

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

UNITED STATES.

Yellow fever in the United States.

Surgeon White reports one new case only of yellow fever at New Orleans since November 6. The case occurred November 16 in a new focus. The last death reported in that city from yellow fever took place November 7.

November 6. Acting Assistant Surgeon Sheely, Gulfport, Miss., reported that no case of yellow fever had occurred in Gulfport since October 28, and that this apparently bears out the assertion that the disease has been stamped out in that vicinity, as the weather still continues warm.

November 7 and 9. Acting Assistant Surgeon Hicks reported from Vicksburg, Miss.:

New cases to-day, 2.

Deaths to-day, 1.

November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12. Sanitary Inspector Porter reported from Pensacola, Fla.:

* * * New cases, 4th, 1, deaths, 1; Sunday, 5th, 1 case, deaths, none; Monday, 6th, cases, 3, deaths, 1; to-day, new cases, 2, deaths, none; total cases to date, 562, deaths, 80; under treatment, 15. General fumigation of houses ceased Saturday night. Have a force of 10 men and 2 officers for fumigation of houses where cases may develop.

New cases to-day, none, deaths, none; total cases to date, 562, total deaths, 80; under treatment, 6.

New cases to-day, none, deaths, none; total cases to date, 562, total deaths, 80; under treatment, 4; and no frost yet.

New cases to-day, none, deaths, none; under treatment, 2.

New cases to-day, none, deaths, none; under treatment, none; total cases to date, 562, total deaths, 80. Minimum temperature this fall up to present, 47°, October, 22°.

No new cases to-day, no deaths; none since the 8th. No cases under treatment since the 11th. Total houses fumigated since October 14, 4,689. Removed to-night quarantine restriction against New Orleans, Louisiana, and Mississippi points as last known case reported occurred on 3d. Do you think can safely remove all quarantine restrictions on 15th, having in due consideration weather conditions of South Florida, or would it be better to wait until 19th?

November 13. Reply was sent to the last telegram that it was believed better to delay raising quarantine until November 19.

November 13. Sanitary Inspector Porter reported from Pensacola:

One new case reported to-day; taken sick 9th.

November 8. Passed Assistant Surgeon Amesse was relieved from temporary duty at New Orleans and directed to proceed to Ellis Island, New York.

November 9. Surgeon Banks was relieved from temporary duty at Century, Fla., and directed to rejoin his station at Key West, Fla. Passed Assistant Surgeon von Ezdorf was directed to proceed from Century, Fla., to Biloxi, Miss., making that place his headquarters, and to inspect places where yellow fever has occurred between New Orleans and the Alabama State line.

November 10. Secretary J. F. Hunter, State board of health, Jackson, Miss., was informed by telegraph of Passed Assistant Surgeon von Ezdorf's detail.

November 13. Acting Assistant Surgeon Watkins, Natchez, Miss., reported:

Case traceable to city, found 3 miles in the country, ended fatally. All precautions being used. No spread anticipated.

ASIATIC CHOLERA IN EUROPE.

October 26. Assistant Surgeon A. D. Foster reported from Trieste, Austria:

During the week ended October 21 there were no ships leaving this port with emigrants for the United States. An official report received yesterday from the Government health officer at Vienna states that during the past week no cases of cholera were reported in any part of the Austrian Empire. The Roumanian Government has withdrawn the quarantine measures which were enforced against arrivals from Galicia. Concerning cholera in Russia the following report was received:

Date.	Locality.	Cases.	Deaths.
September 16-17.....	Lomza.....	16	4
Do.....	Lodz.....	4	3
Do.....	Warsaw.....	1	2
September 18.....	Lomza.....	3	2
Do.....	Ostrolenke district.....	1	1
Do.....	Lodz.....	4	1
Do.....	Wloclawek.....	0	1
September 19.....	Lomza.....	4	1
Do.....	Lomza district.....	1	0
Do.....	Lodz.....	0	1
September 20.....	Lomza.....	3	3
Do.....	Lomza district.....	3	0
Do.....	Lodz.....	1	0

In a report dated October 9 the antipest commission states that from September 15 to 21 there occurred in the Vistula provinces 66 cases of cholera and 33 deaths.

October 26 and 31. Passed Assistant Surgeon McLaughlin reported from Berlin, Germany:

The figures in my reports quoted from the Reichsanzeiger, the official Government gazette, include all suspected cases (Cholerverdächtigen Erkrankungen). The figures quoted from the Veröffentlichungen des Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamtes are those in which diagnosis of cholera has been made by bacteriologic methods, and these records do not include suspected cases. This will explain a seeming discrepancy. The Reichsanzeiger reports all cases under investigation with cholera symptoms without waiting for the official bacteriologic diagnosis. The reports of the Reichsanzeiger therefore contain the latest information obtainable, but due allowance must be made for corrections and deductions of a certain percentage of cases not found to be cholera. The imperial board of health's corrected figures up to October 21 show 212 cases and 86 deaths from undoubted cholera. These 212 cases include 25 otherwise healthy bacilli carriers, but do not include cases reported as suspicious in which the diagnosis was not confirmed bacteriologically.

The following is the corrected count:

	Cases.	Deaths.
Up to September 2	44	23
September 3-9	62	29
September 10-16	42	20
September 17-23	26	9
September 24-30	15	3
October 1-7	2	1
October 8-14	15	1
October 15-21	6	0

No case of cholera has been reported in Germany since October 17. A suspicious fatal case occurred in Dantzig October 26, in the person of a Vistula boatman, but bacteriologic investigation convinced the authorities that it was not a case of cholera. A suspicious fatal case reported October 10, near Havelburg, has been decided not to be cholera. The Reichsanzeiger, October 28, reports the total cholera cases as 280, of which 89 were fatal, deducting the fatal case near Havelburg reported October 10. No cases have been reported in Galicia since early in September, and both Prussia and Galicia seem now to be clear of the disease. The same can not be said of Russia, and reinfection from Russia may occur at any time. As far as Germany is concerned everything possible is being done to prevent the introduction of the disease from Russia, and new foci are quickly discovered and promptly obliterated.

November 7. In reply to an inquiry from the Bureau as to his recommendation for the treatment of Galician emigrants at the port of embarkation, Passed Assistant Surgeon McLaughlin telegraphed from Berlin:

No cholera Galicia since September 5; detention now unnecessary; restrictions can be replaced should cholera reappear.

A copy of the telegram was sent to Doctor Doty, quarantine officer, New York.

November 13. Telegram received through the Department of State from Consul Brittain, Kehl, Germany:

Strasbourg sanitary department certifies there is no case of cholera in Strasbourg or Alsace-Lorraine now. Passengers awaiting at Havre to embark to-morrow.

CLOSE QUARANTINE SEASON EXTENDED FOR HABANA.

Quarantine order relating to vessels and their passengers from Habana destined for ports in the United States south of the southern boundary of Maryland.

[1905.—Department Circular No. 111.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,

November 13, 1905.

To national, State, and local quarantine officers, collectors of customs, shipowners and agents, and others concerned:

It is hereby ordered that the season of close quarantine, provided for in paragraph 68, letter c, of the United States Quarantine Regulations, be extended beyond the period November 1, and until otherwise ordered, with regard to vessels from Habana to ports of the United States south of the southern boundary of Maryland; and the provisions of paragraph 108 of the United States Quarantine Regulations are hereby extended beyond the period of November 1, and until otherwise ordered, with regard to passenger traffic from the port of Habana to ports of the United States south of the southern boundary of Maryland.

L. M. SHAW, *Secretary.*

[Reports to the Surgeon-General Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Report from Pascagoula, Miss.—Comparative statistics of mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Duke reports, November 6, as follows:

I have the honor to transmit herewith a mortuary report of Pascagoula, Scranton, and Moss Point for the months of September and October, 1903, 1904, and 1905. The two former years are reported for comparison. According to the estimate of practicing physicians in these municipalities, there have been during September and October, 1905, 1,049 cases of fever, 500 of which were diagnosed by them as malarial and 549 as dengue, exclusive of the 7 cases pronounced yellow fever by Surgeon Wasdin on September 29. No deaths from yellow fever nor dengue have occurred, and only 1 from malaria, as seen in the statistical report.

Mortuary report from the port of Pascagoula, including the cities of Scranton and Mosspoint, for the months of September and October, 1905.

Population, 9,000.

Deaths from all causes, 19, divided as follows: Tertiary syphilis, 1; old age, 2; alcoholism, 1; unknown, 1; scald, 1; intestinal obstruction, 1; hepatic blood cyst, 1; drowning, 1; gallstones, 1; abortion, 1; entero-colitis, 2; infantile cyanosis, 1; puerperal septicæmia, 1; pernicious malaria, 1; tuberculosis, 3. Deaths from all causes for the months of September and October, 1904, 19. For the corresponding period 1903, 29.

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports as follows:

Week ended November 4, 1905.

Mexican Central passengers inspected, 148; Mexican Central immigrants inspected, 102; Mexican Central Syrians inspected, 6; Mexican Central Japanese inspected, 3; fumigation of carloads of bones, 4; disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry work, 312 pieces; vaccination of children of immigrants, 3.

Inspection at Laredo, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports as follows:

Week ended November 4, 1905.

Passenger trains from Mexico inspected, 16; passengers on trains from Mexico inspected, 859; immigrants on trains entered from Mexico inspected and passed, 41; immigrants vaccinated upon entry from Mexico, 19; immigrants deported for reason of disease or other physical cause, 2.

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF STATES AND CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES,
YEARLY AND MONTHLY.

CALIFORNIA—*Los Angeles*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 200,000. Total number of deaths, 241, including cerebrospinal meningitis 1, diphtheria 2, enteric fever 4, and 40 from tuberculosis.

Stockton.—Month of October, 1905. Census population, 17,506. Total number of deaths, 18, including enteric fever 1 and 2 from tuberculosis.

GEORGIA—*Columbus*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 20,764; white, 12,244; colored, 8,520. Total number of deaths, 24; white, 14; colored, 10, including enteric fever 1 and 3 from tuberculosis.

LOUISIANA—*New Orleans*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 325,000; white, 239,000; colored, 86,000. Total number of deaths, 565; white, 339; colored, 226, including enteric fever 3, smallpox 1, diphtheria 6, yellow fever 60, and 85 from tuberculosis.

MASSACHUSETTS—*Newton*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 36,694. Total number of deaths, 44, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, and 2 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN—*Grand Rapids*.—Month of September, 1905. Estimated population, 95,000. Total number of deaths, 143, including diphtheria 1 and 7 from tuberculosis.

MINNESOTA—*Winona*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 23,000. Total number of deaths, 14, including diphtheria 2 and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—*Concord*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 28, including 3 from tuberculosis.

Franklin.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 6, including 1 from tuberculosis.

NEW YORK—*Buffalo*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 400,000. Total number of deaths, 456, including enteric fever 22, diphtheria 5, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 38 from tuberculosis.

Saratoga Springs.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 12,999. Total number of deaths, 26, including enteric fever 2 and 5 from tuberculosis.

PENNSYLVANIA—*Dunmore*.—Month of October, 1905. Estimated population, 17,500. Total number of deaths, 15, including 1 from tuberculosis.

ARRIVALS OF IMMIGRANTS.

Report of immigration at Baltimore.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER,
Baltimore, Md., November 11, 1905.

Number of aliens who arrived at this port during the week ended November 11, 1905; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Nov. 6 8	Alacrita	New Caledonia.....	1
	Brookline	Port Antonio.....	1
	Total		2

BERTRAM N. STUMP, *Acting Commissioner*.

Report of immigration at Boston.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
Boston, Mass., November 4, 1905.

Arrival of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended Saturday, November 4, 1905; also the names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Oct. 30 30 31	Admiral Farragut	Port Morant	3
	Devonian	Liverpool.....	8
	Dominion	Louisburg	3
Nov. 1 2	Menominee	Antwerp	31
	Saxonia	Liverpool.....	904
	Total		949

GEO. B. BILLINGS, *Commissioner*.

Report of immigration at Key West.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
Key West, Fla., November 6, 1905.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended November 4, 1905; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Oct. 30	Martinique	Habana	1
31	Mascotte	do	14
Nov. 2	Olivette	do	16
3	Fearless	Nassau	32
4	Mascotte	Habana	36
	Total		99

JULIUS OTTO, *Immigrant Inspector in Charge.*

Report of immigration at New York.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
Port of New York, November 13, 1905.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended November 11, 1905; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Nov. 5	Etruria	Liverpool and Queenstown	324
5	St. Louis	Southampton	372
6	United States	Copenhagen	1
6	Kaiser Wilhelm II	Bremen	2
6	Canning	Rio de Janeiro	1
6	La Bretagne	Havre	824
6	Barcelona ^a	Hamburg	1
6	Black Prince ^a	Shields	1
6	Tolesby ^a	Ptilipjof	2
7	Morro Castle	Habana	14
8	Capri	Barbados	7
8	Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	3
8	Furnessia	Glasgow	105
8	Rotterdam	Rotterdam	382
8	Kroonland	Antwerp	770
8	Fontabelle	Barbados	12
8	Blücher	Hamburg	1
8	Sicilian Prince	Naples	798
8	Italia	do	689
8	Moltke	Hamburg	1,335
9	Blücher ^a	do	5
9	Pretoria ^a	do	3
9	König Albert	Naples	941
10	Esperanza	Vera-cruz	9
10	Baltic	Liverpool	596
10	Giulia ^a	Trieste	6
10	United States ^a	Copenhagen	7
11	Buenos Aires	Barcelona and Naples	298
11	Campania	Liverpool and Queenstown	418
11	Massilia	Naples and Marseille	409
	Total		8,336

^a Deserters.

JOSEPH MURRAY, *Acting Commissioner.*

Report of immigration at Philadelphia.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
Philadelphia, Pa., November 13, 1905.

*Arrival of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended November 11, 1905;
also names of vessels and ports from which they came.*

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Nov. 6	Friesland	Liverpool and Queenstown	246
	Total .....	.....	246

JNO. J. S. RODGERS, *Commissioner.*

Reports of immigration at San Juan.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
San Juan, P. R., November 6, 1905.

*Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended November 4,
1905; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.*

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Oct. 28	Juan Forgas ^a	Barcelona and Palma	3
29	Juan Forgas ^b	Palma	3
Nov. 1	Caracas	Curacao and La Guaira	2
2	Patagonia	St. Thomas	5
3	St. Domingue ^b	Bordeaux and St. Thomas	5
4	Quebec	St. Nazaire, Bordeaux, and St. Thomas	18
	Total .....	.....	36

^a Mayaguez.

^b Ponce.

GRAHAM L. RICE, *Commissioner.*

Inspection of immigrants.

MONTHLY.

Place.	Month.	Number of immigrants inspected.	Number of immigrants passed.	Number of immigrants rejected.	Number of immigrants certified for rejection on account of dangerous, contagious, or loathsome diseases.	Remarks.
Astoria, Oreg.....	October					No transactions.
Boston, Mass.....	do	7,137	6,671	85	10	
Cebu, P. I.....	September..	4	4	0	0	Do.
Galveston, Tex.....	October....	755	744	11	1	
Iloilo, P. I.....	September..	16	16	0	0	
Jolo, P. I.....	August.....	15	15	0	0	Do.
Manila, P. I.....	September..	143	142	1	1	
Northport, Wash.....	October....	126	119	7	0	
Ponce, P. R.....	do	29	29	0	0	
San Diego, Cal.....	do					Do.
San Diego Quarantine, Cal.....	do	56	56	0	0	
Seattle, Wash.....	do	285	275	10	0	

Reports from national quarantine

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
UNITED STATES:					
1	Alexandria, Va	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
2	Beaufort, N. C.	do	.....	.....	.....
3	Biscayne Bay, Fla.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
4	Bocagrande, Fla.—	.....	.....	.....	.....
5	Punta Gorda	do	.....	.....	.....
6	Puntarasa	do	.....	.....	.....
7	Brunswick, Ga.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
8	Cape Charles, Va.	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
9	Cape Fear, N. C.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
10	Cedar Keys, Fla.	do	.....	.....	.....
11	Columbia River, Oreg.	do	.....	.....	.....
12	Cumberland Sound, Fla.	do	.....	.....	.....
13	Delaware Breakwater, Lewes, Del.	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
14	Eastport, Me.	Nov. 9	.....	.....	.....
15	Eureka, Cal.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
16	Grays Harbor, Wash.	do	.....	.....	.....
16	Gulf Quarantine, Ship Island, Miss.	Oct. 28	Am. schr. Good-bye	Oct. 13	Mosspoint
			Am. schr. Maggie K	Oct. 20	Gulfport
			Am. schr. Mary F	do	Mosspoint
			Am. bge. New Era	Oct. 22	do
			Br. ss. Ruskin	do	Bahia
		Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
17	Ketchikan, Alaska	Oct. 28	.....	.....	.....
18	Key West, Fla.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
19	Los Angeles, Cal.	do	.....	.....	.....
20	Newbern, N. C.	do	.....	.....	.....
21	Nome, Alaska	Oct. 7	.....	.....	.....
22	Panama, Panama	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
23	Pascagoula, Miss.	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
24	Perth Amboy, N. J.	do	.....	.....	.....
25	Port Angeles, Wash.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
26	Port Inglis, Fla.	do	.....	.....	.....
27	Portland, Me.	do	.....	.....	.....
28	Port Townsend, Wash.	do	.....	.....	.....
29	Reedy Island, Del.	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
30	St. Georges Sound, Fla.—	.....	.....	.....	.....
31	East Pass	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
32	West Pass	Nov. 5	.....	.....	.....
33	St. Johns River, Fla.	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
33	San Diego, Cal.	Oct. 21	.....	.....	.....
		Oct. 28	.....	.....	.....
34	San Francisco, Cal.	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
		do	.....	.....	.....
35	San Pedro, Cal.	do	.....	.....	.....
36	Santa Barbara, Cal.	do	.....	.....	.....
37	Santa Rosa, Fla.	do	Am. schr. Sarah a	Oct. 25	Pensacola
			Am. schr. Lottie a	Oct. 26	do
			Br. ss. Rosebank a	Oct. 28	do
			Am. schr. Chas. Alfred a	do	do
			Am. schr. Blanche a	do	do
38	Savannah, Ga.	do	Am. ss. Laselle	Oct. 1	Baltimore
39	Sitka, Alaska	Oct. 7	.....	.....	.....

a Previously reported.

and inspection stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of departure.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1				No transactions.....	
2				No report.....	
3				do.....	
4				No transactions.....	
5				No report.....	
6				No transactions.....	
7					8
8					2
9				No report.....	
10				do.....	
11				do.....	
12				do.....	3
13					20
14				No transactions.....	
15				No report.....	
16	Biloxi.....	Disinfected and held.....	Oct. 24	Redisinfected October 18.....	2
	Florella.....	do.....	Oct. 25		
	Pearlington.....	do.....	do.....		
	Ship Island.....	Disinfected and passed.....	Oct. 22		
	Gulfport.....	Disinfected and held.....	Oct. 24	Released by authority of Bureau telegram.	
				1 spoken and passed.....	2
17				No report.....	
18					8
19				No transactions.....	
20				No report.....	
21					1
22				No report.....	
23				do.....	
24					1
25				No report.....	
26					2
27					1
28				Glandular examination on Am. ss. Nevadan, from Kahului, and Am. schr. Olga, from Kahului.	7
29				Glandular examination on Br. ss. Juanita North, from Iquique, and Am. ss. J. L. Luckenbach, from Vizagapatam. 1 case malarial fever on Br. ss. Craigronald, from Colon.	25
30				No report.....	
31				No transactions.....	
32				No report.....	
33					2
					2
34				1 boarded and passed. 3 spoken and passed. Glandular examination on Am. ss. Mongolia from Hongkong. Temperatures taken on Am. ss. Peru from Ancon. 1 case malarial fever on board.	16
35				No transactions.....	
36				do.....	
37	Freeport.....	Fumigated.....	Oct. 30		1
	Milton.....	do.....	Oct. 31		
	Tampa.....	do.....	Nov. 2		
	Whitfield.....	do.....	Oct. 31		
	Apalachicola.....	do.....	Nov. 3		
38	Savannah.....	Held for instructions.....	Nov. 2	2 spoken and passed.....	6
39				No report.....	

Reports from national quarantine

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
40	UNITED STATES—Continued. South Atlantic Quarantine, Blackbeard Island, Ga.	Nov. 4
41	Southbend, Wash	do
42	Tampa Bay, Fla	do
43	Washington, N. C	Nov. 11
44	HAWAII:				
45	Hilo	Oct. 21
46	Honolulu	Oct. 28
47	Kahului	Oct. 21
48	Kihei	Oct. 14
49	Koloa	Oct. 21
50	Lahaina	do
51	Mahukona	do
52	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS:				
53	Cavite	Sept. 30
54	Cebu	do	Am. ss. Mactan	Sept. 28	Plaser
55	Iloilo	do
56	Jolo	Aug. 12
57	Aug. 19
58	Aug. 26
59	Sept. 2
60	Sept. 9
61	Sept. 16
62	Manila	Sept. 30	Am. str. Bohol	Sept. 24	Lucena
63	Br. str. Banea	Sept. 25	Kobe via Cebu ..
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65	Oct. 7	Br. str. Kaifong	Oct. 1	Amoy
66	Am. str. Buena Suerte	Oct. 3	New Washington.
67	Br. str. Rubi	Oct. 5	Amoy
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69	Br. str. Sungkiang	Oct. 6do
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and inspection stations—Continued.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of departure.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
40				No transactions.	
41				No report	
42				do.	
43				No transactions.	
44				No report	
45				do.	
46				No transactions.	
47				No report	
48				do.	
49				No transactions.	
50				do.	
51				No report	
52	Cebu	Inspected, disinfected, and passed.	Sept. 28	No transactions.	27
53				1 case leprosy on U. S. C. T. Romulus, from Zambo- ango.	21
54					1
				No transactions.	1
				do.	
				do.	
55	Manila	Inspected, fumigated, and passed.	Sept. 24	Fumigated to exterminate vermin.	37
	London	Held in quarantine for completion of detention period.	Sept. 29	1 case leprosy on U. S. C. T. Romulus, from Zambo- ango, removed to leper colony, Manila. 1 case leprosy on Br. str. Tai Yuan, from Melbourne. 43 members of 14 crews vaccinated.	
	Manila	Held for disinfection of crew and steerage passengers.	Oct. 1	Crew and steerage passengers bathed and effects disinfected.	57
	do	Fumigated and passed	Oct. 3	Fumigated to exterminate vermin.	
	do	Held for disinfection of crew and steerage passengers.	Oct. 5	Crew and steerage passengers bathed; clothing and effects disinfected; vessel granted pratique.	
	do	do	Oct. 6.	Crew and steerage passengers bathed; clothing and effects disinfected; vessel granted pratique. 5 steerage passengers and 71 members of 27 crews vaccinated.	
56				No report	
				do.	
57					4
58	New York	Inspected and detained	Nov. 1		3
	San Juan	Fumigated and admitted	Nov. 2		
59					1
60				No transactions	
61				do.	
62					2
63					2
64	Mayaguez	Held in quarantine			1

Reports from State and

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1	Baltimore, Md	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
2	Bangor, Me	do	.....	.....	.....
3	Boston, Mass	do	.....	.....	.....
4	Charleston, S. C	Nov. 4	.....	.....	.....
5	Elizabeth River, Va	do	.....	.....	.....
6	Galveston, Tex	do	.....	.....	.....
7	Gardiner, Oreg	do	.....	.....	.....
8	Marcushook, Pa	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
9	Mobile Bay, Ala	Oct. 28	Br. bk. Hornet	Oct. 22	Habana
			It. ss. Montenegro	Oct. 23	Barbados
			Br. schr. Albatross	do	Inagua
			Nor. ss. Imperator	do	Bluefields
			Br. ss. Degama	do	Veracruz
			Nor. ss. Harald	do	Limon
			Nor. ss. Condor	do	Ceiba
			It. bk. Martinin	Oct. 24	Rio de Janeiro
			Nor. ss. Belize	do	Belize
			Nor. ss. Fort Gaines	do	Bocas del Toro
			Bge. Hunter No. 1	Oct. 25	Pascagoula
			Nor. ss. Uto	do	Manzanillo
			Schr. Olive	do	Ruatan
			Nor. ss. Origen	Oct. 26	Bocas del Toro
			Nor. ss. Utstein	do	Puerto Cortez
			Nor. ss. Espana	do	Ceiba
			Nor. ss. Bluefields	Oct. 27	Bluefields
			U. S. R. C. Winona	do	Gulfport
			U. S. R. L. Alert	do	Rigolets
			Dan. ss. Venus	do	Puerto Cortez
			Nor. ss. Habil	Oct. 28	do
			Nor. ss. John Wilson	do	Ceiba
		Nov. 4	Nor. ss. Dictator	Oct. 30	Bluefields
			Br. ss. Peerless	Oct. 31	St. Vincent
			Nor. ss. Hispania	do	Puerto Cortez
			Nor. ss. Fort Morgan	do	Bocas del Toro
			Nor. ss. Liv	do	Veracruz
			Nor. ss. Katie	do	Belize
			Br. ss. Domira	Nov. 1	Veracruz
			Br. ss. Foxton Hall	Nov. 3	Cardiff
			Ss. Tarpon	do	Pensacola
10	New Bedford, Mass	Sept. 2	.....	.....	.....
11	New Orleans, La	Nov. 11	.....	.....	.....
12	Newport News, Va	do	.....	.....	.....
13	Newport, R. I	do	.....	.....	.....
14	New York, N. Y	do	.....	.....	.....
15	Pass Cavallo, Tex	do	.....	.....	.....
16	Port Royal, S. C	do	.....	.....	.....
17	Providence, R. I	do	.....	.....	.....
18	Sabine Pass, Tex	do	.....	.....	.....
19	Quintana, Tex	do	.....	.....	.....
20	St. Helena Entrance, S. C	do	.....	.....	.....

municipal quarantine stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of departure.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1				No report.	
2				do.	
3				do.	
4				Br. sp. Glooscap, from Rio de Janeiro, arrived in port Oct. 17, was disinfected and detained 5 days and discharged Oct. 22.	10
5				No report.	
6				do.	
7				do.	
8				do.	
9	Mobile	Disinfected.	Oct. 22		8
	do.	do.	Oct. 23		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	Disinfected and held	do.		
	do.	Disinfected	Oct. 23	3 cases malarial fever.	
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	Disinfected and held			
	do.	Disinfected	Oct. 24		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	Oct. 25		
	do.	do.	Oct. 26		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	Oct. 27		
	do.	Disinfected and held			
	do.	do.			
	do.	Disinfected	Oct. 27		
	do.	do.	Oct. 28		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	Oct. 30		8
	do.	do.	Oct. 31		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	do.	do.		
	do.	Disinfected and held	Nov. 4	1 case fever.	
	do.	Disinfected.	Oct. 31		
	do.	Disinfected and held	Nov. 2		
	do.	Disinfected.	Nov. 4		
	do.	Disinfected and held			1
10				No report.	
11				do.	
12				do.	
13				do.	
14				do.	
15				do.	
16				do.	
17					1
18				No report.	
19				do.	
20				do.	

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 30 to November 17, 1905.

For reports received from December 30, 1904, to June 30, 1905, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 30, 1905.

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alaska:				
Nome	Sept. 25	1		From ss. Ohio from St. Michael.
Total for Territory		1		
Total for Territory, same period, 1904.				
Arkansas:				
Fort Smith	May 20-June 3... ..	2		
Total for State		2		
Total for State, same period, 1904.		3		
California:				
Los Angeles	July 1-Nov. 4....	32		
San Diego	June 1-30	1		
San Francisco	July 22-Oct. 23... ..	25		
Total for State		58		
Total for State, same period, 1904.		4		
Colorado:				
Boulder County	July 1-Aug. 31... ..	2		
Denver County	June 1-July 31... ..	7		
Dolores County	June 1-30	1		
Douglas County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	15		
Eagle County	June 1-July 31... ..	9		
Garfield County	July 1-Sept. 30 ..	7		
Lake County	June 1-30	2		
La Plata County	June 1-30	11		
Larimer County	June 1-July 31... ..	23		
Mesa County	June 1-30	1		
Montezuma County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	22		
Prowers County	July 1-31	2		
Pueblo County	Aug. 1-31	1		
Weld County	July 1-31	1		
Total for State		104		
Total for State, same period, 1904.		167		
District of Columbia:				
Washington	July 1-Nov. 4....	27	2	
Total for District		27	2	
Total for District, same period, 1904.		6	4	
Florida:				
Jacksonville	July 1-Oct. 14....	5		
Total for State		5		
Total for State, same period, 1904.		64	2	
Illinois:				
Chicago	June 24-Oct. 28 ..	68	9	
Danville	June 17-Oct. 9 ..	7		
Galesburg	Sept. 17-Oct. 23 ..	10	2	
Jacksonville	July 29-Aug. 5....	1		
Total for State		85	11	
Total for State, same period, 1904.		484	38	
Indiana:				
Bartholomew County	July 1-31	5		
Blackford County	July 1-31	1		
Brown County	July 1-31	5		
Gibson County	July 1-31	1		
Marshall County	July 1-31	1		
Pike County	July 1-31	8	1	
St. Joseph County (South Bend included).	June 17-Aug 12..	12	4	

Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Indiana—Continued.				
Vanderburg County	July 1-31	3	.....
Washington County	July 1-31	3	.....
Total for State .....	.....	39	5	
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	20	5	
Iowa:				
Davenport	June 1-30	2	.....
Total for State .....	.....	2	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	30	.....
Kansas:				
Allen County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	6	.....
Anderson County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	5	.....
Atchison County	June 1-30	3	.....
Barton County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	11	.....
Bourbon County	June 1-30	2	.....
Cherokee County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	23	.....
Clay County	June 1-30	1	.....
Crawford County	June 1-30	5	.....
Doniphan County	June 1-30	5	.....
Douglas County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	8	1	
Ellis County	June 1-30	16	.....
Ellsworth County	June 1-30	4	.....
Geary County	June 1-30	9	.....
Greenwood County	June 1-30	2	.....
Jefferson County	June 1-30	4	1	
Johnson County	June 1-30	6	.....
Kingman County	Aug. 1-31	4	.....
Leavenworth County	June 1-30	3	.....
Lyon County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	22	.....
Marion County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	2	.....
McPherson County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	12	.....
Miami County	June 1-30	19	.....
Mitchell County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	13	.....
Montgomery County	June 1-30	2	.....
Nemaha County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	6	.....
Ness County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	7	1	
Osborne County	June 1-30	6	.....
Pottawatomie County	June 1-30	3	.....
Republic County	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	17	.....
Reno County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	3	1	
Rice County	Sept. 1-30	3	.....
Riley County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	3	.....
Books County	Aug. 1-31	8	.....
Rush County	Aug. 1-31	1	.....
Saline County	June 1-30	3	.....
Sedgwick County (Wichita included).	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	77	.....
Shawnee County (Topeka included).	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	8	.....
Smith County	Aug. 1-31	1	.....
Stafford County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	5	.....
Sumner County	June 1-30	2	.....
Trego County	June 1-30	8	.....
Washington County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	39	.....
Woodson County	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	9	.....
Wyandotte County (Kansas City included).	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	10	.....
Total for State .....	.....	406	4	
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	422	3	
Kentucky:				
Lexington	July 22-29	3	.....
Total for State .....	.....	3	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	4	.....
Louisiana:				
New Orleans	June 17-Oct. 28 ..	33	1	
Total for State .....	.....	33	1	
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	55	.....

Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.	
Maine:					
Biddeford	Oct. 29-Nov. 4		6	Present. Number not reported.	
Cooper	Oct. 6				
East Machias	Oct. 6-14	7			
Jacksonville	Sept. 28-Oct. 6	5			
Wesley	Oct. 6				
Total for State		12	6	Do.	
Total for State, same period, 1904.		38			
Massachusetts:					
Lowell	June 24-Sept. 16.	9			
New Bedford	Oct. 8-14	1			
Total for State		10			
Total for State, same period, 1904.		75	5		
Michigan:					
Huron County (Caseville Town- ship)	Sept. 30		1		
Kalamazoo County (Kalama- zoo)	Oct. 22-Nov. 4	3			
Kent County (Grand Rapids) ..	June 17-Sept. 9	59	8		
Marquette County (Negaunee) ..	July 1-31		1		
Muskegon County (Muskegon) ..	July 1-31		1		
Ogemaw County	June 1-30		1		
Ottawa County (Jamestown Township)	Aug. 1-31		2		
Saginaw County (Saginaw)	Aug. 1-31		1		
Total for State		62	15		
Total for State, same period, 1904.		12	3		
Minnesota:					
Anoka County	June 19-Aug. 14	6			
Benton County	June 19-Aug. 28	8			
Blue Earth County	June 12-Aug. 21	18			
Carver County	June 12-Aug. 21	3			
Clay County	July 10-17	2			
Douglas County	Aug. 8-14	1			
Goodhue County	July 24-31	1			
Hennepin County	June 12-Sept. 11	30			
Houston County	Sept. 4	1			
Lac qui Parle County	June 26-July 3	1			
Lyon County	June 12-26	1			
McLeod County	June 12-July 10	6			
Marshall County	June 12-July 31	5			
Meeker County	June 12-Aug. 28	34			
Morrison County	June 12-26	1			
Meeker County	June 12-July 10	26			
Morrison County	June 12-26	1			
Mower County	June 19-26	1			
Ottertail County	June 12-Aug. 7	28			
Pine County	June 26-July 24	8			
Polk County	July 17-Aug. 7	19			
Ramsey County	July 17-24	1			
Red Lake County	June 19-26	4			
St. Louis County	June 12-July 17	9			
Sibley County	June 12-July 3	3			
Stearns County	June 19-Sept. 11	81			
Steele County	June 12-26	4			
Todd County	June 12-26	7			
Wadena County	June 12-Aug. 21	14			
Wright County	June 12-26	1			
Total for State		325			
Total for State, same period, 1904.		264	1		
Missouri:					
St. Joseph	July 15-29	2			
St. Louis	June 17-July 1	3	1		
Total for State		5	1		
Total for State, same period, 1904.		122	16		
Montana:					
Carbon County	June 1-July 31	7			
Deerlodge County	June 1-30	2			
Flathead County	May 1-31	1			

Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Montana—Continued.				
Madison County	May 1-31	1	.....
Park County	June 1-July 31...	3	.....
Ravalli County	July 1-31	2	.....
Silverbow County (Butte included).	May 1-July 31 ..	4	.....
Valley County	May 1-31	1	.....
Yellowstone County	May 1-31	2	.....
Total for State .....	.....	23	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	36	.....
Nebraska:				
Omaha	July 1-8	1	.....
South Omaha	July 14	2	.....
Total for State .....	.....	3	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	17	.....
New Hampshire:				
Franklin	June 1-30	1	.....
Nashua	July 23-Aug. 12..	3	.....
Total for State .....	.....	4	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	18	.....
New York:				
New York	June 24-Oct. 27..	6	1	At Ellis Island Immigration Station, 1 case on ss. Nord America from Naples and Palermo.
Rome	July 1-8	1	.....
Total for State .....	.....	7	1	
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	23	6	
North Carolina:				
Alamance County	July 1-31	1	.....	Present. Number not reported.
Beaufort County	Sept. 1-30 .....	.....	.....
Bladen County	July 1-31	6	.....
Cherokee County	July 1-31	2	.....
Columbus County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	2	.....
Chowan County	Sept. 1-30	1	.....
Craven County	July 1-Sept. 30 ..	5	.....
Cumberland County	July 1-Sept. 20 ..	19	.....
Edgecombe County	July 1-31	3	.....
Granville County	July 1-31 .....	.....	.....	Number not reported.
Harnett County	July 1-31	2	.....
Henderson County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	6	.....
Hertford County	Aug. 1-31	14	.....
Hyde County	July 1-31	4	.....
Mecklenburg County	Aug. 1-31	1	.....
New Hanover County	July 1-Aug. 31...	16	.....
Northampton County	July 1-31	1	.....
Pasquotank County	July 1-Sept. 30...	3	.....	Number for July not reported.
Pender County	Aug. 1-30 .....	.....	.....	Number not reported.
Perquimans County	Sept. 1-30	22	.....
Richmond County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	12	.....
Robeson County	July 1-31 .....	.....	.....	Do.
Sampson County	July 1-Aug. 31...	10	.....
Scotland County	Sept. 1-30 .....	.....	.....	Do.
Washington County	Aug. 1-Sept. 30 ..	7	.....
Total for State .....	.....	137	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.	.....	515	.....
North Dakota:				
Bottineau County	May 1-31	1	.....
Foster County	May 1-31	8	.....
Grand Forks County	Aug. 1-31	1	.....
Lamoure County	May 1-31	12	.....
McHenry County	May 1-31	4	.....
Ramsey County	May 1-31	12	.....
Sargent County	July 1-Aug. 31...	7	.....
Steele County	May 1-July 31...	10	.....

Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
North Dakota—Continued.				
Stutsman County	May 1-July 31....	5	.....
Ward County	May 1-July 31....	32	2	
Wells County	May 1-31.....	1	.....
Total for State		93	2	
Total for State, same period, 1904.		69	2	
Ohio:				
Butler County	July 2-Sept. 23...	10	.....
Clark County (Springfield)	Oct. 28-Nov. 3...	1	.....
Darke County	July 2-Sept. 23...	13	2	
Fairfield County	July 2-Sept. 23...	5	.....
Fulton County	July 2-Sept. 23...	5	.....
Hamilton County (Cincinnati)	May 26-Oct. 27...	35	.....
Hardin County	July 2-Sept. 23...	3	.....
Huron County	July 2-Sept. 23...	1	.....
Lawrence County	July 2-Sept. 23...	1	.....
Lucas County (including Toledo)	June 17-Sept. 23...	11	.....
Marion County	July 2-Sept. 23...	1	.....
Paulding County	July 2-Sept. 23...	2	.....
Perry County	July 2-Sept. 23...	4	.....
Pickaway County	July 2-Sept. 23...	1	.....
Total for State		93	2	
Total for State, same period, 1904.		1,306	31	
Oregon:				
Coos County	Sept. 1-30.....	3	.....
Multnomah County (Portland included)	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	12	.....
Washington County	Sept. 1-30.....	1	.....
Yamhill County	Sept. 1-30.....	1	.....
Total for State		17	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.				
Pennsylvania:				
Allegheny	Sept. 3-9.....	1	.....
Altoona	July 8-Oct. 14....	7	.....
Braddock	July 1-8.....	1	.....
York	July 1-Oct. 14....	15	.....
Total for State		24	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.		37	5	
South Carolina				
Greenville County	June 17-July 1...	2	1	
Total for State		2	1	
Total for State, same period, 1904.		6		
Tennessee:				
Memphis	July 1-Aug. 26....	5	.....
Total for State		5	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.		41	1	
Utah:				
14 localities	May 1-31	87	.....
Cache County	Sept. 1-30	1	.....
Juab County	July 1-31	8	.....
Salt Lake County	July 1-Sept. 30...	36	.....
Summit County	Sept. 1-30	1	.....
Washington County	July 1-Sept. 30...	12	.....
Weber	Aug. 1-31	1	.....
Total for State		146	.....
Total for State, same period, 1904.		55	.....
Virginia:				
Richmond	July 1-31		1	
Total for State			1	
Total for State same period 1904.				

1 case imported.

Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Washington:				
Adams County.....	June 1-30.....	6	.....
Asotin County.....	June 1-30.....	4	.....
Chehalis County.....	June 1-30.....	5	.....
Chelan County.....	June 1-Sept. 30 ..	8	.....
Clarke County.....	June 1-30.....	8	.....
Columbia County.....	June 1-30.....	3	2	
Cowlitz County.....	July 1-31.....	1	.....
King County (Seattle).....	July 1-Oct. 14....	2	.....
Kittitas County.....	June 1-30.....	5	.....
Lewis County.....	June 1-30.....	8	.....
Pierce County (Takoma in- cluded).....	June 1-Oct. 21 ..	9	.....
Skagit County.....	Aug. 1-31.....	1	.....
Spokane County (Spokane)....	Aug. 1-31.....	1	.....
Whatcom County (Bellingham)	Aug. 1-Sept. 30...	7	.....
Total for State.....		68	2	
Total for State, same period, 1904.....		101	8	
Wisconsin:				
Appleton.....	June 17-Sept. 23 ..	19	.....
La Crosse.....	June 17-July 22...	4	.....
Milwaukee.....	June 17-Sept. 28 ..	48	1	
Total for State.....		71	1	
Total for State, same period, 1904.....		62	.....
Grand total.....		1,873	55	
Grand total, same period, 1904		4,077	130	

Yellow fever in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, July 21 to November 17, 1905.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alabama:				
Castleberry.....	Oct. 15.....	2	2	
Mobile Bay quarantine.....	July 24.....	4	.....	On ss. Columbia, from Colon and La Boca; vessel remanded to Gulf quarantine.
Montgomery.....	July 28.....	1	.....
Florida:				
Brent.....	Sept. 26.....	1	1	
Pensacola.....	Aug. 29-Nov. 9 ..	563	80	Six cases from Ger. ss. Kaiser.
Tampa.....	July 28.....	1	.....
Georgia:				
Atlanta.....	Sept. 2-5.....	1	1	Imported.
Illinois:				
Chicago.....	Oct. 1-7.....	.....	1	A refugee.
Indian Territory:				
Maysville.....	Sept. 1.....	a 1	1	
Kentucky:				
Lexington.....	Sept. 17.....	2	.....	Refugees.
Louisiana:				
Acadia Parish—Rayne.....	To Aug. 17.....	1	.....
Ascension Parish—				
Donaldsonville (vicinity of).....	Aug. 28-Oct. 18 ..	27	2	
Port Barrow.....	Aug. 14-Oct. 7...	52	3	
Smokebend.....	Sept. 23.....	1	.....
Total for parish.....		80	5	
Assumption Parish—				
Bayou Boeuf and vicinity..	Aug. 26-Oct. 2...	24	.....
Bayou Lafourche.....	Oct. 16.....	2	.....
Bayou Louis.....	Sept. 19-Oct. 21 ..	13	2	
Groese Tete.....	Sept. 21.....	2	.....
Plattenville (vicinity of)..	Sept. 30-Oct. 16 ..	7	.....
Total for parish.....		48	2	

a Disputed.

Yellow fever in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Louisiana—Continued.				
Avoyelles Parish—				
Borodino	Sept. 25.....	1	.....
Bunkie and vicinity	To Oct. 28.....	11	2	
Evergreen (vicinity of)	Sept. 18.....	2	.....
Mansura	Nov. 11.....	1	.....
Moreauxville	Sept. 18.....	1	.....
Total for parish		16	2	
Caddo Parish—Shreveport detention camp.				
To Aug. 14.....		4	.....
Calcasieu Parish—Bonami				
To Nov. 11.....		56	3	New cases reported Oct. 3.
East Baton Rouge Parish—Baton Rouge.				
Sept. 9-Oct. 18.....		10	1	One case imported from New Orleans.
East Carroll Parish—				
General	Oct. 5.....			Present. Number not given.
Atherton	Oct. 3-10.....	8	2	
Lake Providence and vicinity	Aug. 14-Oct. 18.....	318	38	
Shelburn	Sept. 15-Oct. 26.....	15	1	Not official.
Total for parish		341	41	
Iberia Parish—				
Jeanerette (vicinity of)	Oct. 21.....	1	.....
New Iberia	Oct. 12-15.....	13	1	
Total for parish		14	1	
Iberville Parish—				
Bayou Goula	To Aug. 21.....	2	1	
Elizabeth	Aug. 21-Sept. 13.....	13	5	
Grosse Tête	Sept. 27-Oct. 3	10	1	
Maringouin	Oct. 6.....	1	.....
New Iberville	Oct. 10.....	2	.....
Rosedale	Sept. 27.....	3	1	
St. Gabriel	Aug. 31.....	2	.....
Union plantation	Oct. 13.....	1	.....
Total for parish		34	8	
Jefferson Parish—				
General	Oct. 19.....	1	1	
Barataria Canal district, (Clark Cheniere, Kintin's Camp, and Cheniere Caminada included).	Aug. 30-Oct. 28.....	106	10	Number for Oct. 18 not given.
Bell plantation	To Aug. 14.....	1	1	
Estelle plantation	Sept. 5.....	3	.....
Grand Isle (vicinity of)	Sept. 15-Nov. 3	53	3	Number not given for Oct. 18.
Gretna	Sept. 29-Oct. 17.....	9	.....
Hanson City	Aug. 18-Oct. 15.....	98	7	
Harveys Canal	Sept. 19.....	1	.....
Kenner	Aug. 21-Oct. 21.....	172	23	
Larose	Sept. 9-17.....		2	
Lower Coast	Sept. 23.....	12	.....
McDonoughville	Aug. 18-Oct. 7.....	11	.....
Shrewsbury	Aug. 19-Sept. 6.....	4	3	
Waggaman (vicinity of)	To Aug. 20.....	4	2	
Westwego	To Aug. 14.....	2	2	
Willswood	Aug. 23-Oct. 9.....	30	1	
Total for parish		507	55	
Lafayette Parish—Lafayette ..				
Aug. 15-Sept. 26.....		8	.....
Lafourche Parish—				
Lafourche Crossing	Aug. 14-Oct. 19.....	16	2	
Leeville district	Aug. 15-Nov. 3.....	430	57	This includes to Nov. 3: cases and deaths at Belle Amie; to Oct. 16: 8 cases, 3 deaths at Bowie; to Nov. 3: cases and deaths at Cote Blanche; to Oct. 16: left side of bayou, 39 cases, 4 deaths; Ludiniere plantation, 9 cases.
Thibodaux				
Oct. 4-6.....		1	1	
Total for parish		447	60	

Yellow fever in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Louisiana—Continued.				
Madison Parish—				
Milliken's Bend	Sept. 14–Oct. 26..	27	1	
Tallulah and vicinity	Aug. 14–Oct. 28..	317	18	
Total for parish		344	19	
Morehouse Parish—				
General	Sept. 18.		1	
Merrouge	Sept. 16.	a 1		
Total for parish		1	1	
Natchitoches Parish—				
Bayou Natchez (vicinity of) ..	To Oct. 28.	81	5	
Nachitoches	Sept. 19–20.	1	2	
Newton	Oct. 18.	1		
Total for parish		83	7	
Orleans Parish—New Orleans..	July 21–Nov. 16.	3,390	459	1 case on bark Alaska.
Plaquemines Parish—				
Bayou Cook	Aug. 14–Sept. 3..	2	1	
Diamond	Aug. 16.	8		
Empire	Aug. 14–26.	1		
Greenwood plantation	Sept. 8.	1		
Pointe a la Hache	Oct. 2.	1		
Pointe Celeste	Aug. 14–Sept. 23.	28	6	
St. Philip	Aug. 14–26.	1		
Sunrise	Aug. 15–26.	1		
Vaccaro	Aug. 14–26.	2		
Woodland plantation	Sept. 8–Oct. 19.	15	1	
Total for parish		60	8	
Rapides Parish—				
General	Oct. 3.	2		
Alexandria detention camp.	Aug. 15–Oct. 9.	19	1	
Lecompte	Sept. 13–18.	3		
Total for parish		24	1	
St. Bernard Parish—				
General	Sept. 16–Oct. 9.	34		
An Italian village	Sept. 15.		1	
Bourgenemouth	Sept. 30.	1		
Corinne	Sept. 3.	2		
Merritt	Sept. 30.	1		
Millaudon	Sept. 30.	1		
St. Bernard	Aug. 21–Sept. 18.	12	1	
St. Orys	Sept. 11.	1		
Slaughterhouse	Sept. 4–26.	10		
Stocklanding	Sept. 12–30.	8		
Terre aux Boeufs	Aug. 31–Sept. 14.	7	1	
Toca	Sept. 14.	1		
Verrett	Sept. 4.	2		
Total for parish		80	3	
St. Charles Parish—				
Cedar Grove	Sept. 16.	2		
Diamond plantation (and vicinity).	Aug. 14–18.	b 18	3	
Frellsin	Oct. 18.	1		
Pecan grove	Aug. 18–Sept. 10.	20	5	
Prospect plantation	Sept. 1–4.	4		
Sarpy	Aug. 19–Sept. 23.	13	2	
St. Rose (and vicinity)	Aug. 22–Sept. 29.	61	6	
Total for parish		119	16	
St. James Parish—				
Belmont	Aug. 30.	1		
Grammercy	Sept. 1–3.	1		
Lutcher	Aug. 15–Sept. 26.	5		
Total for parish		7		

a 1 disputed.

b About.

Yellow fever in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Louisiana—Continued.				
St. John the Baptist Parish—				
Dutch Bayou	Sept. 26	1	.....
Edgard	Sept. 11	3	.....
Laplace (and vicinity, including Lions)	Aug. 16–Nov. 11 ..	163	18	
Lucy	Oct. 11	3	.....
Reserve plantation (and vicinity)	Aug. 14–Sept. 27 ..	a 14	2	
Terre Haute	Sept. 9	1	.....
Total for parish		185	20	
St. Mary Parish—				
Amelia	Aug. 26–Oct. 21 ..	79	3	
Baldwin	Oct. 20	1	.....
Bellessein plantation	Aug. 26–Sept. 21 ..	43	5	
Franklin	Oct. 12–20	4	.....
Glenfield plantation	Sept. 15	4	.....
Morgan City	Aug. 14–Sept. 1 ..	b 3	.....
Patterson and vicinity	Aug. 14–Oct. 20 ..	530	20	
Riverside plantation	Aug. 14–Sept. 15 ..	181	8	
Total for parish		845	36	
St. Tammany Parish—				
Abita Springs	Oct. 2	1	.....
Covington	Sept. 29–Oct. 10 ..	5	.....
Florenville (vicinity of)	Sept. 11 .....	.....	1	1 imported.
Madisonville	Aug. 19	1	.....
Mandeville	Aug. 22–Oct. 1 ..	2	.....
Total for parish		9	1	
Tangipahoa Parish—				
Kentwood	Sept. 17	2	.....
Tensas Parish—				
Kempsbend	Sept. 17–30	2	.....
St. Joseph (vicinity of)	Sept. 18	3	.....
Waterproof (vicinity of)	Sept. 23	1	.....
Total for parish		6	.....	1 on Government boat. On Government boat Beta. On U. S. Grader No. 5.
Terrebonne Parish—				
General	Oct. 16–28	6	1	
Ardoyne plantation	Aug. 14–Oct. 16 ..	55	3	
Bayou Cane	Sept. 3	1	.....
Bayou Terrebonne	Sept. 4	1	.....
Bellegrove	Aug. 31–Oct. 24 ..	68	5	
Crescent Farm	Aug. 31–Oct. 10 ..	119	1	
Ellendale	Oct. 7–24	15	.....
Houma	Aug. 29–Sept. 22 ..	9	.....
Moise Settlement	Aug. 31–Oct. 24 ..	46	3	
Rebecca	Sept. 15–27	12	1	
Smithville	Sept. 9	1	.....
Southdown Plantation	Oct. 23	1	.....
Total for parish		334	14	
Mississippi:				
Anguilla (vicinity of)	Sept. 6	1	.....	In a refugee from Vicksburg.
Enoka	Sept. 15	1	.....
Gulfport	Aug. 15–Oct. 28 ..	120	2	Reporting as North Gulfport in previous Public Health Reports.
Gulf Quarantine	July 22–Oct. 7 ..	73	1	On vessels. One case from ss. Shetland, remanded from Mobile Bay quarantine station. One case from schooner Spy from Scranton for Biloxi.
Hamburg	Sept. 15–Oct. 26 ..	50	8	One refugee.
Handsboro	Sept. 17–Oct. 6 ..	5	.....
Harriston	To Sept. 25	2	.....
Hattiesburg	Aug. 28	1	.....	Diagnosis proved not yellow fever.
Long Beach	Oct. 18	1	.....
Lumberton	July 28	1	.....
Mississippi City	Aug. 22–Oct. 17 ..	71	.....
Moss Point	Sept. 29	3	.....

a About.

b Disputed.

Yellow fever in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, etc.—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Mississippi—Continued.				
Natchez and vicinity	To Nov. 13.....	143	7	
Pearlington	Sept. 1.....	2		
Port Gibson	Sept. 27-Oct. 24.....	63	2	
Rosetta	To Oct. 17.....	32	7	
Roxie (vicinity of)	To Oct. 28.....	16	1	
Scranton	Sept. 29-Oct. 1.....	17		
Soria	Sept. 14-Oct. 5.....	2		
Sumrall	Aug. 2.....	1		
Vicksburg and vicinity	Aug. 30-Nov. 9.....	182	28	
New York:				
New York Quarantine	Aug. 1-12.....		1	From ss. Advance from Colon.
Ohio:				
Cincinnati	Sept. 15-19.....	3		Refugees.

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States.

Cities.	Week ended—	Population, United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from all causes.	Deaths from—										
				Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varicoid.	Cerebro-spinal meningitis.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Altoona, Pa.	Nov. 11	38,973	19	1										
Ann Arbor, Mich.	Nov. 4	14,509	3											
Appleton, Wis.	do.	15,085	4									1		
Auburn, N. Y.	do.	30,345	9											
Baltimore, Md.	Nov. 11	508,957	221	35						8		2		1
Bayonne, N. J.	Nov. 13	32,722												
Biddeford, Me.	Nov. 4	16,145				6								
Binghamton, N. Y.	Nov. 11	38,647												
Boston, Mass.	do.	560,892	14	1				3		2	1	3	2	
Brockton, Mass.	Nov. 4	40,063	13	2						1				
Cambridge, Mass.	Nov. 11	91,886	30	3								2		
Camden, N. J.	do.	75,935	29								1	1		
Carbondale, Pa.	do.	13,536	3							1				
Chelsea, Mass.	Nov. 4	34,072	6											
Chicago, Ill.	Nov. 11	1,698,575	469	49						8	2	17		1
Chicopee, Mass.	do.	19,167	4	3										
Cincinnati, Ohio.	Nov. 3	325,902	104	11				1		3	1	3		1
Cleveland, Ohio.	Nov. 10	381,766	115	16				1		2	2	2		
Clinton, Mass.	Nov. 11	13,667	5											
Covington, Ky.	Nov. 4	42,938	8	1								1		
Do.	Nov. 11	42,938	11	1						1				
Danville, Ill.	do.	16,354		1										
Dayton, Ohio.	Nov. 4	85,333	21	2										
Do.	Nov. 11	85,333	15	3										
Detroit, Mich.	do.	285,704	88								1	1		
Dunkirk, N. Y.	Nov. 4	11,616	2											
Elmira, N. Y.	Nov. 11	35,672	7	1										
Everett, Mass.	Nov. 4	24,336	7											
Fall River, Mass.	Nov. 11	104,863	41	2										
Findlay, Ohio.	do.	17,613	3	1										
Fitchburg, Mass.	Nov. 4	31,531	11											
Fort Smith, Ark.	do.	11,587	10	1								1		
Galesburg, Ill.	do.	18,607	2											
Grand Rapids, Mich.	do.	87,565	20	3						2	1	2		
Jacksonville, Fla.	do.	28,429	21	1										
Jersey City, N. J.	Oct. 22	206,433	57	6										
Do.	Oct. 29	206,433	51	8						1		1		
Do.	Nov. 5	206,433	62	11								1		
Johnstown, Pa.	Nov. 11	35,936	9											
Kalamazoo, Mich.	Nov. 4	24,404	5	1										
Kingston, N. Y.	do.	24,535	8	1										
La Crosse, Wis.	do.	28,895	13	1										
Lawrence, Mass.	do.	62,559	33	3						1			1	1
Lexington, Ky.	do.	26,369	11	1										
Los Angeles, Cal.	do.	102,479	61	13								1	1	
Lowell, Mass.	Nov. 11	94,969	27	3				1				1		
Ludington, Mich.	do.	7,166	0											
McKeesport, Pa.	Nov. 4	34,227	14							1		2		
Malden, Mass.	do.	33,664	9	3						1				
Manchester, N. H.	do.	56,987	25	2								2		

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States—Continued.

Cities.	Week ended—	Population, United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from all causes.	Deaths from—										
				Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varicoid.	Cerebro-spinal meningitis.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Marlboro, Mass	Nov. 4	13,609	5											
Massillon, Ohio	Nov. 11	11,944	2											
Medford, Mass	do	18,244	5											
Melrose, Mass	Nov. 4	12,962	5											
Do	Nov. 11	12,962	5	1										
Memphis, Tenn.	do	102,320	33	5										
Milwaukee, Wis	Nov. 4	285,315	80	5					1		1			
Mount Vernon, N. Y	Nov. 11	21,228	7	1										
Nashua, N. H.	do	23,898	3											
Nashville, Tenn	do	80,865	18	1					2					
Newark, N. J	do	246,070	102	12					1		2	1		
New Bedford, Mass	do	63,442	26	2										
Newburyport, Mass	Nov. 4	14,478	6	1										
New Orleans, La.	do	287,104	130	23	7				1		1			
Newton, Mass	Nov. 11	33,587	11											
New York, N. Y.	do	3,437,202	1,127	160					12	5	22	8	3	
Niagara Falls, N. Y	Nov. 4	19,457	12						1		2		1	
Norristown, Pa	Nov. 12	22,265	13											
North Adams, Mass.	Nov. 11	24,200	5											
Northampton, Mass.	Nov. 4	18,643												
Omaha, Nebr.	do	102,555	19											
Oneonta, N. Y	do	7,147												
Philadelphia, Pa.	do	1,293,697	394	55					7		10		4	
Plainfield, N. J.	Nov. 11	15,369	3											
Providence, R. I.	do	175,597	62	1					1					
Quincy, Mass	do	23,899	6	1										
Reading, Pa	Nov. 6	78,961	30	2										
San Francisco, Cal.	Oct. 28	342,782	148	17			1		4	5	9			
Seattle, Wash	Nov. 4	80,671	15	1										
Shreveport, La.	do	16,013	8	1									1	
Somerville, Mass	Nov. 11	61,643	15	1					1		1			
South Bend, Ind.	Nov. 4	35,999	11	1										
Springfield, Ohio.	Nov. 10	38,253	8	1										
Steelton, Pa	Nov. 11	12,068	9	1										
Tacoma, Wash.	Nov. 4	37,714	14	1										
Taunton, Mass.	do	31,036	9	1										
Trenton, N. J	Nov. 11	73,307									1			
Waltham, Mass.	do	23,481	4								1			
Washington, D. C	Nov. 4	278,718	118	15					3		1		1	
Wheeling, W. Va	Nov. 11	38,878	10											
Wilkes-Barre, Pa	Nov. 4	51,721	14											
Williamsport, Pa	Nov. 11	28,757	9						1					
Wilmington, Del.	do	76,508	25	7					1		1		1	
Winona, Minn	Nov. 4	19,714												
Worcester, Mass	do	118,421	35	3										
Yonkers, N. Y	Nov. 11	47,931	25	3							1			
York, Pa	do	33,708	8	1							2			

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BRAZIL.

Report from Rio de Janeiro—Inspection of vessels—Statistics of variola in Brazil—Mortality statistics—Population of Buenos Ayres—Plague, smallpox, and yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stewart reports, October 12, as follows:

During the week ended the 8th instant the following vessels were inspected by myself, and bills of health were issued to them by the consulate-general: On the 3d instant, the American barkentine *White Wings*, for Baltimore, with a cargo of coffee, no passengers, and 1 new member of the crew taken on here, not to replace anyone left, but as a supplemental member of crew. On the same date, the British steamship *Rosslyn*, for New Orleans, with a cargo of coffee, going to New Orleans, either via Barbados or St. Lucia, for disinfection; no passengers, and no new members of the crew taken on at this port. On the 4th instant, the British steamship *Byron*, for New York, via Brazilian ports and Barbados, with a cargo of coffee, 12 first cabin and 11 steerage passengers for New York from here, and with 1 new member of the crew taken on at this port. On the 6th instant, the Italian barkentine *Aline*, for Habana, with a cargo of dried beef, transshipped from another vessel in this harbor; no passengers, and no change in the personnel of the crew. On the 6th instant, the British steamship *Crown Prince*, for New York, with a cargo of coffee, no passengers, and 2 new members of the crew shipped here to replace 2 deserters.

No other vessels left this port for United States, Canal Zone, or Cuban ports during the period under consideration.

Variola epidemic in Chile.

A report received from Valparaiso states that since the beginning of the recrudescence of variola in that city, January, 1905, there have been no less than 11,000 people stricken with the disease, and over 5,000 deaths have resulted.

Statistics of variola in Brazil, etc.

In the city of Bahia during the epidemic of 1897 there were 1,676 deaths from variola alone. The people adopted general vaccination, and the epidemic declined the following year; in 1899 there were only 10 deaths, and in 1900 none; in 1902 there were 2 deaths, and in 1903 only 1 death from this cause.

In Rio de Janeiro in 1903 there were 805 deaths from variola; in 1904, owing doubtless to the great antipathy of the people here to vaccination, the number of deaths from this cause reached the large figure of 3,566, and up to date this year there have been 221 deaths from variola.

In Pernambuco in 1904 909 persons died from this cause, and up to August 1, 1905, there were 2,600 deaths from variola.

Population of Buenos Ayres, Argentina.

According to a new estimate made last month the estimated population of this city is 1,000,774. This makes Buenos Ayres easily the largest city on the South American Continent, as, although Rio de Janeiro claims 905,000 persons, there can be no doubt that this number is a very great overestimate. The true population of Rio de Janeiro is thought to be between 600,000 and 750,000.

Mortality statistics, State of São Paulo.

São Paulo.—Week ended September 17, 1905. Capital of State, population about 200,000. Total deaths, 84, not including 13 stillbirths. Causes of deaths: Measles, 2; dysentery, 1; malarial fever, 1; tuberculosis, 2; cancer, 2; general diseases, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 10; of the circulatory system, 6; of the respiratory system, 11; of the digestive system, 27; puerperal septicæmia, 1; congenital debility, 6; and diseases badly defined, 15. Natives, 72; foreigners, 12. Less than 2 years of age, 56.

Average daily number of deaths, 12, compared with 15.57 for the preceding week.

Week ended September 24, 1905. Total deaths, 86, not including 10 stillbirths. Causes of deaths: Measles, 1; diphtheria, 1; dysentery, 1; malarial fever, 1; tuberculosis, 6; septicæmia, 1; ankylostomiasis, 1; general diseases, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 5; of the circulatory system, 7; of the respiratory system, 10; of the digestive system, 31; of the urinary system, 1; puerperal septicæmia, 2; diseases of the skin, 1; congenital debility, 1; violence, 1; and diseases badly defined, 15. Natives, 75; foreigners, 13; nationality unknown, 1.

Average daily number of deaths, 12.71, compared with 12 for the preceding week.

Santos.—Week ended September 17, 1905. Total deaths, 27; no stillbirths. Causes of deaths: Diphtheria, 1; grippe, 1; erysipelas, 1; malarial fevers, 3; tuberculosis, 4; syphilis, 1; general diseases, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 1; of the circulatory system, 5; of the respiratory system, 1; of the digestive system, 6; violence, 1; and diseases badly defined, 1. Natives, 18; foreigners, 9.

Average daily number of deaths, 3.85, compared with 4.85 for the preceding week.

Week ended September 24, 1905. Total number of deaths, 33, not including 3 stillbirths. Causes of deaths: Malarial fevers, 2; tuberculosis, 4; syphilis, 1; cancer, 1; ankylostomiasis, 1; general diseases, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 2; of the circulatory system, 6; of the digestive system, 6; of the urinary system, 2; congenital debility, 2; violence, 1; and diseases badly defined, 4. Natives, 27; foreigners, 6.

Average daily number of deaths, 4.71, compared with 3.85 for the preceding week.

Campinas.—Week ended September 17, 1905. Total number of deaths, 47, not including 7 stillbirths. Causes of deaths: Measles, 2; diphtheria, 1; grippe, 2; tuberculosis, 3; other forms of tuberculosis

except the pulmonary, 1; cancer, 1; diseases of the nervous system, 2; of the circulatory system, 4; of the respiratory system, 8; of the digestive system, 7; of the urinary system, 3; congenital debility, 1; senile debility, 1; violence, 1; and diseases badly defined, 10. Natives, 40; foreigners, 7.

Average daily number of deaths, 6.71, compared with 3.42 for the preceding week.

Week ended September 24, 1905. Total deaths, 29, not including 1 stillbirth. Causes of deaths: Measles, 2; whooping cough, 1; diphtheria, 1; tuberculosis, 2; cancer, 2; diseases of the nervous system, 5; of the circulatory system, 3; of the respiratory system, 7; of the digestive system, 2; and diseases badly defined, 5. Natives, 23; foreigners, 6.

Average daily number of deaths, 4.14, compared with 6.71 for the preceding week.

Mortality in Rio de Janeiro, week ended October 8, 1905.

During this week there were in all 286 deaths. Of this number none were caused by yellow fever, although there were 2 new cases of this disease. There have been no yellow fever deaths here for the past two weeks, but the occurrence of new cases shows the presence of disease foci in the city. The 2 cases reported were, however, not confirmed as true yellow fever.

Plague caused 5 deaths, with 14 new cases, and variola 3 deaths, with 12 new cases. At the close of the week there were no cases of yellow fever in the hospitals, and in the hospital Sao Sebastiao there were 38 cases of variola and 13 cases of bubonic plague.

Other causes of deaths were as follows: Measles, 14; whooping cough, 2; diphtheria, 2; grippe, 11; enteric fever, 2; malarial fevers, 5; tuberculosis, pulmonary, 53; other forms of tuberculosis, 2; septicaemia, 1; cancer, 6; general diseases, 2; diseases of the nervous system, 28; of the circulatory system, 37; of the respiratory system, 45; of the digestive system, 43; of the urinary system, 3; of the skin, 1; congenital debility, 9; senile debility, 3; violence (not including suicide), 7; diseases badly defined, 2. Natives, 231; foreigners, 52; nationality unknown, 3.

In hospitals, 62; in unknown localities, 8; in houses, etc., 216.

Daily average of deaths 40.85, compared with 40.57 for the preceding week, and with 56.14 for the corresponding week of 1904. The rate per each 1,000 of the population, estimated at 905,000, is 16.47.

The highest range of the thermometer was 27.9° C., and the lowest was 17.6° C. The average for the week was 21.91° C.

Total rainfall for the week, 11.44 mm. Daily average rainfall, 1.63 mm.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Cooke reports as follows: Week ended November 3, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 8,500; number of deaths, 4; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, fair.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 27	Katie	Mobile	25			
28	George Dumois	New Orleans	20	1		
28	Chelston	Inaugua	32	1		

CANADA.

Inspection of immigrants at Vancouver, British Columbia.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Glover reports as follows:

Month of October, 1905. Number of immigrants inspected, 411; number passed, 398; number rejected, 13; number certified for rejection on account of dangerous contagious diseases or loathsome, 13.

CHINA.

Report from Hongkong—Quarantine precautions—No quarantinable diseases.

Passed Assistant Surgeon White reports, October 3, as follows:

Week ended September 30, 1905:

Government notification has been received that restrictions enforced by Hongkong remain as reported on September 9, 1905, and that restrictions enforced against Hongkong remain as reported on September 23, 1905.

Return of quarantinable diseases, none.

Return of other communicable diseases:

Enteric fever:

Cases 4
Death 1

Others:

Cases 0
Deaths 0

Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Number of emigrants per steamship *Siberia* recommended October 2, 1905, for rejection: For New Orleans, 1; for Maui 1; for San Francisco, 30.

Per steamship *Mongolia*, October 6, 1905: For Honolulu, 9; for San Francisco, 56.

Reports from Shanghai—Inspection of vessels—Emigrant recommended for rejection—Bubonic plague at Antung and Niuchwang—Typhus fever at Niuchwang—Dengue fever diminishing at Shanghai—Mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Ransom reports, October 12, 13, and 18, as follows:

During the week ended October 7, 1905, 5 original and 3 supplemental bills of health were issued to 8 steamers, the former being granted to United States destroyers bound to Manila, without inspec-

tion upon the certificate of the medical officer of the United States Navy, attached to the flotilla. There were inspected 3 steamers with an aggregate personnel of 641, of whom there were examined 406 crew and 180 steerage passengers. Three cases of temperature discovered at inspection on board the steamship *Siberia* were noted on the bill of health. Twenty-six pieces of steerage passengers' baggage were inspected and passed, and there were disinfected with sulphur dioxide 13 pieces of baggage belonging to new members of the crew of the steamship *Dakotah*. Manifests were viséed for 11,542 pieces of freight.

One steerage immigrant for San Francisco, per steamship *Siberia*, was recommended for rejection on account of trachoma.

The weekly statement of the municipal health officer shows that there were reported among foreigners 3 new cases of enteric fever and 1 new case of tuberculosis; among natives, 1 death from diphtheria and 47 deaths from tuberculosis. The total reported mortality was 4 foreigners and 152 natives. Dengue fever is still present in the settlement, but this appears to be the only communicable disease markedly prevalent at this time. There were no reports of quarantinable disease received from any of the outports.

Bubonic plague at Antung and Niuchwang.

Information was received to-day (October 13) through the United States consulates here and at Niuchwang that bubonic plague has broken out at Antung, Manchuria, and that there has also been 1 death from the disease at Niuchwang.

Inspection of vessels—Mortality reports—Plague at Antung and Niuchwang—Dengue fever diminishing at Shanghai.

During the week ended October 14, 1905, three supplemental bills of health were issued to 3 steamers, and there were inspected 3 vessels, 463 crew, 32 cabin and 151 steerage passengers; 17 pieces of baggage were examined. Twelve pieces of baggage were disinfected, and manifests were viséed for 24,696 pieces of freight. Three cases of illness, none of which proved to be quarantinable disease, were investigated, and 3 cases of temperature found among the crew of the steamship *Mongolia* at inspection were noted on the bill of health; also the fact that one Chinese sailor on the same vessel, said to be suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis, was discharged here and sent ashore prior to inspection. One immigrant for Manila per steamship *Shanmut*, and 9 for San Francisco per steamship *Mongolia*, were examined and passed.

The weekly statement of the municipal health officer shows that there were reported among foreigners 2 new cases of enteric fever, and among natives 1 death each from diphtheria and scarlet fever and 29 deaths from tuberculosis. The total reported mortality was 1 foreigner and 137 natives. As previously reported to the Bureau, plague has broken out at Antung and Niuchwang, and during the week ended September 30, 1905, there occurred at the latter port 2 cases and 2 deaths from typhus fever. No quarantinable disease was reported from other outports. Dengue fever is diminishing in Shanghai, and there is not reported as present here any quarantinable disease other than leprosy.

COLOMBIA.

Report from Barranquilla—Quarantine against Colon suspended.

The following is received through the Department of State, under date of November 4:

A dispatch received from the American vice-consul at Barranquilla, Colombia, dated the 16th ultimo, reports that the quarantine against vessels arriving at that place from Colon has been suspended.

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended November 4, 1905. Estimated population, 4,000; 5 deaths; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 29	Oracabessa.....	New Orleans..	47	0	0	.....
30	Siberia.....	New York....	54	71	13	.....
31	Cumeria.....	Pensacola....	25	0	0	.....
Nov. 2	Origen.....	Mobile.....	22	0	0	.....
3	Matina.....	New York....	48	0	0	.....

Two bills of health for Panaman ports were viséed.

CUBA.

Report from Habana—Inspection of vessels—Certificates of vaccination issued—Cases of sickness on vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Delgado reports, November 6, 8, and 9, as follows:

During the week ended November 4, 1905.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued.....	33
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected.....	1, 247
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	613
Certificates of vaccination issued for Panama, Canal Zone.....	18

British schooner *Helen E. Kenney*, arrived from Pascagoula, October 14, had a sailor with malarial fever who was sent to hospital.

During the month of October 107 vessels with 4,252 crew and 2,110 passengers were cleared from this port.

There are still many cases of dengue and measles, but the number of new cases is now diminishing considerably.

With the exception of 164 cases of leprosy, no quarantinable disease was reported during the week.

From October 19 to 27, inclusive, there arrived at this port the following cases of sickness, which were landed and sent to hospital:

October 19. American steamship *Vigilancia*, from Progreso, 1

passenger with malarial fever sent to quarantine and from there to hospital.

October 20. Spanish steamship *R. M. Cristina*, from Spain, 1 passenger with malarial fever sent to quarantine and from there to hospital.

October 22. Schooner *Marjorie J. Summer*, from Mobile, 2 seamen with malarial fever sent to hospital.

Cuban quarantine measures—Health conditions.

I confirm my cable of November 8:

With some restrictions, quarantine has been raised against Tampa and Key West. Necropsy on suspect at Guantanamo reveals acute nephritis and gastric ulcer.

Since sending the above I have been officially informed that Port Tampa was meant instead of Tampa.

The following is a copy of the decree issued yesterday by the secretary of the treasury:

1. The Florida ports of Port Tampa and Key West shall be considered as clean ports.
2. Passengers from the North and passing through Florida without stopping off and embarking immediately from said ports shall be allowed to disembark at this port.
3. Passengers will be required to secure a certificate from inspectors on the frontiers of Florida, and signed by the doctor in the Cuban consulate at Tampa.

Doctor Roberts, chief quarantine officer of Cuba, informed me this morning that to avoid any inconvenience to passengers with the requirements of article 3 of the decree, he has instructed Doctor Ponce, of the Cuban marine-hospital service, now on duty in Tampa, to work in harmony with the Florida health officials.

President Palma sent on the 6th instant his annual message to the Cuban Congress. In speaking of sanitary matters, he says:

The death rate of the island is 16.57 per thousand. While some deaths have occurred from yellow fever they were without exception "imported," and isolated cases which resulted in no contagion. Two cases of smallpox occurred at Palma Soriano, but the disease was not permitted to spread. Diphtheria, which was virulent at San Antonio de los Baños, was mastered by the physicians. There has been an epidemic of dengue, but only two deaths are reported to have occurred from that fever.

Cuban quarantine against Miami, Fla., raised.

Quarantine has been raised against Miami, Fla. To prevent inconvenience to passengers coming that way Doctor Roberts informs me that he has instructed the quarantine officials to honor the certificates given by the Florida health officials even if they are not viséed by the doctor at the Cuban consulate.

Cuban quarantine decision regarding Tampa and Key West, Fla.

The following telegram from the American minister at Habana was received November 11 through the Department of State:

I have been officially informed that the Secretary of the Treasury, on November 7, declared ports of Port Tampa and Key West, Fla., free from disease, and authorizes the disembarking in Habana of passengers from the North who traverse Florida without stopping at any point, embarking immediately in said ports. As proof of conditions of former article a certificate of the inspectors of the Florida frontier, viséed by the medical attaché to the consulate of Cuba in Tampa, is required.

Yellow fever cases in Habana—Careful inspection directed.

Cuban Minister Quesada telephoned the Bureau November 10 at 3 o'clock that 2 suspicious cases had been diagnosed by the commission in Habana as yellow fever, 1 an American and 1 an Italian.

HABANA, November 10, 1905.

WYMAN, Washington:

Commission confirms to-day 2 cases yellow fever—1 developed at Inglaterra Hotel and the other in Amistad street.

DELGADO.

HABANA, November 10, 1905.

WYMAN, Washington:

Two suspects diagnosed yellow fever by the commission in Habana.

FINLAY.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Delgado, Habana, was instructed, November 11, to make a careful inspection of passengers for Gulf ports.

HABANA, November 13, 1905.

WYMAN, Washington:

Officially notified another case yellow fever died yesterday and 2 new cases confirmed by commission.

DELGADO.

HABANA, November 13, 1905.

WYMAN, Washington:

Case officially reported at Las Animas Hospital Saturday evening died. Case Hotel Inglaterra and third case yellow fever confirmed. There are several suspects.

DELGADO.

Further precautions against yellow fever at Habana.

November 13. Acting Assistant Surgeon Delgado, Habana, was telegraphed:

Require immune certificates for all passengers leaving Habana for any port of the United States south of the southern boundary of Maryland. Enforce provisions of paragraph 13, Quarantine Regulations for Foreign Ports, and also provisions of paragraph 108. The closed quarantine season has been extended until further orders.

Passed Assistant Surgeon von Ezdorf was directed, November 13, to proceed immediately to Habana and to take charge of the situation.

November 13. Doctor Doty, quarantine officer, New York, was telegraphed:

Have wired Service representative in Habana to require certificates of immunity for all passengers leaving Habana for ports south of the southern boundary of Maryland. This is sent to you for your information.

November 13. A telegram was sent to Sanitary Inspector Porter, Pensacola, Fla.:

In view of more recent developments, have ordered immune certificates to be issued at Habana, and the secretary has extended the period of close quarantine beyond November 1 and until otherwise ordered with regard to vessels and passengers from Habana.

Regarding crews from Habana.

NOVEMBER 14, 1905.

DELGADO, *American Consulate, Habana:*

Regulation as to immune crew may be waived, provided none of crew go ashore at Habana except for transaction of necessary business.

GLENNAN,
Acting Surgeon-General.

*Later yellow-fever cases.*HABANA, *November 15, 1905.*WYMAN, *Washington:*

Another yellow-fever case officially confirmed at Las Animas hospital, a sailor from British schooner *Alexander Black* at Tallapiedra wharf.

DELGADO.

HABANA, *November 16, 1905.*WYMAN, *Washington:*

Only 1 new case of yellow fever officially reported, a German in Industria street.

DELGADO.

Report from Matanzas—Inspection of vessels—Mortality—Summary for month of October, 1905—Epidemic dengue.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, November 6, as follows:

During the week ended November 4, 1905, bills of health were granted to 2 vessels bound for the United States in good sanitary condition.

With the exception of 1 death from dengue due to a pulmonary complication, the first one to occur during the present epidemic of that disease, no communicable diseases have been officially reported in the city during the past week.

Mortality of the city of Matanzas from October 20 to 31, 1905, 22.

Annual rate of mortality per thousand for the 11 days, 16.73; estimated population, 48,000.

October.—During the month 19 bills of health were issued to vessels leaving this port for the United States, having an aggregate number of 502 crew and 73 passengers in transit, mostly emigrants from Spain, destined to various ports in Cuba. One certificate of immunity to yellow fever and smallpox was issued to a passenger going to New York by way of Key West and Tampa. There were no transactions for the Canal Zone nor for the Republic of Panama.

Dengue in an epidemic form was the prevailing disease during October, and it continues to be so at present. Sporadic cases of measles are occasionally unofficially reported in the city. The 2 recent cases of scarlet fever reported in the city and which are still under treatment are said to have originated from a focus of infection at the rural district of Benavides, about 12 miles distant from Matanzas.

The total number of deaths from all causes for October was 63, being 1 less than for the same period in September last, and shows an annual average of mortality of 15.75 per mille.

No quarantinable diseases have been reported within this district during the past month.

Smallpox reported present at Banes and Bejucal.

NOVEMBER 3, 1905.

An outbreak of smallpox at Banes and Bejucal is reported under date of November 2. The former place is the most important fruit port on the north coast of the province of Santiago, having frequent communication with the United States. The other place mentioned, Bejucal, is within a short distance from Habana.

I have been unable to obtain official confirmation of these reports.

ECUADOR.

Report from Guayaquil—Mortality—Yellow fever on the steamship Chile—Inspection and fumigation of vessels.

Temporary Acting Assistant Surgeon Gomes reports, October 26, as follows:

Week ended October 24, 1905.

Present officially estimated population, 60,000.

Mortality from all causes, 53, as follows: Yellow fever, 3; smallpox, 6; tuberculosis, 14; cholera infantum, 3; pernicious fever, 3; bronchitis, 1; dysentery, 1; whooping cough, 2; gastric fever, 1; tetanus, 1; meningitis, 1; measles, 1; infectious fever, 1; from all other causes, 15.

Two bills of health were issued during the week. October 19 the steamship *Ecuador*, for Ancon, Canal Zone; no passengers from here for that port. October 20 steamship *Pizarro*, from Chilean and Peruvian ports, cleared for Ancon, Canal Zone, with 10 cabin and 3 steerage passengers from here; 2 cabin and 12 steerage passengers from ports south were placed in quarantine to complete ten days from port of last exposure; passengers were all examined; 46 pieces of baggage inspected; vessels fumigated and 6 certificates of immunity issued; 7 laborers were taken on board to work the cargo, and they continued as part of the crew to Ancon.

The steamship *Chile* arrived here from Ancon, Canal Zone, on the 23d instant with one of her firemen sick with yellow fever. He was taken ashore and placed in the lazaret, and the ship was fumigated. The fireman is a Chilean and was taken on board on this trip at Ancon, Canal Zone.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended October 28, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 3,500. No deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good. One case yellow fever, convalescent, previously reported. The patient was sick from October 9 to 15.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 25	Katie.....	Mobile	24	0	0	0
25	Geo. Dumois.....	New Orleans	19	0	0	0

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Part of week ended October 31, 1905. Present officially estimated population, about 4,000; no deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial, mostly mild type; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 29	Rosina	New Orleans.....	27	0	0	0
29	Colombia	Mobile	17	0	0	0
30	Alabama.....	Baltimore	18	0	0	0

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port—Prevailing diseases.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended October 31, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 4,000; no deaths; prevailing diseases, yellow fever and malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, infected. The last case of yellow fever reported here died September 29. The last case reported in San Pedro died October 26. No cases have been reported at Choloma for ten days.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 26	Hispania.....	Mobile.....	16	0	0	0
28	Taunton	do	25	0	0	0
29	Geo. Dumois	New Orleans, via Belize.	20	0	1	0
30	Hiram	Mobile	15	0	0	0
Nov. 1	Condor.....	do	17	0	0	0

INDIA.

Report from Calcutta—Transactions of Service—Cholera and plague mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, October 19, as follows:

During the week ended October 14, 1905, a bill of health was issued to the steamship *Rapallo*, bound for Boston and New York, with a total crew of 37. The usual precautions were taken, the holds fumigated, and rat guards placed on the wharf lines.

During the week ended September 30, 1905, there were 183 cases and 115 deaths in Bengal, and during the week ended October 7, 1905, there were 145 cases and 97 deaths from plague. In India during the week ended September 30, 1905, there were 5,417 cases and 4,080 deaths, and during the week ended October 7, 1905, there were 4,810 cases and 3,624 deaths from plague.

ITALY.

Report from Naples—Inspection of vessels—Rejections of emigrants recommended—Infectious diseases.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Buonocore reports, October 30, as follows:
During the week ended October 28, 1905, the following ships were inspected at Naples, Messina, and Palermo:

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of large baggage inspected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 22	Sicilian Prince	New York	329	35	580
22	Hamburg	do	623	170	850
23	Buenos Aires	do	257	60	650
24	Massilia	do	336	50	450
26	Citta di Torino	do	582	85	830
27	Konig Albert	do	846	170	1,150

MESSINA.

Oct. 23	Sicilian Prince	New York	112	92	200
23	Italia	do	155	121	276

PALERMO.

Oct. 22	Italia	New York	323	174	318
24	Sicilian Prince	do	389	278	530
26	Italia	do	500	691	1,044

Rejections recommended.

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Trachoma.	Favus.	Suspected trachoma.	Suspected favus.	Other causes.	Total.
Oct. 22	Sicilian Prince	7	2	4	.....	.....	13
22	Hamburg	17	2	7	.....	6	32
23	Buenos Aires	11	1	.....	1	2	15
24	Massilia	10	3	1	.....	1	15
26	Citta di Torino	20	1	6	.....	2	29
27	Konig Albert	20	2	6	2	3	33
	Total	85	11	24	3	14	137

MESSINA.

Oct. 23	Sicilian Prince	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	9
23	Italia	23	.....	.....	.....	1	24
	Total	32	.....	.....	.....	1	33

PALERMO.

Oct. 22	Italia	25	.....	22	.....	2	49
24	Sicilian Prince	56	.....	26	.....	8	89
26	Italia	64	.....	20	.....	5	89
	Total	144	.....	68	.....	15	227

Infectious diseases.

For the week ended October 26, 1905, the following reports were officially registered:

Smallpox.—There were reported 4 cases at Sona (Verona), 3 at Catania, 2 at Troina (Catania), and 3 cases at Terranova (Caltanissetta).

Measles.—Disease reported in the province of Novara.

Scarlatina.—The malady is prevailing in an epidemic form in the communes of Centuripe and Catenanova (Catania) and at Piazza Armerina (Caltanissetta).

Enteric fever.—Still widely spread in all the provinces. There were reported 27 cases at Rome, 26 at Milan, and 20 at Siena.

Diphtheria.—Reported in the provinces of Catania, Arezzo, and Caltanissetta.

Malarial diseases.—A great number of cases are still reported in southern Italy, in Sardinia, and Sicily, in the provinces of Milan, Novaro, and Rome.

JAPAN.

Reports from Yokohama—Inspection of vessels—Plague in Kobé suppressed—Rat destruction.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Moore reports, October 7, 14, and 21, as follows:

During the week ended September 30, 1905, bills of health were issued to 8 vessels having an aggregate personnel of 614 crew and 463 passengers.

In the absence of recent official reports it is believed that sanitary conditions in Yokohama and the other leading ports of Japan continue to be satisfactory. During the week ended September 30 no new cases of plague were reported in Kobé and only 2 old cases remained under treatment in that city. Thus it would appear that the Japanese authorities have again succeeded in suppressing a threatening outbreak of this malady in its incipency.

Since the initial epidemic of plague in Japan, in 1899–1900, outbreaks of the disease have occurred from time to time in various portions of the Empire, all of which—that in Formosa excepted—have been stamped out with comparatively slight mortality. Prominent among the prophylactic measures employed have been those directed toward the destruction of rats. During these outbreaks, not only in the infected localities but in districts liable to infection, public interest in the matter has been stimulated by offering cash bounties and prizes for the capture of these animals.

Recently some statistics have appeared in print relating to the purchase of rats by the Government in the city of Tokyo, a summary of which may possess some interest. The purchase of rats was first begun in Tokyo in January, 1900, since which date the practice has been continued with some intermissions to the present time. The periods during which these purchases have been made in Tokyo, the particular occasion demanding such prophylactic measures, and the number of rats bought are given as follows:

First period (January 15 to February 15, 1900): Plague present in Kobé, Osaka, Yokohama, and other localities in Japan. Number of rats purchased, 109,544.

Second period (June 12 to 26, 1901): Plague-infected rats found in Tokyo. Number of rats purchased, 218,422.

Third period (August 10 to September 25, 1901): Plague in Shizuoka ken and Yamanashi ken. Number of rats purchased, 81,463.

Fourth period (October 17 to November 15, 1902): Plague present in Yokohama. Number of rats purchased, 146,167.

Fifth period (December 28, 1902, to September 28, 1905): Plague, either in man or rat, present in Tokyo from time to time. Number of rats purchased, 3,746,390.

The total price paid for the above rats, numbering in the aggregate more than 4,000,000, was 156,824.14 yen. The price of rats was fixed at 3 sen at certain times, at other times increased to 5 sen, at which figure it remains at present. In about 20 per cent of cases persons turning in rats did not claim their legal reward.

During the second period above mentioned the authorities instituted an innovation entitling those who turned in rats to chances in a lottery with prizes ranging from 1 to 50 yen; this in addition to the regular bounty. This plan proved very effective in practice, the statistics for this period showing a large increase in the number of rats collected. During the third period the direct purchase of rats was temporarily discontinued and a trial made of the lottery system alone, with, as appears, unsatisfactory results. As a consequence of this experience, in subsequent anti-rat campaigns the combined system of purchase and lottery has been employed. It appears that about one-half of the individuals entitled to compete in the lottery fail to avail themselves of the privilege.

Communicable diseases in Yokohama—Plague at Niuchwang, China—Cholera at Singapore.

During the week ended October 7, 1905, bills of health were issued, after inspection, to 4 steamships having an aggregate personnel of 572 crew and 340 passengers. One hundred and seventy-one passengers were bathed and their clothing was disinfected; 298 would-be steerage passengers to the United States were examined with special reference to their freedom from any loathsome or any dangerous contagious disease contemplated by the United States immigration laws.

Infectious diseases in Yokohama.—Reports of infectious diseases in Yokohama have been received at the consulate-general as follows: For the week ended September 24: Enteric fever, 5 cases, 3 deaths; diphtheria, 1 case, 1 death. For the week ended October 1: Cholera (doubtful), 1 case, no deaths; enteric fever, 2 cases, 2 deaths; diphtheria, 2 cases, 1 death; dysentery, 11 cases, no deaths. For the week ended October 8: Enteric fever, 4 cases, no deaths; diphtheria, 4 cases, no deaths; dysentery, 3 cases, no deaths.

Plague.—Kobé is now reported free from plague. A plague-infected rat was discovered in Tokyo on the 7th instant. A consular report dated Fuchau (China) the 11th instant states that plague has been almost completely stamped out there. The Japanese consul at Niuchwang (China) reports that a plague death, in the person of a Japanese woman, occurred there on the 11th instant. It is further stated that on this account travel between Niuchwang and Manchuria has been prohibited. Restrictions have also been placed on the transportation of freight.

Cholera.—The Japanese consul at Singapore reports that 2 cases of cholera occurred there on the 7th instant.

Chefoo declares quarantine against Niuchwang.

During the week ended October 14, 1905, 3 steamships, having an aggregate personnel of 499 crew and 626 passengers, were granted bills of health after inspection; 111 steerage passengers were bathed and their clothing disinfected, and 259 aliens contemplating emigration to the United States were examined with special reference to their freedom from any loathsome or any dangerous contagious disease barred by the United States immigration laws.

Plague.—Under date of the 16th instant, the Japanese consul at Niuchwang reports that since the outbreak of plague there on the 12th instant there have occurred 3 fatal cases of the disease. On the 16th instant Chefoo declared quarantine against Niuchwang.

Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Number of emigrants per steamship *Siberia* recommended, October 13, for rejection: For Honolulu, 16; for San Francisco, 1.

Per steamship *Mongolia*, recommended, October 18, for rejection: For Honolulu, 3; for San Francisco, 6.

MEXICO.

Report from Tampico—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Mortuary statistics—Sanitary situation—Stegomyia present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Frick reports, November 6, as follows: Week ended November 4, 1905.

October 30. Fumigated and passed the French steamship *Louisiane*, bound for New Orleans, with 69 in the crew; vessel sails in ballast.

November 1. Inspected and passed the British steamship *Orion*, bound for New Orleans, with 35 in the crew; vessel sails in a partial cargo of cotton-seed oil cake.

November 3. Fumigated and passed the Norwegian steamship *Malm*, bound for Port Arthur, with 17 in the crew and 1 passenger; vessel sails in small cargo of ixtle. Inspected and passed the Danish steamship *Nordfarer*, bound for a port north of Hatteras, via Daiquiri, with 26 in the crew; vessel sails in ballast.

November 4. Inspected and passed the Norwegian steamship *Nor*, bound for New Orleans, via Progreso, with 16 in the crew.

Mortuary report.—Tuberculosis pulmonalis, 2; stillbirths, 2; paludic fever, 1; paludism, 1; intermittent fever, 1; diarrhea, 4; gastro-enteritis, 1; pernicious fever, 2; bronchitis, 1; fracture of the cranium, 1; not specified (not sufficiently defined), 1; puerperal eclampsia, 1; total, 18. Annual mortality rate for the week, 46.80.

The sanitary situation.—*Anopheles* continue as a pest; *Stegomyia*, while not so plentiful as in the early part of the season, are present in considerable numbers. The weather during the week has been warm, though northers and cooler weather is expected. Malaria, intestinal disease, and tuberculosis are the prevailing diseases and the cause of nearly 70 per cent of the deaths occurring during the past week, though largely among children.

Fumigation no longer necessary.

NOVEMBER 10, 1905.

FRICK, *American Consulate, Tampico:*

Fumigation no longer necessary for southern ports. Inform Merrick.

GLENNAN,
*Acting Surgeon-General.**Report from Veracruz—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Yellow fever.*

Passed Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, November 6, as follows:

Week ended November 4, 1905.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued.....	6
Vessels fumigated with sulphur to kill mosquitoes.....	1
Vessels departing on which mosquitoes (<i>Culex</i>) found.....	4
Vessels departing on which mosquitoes (<i>Stegomyia</i>) found and killed.....	1
Crew inspected.....	274
Passengers inspected.....	116

The American schooner *Starke* arrived October 27, eight days from Pascagoula. One of crew was taken sick with headache and fever two days before reaching here. The case proved to be one of yellow fever, was isolated on shore, and all accessible parts of the vessel were fumigated by the Mexican authorities. A thorough search made of the vessel some time after fumigation failed to disclose any *Stegomyia*. No other cases of fever have developed up to the present time, November 6. The vessel will be fumigated throughout before departure.

November 2, while inspecting the Spanish steamship *Martin Saenz* (ten days at wharf, Habana; three days bay, Veracruz), bound for New Orleans, a few *Stegomyia fasciata* (adults) were found in the chief engineer's room. Some *Stegomyia* larvæ and pupæ were also found in the same room, being in the water tank for the wash basin. This tank had not been used for some time. The larvæ and pupæ were killed with hot water, and the room sulphured.

Only 3 cases and 1 death of yellow fever were reported for the week.

NICARAGUA.

Reports from Bluefields, fruit port—Representative of Louisiana board of health recalled.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Layton reports as follows: Week ended October 28, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 3,500; prevailing diseases, malarial fever and dysentery; number of deaths not reported; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. The Louisiana State board of health recalled its representative to-day—he sails on November 1, 1905.

Bill of health was issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 25	Dictator.....	Mobile	19	2	.....	.....

Four days ended November 1, 1905. Number of deaths, 3; prevailing diseases, malarial fever, dysentery, and phthisis pulmonalis; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bill of health was issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Nov. 1	Corinto	New Orleans	24	28	.....	.....

Steamship *Corinto*, sailing to-day for New Orleans, La., is the first ship to clear for that port since August. After this date I shall cease to issue certificates to passengers, but shall continue to issue bills of health, in conjunction with consul, until recalled.

PANAMA.

Reports from Bocas del Toro, fruit port—Prevailing diseases—Bills of health issued.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports as follows:

Week ended October 27, 1905. Present officially estimated population not obtainable; no deaths reported; no cases of yellow fever; prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, infected.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage.
Oct. 21	J. B. Camors	Colon .....	.....	4	0	(a)
26	Fort Morgan	Mobile	22	0	0	0

a Not inspected.

Week ended October 31, 1905. Service discontinued. Population not obtainable. Prevailing disease, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, infected.

A bill of health was issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Oct. 29	Limon	Mobile	43	0	0	0

Reports from Colon—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Colon free from yellow fever—Yellow fever in Panama—Sanitary conditions—Mortality returns from Colon and Cristobal.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Mohr reports, November 3, as follows:

During the week ended November 2, 1905, the following vessels cleared for ports in the United States and were granted bills of health:

German steamship *Alene* for New York, via Kingston, Jamaica, October 23, with 68 crew and 104 deck passengers for Jamaica.

British steamship *Craigonald* for a port in the United States, via Santiago, Cuba, October 26, with 24 crew and no passengers; fumigated.

Norwegian steamship *Saphir* for New Orleans, October 26, with 22 crew and no passengers; fumigated.

British steamship *Texan* for New Orleans, via Jamaican and Mexican ports, October 26, with 43 crew and 29 cabin passengers for Jamaica and Veracruz, and 132 deck passengers for Kingston.

American steamship *Advance* for New York, October 28, with 64 crew and 129 passengers.

British steamship *Chancellor* for New Orleans, via Mexican ports, October 29, with 39 crew and no passengers.

German steamship *Virginia* for New York, via Kingston, Jamaica, November 1, with 77 crew and 3 passengers for New York, and 60 passengers for Kingston.

British steamship *Bartholdi* for Mobile, via Grand Cayman, November 1, with 7 crew and no passengers; fumigated.

British steamship *Blomidon* for Pascagoula, November 2, with 7 crew and no passengers; fumigated.

British steamship *Atrato* for New York, via Kingston, Jamaica, November 2, with 166 crew and 16 passengers for New York and 75 passengers for Jamaica.

Sanitary conditions.

Colon continues free from yellow fever. One case in the hospital, however, was regarded with suspicion for several days, but the board of diagnosis, after due deliberation, concluded that it was not a case of yellow fever. The patient was a passenger about to embark for New York whom I rejected for passage on account of a high temperature. He had been but six days on the Isthmus, having arrived from the west of Colombia.

In Panama 1 more new case has been reported, which resulted in death on October 30. The patient was an American in the employ of the Isthmian Canal Commission.

The town of Chepo, which lies about 15 miles west of Panama, became infected from Panama. A sanitary force under a competent physician will be sent to this place to stamp out the infection. I am informed that a similar force will also be sent to Bocas del Toro to institute the necessary measures for the eradication of the infection there.

During the period from October 21 to 31 there were 29 deaths officially reported in the municipalities of Colon and Cristobal from the following causes: Malaria, 8; pneumonia, 6; phthisis, 3; bronchitis, 1; tetanus, 1; infantile convulsions, 2; abscess of liver, 1; peritonitis, 1; diarrhea, 1; nephritis, 1; uterine disease, 1; stillborn, 2; unknown, 1.

The total number of deaths during the month in the two places was 84 (officially estimated population 9,972). Of these 24 were from malaria and 14 from pneumonia. According to the records, only one of the 84 was an employee of the Isthmian Canal Commission. When it is considered that the hospital is filled almost to overflowing with laborers suffering with malaria, the above fact may be taken as fairly good evidence that only the neglected cases of malaria result in death.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Reports from Manila—Smallpox and cholera.

Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser reports, October 7, as follows:

During the week ended September 30, 1905, the following quarantinable diseases were reported for the city of Manila, namely: Smallpox, 1 case and no deaths; cholera, 3 cases and 4 deaths. There was no plague reported.

The number of cases for the week covered by this report shows a marked decrease over that of the previous week. Considerable pressure is being brought to bear upon the Service to remove the outgoing interisland quarantine, but in view of the fact that the maritime quarantine so far has apparently proved entirely successful, as shown by the fact that although the outbreak of cholera commenced in Manila over five weeks ago, it is yet confined within a few miles of Manila and has not been reported from any other islands of the archipelago, it has not been deemed advisable to remove the quarantine restrictions. It is realized that the quarantine is a great burden upon the shipping interests, but if the cholera spreads to the other islands the ultimate losses would be much greater than the smaller ones which are caused by the present prophylactic measures.

Owing to the great destruction of life and property by the severe typhoon which visited the islands September 26, 1905, it became absolutely necessary to permit a number of vessels to proceed without quarantine to the various wrecks and the devastated provinces in order to relieve distress and suffering. All such relief vessels, however, were not permitted to carry passengers, and a representative of this office accompanied each vessel in order to carry out the quarantine regulations.

Total number of cases of cholera in Manila since the beginning of the outbreak, 198, with 172 deaths.

Total number in the provinces, 326 cases and 251 deaths.

During the week vessels bound for United States ports were treated as follows:

September 26, 1905, the U. S. army transport *Logan*, with the crew and all steerage passengers on board, entered into detention under observation prior to sailing for San Francisco. Crew and steerage passengers were bathed and their effects and baggage disinfected. Cabin passengers are to embark on last day of quarantine.

October 28, 1905, the British steamer *Sierra Blanca* cleared for New York via Singapore. The crew was inspected on board prior to sailing. Eight thousand four hundred and sixty-nine pieces of miscellaneous cargo were certified.

October 29, 1905, the American ship *Erskine M. Phelps* entered five days' quarantine prior to being granted a completed bill of health for Honolulu.

Report from Iloilo—Prevailing diseases—Quarantine transactions.

[Inclosure.]

ILOILO, P. I., September 30, 1905.

To the Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands, Manila, P. I.

SIR: During the month of September no case of quarantinable disease has been reported in this city. Smallpox is reported at several points in the northern part of the province.

The U. S. C. T. *Elcano* arrived from Manila with a passenger ill with symptoms highly suspicious of cholera. The vessel was disinfected and released under proper restrictions; the case and contacts were removed from the vessel and quarantined for observation.

A vessel arrived from Sagay, Negros, reporting a death at sea from malaria. Another vessel from the same port had a death on board while in Sagay. The cause of death was given as beriberi.

An epidemic having diarrhea and vomiting for prominent symptoms, and attended by some mortality, is reported in the interior of Negros. The president of the provincial board of health states that it is probably malarial fever.

The following is a tabulated report of transactions here for the month:

Vessels inspected:	
From foreign ports	3
From United States ports	0
From island ports	86
Personnel inspected:	
Crew	2,154
Cabin passengers	176
Steerage passengers	727
Bills of health issued to vessels for—	
Foreign ports	4
United States ports	0
Island ports	2
Cases of quarantinable disease arriving at quarantine	1
Vessels disinfected for disease	2
Vessels held in quarantine for observation	2
Persons bathed and effects disinfected	108
Contacts held for observation	107
Vessels fumigated to destroy vermin	2
Vaccinations	151
Vessels remaining from August	0
Vessels remaining in quarantine at end of September	0

Respectfully,

GEORGE W. MCCOY,
Passed Assistant Surgeon.

Quarantine notice regarding vessels from Manila for ports of Luzon.

[Inclosure.]

MANILA, P. I., October 4, 1905.

To the owners and agents of vessels, Manila, P. I.

SIRS: Hereafter all vessels leaving Manila for ports of Luzon and not proceeding farther north than San Fernando, Union, nor farther south than Lucena, Tayabas, will not be required to undergo quarantine at Mariveles.

After obtaining a bill of health all vessels falling within the above description will be expected to anchor in the harbor of Manila well removed from the shipping of the port. After anchoring they will fly the quarantine flag, after which the quarantine officer will board the vessel as soon as practicable, and, if the result of his inspection is satisfactory, the vessel will be permitted to proceed without further detention.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER,
Passed Assistant Surgeon,
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Long detailed as assistant director of health, Manila.

Department approval was given, November 10, to the detail, on request of the Governor-General of the Philippine Islands, of Passed Asst. Surg. J. D. Long as assistant director of health of the city of Manila, in addition to his other duties.

PORTO RICO.

Report from Ponce.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Torres reports, November 3, as follows:

Summary of transaction of service during the month of October, 1905.

Vessels inspected	14
Bills of health issued	18
Passengers inspected:	
Incoming	66
In transit	1,580
Crew inspected	601
Vessels in quarantine	2
Passenger detained in quarantine	1
Pieces of baggage disinfected	3
Immigrants inspected	29
Rejections	0

Report from San Juan—Quarantine transactions at San Juan and subports—Mortality—Sanitary inspection.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Atilas reports, October 28, as follows:

Transactions at San Juan and the six subports during the month of September, 1905.

SAN JUAN.

Bills of health issued	25
Vessels inspected	19
Vessels held in quarantine	5
Vessels fumigated	2
Persons held in quarantine	21

The vessels fumigated were the American steamships *Arkadia* and *San Juan*, which arrived at this port from New Orleans on September 3 and 29, respectively. The vessels held, but permitted to transact business in quarantine under guard, were the American steamships *Caracas* and *Philadelphia*, from ports of Venezuela, the German

steamship *Venetia*, from South American ports, and the Spanish mail steamship *Buenos Ayres*, from Central and South American ports.

The general sanitary condition of this port is good, and no quarantinable diseases have been reported.

The reports from the subports show the following transactions:

Mayaguez, 4 vessels inspected and 9 bills of health issued; Arecibo, no vessels inspected and 3 bills of health issued; Humacao, 2 vessels inspected and no bills of health issued; Aguadilla, no vessels inspected and 6 bills of health issued; Arroyo, no vessels inspected and 2 bills of health issued; Fajardo, 5 vessels inspected and 2 bills of health issued.

The monthly reports, vital statistics, received from these ports show the following:

Mayaguez.—One hundred and five deaths, of which 18 were due to uncinariasis, 6 to anemia, 2 to grippe, 7 to acute bronchitis, 2 to pneumonia, 1 to enteric fever, and 23 to tuberculosis.

Arecibo.—Seventy-nine deaths, 11 due to uncinariasis, 16 to anemia, 7 to bronchitis, 9 to tuberculosis, 1 to pneumonia, and 1 to paludismo.

Humacao.—Fifty-eight deaths; 13 due to anæmia, 1 to bronchitis, 1 to broncho-pneumonia, 1 to pernicious malaria, and 4 to tuberculosis.

Aguadilla.—Forty-seven deaths; 6 due to uncinariasis, 6 to infantile tetanus, 3 to paludal fever, 2 to tuberculosis, 2 to broncho-pneumonia, and 1 to dysentery.

Fajardo.—Forty-eight deaths; 6 due to tuberculosis, 2 to pneumonia, 7 to broncho-pneumonia, and 2 to paludal anæmia.

Arroyo.—Ten deaths; 3 due to paludism and 1 to uncinariasis.

There were no quarantinable diseases reported from the subports during the month of September, 1905. The usual mortality report of San Juan for the month follows:

Vital statistics of San Juan, Porto Rico, for the month of September, 1905.

Number of deaths	88	Causes of deaths—Continued.	
Causes of deaths:		Pernicious fever	1
Tuberculosis	13	Meningitis	2
Grippe	1	Disease of heart	9
Gastro-enteritis	2	All other causes	43
Enteritis	8		
Broncho-pneumonia	4	Total deaths from all causes ...	88
Rickets	5		

WEST INDIES.

Report from Castries, St. Lucia Island—Bills of health issued—Sanitary conditions good.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Fricks reports, October 21, as follows:

Week ended October 21, 1905: Bills of health issued, 3; vessels fumigated, none.

The sanitary condition of the port continues good.

ZANZIBAR.

Report from Zanzibar—Plague.

The following report dated October 7, 1905, concerning plague in Zanzibar, was received from Consul McMaster, Zanzibar:

For the week ended October 7 there have been 47 cases of plague under treatment, of which 23 have proved fatal; 26 fresh cases were admitted during the week and 7 cases discharged; in addition no suspected cases were isolated or placed under observation. The total number of cases treated to date is 93, the total number of deaths 69, the total number discharged 7, the number still in hospital 7, and the number convalescent 10.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR STATISTICAL REPORTS OF COUNTRIES AND
CITIES—UNTABULATED.

AFRICA—*Lourenço Marquez*.—Month of July, 1905. Estimated population, 10,000. Total number of deaths, 68, including smallpox 1 and 13 from tuberculosis.

Month of August, 1905. Total number of deaths, 55, including 12 from tuberculosis.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town*.—Two weeks ended October 3, 1905. Estimated population, 1,232. No deaths. No contagious diseases.

Green, Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended November 2, 1905. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths. No contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended November 4, 1905. Estimated population, 12,650. No deaths reported. No contagious diseases.

BRITISH GUIANA—*Demerara*.—Month of September, 1905. Estimated population, 36,567. Total number of deaths, 221, including 24 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—*Ontario—Hamilton*.—Month of October, 1905. Census population, 48,980. Total number of deaths not reported. There were 2 deaths from diphtheria, 3 from enteric fever, and 10 from tuberculosis reported.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended October 14, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 13.7 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,609,377.

London.—One thousand two hundred and fifty-five deaths were registered during the week, including measles 15, scarlet fever 9, diphtheria 12, whooping cough 11, enteric fever 10, and 55 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 14 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,722 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 5 from diphtheria and 3 from diarrhea.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended October 14, 1905, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 17 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Lurgan, viz, 4.4, and the highest in Sligo, viz, 28.8, per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 141 deaths were registered, including enteric fever 1, and 30 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended October 14, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 16.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,749,917. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Perth, viz, 10.7, and the highest in Greenock, viz, 18.6 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 547, including measles 10, diphtheria 8, scarlet fever 1, enteric fever 5, and 8 from whooping cough.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended October 21, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 14.1 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,609,377.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended October 21, 1905. Estimated population, 286,799. Total number of deaths 130, including diphtheria 3, measles 1, and 11 from tuberculosis.

London.—One thousand three hundred and thirty-one deaths were registered during the week, including measles 33, scarlet fever 16, diphtheria 3, whooping cough 19, enteric fever 8, and 31 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 14.8 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,807 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 4 from diphtheria, 6 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, 1 from whooping cough, and 4 from diarrhea.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended October 21, 1905, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 17.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,959. The lowest rate was recorded in Sligo, viz, 4.8, and the highest in Newtownards, viz, 28.6 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 143 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 4, whooping cough 1, and 25 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended October 21, 1905, correspond to an annual rate of 16.3 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,749,917. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Aberdeen, viz, 9.3, and the highest in Perth, viz, 22.9 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 545, including measles 22, diphtheria 7, scarlet fever 7, enteric fever 1, typhus fever 1, and 8 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended October 10, 1905. Census population, 159,041. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria reported.

WEST INDIES—Curaçao.—Two weeks ended October 27, 1905. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 14. One mild case of yellow fever, imported from Venezuela. No other contagious diseases present.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, June 30 to November 17, 1905.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from American consuls through the Department of State, and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 30, 1904, to June 30, 1905, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for June 30, 1905.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Austria:				
Galicia				3 deaths.
Grodzisko	Sept. 5	6		
Padew	Sept. 5	1		
China:				Prevalent.
Hankow	Aug. 5			
Hongkong	July 15-Aug. 12..	3	3	
Shanghai	June 1-Sept. 9...	3	600	
Egypt:				
Suez	Oct. 1-3	1	1	On ss. City of Manchester from Calcutta for London.
Germany				Eighteen of 20 suspected cases occurred in the Vistula district; one each in the Warthe River district and the network of canals. There were reported 280 cases with 90 deaths from outbreak to October 21, 1905.
Prussia:				
General	To Sept. 7	21	3	
Berlin	Sept. 22	1	1	
Breslau government district.	Sept. 14-19	3	1	
Bromberg government district.	Aug. 26-Sept. 19.	37	7	
Dantzic government district.	Aug. 27-Sept. 18.	17	4	
Frankfort government district.	Aug. 31-Sept. 18.	3	1	
Hamburg government district.	Aug. 28	4	2	
Konigsberg government district.	Aug. 31-Sept. 5 ..	3	1	
Marienwerder government district.	Aug. 16-Sept. 23.	29	6	
Mecklenburg-Schwerin government district.	Sept. 9	1	1	
Posen government district.	Sept. 6-16	5		
Potsdam government district.	Sept. 26-27	2	1	
Stettin government district.	Sept. 16-21	2	1	
India:				
Bombay	June 13-Oct. 3 ..		27	
Calcutta	May 27-Sept. 25 ..		286	
Madras	July 15-Oct. 6 ..	1,500	2,545	
Singapore	Oct. 7	2		
Japan:				
Kobe	July 30-Aug. 12..	2		
Yokohama	Aug. 14-20	1	1	Diagnosis proved case to have been choleric.
Philippine Islands:				
Manila	Aug. 23-Sept. 30..	198	172	
Provinces	To Sept. 30	326	251	
Russia:				
Lomja Province	Sept. 14-27	54	30	
Petrokov Province (Lodz included).	Sept. 14-27	11	7	
Warsaw Province (Wlotalawak included).	Sept. 14-27	9	5	
Straits Settlements:				
Singapore	May 6	1		
Wellesley	May 5	1		

YELLOW FEVER.

Africa:				
Goree-Dakar	May 31		1	
Brazil:				
Manaos	July 30-Aug. 12..	8	7	
Para	Oct. 1-21	31	10	
Rio de Janeiro	May 27-Oct. 1...	264	109	
Sao Paulo	June 15	1		
British Honduras:				
Belize	June 30-July 20..	4	2	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canary Islands:				
Santa Cruz de Teneriffe...	June 24-July 1...	1	.....	On ss. Montevideo, from Colon and way ports.
Colombia:				
Barranquilla	Sept. 2	3	.....
Cuba:				
Habana	Oct. 16-Nov. 16 ..	1	1	One on Am. ss. Vigilancia from Vera Cruz and Progreso.
Sagua	Oct. 4	1	.....	On Br. sch. St. Maurice, from Pascagoula.
Dutch West Indies:				
Curaçao	Oct. 20-27	1	.....	Imported from Venezuela.
Ecuador:				
Guayaquil	June 1-Oct. 24 ..	.....	31	
French Guiana:				
St. Jean du Maroni.....	Sept. 23	2	1	
Guatemala:				
Gualan	August 20-26 .....	.....	.....	Present.
Livingston	June 10-Oct. 14 ..	27	12	
Tucuru	Aug. 7 .....	.....	.....	Do.
Zacapa	Aug. 3-Sept. 21 ..	400	30	
Honduras:				
Chamelicon	June 18-Oct. 10...	134	23	
Choloma	June 18-Oct. 24 ..	145	58	
Cienagueta	May 21-Sept. 7...	20	5	
Puerto Cortez (vicinity of) ..	May 25-Oct. 3....	138	47	1 on ss. Nicaragua, from New Orleans.
San Pedro (Rio Blanco included).	June 18-Oct. 24 ..	613	152	
Mexico:				
Oaxaca—				
Tehuantepec	June 24-Sept. 9 ..	4	2	
Tuxtepec	Oct. 8-28	26	15	
Veracruz (Coatzacoalcos, Soconusco, Tezonapa, Tierra Blanca, and Veracruz).	June 18-Oct. 7....	69	30	
Veracruz—				
Coatzacoalcos	Oct. 1-28	4	.....
Omealca	Oct. 8-28	16	5	
Soconusco	Oct. 1-28	6	3	
Tezonapa	Oct. 1-28	4	2	
Tierra Blanca	Oct. 22-28	1	1	
Veracruz	Oct. 1-Nov. 4	12	8	1 case from Am. sch. Starke from Pascagoula.
Yucatan—				
Merida	Sept. 17	1	.....
Nicaragua:				
Leon	August 1-20 .....	.....	.....	Present.
Managua	August 8-20 .....	.....	.....	Do.
San Francisco	August 27 .....	.....	2	
Panama:				
Bocas del Toro	Aug. 15-Oct. 20..	13	.....	1 case from ss. Ellis, from Mobile for Colon. 5 cases from Nor. ss. Preston, from Port Eads.
Colon	June 16-Oct. 11 ..	49	14	July 1-31, 12 cases, 4 deaths, including imported cases. 1 case on ss. Origen, from New Orleans; 1 from Br. ss. Lindesfarne, from Baltimore for Colon. 1 case at Matachin sent to Anson Hospital.
Corozal	June 16-22	2	.....
Empire	June 16-22	1	.....
La Boca	June 16-22	2	.....
Panama	June 16-Oct. 30 ..	66	32	July 1-31, 18 cases, 8 deaths, including imported cases.
Paraiso	June 23-28	1	.....
Peru:				
Callao and Pezano	August 6-8	6	1	1 case on a vessel from Panama. 5 cases on ss. Pizarro from Panama.
Lima	August 1-10	2	.....
Payta	August 1-10	10	7	
Venezuela:				
Maracaibo	June 11-Aug. 27..	5	5	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Africa:				
British South Africa—				
Cape Colony—				
East London.....	May 20-July 22 ..	13	4	
King Williams	May 20-June 24..	2	.....
Town.				
Port Elizabeth.....	July 1-Aug. 19 ...	6	4	
Queenstown.....	May 20-27	1	.....
Arabia:				
Aden.....	May 21-28.....	2	.....
Argentina:				
Choya.....	Sept. 10.....	9	.....
Santiago del Estero	July 20			Present.
Australia:				
New South Wales—				
New Castle.....	May 1-July 31 ...	7	.....
Sydney.....	May 1-July 7	8	2	
Northern Rivers Dis-	May 6-July 17....	12	7	
trict.				
Queensland—				
Brisbane.....	May 27-June 17..	3	2	
Cairns, vicinity of.....	July 2-15	2	.....
Ipswich.....	May 31-July 8		2	
Maryborough.....	June 10-17.....	10	7	
Townsville.....	Aug. 4-Sept. 16 ..	3	3	
Brazil:				
Bahia.....	May 13-27.....	14	.....
Maranhao.....	June 1-8	1	1	
Campos.....	June 15-30.....	2	.....
Porto Alegre.....	July 1-27			Do.
Rio de Janeiro.....	June 4-Oct. 8....	82	32	
Rio Grande do Sul	July 4			Do.
Chile:				
Antofagasta.....	June 24-Sept. 30 ..	19	14	
Taital.....	Aug. 8-30	11	.....
China:				
Amoy.....	July 8			Do.
Fuchau.....	June 29	3	.....
Hongkong.....	May 6-Sept. 16....	155	158	
Niuchwang.....	Oct. 12-17		3	
Egypt: General.....	May 20-June 22....	40	20	Infection from Antung.
Alexandria.....	July 22-Oct. 20....	78	55	
Achmun.....	July 8-29	6	4	
Assuan.....	Aug. 26-Sept. 2 ..	1	.....
Dakhalieh.....	July 8-Aug. 3	2	.....
Damanhur.....	July 16-22	4	3	
Damietta.....	Aug. 26-Sept. 2 ..	1	.....
Dekernes.....	July 23-Aug. 5....	3	1	
Kafr-Zayet.....	July 17-22	2	1	
Menoufieh.....	July 26	3	1	
Port Said.....	June 25-Sept. 3 ..	9	8	
Formosa:				
General.....	May 1-June 30....	986	848	From January to August 31, 2,380 cases with 2,078 deaths.
Bioritzu.....	July 21-31.....	1	.....
Ensuiko.....	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	27	24	
Gilan.....	June 1-July 31....	46	45	
Kage.....	June 1-July 31....	67	54	
Kelung.....	June 1-30	3	3	
Shinchiku.....	June 1-July 31....	63	59	
Taihaiku.....	June 1-Aug. 31 ..	66	71	
Toroku.....	July 21-31.....	3	2	
Great Britain:				
Manchester.....	June 12		1	On ss. Hylas, from Buenos Ayres via Hamburg.
Hawaii:				
Hilo.....	July 17.....		1	
Honolulu.....	July 5-Oct. 30....	7	6	
Olaa.....	June 30		1	
Wapahu.....	Aug. 30-Oct. 9 ...	2	2	
India:				
Bombay Presidency and	May 21-Oct. 7....	31,429	22,396	
Sind.				
Madras Presidency.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	2,044	1,656	
Bengal.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	3,910	3,394	
United Provinces.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	7,771	6,989	
Punjab.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	47,675	41,924	
Burma.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	2,241	2,003	
Central Provinces (includ-	May 21-Oct. 7....	2,358	1,827	
ing Berar).				
Mysore State.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	1,782	1,380	
Hyderabad State.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	982	775	
Central India.....	May 21-Oct. 7....	321	251	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India—Continued.				
Rajputana.....	May 21–Oct. 7....	4,840	4,535	
Kashmir.....	May 21–Oct. 7....	374	271	
Bahrein Island (in Persian Gulf).	To May 20.....	20	20	
Grand total.....		105,747	87,421	
Japan:				
General.....	Jan. 1–Aug. 5....	7,424		
Chiba Ken.....	May 29–Aug. 2....	2	1	
Honjo Ku.....	July 22.....	2		
Kagawa Ken (island of Shikoku).	May 30–June 16..	34		
Kobe.....	July 23–Sept. 23..	15	8	
Shimonoseki.....	July 17.....		1	Diagnosis proved not true plague.
Tokyo.....	Apr. 18–July 22..	14	6	
Manchuria:				
Antung.....	Oct. 13.....			Present.
Mauritius.....	June 8–Sept. 21..	36	34	
Panama:				
La Boca.....	July 1–Aug. 26..		2	
Peru:				
Callao.....	June 20–Sept. 10	4	1	June 4, case of plague on coasting vessel.
Cerro de Pasco.....	June 1–10.....	1	1	
Lima.....	June 1–Sept. 20..	37	15	
Mausiche.....	Aug. 11–20.....	1	1	
Mollendo.....	June 1–Sept. 20..	5	5	
Payta.....	June 20–Sept. 20..	28	9	
Pampa Blanca.....	Aug. 21–Sept. 10	5	1	
Tambo Valley.....	Aug. 24.....	4		
Trujillo.....	Aug. 21–Sept. 10	1	1	
Philippine Islands:				
Cebu.....	May 27–Sept. 23..	10	7	2 cases on Br. ss. Banca from Hongkong.
Manila.....	May 27–Sept. 23..	16	15	
Siam:				
Bangkok.....	June 20–Aug. 1..		17	34 cases were under treatment July 29.
Straits Settlements:				
Singapore.....	June 10–17.....		2	
Wellesley.....	May 5.....	1		
Turkey:				
Adalia.....	July 18–Sept. 8...	6	2	
Beirut.....	July 17.....	1		On Fr. ss. Niger, from Egypt.
Zanzibar.....	To Oct. 7.....	93	69	

SMALLPOX.

Africa:				
Cape Colony—				
Cape Town.....	May 27–Sept. 23..	12		
Lorenzo Marquez.....	July 1–31.....		1	
Sierra Leone.....	June 9–16.....	50		
Argentina:				
Buenos Ayres.....	Apr. 1–July 31..		159	
Azores:				
St. Michaels.....	Sept 17–30.....	5		
Belgium:				
General.....	June 3–17.....		9	
Brussels.....	June 10–17.....		1	
Brazil:				
Bahia.....	June 24–Sept. 30..		8	1 new case.
Manaos.....	July 30–Aug. 12..	1	1	
Maranhao.....	June 1–July 16..	2		
Para.....	Oct. 1–21.....	156	40	
Porto Alegre.....	July 4.....		17	
Pernambuco.....	Jan. 1–Sept. 30..		2,808	
Rio de Janeiro.....	May 27–Oct. 8...	202	52	
Rio Grande do Sul.....	Jan. 1–July 23...	946	267	
British Guiana:				
Demerara.....	July 23–29.....	2		
Canada:				
New Brunswick—				
St. John.....	July 8–15.....	1		On sch. Annie Lawrie.
Ontario—				
Toronto.....	Sept. 23–Nov. 4..	19		
Quebec—				
Sherbrooke.....	July 1–31.....	5		

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Chile:				
Antofagasta	July 18-Sept. 30..	156	120	From ss. Peru. Cases reported between September 30 and October 7 confined to the pesthouse.
Calders	Sept. 14	1	5	
Iquique	July 15-Oct. 7....	65		
Santiago	Jan. 1-Aug. 24 ..		3,560	From ss. Colombia.
Taital	Sept. 14	1		
Valparaíso	To Oct. 12	11,000	5,000	
China:				
Hongkong	Apr. 30-Sept. 16..	8	2	
Niuchwang	July 20-Aug. 4 ..	5		
Shanghai	Oct. 26	3		
Colombia:				
Cartagena	June 10-24	2	2	
Cuba:				
Dos Caminos	Sept. 4	1		Imported.
La Salud	Oct. 17-23	1	1	
Palma Soriano	Aug. 29-Nov. 8 ..	2	1	
San Luis	Sept. 1-30		2	
Denmark:				
Copenhagen	June 3-10	1		
Ecuador:				
Guayaquil	June 1-Oct. 24 ..		47	One case on ss. Chile from Ancon, Canal Zone.
Egypt:				
General		234	38	
France:				
Lyon	July 2-Aug. 12 ..	1	1	
Marseille	Aug. 1-31		1	
Paris	June 17-Oct. 28 ..	397	70	
St. Etienne	June 7-30	2		
Germany:				
General	June 17-24	9		
Freiburg	June 24-30		1	
Bremen	June 3-10	2		
Gibraltar	June 4-Sept. 10 ..	5		
Great Britain and Ireland:				
Belfast	June 17-July 1 ..	1	1	
Birmingham	June 18-Aug. 5 ..	15	9	
Bristol	June 18-July 22 ..	7		
Cardiff	June 3-Sept. 2 ..	10	4	
Derby	July 22-29		1	
Dundee	July 1-8		1	
Edinburgh	July 1-8		1	
Glasgow	June 24-Aug. 1 ..		8	
Leith	July 1-8		2	
Liverpool	Aug. 13-Oct. 21 ..	11		Cases reported October 14 to 21, in hospital.
London	June 17-Aug. 5 ..	31	1	
Manchester	July 15-22	1		
Newcastle on Tyne	June 10-Aug. 23 ..	17		
Nottingham	July 22-Oct. 21 ..	2		
Plymouth	Sept. 3-9	9		
Sheffield	June 17-24	1		
Southampton	July 15	1		On ss. Carisbrooke Castle, from Cape Town.
Greece:				
Athens	June 24-July 1 ..		1	
India:				
Bombay	May 31-Aug. 15 ..		48	
Calcutta	May 26-Sept. 25 ..		29	
Karachi	May 27-Aug. 13 ..	23	5	
Madras	May 27-Oct. 6 ..		107	
Italy:				
General	Sept. 29-Oct. 26 ..	36		
Catania	June 13-Sept. 12 ..		54	
Mezzina	June 17-Oct. 21 ..	4	6	
Palermo	June 17-July 22 ..	7	1	
Japan:				
Moji	June 29	1		On ss. Ohio.
Mexico:				
Dofia Cecilia	Sept. 25	1		
Mexico	June 17-Oct. 21 ..	99	61	
Tampico	Oct. 2		1	
Panama:				
Bocas del Toso	July 22-29	1		
Peru:				
Callao	June 12	2		On Chilean ss. Aconcagua.
	July 11	1		On Chilean ss. Palena.
Ilo	July 12	1		On board ss. Santiago.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Philippine Islands:				
Manila	June 3-Sept. 30 ..	5	1	
Porto Rico:				
San Juan	May 1-July 31	Present.
Russia:				
Moscow	June 13-Sept. 23	34	5 new cases.
Odessa	May 28-Oct. 21 ..	123	25	
St. Petersburg	June 10-Sept. 23 ..	60	15	
Warsaw	April 1-8	2	
Spain:				
Barcelona	June 10-Oct. 20	32	
Cadiz	Aug. 1-Sept. 30	4	
Seville	May 1-June 30	2	
Turkey:				
Constantinople.....	June 4-Oct. 22 ...	5	40	
Uruguay:				
Montevideo	May 1-Aug. 31	21	
West Indies:				
Grenada	June 1-29	9	

Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from all causes.	Deaths from—										
				Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Alexandretta	Oct. 7	9,000	7
Do Do Amherstburg	Oct. 14 Oct. 21 Nov. 4	9,000 9,000 2,250	7 7
Amsterdam	Oct. 21	555,133	129	18	2	4	1
Do Athens	Oct. 28 Oct. 19	555,133 200,000	151 19 9 2	3 1 1 7 3
Beirut	Oct. 14	80,000	18
Do Belfast	Oct. 21 do	80,000 358,693	16 130 1 1 1
Belize	Nov. 2	9,100	4
Berlin	Oct. 14	2,025,819	522	81	5	18	6	3	10
Bombay	Oct. 10	776,006	589	56	26	1	5
Brussels	Oct. 21	598,467	149	17	1	2	2
Cartagena	Oct. 7	30,000	34	6
Do Do Catania	Oct. 14 Oct. 21 Oct. 26	30,000 30,000 153,523	23 20 72 2 4 1
Christiania	Oct. 21	224,000	46	1	1
Coatzacoalcos	Oct. 28	3,000	4	1
Cognac	Oct. 14	19,483	4
Do Colon	Oct. 21 do	19,483 9,000	13 26	1 2
Do Constantinople	Oct. 31 Oct. 22	9,000 800,000	29 191 1 11 1 6
Corunna	Oct. 21	50,000	24	4	2
Dublin	Oct. 14	378,994	141	30	1
Do Edinburgh	Oct. 21 do	378,994 386,390	143 99	25 4 1	2 1	1
Funchal	Oct. 22	44,049	25	1
Geneva	Oct. 14	115,600	31
Girgenti	do	25,069	14
Do Glasgow	Oct. 21 Oct. 27	25,069 809,986	12 286 2 2 2 4 19 4
Gothenburg	Oct. 21	136,800	38	8	2	1
Halifax	Oct. 28	40,787	13
Do Hamburg	Nov. 4 Oct. 21	40,787 772,852	10 189 21 1 4
Hamilton, Bermuda	Oct. 24	20,206	4
Do Havre	Oct. 31 Oct. 21	20,206 130,196	5 48 9<								

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from all causes.	Deaths from—									
				Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.
Iquique	Oct. 7	35,000	42					5					
Jalapa	Oct. 20	22,000	15	2									
Karachi	Oct. 8	108,644	73		18								
Kingston, Canada	Nov. 3	18,444	9										
Kingston, Jamaica	Oct. 28	52,475	0										
Lausanne	Oct. 14	52,000	10										
Leeds	Oct. 21	456,787	99	10							1		
Do	Oct. 28	456,787	123	8					2			2	
Leith	Oct. 21	81,064	18	2									
Licata	Oct. 14	25,500	17	1					1	2			
Do	Oct. 21	25,500	15	1					1	4			
Liverpool	do	730,143	251								12	6	1
London	do	7,010,172	1,807							10	20	12	40
Lyon	Oct. 14	500,000	159	28									
Do	Oct. 21	500,000	154	35					1		2		
Madras	Oct. 6	509,346	660			119		3					9
Mainz	Oct. 21	90,500	16	6									
Do	Oct. 28	90,500	19								1		
Manchester	Oct. 21	631,933	213	21						2	2		1
Messina	do	107,000	24					1		3		1	
Mexico	Sept. 2	368,898	395	38				3	6	1		1	1
Do	Sept. 9	368,898	352	29				2	6		1		3
Do	Sept. 16	368,898	396	26				2	3	1	1		3
Do	Sept. 23	368,898	295	23				2	5	1			3
Do	Sept. 30	368,898	385	28				3	8		1	1	7
Do	Oct. 7	368,898	391	24					7			2	1
Do	Oct. 14	368,898	358	22					6	1	1		5
Do	Oct. 21	368,898	363	29				2	7	2	2	1	5
Newcastle on Tyne	do	264,511	71							1			2
Palermo	Oct. 14	330,000	95	4									
Do	Oct. 21	330,000	105	1									
Paris	do	2,660,559	828	240				3		3		1	3
Prague	do	223,945	79	13								1	1
Puerto Cortez	Oct. 24	4,000	1										
Do	Oct. 31	4,000											
Quebec	Nov. 4	70,000										2	
Rheims	Oct. 26	108,305	38	8						2			
Rio de Janeiro	Oct. 8	905,000	286	53	5			3		2		2	14
St. Georges, Bermuda	Oct. 14	2,189	1										
Do	Oct. 21	2,189	1										
St. John, N. B.	Nov. 4	40,709	11							2		1	
St. Stephen, N. B.	do	2,840	1										
Salford	Oct. 21	231,514	58	3								1	
San Feliu de Guixols	Oct. 29	11,333	6										
Santa Cruz de Tenerife	Oct. 21	40,500	10	6									
Santander	Oct. 22	53,574	34										
Smyrna	Oct. 8	60,000	68	14						2			
Solingen	Oct. 21	48,000	12									1	
Southampton	do	114,897	31								1		1
South Shields	do	109,360	29	2									
Stockholm	Oct. 14	318,398	80	20					1	2	4		
Toronto	Nov. 4	181,220							1				
Trapani	Oct. 14	61,477	19										
Do	Oct. 21	61,477	21										
Uttilla	do	800											
Venice	Oct. 7	169,417	46	3									
Do	Oct. 14	169,417	73	6					2		1		
Veracruz	do	32,000	57	11					2			2	1
Do	Oct. 21	32,000	57	6			2						
Do	Oct. 28	32,000	37	6			1						
Vienna	Oct. 21	1,917,639	538	81					3	4	5		5
West Hartlepool	do	66,500							7			1	
Winnipeg	Oct. 28	80,000	23	1								1	
Yokohama	Sept. 24	313,695							3			1	
Do	Oct. 1	313,695							2			1	
Do	Oct. 8	313,695											

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

WALTER WYMAN,

Surgeon-General,

United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.