Week ended August 13:

Cholera in Russia.

Date.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Aug. 7 to 13	St. Petersburg.	222	80
Do	Riga	12	•
Since beginning of epidemic to Aug. 13.	Vitebsk	224	82
Aug. 7 to 13	Rubinsk	44	21
Do	Jaroslav	24	9
Do	Tver	8	
Aug. 7	Vilna (District of Disna)	5	
Aug. 7 to 13	Archangel	38	23
Do		11	
\ug. 8	Onega.	6	1
Week ending Aug. 8	Vologda	67	5
Do	Novgorod	29	2
lug. 7 to 13	Perm	-6	_
Do	Polotzk	102	2
Do	Jacobstadt	1	
Do	District Schenkursk	14	10
Do	Cronstadt	2	-
Do	Motovilicha	ž	- 1
Do	Dmitrokovschschia (District of Organsk)	4	- 1
Do	Poltava (District of Gadjatsch)	7	•
Do	Cholmorgorsk		
	Nishni-Novgorod	- 1	1
Do	Delana	+	
ug. o w iv	Drissa	12	3
ug. 12	Government St. Petersburg	12	•
.ug. 13	Schlusselburg		••••••
Do		8	
Do	Novologlogan	7	ä

The water supply for the city of St. Petersburg is taken from the Neva River only a short distance from one of the openings of the sewers.

For the steamship Russia, sailing August 17, I have examined 914 emigrants. Three hundred pieces of baggage disinfected by formaldehyde gas.

No quarantinable diseases at present in Libau.

ST. LUCIA ISLAND.

Reports from Castries—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Maylie reports, August 3 and 9: Week ended July 31: Vessels inspected, 6; fumigated, 5. Week ended August 7: Vessels inspected, 2; fumigated, 2. Sanitary condition of this port and vicinity good. No quarantinable diseases exist.

ZANZIBAR.

Reports from Zanzibar-Examination of rats for plague infection.

Consul Garrels reports, June 30 and July 7:

Week ended June 30, 1,938 rats examined for plague infection. Week ended July 7, 1,431 rats examined; no plague infection found.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND CITIES—UNTABULATED.

Brazil—Pernambuco.—Two weeks ended May 31, 1909. Estimated population, 210,000. Total number of deaths, 372, including enteric fever 1, measles 1, smallpox 7, and 50 from tuberculosis.

FORMOSA.—Week ended July 17, 1909. Estimated population, 3,108,723. Number of deaths not reported. Two deaths from enteric fever and 3 from plague reported.

France—Cherbourg.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 43,837. Total number of deaths, 61, including enteric fever 3, and 13 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 150,000. Total number of deaths, 240, including diphtheria 1, scarlet fever 2, and 43 from tuberculosis.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended August 7, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 10.5! per 1,000 population, which is estimated at 16.445,281.

London.—Nine hundred and thirty-three deaths were registered during the week, including measles 19, scarlet fever 4, diphtheria 3,

whooping cough 26, enteric fever 2, tuberculosis 137, and 27 from diarrhea. In Greater London 1,328 deaths were registered.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended August 7, 1909, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 14.0 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,142,308. The lowest rate was recorded in Wexford, viz, 4.7, and the highest in Galway, viz, 38.8 per 1,000.

Dublin.—Report for the week ended August 7, 1909. Estimated population, 306,902. Total number of deaths, 123, corresponding to an annual death rate of 15.2 per 1,000 of population, including measles 1, scarlet fever 1, diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 20 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended August 7, 1909, correspond to an annual rate of 12 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,839,038. The highest rate of mortality was recorded in Greenock, viz, 14.4, and the lowest in Aberdeen, viz, 9.9 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 429, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 3, measles 6, scarlet fever 3, and 14 from whooping cough.

GREECE—Patras.—Two weeks ended June 30, 1909. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 12, including 4 from tuberculosis.

ITALY—Genoa.—Two weeks ended July 15, 1909. Estimated population, 221,774. Total number of deaths, 197, including measles 1, scarlet fever 1, and 17 from tuberculosis.

SPAIN—Cadiz.—Month of July, 1909. Estimated population, 69,382. Total number of deaths, 169, including enteric fever 1, measles 1, whooping cough 12, and 28 from tuberculosis.

Madrid.—Month of July, 1909. Total number of deaths not reported. Five deaths from diphtheria, 36 from enteric fever, 10 from measles, 5 from scarlet fever, 81 from smallpox, 96 from typhus fever, whooping cough 10, and 115 from tuberculosis.

West Indies—Curação.—Two weeks ended August 13, 1909. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 4. No contagious diseases reported.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, from June 26 to September 3, 1909. [Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls, through the Department of State and from other sources.] [For reports received from December 25, 1908, to June 25, 1909, see Public Health Reports for June 25, 1909.]

[Nore.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.] CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
China:				
Amoy Hankau	June 13-Ju 24	•	75	
Hankau	July 17	. 1	1	
Kang Thau	Apr. 1-June 30	. 4	2	
Swatow	May 11-29	• •••••		Present in vicinity.
Germany:		1		
Konigsberg	July 21	-	1	
india:	35 - 00 T-1-07	1	100	
BombayCalcutta	May 30-July 27 May 16-July 17 May 29-July 16 May 8-14	·	133	
Calcutta	May 16-July 17	• !	343	
Madras	May 29-July 16	•	5	
Negapatam	May 8-14	•	4	
Rangoon	May 16-July 17	•	17	
indo-China:				
Saigon	May 9-July 3	. 19	13	
Netherlands, The:		1 _	ł	
Rotterdam	Aug. 26	. 2		
Philippine Islands:		1		
Manila				Fourth quarter 1908, 308 cas and 190 deaths; first quart 1909, 1 death (imported). Fourth quarter 1908, 7,330 cas
Alboy	June 27-July 3	59	59	Fourth quarter 1908, 7,330 cas and 4,292 deaths; first quart 1909, 2,221 cases and 1,4 deaths.
Albay	May 16-July 3	18	8	
CehuDapitanIloiloLeyte	May 9-15	10		Present.
Dapitan	May 23-June 19	28	18	1 1esent.
Toute	June 6-July 3	14	10	
Moro	May 20-July 3	9	9	
Mountain	May 29-July 3 June 20-26	27	15	
Negros Occidental	May 0-15	8	2	
Negros Oriental	May 9-15 May 16-June 26	105	71	
Pampanga	May 9-July 3	77	52	
Donmeinan	June 13-19	'i	_	
Pangasinan Samar Sorsogon	May 9-July 3	38	25	
Samoron	May 9-15	8	2	August 27, 1909.
Sorsogon	may 9-10		_	Luly 23 present in Drissa Ko
.ussia				troma, Kreutzburg, Mahlgr ben, Muravjevo, Onega, I nega, Polotzk, Radsiwilischl Reval, Schaulen, and Tver.
Archangel	June 26-Aug. 13	296	165	,
Baku, government	July 4-10			
Chmalysk, district	July 1	Ī		
Cronstadt	June 30-Aug. 13	56	25	
Footland government	July 1	ĩ		
Eastland, government	July 1	•		
Finland—	June 23-24	1	1	
Mariengam	Tuler 0.16		•	
Tion makes and	July 9-16 July 30	-		Present.
Viborg	Tuly 4 Aug 13	57	28	I lesent.
Kief	July 4-Aug. 13 July 30	"	20	Do.
Kitidistrict	Tester 1	1		20.
Kreisky, district	July 1	2	1	
M108U	July 15	6	2	
MOSCOW	July 9-24	141	34	
Novgorod, government Olonets, government Polotzk	July 4-Aug. 8 June 20-July 31	9	6	
Deleter government	June 27-Aug. 8	297	101	
Pskov		8	3	
Dime	July 1-17 July 1-Aug. 13	118	36	•
Dissip	July 1-Aug. 10	3	3	Do.
Riga Rjasin Rubinsk	June 24-July 16 July 30-Aug. 13	71	34	
Qimbirek	July 13	12	03	
Simbirsk St. Petersburg, government	June 9-July 31	474	169	
St. Petersburg	June 2-Aug. 13	3,849	1,419	
Vilna	July 11-Aug. 8	6	*,***1	
Vitehsk, government	July 9-Aug. 13	576	193	
Vologda, government	May 31-Aug. 8	309	203	
iam:	or	000		
Bangkok	Apr. 25-May 28	1		
traits Settlements:		_		

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued. YELLOW FEVER.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Barbados, general	June 13-20	1		St. Joseph Parish, Dec. to June, 14 deaths not previously re- ported.
Brazil:	Mars 00 Tules 0	24	1	1
Manaos	May 22-July 2 May 23-July 3	34	15	
Para	May 30-Aug. 7	31	31	1
Pernambuco	Apr. 15-30	3		
British Guiana: Suddie	July 22	1	1	35 miles from Georgetown.
Ecuador:	vary 22		-	of mines from deergosewii.
Duran	July 16-31	3		
Guayaquil	May 23-July 24		. 32	
Mexi [,] o: Colima	July 30-Aug. 26	8	1	
Merida	June 5-Aug. 14	3	1	
Panama:	_		1	
Canal Zone— Ancon	Mar. 1-31		1	1 case at Culcbra Island quaran-
Ancon	Mai. 1-11.			tine station from a vessel, and 1 fatal case en route from Guayaquil.
	PLA	GUE.	•	
Ametralia			1	
Australia: Adelaide	Apr. 30-May 1	1	1	
Markav	Jan. 21-June 6	2	2	
Sydney	Apr. 18-May 29	5	1	
Azores: Terceira	June 16	3	1	
Brazil:	Julio 10			
Bahia	June 5-July 16	14	7	
Rio de Janeiro	May 17-July 10	2	1	
Chile: Antofagasta	May 9-30	13	5	July 10, 4 cases in the lazaretto.
Iquique	May 20-July 16	17	8	July 16, 7 cases in the lazaretto.
Magillones	May 4			Still present.
China: Amoy	Tuno 1. July 24		562	
Canton	June 1-July 24	300	192	
Chang-Poo	July 23	. 		Epidemic.
Chinchew	May 22			Do.
Hongkong	May 2-July 10 July 24	76 6 1	70 59	
Kang-beKang Thau	Apr. 1-June 30	117	59	
Pollam	May 23-29	8	7	
Swatow district	May 16-July 1		350	July 1, 200 cases still present in Touchowfu and Yin Shan; July 19, present in Swatow.
Ecuador:	Inno 1 20			
Chunchi	June 1-30 May 23-July 24	3	27	
Guayaquil Huigra	May 1-June 15	16	3	
Egypt:	M 00 T1 00	••	اء	
Alexandria Port Said	May 30-July 30 May 29-Aug. 2	10 11	8	
Provinces—	may 25-Aug. 2	- 11	•	•
Assiout	May 14-Aug. 12	43	8	
Beherach	June 1-July 15	28	10	
Galyoobeeyeh Garbieh	June 2-Aug. 10 June 2-Aug. 12	32	2 14	
Fayoum	June 3-23	15	6	
Menouf	Jan. 18-Aug. 8	86	17	
German East Africa:	A 00 M 00		,,	
Muanza district Hawaii:	Apr. 30-May 22	• • • • • • • •	12	
Hilo	Aug. 19–20 July 20	1 1	1	The case arrived on the s. s. Korea, had been ill 11 days, and probably received infer-
Olaa plantation	Aug. 20-22	3	2	tion at Hongkong.
ndia: Bombay Presidency and	May 16-July 17	1, 483	1, 260	
Sind.	May 16-July 17	521	312	
Bengal	May 16-July 17	725	623	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India—Continued. United provincesPunjabBurman	May 16-July 17 May 16-July 17	642	1,356 6,042 608	
Central provinces, including Berar. Mysore State	May 16-July 17 May 16-July 17	424	37 313	·
Rajputana and Ajmer-Mer- wara. Kashmir	May 16-July 17 May 16-June 12	998	834	
Grand total		13,375	11,388	
Bahrien Island, Persian Gulf	May 29–June 4		4	
ndo-China: Saigonapan:	May 9-July 3	21	20	
Formosa	May 30-July 17	12	156 8	In south and central parts.
Osaka Shikoku, island Tokyo	July 17-Aug. 3 June 26	1 3 3	1	Still present.
Yokohama	May 25-July 12 Apr. 1-May 31	18 9	12 9	
Arequipa, department Chala	July 3–15		2	Present.
Mollendo	May 8-July 15	20	6	Do.
CallaoIca, department	June 20-July 15 July 3-15	i	10	Do.
Lambayeque, department Eten Libertad, department	July 15	ii	7	Do.
SalaverryLima, department Cerro Azul	May 8-July 15	13	8	Do. Do.
Moquegua, department Ilo Pescadores Islands	July 15			Do. From s. s. Lodore.
Piura, department Paita		11	8	Present.
am: Bangkok rinidad:	Apr. 25-June 28	13	1,3	
Port of Spainurkey in Asia: Adalia	June 13-July 18 June 25-July 29	l	5	
Beirutruguav:	June 25-July 4	1		In Harrett Aryk.
Montevideo enezuela: Caracas	May 1-June 30 June 18-Aug. 6		2	
anzibar	July 26	1		
	SMAI	LLPOX.		
lgeria:	May 1_Inly 21	27	15	
Algiers Bonargentina:		i :	17	
Buenos Aires	Mar. 1-May 31 Apr. 1-May 31	2	16 2	
Galicia	June 6-July 31 June 20-Aug. 7	6 17		
Antwerp	July 18-24	4	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	
Bahia	May 17-Aug. 1	23 63	7 27 28	
Santos Sao Paulo	May 10-16		1 12	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canada:				
British Columbia— Vancouver	. June 1-July 31	4		
Nova Scotia— Halifax	June 13-Aug. 7	5		
Quebec— Montreal	. June 17			2 cases additional at Grosse Isl
Ceylon:	May 23-29	2		on s. s. Virginian.
Chile: Valparaiso	May 16-July 24	_		Present.
Santiago	May 29			Still present.
Amoy	June 1-July 10 Apr. 25-June 12	24		May 9-15; present. Present among natives.
Hongkong Kang Thau	May 2-June 26 Apr. 1-June 30	16 7	1	
Shanghai	May 10-July 11 June 27-July 3	1 100	7 2	Among natives.
Egypt, generalCairo	Apr. 30-July 1 May 21-July 8	1,133 46	260 13 3	
Ecuador: Guayaquil	May 21-July 8 June 1-30	2		
France: Marseille	June 1-30		5	
ParisToulon	May 23-Aug. 9 July 25-31	3 8	2	
Germany, general	May 30-Aug. 14 Aug. 8	20 1		
Great Britain: Cardiff	July 6	1		
Liverpool	June 21–26	2		Case, June 22, from s. s. Canada
BombayCalcutta	May 26-July 27 May 16-July 17		71 124	
Madras	May 22-July 23 May 12-July 17		12 21	•
Saigon	May 9-July 10 May 31-Aug. 8	20 43	14	
Genoa Naples	June 1-July 31 May 31-Aug. 8	12 232	35	
Ottiana	June 23 Mar. 7–13	1 1	i	
apan: Formosa	June 13-19	1		Thomas a Calla
Moji Osaka Yokohama	June 6	1 3 1		From s. s. Selja.
ava: Batavia	June 1–7	15		
Mauritius: Port Louis	Apr. 1–30	1	1	
Mexico: Aguascalientes	June 21–27	-	1	
Guadalajara Mexico	June 11-Aug. 19 May 16-July 10		3 71	
MontereyVeracruz	June 14-Aug. 8 June 1-Aug. 12	8	24 3	6 cases imported from Medellin.
Vorway, general	Apr. 1-May 30	3		
Canal Zone— Ancon	Mar. 1+31	1		At Culebra Island quarantine station; from a vessel.
Persia: Shiran Turbat-i-Haidari	May 1-31 May 1-31			Present. Do.
Peru: Lima	July 4–10	1		In the lazaretto.
Philippine Islands: Manila	May 9-June 19	16	6	Fourth quarter, 1908, 28 cases and 8 deaths; first quarter, 1909, 55 cases and 16 deaths.
Portugal: Lisbon	May 30-Aug. 7	86		ve parer time at determine

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Russia:				
Libau	May 6-Aug. 1	4	1.	
Moscow	May 16-July 31	318	93	! !
Odessa	May 30-July 31		ĭ	· ·
Riga	June 6-Aug. 7	42	l .	May 1-30, 5 deaths.
St. Petersburg		258	59	
Warsaw	Apr. 25-July 11		12	
iam:	pr. 20 July 11		1	
Bangkok	Apr. 25-June 28	2	1	
liberia:	June 20	1 -	_	
Vladivostok	May 15-June 3	4	1	
pain:	may 10-sunc s	-	•	
Barcelona	June 1-Aug. 9	l	37	•
Huelva		ļ	8	
Madrid				
Seville		l	2	
Tarragona			ĺ	
Valencia	Mon 30-111 21	51		
Vigo	May 23-Aug. 7	01	8	
traits Settlements:	may 20-Mug. 1			
Singapore	May 16-July 10	1	2	
witzerland:	may 10-3019 10		_	
Aargau, canton	June 20-26	. 1		
Fribourg, canton	Tune 12-10	'†		
Geneva, canton	May 30-June 26			
	may 30-June 20	, ,		
Pripoli: Tripoli	May 23-Aug. 7	58	12	
Turkev in Asia	Table 10			Present in interior.
Furkey in AsiaBagdad	Man 0 Toma 00			Present.
Bagdad	May 23-June 26			Do.
Bassorah				Do.
Hadjin	July 19 May 7–July 1		28	ъ.
Smyrna	may /-July 1	•••••	28	
Curkey in Europe: Constantinople	May 31-Aug. 1	1	8	
Constantinopie	may 31-Aug. 1	• • • • • • •	8	
Jruguay:	A 1 T 00		ا ۔	
Montevideo	Apr. 1-June 30		5	

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities.

		n all					E	eatl	ns fro	m				
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Aberdeen	Aug. 7 July 24 July 31 Aug. 7 Aug. 15 July 24 July 17	181,918 5,000 5,000 5,000 40,000 160,039 400,000	34 8 9 8 71 51 176	1 4	73	26			1	1	1		1 3	i
Antwerp. Athens. Bahia. Do. Do. Baracoa. Barmen	July 31 do July 2 July 9 July 16 Aug. 7 July 17	343, 921 241, 058 265, 000 265, 000 265, 000 27, 000 162, 100	69 96 101 126 100 6 35	5 11 12 17 19	1 1			1 2	5	5 1	1	1	7 1 1 2	1
Barranquilla Basel Belfast Do Belize Bergen	July 31 do do Aug. 7 Aug. 12 Aug. 7	40,000 131,000 386,576 386,576 9,113 87,749	16 29 97 108 4 12	1 22 25 								1		3 5
Breslau Berlin Birmingham Bluefields	July 31 July 27 Aug. 7	335,186 2,099,814 558,336 2,500	208 502 114 3	21 70						4	13 13	1 9 3	1 15 1	10 2

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

			78	T			I)eat]	hs fro)m—	•			
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enterio fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
BombayBradford	July 20 July 17	977, 822 293, 983	530 62	48 9	25	17		3		1	i.	_i -	2	1 1
Do	July 24 July 31	293, 983 293, 983	56 £9	6								2	2	
Do Bristol		293, 983 377, 642	66 56	5 5			••••			i-	1 1	1 2		
BrusselsBudapest	July 31	704, 975 804, 200	172	16			••••				3	i i	3 2	1 3
Cairo	July 8	701, 806 847, 796	828 405	35	29	28		1 2	9	19		15	46	
CalcuttaCanton	July 3	1,000.000	200	25 25	15					5			ļ	
Do	July 10 July 17	1,000,000 1,000,000	200 200	25 25	12 7					5				
Cartagena, Colombia Do	July 24 July 31	30,000 30,000	13 7	1				• • • •						
Chemnitz Christiania	do	276, 940 236, 000	71 40	5		••••		••••	••••				2	<u>.</u>
Cienfuegos	Aug. 7 July 31	37,000 23,400	16 4											
Coburg	Aug. 7	19, 483	9	1										
Cologne	July 31 July 10	472, 087 155, 869	143 129	17 15						6	2 		6	
Colon	Aug. 7 July 24	16,000 448,000	8 94	6				••••	••••	1	••••	···i	4	
DalnyDo	July 17 July 24	37,822 37,822	28 20	3 1					••••	••••		••••		2
Denia	July 31	12,231	143	21						<u>2</u>				
Dresden	do	546,400 394,525	143	23							1	3	1 4	2 4 4
Do, Dundee	Aug. 7	394,525 169,409	123 41	20			:::			1	1	1	1	1
Durban Edinburg	July 17 Aug. 7	60,244 355,366	14	3 7						··i·	···i·	 1		···· <u>·</u>
Flushing. Fort de France	do July 24	21,206 27,069	4 12	••••			••••				••••	••••		••••
_ Do	July 31	27,069	12											
FronteraGeneva	Aug. 7 July 24	9,000 121,500	8 28									··i		••••
GhentGibraltar	July 31 Aug. 8	164,579 36,830	45 7	3					••••					
GlasgowGothenburg	Aug. 13 July 31	872,021 162,400	199 10		•••••		••••	•	••••	2	2	2	3	5 2
Greenock	Aug. 7	72,300	20 25											ī
HalifaxHamburg	Aug. 14 July 31	40,787 872,252	194	20							4	1 8		3
HavreHilo	do	132,430 3,500	45 8	11				::::		2 1				••••
Hongkong Hull	July 10 July 31	315,616 . 275,552	54		2			••••		1				i
Do	Aug. 7 July 3	275, 552 380, 717	55 139										3	3
Do	July 24	380,717	207	9						2		i		<u>.</u>
KönigsbergLa Guaira	July 31do	239, 100 10, 000	79 10	1						"i"			4	
LeedsLeipzig	Aug. 7 July 31	484, 012 537, 686	104 161	12 18		::::					··i	2	1 1	1 1
Leith Liege	Aug. 7 July 31	85, 721 176, 076	21 40	1 5				• • •				··;·	10	1
Liverpool	Aug. 7	760, 357	219	15							2	3 5	12 29	
Löndon Lübeck	July 31	97,000	,328 24	2									28	34 :
Madras	Aug. 7 July 16	97,000 509,346	21 365			2							·i	
Magdeburg	July 31 Aug. 7	249.878	62 160									··i	6	••••
Mannheim Mazatlan	July 24 Aug. 14	631, 533 183, 317 22, 000	10 32	8]		ī		ĭ	••••
Milan	Aug. 7 Aug. 14	900,000	142	19			:			2		i	7	••••
Moneton Monterey	Aug. 15	13,500 100,000	88	6					::::	3			اري:	· · · · · ·
Montreal	Aug. 14 July 24	389, 837 566, 000	198 178	14 24					::::	2 2	••••	2	7	2 1

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

,						I)eat]	ıs fro	m—				
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Nagasaki	July 25	175,936	63											
Nantes	Aug. 1	161,908 593,729	57 278	9				2		3	j	1		
Naples Newcastle-on-Tyne	Aug. 7	281,584	82	8						i				
	Aug. 10	260,000	62	···i			ļ					2		1
Nuevo Laredo Nuremberg Odessa Ottawa Do Do	Aug. 15 July 17	5,000	4 89	5		ļ				3		i	2	i
Odessa	July 17 July 31	316, 180 520, 000	258	21				i	i	4	4		2	
Ottawa	July 24	520,000 80,200 80,200	23 38											
Do	July 31 Aug. 7	80,200 80,200	36				••••			••••	••••	••••	••••	
Do	Aug. 7 Aug. 14	80,200	34											
Palermo	July 24	335,000	179	6					1		:-	1	4	
DoPenangDo	July 31 July 10	335,000 102,520	186 83	2 12				• • • •	1	1	1		7	
Do	July 17	102,520	64	13										
PlymouthPort Elizabeth	Aug. 7	124 180	24											2
Port Elizabeth Port of Spain	July 24 July 10	32,959 60,000	11 33	3	····i		• • • •	• • • •		i	• • • •		••••	
Decembe "	July 31	229,965	113	37						ļ . .	1	i	3	
Quebec	Aug. 14	81,000	2 6	2						¦				
Queenstown	Aug. 7 July 10	7,684 252,155	227	6	26	4		··i	• • • •	••••	• • • • •		• • • • •	
Quebec. Queenstown. Rangoon. Do. Saigon. Do. Do.	July 17	252.155	219	4	14	5		3						
Saigon	July 3	206,000	10		7	3								
Do	July 10 Aug. 7	206,000 414,491	5 78					5		···i		i	••••	
Rotterdam. St. Johns, N. B	Aug. 14	47,000	14	4										
St. Petersburg	July 24	1.678.000	1,119	83		233		6	 	12	14	12	37	į 6
St. Stephen, N. B Santa Cruz de Teneriffe.	Aug. 14 July 31	2,840 46,000	1 15	2			• • • •	• • • •			• • • •		··i	
Santiago de Cuba	Aug. 14	53,614	16											
Shanghai	July 10	565,000	139	20				2				2		
DoSheffield	July 17 July 31	565,000 450,000	159 113	19 14			••••	••••			2	1		
Do.	Aug. 7	450,000	98	5						1				
SingaporeSouthampton	July 10	260,000	218	31 3				1		1		;-		
Southampton	Aug. 7	124,667 117,627	19 24	4			••••	••••		• • • •		1	i	1
South ShieldsStettin	July 31	230,000	69	2										
Stockholm	July 24	339, 582	84 32	18			• • • •				1 1	···i·		2
	Aug. 7 June 19	159, 137 7, 086	32 9	3		• • • •	••••							
Tamatave	June 26	7,086	3											
Do	July 3	7,086	3					• • • •	• • • • •		···i·			
Tarragona	Aug. 7 Aug. 3	20, 400 24, 000	3 14				••••	••••						
Tientsin	July 10	1,000,000	4											
Toulon	July 31	101,602	27 91	1	İ			1	• • • •	1	1		··· <u>·</u>	
Trieste	July 24 July 31	217, 706 217, 706	100					• • • •			• • •		1	
Do Turin	July 30	381,439	121	5						1				
ValenciaVeracruz	July 31	240,000	107	10						2		1	1	
Veracruz Do	Aug. 7 Aug. 14	35, 000 35, 000	28 37	11										
Vevav	July 17	14,500	1											
VictoriaVienna	do	30,000	5 575								4	i	4	
ViennaVigo	July 31 Aug. 7	2,064,037 40,000	575 14	96 4				···i		i	- 4			
West Hartlepool	Aug. 7	40,000 66,750	11											
Vigo. West Hartlepool. Winnepeg. Yokohama.	Aug. 14	122,000	50	2						1	1		1	
I OKOUSIUS		392,870		4	····i		••••	• • • •					••••	ļ
Zanzibar	July 14	75,000	31	4	1 L									

The following cases of and deaths from smallpox, yellow fever, cholera, and plague have been reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, during the week ended September 3, 1909.

SMALLPOX-UNITED STATES.

	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Illinois:			-	
Chicago	Aug. 14-21	1		
Minnesota:	A 12 00	,		
Duluth	Aug. 13–20 July 1–31	44		
Ohio:				
ToledoOklahoma:	July 24-Aug. 7	2		
Oklahoma City	Aug. 7-21	1	1	
l'ennessee: Knoxville	Aug. 14 01	-		
rexas:	Aug. 14–21	1		
Houston	Mar. 20-June 19	20		

SMALLPOX-FOREIGN.

	1			
Algeria:	·			
Algiers	July 1–31		1	
Brazil:		i		
Bahia	June 25-July 16	7	3	
Bahia Pernambuco	May 15-31		7	
Chile:				
Valparaiso	July 3-31			Present.
Egypt:				
Cairo	July 1–8	1	1	
France:		_	- 1	
Toulon	July 24-31		1	
India:	ouly 21 01		•	
Bombay	July 13-20		3	
Calcutta	July 3-10		' 2	
Rangoon	July 3-17	•••••	4	
Indo-China:	ouly o in the second	••••	-	
Caigan	July 3-10	7 -	5	
Italy, general	Aug 1-8	í	0	
Genoa	July 8-15	2	2	
Naples.	Aug 1-8	34	2	
Portugal:	rug. I O	01	2	
Lisbon	July 31-Aug. 7	R		
Russia:	July 01-21ug. 7	U	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Odessa	July 24-31	1	1	
Riga				
St. Petersburg	July 17-24	41	6	
Spain:	July 17-24	41	0	
Barcelona	Aug. 3-9	i	4	
Madrid	Tul. 1 91	• • • • • • •	81	
Valencia	July 1–31	•••••	01	
	July 24–31	1	•••••••	
Vigo Straits Settlements:	July 31-Aug. 7	• • • • • • •	. 1	
	T., l., 9 10		,	
Singapore	July 3–10	• • • • • • •	1	
			1	

YELLOW FEVER.

	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks
Brazil:				
_ Bahia	June 25-July 2	2		ļ
Ecuador:	T. 1 . 10 . 01			
Duran	July 16-31	3		
Mexico: Colima	July 30-Aug. 26	. 8		
Merida	Aug. 14		1	
·	CHOLERA.	·	•	<u>'</u>
China:				
Amov	July 17-24		9	1
India:				
Bombay	July 13-20		17	
Calcutta	July 3-10 July 10-16		28	
Madras	July 10-16		2	İ
Rangoon	July 3-17		9	
Indo-China:	•			
Saigon	June 26–July 3	3	3	
Netherlands:	, , , , , ,	_	_	
Rotterdam	Aug. 26	2		
Russia:		_		
St. Petersburg	July 29-Aug. 13	408	200	
	PLAGUE.			
Brazil:				
Brazil: Bahia	June 26-July 16	5	2	
Bahia	June 26-July 16	5	2	•
Bahia		5	2 62	
BahiaChina: AmoyCanton	June 26-July 16 July 17-24 June 26-July 17	5 45	_	•
Bahia	July 17–24 June 26–July 17 July 23	45	62	Epidemic.
BahiaChina: AmoyCanton	July 17-24 June 26-July 17	45	62	Epidemic.
Bahia	July 17–24 June 26–July 17 July 23	45	62 34 59 2	Epidemic.
Bahia	July 17-24 June 26-July 17 July 23 June 1-30 July 23-29 July 30-Aug. 2	45 61	62 34 59	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa	July 17-24 June 26-July 17 July 23 June 1-30 July 23-29 July 30-Aug. 2	45 61 7	62 34 59 2	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa	July 17–24 June 26–July 17 July 23 June 1–30 July 23–29	45 61 7 3	62 34 59 2 2	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa	July 17–24. June 26–July 17. July 23. June 1–30. July 23–29. July 30–Aug. 2. July 10–17. July 10–17. July 13–20.	45 61 7 3 3 800	62 34 59 2 2 2	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa. India, general	July 17–24. June 26–July 17. July 23. June 1–30. July 23–29. July 30–Aug. 2. July 10–17. July 10–17. July 13–20.	45 61 7 3 3 800	62 34 59 2 2 3 613	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa India, general Bombay	July 17-24 June 26-July 17 July 23 June 1-30 July 23-29 July 30-Aug. 2 July 10-17 July 10-17	45 61 7 3 3 800	62 34 59 2 2 3 613 25	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa India, general Bombay Calcutta Rangoon	July 17–24. June 26–July 17. July 23. June 1–30. July 23–29. July 30–Aug. 2. July 10–17. July 10–17. July 13–20. July 3–10.	45 61 7 3 3 800	62 34 59 2 2 3 613 25 29	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa India, general Bombay Calcutta Rangoon	July 17–24. June 26–July 17. July 23. June 1–30. July 23–29. July 30–Aug. 2. July 10–17. July 10–17. July 13–20. July 3–10.	45 61 7 3 3 800	62 34 59 2 2 3 613 25 29	Epidemic.
Bahia China: Amoy Canton Chang-Poo Kang-be Egypt, general Alexandria Formosa India, general Bombay Calcutta Rangoon Indo-China:	July 17–24 June 26–July 17 July 23 June 1–30 July 23–29 July 30–Aug. 2 July 10–17 July 10–17 July 13–20 July 3–10 July 3–17	45 61 7 3 3 800	62 34 59 2 2 3 613 25 29 40	Epidemic.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

Walter Wyman,
Surgeon-General,
United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.