PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

UNITED STATES.

Special Notice.

An addressed penalty postal card (requiring no stamp) for return to the Surgeon-General will be inclosed with the first number of the Public Health Reports in the months of April and October. You are requested to sign and mail this card as soon as possible after receipt. Failure to do so will be taken by the Bureau as an indication that you no longer desire to receive the Public Health Reports.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Summary of work in Chinatown, San Francisco, for the week ended October 1, 1904.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue, under date of October 3:

Week ended October 1.

Buildings reinspected	281
Rooms	2, 232
Persons inspected	
Sick	26
Sick prescribed for at Oriental Dispensary	15
Dead examined	10
Necropsies	5
Rats examined bacteriologically	75
Number showing pest infection	ŏ
Places limed and disinfected	1.087
Blocks covered with rat poison	12
Times streets swept	3
Sewers flushed	18
Notices sent to abate plumbing nuisance.	8
Abated	3
Undergoing abatement	11
Total number plumbing inspections	131
TORN HUHIDDI PRUHIDING HISPOURDIS	1()1

Malarial fever on British steamship Freshfield from Dakkar, South Africa, at Santa Rosa Quarantine, Florida.

Acting Assistant Surgeon White reports, September 26, as follows: The British steamship *Freshfield* arrived at this quarantine station yesterday from Dakkar, South Africa, with 9 cases of sickness aboard, and a record of much sickness and 1 death during voyage.

The steamer left Dakkar on the 7th inst. with clean bills of health. The patients, who appear to be suffering from malarial fevers, have all been removed to the station hospital.

A sample of the drinking water, taken in at Dakkar, will be forwarded to Sanitary Inspector Porter for analysis.

The steamer is being thoroughly cleaned, fumigated, and put in a sanitary condition generally.

2041

Transactions on account of smallpox in northern Maine, Canadian border—Report of sanitary work in the Madawaska region.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hammond reports, through Surgeon

Kalloch, as follows:

Week ended September 24, 1904: Cases of smallpox under supervision, 1; previously reported, 1; new cases, none; houses under quarantine, 1; houses fumigated during the week, 2; persons vaccinated during the week, 5; schoolhouses fumigated during the week, 2; miles of territory covered, 25.

Transactions on account of yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.

Conditions at Rio Grande City—High water, and increase in number of mosquitoes—Continued fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Dashiell reports, September 24, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Transactions for week ended September 23, 1904:

Premises inspected, 355; water barrels inspected, 463; water barrels

in bad order, 14.

It has been impossible to make any inspection of passengers at the river from the fact that with the receding waters the landing place was continually changing. Quite a good deal of crossing has taken place during the week, but it was of residents of this immediate locality passing to and fro looking after the damage and conveying assistance to the needy. Quite a number of families on both sides of the river are homeless and destitute.

The receding waters have left a series of lagoons along both sides of the river, and in consequence swarms of mosquitoes have begun to

appear.

The stench of decaying vegetable matter along the path of the flood

is pretty severe.

Great numbers of cattle and hogs were drowned in the low lands on the Mexican side opposite here, and probably also some on the American side farther down the river.

There are several cases of continued fever, three of which I have seen. Two of these cases have been screened, but the other patient is unable to provide a mosquito bar, and the county authorities will not furnish one.

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at Nogales, Ariz.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports as follows: Week ended September 24, 1904: Passengers inspected, 158; immigrants inspected, 22; immigrants deported, 4.

Inspection at Eagle Pass, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports as follows:

Persons inspected	•
Domong hold	42
Persons held Pullman cars fumigated Pullman cars fumigated	0 7

2043 October 7, 1904

Bags Pullman linen disinfected, 33.

Inspected on footbridge, 3,248 persons. Returned by State quarantine officer—by train, 4; by bridge, 24.

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports as follows:

Week ended September 24, 1904: Mexican Central passengers inspected, 186; Mexican immigrants inspected, 44; Syrians inspected, (special) 5; disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry, 312 pieces.

Inspection at Luredo, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports, through Passed Assist-

ant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Week ended September 24, 1904. Passenger trains from Mexico, inspected, 14; persons on trains from Mexico inspected, 504; immigrants on passenger trains inspected, 21; immigrants vaccinated on entry, 6; Pullman cars disinfected, 14; private cars disinfected, 2; persons detained for noncompliance with State regulations, 17; persons inspected on entering at the International foot and carriage bridge, 3,206; persons presenting at International foot and carriage bridge, refused entry, 17.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

California.—Reports to the State board of health for the month of August, 1904, from 27 counties and localities having an aggregate population of 951,550, show a total of 1,019 deaths, including 77 from zymotic diseases and 162 from tuberculosis.

Massachusetts—Worcester.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 127,286. Total number of deaths 177, including enteric fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 12 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended September 17, 1904, from 77 observers, indicate that smallpox, diphtheria, and puerperal fever were more than usually prevalent, and bronchitis, tonsilitis, dysentery and cholera infantum, influenza, intermittent fever, pleuritis, pneumonia, remittent fever, erysipelas, whooping cough, and measles were less than usually prevalent.

Meningitis was present at 2, whooping cough at 8, pneumonia at 12, measles at 15, scarlet fever at 37, diphtheria at 39, smallpox at 44, enteric fever at 110, and phthisis pulmonalis at 295 places.

MINNESOTA—Duluth.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 70,000. Total number of deaths, 77, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 9, and 6 from tuberculosis.

OHIO—Toledo.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 157,200. Total number of deaths, 155, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, and 26 from tuberculosis.

Texas—San Antonio.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 65,000. Total number of deaths, 97, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, and 18 from tuberculosis, of which 7 were of nonresidents.

Wisconsin—*Milwaukee*.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 325,000. Total number of deaths, 330, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 3, whooping cough 1, and 32 from tuberculosis.

ARRIVALS OF IMMIGRANTS.

Report from Baltimore.

Office of the Commissioner, Baltimore, Md., October 1, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended October 1, 1904; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Sept. 26 27 28 30 Oct. 1	Breslau	Port Antonio	601 1
	Total		606

Louis T. Weis, Commissioner.

Report from Boston.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, Boston, Mass., September 26, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended September 24, 1904; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immi- grants.
Sept. 19 20 21 22	Bonemian Ivernia Silvia	Port Morant, Jamaica Glasgow, Scotland Liverpool, England do Hamburg, Germany	12

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

2045

Report from New York.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, New York, September 26, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended September 24, 1904; also the names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel. Where from.		Number of immi- grants.
Sept. 18	New York	Southampton	513
18	Pannonia		1,674
18	Arabic		1,004
19	Blucher		516
19	United States		1,002
19	Parima		30
19	Trinidad		j
19	Sicilia		
20	Statendam		473
20	Island		336
20	Mexico		
20	Blucher		
20	Bremen		
20	Grosser Kurfürst		1
21	Vaderland		617
21	Neckar		
21	Ethiopia		399
21	Tennyson		59
21	Pannonia		1
22	Königin Luise		35
22	Deutschland		
22			759
22	Teutonic		347
	Sardegna		91
22	Pannonia		
23	Phœnicia		
23	Mongolian		
23	Roma		12
23	Caribbee		
23	Pannonia		
24	Calabria		172
24	Hubert		2
24	Hydaspes	Barre	4
	Total		10, 307

WM. WILLIAMS, Commissioner.

Report from Philadelphia.

Office of Commissioner of Immigration, Philadelphia, October 1, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended October 1, 1904; also name of vessel and port from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
27	NoordlandRhynland	Antwerp	81
28	Delaware	Oporto	764

J. L. Hughes, Commissioner.

Inspection of immigrants.

MONTHLY.

Place.	Month.	Number of immi- grants passed.	of immi-
Duluth, Minn Malone, N. Y	September.	205	1 2
Newport News, Va	do	242	16
Portland, Mea Richford, Vt	do	4	

Reports from national quarantine

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 3	United States: Alexandria, Va Beaufort, N. C. Biscayne Bay, Fla	Oct. 1 do Sept. 24			
4 5 6	Bocagrande, Fla.— Punta Gorda	Oct. 1			
7 8 9 10	Cape Charles, Va				
11 12 13	Coumbia River, Oreg. Cumberland Sound, Fla. Delaware Break water Quarantine, Lewes, Del. Eastport, Me Eureka, Cal Grays Harbor, Wash Gulf Quarantine, Ship Is-	do Sept. 29			
14 15 16	Eureka, Cal Grays Harbor, Wash Gulf Quarantine, Ship Is- land, Miss.	Sept. 24 do do	Schr. Oscar G	Sept. 18	Bocas del Toro
17 18 19 20 21	land, Miss. Ketchikan, Alaska Key West, Fla Los Angeles, Cal Newbern, N. C Nome, Alaska Panama, Panama Pascagoula, Miss Perth Amboy, N. J Port Angeles, Wash Portland, Me Port Townsend, Wash	do do Oct. 1 Sept. 3			
22 23 24 25	Panama, Panama Pascagoula, Miss. Perth Amboy, N. J Port Angeles Wash	Sept. 10 do Sept. 24 do	Swed, ss. Svealand	Sept. 19	Tampico
26 27	Portland, Me. Port Townsend, Wash Reedy Island, Del.				
29 30 31	St. Georges Sound, Fla.— East Pass. West Pass St. Johns River, Fla.				
32 33	San Diego, Cal	do			
34	San Padro Cal	do.	•		
35 36	San Pedro, Cal Santa Barbara, Cal Santa Rosa, Fla	do Sept. 25	Nor. ss. Stamboul	Sept. 20	Lourenço Marquez, via Barbados.
			Br. ss. E. O. Saltmarsh Br. ss. Freshfield	Sept. 25	Tampico
37	Savannah, Ga	Sept. 24	It. bk. Paolina Nor. ss. Albisa Br. ss. Manningtry		Sharpness Habana New Orleans
38 39 40	South Atlantic quarantine, Blackbeard Island, Ga.	Sept. 24	Not. ship Seringa	Sept. 18	Rio de Janeiro
41 42	Tampa Bay, Fla Washington, N. C	Sept. 24 Oct. 1			

and inspection stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed
1				No transactions	
3				No report	
4		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		No report	
5 6		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		do 1 steamship spoken and passed.	
7		Fumigated		Pilot held to complete 5 days.	5
8 9	·	:		No report	
11		·		No transactions	
12			•••••	-	
13				No transactions	
15 16	Gulfport	Disinfected and held	Sept. 24	1 case malaria	4
	Pascagoula	ob		No transportions	
17 18				t and the second	10
20	.			(IO)	
					3
22 23		Thereign to 3			4
24 25		Fumigated		No report	
26 27					2
28					19
29 30		: '			
31	•••••		••••	1 vessel spoken and pass- ed; 5 steamships passed without inspection.	3
32 33		,		2 vessels boarded and passed. Temperature	1 12
34	·	1	:	taken of all Honolulu passengers on Am. ss. Sonoma from Sydney, Ger. ss. Nicaria from Hamburg, and Am. ss. San Juan from Ancon. Glandular examination Br. ss. Gaelic from Hongkong. No report.	-
35 36				do	i
30		Discharging ballast. Pre- liminary fumigation to kill rats. Discharging ballast	;		
	do	Fumigated and held to complete 5 days.	Sept. 25		
	do	Held to fumigate		9 men removed to hos- pital; malarial fever.	
37	Savannah	Held to discharge ballast Sent to sea to clean ship. On return fumigated and held.	Sept. 22	Previous port Puerto Cabello.	6
38	For orders		•	1 case malaria. Sailed for Fernandina.	2
39	Sapelo	Held for disinfection			.
40	······································			No transactions	6
41				No transactions	

Reports from national quarantine

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
4 3 4 4	HAWAII: Hilo				
45 46	Kahului	do			
47 48	KoloaLahaina	Sept. 10 Sept. 17			
49	Mahukona Philippine Islands:	Sept. 10			
50 51	CebuIloilo	Aug. 20			
52 53	Jolo	Aug. 6 Aug. 20			
54 55	Porto Rico: PonceSan Juan	Sept. 17			
56	Subports—			i	
57 58	Arecibo	do			
00	A110y0	Sept. 10			
59 60		do			
61			***************************************		

Reports from State and

Number.	Name of station.	Week ending—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 3 4 5 6	Baltimore, Md Bangor, Me Boston, Mass Charleston, S. C Elizabeth River, Va. Galveston, Tex	do	Ger. ss. Helvetia Br. ss. Irak Br. ss. Blue Cross Br. ss. Civilian Br. ss. Chancellor	Sept. 12 Sept. 14 do .do	Progreso. Liverpool St. Vincent Liverpool
7 8 9 10	Gardiner, Oreg	Oct. 1 do Sept. 24	Port. schr. Flora de Cabo	Sept. 17 do Sept. 20	ProgresoBarbadosFogo
			Am. schr. Harry K. Fooks. Ger. ss. Bradford. Dan. ss. St. Croix. Nor. ss. Beacon Nor. ss. Tiger Fr. ss. Amiral Fourichon Port. bk. Venturosa. Sp. ss. Miguel M. Penillos Nor. ss. Mount Vernon. Nor. ss. Brighton.	Sept. 19 Sept. 20 Sept. 21 Sept. 22 Sept. 22	Bocas del Toro Habana Brazilian ports Para Mexican ports
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Newport News, Va. Newport, R. I. New York, N. Y. Pass Cavallo, Tex. Port Royal, S. C. Providence, R. I. Quintana, Tex. Sabine Pass, Tex. St. Helena Entrance, S. C.	do do do do do do do			

and inspection stations—Continued.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
43 44 45				dō	.'
46 47 48 49				No transactions	
50 51 52 53		!		No reportdododododo	
55		· 			. 2 2
56 57 58				No transactionsdo	. 1
59 60 61					1 2

municipal quarantine stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1				No report	
2				do	
3				do	
4					••••
5 6	Golveston	Fumigated	Sept 13		30
0	daivesiondo	dodo	Sept. 14		
	do	do	do		
	do	do	do		
	do	do	Sept. 17		
	do	do			
'	Texas City		do		
<u>.</u> .	Galveston	do		No report	41
7 8					
9 ;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			do	
10	New Brunswick	Quaraptined for diagnosis	Sept. 21	1 case fever	
11	New Orleans		Sept. 19	,	'
;		511 4 4 3 - 33 - 13	Cl==4 00	!	
	do	Disinfected and held	Sept. 23 Sept. 18		
	do		Sept. 22		
•••	do		Sept. 22 Sept. 19		
••••	do	do			
•••	do	do	Sept. 21		
	do			: · ·	
	do	do			,
	do	Disinfected	Sept. 23		
	do	do			
12				No reportdo	
13				do	
14 15	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			do	
16 16	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			do	
17				No transactions	
18				No report	
19				dò	
20	•••••			do	

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 25 to October 7, 1904.

For reports received from December 26, 1903, to June 24, 1904, see Public Health Reports for June 24, 1904.

 $[\hbox{{\tt Note}}.-\hbox{{\tt In}}\ accordance\ with\ custom,\ the\ tables\ of\ epidemic\ diseases\ are\ terminated\ semiannually\ and\ new\ tables\ begun.]$

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks
California:				
Fresno	Aug. 1-Aug. 31	1		
FresnoSan Francisco	June 13-July 3	$\frac{1}{2}$		
Total for State		3		
Total for State, same period,	•	71		
1903.	1			
Colorado:			1	
Boulder County	May 1-July 31	18		
Chaffee County	May 1-July 31	2		•
Cheyenne County	May 1-31	1		
Clear Creek County		1		
Denver County El Paso County Fremont County Garfield County Gilpin County Lake County Larimer County	May 1-Aug. 17	21		
El Paso County	July 1-31	. 1		
Fremont County	July 1-31	. ა		
Garfield County	July 1-31	1		
Gilpin County	May 1-31			
Lake County	May 1-July 31 May 1-July 31	. 3		
Larimer County	May 1-July 31	63		
Las Animas County	May 1-July 31	3		
Otero County	May 1-31	' i		
Pueblo County	May 1-July 31			
Podgowiak Co	May 1-July 31	ə		
Toller County	May 1-31	ī		
Teller County	May 1-31			
Las Animas County Las Animas County Otero County Pueblo County Sedgewick County Teller County Weld County	May 1-July 31	22		
Total for State		148		
	i			
Total for State, same period,	1	872		
1903.				
elaware	June 26 July 2	1		
······································	Jane 20-July 2			
Total for State				
Total for State		1		
Total for State same maried	İ			
Total for State, same period,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
1902.	I			
istrict of Columbia:				
Washington	June 19-Sept. 3	6	4	
	1			
Total for District		6	4	
Total for District, same pe-				
riod, 1903.				
florida:				
Jacksonville	June 19-July 16	2		
Jacksonville	Tune 10, Cont 10		2	
At large	June 19-5ept. 10	61	2	
Total for State			-	
Total for State	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	64	2	
Madel for Obet				
Total for State, same period,	•••••			
1903.				
łeorgia:			1	
Macon	June 12-July 20	7		
	-			
Total for State		7		
•				
Total for State, same period,		3		
1903.				
linoie.	. *			
Relleville	Inne 1-Ang 21	48	3	
Chicago	Inno 10 Oct 1	74	3	
Danvilla	June 19-UCL. I	14		
Danvine	June 19-July 30	14		
геопа	July 1-31	4		
Belleville Chicago Danville Peoria Springfield	July 12-30	8		
t to the second				
Total for State		148	6	
Total for State, same period,		109	5	
1903.				
ndiana:	ĺ			
	July 1-31		5	
At large	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • •	•	
At large	1,			
_			5	
At large Total for State			5	
_		839	5	

${\it Small pox} \ in \ the \ {\it United States, etc.} - {\it Continued.}$

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
owa:				
Blackhawk County	June 1-30	2		
Bremer County Carroll County Clinton County (Clinton in-	June 1-30	1		
Carroll County	June 1-30	1		One case imported.
Clinton County (Clinton in-	June 1-July 30	7		One case imported.
cinaea.)		3		
Grundy County	June 1-30	1		
Ida County	June 1-30	8		
cluded).	June 1-30			
Mahaska County	June 1-30	. 1		
Mahaska County Polk County	June 1-30	4		
Tama County	June 1-30	2		
Tama County				
Total for State		30		
•				•
Total for State, same period,		83		
1903.				
Kansas:				
Allen County	Apr. 1-July 1	3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Atchison County	Apr. 1-July 1	. 1		
Berton County	Apr. 1-July 1	9 8		
Bourbon County	Apr. 1-July 1	8	'	
Bourbon County Chautauqua County Cherokee County	Aug. 1-61	31 21		
Cherokee County	Apr. 1-July 1	51		
Cowley County	Apr. 1-July I	6		!
Diskinson County	Apr. 1-July 1	16		
Deninban County	Apr. 1-July 1	13		
Dickinson County Doniphan County Douglas County Elk County Ells County	Apr. 1-July 1	. 11		
File County	Aug. 1-31	24		
Filis County	Apr. 1-July 1	19		
Harvey County	Apr. 1-July 1	8		
Jackson County	Apr. 1-July 1	1		
Johnson County	Apr. 1-July 1	2		
Kingman County	Apr. 1-July 1	1		
Labette County	Apr. 1-July 1	31		
Leavenworth County	Apr. 1-July 1	12		
Linn County	Aug. 1-31	18		
Ellis County Harvey County Jackson County Johnson County Kingman County Labette County Leavenworth County Livon County Marshall County Montgomery County Saline County Shawnee County Sherman County	Apr. 1-July 1	0		
Marshall County	Apr. 1-July 1	1	•••••	
Montgomery County	Apr. 1-July 1	1		
Pratt County	Apr. 1-July 1	35		
Saline County	Apr. 1-3 my 1	. 5		
Shawnee County	Anr 1-July 1	4		
Sumper County	Apr. 1-July 1			
Shawnee County Sherman County Sumner County Wabaunsee County Washington County	Aug. 1-31	3		
Washington County	Apr. 1-July 1	1		
washington county	1			
Total for State	: 	278		
Total for State, same period,				
1903.	1			•
Kentucky:				
Covington	June 26-July 23	. 4		1
•		4		1
Total for State		4		.
Total for State, same period,				
1903.	!			
Louisiana:	Inly 24_30	3		•
Baton Rouge New Orleans	June 12-Sept 24	51		Five cases imported.
New Orleans	June 12 cept. 21			-
Total for State		54		
				-
Total for State, same period,		22	. 1	
1903.	ì			=
Maina.			1	1
Madawaska Region	June 19-Aug. 6	38		•
	1	00		-
Total for State		38		_
		44		1
Total for State, same period,		44		1
1903.				1
Maryland:	Tuno 10 25	2		
Baltimore	June 19–25			
m + 1 t = 04: 4=		2		
Total for State		·		:
Total for State, same period,		49	, 7	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Massachusetts:				
Fitchburg	July 3-23	2		
Lawrence	June 19-Sept. 24.	4		
Lowell	Sept. 4-24	3		
North Adams	July 3-Oct. 1	63	4	
Total for State		72	4	
Total for State, same period, 1903.		79	2	
Michigan:				
DetroitGrand Rapids	June 12-July 23 Aug. 7-Sept. 10	8		
•				
Total for State		11		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		123	3	
Minnesota:				
Aitkin County	Aug. 2-8	1		
Becker County Beltrami County	June 21–July 11 July 19–25	2		
Bigstone County	Inly 19-29	2		
Brown County	Inly 19_Sont 5	6		
Cass County	July 12-18	ĭ		
Crow Wing County	July 12–18	2		
Dakota County	June 14-20	1		
Douglas County. Fillmore County	June 21-27. June 28-July 25. June 21-Sept. 5.	2		
Hennepin County	June 21-Sept 5	10		
Hubbard County	June 14-Aug. 8.			
Isanti County	June 14-Aug. 8 July 26-Aug. 1	ĭ		
Itasca County Kanabec County Martin County	July 12-18	1		
Kanabec County	June 14-Aug. 22.			
Mai till Coulity	JULY 9-20	2		
Morrison County	June 28-Sept. 19.	14 2		
Murray County	June 14-27			
Oimstead County	June 98, July 95			
Pine County	June 28-July 5			
Pine County Rice County St. Louis County	June 14-July 5	2		
Stearns County	June 28-Aug. 15	26 .		
Stevens County	Index 5 Anna 00			
Stillwater County	Sent 13_10			
		1 .		
Todd County Washington County	June 28-Aug. 22	8 .		
Winona County	Aug 9-Sept 5	2 .		
Winona County Wright County	June 28-Aug. 8	5		
Total for State	i-	157 .		
	=			
Total for State, same period, 1903.	=	435	6	
(issouri: St. Louis	June 12-Sept. 24	57	4	
. Total for State	i_	57	4	
	_			
Total for State, same period, 1903.		33 .		
ontana:	1 1 1 22	_ i		
Choteen County	Apr. 1-June 30	1 .		
Beaverhead County Choteau County Flathead County Galletin County	Apr. 1-June 30	$\frac{1}{2}$.		
Gallatin County	Apr. 1-June 30		· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Gallatin County Madison County	Apr. 1-June 30			
Missoula County	Apr. 1-June 30	1 .		
Missoula County Silverbow County Sweet Grass County	Apr. 1-June 30	3 .		
Sweet Grass County	Apr. 1-June 30	1.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	ļ 			
Total for State	·=-			
Total for State, same period, 1903.				
ebraska:				
Omaha	June 12-Aug. 13			
South Omaha	June 12-July 9	4		
Total for State				
	i			
Total for State, same period,		Q		

Place.	Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
New Hampshire: Manchester	June 19_ 11	10' 6	18		
Total for State			18		•
Total for State, same period, 1903.		•••••	19		
New Jersey: Jersey City	June 13-24		4		One imported from Balti-
Total for State					more.
		i			
Total for State, same period, 1903.	•••••	•••••			
New York: Buffalo	June 12–Ju	ılv 16	3		
Cuba	May 1-30		15	1 2	
New York Niagara Falls Yonkers	June 19-Ju	ly 16	2	1	
Yonkers	May 1-30	•••••			
Total for State	1		20	5	
Total for State, same period,	'	•	9		
1903. North Carolina:		i			
Alamance County	, May 1-31 : May 1-31	• • • • • •	2 7		May 1, 1903, to May 1, 1904 5,370 cases, 69 deaths.
Alleghany County	May 1-Ju	me 30	3		No. for June not given.
Ashe CountyBladen County	June 1-30	ine 30	12		
Buncombe CountyBurke County	May 1-Ju	me 30	28 3		
Cabarrus County	June 1-30		1		
Catawba County Chatham County	May 1-31 May 1-31	me 30	14		
Cleveland County Davidson County Davie County	May 1-Ju	ine 30			•
Davidson County	June 1-30)	1		
Forsyth County	May 1-Ju	me 30	25		
Durham County Durham County Forsyth County Gaston County Guilford County Haywood County	May 1-Ju	ine 30	23		
Haywood County	June 1-30 May 1-31)	1		
Jackson County Johnston County	June 1-30)			
Mecklenburg County	May 1-31	l 	1		
Mitchell County Nash County	May 1-31 May 1-31	nne 30	1		No. for June not given.
New Hanover County Person County	May 1-51	ine 30	1 33		
Pitt County	May 1-Ju	une 30	5		
Richmond CountyRobeson County	June 1-30	l)	25 25		
Rockingham County Rutherford County	June 1-30) l	8 2		
Scotland County	June 1-30)	2		
Stanly County	June 1-30	l	13		
Swein County	May 1-31		8		
Wake County	May 1-31	1	1		•
Wilkes County	1	une 30.			
Total for State			375		
Total for State, same period,			262		
1903. North Dakota:	: !	_			
Bottineau County		l une 30.	9 12		
Cass CountyGrand Forks County	May 1-31	l I	$\frac{2}{1}$	1	
McHenry County Pembina County	juny 1-or	1	3		
Ransom CountyStutsman County	May 1-31	l l	6 2	1	
Traill County	May 1-J	uly 31 I	10		
Walsh County Wells County	May 1-31 June 1-30		1		
Total for State	!	 .	67	2	: !
					1
Total for State, same period,			112		

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths	Remarks
hio:				
Adams County	. Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Ashtabula County	. Apr. 10-July 2.	1		
Athens County	. Apr. 10-July 2.	70		-!
Belmont County	Apr. 10-July 2.	8		•
Butler County	. Apr. 10-July 2. Apr. 10-July 2.	4		•
Champaign County	Apr. 10-July 2.	. 2		•
Clark County	Apr. 10-July 2.			-
Columbiana County	Apr. 10-July 2.			• /
Coshocton County	Apr. 10-July 2.	. 96		•!
Crawford County	Apr. 10-July 2.			-
Cuyahoga County	Apr. 10-July 2.		3	
Franklin County Fulton County	Apr. 10-July 2. Apr. 10-July 2.			•
Gallia County	Apr. 10-July 2.			•
Guernsey County				•
Hamilton County	June 18-Aug. 26.		1	-
Hardin County	Apr. 10-July 2.	. 1		.!
Hocking County	Apr. 10-July 2.	. 92	1	
Holmes County	Apr. 10-July 2.			-
Jackson County	Apr. 10-July 2.			·į
Knox CountyLawrence County	Apr. 10-July 2.			•!
Lawrence CountyLicking County	Apr. 10-July 2.		4	İ
Lorain County	Apr. 10-July 2.	. 3	1	
Lucas County	Apr. 10-Aug. 13.	. 13	1	
Mahoning County	Apr 10 Inly 9	47		.
Marion County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 24	1	
Marion County Miami County Montgomery County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 7		
Morgan County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 122	17	ĺ
Morgan County Morrow County Muskingum County Noble County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 12		•
Muskingum County	Apr. 10-Aug. 13	17		
Noble County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 88		
Ottawa County	Apr. 10-July 2	37		1
Perry County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 53	2	
Putnam County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 1		!
Richland County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 3		
Scioto County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 23		
Shelby County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 3 . 55	•••••	İ
Stark County	Apr. 10-July 2	9		
Muskingum County Noble County Ottawa County Perry County Putnam County Richland County Ross County Scioto County Schelby County Stark County Summit County Trumbull County	Apr. 10-July 2	ž		
Trumbull County	Apr. 10-July 2	: ī		
Tuscarawas County	Apr 10-Inly 2	30		
Van Wert County	Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Warran County	Apr. 10-July 2	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Washington County	Apr. 10-July 2	7	•••••••	
			1	
Wood County	Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Wood County	Apr. 10-July 2	4		
Total for State		1, 223	31	i i
Total for State same norice		000		'
Total for State, same period, 1903.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	930	36	
insylvania:				
Allegheny County	June 19-25	2		
Blair County	June 19-July 2	2		
Cambria County	June 19-Aug. 6.	6		
Dauphin County	June 26-July 16	2		
Dauphin County Lycoming County Philadelphia County	July 3-Sept. 3	3		
runadelphia County	June 19-Oct.1	17	4	
Total for State		32	4	
Total for State, same period,		1 507	105	
1903.	••••••	1,507	165	
le Island:				
Providence	Sept. 11-17	1	İ	
		1	• • • • • • • • • •	
Total for State		1		
		-		
Total for State, same period, .				
1903.				
th Carolina: Camden	Sont 18 04			
	Sept. 18–24	$\frac{1}{2}$	•••••	
VALUE 1030011	ounc 12-Mug. 31	z	•••••	
Total for State		3		
Total for State, same period, .		31	2	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
ennessee:				
Memphis Nashville	June 12-Sept. 24. June 26-Oct. 1	21 16	1	
Total for State		37	1	
Total for State, same period, 1903.		14		
exas:				
San Antonio	June 1-Aug. 31	4		
Total for State		4		
Total for State, same period, 1903.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41		•
tah:				
Ogden	May 1-June 30			
Seven localities not named	July 1-31			
Total for State	,	31		
Total for State, same period. 1903.		42		
Vashington:				
Adams County	May 1-31			
Clarke County	June 1-30			
Cowlitz County	May 1-31			
King County (Seattle included)	May 1-Aug. 31			
Kittetos County	Aug. 1-31		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Lincoln County	May 1-Aug. 31 May 1-July 31	8 8	1	
cluded).		_		
Skagit County	June 1-30	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Snohomish County	May 1-July 31	4 22	3	
Spokane County (Spokane in- cluded).	May 1-Aug. 51	22	•	
Wallawalla County	June 1-30	1		
Whitman County	May 1-Aug. 31	ź	2	
Yakima County	May 1-June 30	5		
Total for State		90	6	
Total for State, same period,		205	6	
1903. isconsin:				
Milwaukee	June 12-Sept. 24.	39	:	
Total for State	1	39		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		1,702	12	
Grand total		3,054	74	
Grand total, same period, 1903.		7, 759	273	

Plague in the United States, as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 25 to October 7, 1904.

California. Summary: Calendar year, 1900, 22 cases, 22 deaths; 1901, 30 cases, 25 deaths; 1902, 41 cases, 41 deaths; 1903, 17 cases, 17 deaths; six months ended July 1, 1904, 8 deaths and 1 recovery. Last case reported March 1, 1904.

Yellow fever in the United States, as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 25 to October 7, 1904.

Six cases reported at Laredo, Tex. (including 1 imported from Minera), during the six months ended July 1, 1904. Last case reported during week ended March 18, 1904.

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States.

		ited s of	E E					I	eat 	hs f	rom-	_			
Cities.	Week ended-	Population, United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from	Tubomunlo de	r apercanosis.	rellow fever.	Sinampox.	varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping
Altoona, Pa	Sept. 24	38, 97	73 2	0	1								. 1		
Do Baltimore, Md	Oct. 1 Sept. 24	38, 97 508, 98			1		••;••	-		• • • •	2 4	4			
Do	Oct 1	508, 95	67 18	$2 \mid 2$	6			.			6	. 5		. i	
inghamton, N. Y Do oston, Mass	Sept. 24 Oct. 1	38, 64 38, 64	7 1		2		••••			••••					
Boston, Mass Samden, N. J.	Sept 24	. 560, 89 75, 93	2 213 5 2		7.						2		4		
Do	. Oct. 1	75, 93	5 - 2	1	l				1				.!		
Camden, S. C Chelsea, Mass	Sept. 24	$\frac{2,44}{31,07}$		3	٠	•••••	••¦••	•• •		••••	• • • •		··i		
hicopee, Mass Do	do	19, 16	7)		'		'-		'					
ncinnati, Ohio	.! Oct. 1 Sept. 9	19, 16 325, 90			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		'	-		• • • • ;	···5	••••	1		
Do	Sept. 16 Sept. 23	325, 90 325, 90)					:	5	1	3		
eveland, Ohio	do	381, 76	6 111	8	3		i	٠.١.	.		3				
Do nton, Mass	Sept. 30 Sept. 24	381, 76 13, 66							(-		4		2	• • • •	
Do	Oct. 1	13, 66	7 :	3					.						
ovington, Ky Do	Sept. 24 Oct. 1	42, 93; 42, 93;			• • •		• • •		• • • •	• • • •	1	• • • •			
nyille, Ill	Sept. 24	16, 35	1 4	. 1							:				
Do yton, Ohio	Sept. 17	16, 35- 85, 33	$\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{7}{32}$:-					1 :			• • • •	
Do	Sept. 24	85, 33	3 = 23	3	·							• • • • •	1		
roit, Mich	do	85, 333 285, 704								• • •	1	• • • •	··;·		• • • •
buque, Iowanira, N. Y	Sept. 24	36, 297 35, 672													
ll River, Mass	do	104, 863		3		:	-1	l	1-					!	• • • •
Do chburg, Mass	Oct. 1 Sept 17	104, 863 31, 531		5	• • •	: :::	-		-	•••	2	••••	• • • •		• • • •
Do	Sept. 24	31,531	6	i						.		i			
esburg, Ill	do	18, 607 87, 565		2	• • • • •	::::		-	-	-		••••			• • • •
eriiii, mass		37, 175	7	1				-1	1-				'		• • • •
stead, Pa	Oct. 1 Sept. 11	37, 175 12, 554	13 5	2		:	• • • •	-	•- -	• • •	1 .	••••	••••		• • • •
	Sept. 18 Sept. 25	12,554	3					-		:-]	
le Park, Mass	Sept. 24	12, 554 13, 244	5	1					İ						· · · ·
ksonville, Fla nstown, Pa	do	28, 429 35, 936	15 17	2		-				-			! .		
Do	Oct. 1	35, 936	12	i		-						!	1 .		
como, Indeaster, Pa	do	10,609 41,459	7 18	3							-			· ·	
rence, Massington, Ky	do	62,559		2				.	.		-		1		
Do	Sept. 24	26, 369 26, 369	11	1				-	-		.			.	• • •
Angeles, Cal	Sept. 17 Sept. 24	102, 479 102, 479	59 44	12 6				.	-!						•••
ell, Mass	Oct. 1	94, 969	33	3	l	.	·	. l	į		- 1		1 .		
n, Mass Geesport, Pa	Sept. 24 :	68, 513 34, 227	25 13	1				-	.		2 .	!	1 .	-	
on, Ga	do	22,746	4	1										::: :	
den, Mass lboro, Mass	do	33, 664 13, 609	11 3	i					: ::						•••
lford, Mass	do Oct. 1	18, 244 18, 244	10				ļ		4				.	.	
rose, Mass	Sept. 24	12,962	11						: ::						•••
	Oct. 1 Sept. 24	12, 962 102, 320	39	2					-			-		.	•••
Do	Oct. 1	102, 320	41	4				1		1	1 1	! .	1-	1	1
	Sept. 24 Oct. 1	102, 320 102, 320 285, 315 21, 228 63, 442	87 10	8			1	1	ł	1	- 1	9	1)	- 1	
Bedford, Mass	Sept. 24	63, 442				1		1.					i		
buryport, Mass	Oct. 1 Sept. 24	63, 442 14, 478	30	3											
buryport, Mass	do	287, 104	112	20		1 1					4 1		1 :	,	7
vport, R. Ivton, Mass	ao Oct. 1	22,034 $33,587$	9		• • • •		• • • •		-	•• ••				• • • • •	• • •
vton, Mass. v York, N. Y. gara Falls, N. Y	Sept. 24	3, 437, 202 19, 457 18, 643	1, 224	107						. 1	9	i :	28	3	5-
thampton, Mass	uu	19, 457										!			

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States—Continued.

		s of	OE	İ				Deat	hs fr	om-	-			
Cities.	Week ended—	Population, United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from all causes.	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping
Providence, R. I	do	102, 555 1, 293, 697 321, 616 175, 597 23, 899	26 401 89 57 10	48 9						16 5		7		
Reading, Pa San Francisco, Cal Santa Barbara, Cal Shreveport, La		78, 961 342, 782 6, 587 16, 013 10, 266	23 123 3 6	11 11 						1 2 	1	1		
Do Steelton, Pa Do	do Oct. 1 Sept. 24 Oct. 1	61, 643 61, 643 12, 068 12, 068	22 14 3	1 1										
Citusville, Pa Do	Sept. 24 do Oct. 1	37, 714 37, 714 31, 036 8, 244 8, 244	17 11 7 2 1	3						 2		i	••••	
	Sept. 24 do Oct. 1 Sept. 24 Oct. 1	131, 822 73, 307 73, 307 23, 481 23, 481	33 8 3	3 1						2 		4 2	••••	
Vashington, D. C Veymouth, Mass Vilkesbarre, Pa Villiamsport, Pa	Sept. 24 Oct. 1 Sept. 24 do	278, 718 11, 324 51, 721 28, 757	104 6 15 9	14 2 1						9		4 2		
Vilmington, Del Do Vinona, Minn Vorcester, Mass	Oct. 1 Sept. 24	76, 508 76, 508 19, 714 118, 421	36 25 4 33	4 1 2						3		1		

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AFRICA.

 $Reports\ from\ Cape\ Colony-Plague-Examination\ for\ plague-infected$ rodents.

> COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, August 15, 1904.

The following report by the medical officer of health for the Colony on the state of the outbreak of bubonic plague in the Cape Colony for the week ended August 13, 1904, is published for general information.

> NOEL JANISCH. Under Colonial Secretary.

Port Elizabeth.—No case of plague was discovered during the week.

At the plague hosipital, no case was discharged or died. Five cases remain under

Two hundred and thirty-nine rats (19 found dead) and 193 mice (10 found dead) were bacteriologically examined during the week, of which 17 rats and 13 mice proved to be plague infected.

East London.—Plague-infected rodents continue to be found in the town.

Other places.—At Grahamstown, Uitenhage, Queenstown, King William's Town, and Knysna, no case of plague in man or animal was discovered.

CAPE TOWN.

Harbor board area and shipping in harbor.—Three hundred and eight rodents were examined; no plague infection was discovered.

Cape Town municipal area.—Four hundred and forty rodents were examined by the medical officer of health for the city; no plague infection was discovered.

> J. A. MITCHELL, Acting Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, August 29, 1904.

The following report by the medical officer of health for the Colony on the state of the outbreak of bubonic plague in Cape Colony for the week ended August 27, 1904, is published for general information.

NOEL JANISCH, Under Colonial Secretary.

Port Elizabeth.—Three cases of plague were discovered during the week, namely: A colored male on the 22d instant; a European male and a native male on the 26th idem.

At the plague hospital, one native male was discharged recovered and one colored male died. Four cases remain under treatment.

One hundred and six rats (26 found dead) and 132 mice (15 found dead) were bacteriologically examined during the week, of which 27 rats and 11 mice proved to be plague infected.

East London.—Plague-infected rodents continued to be found in the town during the week.

2059 October 7, 1904

CAPE TOWN.

Harbor board area and shipping in harbor.—One hundred and ninety rodents were examined; no plague infection was discovered.

Cape Town municipal area.—Four hundred and three rodents were examined by the medical officer of health for the city; no plague infection was discovered.

Other districts.—No plague infection in man or animal was discovered.

J. A. MITCHELL, Acting Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

BRAZIL.

Reports from Bahia—Mortuary statistics—Plague and smallpox.

Consul Furniss reports, September 3 and 5, as follows:

During the week ended September 3, 1904, 103 bodies were interred in the Bahia cemeteries.

The causes given for interment were the following: Apoplexy 1, arterio-sclerosis 4, asphyxia 1, asthma 2, beriberi 6, bronchitis 7, cancer 1, cirrhosis of liver 2, diarrhea and dysentery 6, diphtheria 1, epilepsy 1, hepatitis 3, intestinal obstructions 2, malarial fevers 3, meningitis 1, myelitis 3, nephritis 1, organic diseases of heart 6, plague (verified) 6, plague (suspect) 6, pneumonia 1, pulmonary tuberculosis 9, other tuberculosis 1, senile debility 5, smallpox 1, syncope 1, syphilis 1, stillborn 6, enteric fever 1, umbilical hemorrhage 1, whooping cough 1, other causes 12.

During the same period there were reported 5 cases of smallpox and

1 death.

Mortality for the months of April and May, 1904—Smallpox—Disinfection of houses.

From the bulletin of the Health Department for the months of April

and May, 1904:

For the month of April, maximum temperature, 29°C.; minimum, 24.5°C.; average, 26.78°C. Average relative humidity, 74.70; rainy days, 17; rainfall, 328 mm. Total deaths, 432. Causes: Beriberi, 5; cancer and other tumors, 2; grippe, 3; diseases of circulatory system, 49; diseases of digestive system, 84; diseases of nervous system, 59; diseases of respiratory system, 24; diseases of skin and cellular tissue, 4; diseases of locomotary organs, 1; diseases of urinary apparatus, 15; dysentery, 2; erysipelas, 2; debility, congenital, 8; debility, senile, 18; leprosy, 2; malaria, 20; puerperal septicemia, 1; puerperal accidents, 1; syphilis, 5; tuberculosis pulmonalis, 64; enteric fever, 2; violent deaths, not suicides, 4; other causes, 53; stillborn, 24.

For the month of May, maximum temperature 28°C., minimum 24°C., average 26.78°C.; average relative humidity 77.30; rainy days 19; rainfall 306^{mm}. Total deaths 479; causes: Beriberi 7, cancer and other tumors 9, debility, senile 19, debility, congenital 15, diseases of circulatory system 39, diseases of digestive system 133, diseases of nervous system 61, diseases of respiratory organs 24, diseases of skin and cellular tissue 5, diseases of organs of locomotion 1, diseases of urinary apparatus 13, dysentery 1, erysipelas 1, grippe 4, malaria 20, puerperal septicæmia 2, puerperal accident 2, syphilis 5, tuberculosis pulmonalis 40, tuberculosis, other, 2, enteric fever 0, violent deaths not

suicides 6, other causes 40, stillborn 30.

During the month of April there were 10 cases of smallpox with no deaths, and during the month of May there was 1 case with no death. During the month of April there were 45 houses disinfected for tuberculosis, etc., and in May, 21 houses.

Mortality for the month of August, 1904—Plague and smallpox.

[From report of inspectors of hygiene.]

Anæmia 1, beriberi 27, cancer 6, cerebral congestion and hemorrhage 10, croup 2, debility, senile 24, debility, congenital 3, diarrhea and dysentery 44, diseases of liver 16, diseases of kidney 15, diseases of circulatory system 53, diabetes 3, erysipelas 2, leucæmia 1, meningitis 5, malarial fevers 18, myelitis 2, plague 23, plague suspect 35, pulmonary diseases 16, smallpox 2, syphilis 5, tetanus 1, pulmonary tuberculosis 67, tuberculosis, other, 5, enteric fever 2, violent deaths not suicides 3, stillborn 42, other causes 65, total 502.

Report on plague in Bahia from the first case on July 7, 1904, to August 31, 1904, inclusive.

July.

Number of cases bacteriologically verified as plague	27
Deaths during month from the same.	9
Cases suspected as plague, found dead by health officers, not examined bacteriologically, but considered as plague	8
Cases which had symptoms of plague, but bacteriologically did not prove to be such and not so considered.	6 35
Total cases considered as plague	35
Total deaths considered as plague	17
August.	
Number of cases bacteriologically verified as plague	52
Deaths during month from the same.	23
Cases suspected as plague, found dead by health officers, not examined bacte-	
riologically, but considered as plague	35
Cases which had symptoms of plague, but bacteriologically did not prove to be such and not so considered	6
Total cases considered as plague	87
Total deaths considered as plague	58

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended September 22, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 8,500; number of deaths, 3; prevailing diseases, malarial fever of mild type; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.		
Sept. 16 17 20 22	Anselm Osceola Dictator Belize	42 29 38 18	17 0 3 3	14 0 1 0	0 0 0		

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COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended September 24, 1904. Estimated population, 4,000; number of deaths, 14; prevailing diseases, malarial fevers.

General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, fair as regards quarantinable diseases, none being now present, but bad as regards malarial troubles, for from these about

one-half of the deaths occur. Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.		Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Sept. 18 19 21 22 24 24	Brighton Alleghany Venus Taunton John Wilson Belvernon	47 32	0 9 0 0	0 5 0 0	0 0 0 0

Six bills of health for Panaman ports were viséed, and 29 passengers for Colon were examined and given certificates.

CUBA.

Report from Cienfuegos—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon McMahon reports, September 27, as follows: During the week ended September 24, 1904, one vessel was inspected at this port and bill of health issued to the United States. The crew of 34 were in good health.

Reports from Habana—Yellow fever on steamship Vigilancia from Mexican ports.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Echemendia reports September 27 and 29 as follows:

The Ward Line steamer Vigilancia, arrived here from Mexico on the 19th, brought 43 nonimmune passengers who were sent to the quarantine station at Triscornia. On the 22d a high fever developed in one of them (a Norwegian), and the case was sent to Las Animas Hospital for observation as suspected yellow fever.

The diagnosis has been confirmed by the commission as yellow fever, and all precautions have been taken against the propagation of the disease by infection. The patient is now convalescing.

I feel it my duty to make a special report to the Bureau, showing that there is still danger of infection from Mexican ports.

Note: History of previous yellow fever infection on steamship Vigilancia.
On August 4, 1902, at Habana from Veracruz. One case yellow fever removed from Vigilancia to Las Animas Hospital. Death occurred August 5.
On July 8, 1903, at Habana from Progreso. One case landed July 7, transferred from his home to Las Animas Hospital, was officially declared yellow fever by the commission. Death occurred July 13.

On June 10, 1904, at Habana from Veracruz. A very suspicious case removed to Las Animas Hospital. Last reported as still under observation.

See Public Health Reports, 1902, page 2008; 1903, pages 1152, 1194; 1904, page

Weekly report—Inspection of vessels—Case of measles on schooner Addie F. Code from Tampa.

Week ended September 24, 1904:

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	18
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected.	741
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected	369
Pieces of baggage passed	55

The case of eruptive fever reported in my letter of September 22, as occurring in one of the crew of the American schooner Addie F. Code, from Tampa, was diagnosed by the commission as measles.

Mortuary report of Habana for the week ended September 24, 1904.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Tuberculosis	13
Meningitis Bronchitis	8 2
Cancer	5 2
Pneumonia	2
•	•

Total number of deaths, 34.

Mortality in Habana for the month of May, 1904—Infant mortality.

The following is received from Minister Squiers, under date of

September 13:

The total mortality in the district of Habana during the month of May, 1904, amounted to 478, 37 less than in the preceding thirty-one days, but 27 more than in May, 1903. The daily average is equivalent to the annual death rate of 20.58 per thousand of population. Enteritis and nervous diseases caused some of the increase of deaths in May, 1904, compared with the same month last year. The present year, however, shows a decrease in deaths from tuberculosis and enteric fever. Deaths of infants under one year of age rose from 70 This sudden rise in infant mortality has caused an investigation to be made on the subject by the sanitary department, and, although the result is not as yet known, the cause for said mortality will be found in the lack of good milk and overwork of the young mothers.

The health of the rest of the island continues good.

Seventy municipalities report 1,984 deaths, corresponding to the low annual death rate of 16.42 per thousand of population.

No quarantinable diseases either occurred on the island or were

imported during that month.

Report from Matanzas-Inspection of vessels-Enteric fever—Mortuary statistics.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, September 26, as follows: During the week ended September 24, 1904, bills of health were issued to 3 vessels leaving for ports in the United States in good sanitary condition.

The only contagious disease reported during the past week has been 1 case of enteric fever. As yet no effort has been made to improve

the unsatisfactory sanitary condition of the city.

The Cuban quarantine service is now building a new wooden frame to remove the shore disinfecting plant from its present site. The new installment will now be located to the north of the office building, having larger capacity, and within a few yards from the water front.

Mortuary statistics of the city of Matanzas from September 10 to 20, 1904.

Causes of death.		Bertillon number.
Nephritis Enteritis (under 2 years old) Syncope by metrorrhagia Cancer of the liver Enteritis, chronic Bacillosis Neoplasia (unqualified) Lesion of heart, organic (unqualified) Broncho-pneumonia Septicaemia Total	1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1	119 105 126 40 106 27 45 79 92

Annual rate of mortality per 1,000, 12.92; estimated population, 48,000.

Report from Santiago—Inspection of vessels—Mortuary statistics.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, September 27, as follows: During the week ended September 24, 1904, bills of health were issued to 9 vessels bound for the United States.

No quarantinable disease has been reported.

Mortuary report for the week ended September 24, 1904.

Causes of death.	Number of deaths.	Bertillor number.
Enteric fever. Tubercle of lungs.	1	1
Tubercle of meninges	1	25 36
Syphilis Cancer of breast Organic heart disease. Arterio-sclerosis	1	48 79
Gastric ulcer	1	81 103
Entero-colitis (under 2 years)	1 1	105 152
Total	11	:

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin-Plague and cholera in various countries.

Consul-General Mason reports, September 16, 1904, as follows:

Plague.

Turkey.—In Smyrna on September 5 and 7 there were registered 2

cases of plague.

deaths).

Egypt.—During the week ended September 2 there were registered in Egypt 6 fresh cases of plague (and 4 deaths), namely: 5 cases (3 deaths) in Alexandria, and 1 case (1 death) in the district of Achmun.

Japan.—During the month of June there occurred in Formosa 433 cases of plague (with 329 deaths), of which 296 cases (218 deaths) occurred in Tainan; 61 cases (53 deaths) in Ensuiko; 31 cases (22 deaths) in Taipeh; 30 cases (22 deaths) in Kagi; 7 cases (6 deaths) in Toroku. The total number of plague cases registered in Formosa during the first half of the current year amounted to 3,991 (with 2,821

Death rate of Berlin and other cities.

The death rate of Berlin for the week ended September 3 was a little lower than that of the foregoing week, amounting to 18.3 per thousand of the population, thus being, however, higher than the rate for the same week of last year, in which it amounted to 16.9 per thousand.

Two-thirds of the large German towns and cities showed less favor able health conditions than Berlin. The following places had a considerably higher death rate than this city, viz: Munich, Dresden, Bremen, Magdeburg, Hanover, Königsberg, Breslau, Leipzig, Halle, Brunswick, Cologne, Nuremberg, and Rixdorf (with 28.2). On the other hand, the following cities showed more favorable figures than Berlin, namely: Hamburg, Stuttgart, Frankfort on the Main, Cassel, Charlottenburg (with 13.4), Schöneberg (with the minimum, 9.6), as well as London, Paris, and Vienna. The decrease in the number of deaths in Berlin was confined exclusively to children in the first year of life, a slight increase in the mortality being noted among the higher-age The mortality rate among infants amounted to 8.1 per year and thousand, this being lower than the Munich and Leipzig rate, but somewhat higher than the Hamburg figure. Acute diseases of the respiratory organs caused 33 deaths, while acute diseases of the intestines claimed 234 victims; 98 infants succumbed to cholerine. thermore, there were registered 76 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis, 36 deaths from cancer, 13 deaths from scarlet fever, 6 deaths from measles, 5 deaths from enteric fever, 4 deaths from diphtheria. Finally 4 persons died by violence.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended September 19, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 3,500; no deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

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Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected
Sept. 13 13	Colombia	18 42	7		

The steamship Anselm cleared from Puerto Barrios.

HAWAII.

Report from Honolulu-Outgoing quarantine transactions.

Chief Quarantine Officer Cofer reports, September 19, as follows: Honolulu.—Week ended September 17, 1904: Vessels inspected and bills of health issued, 4; vessels disinfected, 4; cabin passengers inspected, 50; steerage passengers inspected, 45; crew inspected, 60; pieces of steerage passengers' baggage disinfected and passed, 52; pieces of crew's baggage disinfected and passed, 18; pieces of freight disinfected, 14.

HONDURAS.

Reports from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Week ended September 17, 1904. Present officially estimated population about 4,000; 2 deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial, mostly mild type, some remittent types; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Sept. 11	Alps	25	0	0	0
15	Rosina	28	2	0	0
15	Hispania	19	5	0	0

Number of aliens embarking from this port for United States during week, 5.

Conditions and transactions from July 1 to September 15, 1904.

The conditions, as a whole, remain the same as stated in the general

report for the period ended June 30, 1904.

Since the early part of August there has been an increase in the tonnage of this port in consequence of the starting of a third line of steamers in the fruit trade. The statistics are: Vessels inspected 31, disinfected none; crews (number of) inspected 558, vaccinated none; passengers inspected 26, vaccinated none; baggage (pieces) inspected 43, disinfected none; aliens inspected 11, rejected none.

Health of crews.—The general health of the crews has been very good. There have been one or two cases of minor ailments, and recently 1 case of measles, but nothing of a severe or suspicious character.

Mosquitoes on vessels.—These are seldom, if ever, present.

Passenger traffic.—Occasionally a few passengers have embarked on the ships entering Mobile, and one or two by those entering New Orleans, but such traffic is, at best, limited. In no case has the health of the applicants been doubtful.

Inspection of aliens.—There has been no case where it has been

necessary to give an adverse report.

Health conditions of port.—From a quarantinable standpoint, the sanitary condition has been uniformly good. During the past two months there has been a slight increase in the number of cases of malaria, with a small rise in the percentage of cases of the severer types; also a small increase in the number of cases of dysentery.

Local sanitation.—During the past two months there has been a decided improvement in the method of collecting the refuse, and the

streets are now kept reasonably free from same.

Adjacent territory.—There have been no reports of any disease of

unusual character along the coast or at the bay islands.

Quarantine.—On July 29, and August 7 and 12, special certificates were withheld from the bills of health of the steamships Managua and Colombia for refusal to carry subinspectors on vessel.

On August 12 a cablegram was received from the Surgeon-General, directing the nomination and placing on duty of such inspectors, and the notifying of the agents that the Treasury regulation demanding quarantine certificates would be strictly enforced. These instructions were immediately carried into effect.

Since that date there has been an improvement in the observance of

the regulations.

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended September 20, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 2,125; no accidental deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial fever of mild type and intestinal diseases; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Sept. 15	Anselm	13	7	7	0
16	Gyller		0	0	0
17	Hiram		0	0	0
20	Habil		1	0	0

Number of aliens sailing from this port during the week, 1.

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INDIA.

Report from Bombay—Cholera, plague, and smallpox mortality— Malarial diseases during August, 1904.

Acting Asst. Surg. Edward H. Hume reports, August 27, as follows:

Mortality of Bombay city, week ended August 23, 1904.

	Week o	Mean of same week for 5	
	Aug. 27, 1904.	Aug. 25, 1903.	preceding years.
Plague attacks Plague deaths Plague mortality per 1,000 Smallpox deaths Cholera deaths Total deaths Total mortality per 1,000	50 3, 35 1 12 628	88 5. 89 4 0 581 38. 93	91 6. 09 3 156 973 63. 69

The Board of Health issues the following bulletin regarding cholera:

Cholera was not epidemic, the attacks reported being 19; these were all local cases. The disease shows a tendency to decrease and is attributable to seasonal variations and importations. The disease is not confined to any particular quarter of the town, and it has no direct local connection with the harbor.

The distribution of cholera by races was as follows:

Upper and middle caste Hindus	9· 3
Total	12

A striking thing in the mortality record for August is the number of deaths ascribed to malarial fever; also the great number of deaths from diarrhea and dysentery.

Deaths from malarial and diarrheal diseases August, 1904.

Week of—	Malarial diseases.	Diarrhea.	Dysentery.
August 2 August 9 August 16 August 23	36 49	44 54 64 48	16 21 18 28

The presence of damp weather accounts for this prevalence of malarial and diarrheal diseases.

Lack of rain in many parts of Bombay Presidency makes the agricultural outlook very gloomy. If the water gets scarce that will mean resort to wells, with consequent cases of cholera.

Reports from Calcutta—Inspection of vessel—Cholera and plague mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, September 1, as follows: During the week ended August 27, 1904, bill of health was issued to the steamship *Bucrania*, bound for Boston and New York, with a total crew of 56. The effects of lascars were disinfected and fumigated, and rat guards were kept on wharf lines while the vessel lay at dock.

During the week ended August 27, 1904, there were 4 deaths from cholera and 5 deaths from plague in Calcutta.

In Bengal during the week ended August 20, 1904, there were 395

cases and 338 deaths from plague.

In India during the week ended August 13, 1904, there were 8,199 cases and 5,849 deaths from plague.

Famine in Guzerat.

The prospects of famine in Guzerat are reported to be more and more gloomy as the days go by and prices of food grain are constantly increasing. Fodder has become so scarce in several of the districts that arrangements are being made to transport cattle to other places where sufficient pasturage may be found. There are already signs of distress among the farming class, who are daily looking for the announcement of famine and the opening of relief works. Water is running short in ponds and wells and a water famine is also threatening.

News from Broach, dated August 28, states that "the district is passing through a most anxious time. All hope of better prospects has been abandoned and it has been arranged to open relief works as an experimental measure from the beginning of next month."

Choleraic disease among children in the Bhul Valley.

I have the honor to inform you that a Kulu correspondent writes to one of the local papers that "for the past two months what seems a choleraic disease has been rife in the Bhul Valley, the most southerly part of Mundi on the Suket border. The disease did not seem to attack adults, but children only, of whom about 50 have died." No further particulars are available. Cholera itself in Kulu is reported to be responsible for 40 deaths out of 63 cases observed. Despite the carelessness of the people, it is now on the decrease, having been stamped out by timely care and disinfection in Sultanpur, where it first appeared. No fresh cases are reported, save in one village, from the infected places of Koies. The assistant surgeon visited every village in Koies and explained to the villagers the benefits and importance of disinfection and the necessity of sanitary measures.

Cholera, plague, and smallpox during the year 1903.

I extract the following from the report for the year 1903 of Dr. J. N. Cook, health officer of Calcutta: The death rate is high—35.1 per 1,000—the excessive mortality from plague being largely responsible for its magnitude. If the plague mortality be subtracted from the total, the figure is reduced to 25.4, which is a very moderate rate for Calcutta, the mean of the preceding five years, all cases included, being 34.1.

Deaths from plague, cholera, and smallpox for 1903 and the previous

five years are as follows:

	Plague.	Cholera.	Smallpox.
1898	192	665	85
1899	2, 332	990	62
1900	8, 354	2,754	1,010
1901	7, 883	1,720	2,097
1902	7, 278	2,716	127
1903	8, 222	1,990	50

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Doctor Cook, in his comments upon cholera, the returns from which were rather heavy during the first half of the year, points out that very little can be done to mitigate it, as it is largely introduced by pilgrims from outside. Especially is this true of those to the Kalighat The pilgrims bathe in, defecate alongside of, and drink the water from Tolly's Nullah, a sluggish canal near the Kalighat Temple. The water of the Nullah is very impure, and has frequently been found to contain the cholera bacilli. Doctor Cook suggests that "the obvious measures are the improvement of the Nullah by diverting drainage and patrolling the banks in the early morning to prevent the commission of nuisance. The devotees who bathe in the water and drink it will continue to do so until the gradual spread of education convinces them that they can serve gods equally well without risking their lives by drinking diluted sewage." The filtered water of the city is a wholesome water, containing no free ammonia nor nitrates, no "b. typho-abdominalis, b. entertides sporogenes, nor comma bacilli." The only unsatisfactory feature of it was the presence of bacteria of the colon group, which were found in every examination. Bacterial counts were generally below 100 per 1 cc.

Doctor Cook makes an interesting point when he notes that the mortality from smallpox was low, as there is a more or less marked cycle in Calcutta extending over about five years, and we are at present

in the period of comparative quiescence.

ITALY.

Report from Naples—Inspection of vessels—Infectious diseases in Italy—Campaign against malaria—Pilgrimage to the Hedjaz—Plague in Africa and Turkey—Leprosy in Trinidad—Ankylostomiasis in Germany.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Eager reports, September 19, as follows: During the week ended September 17, 1904, the following-named ships were inspected at Naples and Palermo:

NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of large bag- gage in- spected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.	Number of steerage passengers recom- mended for rejection.
Sept. 13 15 15 16	Prinz Adalbert Nord America Giulia Sicilian Prince	New Yorkdododo	453 284 · 481 198	145 130 20 55	750 700 250 340	13 13 17 10
		PALER	MO.			
Sept. 17	Sicilian Prince	New York	256	75	300	18

Infectious diseases in Italy.

For the week ended September 15, 1904, the following is the status

of infectious disease in Italy:

Measles.—An epidemic prevailing in Roccagorga (Rome) since July last has claimed more than 100 victims in a population of 2,000. It is now reported that the number of cases is considerably lessening.

Scarlatina.—A few cases are reported in Milan and Bergamo.

Enteric fever.—Cases are reported in Rome, Milan, and in the provinces in which these cities are situated, in Taviano (Lecce), Castellammare Adriatico (Teramo), in Chianni, Capannoli, Palaia (Pisa), Catanzaro, S. Martino dell'Argine (Mantova), Catania, and in the provinces of Arezzo and Bergamo.

Diphtheria.—There are a few cases in Rome, Milan, and Catania,

and 57 cases in the province of Arezzo.

Smallpox.—Some cases are reported in Palermo and in the province of Potenza, and 1 case in Caltanisetta.

Mortality in Palermo.

Palermo (month of June, 1904).—Estimated population, 319,235. Total number of deaths, 554, including smallpox, 1; measles, 7; enteric fever, 5; diphtheria, 2; whooping cough, 2, and tuberculosis of lungs, 44. Annual death rate per thousand, 20.82.

The campaign against malaria in the Roman Campagna.

During the antimalarial campaign that the Italian Red Cross organization is making in the Roman Campagna, there were in the month of July, 1904, 180 relapses of malarial fever and 55 primary cases among 8,164 individuals to whom quinine was distributed. July is the month in which the density of population in the Roman Campagna is at the maximum. The 180 relapsing cases were old sufferers from malaria who are under treatment only during their sojourn in the Campagna and who, returning to their native places, discontinue treatment. The 52 primary cases, considering the large number of persons to whom quinine was administered, represent a low figure. This is especially notable this year because, since the beginning of the season, malaria has been present in a grave form. There were 103 examinations of blood made with 49 negative results, 5 of which were in persons affected with enteric fever.

Mohammedan piljrimage to the Hedjaz.

The accounts published by the sanitary board of Alexandria (Conseil Maritime et Quarantenaire) of the Mohammedan pilgrims to Mecca for the year 1904 indicate that on February 26, the day of the Wakfeh, namely, the eve of the feast, 200,000 pilgrims were assembled on Mount Arafat, the granite bill 15 miles east of Mecca. 76,000 arrived by sea, landing at Djedda and Yambo, and 124,000 arrived by land. Among the pilgrims and the inhabitants of Mecca there have been, it is stated, some cases of smallpox, enteric fever, and malarial fever, but no cases of other infectious or contagious diseases. The health conditions in the quarantine camp of Djebel-Tor were very satisfactory. Out of 29,964 pilgrims disembarked there on the return voyage (pilgrims from the north—Egyptians, Barbars, Syrians, Turks, Persians, etc.), 248 entered the hospital with the following result: Gastro-intestinal diseases, 88 cases and 45 deaths; surgical diseases, 79 cases and 6 deaths; smallpox, 6 cases and 1 death; and common diseases, 75 cases and 27 deaths, so that among 248 cases of sickness there were 79 deaths.

The pilgrims were held in quarantine not longer than 3 or 4 days, for the purpose of medical inspection and thorough disinfection of

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soiled linen and clothing. Some hundreds of pilgrims (Sudanese and Abyssinians), after having crossed the Red Sea on board sambouks, landed at Suakin and were held in quarantine. Their effects were disinfected there before the pilgrims received free pratique. Sambouks are small ships used for trade and fishing by the Arabs in the Red Sea. By reason of the small expense such vessels are frequently preferred by pilgrims for short voyages.

Bubonic plague in East Africa.

It is stated in official notifications of the German Government that in the neighborhood of the military station of Tringa, German East Africa, 30 days' march from the coast, there have been noticed since November last among the natives several suspect cases of plague, which after two or three days proved fatal. The disease was named by the natives "kyambafou." It was characterized by painful swellings in the groin, in the neck, and in the armpits. Great mortality among rats in the dwellings preceded the disease. The natives declare that the disease has appeared every year during the rainy season; hence it may be considered not as an importation, but as due to an endemic focus of plague existing for a long time. Together with bubonic cases there have also been pneumonia cases, chiefly in the seat of the Catholic mission of Tosamaganga, two and a half hours' march from Tringa, where in the beginning of February three monks, among others, were taken ill.

At Tringa and Old Tringa, from January to the beginning of March, there were 47 cases and 41 deaths; of these 4 cases and 2 deaths were among Europeans. The bacteriological examination confirmed the diagnosis of plague. To prevent the spread of the epidemic the patients and suspects were isolated, and all infected things and dwellings either disinfected or burned. Plague corpses were interred with due precautionary measures or burned. At each communication route guards have been appointed to stop caravans going out of the country, and to subject them to 11 days' quarantine. The caravans were also directed to expose their clothing and linen for a certain time to the sun. On March 15 the epidemic was diminishing, and since that time

no further information has been received.

Leprosy in Trinidad.

The Italian consul at Port of Spain reports to his Government that local official statistics show that the number of lepers in the leper asylum, Port of Spain, on March 31, 1903, was 317. During the twelve months ended March 31, 1904, there were 85 admissions; 45 inmates died during the same period and 44 were discharged, leaving 313 under treatment, March 31, 1904.

In Trinidad, during the year ended March 31, 1904, 26 meetings of the quarantine authorities were held, and 1,710 vessels, with crews numbering 8,020 persons and with 8,712 passengers, were placed

under quarantine observation.

Bubonic plague in Turkey.

Two suspicious cases of bubonic plague were reported at Smyrna, September 5 and 7. One case died and the diagnosis of bubonic plague

was confirmed by bacteriological examination. By order of the sanitary authorities, all vessels leaving Smyrna are subject to medical inspection and disinfection.

Asiatic cholera in Turkey.

During the week ended August 13, 1904, in the vilayets of Bagdad, Bassora, and Mossul, there were reported 361 fresh cases of Asiatic cholera and 363 deaths (among these and previous cases).

Ankylostomiasis in Germany.

There were registered in the mining district of Arnsberg, Prussia, 2,383 cases of ankylostomiasis during the period from March 3 to July 27, 1904.

MEXICO.

Report from Monterey—Decrease in mortality.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Goldberger reports, September 26, as follows:

Nothing of special sanitary interest has occurred during the week ended September 24, 1904. In Monterey the comparatively low mortality continues. During the 7 days under consideration there were recorded in all 47 deaths. The lowering in the mortality is almost altogether due to the reduction in the number of deaths from disturbances of the gastro intestinal tract in children.

Report from Progreso and Merida—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever at Merida.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Harrison reports as follows: Week ended September 24, 1904: Estimated population, 8,000; deaths from all causes, 11. Sanitary conditions fair; weather hot and dry, with but one rain shower during the past month. Mosquitoes, however, are very few.

Merida presents fair sanitary condition, but still reports continuance of yellow fever. All cases of fever the nature of which is undetermined are sent at once to lazaretto or properly isolated.

The following-named vessels have received bills of health:

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of crew.
14 16 16 17 20	Nile Picquaa Vueltabajo St. Croixa Vigilancia Miguel M. Pinillosa Cape Antibes Daggry	Mobile New Orleans New York New York	23 26 67 79 53

a All fumigated.

Reports from Veracruz—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Lumsden reports, September 21 and 28, as follows:

During the week ended September 17, 1904, 5 vessels bound for United States ports were inspected and granted bills of health.

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During the week there were recorded in the city of Veracruz 38 deaths (60.8 per 1,000 annual death rate) from all causes, including 4 from pernicious fever, 3 from remittent fever, 4 from diseases of the gastro-intestinal tract, and 7 from tuberculosis.

One new case of yellow fever was reported on September 12. The

case occurred among the occupants of San Juan d'Ulloa fortress.

During the week ended September 24, 1904, five vessels bound for United States ports were inspected and granted bills of health. The following vessels were fumigated with sulphur dioxide and given certificates: September 20, Norwegian steamship *Galveston*, bound for Sabine Pass; September 20, British steamship *Kassala*, bound for Mobile.

During the week there were recorded in the city of Veracruz 30 deaths (48 per 1,000, annual death rate) from all causes, including 2 from remittent fever, 5 from pernicious fever, 3 from malarial cachexia, 3 from diseases of the gastro-intestinal tract, and 4 from tuberculosis.

No cases of yellow fever or of other quarantinable disease were reported in the port or vicinity during the week.

NICARAGUA.

Report from Bluefields, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Reilley reports as follows: Week ended September 17, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 4,000; 3 deaths. Prevailing diseases, malarial fever and tuberculosis; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bill of health was issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
Sept. 15	Banan	19	5	0	0

PANAMA.

Report from Colon—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Mohr reports, September 20, as follows: During the week ended September 17, 1904, the following vessels cleared for ports in the United States and were granted bills of health:

Spanish steamship Antonio Lopez, for Ponce via South American ports, September 12, with 121 crew and 73 passengers; Norwegian steamship Mount Vernon, for New Orleans via Bocas del Toro, September 13, with 21 crew and no passengers; British schooner Cartegena, for New York via San Blas coast, September 13, with 9 crew and no passengers; British steamship Dictator, for New Orleans via Mexican ports; September 14, with 38 crew and 2 passengers; American steamship Advance, for New York, September 14, with 63 crew and 65 passengers.

Mortality—Yellow fever death in Panama.

During the week ended September 18, 1904, 8 deaths occurred in Colon. The causes given below are taken from the official records of the local authorities: Fevers, 3; heart disease, 1; disease of stom-

ach, 1; dropsy, 1; worms, 1; eczema, 1.

I have been officially notified by Asst. Surg. C. C. Pierce, through the chief quarantine officer, that a death from yellow fever occurred in the Ancon Hospital on September 11, the diagnosis being confirmed by a necropsy. The man who died was an Italian, who had lived three and one-half months in the city of Panama, and was taken sick in a house situated 50 meters from the case of yellow fever reported on August 1, and a square and one-half from the case reported July 18.

Report from Bocos del Toro, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports as follows: Week ended September 22, 1904. Present officially estimated population not obtainable; number of deaths, 4; prevailing diseases, malarial fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage.
Sept. 16 16 18 18 19 22 22	Fort Gaines George Dumois Mount Vernon Fredericka Schepp Intrepid Brewster Fort Morgan	New Orleans, La Colon	22 17 21 9 34 23	1 0 1 1 7 2 1	0 0 0 0 0	(a) 3 2

a Not inspected.

The passenger per American brigantine *Fredericka Schepp* to Colon was certified to on United States consular bill of health.

PERU.

Reports from Callao—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Plague at Lima and in Peruvian ports—Destruction of rats.

Assistant Surgeon Lloyd reports, September 1 and 5, as follows:
During the week ended August 20 there were 9 new cases of plague
in Lima, with 4 deaths; 3 patients were discharged, and 25 remain
under treatment. Two vessels were fumigated to kill vermin, 232
persons were inspected, and 481 pieces of baggage disinfected. No
new cases of plague reported from Callao. The work of disinfection,
killing of rats, mice, and guinea pigs, stopping of rat holes, etc.,
continues.

Incomplete reports from Payta give 4 new cases and 4 deaths; Salaverry, 2 new cases and 2 deaths, 12 cases remaining under treatment.

Suspicious sickness at Arica, Chile—Rats dying in Peruvian ports.

During the week ended August 27, there were 5 new cases of plague in Lima, with 2 deaths. Six patients have been discharged, and there are 24 remaining under treatment. One vessel was fumigated to kill vermin, 207 persons were inspected, and 503 pieces of

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baggage disinfected. Rats continue to die in Eten, Salaverry, Trujillo, Lima, and Callao. Suspicious illness continues in Arica. At the suggestion of Doctor Carter, vaccination has been discontinued except when requested. Peruvian authorities are fumigating outgoing vessels which call at Peruvian ports.

Plague at Callao-Plague officially reported at Arica, Chile.

During the week ended September 3 there were 8 new cases of plague in Lima, with 2 deaths; 6 patients have been discharged as

cured, 24 remaining under treatment.

One new case of plague occurred in Callao, there now being 2 cases in the lazaretto here. Thirty-three deaths from all causes (population, 28,000) are reported for the week, but causes of death are not given in the weekly report.

In Salaverry 8 cases of plague remain under treatment.

In Payta 11 cases remain under treatment.

In Arica plague is now officially admitted to be present.

In San Pedro 3 cases and 3 deaths are reported.

In Eten 3 cases and 2 deaths are reported. These cases are not directly in the port of Eten.

In Chiclayo 2 cases and 1 death are given for the week.

There is an epidemic of influenza at present in Lima and Callao, and also in several other cities in Peru.

One vessel was fumigated to kill vermin; 157 persons were inspected,

and 519 pieces of baggage were disinfected.

A man from Cerro de Pasco came into the office this morning asking for a certificate of health and a permit to embark for Panama. He was suffering from varioloid in the eruptive stage. The case was reported to the local authorities.

PORTO RICO.

Report from San Juan—Quarantine transactions, month of August, 1904—Vital statistics.

Chief Quarantine Officer King reports, September 19, as follows:

San Juan.

Vessels inspected	19
Bills of health issued	
Persons detained in quarantine	6
Vessels detained in quarantine	

The vessels were the Red D Line steamships Caracas and Philadelphia which arrived at this port from Puerto Cabello, La Guaira, and Curaçoa on August 10 and 24, respectively, and the Spanish steamship Buenos Aires from Central and South American ports, which touched at this port on August 21.

There were no quarantinable diseases reported in this district during

the month of August.

The following reports show the transactions at the subports:

Mayaguez.—Vessels inspected, 5; bills of health issued, 8. Arccibo.—Vessels inspected, 1; bills of health issued, 2. Humacao.—Vessels inspected, 1; bills of health issued, 3. Aguadilla.—Vessels inspected, 0; bills of health issued, 1. Fajardo.—Vessels inspected, 6; bills of health issued, 8. Arroyo.—Vessels inspected, 0; bills of health issued, 0.

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Mortality statistics of the subports.

Mayaguez.—Deaths, 95—12 from chlorosis, 7 from anemia, 5 from bronchitis, 2 from enteric fever, and 11 from pulmonary tuberculosis.

Arecibo.—Deaths, 76—3 from enteritis, 7 from bronchitis, 5 from pulmonary tuberculosis, 3 from malaria, and 5 from diseases of the heart.

Aguadilla.—Deaths, 44—5 from anemia (uncinariasis), 4 from pulmonary tuberculosis, 4 from enteritis, 3 from bronchitis, 2 from gastro-enteritis, and 1 from pernicious fever.

Humacao.—Deaths, 38—3 from broncho-pneumonia, 3 from acute gastro-enteritis,

and 1 from pulmonary tuberculosis.

Fajardo.—Deaths, 41—3 from anemia, 2 from infantile tetanus, 10 from diseases of

the respiratory organs, and 1 from angina.

Arroyo.—Deaths, 21—2 from bronchitis, 7 from diarrhea, 1 from paludism, and 2 from gastritis.

No quarantinable diseases are reported.

Vital statistics of San Juan, month of August, 1904.

Stillborn	96 14 69	Causes of death—Continued. Entero-colitis Employeema	1
Causes of death: Pulmonary tuberculosis Tuberculosis Infantile athrepsia Appendicitis Gastro-enteritis Aortic insufficiency Enteritis Anemia Tetanus, infantile Old age Bronchitis, capillary Cancer of the uterus Nephritis Tetanus Nephritis, chronic Anemia, pernicious Epilepsy Cerebral hemorrhage Dysentery, chronic	15 1 3 1 2 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	Septicemia Intestinal infection of coli-bacillus Malignant œdema Hepatitis, parenchymatous Leukemia Hepatitis, acute Jaundice, pernicious Compression of cerebral bulb by traumatism Mitral insufficiency Hypertrophic cirrhosis of the liver Colic, infantile Pulmonary congestion Endocarditis, acute Rachitis Hepatic cirrhosis Eclampsia Poisoning Cardiac insufficiency Valvular lesion of the heart	1 1
Tuberculosis, intestinal	1	Total	69

Report from Ponce—Vital statistics.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Torres reports, September 13, through Chief Quarantine Officer King, as follows:

Causes of deaths in Ponce jurisdiction (city, playa, and surrounding country) during the month of August, 1904.

Diseases of—		Diseases of—Continued.	
Digestive system	40	Malarial fever	6
Respiratory system	16	Puerperal fever	1
Circulatory system	6	Accidents	4
Nervous system	9	Hydrœmias	4
Anæmia, inanition		Grippe	4
Tuberculosis		Rachitis	2
Athrepsia	9	Nephritis	2
Tetanus, traumatic	1	Without official data	17
Cancer	3		
Old age	3	Total	154

August, 1903: Deaths	
Deaths	119
Birtns	191
August, 1904: Deaths	
Deaths	154
Births	142

Reports of immigration at San Juan and subports.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, San Juan, September 19, 1904.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at San Juan during the week ended September 17, 1904.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Sept. 17	Ferdinand de Lesseps	Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic	9
10	Conde Wifredo	Mallorca, Balearic Islands	4 1
10	Bergen	Santiago, Cuba	1
9	Conde Wifredo	Mallorca, Ballearic Islands Cadiz, Spain Barcelona, Spain	3 3 1
	Total		25

Benson H. Sisson, Acting Commissioner.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, San Juan, P. R., September 26, 1904.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at San Juan during the week ended September 24, 1904.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.	
Sept. 19	Julia	Habana, Cuba Santiago, Cuba. Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. Gibara. Cuba	1 2	
21 23	Philadelphia	Macoris, Dominican Republic Curação, Dutch West Indies Colon, Panama La Guayra, Venezuela Curação, Dutch West Indies	1 1 6	
24	Maria Herrera	Santiago, Cuba	5	
17	St. Domingue	Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic.	10	
18	Julia	Macoris, Dominican Republic Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. Santiago, Cuba	1	
22	Antonio Lopez	Colon. Panama	1	
16	St. Domingue	Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic.	6	

Benson H. Sisson, Acting Commissioner.

TURKEY.

Reports from Bagdad—Cholera.

Vice-Consul Hürner forwards the following, through the American legation at Constantinople, under date of August 18 and 25:

Weekly sanitary bulletin, August 6 to 18, 1904.

	Cases.	Deaths.
Bagdad Mendeli Bedréh Solimanieh Divanieh Divanieh	51 28 8 67 2	40 14 8 118 2

August 13 to 20, 1904.

•	Cases.	Deaths.
Bagdad	124	103
Bagdad Solimanieh	40	61
Mendell	28	11
Divanieh	1	1
Dindieh	ī	1
Dit	61	28
3hahraban	4	ī
Cout	5	3
likrit	3	l i

VENEZUELA.

Report from La Guaira—Suspect yellow fever—Smallpox.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Frick reports, September 10 and 17, as follows:

I have the honor to transmit the following sanitary report for the week ended September 10, 1904. There has been 1 death from pernicious fever with other similar cases during the week. These I have been unable to see, but consider them suspicious of yellow fever.

The pernicious fever reported as being present in La Guaira last week is certainly yellow fever. How many deaths there have been, how many cases there are now, and how long it has existed in the city proper, I am unable to find out, but there is no doubt that the people are somewhat excited and hence it may be justly concluded, I think, that it is unusually prevalent. In my opinion there have been at least 25 cases of yellow fever in La Guaira recently, almost all of them among children.

There has also been an increase in the number of cases of smallpox

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

Africa—Sierra Leone.—Two weeks ended August 19 and September 2, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 19 and 23, respectively. No contagious diseases reported.

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AUSTRALIA—New South Wales, Newcastle.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 49,920. Total number of deaths 50, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 4, and 6 from tuberculosis.

Sydney.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 511,030. Total number of deaths 471, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 3, and 61 from tuberculosis.

Bahamas—Dunmore Town.—Two weeks ended September 16, 1904. Estimated population, 1,232. No deaths. No contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay, Abaco.—Two weeks ended September 15, 1904. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Estimated population, 12,650. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

Canada—British Colombia—Victoria.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 21,000. Total number of deaths, 22, including 3 from tuberculosis.

CUBA—Habana.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 275,000. Total number of deaths, 466, including enteric fever 5, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 100 from tuberculosis.

France—Marseille.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 859, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 26, measles, 2, whooping cough 2, and 81 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended August 31, 1904. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths 137, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 5, whooping cough 1, and 9 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY— Weimar.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 30,606. Total number of deaths 57, including measles 3, and 3 from tuberculosis.

GIBRALTAR.—Two weeks ended September 11, 1904. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths 21. No deaths from contagious diseases.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended September 10, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 17 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,271,287.

London.—One thousand three hundred and fifty-four deaths were registered during the week, including measles 8, scarlet fever 2, diphtheria 20, whooping cough 16, enteric fever 8, and 258 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 15.2 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,916 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 2 from diphtheria, 2 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 4 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended September 10, 1904, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 18.6 per 1,000 of the population,

which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 4, and the highest in Armagh, viz, 48.1 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 157 deaths were registered, including measles 1, whooping cough 4, and 30 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended September 10, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 15.7 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,726,236. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 9.7, and the highest in Perth, viz, 20 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 519, including diphtheria 5, measles 5, scarlet fever 2, and 17 from whooping cough.

Jamaica—Port Antonio.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Estimated population, 3,000. Total number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases. The health of the port is good.

Parish of Portland.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Esti-

Parish of Portland.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths 11, including 1 death from enteric fever.

JAPAN—Formosa.—Week ended August 20, 1904. Population, 2,905,796. Number of deaths not reported; 8 deaths from plague reported.

Nagasaki.—Ten days ended August 30, 1904. Estimated population, 154,727. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

SPAIN—Cadiz.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 69,382. Total number of deaths, 151, including enteric fever 2 and 27 from tuberculosis.

Seville.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 148,315. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria, 2 deaths from enteric fever, 12 deaths from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 59 deaths from tuberculosis reported.

Switzerland.—Reports for the two weeks ended August 27, 1904, from 18 cities and towns having an aggregate population of 808,000, show a total of 511 deaths, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 7, measles 7, scarlet fever 3, whooping cough 6, and 58 from phthisis pulmonalis.

West Indies—Curação.—Three weeks ended September 9, 1904. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 33. No contagious diseases reported.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, June 25 to October 7, 1904.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 26, 1903, to June 24, 1904, see, Public Health Reports for June 24, 1904.]

[NOTE.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Borneo:				
Kudat China:	August 19			Present.
Antung	July 15		4	Do.
Hanoi Hongkong	June 17 May 15-July 23	35	32	Two cases on ss. Ping Shar from Saigon.
SaigonShanghai	June 17 July 24-30	i		Present.
ormosa: Tamsui	June 1-30		1	
rance:				
· Paris ndia:	July 24-30	1	1	
Bombay	June 8-Aug. 30		145 173	
Calcutta	May 22-Aug. 27 May 28-June 17		173	
ersia: Astrabad	August 1-10 June 25			Many deaths.
Hamadan Koom	June 25		••••••	Present. 130 cases daily.
Reshet	August 2-5		30	Present.
Sultanabad	June 25			300 deaths daily.
Singapore	May 8-June 18		2	
urkey: Amara	June 19-July 7	21	16	
BagdadBahrein Islands	June 6-Aug. 20 May 1-31	245	201 1,500	
Bakouba	June 19-July 7	. 7	5	
Basra	June 6-28 July 23-Aug. 20	18	14 26	
Chanakin	July 23-Aug. 6	1	1	
Chosrabad Dindich	June 19-25 August 13-20	$\frac{2}{1}$		
Ditz	August 13-20	61	28	
Divanieh	June 19-Aug. 20		90	
DjemaatHilla	June 22-28 June 22-July 7	144	293 198	
Kazemein	July 23-Aug. 6 June 22-Aug. 6	111	51	
Kerbella	June 22-Aug. 6	168	412	
Kiazmieh	June 6-13	13	13 2	
Kindieh	June 19-July 7 June 19-July 7	3 19	12	
Kout	August 13-20	5	3	
Maskat	June 28-July 12		3	
Mendeli	July 23-Aug. 20	164		
Messeieb	June 19-July 7	2	2	Present.
Muttra Nedjeff	June 28-July 12 June 6-July 7	310	201	
Oman Razemein	June 28-July 12 July 7	•••••	1	Present.
Sada	July 7	17	11	
Salahieh	June 6-July 7	14	10	
Samara	June 6-July 7 June 19-July 7	2	2	
Schatrah	June 6-13	27	23	
Shohraban	August 13-20	4	978	
SolimaniehTikrit	July 23-Aug. 20 August 13-20	3	1	
IIBIIt	August 10-20	v	- 1	

YELLOW FEVER.

Brazil: Pernambuco	July 1-15	1	1
	May 9-Aug. 28	54	15
Colombia: Barranquilla Buenaventura	June 23–29 July 20–27		1 Present.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

YELLOW FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths	Remarks.
Costa Rica: Limon	T-1- 2 02			
Cuba:		1		
Habana	Sept. 19	. 1	•••••	 From ss. Vigilancia, from Mexican ports.
Ecuador: Bahia de Caraquez Guayaquil		. 1		Per ss. Ecuador, from Tumaco.
Mexico: Coatzacoalcos		33		
Lampazos	Oct. 1-Jan. I, 1904		. 5	
Merida Progreso	July 23-29	41		
Tampico Tehuantepec	June 12–18 June 19–Sept. 24	1 45		
Veracruz	June 18-Sept. 24 June 18-Sept. 17	48	21 4	One on ss. Habana, from Pro- greso; one on American ss. Vigilancia, from Merida and
Panama: Panama	June 10-Sept. 12	3	3	Progreso.
Peru: Callao	June 8	2		Two cases from ss. Guatemala,
Rio Chiclayo Venezuela:	May 19	2		from Panama and Valparaiso.
Maracaibo	July 18-24	1	. 1	
West Indies: Curação	July 30-Aug. 5	1	1	
	PLA	GUE.		
Africa:				
Lourenço Marquez Australia: Queensland—	July 18–23	1	1	From the Transvaal.
Brisbane	May 3-June 18 June 5-11	13 2	3 1	
Sydney Western Australia—	May 17-Aug. 4	5 -	. 3	
Perth	June 26-July 29	3	1	
Bahia Pernambuco	July 7-Aug. 31 Aug. 1-31	87	58 3	
Rio de Janeiro	May 30-Aug. 28	48	20	
hile: Antofagasta	May 19-June 6	22	12	May 1-31, 52 deaths.
Arica Valparaiso	Sept. 3 June 2			Present.
hina:	!		••••	
Amoy Canton	June 27-July 30 May 28-June 2	••••••	50	Estimated. Epidemic.
Fatshan	June 2			Do.
Fa Ti	June 2			Present. Several hundred cases. (Report
,	Aug. 8			contradicted.) Epidemic.
Honam Hongkong	May 28-June 2 . May 15-Aug. 6	280	272	Do. Four cases on unknown steam-
	may 10-11ag.	200	212	ships from Amoy, Shek Loong, and Antung; 2 cases on steam- ships Glenogle and Restorer
Ko Tong	June 2			from Singapore. Epidemic.
Sai Nam	June 2 May 29-June 4			Do. On ss. Australien from Kobe
gypt:		İ		and other ports.
AlexandriaBaliana district	May 22-Sept. 1 May 22-28	48	26	
Beni-Suef	June 11-July 30	20	12	
Dibah district	MIN ZZ-JUIV 3()	28	15	
Bibeh district	May 22-June 4	5 1	7	
Bibeh district Dechneh district Magagha district	June 11-July 30 May 22-July 30 May 22-June 4 May 22-28.	5	7	
Nag-Hamadi	May 22-June 4 May 22-28 July 31-Aug. 6 June 11-July 2 May 22-Aug. 6 May 22-July 23		1 7 3	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE—Continued.

Place.		Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	• Remarks.
Egypt—Continued. Tatah_district						
Tatah district	May	22-28 29-Aug.		74	1 12	
Formosa:	мау	29-Aug.	. 0	14	12	
Ensuiko	May	15-July	30	242	177	
Hozan Kagi	June	e 19-July 15-July	16 2	152	135	
Kelung	May	15-Aug.	. 13	102	10	
Pescadores	Mav	15-28		1		
Shinko Taiboku	May	15-June 15-Aug.	90	115	97	
Taihoku Tainan	May	15-Aug. 15-June	20	858	818	
Toroku	May	15-June	25	58	28	
Toshien Hawaii:	July	3-Aug.	13	2	2	
Hilo	July	21-Aug.	19	1	2	
Honolulu	June	e 21-Aug.	23	3	3	One death on ss. Coptic on Aug.
India:						22.
Bombay Presidency and	May	8-Aug.	13	23,022	17,095	
Sind. Madras Presidency	May	8-Aug.	12	3,055	2,258) 1
Bengal	May	8-Aug.	13	2,719	2,325	
United Provinces	May	8-Aug.	13	2,719 4,440 86,990	2,325 3,579	
Punjab Central provinces (includ-	May May	8-Aug. 8-Aug.	13	86,990	74,531	
ing Berar).	мау	o-Aug.	10	1	200	
Mysore State	May		13	6,083	4, 231	
Hyderabad State Central India	May May	8- Aug. 8-Aug.	13	1,170 485	1,027	
Rajputana	May	8-Aug.	13	1,058	802	
Kashmir	May	8-Aug.	13	837	467	
Grand total				130, 175	106, 910	
Japan:		•				
Kobe	May	31	• • • •	1		On ss. Korea from Hongkong via Amoy, Shanghai, and Na-
Mauritius	Apr.	8-June	16	11	10	gasaki.
Peru: Callao	Mav	27-Sept.	3	9	3	One case on Chilean ss. Aconca-
33					_	gua from Valparaiso and Pan- ama. Report subsequently de-
Chiclovo	Ang.	14-Sept.	3	2	1	nied.
Chicloyo Colán Eten	To J	uly 25		6	l l	
Eten	sepu	ember 1-6	5	3	2	Procent
La Sullona Lima	Aug. May	17 22-Sept.		116	48	Present. Number of cases from Oct., 1903,
Mina						to May 15, 1904, 224.
Payta	May	25-Sept.	3	123 2	55	Present.
Piura Salaverry	Aug.	15 16-Sept.	3	28	16	Do.
San Pedro Sechura	Aug.	16-Sept. 14-Sept. 17	3	3	3	
Sechura	Aug.	17 ug. 26	• • • •			Do. Do.
TrujilloPhilippine Islands:	IUA	ug. ±0		•••••		20.
Cebu	May	25			1	
Manila South Africa:	мау	7–July	9	14	13	
Cape Colony (Port Elizabeth).	May	15-Aug.	27	9	1	
Transvaal— Johannesburg	To Jı	ıly 3		148	96	
Turkey:		-				•
Lingah Smyrna	Apr. Sept.	27-June 8	3		125	Do.
ı		SM	[A]	LPOX.		
Africa						
Africa: Cape Colony (Cape Town).	July	9-16		1		
Argentina:					122	
Buenos Ayres	Apr.	1-June	υu		122	
Prague		12-Sept.		38		
Vienna	July	10–16			1 !	

${\it Cholera, yellow fever, and smallpox, etc.} \hbox{--} {\it Continued.}$

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.		Date.	Cases.	. Deaths.	Remarks.
Belgium:					
Antwerp	. May		3 3	2	,-
Borneo:	1		1	1 -	
Brunai	1	. 8	1		. Reported epidemic.
Bahia Pernambuco	. July . May	1-Sept. 3	59 1	193	
Rio de Janeiro Canada:	. May	9-Aug. 2	3,038	1,358	
Belleville	. Aug.	30-Sept. 12			•
onne.	1	24-Aug. 20			
Santiago China:	ł	ay 19			-
Hongkong	. May	15-Aug. 6	15	6	Two cases imported from Shang- hai via ss. Chi Yuen; 1 case
	1				imported from Saigon per s. s.
Shanghai		15-July 30		. 30	Shooh Sing.
Tientsin Colombia:	May	15-21			Epidemic.
Barranquilla	July	18-24	15	. 1	
Cuba:		22-Sept. 3	1	1	
Habana Formosa:	June	19–25		. 1	
Tamsui France:	Apr.	1-June 30	6		
Lyon	May	16-28		. 4	
Marseille	May June	1-July 31 4-Sept. 10	154	8	
Rouen	July	1-31	-	2	
Berlin	July	16	. 3		
Freat Britain and Ireland: Birmingham	June	19-July 9	2		
Bradford Bristol	June June	19-July 9 5-Sept. 10 5-Sept. 17	34 17	2	
CardiffDublin	Mav	וו סמווושעי	3 4		
Edinburgh	June	12-27 5-July 30 11-Sept. 23	8	5	
Glasgow Leeds.	June	12-Sept. 10	133	13	
Leeds. Liverpool London	June	12-Aug. 13 4-Sept. 17 6-Sept. 17	10 93	6	
Manchester	June	6-Sept. 17	37	4	
Newcastle on Tyne Nottingham	June	4-Sept. 17 5-Sept. 10	89 40	5	
SheffieldSouth Shields	May :	29-July 23 12-July 23	6 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
West Hartlepoolndia:	Aug.	21-Sept. 3	4		
Bombay	May 2	25-Aug. 30 5-Aug. 27		114	
Calcutta	June Mav	5-Aug. 27 30-Aug. 7	9	7 4	
taly: Milan	-	1-30	1	_	
Palermo	May 1	16-Sept. 10	131	43	
kobe	June 1	12-25	2		
Nagasaki Yokohama	May 2	20-July 31 4-11	17 1	14	
ava: Batavia		8-28	4	8	
lanitoba:				•	
Winnipeg		14–27	2		
Mexico	June 1	6-Sept. 17 12-July 2	53	4 3	
etherlands:		•	,	"	
Amsterdam		5-11 0-16	1 1		
anama: Panama	June 1	3–19	1	1	
eru: Arequipa	_	8		-	Epidemic.
Callag	Inly	9			Decree
Callao Lima	July	7-30			Present. Do.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.		Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
hilippine Islands:						
Manila	May	7-July	16	27	6	
ussia:	M	100 Com4		154		[
Moscow	May	29-Sept.	3	154	54	
Odessa				16	2	l
St. Petersburg		29-Sept.			34	l
Warsaw	May	8-Aug.	13	• • • • • • • •	291	
pain:				;		1
Barcelona	May	21-Sept.	10		89	
Cadiz	May	1-June	20		3	
traits Settlements:				i	_	
Singapore	May	8-14			1	
urkey:				1	•	
Alexandretta	June	5-Sept.	3		21	
Beirut		24-Sept.			21	Present.
Constantinople	May	30-Sept.	11		75	riesent.
	Tuno	or-sept.	11			
Smyrna	June	27-Aug.	14		4	

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities.

			a.				Γ	eath	s fr	m—				_
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Acapulco	Sept. 17 Sept. 3	6,000	5	l		ļ								
Aix la Chapelle		144, 989	84	1								1	1	
Alexandretta	Aug. 27	9,000	4			• • • •			· · · · ·				• • • •	• • • •
Do	Sept. 3	9,000	5					1			• • • •	••••	••••	• • • •
Amherstburg	Sept. 24	2,250	1	1						:-	¦		:-	:
Amsterdam		548, 435	141	23						2			2	6
Athens		200,000		7						3				
Barmen		150, 212	43	5							1			
Beirut		80,000	a 15											
Belfast	do	358, 693	127							3	1		1	1
Belize	Sept. 23	9,000	2	1		1								
Bergen	Sept. 7	80,000	18	3										
Berlin	Aug. 27	1,972,201	732	73		1				2	9	5	3	
Do	Sept. 3	1,972,201	718	76		1				5	13	4	6	
Birmingham		537, 965	180								1	ī	3	6
Do		537, 965	179		• • • • • •					• • • •	-	2	i	3
Bombay		776,006	693	56	59	39		3		···2		-	- 1	0
	Aug. 30			56	99	39	••••	9		í	• • • • •			••••
Bremen	Sept. 10	182,000	73	9								1	1	••••
Bristol	Sept. 17	343, 204	109	ا - : : - ا	• • • • • •					1	• • • •	1		8
Brussels		575, 896	152	15									2	4
Budapest		804, 200						;		6	3	1	1	1
Calcutta		847, 796	365	20	5	4		1						.
Cartagena	Sept. 10	30,000	10											
Catania	Sept. 15	153, 523	70	5			١ ا	!	3	7		2		
Christiania	Sept. 10	224,000	56	l i				!		1		1 1		
Coburg		23,028	5	2								!		
Do		23,047	5	2										
Cognac	Sept. 3	19, 483	4	ī										
Do	Sept. 10	19, 483	5	î i			••••							
Cologne.	do	414,554	187						••••	3	2	i	4	4
Colombo	Aug. 20	155, 869	120			• • • • •				5	- 1	-	1	•
Colon	Sept. 18	8,000	8		•••••									• • • •
	Sept. 11	800,000	207					9		4	2	2		• • • •
Constantinople			122	8		• • • • •	• • • • •	9		* !	-	-		••••
Copenhagen	Sept. 10	500,000		0									i	•
Crefeld		110,389	43	!									- 1	
Do	Sept. 10	110,389	28								••••	••••	··;· ·	• • • • •
	do	378, 994	157				••••			:-:		••••	1	4
	do	331,977	89							1		2	1	4
Flushing	Sept. 17	19, 105	4							!				••••
Frankfort-on-the-Main	Sept. 10	316,000	82									••••		1
Funchal	Sept. 11	44,049	22	3			اا							
Girgenti	Sept. 10	25,069	12						1	!.			.	
	do	135, 314	34	9				1						1
			Patim.				•							

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

			E E											
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	ns from	Tuberculosis.	Plague,	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Halifax	. Sept. 24	40, 787	21											
Hamburg	. Sept. 10 . Sept. 3	751, 842 130, 196	246 72	10			¦			1		2		1
Havre. Do	Sept. 10	130, 196	72 57							ī		1	i	
Hull	do . Aug. 28	253, 865 108, 644	103 55		3					• • • •		2	1	
Kobe	Aug. 20	108, 644 287, 909 287, 909	180							5 1				
		287, 909 31, 553	193 8							1			• • • •	••••
Las Palmas	Sept. 11	49,500	24											
Leeds	Sept. 17	428, 953	135	8						1	1	1	2 1	1
La Rochelle	Sept. 10do	496, 370 80, 508	170 15	13		• • • • •		••••	••••	2	• • • •	3	1	• • • •
		25,000	15	ī					i	5				
Liverpool	do Sept. 17	723, 430 723, 430	347 314			• • • •		••••	••••	5 1	5 5	4 5	12 11	2 2
Lyon	Sept. 3	500,000	147	26						4		ĭ		
Madras	Aug. 26 Sept. 3	509, 346 152, 009	344 42	¦		• • • •	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •		••••	···i·	••••
MIOSCOW	1 00 1	1, 173, 427	552	7						3	5	3	8	4
Nuremberg Do	Aug. 27	275,000	150	14									1	1 2
Do	Sept. 3 Sept. 10	275,000 275,000	136 107	13 19		••••	••••	••••		••••	••••	1	••••	2
Odessa Palermo	do	492, 000 330, 000 20, 000	227	12				<u>.</u>		6	16	3		
Panama	Sept. 18	20,000	101 23	6 2				5			••••	••••		• • • •
Plymouth	Sept. 17	114,000	39										ï	• • • •
Port au Prince	Sept. 5 Sept. 12	60, 000 60, 000	6 28				••••						••••	••••
Prague. Puerto Cortez	Sept. 10	225, 816	108	25					::::			i		••••
Puerto Cortez	Sept. 22 Sept. 24	225, 816 2, 125 70, 000	• • • • •					••••	••••	••••			••••	••••
Quebec	Aug. 14	850,000	438	44	2			130		"i"		3		• • • •
Do	Aug. 21	850,000	413	45				135			2	5	1	2
Rotterdam	Aug. 28 Sept. 17	850,000 367,591	417 118	61			1	137	•	••••	··i·	3		1
Sagua la Grande	do	21, 342 40, 711 1, 450, 000	8	3										• • • •
St. John, N. B	Sept. 24 Sept. 10	1 450 000	11 537	90	-				•	17	.;;-	15		
St. Petersburg St. Stephen, N. B	Sept. 24	2,840 228,983		30						17	11	15	8	
Salford	Sept. 10 Sept. 11	228, 983	99 4	6	.	•••• •	••••		••••	:-	1	1	3	4
Do	Sept. 11	11,333 11,333	3	2						1				• • • •
Santa Cruz de Teneriffe	Sept. 10	40,000	8											
Santander Singapore	Sept. 11 Aug. 13	53, 574 97, 111	31 243	32						••••	••••	••••	••••	• • • •
Singapore Smyrna Solingen Do Southampton Stockholm	Aug. 23	60,000	243 64 15	13						5				••••
Do	Sept. 3 Sept. 10	15, 142 15, 142	15 10			•••• •	-		· ·	•••• •	•••• •	• • • • •	· ·	• • • •
Southampton	Sept. 17	15, 142 112, 500	27	2										i
Btockholm	Aug. 27 Sept. 3	309, 496 309, 496	64 82	8 16	-	-	-			1 .	3	2		1 2
Stuttgart	Sept. 15	195, 126	86	2									ï.	
Do	Sept. 10	40,000 .				-	-		-			-	-	•••
Trieste	do Sept. 3	61, 477 190, 166	19 86							i	il.			•••
	Sept. 10	190, 166 167, 741	59	,.										•••
Venice	Sept. 3 Aug. 7	21,000 +	46	4 .						1 .	• • •	1	1	1
Do	Aug. 14	21,000	7	2		:	.		.				:	•••
Vienna	Aug. 21 Sept. 3	21,000	4 542	90		-	-	-	-	ï	ï	6	5	•••
winnipeg	Sept. 17	1,797,992 70,000					::: :			8 .	•••	î.		•••
Zurich	Sept. 3 Sept. 10	161,063 161,063	49 38	-		-	-	-	-	-;-	1 .		2	1
	-CP0. 10	101,000	90	-			-	.	•••	1 -	-	-		1
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By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

A. H. GLENNAN,
Acting Surgeon-General,
United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.