PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Summary of work in Chinatown, San Francisco, for the week ended September 3, 1904.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue, under date of September 5:

Week ended September 3.

Buildings reinspected	251
Rooms	1,668
Persons inspected	2, 203
Sick	15
Sick prescribed for at Oriental Dispensary	12
Dead examined	6
Necropsies	3
Rats examined bacteriologically	89
Number showing pest infection	0
Places limed and disinfected	371
Times streets swept	3
Sewers flushed	17
Blocks covered with Danysz virus and phosphorus poison	0

Investigation of reported plague cases at Bisbee, Ariz.—Report unfounded.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports, August 23, as follows: I have the honor to submit the following report of my visit to Bisbee in compliance with Bureau letter of August 10, 1904, directing me to visit Bisbee, Ariz., to investigate rumors as to the prevalence of

bubonic plague in that place.

Upon my arrival at Bisbee I interviewed Doctor Broderick, the city and county health officer. He showed me the records of the Copper Queen Hospital covering the past six months. During the month of March, 1904, the records showed 18 cases of pneumonia, all of which presented only the typical signs and symptons of pneumonia. Most of the men affected were alcoholics, and the mortality was about 30 per cent. The Doctor informed me that the number of pneumonia cases treated on the outside by private practitioners did not exceed 20 cases, and that the mortality of those cases was only a trifle higher.

Since March there have been only a few isolated cases of pneumonia. The doctors all seem to be at a loss to account for the popular rumor circulated to the effect that these cases died of "black heart" instead of pneumonia. They claim that there were no symptoms present except those ordinarily found in cases of pneumonia.

I visited all of the practicing physicians in Bisbee and they all gave me substantially the same information concerning the past and present conditions of Bisbee.

At the present time there seems to be considerable enteric fever. During July the hospital records showed sixteen (16) cases and during August to date six (6) cases. From the other physicians I learned that there have been about thirty (30) cases of enteric fever treated on the

outside during this same period.

From a sanitary standpoint Bisbee is in a very bad condition. has a population of about 12,000 people, who live in the gulches and upon the hillsides. The filth from the cesspools is washed down the hills into the gulches and through the heart of the city. station of Bisbee was washed away, and as a consequence there is a great scarcity of water. At the Copper Queen Hotel (the largest in Bisbee) there was no water to flush out the closets in the numerous lavatories, a condition that has existed nearly ten days, but which they claim will be remedied in a few more days.

The health officer is endeavoring to clean up the city, and he informed me that the city officials are considering the advisability of expending

\$200,000 to construct a thorough sewerage system for Bisbee.

From the undertaker I learned that during July 8 bodies were

buried and during August, to date, 5 bodies.

In conclusion I would state that I feel satisfied that the rumors referred to are without foundation, and that Bisbee at the present time is in its normal condition and not suffering from any epidemic disease.

Transactions on account of smallpox in northern Maine, Canadian border.

Report of sanitary work in the Madawaska region.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hammond reports, through Surgeon Kalloch, as follows:

Week ended August 27, 1904: Number of cases smallpox under supervision, 2; of these, previously reported, 0; new cases, 2; houses under quarantine, 1; houses fumigated during week, 2; persons vaccinated, 4; miles of territory covered, 70.

Transactions on account of yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.—Conditions at Corpus Christi—Sanitary work.

Acting Assistant Surgeon MacGregor reports, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Corpus Christi, Tex., August 25, 1904.

I arrived at Corpus Christi this evening. There is no change in the local situation.

I had a conversation with the mayor to-day, and he told me that the city was being cleaned up and all exposed water surfaces were being oiled, all weeds, etc., removed, with the idea of putting the city in sanitary condition

I shall go to San Diego to-day and return here to-morrow. are some cases from outlying ranches at San Diego that I consider,

from reports received, worthy of investigation.

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I also believe that I should watch closely all trains from Brownsville, as also the passengers from neighboring points on the Rio Grande River.

I would respectfully state that in my recent visit to Hebbronville I vaccinated 42 persons. During the inspection of that place I also caused to be oiled several cisterns and 7 barrels in which I found wigglers.

August 27, 1904.

I spent to-day inspecting Corpus Christi, in company with Mayor Segrest. We made a complete canvass of the city, finding many wigglers in cisterns and other water containers. The mayor promised to take immediate action in having these containers oiled. There are many old tanks now dry, but which in time of rain fill up and furnish breeding places for mosquitoes. These tanks, surface ground excavations, are to be filled up with earth and the surroundings sanitated.

There seems to be a more lively interest taken in the systematic cleaning of the town and warfare on the mosquito. The city ordinance fully provides for the enforcement of these measures, which the mayor promises to have carried out. The general health of the city is good.

I would respectfully suggest that I be permitted to inspect along the line of the San Antonio and Aransas Pass to Falfurrias, and along the line of the Brownsville Railroad to Kingsville and Sartia, if I hear of any suspicious sickness in that section.

Alice, San Diego, and other places along the Texas-Mexican Rail-

way do not report any serious illness.

I shall return to San Diego Monday, and, being in touch with all points along the line, will visit each place as occasion requires.

Inspection of San Diego.

August 27, 1904.

I visited San Diego, where I found three new cases of continued or remittent fever, which have been sick for several days. There were no cases that could be diagnosed suspicious.

I shall remain here to-day, inspecting and gathering information.

Conditions at Rio Grande City—Inspection at ferries.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Dashiell reports, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

RIO GRANDE CITY, TEX., August 27, 1904.

During the week ended August 26, 1904, 49 persons crossed the river from near-by points on the Mexican side. One man from Monterey was held for inspection, but finding that he would have difficulty in crossing he returned to Camargo, saying that he had no special object in coming to this side other than pleasure.

During the week we have inspected 361 houses, 523 water barrels, 7 oiled, owing to the presence of wigglers, and one more cistern was observed to have been properly screened and provided with a pump.

observed to have been properly screened and provided with a pump.

Upon receipt of advice from Washington, followed by directions from you, to see that boats along the river were looked after, the customs officers have arranged to have all boats tied up as soon as positive instructions come for such action.

The Surgeon-General inquired as to what could be procured here for detention camp, in the way of tents or buildings, in case such should be necessary. I replied that tents and complete camp outfit could be secured from Fort Ringgold, provided that the Department quartermaster authorized the issuing of the materials.

I vaccinated two Mexican children coming from Camargo, and

bound for Alice, Tex.

I met the mayor of Camargo at the ferry on the 25th instant, and he offered me all assistance should I visit Camargo, assuring me that I would receive courteous treatment at any point I should visit in this vicinity.

Doctor Kennedy, of this place, reports a case of continued malarial fever, which he took the precaution to screen. The case is now of over three weeks' duration. Dr. Soliz will take me to-day to see two similar cases a short distance from town.

Summary of work at Laredo and New Laredo.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Richard-

son, under date of September 6, 1904:

During week ended September 3, fumigated 24 houses containing 95 rooms and stocked 55 cisterns and wells with larvæ-eating fish; inspected 7,078 premises and oiled 1,650 water containers; maximum temperature, 103; rainfall, trace. Cock and force at Brownsville; MacGregor along line of Texas-Mexican. New Laredo reports, August 26 to September 4, 4,464 domiciliary visits; 172 water containers emptied, 72 oiled, and 29 premises cleared of rubbish.

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at Nogales, Ariz.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports as follows: Week ended August 27, 1904. Passengers inspected, 102; immigrants inspected, 16; immigrants deported, 2.

Inspection at Eagle Pass, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports as follows:

	Week ended August 27.
Persons inspected	

Bags Pullman linen disinfected, 30.

Inspected on footbridge, 3,305 persons. Returned by State quarantine officer—by train, 6; by bridge, 33.

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports as follows: Week ended

August 27, 1904:

Inspection Mexican Central passengers, 236; inspection Mexican immigrants, 72; inspection special Syrians, 2; disinfection soiled linen imported for laundry work, 374 pieces; fumigation cattle hides imported from Mexico, 675; detention 2 days' passenger only 3 days out from

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Veracruz; disinfection of baggage, passenger from Veracruz; vaccination of immigrant children, 6.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

Connecticut—Stamford.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated pop-Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths ulation, 18,000. from contagious diseases reported.

Illinois—Belleville.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 19,000. Total number of deaths, 26, including whooping cough 1,

and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Iowa-Keokuk.-Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, Total number of deaths, 16, including enteric fever 1, and 1 16,000. from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended August 27, 1904, from 87 observers, indicate that inflammation of kidneys, pleuritis, whooping cough, diphtheria, smallpox, inflammation of brain, and meningitis, were more than usually prevalent, and cholera morbus, dysentery, enteric fever, cholera infantum, intermittent fever, erysipelas, remittent fever, and measles were less than usually prevalent.

Meningitis was reported present at 1 place, pneumonia at 9, measles at 14, whooping cough at 17, diphtheria at 28, scarlet fever at 33, smallpox at 51, enteric fever at 77, and phthisis pulmonalis at 284

places.

Grand Rapids.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 95,000. Total number of deaths, 86, including diphtheria 1, whoop-

ing cough 1, and 8 from tuberculosis.

MINNESOTA.—Reports to the State board of health for the month of January, 1904, from 53 localities, State institutions and other parts of the State, having an aggregate population of 1,751,395, show a total of 1,186 deaths, including diphtheria 22, enteric fever 27, measles 1, scarlet fever 31, whooping cough 3, smallpox 2, and 128 from tuberculosis.

Month of February, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,488, including diphtheria 14, enteric fever 36, measles 4, scarlet fever 26,

whooping cough 5, smallpox 2, and 155 from tuberculosis.

Month of March, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,616, including diphtheria 25, enteric fever 41, measles 5, scarlet fever 29, whooping cough 5, smallpox 2, and 156 from tuberculosis.

Month of April, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,381, including diphtheria 14, enteric fever 33, scarlet fever 8, whooping cough 3,

smallpox 13, and 188 from tuberculosis.

Month of May, 1904. Total number of deaths, 1,476, including diphtheria 19, enteric fever 29, measles 3, scarlet fever 16, whooping cough 3, smallpox 8, and 194 from tuberculosis.

NEBRASKA—Omaha.—Month of May, 1904. Census population, 102,555. Total number of deaths, 91, including diphtheria 2, enteric

fever 1, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 1, and 10 from tuberculosis.

Month of June, 1904. Total number of deaths, 79, including 7 from

tuberculosis.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Franklin.—Month of August, 1904. Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 8. No deaths from contagious diseases.

VIRGINIA—Pocahontas.—Month of August, 1904. Census population, 2,789. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from

contagious diseases reported.

WISCONSIN—*Milwaikee*.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 325,000. Total number of deaths, 300, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, measles 2, scarlet fever 2, and 42 from tuberculosis.

Report of immigration at Key West.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, Key West, Fla., August 29, 1904.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at Key West during the week ended August 27, 1904.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
1904. Aug. 23 25 26 27	Mascotte	do	18

Julius Otto, Immigrant Inspector in Charge.

Report of immigration at New York.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, New York, August 29, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended August 27, 1904; also the names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.	
Aug. 21	Arabic	Liverpool and Queenstown	230	
21	Astoria	Glasgow	213	
21	Blücher	Hamburg	451	
21	New York	Southampton	706	
22	Oscar II	Copenhagen, etc	591	
22	Byron	Rio de Janeiro, etc	101	
22	Trinidad	Bermuda	11	
23	Frieda	Naples, etc.	137	
23	Vaderland	Antwerp	633	
23	Potsdam	Rotterdam	613	
23	Fried. der Grosse	Bremen	846	
23	Sicilian Prince	Naples	372	
23	Mexico	Habana		
23	Bark Benj. F. Hunt	Rosario, Argentine Republic	3	
24	Prinzess Irene		0.40	
24	Citta di Napoli.		340	
24	Ultonia		250	
24	Lucania	Trieste, Fiume, etc	424	
24	Lucania	Liverpool and Queenstown	1	
24	Chas. Tiberghien	Hamburg	1	
25	Bremen	Bremen	1	
	Deutschland	Hamburg	252	
25	Graf Waldersee	ao	554	
25	Teutonic	Liverpool and Queenstown	738	
25	Laurentian		44	
25	British Princess	Antwerp	12	
25	Hilary	Para	5	
?6	Perugia	Naples	173	
?6	Etruria	Demerara, etc	50	
26	Fried. der Grosse	Bremen	ì	
27	St. Paul	Southampton	737	
27	Celtic	Liverpool and Queenstown	798	
27	Vigilancia	Habana, etc	6	
1	Total		9, 295	

Report of immigration at Philadelphia.

Office of Commissioner of Immigration, Philadelphia, August 27, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended August 27, 1904; also name of vessel and port from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Aug. 22	Noordland	Liverpool and Queenstown	260

J. L. Hughes, Acting Commissioner.

Inspection of immigrants.

MONTHLY.

Place.	Month.	of immigrants	V
Detroit, Mich. Galveston, Tex Key West, Fla. Malone, N. Y New Orleans, La. Newport News, Va. Norfolk, Va. Richford, Vt. San Francisco, Cal	do do do do	140 1 51 126	3 0 0 2 2 2 0 0 0 2 4 a 22

a One held for diagnosis.

Reports from national quarantine

Number	Name of station.	Week ended—		Date of arrival.	Port of departure
1	UNITED STATES:	~			
2	Regularit N. C.	Sept. 2			
3	ONITED STATES: Alexandria, Va Beaufort, N. C Biscayne Bay, Fla	Aug. 27			
4	Bocagrande, Fla.— Punta Gorda	do			
5	Puntarasa	Sept. 2	Br. bktn. Mary Hendry		
6 7	Brunswick, Ga	Aug. 27	Br. bktn. Mary Hendry	Aug. 26	New York
8	Cape Charles, VaCape Fear, N. C	Sept. 2			
9	Cedar Keys, Fla. Columbia River, Oreg	Sept. 2			
10 11	Columbia River, Oreg Cumberland Sound, Fla	Aug. 20			
12	Delaware Breakwater	Aug 27			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	Quarantine Lewes Del		I .	1	
13 14	Eastport, Me Eureka, Cal	Sept. 1			
15	Grava Harbor Wash	Aug. 27			••••••
16	Grays Harbor, Wash Gulf Quarantine, Ship Is-	do			
17					
17 18	Key West, Fla. Los Angeles, Cai	Aug. 27			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
19	Los Angeles, Cal Newbern, N. C Nome, Alaska Panama, Panama Pascagoula, Miss. Perth Amboy, N. J Port Angeles, Wash Portland, Me. Port Townsend, Wash Reedy Island, Del St. Georges Sound, Fla.—	Aug. 27			••••••
20	Nome, Alaska	Aug. 13			
21 22	Pascagoula Miss	do			
23	Perth Amboy, N. J	do	Br. ss. Oldhamia	Aug. 22	Tampico
24	Port Angeles, Wash	do			
25 26	Port Townsond Wesh	Sept. 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
27	Reedy Island, Del.	Aug. 27			
	St. Georges Sound, Fla.—				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
28 29	St. Georges Sound, Fla.— East Pass West Pass St. Johns River, Fla	do			
30	St. Johns River. Fla	ao			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
			***************************************		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
31	San Diago Col	A 00			
91	San Diego, Cai	Aug. 20			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
32	San Diego, Cal	do			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			1	!	•
83	San Pedro, Cal	Aug. 20			
84 35	San Pedro, Cal Santa Barbara, Cai Santa Rosa, Fla	do			
50	Santa Rosa, Fla	Aug. 28	Br. ss. Saltmarsh	Aug. 23	Tampico
			German bktine Zion Nor. ss. Teleron	Aug. 24	La Guaira
ĺ			Br. ss. Crown of Navarre.	- !	Progreso
ا ء	Savannah Ga		i		
36 37	Savannah, Ga	Aug. 27	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · ·	••••••
88	Sitka, Alaska South Atlantic quarantine,	Aug. 27		. 	
	Blackbeard Island Ge	i			
39 10	Southbend, Wash	op	••••••	••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
ii	Tampa, Fla. Washington, N. C.	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	HAWAII:	1	i		
12	Hilo	Aug. 13			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
4	Honolulu	do			••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
5	Kihei Koloa Lahaina	do			
6	Lahaina	Aug. 13		•••••	•••••
8	мапикона	do			
	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS:				
اما	Cebu J			•••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
9	Iloilo				
9 0 1	Iloilo	July 9 .			
9 0 1 2	Iloilo	fuly 9 .			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
9 0 1 2	Iloilo	July 9 . July 30 .			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

and inspection stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1				No report	
3				No report	
4				3 vessels spoken and passed	
5	Brunswick	Disinfected	Aug. 27	No report	
8				No report No transactions	
10		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		No report	
11 12				No transactions	1
13				No report	
14 15				dodo	
16				do	
17				No transactions	8
18 19				No transactionsdo	
20 21				No report	4
20 21 22 23 24	Perth Amboy	Fumigated	Aug. 22	3 vessels spoken and passed	
1 25				No reportdo	
26 27				No report	2
28 29				do	
30				12 vessels spoken and pass- ed: 6 steamships passed without inspection.	i
31			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2 4
32				4 vessels spoken and passed. Temperature taken all on board Ger. ss. Hathor from Hamburg and Am. ss. City of Panama from Ancon.	10
33 34			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	No transactionsdo	
35	Pensacolado	Fumigated and held to complete 5 days. Discharging ballast	Aug. 24		
	do	Held to fumigate		Surgeon removed to hos- pital, malarial fever.	
	do	do	•••••		3
36 37				No report	
38			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Vessel spoken and passed.	
39 40				No report	3
41	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			No transactions	
42 43				No transactions	5
44 45					1
46 47 48				No transactionsdo.	1
49				No report	
50				do	
51 52				do	•••••••
58	Genoa	Held in quarantine	Aug. 20	4 passengers from La Guayra, native Porto Ricans, immunes, allowed to land.	

Reports from national quarantine

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
54 55	Porto Rico—Continued. San Juan Subports— Agnadilla	Aug. 20	U. S. S. Gloucester	Aug. 19	St. Thomas
55 56 57 58 59	Arroyo	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
58 59 60	Humacao	do			
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Reports from State and

Number.	Name of station.	Week ending—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2	Baltimore, Md	do			
8 4 5	Boston, Mass Charleston, S. C Elizabeth River, Va	Aug. 27 Sept. 3			
6 7 8	Galveston, Tex	do Sept. 2			
9 10 11	Mobile Bay, Ala New Bedford, Mass New Orleans, La	Sept. 2 Aug. 20			
12 13 14	Newport News, Va Newport, R. I New York, N. Y	do		••••••	
15 16 17	Pass Cavallo, Tex	do			
18 19 20	Quintana, Tex	do			
	Zii Ziii Zii Zii Zii Zii Zii Zii Zii Zi			·····	

and inspection stations—Continued.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
54 55	Orders	Passed on medical officer's certificate.	Aug. 19	No transactions.	3
56					
57					
58					
59				No transactions	
60					2

${\it municipal\ quarantine\ stations.}$

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1					
2 3					
4 5			•••••		1
6			••••••	No report	
8					
9 10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			do	
11 12	•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	do	
13 14	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		do	
15				do	
16 17				do	
18 19				dodo	••••••
20				do	

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 25 to September 9, 1904.

For reports received from December 26, 1903, to June 24, 1904, see Public Health Reports for June 24, 1904.

[Note.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
California: San Francisco	June 13-July 3	2		
Total for State	June 13-July 3	2		-
				•
Total for State, same period, 1903.		35		
Colorado: Boulder County	May 1-July 31	18		
Chaffee County	May 1-July 31 May 1-31 May 1-31	2		
Clear Creek County	May 1-31 May 1-Aug. 17	1 21		
Denver County	July 1-31	1		
Fremont County	July 1-31 July 1-31	3 1		
Gilpin County	Mav 1-31	1		
Lake County Larimer County	May 1-July 31 May 1-July 31 May 1-July 31	3 63		
Las Animas County Otero County	May 1-July 31 May 1-31	3 1		
Pueblo County	May 1-July 31	5		
Sedgewick County	May 1-31 May 1-31	1 1		
Weld County	May 1-July 31	22		1
Total for State		148		
Total for State, same period,		834		
1903. Delaware	June 26-July 2	1		
Total for State		1		
Total for State, same period,				
1902. District of Columbia:	_			
Washington	June 19-Aug. 27	5	4	,
Total for District		5	4	
Total for District, same period, 1903.	•••••			
Florida: Jacksonville	June 12-July 16 June 19-July 30	3		
At large	June 19-July 30	42	2	
Total for State	•••••	45	2	
Total for State, same period,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Georgia: Macon	June 12-July 20	7		
Total for State		7		
Total for State, same period,		8		
1903. Illinois:				
Belleville	June 1-Aug. 31	48	3	
Chicago Danville	June 19-Aug. 27 June 19-July 30	52 14		
Peoria	July 1-31	4		
Springfield	July 12-30	8	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Total for State		126	3	
Total for State, same period, 1903.		83	5	
ndiana:	July 1–31		5	
Total for State	July 1-01		5	
i				
1903.		838	15	
owa: Blackhawk County Bremer County	June 1-30 June 1-30	2		

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Iowa—Continued. Carroll County	June 1–30 June 1–July 30	1 7		One case imported.
cluded.) Grundy County Ida County	June 1-30 June 1-30	3 1		
Jones County (Anamosa included). Mahaska County	June 1-30 June 1-30	8		
Polk County Tama County		2		
Total for State Total for State, same period,		30 56		
1903. Kansas: Allen County	Apr. 1-July 1	3		
Atchison County Barton County Bourbon County	Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1	5 8		
Cowley County Cherokee County Crawford County	Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1	5 31 6		
Dickinson County Doniphan County Douglas County	Apr. 1-July 1	16 13 11		
Ellis County Harvey County Jackson County	Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1	19 8 1		
Johnson County Kingman County Labette County	Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1	2 1 31		
Leavenworth County Lyon County Marshall County	Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1	6 1		
Montgomery County Pratt County Saline County	Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1 Apr. 1-July 1	1 35		
Sherman CountySumner CountyWashington County	Apr. 1-July 1	4		
Total for State		225		
Total for State, same period, 1903. Kentucky: Covington				•
Total for State	1	4		
Total for State, same period, 1903.			<u></u>	
Louisiana: Baton Rouge New Orleans	July 24-30 June 12-Aug. 27.	3 40		Four cases imported.
Total for State Total for State, same period,		43	1	
1903. Maine: Madawaska Region		38		
Total for State		38		
Total for State, same period, 1903. Maryland:				
Baltimore	June 19–25	2		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		48	7	
Massachusetts: Fitchburg Lawrence North Adams	July 3-23 June 19-25 July 3-Aug. 27	2 1 21	2	
Total for State	1	24	2	
Total for State, same period, 1903.	•••••	63		1

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Michigan:				
Detroit	June 12-July 23	8	: 1	
Grand Rapids	Aug. 7-20	2		₹,
	1146. 1 20			<u>:</u> :
Total for State		10		•
Total for State, same period,		109	5	•
1903. Minnesota:				=
Aitkin County	Aug. 2-8	1		1
Becker County	June 21-July 11		ı	i
Beltrami County	July 19-25	2		
Bigstone County	July 12-Aug. 1	$\frac{2}{2}$	1	i
Rrown County	Tul- 10 Ann 15			• !
Cass County.	July 12-18			• ;
Crow Wing County	July 5 Ang 9	4		
Dekote County	July 5-Aug. 8	2		•
Dakota County	June 14-20	Ī		
Douglas County	June 21-27	. 2		
Fillmore County	June 28-July 25	10		
Hennepin County	June 21-July 11	6	i	1
Hubbard County	June 14-Aug. 8			
Isanti County	July 26-Aug. 1	1		
Itasca County	July 12-18			
Kanabec County	June 14-Aug. 22.	19		†
Martin County	July 5-25			
Morrison County	June 28-July 5			
	June 14-20			;
	June 14-27			
Olmstead County	June 28-July 25	9		1
Pine County	June 28-July 5			
	June 14 July 5	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	June 14-July 5		• • • • • • • • • • •	
	June 28-Aug. 15	4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	June 14-July 25	26		
	July 5-Aug. 22	3		
Swift County	July 26-Aug. 1			
Todd County	June 28-Aug. 22	8		
Washington County	June 14-20			
Winona County	Aug. 9–22	2	•••••	
	June 28-Aug. 8	5		
Total for State	•••••••	143	·····	
Total for State, same period,		323	6	
1903.	<u>;=</u>			
issouri:	1		i	
St. Louis	June 12-Aug. 27	35	1	
	-			
Total for State		35	1	
Model for Otata	=			
Total for State, same period,		30 .		
1903.	<u> </u> =			
ontana:		1	1	
Beaverhead County	Apr. 1-June 30	1.		
Choresh County	Ann 1 Tuno 90	1 .		
Flathead County	nr 1_lung 20	3 .		
Gallatin County A	Apr. 1-June 30	1 .		
magison County		_ !-		
	ipr. 1-June 30	1 1.		
Missoula County	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1:		
Silverbow County	Apr. 1-June 30	1.		,
Silverbow County.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1 3.		,
Silverbow County.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{array}$.		,
Silverbow County A Sweet Grass County A Valley County A	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{array}$.		,
Silverbow County.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1 . 3 . 1 .		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County. A Total for State	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period,	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1 . 3 . 1 .		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska:	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska:	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha J	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha J South Omaha J J	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	13 .		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha J	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	13		,
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha J South Omaha J J	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	1		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha Ju Total for State	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	13		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County. A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1993. braska: Omaha Ji South Omaha Ji Total for State Total for State, same period, 1993.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	13		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County. A Total for State Total for State, same period, 1993. braska: Omaha Ji South Omaha Ji Total for State Total for State, same period, 1993.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	13		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State. Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha Ji Total for State Total for State. Total for State.	une 12-Aug. 13. une 12-July 9.	1		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County A Total for State. Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha Ji Total for State Total for State. Total for State.	Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30 Apr. 1-June 30	13		
Silverbow County. A Sweet Grass County. A Valley County. A Total for State. Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha. J. Total for State Total for State. Total for State. Total for State. Manchester. Ju	une 12-Aug. 13. une 12-July 9.	13		
Silverbow County. Sweet Grass County. A Valley County. Total for State. Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha. South Omaha. Total for State Total for State. Total for State. Total for State. Total for State.	une 12-Aug. 13. une 12-July 9.	1		
Silverbow County. Sweet Grass County. A Valley County. Total for State Total for State, same period, 1903. braska: Omaha Total for State June 1903. v Hampshire: Manchester June 1904	une 12-Aug. 13. une 12-July 9.	13		

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
New Jersey: Jersey City	June 13-24	4		One imported from Balti-
Total for State		4		more.
Total for State, same period,		33	5	
1903.				
New York: Buffalo	June 12-July 16	3		
Cuba	May 1-30		1	
New York	June 19-Aug. 13	9	2	
New York Niagara Falls Yonkers	June 12-July 16 May 1-30 June 19-Aug. 13 June 19-July 16 May 1-30	2	1	
Total for State		14	5	
Total for State, same period,		4		
1903. North Carolina:				
Alamance County	May 1-31	2		May 1, 1903, to May 1, 1904
Alleghany County	May 1-31 May 1-June 30	7 3		5,370 cases, 69 deaths.
Anson County	May 1-June 30 May 1-June 30	65		No. for June not given.
Bladen County	June 1-30	12	1	
Buncombe County	May 1-June 30	28	1	
Burke County	June 1-30	3		
Cabarrus County	June 1-30	1		
Catawba County	May 1-June 30 May 1-31	6 14		
Cleveland County	May 1-June 30	4		
Davidson County	May 1-June 30	3		
Davie County	June 1-30	1		
Duplin County	May 1-31 May 1-June 30	1 7		
Durham County	May 1-June 30	25		
Gaston County	May 1-June 30	13		
Gaston CountyGuilford County	May 1-June 30	23		
Haywood County	June 1-30	4 1		
Henderson County Jackson County	May 1-31 June 1-30	30		
Johnston County	May 1-31	2		
Mecklenburg County	May 1-31			37
Mitchell County	May 1-June 30			No. for June not given.
Nash County New Hanover County	May 1-31 May 1-31	i		
Person County	May 1-June 30	3 3		
Pitt County	May 1-June 30	5		
Richmond County	May 1-31 June 1-30	4 25		
Robeson County		8		
Rutherford County	May 1-31	2		
Scotland County	June 1-30	2		
Stanly County	May 1-31	2		
Surry County	June 1-30 May 1-31	13 8		
Swain County Wake County		1		
Washington County	May 1-31	1		
Wilkes County	May 1-June 30.	12		
Total for State	i	375		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		262		
North Dakota:				
Bottineau County	May 1-31	9		
Cass County	May 1-June 30. May 1-31	$\frac{12}{2}$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Grand Forks County McHenry County	July 1-31	ĩ	1	
Pembina County	July 1-31	3		
Ransom County	May 1-31	6	1	
Stutsman County	May 1-31 May 1-July 31	2 10		
Traill County Walsh County	May 1-31	21		
Wells County	June 1-30	1		
Total for State		67	2	
Total for State, same period,		92		
1903. Ohio:				
Adams County	Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Ashtabula County	Apr. 10-July 2 Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Athens CountyBelmont County	Apr. 10-July 2	70		
Beimont County	Apr. 10 duly 2	3 .		

Place.	Date.	.Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Ohio—Continued.				-
Butler County	Apr. 10-July 2.	. 4		.]
Carroll County Champaign County Clark County Columbiana County Coshocton County Crawford County	. Apr. 10-July 2	.] 11		-
Champaign County	. Apr. 10-July 2	. 2		-1
Columbiana County	Apr. 10-July 2	. 3		-
Coshoeton County	Apr. 10-July 2	5		-
Crawford County Crawford County Cuyahoga County Franklin County Fulton County Gallia County Guernsey County Hamilton County Hardin County Hardin County	Apr. 10-July 2	96 41		•
Cuvahoga County	Apr. 10-July 2	35		1
Franklin County	Apr. 10-July 2.	78		. [
Fulton County	Apr. 10-July 2	7		1
Gallia County	Apr. 10-July 2	2		1
Guernsey County	Apr. 10-July 2	32		.[
Hamilton County	June 18-Aug. 26	9	1	
	, aspen to oury was	1	<u>-</u> -	
Hocking County	Apr. 10-July 2	92	1	
Holmes County	Apr. 10-July 2	3		• [
Jackson County Knox County	Apr. 10-July 2	1		•
Lawrence County	Apr. 10-July 2	60	4	•
Lawrence County Licking County Lorain County	Apr. 10-July 2	24	*	
Lorain County	Apr. 10-July 2	3	1	1
Lucas County	Apr. 10-Aug. 13.	13	l	
Mahoning County	Apr. 10-July 2	47		
Marion County	Apr. 10-July 2	24	1	
Miami County	Apr. 10-July 2	7		1
Montgomery County	Apr. 10-July 2	122	17	
Morgan County	Apr. 10-July 2	12		İ
Morrow County.	Apr. 10-July 2	_1		
Muskingum County	Apr. 10-July 2	16		İ
Noble County	Apr. 10-July 2	88		1
Ottawa County	Apr. 10-July 2	37		
Perry County	Apr. 10-July 2	53 1	2	
Putnam County	Apr. 10-July 2	3		
Ross County	Apr. 10-July 2	23	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Scioto County	Apr. 10-July 2	3	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Shelby County	Apr. 10-July 2	55		
Shelby CountyStark County	Apr. 10-July 2	9		
Summit County	Apr. 10-July 2	ž		
Trumbull County	Apr. 10-July 2	ī		
Tuscarawas County	Apr. 10-July 2	30		
Van Wert County	Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Vinton County	Apr. 10-July 2	1		
Warren County	Apr. 10-July 2	7		
Vinton County Warren County Washington County Williams County	Apr. 10-July 2	7	1	
Wood County	Apr. 10-July 2	64		
Wyandot County	Apr. 10 July 2	1 4		
Wyandot County	Apr. 10-3 ury 2	4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Total for State	•••••	1, 222	31	
Total for State, same period,	1	59	2	
1903.		03		
ennsylvania:	1			
Allegheny County	June 19-25	2		
Blair County	June 19-July 2	2		
Cambria County	June 19-Aug.6	6 .		
Dauphin County	June 26-July 16	2 .		
Lycoming County	July 3-23	2		
Philadelphia County	June 19-Aug. 20	12	2	
Total for State		26	2	
Total for State same named	<u> </u>	1 000	1 477	
Total for State, same period, 1903.		1,380	147	
uth Carolina:	į=			
	June 12-Aug. 20	2 .		
	- dile 12-Aug. 20			
Total for State	·····			
Total for State, same period,		27	2	
1903.	=			
nnessee:				
Memphis J	June 12-July 23	18	1	
Nashville J	June 26-Aug. 20	5 .		
Matal for State	-			
Total for State	•••••	23	1	
	=	=		
Total for State, same period,		11 .		

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Texas:	June 1-30	1		
Total for State		1		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		14		
Jtah: Ogden Seven localities not named	May 1-June 30 July 1-31	5 26		
Total for State		31		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		40		
Washington: Adams County	June 1-30 May 1-31 May 1-July 31 May 1-31 May 1-July 31	4 1 1 24 4 8	1	
Snohomish County Spokane County (Spokane in- cluded).	May 1-July 31 May 1-July 31	4 21	3	
Wallawalla County Whitman County Yakima County	May 1-June 30	1 6 5	1	
Total for State		80	5	
Total for State, same period, 1903.		115		
Visconsin: Milwaukee	June 12-Aug. 13.	31		
Total for State		31		
Total for State, same period, 1903.		1,632	11	
		2,812	63	
Grand total,same period,1903.		6,232	215	

Plague in the United States, as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 25 to September 9, 1904.

California. Summary: Calendar year, 1900, 22 cases, 22 deaths; 1901, 30 cases, 25 deaths; 1902, 41 cases, 41 deaths; 1903, 17 cases, 17 deaths; six months ended July 1, 1904, 8 deaths and 1 recovery.

Yellow fever in the United States, as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, June 25 to September 9, 1904.

Six cases reported at Laredo, Tex. (including 1 imported from Minera), during the six months ended July 1, 1904.

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States.

	1	ited s of		1					VII.5 .	from				
Cities. Popper and Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Appendix Ap	Week ended— Population United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria	Measles.	Whooping	
Brockton, Mass	Aug. 27	40, 063	7					-		1				
Camden, S. C.	do	2, 441	i											
Charleston, S. C	do	55, 807	25	4										
Chelsea, Mass		34,072	10	1		l	i							
Chicago, Ill		1,698,575	472						l	. 8	2	6		
Cincinnati, Ohio	Aug. 26	325, 902	106	15							1			
Cleveland, Ohio	Aug. 27	381, 766	113	8						2				
Danville, Ill	do	16, 354	8											
Dunkirk, N. Y Erie, Pa	Aug. 21	11,616	10	13-								• • • •		
Everett, Mass		52, 733	22	2		••••		••••	• • • •	• • • •		1	• • • •	·
Fitchburg, Mass	Aug. 27	24, 336 31, 531	8						- 	• • • •		••••	• • • •	
Galesburg, Ill	do	18,607	3	4		i			• • • •	j			• • • •	
Homestead, Pa	Aug 98	12,554	5		• • • •			••••	• • • •	• • • • •	••••	••••	• • • •	
Hyde Park, Mass	Aug. 27	13, 244	6	i		••••		••••	• • • •		••••	••••	• • • •	
Ithaca, N. Y	go	13, 136	4		• • • • •				• • • •	••••	••••		• • • •	• • • •
Jacksonville, Fla	do	28, 429	23	1					••••	3				
Jersey City, N. J	Aug. 28	206, 433	68	11									· · i ·	
Kokomo, Ind	Aug. 27	10,609	3											
Lawrence, Mass	do	62,559	31	2				!		!	!	!		
Lynn, Mass	do	68, 513	15	3				1.						
Macon, Ga	do	22,746	5	1						!)			
Malden, Mass	go	33, 664	10				.			1		.	:	
Marlboro, Mass	oo	56, 987	23	3			• • • •	-		• • • •				1
Newburyport, Mass	Apg. 27	13,609	5 4					٠ إ إ			• • • • أ			• • • •
New Orleans. La		14, 478 287, 104	117	20			-	•••-			• • • •			• • • •
Newport, R. I		22,034	9		••••	••••		!-			• • • •		!	• • • •
New York, N. Y	do	3, 437, 202		147				••••				25	- ; -	••••
North Adams, Mass	do	24, 200						• • • • •				20	4	6
Northampton, Mass	do	18,643	7								• • • • •			
	Aug. 20	102, 555	27											••••
Do	Aug. 27	102, 555	28	.		.	! .	i .	l					
	do	7, 147	4 .											
	Aug. 20	321,616	113	11 .	-			;-		7	1	1 .		1
Ortland, Me.	Aug. 27	321,616	120	8 .	-		.	-		14	1	2	1	4
Quincy, Mass	do	50, 145 23, 899	13 7	$\frac{2}{2}$.				',-		1 .		-		
an Francisco, Cal	Aug 20	342,782	122	1-			••• •			• • • •	-:	-:- -	-	
anta Barbara, Cal	do	6,587	4								2	1 -	··· ·	• • • •
hreveport, La	Aug. 27	16,013	14						••• •	i.		-	• • • •	• • •
outh Bend, Ind	do	35, 999	15						• • • •	1				
aunton, Mass		31,036	18	2 .										•••
oledo, Ohio	do	131,822	33	4 .	.	!-		!						• • • •
Vashington, D. C	do	278, 718		12 .		.				6 .		2		2
Veymouth, Mass	Aug. 6	11,324	2 .		-		'] .	
Do	Aug. 13	11,324	4 .								!	1		
Do	Aug. 20	11, 324		-:-	-		• • : • •			-				
/ilkesbarre, Pa	aug. 27	11,324	5		-					-:			-	
illiamsport, Pa	do	51,721 28,757	$\begin{array}{c c} 12 & . \\ 11 & . \end{array}$:		!	'			2				
inona, Minn	do	19,714	4 .	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •							-	
orcester, Mass		118, 421	37	3	• • • • •		:				;			

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

AUSTRALIA.

Plague bulletins from Queensland, Sydney, and Western Australia— Examination of rats for plague infection.

Consul-General Bray, at Melbourne, forwards the following:

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, QUEENSLAND, Brishane, July 9, 1904.

Plague bulletin No. 22, for the week ended 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, July 9, 1904:

No case of plague has occurred in Queensland since June 12.

MARYBOROUGH TEMPORARY PLAGUE HOSPITAL.

The patient in this hospital, who is convalescent, will probably be discharged next week.

The number of cases of plague that have occurred in Queensland during the year is as follows:

Brisbane	25
Maryborough	2
Cairns	2

RATS AND MICE.

BRISBANE.

Rats examined at Bacteriological Institute	266
Rats infected	22
Mice examined at Bacteriological Institute	64
Mice infected	
Rats destroyed	134
Mice destroyed	428
Total number of rats and mice destroyed	914
ipswich.	
Rats examined at Bacteriological Institute	$^{64}_{7}$
Lawre Treasurer Donate Consideration	

John Thomson, Deputy Commissioner.

Brisbane, July 16, 1904.

Plague bulletin No. 23, for the week ended 12 o'clock noon, Saturday, July 16, 1904:

The last case of plague in man occurred in this State on June 12

last and the last plague-infected rat on July 11.

By order.

RATS AND MICE.

RATS AND MICE.			
Bulletin for the week ended Friday, July 15, 1904	:		
Rats examined at Bacteriological Institute Rats infected Mice examined at Bacteriological Institute		•••••	420
Mice infected Rats destroyed Mice destroyed			Nil
Total number of rodents destroyed			1,085
B. Burn Commissioner of	NETT	Нам,	
Brisbane,	July	24, 1	904.
Plague bulletin No. 24 for the week ended 12 o'cl day, July 23, 1904.	•		-
The last case of plague in man occurred in this Stat and the last plague-infected rat was found on the 21s	te on d t inst	June 1 ant.	.2 last,
• MICE AND RATS.			
BRISBANE			
Bulletin for week ended Friday, July 22, 1904:			
Rats examined at Bacteriological Institute Rats infected. Mice examined at Bacteriological Institute. Mice infected Rats destroyed. Mice destroyed.			3
Total number of rodents destroyed			
During the week one infected rat was found at Ips			303
B. Burn	ETT]		7.7
Commissioner of	Puon	c Hea	ith.
Department of Public He. State of New South Sydney,	\mathbf{W}	LES,	004.
Bubonic plague—Bulletin No. 19.—Week ended at urday, July 9, 1904.			
Plague in rats.			
	Rats.	Mice.	Total.
Total number of rodents destroyed during week Number of rodents examined in bacteriological laboratory during week Number of rodents found infected	1,393 481 4	1, 028 589 7	2, 421 1, 070 11
Plague in man.			
Cases during week ended July 9, 1904 Deaths during week ended July 9, 1904 Discharged from hospital. July 9, 1904		•••••	0 0 0
Remaining under treatment, July 9, 1904	• • • • • •	•••••	. 1

G. H. King, Secretary.

SYDNEY, July 18, 1904.

Bubonic plague—Bulletin No. 20.—Week ended at 1 p. m. on Saturday, July 16, 1904.

Plague in rats.

	Rats.	Mice.	Total.
Total number of rodents destroyed during week	1,546	1, 455	3,001
	585	784	1,369
	1	3	4

Plague in man.

Cases during week ended July 16, 1904	0
Deaths during week ended July 16, 1904	0
Discharged from hospital, July 16, 1904	0
Remaining under treatment, July 16, 1904	1

By order:

G. H. King, Secretary.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA-DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Bubonic plague.—Bulletin for period ended noon, Saturday, July 9, 1904:

Perth.

Number of cases reported	2
Number of deaths	1
Remaining under treatment July 9, 1904	1
Number of rodents examined at pathological laboratory	155
Number infected N	Vil.
1. amort microcarrians and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second a second and a second a second and	

Note.—A case was reported on June 26, the patient being a barber and tobacconist, aged 35, and residing in William street, Perth.

The second case, which was fatal, was reported on June 30, the patient being a lad, aged 16, living in Roe street, Perth, and working in a foundry in Wellington street, Perth.

No infected rats have been discovered in Perth since March 20 last.

V. R. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended August 25, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 8,500; number of deaths, 4; prevailing diseases, malarial fever of mild type and intestinal diseases; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 19 20 20 25	Anselm	43 40 15 17	2 0 0 10	11 2 0 1	0 0 0 0

COSTA RICA.

Report from Limon, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended August 27, 1904. Estimated population, 4,000; number of deaths, 6; prevailing diseases, malarial fevers; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, fair. An order has just been issued by the chief of police requiring all premises in Limon to be freed of grass, rubbish, vessels containing dirty water or decomposing organic matter, and that all water barrels be covered with wire netting, under the penalty of 25 colones for the disobedience of said order.

Bills of health were issued to the following named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 21 22 24 25 26 27	Brewster Alleghany Beacon Alps Miami Belvernon	34 45 30 26 46 21	0 2 0 0 0	0 9 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0

Six bills of health for Panaman ports were viséed and 28 passengers for Colon examined and given certificates.

CUBA.

Report from Matanzas—Scarlet fever and enteric fever—Malaria fever on steamship Falco, from Tampico—Unsanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, August 29, as follows: During the week ended August 27, 1904, bills of health were issued to 5 vessels bound for ports in the United States.

Three cases of malarial fever of the remittent type, which readily yielded to quinine, appeared among the crew of the Norwegian steamship Falco while undergoing precautionary quarantine at this port. This vessel came from Tampico, Mexico, via Cardenas, Cuba, and had been lying at the former place alongside the wharf for several days unloading a cargo of coal, and surrounded by swarms of mosquitoes. The three patients were apyretic and doing well, and no other sickness had occurred on board among the crew up to August 25, when this vessel cleared for New York direct.

Local newspapers have just inaugurated a vigorous campaign against the unsanitary condition of the city, in view of the notable increase in the number of cases of enteric fever, scarlatina, and fevers of malarial origin prevailing throughout town. They call the attention of the municipality as well as that of the general government to this fact, with the purpose of obtaining immediate action to relieve the existing situation before it assumes more alarming proportions. As yet nothing practical has been done.

Fortunately the epidemic of enteric fever, like that of scarlet fever,

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shows a mild type, causing so far a very small rate of mortality, but it is possible for it to attain in the future a higher degree of virulency if the existing sanitary conditions with a tendency for the worse are

not thoroughly attended to in due time.

From now on it will be a difficult matter to ascertain the exact number of cases of enteric fever and scarlatina prevailing, since most local practitioners fail to report them to the health officer, as has been customary heretofore. No penalty, to my knowledge, has been imposed on the physicians who have thus failed to comply with the sanitary regulations. This neglect will necessarily lead to the nonobservance of the usual prophylactic measures recommended in such cases, with all its dangerous consequences.

Report from Santingo—Disinfection of steamship Frieda, from Tampico.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, August 23 and 25, as follows:

During the week ended August 20, 1904, bills of health were issued to 2 vessels bound for the United States.

No quarantinable disease has been reported.

The British steamship Frieda arrived August 19 with the following history: Was at Tampico twelve days at wharf; crew went ashore; one man had fever there, but was cured before leaving. There were a great many mosquitoes; sailed from Tampico August 13; on the third day out one man was taken sick with fever and headache; on arriving at Santiago, three days later, he was still sick. As the steamer came from an infected port it was quarantined and the man was removed to the lazaretto. The steamer, which came in ballast, was disinfected. The committee on contagious diseases had the man under observation two days and then declared the case was not yellow fever. A microscopical examination of the blood was made and the malarial parasite was found. The patient has not been jaundiced; has not had albumin in the urine; the pulse has risen and fallen in proportion to the fever.

Three other members of the crew have been sick since arriving at Santiago. One had high fever for a few hours, but was well and returned to work the next morning. The other two had fever, begin-

ning with a chill and headache.

The vessel, which is still in quarantine, when released will go to Daiquiri to load iron ore for a port in the United States. These vessels usually go to Baltimore or Philadelphia.

Steamship Fried & released from quarantine.

August 25, 1904.

The British steamship *Frieda*, of which I wrote an account on August 23, was released from quarantine this morning and left about 12 m. for Baltimore via Daiquiri. The captain took all his crew and they were apparently well.

The vessel will leave Daiquiri the evening of August 26 or the

morning of the 27th.

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ECUADOR.

Report from Guayaquil—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever—Epidemic grippe—Plague at Payta, Peru.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gruver reports, August 12, as follows: Week ended August 10, 1904. Present officially estimated population 60,000. Mortality from all causes 44, as follows: Yellow fever, 2; infectious fever, 2; pernicious fever, 1; fevers (without classification), 7; tuberculosis, 6; grippe, 2; enteric diseases, 6; from all other causes, 18. An epidemic of grippe exists throughout Ecuador and yellow fever continues along the line of the Guyaquil and Quito Railroad and in some of the river villages near this city. No case is known to exist in Guayaquil. The deaths reported from this disease within the past two weeks were imported.

Reports received here of the plague situation in northern Peru indicate an increased activity in Payta. Within the past seven days 16

cases and 6 deaths were reported.

During the week 3 vessels cleared, after fumigation, for Ancon, C. Z. On August 6, steamship *Tucapel* en route from Chilean and Peruvian ports, took 5 cabin and 3 steerage passengers from here. On the same date steamship *Ecuador*, a coasting steamer, cleared for Ancon via other ports with the following personnel: Crew 54, cabin passengers 6, all told 60. There were no passengers for Ancon. August 9, steamship *Chile*, en route from Chilean and Peruvian ports, left with 2 cabin and 1 steerage passengers. Twenty-five pieces of baggage were inspected and 6 immune certificates issued during the week. Three stowaways who came ashore from steamship *Chile* have been placed under observation.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin-Plague and cholera in various countries.

Consul-General Mason reports, August 22, 1904, as follows:

Plague.

Egypt.—During the week ended August 6 there were registered in Egypt 12 fresh cases of plague (with 7 deaths), namely, 8 cases (4 deaths) in Alexandria, 2 cases (1 death) in Zagazig, 1 case (1 death) in Port Said, and 1 case (1 death) in the district of Minieh.

Cholera.

Turkey.—According to Bulletin No. 29, of August 1, there have been registered 965 new cases of cholera and 950 deaths.

Death rate of Berlin and other cities.

The death rate of Berlin for the week ended August 6 was higher than it has been since the end of August, 1901—i. e., almost three years, amounting, calculated on the year, to 22.5 per thousand of the population, as against 16.1 in the preceding week. In spite of this increase, however, only eight of the large cities of Germany showed

more favorable figures—namely, Hamburg, Altona, Kiel, Cassel, Elberfeld, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Charlottenburg (with 17 per thousand), and Schöneberg (with 12.6). London, Paris, and Vienna also had lower rates of mortality than Berlin. But the following towns had a considerably higher death rate than that of this city: Munich, Stuttgart, Carlsruhe, Dresden, Bremen, Königsberg, Rixdorf (with 28.6), Nuremberg, Brunswick, Hanover, Magdeburg, Leipsic, Cologne, and Düsseldorf (with 46 per thousand). The death rate of infants rose from 6.8 to 10.8 per year and thousand.

Acute intestinal diseases showed a marked increase as compared with the preceding week, causing 327 deaths, against 188 in the foregoing week. Nineteen adults and 161 infants succumbed to cholerine. Acute diseases of the respiratory organs claimed 56 victims. There were also registered 70 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis, 65 deaths from cancer, 19 deaths from measles, 9 deaths from scarlet fever, 6 deaths from diphtheria; and, finally, 24 persons died by violence.

GUATEMALA.

Reports from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows:

Week ended August 15, 1904. Present officially estimated population 3,500. No deaths. Prevailing diseases malarial. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 9	Belize	17 43	5 2		

The Beverly cleared from Puerto Barrios, Guatemala.

Week ended August 22, 1904: No deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected
Aug. 16	Anselm				

The Anselm cleared from Puerto Barrios, Guatemala.

HAWAII.

Report from Honolulu—Outgoing quarantine transactions.

Chief Quarantine Officer Cofer reports, August 22, as follows: Week ended August 20, 1904. Number of vessels disinfected, 2; vessels certified, 2.

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Week ended August 21, 1904. Present officially estimated population about 4,000; no deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial, mild type; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
1904. Aug. 16 20	VolundColumbia	18 18	0	0	0

Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended August 23, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 2,125; no deaths; prevailing diseases, malarial fever of mild type and intestinal diseases; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Aug. 18 19 23	Anselm	43 15 14	10 0 3	1 0 0	0 0

Number of aliens sailing from this port during week, 2.

INDIA.

Report from Bombay-Cholera, plague, and smallpox.

Acting Asst. Surg. Edward H. Hume reports, July 30, as follows:

Mortality of Bombay city, week ended July 26, 1904.

	Week ended—		
	July 26, 1904.	July 26, 1903.	
Plague attacks	72		
Plague attacks Plague deaths Plague mortality per 1,000 Smallpox deaths	57 3, 81	80 5, 36	
Smallpox deaths	5	14	
Cholera deaths Total deaths Total mortality per 1,000		587	
rotal mortant, per 1,000	37.65	39.33	

The cholera death had no connection with the harbor or shipping.

Report from Calcutta—Inspection of vessel—Cholera and playue mortality.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, July 28 and August 4, as follows:

During the week ended July 23, 1904, bill of health was issued to the steamship *Indrasamha* bound for Boston and New York with a total crew of 61. The effects of Lascars were disinfected and fumigated, and rat guards were kept on wharf lines while the vessel lay at dock.

During the week ended July 23, 1904, there were 6 deaths from

plague and 13 deaths from cholera in Calcutta.

In Bengal during the week ended July 16 there were 169 cases and 144 deaths from plague. In all India there were 2,808 cases and 1,995 deaths from plague.

During the week ended July 30, 1904, there were 6 deaths from

plague and 2 deaths from cholera in Calcutta.

In Bengal during the week ended July 23 there were 134 cases and 114 deaths from plague.

JAPAN.

Report from Nagasaki—Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Sanitary Inspector Bowie reports, August 4, as follows: Number of emigrants for Manila recommended, August 4, for rejection, 30.

MEXICO.

Report from Monterey—Sanitary conditions.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Goldberger reports, August 24, as follows: During the week ended August 20, 1904, the sanitary status of Monterey and vicinity remained fairly satisfactory. During this period there were recorded in the city of Monterey 51 deaths from all causes.

Report from Progreso and Merida—Inspection of vessels—Yellow fever at Merida.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Harrison reports as follows: Week ended August 20, 1904: Estimated population, 8,000; deaths from all causes, 10. General condition, only fair. Merida still reporting yellow-fever infection.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Crew.	Passen- gers.	Transit.
Aug. 13 13 14	Tjomo. Esperanza	do	96	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3 3
17 19 19	Gertrude A. Bartletta Galvestona Susie B. Dantzlera	Mobile, Ala Galveston		1	i

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PANAMA.

Reports from Colon—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary work—Vaccination.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Mohr reports, August 15, 23, and 24, as follows:

Report on the sanitary conditions of Colon and vicinity for the two

weeks ended August 13, 1904.

According to the official records there have been 17 deaths from the following causes: Fevers 3, dysentery 1, tuberculosis 1, pneumonia 3, cerebral anæmia 1, heart disease 3, disease of liver 1, stillbirths 2, cause not given 2.

No cases of quarantinable diseases have been observed in this port, and in Panama no further cases of yellow fever have been reported

since the case which was reported on August 1.

As the number of deaths as given appears rather large, it must be remarked in this connection that the population of Colon has been steadily increasing during the past few months, and the census which is now being computed will show a population of 7,500 to 8,000. This increase is due to the fact that numbers of Jamaican and other West India negroes have been arriving on every steamer from Jamaica and the South and Central American coast. The Royal Mail steamship Atrato alone last week brought 306 negroes from Jamaica, and the steamship Orinoco this week over 100. These immigrants are allured to the Isthmus by the prospect of work on the canal, but their coming is altogether premature, as it will be a year or more before any large number of laborers will be needed. It can not be too emphatically stated that all persons, excepting those having definite positions or employment assured them, should keep away from the Already the capacity for housing these people, both in Panama and Colon, is becoming a serious problem, and the cost of living is increasing. Owing to the heavy and intermittent rains anopheles abound everywhere, and these newcomers being unprotected, in many instances underfed, fall easy victims to malarial fever. Many of them, as well as many whites of the so-called "beach comber" class, of whom quite a number are collecting on the Isthmus, find their way into the poorly equipped charity hospital of Colon suffering from malarial fever and privation.

The sanitary department of the Isthmian Canal Commission has begun systematic work, under the direction of the chief sanitary

officer of the Commission.

Under the supervision of a health officer, appointed by the chief sanitary officer, a house-to-house inspection is being made at Panama; streets are being cleaned, and depressions are being filled according to grades given by the engineers, with a view to preventing breeding

places for mosquitoes.

The sanitation of Colon presents peculiar difficulties, and such improvements as can be made pending the engineering work must necessarily be confined to correcting the gross defects of public hygiene. What can be done in the way of draining lots and streets that have been neglected for years, cleaning away rubbish that has been accumulating from time immemorial, and clearing away the rank growth of brush and weeds covering the pools that breed abundant

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mosquitoes all over the town, is being very energetically pushed forward by the health officer, who has been appointed by the chief sani-

tary officer.

Å house-to-house inspection has been made, a census has been taken, and every effort is being made to introduce a reliable system of mortuary statistics. Under the present conditions it is difficult to arrive at anything like positive conclusions regarding either the morbidity or the causes of death, as the diagnoses given in the official records are either too vague or entirely misleading. For this the assistance of the local authorities and the cooperation of the local practitioners are necessary to enable the health officer to inquire into all cases of grave or doubtful nature, especially fevers, and to investigate all cases of death. A properly equipped morgue and plenary powers to the health officer should be essential features in this work.

I have not learned what plan has been decided on for the permanent improvement of Colon, but it will be an engineering feat of some At this season of the year the greater part of the town is a morass, to which is added the accumulation of rubbish and filth of a population utterly indifferent to ordinary cleanliness. In order to obtain a proper grade for drainage and sewerage the amount of filling required will be something enormous, and I am told by competent engineers that some sections of the town would have to be filled 10 feet in order to bring the level only 3 feet above tide water. better portion of the town, always excepting the railroad property along the water front, is bad enough, with the back yards under water, the pools of stagnant slime under the floors of even the best buildings. and the filthy cesspools; but those sections where the majority of the negro and native laborers live, in miserable shacks built on stilts over the swamp, simply defy description. To the casual observer the task seems an impossible one, and too much praise can not be accorded

those engaged actually in the work of sanitating Colon.

An interesting feature of the sanitary work is that being done by the health officer of the Canal Zone, which consists chiefly of what has been very aptly termed "mosquito engineering." Wherever there are habitations located along the line, or sites for camps, systematic search is being made for mosquitoes, their species determined, and habits studied, in order to arrive at the proper methods to be pursued for their diminution, if not extermination. He informs me that anopheles are abundant everywhere. Quite a number of breeding places have been found on the hillsides in the Ancon grounds where the hospital is located, and all collections of water, especially where algae grow luxuriantly, contain the larvæ. They have also been found in such sheltered places as the cups formed by the broad leaves of certain plants like the banana. Rarely, if ever, are the larvæ of this genus found in the containers around dwellings. An abundant species is the anopheles albipes which, the health officer is satisfied, is diurnal in its In this connection it may be stated that I have been informed that one of the worst localities is Culebra, where the actual work of excavating is going on, and that malarial fever is particularly prevalent among the laborers there. Here the larvæ are found in all the pools and puddles on the terraces in the cut, a very significant fact when the amount of excavating to be done is considered.

In order to test the value and progress of the sanitary work in this direction, records of all cases will be kept and the relation of the num-

ber of mosquitoes, in any given locality, to the number of cases of

fever will be carefully observed.

Stegomyiæ are to be found everywhere around human habitations and every tank, cistern, barrel, or other container, especially cast-away bottles and tin cans filled with water, harbor the larvæ in quantities. Even the puddles on the old abandoned dump cars at the stations contain the larvæ of this genus. Here of course the proper screening of all water containers and the clearing away of all neglected vessels will be rigidly enforced.

I hope to be able from time to time to personally observe the results

of this work and to report on it.

During the week ended August 20, 1904, bills of health were issued

to the following vessels clearing for ports in the United States:

British steamship Senator for New Orleans via Mexican ports, August 16, with 40 crew and 2 passengers; American steamship Advance for New York, August 17, with 61 crew and 56 passengers; Norwegian steamship Ellis for New Orleans via Bocas del Toro, August 20, with 32 crew and no passengers.

Vaccination in Panama—Circular.

Five deaths were reported for the week ended August 21, 1904, and the causes given as follows: Fevers, 3; phthisis, 1; stillbirth, 1.

Of these, 3 were native Panamans, 1 was a Jamaican, and 1 a

Chinaman.

The influx of Jamaicans and other West Indians continues, despite the fact that the Panama Government has imposed an immigration tax of \$2 per person. In order to prevent the introduction of smallpox an ordinance regarding vaccination has been passed and promulgated by the chief sanitary officer, copies of which I herewith transmit. The Isthmus has been remarkably free from this disease since the epidemic which prevailed along the coast in 1903, at which time vaccination was very generally practiced. In the British West Indies vaccination has long been compulsory.

With the exception of Limon, Costa Rica, the conditions on the coast of Central and South America have been very favorable this year. All vessels coming from the coast ports now bring bills of health signed by the consuls of the United States, and from none of these ports, with the above exception, has yellow fever been reported. Since the inauguration of the isthmian quarantine service agents and masters of the various steamship lines are exercising the greatest caution in complying with the quarantine regulations promulgated by

the Isthmian Canal Commission.

Vaccination circular.

[Inclosures.]

[Under the authority granted by the Governor's announcement of June 30, 1904, and governed by the Panama Codigo de Policia, article 539.]

Ordinance No. 11—Department of sanitation—Vaccination of immigrants. Every person entering the Canal Zone, by sea, to reside in said zone, shall, prior to such entry, present satisfactory evidence of protection against smallpox, either by previous attack, by vaccination, or be vaccinated.

This order to take effect from August 31, 1904.

W. C. Gorgas, Chief Sanitary Officer.

July 28, 1904.

NOTE.—Circular to the same effect addressed to persons entering the municipalities of Colon and Panama.

Report from Bocos del Toro, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports as follows: Week ended August 25, 1904. Present officially estimated population not obtainable; number of deaths, 4; prevailing diseases, malarial fevers: general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were not issued to vessels bound to Colon; passengers

were provided with health certificates.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.		Dassengers	
			0 9	0 0	(a) 0
TauntonBradford	Mobile! Ala Boston via Limon.	25 38	0 1	0	0
Ellis	New Orleans, La	23 32	2 4	0	6 16
	George Dumois	George Dumois Mobile, Ala Liberty Colon Intrepid do Taunton Mobilet Ala Boston via Limon Fort Morgan Mobile, Ala Ellis New Orleans, La.	Destination Of crew Of crew	Vessel. Destination. Number of crew. passengers from this from this port. George Dumois Mobile, Ala. 17 0 Liberty Colon. 9 Intrepid. .do 10 Taunton. Mobilet Ala. 25 0 Bradford Boston via Limon. 38 1 Fort Morgan Mobile, Ala. 23 2 Ellis New Orleans, La. 32 4	Vessel. Destination. of crew. from this port. passengers in transit. George Dumois Mobile, Ala. 17 0 0 Liberty Colon 9 0 Intrepid do 10 0 Taunton Mobile, Ala. 25 0 0 Bradford Boston via Limon 38 1 0 Fort Morgan Mobile, Ala. 23 2 0

a Not inspected.

PERSIA.

Report from Teheran—Cholera epidemic nearly extinct—Direction of spread.

Vice-Consul-General Tyler reports, July 30 and August 6, as follows: I have to report the almost total disappearance of cholera from Teheran and the surrounding villages. On the 28th the number of fatal cases had diminished to 10, which would probably represent about half those affected.

The active cause of the contagion, its appearance, and departure, are questions of considerable importance, which, when my inquiries are completed, I shall make the subject of a special report. In view of the sanitary conditions of Teheran, the absence of all attempts at isolation, the expansion and exhaustion of the malignant influences, it would seem that there are aspects of the disease which have not yet received at the hands of scientists a full and complete examination.

Reports of a more or less trustworthy kind have reached Teheran that in some of the earlier affected cities and districts there has been a considerable recrudescence of the epidemic, and of even a more violent type, which was probably owing to some atmospherical adaptability.

What is, however, of more importance at the present moment to western people is the path of its inclination toward the north and west. It has apparently reached the two most important Persian ports on the Caspian, Resht and Astrabad, the two portals of European

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trade and traffic. If it has reached the Caspian channel of communication there is very little hope that it will be arrested there.

We are yet in the early part of the summer, the heat and dryness are in most countries unusual, both favorable conditions for propagating the active principles of the disease and intensifying its effects.

With regard to the general ravages of the epidemic I am inclined to think, as a result of my observations and inquiries, that our estimates of fatality have been rather under than over the actual numbers. As a proof of this I would state that my house is situated in what is considered the suburbs of the city, where the houses are by no means crowded and gardens and open places provide expansive lungs for the free circulation of the atmosphere. Yet within less than half a mile northward, or just on the outer boundaries of the ramparts in an open space, there are several hundreds of graves, each containing one or more victims of the disease.

The sad stories which people I am acquainted with have to tell show the malignity of the type and the violence of its action. The carpenter who does odd jobs at the legation lost the whole of his brother's family. He told me, and he looked it, that he was worn out going to the graveyard to bury one after the other in the flaming atmosphere of the daytime. Another lost his wife and five children, only one little child being left; a third was deprived of all his children. None of these lived in the lower or more insanitary parts of the city, but in comparatively healthy districts. In a large village east of Teheran, about a mile and a half out, for some unapparent cause the disease raged with such fury that nearly all the people were carried off.

Within the last fortnight the city of Shiraz has shown even a worse tendency than Teheran, and the foreign element has suffered in a greater

proportion.

PERU.

Plague at Eten.

Callao, September 1, 1904.

WYMAN, Washington:

Plague is now present in Eten San Pedro.

LLOYD.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Report from Manila-Quarantine transactions.

Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser reports, July 26, as follows:

Quarantine transactions in the Philippine Islands, month of June, 1904.

Bills of health issued:

To steamers for—	
United States ports	4
Domestic ports To sailing vessels for—	167
To sailing vessels for—	20.
United States ports	4
roleigh ports	"
Domestic ports	98
Total	322

Vessels inspected:	
Steamers from—	
United States ports	13
Foreign ports	4
Domestic ports	162
Sailing vessels from— United States ports————————————————————————————————————	7
Foreign ports	í
Domestic ports	63
-	
Total	280
Passengers on arriving boats inspected:	
On steamers—	
Cabin	1,638
Steerage	6, 226
On sailing vessels—	,
Cabin	283
Steerage	200
Total	8, 147
=	
Persons vaccinated: On steamers—	
Crew	726
Passengers	
On sailing vessels—	
Crew	217
Passengers	C
Total	946
=	
Crew on arriving steamers inspected	9,048
Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected	631 60
Persons bathed and effects disinfected	239
Steamers remaining in quarantine from May	200
Sailing vessels remaining in quarantine from May	õ
Steamers detained in quarantine	1
Sailing vessels detained in quarantine	0
Steamers disinfected	1
Sailing vessels disinfected	0
Steamers fumigated to exterminate vermin	18
Sailing vessels fumigated to exterminate vermin	3
Cases of quarantinable diseases detected on vessels, smallpox	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 492 \end{array}$
Pieces of baggage disinfected on sailing vessels	0
Pieces of baggage inspected and passed on steamers	26
Pieces of baggage inspected and passed on sailing vessels	0
(Outgoing.)	
Vessels remaining in quarantine from May	0
Steamers sailing without quarantine inspected and passed	4
Sailing vessels sailing without quarantine inspected and passed	4
Steamers disinfected	3
Sailing vessels disinfected	4
Crew of steamers inspected	372
Crew of sailing vessels inspected	51
Passengers of steamers inspected	990
Passengers of sailing vessels inspected	958
Pieces of baggage disinfected	2, 464
	3, 807

PORT OF CEBU.

Bills of health issued:	
To steamers for— United States ports	. 2
Foreign ports	. 4
Domestic ports	. 101
To sailing vessels for—	
United States ports	. 0
Foreign ports	. 0
Domestic ports	. 22
m-4-1	100
Total	129
Vessels inspected:	
Steamers from—	
United States ports	. 0
Foreign ports	. 5
Domestic ports	. 104
Sailing vessels from—	^
United States ports	. 0
Foreign ports	260
Domestic ports	
Total	369
Passengers on arriving boats inspected:	
On steamers—	
Cabin Steerage	255
On sailing vessels—	1, 141
Cabin	^
Steerage	
-	
Total	2, 149
Crew on arriving steamers inspected	2 129
Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected	1,607
Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected. Persons bathed and effects disinfected.	0
rersons vaccinated	223
Steamers disinfected	0
Sailing vessels disinfected	0
Steamers fumigated to exterminate vermin Sailing vessels fumigated to exterminate vermin	2
Vessels detained in quarantine	0
Vessels detained in quarantine Cases of quarantinable diseases detected on vessels!	ő
	U
PORT OF ILOILO.	
Bills of health issued:	
To steamers for—	
United States ports	1
Foreign ports	5
To sailing vessels for—	64
United States ports	0
Foreign ports	ŏ
Domestic ports	59
\cdot	
Total	129
Vessels inspected:	
Steamers from—	
United States ports	0
Foreign ports	8
Domestic ports	67
Sailing vessels from—	••
United States ports	0
Foreign ports	0
Domestic ports	67
Total	140
Total	142

Passengers on arriving boats inspected:	
On steamers— Cabin	249
Steerage	1 12
On sailing vessels— Cabin	1, 120
Steerage	34
Total	1, 408
Character on anniuing steemen inspected	9 47'
Crew on arriving steamers inspected. Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected.	645
Parsons vaccinated	260
Persons bathed and effects disinfected	22
Persons detained in quarantine	22
Cases of quarantinable diseases detected on vessels, smallpox	2
Steamers disinfected	í
Steamers fumigated to exterminate vermin	ì
Sailing vessels fumigated to exterminate vermin	J
Vessels remaining in quarantine from May	(
Steamers entering quarantine	(
Sailing vessels entering quarantine Vessels remaining in quarantine June 30.	ί
Vessels Temanning in quarantine vane oo	`
PORT OF JOLO.	
Bills of health issued:	
To steamers for—	_
United States ports	(
Foreign ports	10 10
To sailing vessels for—	10
United States ports	0
Foreign ports	0
Domestic ports	26
Total	37
=	
Vessels inspected: Steamers from—	
United States ports	0
Foreign ports	1
Domestic ports	17
Sailing vessels from—	^
United States ports Foreign ports	0
Domestic ports	25
-	
Total	43
Passengers on arriving boats inspected:	
On steamers—	104
Cabin	104 422
Steerage	444
Cabin	0
Steerage	34
	560
Total	
Crew on arriving steamers inspected	697
Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected	146
Vessels in quarantine	0

PORTO RICO.

Report of immigration at San Juan.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, San Juan, P. R., August 15, 1904.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at San Juan, during the week ended August 13, 1904.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Aug. 10 10 July 4 2	Caracas Christiania St. Domingue Mario	Curação, Dutch West Indies St. Thomas, Danish West Indies do do	2 2 4 1
			9

Benson H. Sisson, Acting Commissioner.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, San Juan, P. R., August 22, 1904.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at San Juan during the week ended August 20, 1904.

Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
Olinde Rodriguez	Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic	11
Julia	Habana, Cuba Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic.	8
St. Domingue	do Habana, Cuba	3
Julia	Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic. Santiago, Cuba	9
Angel Maria	St. Thomas, Danish West Indies	1,
	1	3 57
	Olinde Rodriguez Julia St. Domingue Julia St. Domingue Julia Mario Augel Maria Mario	Olinde Rodriguez Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic Sanchez, Dominican Republic Habana, Cuba. Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic do do do Julia Habana, Cuba Santiago, Cuba Santiago, Cuba Santiago, Cuba

Benson H. Sisson, Acting Commissioner.

Report from Ponce-Vital statistics.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Torres reports, August 18, as follows:

Number and causes of deaths in Ponce jurisdiction, city, playa, and surrounding country, during the month of July, 1904.

Diseases of—

seases of—	
Digestive system	
Nervous system	
Circulatory system	
Respiratory system	
Malarial fever	
Puerperal fever	
Rhachitis	
Old age	
Cancer	
Tetanus	• •
Tuberculosis	
	• •

Diseases of—Continued.	
Anemia, inanition Hydremia	8
Grippe Congenital malformation	3 5
Accidents Anæmia, inanition Hydremia Grippe Congenital malformation Missed labor Enteric fever	3
Total	113
July, 1903.	
Deaths	$\frac{137}{121}$
July, 1904.	
Deaths	113 139

TURKEY.

Report from Bagdad—Cholera.

Vice-Consul Hürner forwards the following under date of July 28:

Weekly sanitary bulletin, July 16 to 23, 1904.

	Cases.	Deaths.		Cases.	Deaths.
Bagdad	35 21 3 58 7 35	20 10 4 2 23 11 22	Douchik Dearid Naher Kebir Bedrek Solimanieh Samana Amara	2. 7 2 4 133 5 2	1 3 2 3 33 2 2

Report from Batoum—Suspect cholera case at Baku—Quarantine measures at Caspian Sea ports.

Acting Vice-Consul Stuart reports, August 13, as follows:

I have this morning received from Baku a copy of the protocol drawn up by the bacteriological commission, composed of the government and hospital medical officers of the town of Baku, which was instructed to examine the case of a patient in the hospital whose malady was considered suspicious.

The commission reports that a bacteriological examination of the evacuations of the said patient resulted in the discovery of the presence of a number of bacilli, which on being cultivated in a solution of peptone produced a preparation, colored with fuchsine, containing bacilli extremely similar to cholera vibrions. In consequence of these results the commission concluded that the case is a very suspicious one from the point of view of cholera.

I may add that this is the only known case in the Caucasus and that

the patient is reported to be recovering.

Since the outbreak of cholera in Persia, sanitary and quarantine measures of a precautionary nature have been adopted by the Russian authorities and put in force at Russian ports on the Caspian Sea and along the Russo-Persian frontier, with a view to preventing the introduction of the disease from Persia.

September 9, 1904 1860

WEST INDIES.

Report from Barbados—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary conditions— Leprosy.

Assistant Surgeon Ward reports, August 22 and 24, as follows:

I have to report the fumigation, on August 18, of the British steamship *Newton*, from Santos, Rio de Janeiro, and Bahia, bound for New Orleans with a cargo of coffee; no passengers; 32 crew; all well.

During the week ended August 20, 1904, I inspected 10 steamships; 390 crew; 158 steerage and 31 cabin passengers. Of this number, 5 crew, 43 steerage, and 17 cabin passengers were shipped from this

port.

At present the health of the island of Barbados is excellent. Bridgetown, the only seaport town, as well as the rest of the island, is free from all quarantinable diseases excepting leprosy, which for the most part is segregated, at the expense of the local government, at the leprosy lazaretto situated in the outskirts of Bridgetown, about 3 miles from the business section. In a few cases where the friends or relatives have sufficient means to properly care for those suffering from this disease, the detention in the hospital is not required.

Mortality statistics are not now available.

August 24, 1904.

I have to report the fumigation to-day of the British steamship *Homer* of the Lamport and Holt Line, which came here especially for this purpose.

This steamer came from Santos via Rio de Janeiro bound for New

Orleans with a cargo of coffee; 29 crew, all well; no passengers.

I thoroughly fumigated all the compartments, including the holds, with sulphur.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

AFRICA—Sierra Leone.—Two weeks ended August 6, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000. Total number of deaths, 38. No contagious diseases.

Australia—New South Wales—Sydney.—Month of June, 1904. Estimated population, 511,030. Total number of deaths, 598, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 4, measles 1, whooping cough 2, and 54 from tuberculosis.

Australia—Queensland, Brisbane.—Month of April, 1904. Estimated population, 124,463. Total number of deaths, 122, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 4, measles 1, whooping cough 2, plague 1, and 10 from tuberculosis.

Month of May, 1904. Total number of deaths, 98, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 2, measles 1, whooping cough 4, plague 3, and 4 from tuberculosis.

Month of June, 1904. Total number of deaths, 116, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, whooping cough 2, plague 3, and 12 from tuberculosis.

Bahamas—Dunmore Town.—Eight weeks ended August 19, 1904. Estimated population, 1,232. No deaths. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Week ended August 20, 1904. Estimated population, 1,500. Total number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay, Abaco.—Two weeks ended August 18, 1904. Estimated population, 3,314. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended August 29, 1904. Estimated population, 12,650. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

CUBA—Habana.—Month of March, 1904. Estimated population, 275,000. Total number of deaths, 460, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, measles 2, scarlet fever 3, whooping cough 1, and 104 from tuberculosis.

France—Roubaix.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 124,660. Total number of deaths, 177, including enteric fever 3, measles 5, and 4 from scarlet fever.

Rouen.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 116,316. Total number of deaths, 277, including enteric fever 2, measles 1, whooping cough 2, smallpox 2, and 58 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended July 15, 1904. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths, 114, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, scarlet fever 1, and 19 from tuberculosis.

GIBRALTAR.—Three weeks ended July 31, 1904. Estimated population, 27,460. Total number of deaths, 22. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended August 13, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 22.1 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,271,287.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended July 30, 1904. Estimated population, 285,089. Total number of deaths, 190, including diphtheria 6, measles 17, whooping cough 1, and 15 from phthisis pulmonalis.

London.—One thousand nine hundred and twelve deaths were registered during the week, including measles 36, scarlet fever 10, diphtheria 7, whooping cough 21, enteric fever 2, smallpox 1, and 687 from diarrhea. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 21.4 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,941 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 4 from diphtheria and 6 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended August 13, 1904, in the 21 principal

town districts of Ireland was 19.6 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Newry, viz, 4.2, and the highest in Armagh, viz, 48.1 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 199 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, measles 5, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 4, and 37 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended August 13, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 15.7 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,726,236. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Paisley, viz, 8.1, and the highest in Glasgow, viz, 17.4 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 519, including diphtheria 5, measles 6, scarlet fever 2, and 26 from whooping cough.

ITALY—Milan.—Month of June, 1904. Estimated population, 520,518. Total number of deaths, 801, including diphtheria 10, enteric fever 8, measles 3, and 109 from phthisis pulmonalis.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended July 20, 1904. Estimated population 154,727. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from typhus fever reported.

Ten days ended July 31, 1904. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from typhus fever reported.

JAVA—Batavia.—Three weeks ended July 16, 1904. Estimated population, 160,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

Malta.—Two weeks ended August 6, 1904. Estimated population, 197,070. Total number of deaths, 265, including enteric fever 5, and 1 from whooping cough.

St. Helena.—Three weeks ended July 23, 1904. Estimated population, 5,000. Total number of deaths, 2. No contagious diseases reported.

Spain—Corunna.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 113, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, measles 1, whooping cough 1, and 13 from tuberculosis.

Seville.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 148,130. Total number of deaths, 536, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 2, measles 32, whooping cough 1, and 76 from tuberculosis.

West Indies—Antigua.—Year 1903. Estimated population, 15,844. Total number of deaths, 1,305, including 51 from zymotic diseases, and 68 from tuberculosis, a decrease of 94 from the number for 1902.

Curação.—Two weeks ended August 12, 1904. Estimated population, 31,600. Total number of deaths, 3, including 1 from yellow fever, imported from Maracaibo.

St. Thomas.—Three months ended June 30, 1904. Estimated population, 12,019. Total number of deaths, 238, including 10 from tuberculosis.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, June 25 to September 9, 1904.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from December 26, 1903, to June 24, 1904, see Public Health Reports for June 24, 1904.]

[Note.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

CHOLERA.

Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.

July 15			Present.
June 17			
May 15-July 23	35	32	Two cases on ss. Ping Shan from Saigon.
June 17			Present.
July 24-30	. 1		
June 1-39	. 1	1	
Tul-104 20		,	
July 24-50	1	1	
June 8-Aug. 2		27	
May 22-July 30			
May 28-June 17		4	
	1		
June 25			Present.
June 25	.		130 cases daily.
July 16			Present.
June 25-July 9			300 deaths daily.
	1	_	
May 8-June 18		2	
	1		
June 19-July 7			
June 6-July 7	16		
May 1-31	· · · · · · · <u>-</u> ·		
June 19-July 7	7		
June 6-28			
June 19-25			,
June 19-July 7	28		
June 22-28			
June 22-July 7			
June 22-July 7			
June 6-13			
June 19-July 1			
June 19-July /	19		
June 28-July 12			
June 19-July 7	2	2	Present.
June 28-July 12	910	001	Fresent.
June 0-July 1	310	201	Present.
Julie 26-July 12		1	riesent.
July 1			
June 6 July 7			
June 10 July 7	14		
June 6-13	27	23	
YELLO	W FEVE	R.	
July 1-15	1	1	
May 9-July 24	46	12	
22m, v 0 m,			
June 23-29		1	
			Present.
••	1 1		
July 3-23	3	1	
•	!		
July 6	1	1	Per ss. Ecuador, from Tumaco.
May 26-Aug. 10		61	
•		i	
June 12-Aug. 13	9		
		5	
June 12-Aug. 20	36		
July 23-29	1	1	
	1 1		
June 12-18			
June 19-Aug. 20	41	16	One on on Habana from Dec
June 19-Aug. 20 June 18-Aug. 20		16 4	One on ss. Habana, from Progreso; one on American ss
	July 15 June 17 May 15-July 23 June 17 July 24-30 June 1-30 June 8-Aug. 2 May 22-July 30 May 28-June 17 June 25 July 16 June 25 July 16 June 19-July 7 June 6-July 7 May 1-31 June 19-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-28 June 19-July 7 June 22-July 7 June 6-13 June 19-July 7 June 28-July 12 June 19-July 7 June 28-July 12 June 19-July 7 June 28-July 12 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 12 June 6-July 12 June 6-July 12 June 28-July 12 June 28-July 12 June 28-July 12 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 6-July 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 June 7 Ju	July 15 June 17	July 15

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

YELLOW FEVER-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases	. Deaths.	Remarks.
Panama:				
AnconPanama	Aug. 1 June 10-July	18 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
'eru: Callao	-	1	_	. Two cases from ss. Guatemala
Rio Chiclayo				from Panama and Valparaiso
enezuela:	1			1
Maracaibo /est_Indies:	ł		_	
Curação	July 30-Aug.	5 1	1	
		PLAGUE.		•
Lustralia:				
Queensland— Brisbane	May 3-June	18 13	3	
Maryborough New South Wales—	June 5-11			
Sydney Western Australia—	May 17-June	25 4	2	
Perth	June 26-July	4 2	1	
razil: Bahia	June 16-Aug.		11	
Rio de Janeirohile:	May 30-July	24 12	6	
Antofagasta	May 19-June July 10	6 22	12	May 1-31, 52 deaths.
Valparaisohina:		4		
Amoy		30	. 50	Estimated.
Canton	May 28-June June 2	2		Epidemic.
Fa Ti	June 2			Do. Present.
Foochow	May 1-31	•		Several hundred cases. (Report contradicted.)
Honam Hongkong	May 28-June May 15-July	23 267	260	Epidemic. Four cases on unknown steam- ships from Amoy, Shek Loong, and Antung; 2 cases on steam-
Ko Tong	June 2			ships Glenogle and Restorer from Singapore.
Sai Nam	June 2			Epidemic. Do.
Wusung	May 29-June	4 1		On ss. Australien from Kobe and other ports.
ypt: Alexandria. Alexandria. Beni-Suef. Beni-Suef. Bibeh district. Dechneh district Magagha district Minieh district Nag-Hamadi Port Said Samallut district	May 22-Aug.	6 42	22	-
Baliana district	May 22-28	30 20	12	
Bibeh district	May 22-July	80 28	15	
Magagha district	May 22-June May 22-28	4 5	7	
Minieh district	July 31-Aug.	6 1 13	1 7	
Port Said	May 22-Aug.	6 5	3	•
Tatah district	May 22-28	1	6 1	
Zagazig	May 29-Aug.	6 74	12	
Ensuiko Hozan	May 15-July 8	0 242	177	
Kagi	May 15-July 1	$egin{array}{c c} 6 & 5 \ 2 & 152 \end{array}$	3 135	
Kagi Kelung Pescadores	May 15-July 1	6 7	9	
Sninko	May 15-June 1	8 6	6	
Taihoku	May 15-July 3 May 15-July 3		82 806	
Toroku	May 15-June 2	5 58	28	
waii:	July 3-23		1	
Hilo	July 21-Aug. 1 June 21-Aug. 2	9 1 3	2 3	One death on ss. Coptic on Aug.
				22.
dia:				
Bombay Presidency and	May 8-July 2	3 11,523	9,049	
Sind. Madras Presidency	May 8-July 2 May 8-July 2 May 8-July 2	3 1,534	9, 049 1, 130	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE—Continued.

Place.		Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India—Continued. United Provinces Punjab	May May	8-July 23	3, 532 86, 844	2,870 74,418	
Central provinces (including Berar).	May May	8-July 23	3,220	2,179	
Mysore State	May May	8-July 23 8-July 23	422 224 888	371 195 674	
Rajputana Kashmir	Į.	8-July 23	833	467	
Grand total	······	••••••	110, 965	93, 058	
Japan: Kobe	Мау	31	1		On ss. Korea from Hongkong via Amoy, Shanghai, and Na- gasaki.
MauritiusPeru:	Apr.	8-June 16	11	10	8
Trujillo	To J May	uly 25 27-June 8	7	3	One case on Chilean ss. Aconcagua from Valparaiso and Panama.
ColánEten		uly 25 ember 1	6		Present.
Lima		22-July 30	75	28	Number of cases from Oct., 1903, to May 15, 1904, 224.
Salaverry	May	uly 25 25-Aug. 10	102	48	Present.
Cebu		25 9 7-July 9	14	13	
Cape Colony (Port Elizabeth).	May	15-July 9	6	1	
Transvaal— Johannesburg Turkey:	To J	uly 3	148	. 96	
Lingah	Apr.	27-June 3		125	
		SMA	LLPOX.		·
Africa:			ĺ .		·
Cape Colony (Cape Town). Argentina:	-	9-16	1	122	
Buenos AyresAustria-Hungary:	-	1-June 30	24	122	
Prague	July	12–July 16 10–16	24	1	
Belgium: Antwerp Brussels Brazil:		29-June 4 5-July 9	2	2	
Bahia Pernambuco Rio de Janeiro	July May May	8-July 15	49 1,572	124 746	
Canada: Manitoba, Winnipeg	July	24-Aug. 20	1	1	
Chile: Santiago	то м	ay 19	500		
China: Hongkong	May	15-June 18	13	6	Two cases imported from Shang- hai via ss. Chi Yuen; 1 case imported from Saigon per s. s.
ShanghaiTientsin	May May			30	Shooh Sing. Epidemic.
Colombia: Barranquilla	July	18-24		1	
Cuba: Habana Formosa:	June	19–25	•••••	1	•
Tamsui	Apr.	1-June 30	6		
Lyon	May Mav	16-28 1-July 31		4 8	
Paris Rouen	June July	1-July 31 4-Aug. 13 1-31	98	11 2	
Germany: Berlin	July	16	3		

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases	. Deaths.	Remarks.
Great Britain:		1		
Birmingham	. June 19-July 9	2		
Bradford				1
Bristol	June 5-Inly 2	14		
Cardiff	. May 29-June 11	3		1
Dublin	. Aug. 12-18	. 3		•
Edinburgh	. June 5-July 30			1
Glasgow				
Leeds		10		
Liverpool	June 12-Aug. 13	10		1
London	June 4-Aug. 6	86	6	1
Manchester		19	1 3	1
Newcastle on Tyne	June 4-Aug. 6	65	3	j
Nottingham	June 5-Aug. 6	35	4	I
Sheffield	More Of July Of		••••••	
South Shields	May 29-July 23	6		1
india:	June 12-July 23	2		
	35 05 4 0	1		
Bombay			101	
Calcutta			6	
Karachi	May 30-July 17	6	4	
taly:		1	İ	
Milan		1		
Palermo	May 16-Aug. 13	63	24	
apan:	-	1		
Kobe	June 12-25	2		
Nagasaki	May 20-July 31	17	14	
Yokohama	June 4-11	1		
ava:				
Batavia	May 8-28	4	3	
fexico:		1 *		
Mexico	June 6-Aug. 14	32	18	
Tampico	June 12-July 2	i 02	3	•
etherlands:	June 12-buly 2		, °	
Amsterdam	June 5-11	1	1	
Rotterdam	July 10-16	i		
anama:	July 10-10	1		
Panama	June 13-19	1	1	
eru:	June 15-19		1	
Arequipa	June 18			70-111
Callao	Julie 10			Epidemic.
Lima	July 9	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Present.
	July 17-30	• • • • • • •		Do.
Payta	July 20			Do.
hilippine Islands:			i i	
Manila	May 7-July 16	27	6	
ussia:	[1	
Moscow	May 29-Aug. 6	127	48	
Odessa	May 29-Aug. 13	9	2	
St. Petersburg	May 29-Aug. 6	91	22	•
Warsaw	May 8-July 16		202	
oain:				
Barcelona	May 21-Aug. 10		67	
Cadiz	May 1-June 20		3	
raits Settlements:			"	
Singapore	May 8-14		1	
urkey:		••••••	*	
Alexandretta	June 5-Aug. 6		11	
Beirut	July 24-30	• • • • • • • • •	11	Do
Constantinople	May 30-Aug. 7	••••••		Do.
Smyrna	Inno 97 Inly 94	• • • • • • • •	44	
CHLY LIEB	June 27-July 24		2	

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities.

			E. B.											
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Aix la Chapelle	July 30	145, 132	144	6					 .					
Do	Aug. 6	145, 132	137	3				6						• • • •
Alexandretta	do Aug. 20	9,000 548,430	141	10				0					5	2
Antwerp	Aug. 13	294,669	105						1				2	2
Amsterdam Antwerp Athens Barmen Barranquilla Beirut. Belfast Belize Berlin.	Aug. 14	200,000		7 5				• • • •	3	1		1	••••	• • • •
Barmen	Aug. 13 Aug. 15	150, 212 45, 000	56 12	2										
Beirut	Aug. 13	80.000	16									;;-		• • • •
Belfast	do Aug. 25	358, 693 9, 000	128							1	• • • • •	2		
Berlin	Aug. 25 July 30	1,970,202	633	72						3	13	6	7	
Do	Aug. U	1,970,202	884	70						1	9	6	19 2	
Do	Aug. 13 Aug. 20	537, 965 537, 965	314 251					••••	• • • •	i		1 1	3	8
Bristol	Aug. 20	343, 204	105									ļ		4
Bombay	Aug. 2	776,006	581	69	55	23		8	• • • •	··i·			4	••••
Brussels	Aug. 13	575, 896 732, 322	183	22			• • • •	••••	••••	2	4	2	4	
Calcutta	July 23	847.796	367	24	6	13								
Do	July 30	847, 796 83, 718	341	20	6	2					• • • •		1	
Bristol Bombay Brussels Budapest Calcutta Do Cape Town Cartagena Catania Coburg Colombo Colon Copenhagen Dublin Edinburgh Fiume	July 23 Aug. 14	83,718 30,000	11			• • • •		••••			••••			
Catania	Aug. 18	153, 523	99	1					2	7		5		
Coburg	Aug. 12	23,028	7	2							• • • •	5	····	•••
Colombo	Aug. 13 July 30	414, 162 155, 869	246 109	19			• • • •			2				
Colon	Aug. 21	8,000	5											
Copenhagen	Aug. 12	500,000	122	13				ļ		;-	••••	2	٠٠٠٠	;
Dublin	Aug. 18 Aug. 13	378, 994 331, 977	199 97	37			• • • •		••••	1	1	í	2	3
Fiume	Aug. 14	40,000			<u> </u>							ļ		
Flushing	Aug. 10	19, 105	6]								• • • •	• • • •
Frankfort on the Main Geneva	Aug. 13 Aug. 6	316,000 111,000	115 24											
Girgenti	Aug. 13	25,069	11										:-	:
Girgenti Glasgow Gothenburg Halifax	Aug. 19	798, 357 135, 314	266 26							• • • •	i	3	2	17
Gothenburg	Aug. 13 Aug. 27	40, 787	20											
Havre	Aug. 7	130, 196	90	8						1		1	4	• • • •
Hull	Aug. 13	253, 865	152 56						• • • •	1	••••	1	. 6	• • • •
Halifax Havre Hull Karachi Kingston, Jamaica Las Palmas Do Do Laussanne Leipsie Leith Licata Liverpool Do London Lyon Do Do	July 31 Aug. 13	108, 644 52, 475	30							1				
Las Palmas	July 30	49,500	22											
Do	Aug. 6	49,500 49,500	28 24					• • • •						
Lausanne	Aug. 13 Aug. 6	50,800	18											
Leipsic	Aug. 13	496, 370	367	16							1	4		
Leith	do	80,508 25,000	23 15	i				• • • •	2	7				
Liverpool	do	723, 430	525						ļ	1	3		18	: 3
Do	Aug. 20	723, 430 6, 907, 756	546 2 941					··i	• • • •	1 4	4 10	13	10 45	12 31
London	Aug. 13 Aug. 6	500,000	2,941 172	29				1		2	1	1	10	1
Do	Aug. 13	500,000	177	24						3	1	1	:-	
Do	July 29	509, 346	321 249	27		····					···i	···i	1 3	
Manchester	Aug. 13	543,872 107,000	249	21										
Messina	Aug. 14	368,777	272	31				1	2		•::-	2	3	į
Mexico	Aug. 18	1,173,427	596 90	4				6	1	1	10	5	26 .	1
Newcastle-on-Tyne Odessa	Aug. 15 Aug. 13	225, 362 492, 000	222	26				1		4	10	3	5	
Palermo	do	330,000	98	5				3						٠
Panama	Aug. 20	20,000	21 116	26							••••	i	··i·	1
Puerto Cortez	Aug. 13 Aug. 25	225, 816 2, 125	0	20										
Plymouth	Aug. 20	112,000	38							2	••••			• • • •
Rotterdam	do	366, 815 40, 711	116 13									1		
Odessa Palermo Panama Prague Puerto Cortez Plymouth Rotterdam St. John, N. B. St. Stephen, N. B. Salford	Aug. 27	2,840	1				::::						••••	
Calford	Aug. 13	220, 957	122	111	·		١	١	١			4	8	3

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population	7		Deaths from—										
				Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.	
San Feliu de Guixols Santa Cruz de Teneriffe Singapore Smyrna Do Solingen Do Southampton Do South Shields Stettin Stockholm Stockholm Stuttgart Do Trapani Trieste Do Trayani Trieste Do Vienna Windsor, N.S. Winnipeg Yokohama Zurich Do	Aug. 14 Aug. 13 July 16 July 31 Aug. 7 Aug. 6 Aug. 13 Aug. 13 Aug. 15 Aug. 14 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18 Aug. 18	11, 333 40, 000 97, 111 60, 000 60, 000 15, 142 15, 142 112, 500 107, 334 228, 939 309, 496 176, 318 61, 477 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 178, 127 183, 000 1, 797, 992 3, 000 313, 695 161, 143	5 111 235 58 86 19 21 33 41 14 192 79 18 92 79 103 12 623 0	2 29 12 11 1 4 3 15 2 1 10 17 69 9						3	1 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 9		

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

WALTER WYMAN,
Surgeon-General,
United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.