#### PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

#### UNITED STATES.

Operations under act approved July 1, 1902, to regulate the sale of viruses, serums, toxins, and analogous products in the District of Columbia, to regulate interstate traffic in said articles, and for other purposes.

As provided in the act above named, regulatious under the act were prepared and promulgated on February 21, 1903, becoming effective,

therefore, August 21 of the same year.

The inspections provided for by section 3 of the act were made by the director and assistant director of the hygienic laboratory of the Service, and their reports, having been canvassed by the sanitary board of the Service, were referred to the Surgeon-General, by whom recommendations relative to the issuance of licenses were made to the Secretary of the Treasury.

The following establishments have been inspected and licensed:

No. of license.	Firm or person.	Products.
1	Parke, Davis & Co., Detroit, Mich	Vaccine virus, serums, and toxins.
3	H. K. Mulford Co., Philadelphia, Pa. Dr. H. M. Alexander & Co., Marietta, Pa.	Vaccine virus and diphtheria anti
4 5	The Pennsylvania Vaccine Co., Conewago, Pa The Fluid Vaccine Co., Milwaukee, Wis	Vaccine virus. Do.
6	The Pocono Laboratories, Swiftwater, Pa	Do.
	The National Vaccine Establishment, Washington, D. C.	Do.
9	Frederick Stearns & Co., Detroit, Mich	Diphtheria antitoxin and antistrep toccus serum.
10	do	Vacocine virus.
îĭ	The Pasteur Institute, Paris, France	toxins, and analagous products.
12	The Chemische Fabik auf Actien (vorm E. Schering), Berlin, Germany.	Diphtheria antitoxin and antistrepto coccus serum.
13	The National Vaccine and Antitoxin Establishment, Washington, D. C.	Diphtheria antitoxin.

Samples of the products of these firms are purchased from time to time in open market and examined in the hygienic laboratory for

purity and potency.

No examination as yet made has revealed the presence of any contaminating organism or foreign toxin in any diphtheria antitoxin offered for sale, and there has been a marked and gratifying improvement in the quality of the vaccine virus sold in open market, as evidenced by the decrease in the number of organisms of all kinds found and the diminution, and in many cases total absence, of all pathogenic and pyogenic cocci.

1195

June 17, 1904 1196

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

Summary of work in Chinatown, San Francisco, for the week ended June 11, 1904.

The following is received from Passed Assistant Surgeon Blue, under date of June 13:

Week ended June 11.	
Buildings reinspected	$27_{9}$
Rooms	
Persons inspected	$3,00_{6}$
Sick	10
Sick prescribed for at Oriental Dispensary	1 <sub>6</sub>
Dead examined	ß
Necropsies	1
Rats examined bacteriologically	115
Number showing past infaction	ň
Places limed and disinfected	1, 034
Times streets swept.	· •
Sewers flushed	18
Notices served to abate plumbing nuisance	8
Abated	5
Undergoing abatement	16
Total number plumbing inspections	$1\overline{3}_{1}^{6}$
Blocks covered with Danyz virus.	12

#### Smallpox at Juneau, Alaska.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Sloane reports, June 4, as follows:

There are 4 new cases of smallpox in Juneau, Alaska.

The first case that developed has completely recovered. The husband of the patient, who nursed her during the sickness, did not contract the disease. They and their clothing were disinfected and they are now living in a home of their own. The other occupants of this lodging house, where the first case developed, all have the disease but one. There has only been 1 case on the outside, and this is in the person of a white woman, who visited the first woman nearly every day until the case was discovered and quarantined. The quarantine hospital contains but two rooms, a sleeping room and cooking room. The city of Juneau is constructing additional rooms to accommodate the present 4 cases and any new cases that may develop.

All contacts at present time are held in detention quarantine.

I have not deemed it necessary to quarantine this port. If any new cases now develop on the outside I will then quarantine Juneau.

No new cases at Hoonah or Killisnoo, Alaska. Quarantine was raised Wednesday, June 1, 1904.

Up to present time all the cases are white people here.

The first case of smallpox was contracted at Ketchikan, Alaska, where a white man (a passenger) was removed from a steamer ill.

A physician at Ketchikan, who had the man in charge, allowed this white woman who brought the disease here and her husband to visit him.

All the cases so far have been very light varioloid.

Transactions on account of smallpox in northern Maine, Canadian border.

## Inspection at Lowellton, Me.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Boothby reports as follows, two weeks ended May 30, 1904: Persons inspected, 83; condition of baggage, good; 13 vaccinated.

Week ended June 4, 1904: Persons inspected, 53; vaccinated, 8; baggage of 4 disinfected.

Transactions on account of yellow fever at Laredo, Tex.

Work of sanitary department of San Antonio for May, 1904— Mortality report.

Acting Assistant Purnell reports from San Antonio, June 1, as follows: Inspectors employed, 33; premises inspected, 22,372; wells filled, 14; cisterns filled, 39; cesspools filled, 41; barrels screened and supplied with faucets, 446; houses fumigated, 25; rooms fumigated, 114; cellars fumigated, 10; cisterns fumigated, 3; wells fumigated, 2; wagons employed hauling oil, 4. Gallons oil used, 1,000. Carbolic acid was spread on the surface of all water barrels where used for fire purposes. The screening of barrels above noted was done by the city for persons who were unable to bear the expense themselves. The force of inspectors has been reduced to 16.

Mortality.—Month of May, 1904. Phthisis pulmonalis, 30; Erysipelas, 1; rubeola, 5; septicæmia, 1; malarial fever, 3; diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 2; scrofula, 1; cancer tongue, 1; cholera morbus, 1; cancer, 1; paralysis, 4; apoplexy, 3; poliomyo-encephalitis, 1; mylitis, 1; tetanus, 4; convulsions, 4; mastoiditis, 1; meningitis, 2; pneumo-

nia, 4

Bronchitis, 4; nephritis, 2; Bright's disease, 2; cancer bladder, 1; blood poisoning, 1; valvular disease of heart, 2; heart disease, 2; rheumatism of heart, 1; cholera infantum, 9: ileo-colitis, 3; gastro enteritis, 12; cancer liver, 1; tubercular peritonitis, 1; entero-colitis, 5; peritonitis, 2; enteritis, 2; appendicitis, 2; cirrhosis of liver, 1; dysentery, 1.

Senility, 3; railroad injury, 1; morphinism, 1; inanition, 9; dropsy, 1; cramp colic, 1; anasarca, 1; exhaustion, 1; "muguet," 1 (a disease of the mouth). Total deaths, 146. Number same month last year, 137.

## Inspection at Alice.

Acting Assistant Surgeon MacGregor reports through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

ALICE, TEX., June 2, 1904.

Alice is a town of about 2,500 population. All the drinking water is from deep wells, although some of the poorer people are supplied by cisterns. There are no stagnant standing waters. A few miles north of the town are the Paisano and Agua Dulce creeks, along which mosquitoes are plentiful and malaria is prevalent. There are also many cases of malarial fever in Alice. Doctor Hooker informs me that these cases are generally complicated with bronchial symptoms, which soon disappear, but the fever continues for two or three weeks, in a remittent form. I saw some of the cases to-day and noted that most of the patients have an icteroid hue of the skin following. I shall investigate some of the other cases to-morrow and test urine.

The physicians and citizens are anxious to cooperate in measures to destroy mosquitoes. I will hold a meeting Friday and get them to

organize a systematic campaign.

We inspected to-day 46 houses and oiled 24 cisterns.

#### Enteric fever and suspected yellow fever.

ALICE, TEX., June 3, 1904.

Of the cases visited here I find some are enteric, while others are

suspicious; two may be yellow fever.

Antonio Olivares, age 12; sick five days, pulse 100, temperature 102; pains in back and legs, tongue pointed and coated, red at the edges; gums tender; no albumin in urine.

Carlos Olivares, age 9; pulse 98, temperature 100; sick about a week: tongue coated and pointed, red at edges; taken with headache and pain;

convalescent.

I saw these cases late this evening. I will see them again early to-morrow morning and report any further particulars by wire. am afraid that there are numerous cases throughout this country.

Malarial and continued fever have been prevailing for some time here and in the vicinity. Some of the cases are unquestionably enteric.

I have screened the Olivares family.

Inspected to-day 67 houses and oiled 7 water containers.

ALICE, TEX., June 4, 1904.

I have thoroughly investigated the cases previously reported from here, finding that they are all either malarial or enteric. The two cases which I yesterday felt almost certain were yellow fever, prove to be continuous enteric. I have had these under observation for three Several other cases, seen in company with Dr. Hooker, show the same symptoms—urinalysis in all the cases giving negative results.

This point, however, is a center of travel from the Rio Grande River, and, by reason of the new railroad extension to Brownsville. should be carefully watched. There are a great many cases between here and Corpus Christi, but without mortality. I believe it would be well to fumigate systematically all along the Texas-Mexican line.

We inspected to-day 71 houses containing 107 rooms and oiled 27

water containers.

## Antimosquito work and sanitary conditions.

ALICE, TEx., June 6, 1904.

A heavy rain fell here Sunday night, and two heavy rains to-day, so that it has not been possible to accomplish much in the line of inspection locally.

I saw a case near San Diego this morning, which proved to be mala-

rial fever—a patient who had been sick several days.

Malarial fever continues to prevail, and the recent rains will probably increase the number of new cases. The sanitary conditions are unfavorable. Will wire and inform of any new cases. I am urging the use of mosquito bars and screening in all cases of fever.

## Investigation of suspicious cases at Alice.

On June 8 Acting Assistant Surgeon McGregor, who was in charge of disinfecting squad at Alice, Tex., on the line of the Texas-Mexican Railroad, between Laredo and Corpus Christi, wired that there were

several suspicious cases of fever at Alice. The following message was immediately sent to him:

June 9, 1904.

ACTING ASSISTANT SURGEON McGREGOR, Alice, Tex.:

All fever cases should be screened immediately. Mosquito bars ordered expressed to you from Laredo.

GLENNAN, Acting Surgeon-General.

State Health Officer Tabor, Austin, Tex., was wired as follows on the same day:

McGregor reports suspicious fever at Alice. Richardson en route this morning.

GLENNAN, Acting Surgeon-General.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson left Laredo for Alice on

May 9.

On May 11 Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson wired that State Health Officer Tabor would arrive at Alice Monday; that Acting Assistant Surgeon Cock, with additional disinfecting squad, would arrive there Saturday afternoon, at which time there would be three medical inspectors and seven lay inspectors at that point.

On the same day Purnell was ordered from Beaumont to Alice to confer with Frick and McGregor. Acting Assistant Surgeon Purnell and State Health Officer Tabor arrived at Alice Sunday night, May 12.

On May 13 the following message was received from Purnell:

WYMAN, Washington, June 13, 1904:

Have examined 12 cases with Doctors Tabor, McKnight, and local physicians. Positively no yellow fever.

## Funigation work at Lytle.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Cock reports to Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson as follows:

LYTLE, TEX., June 6, 1904.

The work done at this place, including the Carr coal mines, is as follows:

Fumigated 62 houses containing 264 rooms; oiled 79 barrels, 39 tanks, 11 ponds, and 40 wells.

We will finish the Carr and the Italian mines to-day, and fumigate

Stumberg, a small station 5 miles from here, to-morrow.

There will be only one or two days' work at Medina, and that point can be worked from our present camp at less expense than by moving the outfit. At Leona there is only a section house belonging to the railroad company.

The only important point left unfinished on this line between San

Antonio and Laredo is Encinal.

Summary of work at Laredo for week ended June 11, 1904.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson reports, June 13, as follows: During the week ended June 11 fumigated, Laredo, 41 houses, containing 134 rooms; inspected 8,865 premises, and oiled 3,292 water containers; 9 sick investigated; maximum temperature for week, 99; rainfall, 1.1 inches.

June 17, 1904 1200

#### INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

#### Inspection at Nogales, Ariz.

## Acting Assistant Surgeon Gustetter reports, June 4, as follows:

#### Week ended June 4, 1904.

Passengers inspected	149
Immigrants inspected	28
Inspection (special) Chinese passing through United States in bond	
Alien deported (insanity)	1

#### Inspection at Eagle Pass, Tex.

#### Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports as follows:

ended May 28.	ended June 4.
Persons inspected	152
Persons held	0 7

#### Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

# Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports, June 4, as follows: Week ended June 4, 1904.

Inspection Mexican Central passengers	277
Inspection private Pullman passengers	7
Inspection Mexican immigrants	81
Inspection Indians brought from the Republic of Mexico to be taken care of at	
United States reservation, New Mexico	37
Inspection certificate, "cause of death," of corpse transferred into the United States	
Disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry work.	417
Vaccination of American passengers and immigrants	8

## Inspection at Laredo, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports, June 6, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Week ended June 4, 1904:

Passenger trains entering from Mexico inspected, 14; persons on trains from Mexico inspected, 264; immigrants from Mexico inspected, 14; immigrants vaccinated upon entry, 2; Pullman coaches disinfected, 7; private cars disinfected, 2; persons two days out from Vera Cruz refused entry, 1; persons three days out from Tehuantepec refused entry, 1; persons inspected and entered via international foot and carriage bridge, 3,115.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

California—Fresno.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 18,000. Total number of deaths, 23, including measles 2, whooping cough 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

Oakland.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 83,000. Total number of deaths, 100, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 5, whooping cough 1, and 10 from tuberculosis.

Stockton.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 16, including 3 from tuberculosis.

FLORIDA—Tampa.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 23,000. Total number of deaths, 30, including enteric fever, 2, and 4 from tuberculosis.

ILLINOIS—Peoria.—Month of May, 1904. Census population, 56,100. Total number of deaths, 89, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 1, and 6 from tuberculosis.

Indiana—Evansville.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 70,000. Total number of deaths, 64, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 1; scarlet fever, 1, and 7 from tuberculosis.

MARYLAND—Baltimore.—Month of April, 1904. Estimated population, 541,000—white, 457,000; colored, 84,000. Total number of deaths, 1,075—white, 781; colored, 294—including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 12, scarlet fever 20, whooping cough 5, and 148 from tuberculosis.

Cumberland.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 39, including measles 4, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

Massachusetts—Newton.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 39,310. Total number of deaths, 43, including enteric fever 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State Board of Health, Lansing, for the week ended June 4, 1904, from 75 observers, indicate that inflammation of kidney, inflammation of bowels, whooping cough, puerperal fever, inflammation of brain, and meningitis were more prevalent, and measles, intermittent fever, erysipelas, cholera morbus, membranous croup, remittent fever, and dysentery were less prevalent than in the preceding week.

Meningitis was reported present at 3, whooping cough at 9, diphtheria at 30, enteric fever at 33, pneumonia at 43, scarlet fever at 47, measles at 88, smallpox at 110, and phthisis pulmonalis at 264 places.

Montana.—Helena.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 13,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Two deaths from diphtheria reported.

Nebraska.—South Omaha.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 33,000. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.— Concord.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 36, including 3 from tuberculosis.

June 17, 1904 1202

Franklin.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 17, including 4 from tuberculosis.

NEW YORK.—Reports to the State board of health, Albany, for the month of April, 1904, from 156 cities, towns, and villages, having an aggregate population of 7,738,000, show a total of 13,700 deaths, including diphtheria 230, enteric fever 104, measles 225, scarlet fever 173, whooping cough 49, and 1,399 from phthisis pulmonalis.

The Monthly Bulletin says:

This month has generally a uniform mortality of about 10,500 in this State, and is seldom subject to fluctuation. In 1900 there were 12,500 deaths, following a still higher March mortality; in 1893 there were about 12,000 deaths in the month with the same number in March; and in 1891, at the height of a grippe epidemic, there were 14,000 deaths, following a March mortality not above the normal, and exceeding the number reported for any month on our records until the phenomenal mortality of March of this current year of 14,300 occurred. Following this excessive mortality of last month we have 13,700 deaths reported this month, which is within 300 deaths of April, 1891, and within 600 of that of the month preceding, so that it stands the third highest on the record of monthly death rates. further exceptional in that it is sequent to a series of months of excessive mortality. In the four months of this year there have been 53,000 deaths in this State, against 44,500 for the same months in 1903. and 43,300 in 1902. At this rate for the year there would be 160,000 deaths against 134,000, or against our average yearly mortality of recent past years of from 125,000 to 130,000.

As to the causes of death affecting this increase, there has been a moderate increase in the number of deaths from the seven common epidemic diseases prevalent in this locality, although in the three years they caused alike between 8 and 9 per cent of the deaths. Cerebrospinal meningitis, a minor cause of death, is at the present time showing an unusual mortality. Ordinarily having its largest prevalence at this season, or rather in the spring months, while in past years it has had only 150 deaths credited to it in the four months; this year 450 have been due to it. The increase has come in March and April, especially in this current month in which 254 deaths have occurred, the largest of any month on record. It has not been generally distributed, for with the exception of one or two places in the Adirondack district where local outbreaks have from time to time occurred in the past, almost the entire increase of the past two months has come in New York City and chiefly in the borough of Manhattan where more than 200 deaths have occurred instead of ordinarily less than 50, and there is a large increase in April over March. Diphtheria is causing at the present time more deaths than in the past two years at

this season, and this increase is also mostly in the maritime district; the same is also true of scarlet fever.

The chief increase in mortality is in diseases of the respiratory system, and especially from pneumonia, from which there were 2,500 more deaths than in the four months of the two preceding years. The increase has been general throughout the State. Deaths from other acute respiratory diseases are likewise increased, and there is a moderate increase from consumption; 11.5 per cent of the deaths have been from pneumonia, 8 per cent from other acute respiratory diseases, and 10 per cent from consumption, 16,500 or almost one-third of all deaths being from pulmonary diseases. Other local diseases have a larger mortality than in former years. Grippe was mentioned as a contributory cause of death on 983 death certificates out of 16,000 received during the last three months.

Smallpox has increased in distribution during the month, or rather new places long infected have come to light. At Cato and other towns in Cayuga County there is evidence that it has existed as a recognized epidemic, but under a fanciful name, since December, having been imported from Medina, where it was then prevalent, and, besides spreading throughout the northern part of the county and to adjacent towns in Wayne, has been traced from Cato to Jordan, Onondaga County, and to Corning by a common tobacco industry, also to Auburn and Weedsport. A remarkable instance is reported by the health officer, Doctor Lang, of fatal hemorrhages from mucous surfaces setting in on the fifth day and ending in coma on the ninth. At Ischua, Cattaraugus County, a disregarded outbreak in February has resulted in many cases, not a few continuing at the present time. At East Otto, Little Valley, and South Valley, same county, cases have developed. Cuyler, Preble, and Truxton, Cortland County; La Favette and Jordan. Onondaga County: in Amherst and the adjoining town of Clarence, Erie County, outbreaks exist; and at Hudson, Saratoga Springs, and Yonkers single cases imported from the south have been discovered and controlled without spread, and at Hopewell, Ontario County, one family has likewise been infected. These reports cover the month of May.

Buffalo.—Month of April, 1904. Estimated population, 325,000. Total number of deaths, 373, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 1, scarlet fever 6, and 48 from tuberculosis.

Saratoga.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 12,119. Total number of deaths, 20, including 3 from tuberculosis.

OHIO—Cleveland.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 430,000. Total number of deaths, 627, including diphtheria 12, enteric fever 31, measles 10, scarlet fever 3, whooping cough 1, smallpox 1, and 70 from tuberculosis.

PENNSYLVANIA—Altoona.—Month of May, 1904. Census population, 38,973. Total number of deaths, 54, including enteric fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

Dunmore.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 15,000. Total number of deaths, 17, including 1 from tuberculosis.

South Carolina—Camden.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 2,500. One death. No contagious diseases reported.

TENNESSEE—Knoxville.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000—white, 30,000; colored, 10,000. Total number of deaths, 50—white, 29; colored, 21, including whooping cough 2, and 11 from tuberculosis.

Texas—San Antonio.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 65,000. Total number of deaths, 156, including diphtheria 2, enteric fever 2, measles 5, and 30 from tuberculosis, of which 21 were of nonresidents.

UTAH—Salt Lake City.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 53,531. Total number of deaths, 56, including enteric fever 2, whooping cough 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

Washington—Tacoma.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 65,000. Total number of deaths, 50, including 10 from phthisis pulmonalis.

#### Report of immigration at Baltimore.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, Baltimore, Md., June 4, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended June 4, 1904; also names of vessel and port from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
June 2	Cassel	Bremen	1, 673

BERTRAM N. STUMP, Acting Commissioner.

#### BALTIMORE, June 11, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended June 11, 1904; also name of vessel and port from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
June 9	Breslau	Bremen	913

Louis T. Weis, Commissioner.

#### Report of immigration at Boston.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, Boston, Mass., June 6, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended June 4, 1904; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
May 31 31 June 2 2 3 4	Devonian	Liverpool, Englanddo	18 1 1,187 372

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

## Report of immigration at Key West, Fla.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, Key West, Fla., June 6, 1904.

Report of arrivals of alien steerage passengers at Key West during the week ended June 4, 1904.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of aliens.
May 30 31 June 2 3 4 4	Miami Mascotte Miami Martinique Wave Mascotte	do	36 19 1 1

Julius Otto, Inspector in Charge.

## Report of immigration at New York.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION,
New York, June 7, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended June 4, 1904; also the names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immi- grants.
1904.			_
May 29	Trinidad	Hamilton, Bermuda	1
29	La Touraine	Havre	865
29	Moltke	Hamburg	1, 121
30	Seneca	Habana	1
31	Germanic		
_ 31	New Orleans	Antwerp	_1
June 1	Vaderland		
1	Statendam	Rotterdam	
1	Ethiopia	Glasgow	176
1	Cevic	Liverpool	1
1	Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse		1
1	Mexico	Habana	5
2	Teutonic		424
2	Hugoma	Guanica	1
2	Chemitz	Bremen	1
2	Deutschland	Hamburg	275
3	Sicilia	Piraeus	95
3	Graf Waldersee	Hamburg	1,362
3	Calabria		937
4	Island		600
4	La Lorraine	Havre	638
4	Mongolian	Glasgow	63
4	Prinzess Alice	Bremen	1, 137
4	Citta di Torino	Naples	1,170
4	Vigilancia	Habana, etc	´ 9
4	Pretoria	Bermuda	2
	Total		10, 781

WM. WILLIAMS, Commissioner.

Office of the Commissioner of Immigration, New York, June 13, 1904.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended June 11, 1904; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immi- grants.
June 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Santiago St. Paul Celtie. Slavonia. Astoria Umbria. Patria Minnehaha Alleghany. Kroonland Morro Castle Kaiser Wilhelm II Potsdam Germania Titian Barbarossa Princess Irene Kaiser Wilhelm II Italia Carpathia Cedric Schr. Adelia T. Carlson	Southampton Liverpool and Queenstown Fiume, etc Glasgow Liverpool and Queenstown Naples. London Kingston Antwerp Habana Bremen Rotterdam Naples. Rio de Janeiro, etc Bremen Genoa and Naples Bremen Naples. Liverpool and Queenstown do	1, 20 1, 21 1, 21 1, 20 1, 20 1, 20 1, 20 76 66 16 73 88 1 33 37 70
10 11 11 11 11 11	Moltke Leon XIII Campania Philadelphia Havana Phoenicia	Hamburg. Genoa and Naples Liverpool and Queenstown Southampton Habana, etc	514 478 659 21
	Total		11, 132

## Inspection of immigrants.

#### MONTHLY.

Place.	Month.	Number of immi- grants passed.	Number of immi- grants rejected.
Buffalo, N. Y. Galveston, Tex Key West, Fla.	do	32 132 744 61	2 3 5
Laredo, Tex New Orleans, La. Ponce, P. R.	do	1,023 34	5 1
Port Townsend, Wash Port Townsend Quarantine, Wash Richford, Vt	do	4	7 3 0
San Diego, Cal Tacoma, Wash	do	54 67	0 1

\*Alien crews.

## Reports from national quarantine

					<del></del>
Number.	Name of station.	Week ended-	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 3	UNITED STATES: Alexandria, Va Beaufort, N. C Biscayne Bay, Fla	June 11 do June 4			
1 5 6 7	Bocagrande, Fla.— Punta Gorda Puntarasa Brunswick, Ga Cape Charles, Va	do	Ger. ss. Pisa	May 30	Wilhelmhaven
8 9 10	Cape Fear, N. C		Mex. ss. Quintana Roo Am. schr. W. H. Tooker.		
12 18 14 15		do May 21			••••••••
16	Gulf Quarantine, Ship Island, Miss.	June 4	Am. schr. Oscar G  Nor. bktn. Gazelle	May 29 June 1	Coatzacoalcosdo
17 18 19 21 22	Key West, Fla. Los Angeles, Cal Newbern, N. C Nome, Alaska. Panama, Panama	do June 11 May 28 May 30			
28 24 25 26	Pascagoula, Miss	June 4 May 28 June 4 do			
27 28 29 30	Reedy Island, Del		i	,	
\$1 \$2	San Diego, Cal	do	Br. ss. Caithness Br. bk. Auldgirth	- 1	Moji Caleta Buena
83 34 85 36 87	San Pedro, Cal				
38 39 40 41	South Atlantic quarantine, J Blackbeard Island, Ga. Southbend, Wash Tampa Bay, Fla. Washington, N. C	do	spicer,		via Barbados.

a This includes 1 vessel reported by mistake, May 28, 1904.

## and inspection stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passen- gers, and cargo.	Date of depart- ure.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1				No transactions	
8				No report	
4 5 6				No report	1 2
7	1	Passed on certificate of medical officer.	1		5
	ao	Fumigated	June 3	No transactions	11
8 9 10				No transactions No report No transactions	
11	Fernandina	Disinfected	June 3	7 coastwise vessels spoken and passed.	3
12 13			İ	No report	
				No transactions	25
16	Pascagoula	Disinfected and held	June 3	No transactionsdo	<u>2</u>
	Gulfport	do			
17 18				No transactions	10
19 21 22				No report	
23				glandular examination on Ch. ss. Limari from Valparaiso and Br. ss. Kensington from Cal- lao; 7 passengers on ss. Kensington landed in Panama. 2 vessels spoken and passed	•
		•••••		No report	2
26				Glandular examination on Br. ss. Hyson from London.	2
27			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		23
28 29				No transactionsdo	4
30			•••••	4 vessels spoken and passed; 6 steamships passed without inspec- tion.	_
31 32	1	Hold sulphured		2 vessels boarded and passed.	2 10
	do	Fumigated		Temperature taken on Am. ss. Curacao from Guayaquil and Am. ss. Newport from Panama. U. S. S. Tacoma, from Honolulu, passed on medical officer's certifi- cate.	
33 34				No transactionsdo	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
35 36			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	No report	2 5
37		Trold to discharge hallost		No mosquitoes.	2
38	Sapelo	Held to discharge ballast and disinfect.		No transactions	
39 40				No transactions	3
41				do	••••••

## Reports from national quarantine

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
42 43	HAWAII: Hilo Honolulu	May 21 May 28	It. ss. Liguria		
44	Kahului	do	U. S. S. Concord U. S. S. Marblehead U. S. S. Solace	May 25 do May 28	dodododododo
45	Kihei	May 21			
46	Koloa	do		••••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
47	Lahaina	May 28			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
48	Mahukona	May 14			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	PRILIPPINE ISLANDS:				
49	Cebu	Apr. 30			
50	Iloilo Jolo	May 7			
51 52	Joio Manila	Apr. 30 May 7			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
02	PORTO RICO:	May /			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
53	Ponce	May 28 June 4	Dan. ss. Dagfin	June 3	Maracaibo
54	San Juan	May 28 June 4	S. S. Philadelphia	June 1	Puerto Cabello
55	Subports— Aguadilla	May 28	1	1	
30	Aguauma				
56	Arecibo				
57	Arroyo	May 28			
-	77-13-	June 4			
58	Fajardo	1			
59	Humacao		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••
-					
60	Mayaguez				
- 1	, -	June 4			
ı		1			

## and inspection stations—Continued.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
42 43	Honolulu	Passed on medical officer's certificate.	May 24	No transactions	
	do	dodo	May 25do		
44 45		do		No transactions No report	
46				No transactions	i
47 48				No transactions	
49 50	l			ldô	
51 52					
53	New York	Held in quarantine	June 4	No cargo and no pas- sengers for Ponce.	2 3
54 	New York	Held	June 1		7 3
55				do	
56 57				do	1
58				dodo	
59				No transactions	
60				do	<u>2</u>

#### Reports from State and

Number.	Name of station.	Week ending—	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 8 4 5 6	Baltimore, Md Bangor, Me Boston, Mass Charleston, S. C Rlizabeth River, Va. Galveston, Tex	do June 4			Progreso
7 8 9 10 11	Gardiner, Oreg Marcushook, Pa Mobile Bay, Ala New Bedford, Mass New Orleans, La	June 11 June 4	Br. ss. Tripoli Br. ss. Cape Corrientes Br. ss. Beverley Br. ss. Saltwell Br. ss. Comedian Br. ss. St. Gothard Am. schr. Harry K. Fooks Nor. ss. Mount Vernon Fr. ss. Carolina Nor. ss. Venus	May 29 do do do May 30 do May 31 June 1 do June 2 June 3	Cienfuegos
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Newport News, Va	June 11 do do do do	Br. ss. William Cliff. Nor. ss. Taunton Br. ss. Irisbrook	do June 4	Mexican ports. Limon Cuban ports

#### municipal quarantine stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1 2 3	•••••				
4 5	••••••			No transactions	
6	Galvestondo	Fumigated and held	May 31		21
7 8	•••••			No report	
9 10				dodo	
11	New Orleansdo	Disinfected	May 29 May 31		
	do	Disinfecteddo	May 29do	: 	
	do	Disinfected and helddo	June 2 June 1		
	dododo	Disinfected Disinfected and held	May 31 June 1		
	do	Disinfected	June 1		
	dododo	Disinfected and held Disinfected	June 3		
12	do	do	June 4	No report	
13 14				dodo.	
15 16				dodo	
17 18	•••••				
19 20				do	

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, December 26, 1908, to June 17, 1904.

For reports received from June 27, 1903, to December 25, 1903, see Public Health Reports for December 25, 1903.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alaska:				
Hoonah	. May 17	.  8		-
Juneau	. May 15-June 4	5		-  .
Killisnoo	. May 17	.  2	!	-
Total for Territory		. 10		- -
Made 1 for Manufacture 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1		=
Total for Territory, same period, 1903.		1	-	•
Arkansas:	D 10 71 00	۱ ۵	1	
Fort Smith	Dec. 13-Feb. 20	6		•
Little Rock	. Apr. 1-May 31	29		<u> </u>
Total for State		. 35		
Total for State, same period,				
1903.				1
California: Berkeley	Jan. 1-Feb. 29	2		
Escondido		í		
Fresno	Dec 1_91	i î		i
Los Angeles	Dec. 27-May 28	19		1
Oakland	Jan. 1-31		. 1	1
Sacramento		_1		i
San Francisco	Dec. 7-May 15	55	4	
Total for State		79	5	İ
Total for State, same period,		340	3	i
1903.			<del></del>	
Colorado:	Fob 1 20			
Bent County	Feb. 1-29 Dec 1-Apr. 30	4 31		
Chaffee County	Feb. 1-Apr. 30	8		
Chaffee County	Jan. 1-Feb. 29	37		
Denver County (Denver)	Dec. 1-Mar. 31	44	1	
Douglas County	Mar. 1-Mar. 31	1		
Eagle County	Mar. 1-Apr. 30	5		
El Paso County (Colorado Springs included).	Dec. 1-Feb. 29	37	•••••	
Gilpin County	Apr. 1-30	1		
Huerfano County	Dec. 1-Mar. 31	$ar{2}$		
Kit Carson County	Dec. 1-Apr. 30	24		
Lake County	Dec. 1-Feb. 29	3		
La Plata County Larimer County	Apr. 1-30 Dec. 1-Apr. 30	1 106		
Las Animas County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	4		
Mesa County	Dec. 1-31	ī		
Otero County	Jan. 1-Mar. 31	47		
Pitkin County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	2		
Pueblo County	Feb. 1-Apr. 30	11		
Rio Grande County	Dec. 1-31 Jan. 1-Feb. 29	11 14		
Washington County	Jan. 1-Feb. 29 Dec. 1-Jan. 31	3		
Weld County	Dec. 1-Apr. 30	134		
Yuma County	Dec. 1-31	1		
Total for State	••••••	532	1	
Total for State, same period,		717		
1903. elaware:	[1			
Wilmington	Feb. 21-May 21	1	3	
Total for State		1	3	
Total for State, same period,	-		1	
1903.	<u> </u>	•••••		
istrict of Columbia:	ľ			
Washington	Jan. 10-June 4	54		
Total for District	-	54		
		<i></i>		
Total for District, same pe-		15	1	
riod, 1903.	-			
lorida: Escambia County (Pensacola).	Nov. 1-Jan. 16	44	1	
Dade County (Fort Lauderdale)	Nov. 1-Dec. 31	11	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Duval County (Jacksonville) Leon County (Tallahassee)	Nov. 1-June 4	41		

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Florida—Continued.	,			
Polk County (Bartow)	Nov. 1-Dec. 81 Jan. 2-16	1 88		-
Walton County	Jan. 2-10			
Total for State		144	•••••	
Total for State, same period, 1903.		355		
Georgia:	_			
DarienLiberty County		2	7	
Macon	May 15-June 4	12		
Total for State		14	7	
Total for State, same period,		130	9	
1903. Ulinois:				
Belleville		29	2	
Cairo Chicago	Jan. 1-Feb. 5 Dec. 20-June 11	13 96	1	
Danville	Dec. 13-June 4	53		
East St. Louis	May 1-May 31	22 3	1	
Freeport	Jan. 10-16	1		
Galesburg	Mar. 6-26	7		
Peoria Springfield	Mar. 1-31 Feb. 26-Mar. 3	10 3		
		237	4	
Total for State				
Total for State, same period, 1903.	•••••	381		
Indiana: Evansville	Dec. 13-Jan. 20	22		
Kokomo South Bend	Apr. 17-23	1 16	i	
	Mar. 21-May 14			
Total for State	•••••	39	1	
Total for State, same period, 1903.	•••••	3, 534	138	
lowa:				
Des Moines Dubuque	Jan. 23-Apr. 30 Dec 27-June 4	8	1	
		11		
Total for State	••••••		1	
Total for State, same period, 1903. Kentucky:		81		
Burlington	Mar. 1-28	16		
Covington	Mar. 13-May 28	23	16	
LouisvilleSpringfield	Mar. 22-28	66 6	16	
Total for State	: <del>-</del>	111	16	
Total for State, same period,	7	631	8	
1903.	=			
ouisiana: New Orleans	Dec. 13-June 4	114	5	Forty imported.
Total for State		114	5	
Total for State, same period,		97	3	
1903. Maine:				
Athens.	Dec. 31			Present.
BiddefordBradley	Dec. 13-19	1 2		
Brewer	Dec. 13-19 Mar. 18 Dec. 19 Dec. 31	ĩ		_
Brighton	Dec. 31			Do.
Calais	Feb. 7-18 May 17	10	•••••	Do.
Columbia Falls	May 16-26	23		Do. Do.
Machiasport	May 31	8		
Madawaska region	Dec. 1-Apr. 9	67		
	Jan. 28	1		
Madison		~ 1		
Milford	Jan. 7	2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Madison Milford Oldtown Orono Smithfield	Jan. 7 To Dec. 24 Dec. 19-Jan. 22	9		

Place.		ate.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Maine—Continued. StacyvilleVan Buren	Jan. 21 Jan. 1	1 l-31	11 7		
Total for State			146		.]
Total for State, same period,			316	1	
1903.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	310		
Maryland: Baltimore Cumberland	Jan. 1' Feb. 1	7-June 11 I-Mar. 31	60		
Total for State			64	3	
Total for State, same period,			55	1	
1903.					
Brockton Fall River Haverhill Lawrence Lowell	Dec. 20	–20. ⊢Mar. 19	2		
Haverhill	Dec. 20	-26	1 1		
Lowell	Mar. 13	-10 -Apr. 2	2		
Total for State			7	1	
Total for State, same period			216	29	
1903. fichigan:			4.0		
DetroitFlint		-June 4 -Feb. 6	46 5		
Grand Rapids	Jan. 2	-June 4	23		
Port Huron			4		
Lapeer County	Feb. 1	-29	. <b></b>	. 1	
Muskegon	Mar. 1	-31	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 1	
Osceola County	Mar. 1	-31		î	
Total for State			78	6	
Total for State, same period,	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		652	16	
1903.					
Innesota: Aitkin County	Feb. 9	-29	6		
Anoka County	Apr. 5	-May 9	2		
Becker County Beltrami County		-May 16 -May 30	53 52	1	
Benton County	May 3	9	1		
Blue Earth County	Apr. 26- Jan. 26-	-May 9   -Apr. 11	2 14		
Chippewa County	Feb. 9-	-Apr. 18	26		
Chisago County	Jan. 12- Dec. 22-	Apr. 4	13 28		
Clay County	Feb. 2	15 Feb. 8	2		
Crow wing county			5 2		
Dakota County Dodge County	Mar. 15-	-8 -Apr. 18	13		
Douglas County	Jan. 26-	May 30	46 2		
Fillmore County Freeborn County	Mar. 1- Apr. 5-	11	1		
Freeborn County Grant County	Mar. 22-	Apr. 18	.7		
Goodhue County	Jan. 5- Dec. 22-	May 30	11 196	14	
Houston County	May 24-	30	1		
Hubbard County	Jan. 19- Dec 22-	May 2	15 36		
Isanti County	Dec. 15-	May 23	22		
Jackson County Kanabec County	Jan. 5-	11	1		
Kandiyohi County	May 24- Dec. 15-	Apr. 11	85		
Kittson County	Apr. 5-	18	5		
Lac qui Parle CountyLake County	Apr. 26- May 24-	May 30	4 5		
Lesueur County	Apr. 5-	May 30	9	1	
Lyon County	May 16- Feb. 16-	Mar. 21	1 4		
Millelacs County. Morrison County.	Feb. 16- Dec. 15-1	May 30	8	1	
Morrison County Mower County	Dec. 15-1 Feb. 2-	May 30	31 1		
Murray County	Mar 94-9	20. 1	1		
Norman County Ottertail County Pine County Pipestone County Polk County Pope County	Feb. 2-	May 16	11		
Pine County	Feb. 2-	May 16	140	·····i	
Pipestone County	Mar. 15-	May 16	24		
Dolle Country	T	4 !	6	,	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
finnesota—Continued.				
Ramsey County	Dec. 29-May 23	42	1	
Redwood County	Jan. 19-May 30		Ī	
Renville County	Jan. 19-Apr. 18	ÿ		
Rice County	Jan. 19-May 30	10		
Roseau County	Jan. 12-18	10		
St. Louis County Scott County Sherburne County Sibley County Steens County Steele County	Jan. 12-May 9	13		
Scott County	Mar. 15-May 16	17		•
Sherburne County	May 3-16	2		•
Steams County	Peo. 9-15	1 1		·
Steele County	Dec. 15-May 30	232 2		·
Steele County Stevens County Swift County Todd County	Mar 15_May 0	3		1
Swift County	Jan 26-May 16	29		1
			1	1
Wabasha County Wadena County Washington County	Jan. 26-Apr. 18	27		
Wadena County	Jan. 12-Apr. 25	3		
Washington County	Dec. 22-May 30	23	1	
Wilkin County	Jan. 5-Apr. 25	18		
Winona County	Apr. 26-May 16	2		
Wilkin County Winona County Wright County Yellow Medicine County Cases not previously reported	Mar. 1-May 16	10		
1 ellow Medicine County	May 16-23	,1		
cases not previously reported	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11		i
in Hennepin County.		10		1
Cases not previously reported in Kandiyohi County.		13		!
Old cases not reported pre-		11		į.
viously in Stearns County.				
-				
Total for State		1,558	22	
Total for State, same period,		3,902	41	
1903.	•••••	0,302		
issouri:				
St. Louis	Dec. 20-June 6	230	9	
Total for State		230	9	
Markal for Otata assessment of		075		
Total for State, same period, 1903.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	275	5	
ontana:				
Putto	Ian 1 Fab 90	16		
Butte	Jan. 1-160. 25	10		
11010114	Vuii. 1 01			
Total for State		17		
Total for State, same period,		17	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1903.				
ebraska: Omaha	Dog 90 May 98	16	1	
Omana	Dec. 20-May 28	10	1	
Total for State		16	1	
Total for State				
Total for State, same period.		94		
1903.				
ew Hampshire:	_			
Manchester	Dec. 13-June 4	91	1	
Nashua	Jan. 3-23	3		
Total for State		94	1	
Total for State		34		
Total for State, same period,		223		
1903.				
ew Jersey:	İ			
Camden	Dec. 27-Apr. 30	28	5	
Jersev Citv	Mar. 21-27	1		Imported.
Newark	reb. 1-6			_
Plainfield	Jan. 17-23	1		Do.
Trenton	Dec. 27-Apr. 23	43	8	
Total for State		74	13	
Total ioi state				
Total for State, same period,		102	5	
1903.				
ew York:		1	- 1	
Ruffelo	Dec. 20-June 4	50		
Elmira New York	Feb. 7-13	1		
New York	pec. 20-June 4	30	4	
Niagara Falls	Feb. 14-Apr. 12	15		
Saratoga Springs	рес. 1-31	1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Total for State		97	4	
TOTAL IOI STATE				
Total for State, same period,		98	12	

Place.		Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
North Carolina:					
Alamance County	. Jan.		122	2	
Anson County	. Jan.				Present.
Bladen County Buncombe County	Jan.		8		
Cabarrus County	. Jan.	1-31			
Chowan County	. Jan.	1-31	1		
Cleveland County	Jan.	1-31			
Cumberland County	Jan. Jan.		72		
Davie County	Jan.				
Durham County	Jan.				
Edgecombe CountyForsyth County	Jan. Jan.			2	
Gaston County	Jan.	1-31			
Guilford County	Jan.	1–31	8		
namen county	Jan.	1-31			
Henderson CountyIredell County	Jan.	1-31 1-31			
Jackson County	Jan.	1-31	25	1	
Johnston County	Jan.	1-31			•
Macon County	Jan. Jan.	1-31			Do. Do.
Madison County Mecklenburg County (Char-	Jan.	1-31 1-Apr. 30			ъ.
lotte included).	00	1 11911 00	•		
New Hanover County (Wil-	Jan.	1-Mar. 8	11		
mington included). Orange County	Ian	1-31	10		
Perquimans County		1-31			
Pitt County	Jan.	1-31	13	i	
Richmond County	Jan.	1-31		••••	
Robeson County	Jan.	1-31			Do.
Scotland County	Jan.	1-31	20		
Stanly County	Jan.	1-31	2		
Vance County	Jan.	1-31 1-31	6 19		
Wake County	Jan.	1-31			
wavne connty	Jun	1-31	10		
wilkes County	Jan.	1-31	20	•••••	
Wilson County Yancey County	Jan. Ian	1-31			
		_			
Total for State			483	2	
Total for State, same period,		=	2,565	23	
1903.		=			
orth Dakota:	D			_	
Barnes County	Dec.	1-Apr. 30 1-Apr. 30	19	1	
Cavalier County.	Dec.	1-Apr. 30	18	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Cavalier County.  Eddy County.  Emmons County.	Dec. 1	1-31	1	• • • • • • • • • •	
Foster	Feb.	1-29	2 .	• • • • • • • • •	
Grand Forks County	Apr. 1	l-30	19	• • • • • • • • •	
Griggs County	Dec. 1	1-31	ī	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
menenry County	Feb. 1	l-Apr. 30	12	i	
McLean County			3 .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Richland County	Nov. 1 Feb. 1	-Mar 31	66 i.	•••••	
Rolette County	Nov 1	_1 nr 20	48	1	
Stark County	Feb. 1	-Apr. 30	4 .	•••••	
Stutsman County Towner County	Dec. I	-Apr. 30		•••••	
Traill County	Dec. 1	-Apr 30			
Walsh County	വരം 1	Man 91		••••••	
Ward County Wells County Williams County	Dec. 1	-Apr. 30	26 .	• • • • • • • • •	
Williams County	NOV. 1	-Feb. 29	20 .	•••••	
4		1	20 :.	•••••	
Total for State	•••••	•••••	338	3	
Total for State, same period,			48 .		
1903. lo:				===	
Allen County	lno (	8-Apr. 9	90		
ASDISTIC COUNTY	on 1	1_Ann 0 i		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Ashtabula County	1110 5	LAnr o	12	•••••	
Athens County	ל יפוו ו	LAnr O	112	1	
Auglaize County	lug. 8	3-Apr. 9 3-Apr. 9	40	4	
			25 28	8	
			40 (	• • • • • • • •	
Carroll County. A	ug. 8	3-Apr. 9		• • • • • • • • •	

Place.	:	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Ohio—Continued.					
Clark County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	4		
Clermont County Columbiana County Coshocton County Crawford County Cuyahoga County Darke County Delaware County Erie County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	1		
Coshocton County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9 8-Apr. 9	60 66	1	
Crawford County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9 8-May 28	85		
Cuvahoga County	Aug.	8-May 27	54	7	İ
Darke County	Aug.	8-May 27 8-Dec. 26	î		
Delaware County	Aug.	8-Dec. 26	13		
Erie County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	17		İ
Fairfield County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	9		
Franklin County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	174	5	
Gallia County	Aug.		74	5	
Guernsey County	Ano		132	1	
Hamilton County	Aug.	8-June 3	205	12	
Hancock County			31		
Hardin County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	1		
Harrison County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	26	4	
Hocking County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	81		
Holmes County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	44	¦	
Jackson County Jefferson County Knox County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9			
Jenerson County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9			
I ake County	Aug.	8-Dec. 26 8-Dec. 26	1		
Lake CountyLawrence County	Ang.	8-Dec. 26 8-Apr. 9	$24^{1}_{2}$	16	
Licking County	Ano	8-Apr. 9	49	1	
Lorain County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	4	î	
Lucas County	Aug.	8-June 4	13		: 
Madison County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	1		
Mahoning County			239	5	
Marion County			258	1	
Miami County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	32	2	
Montgomery County	Aug.		235		
Morgan County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	2		
Morrow County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	9		
Muskingum County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	34 4	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Noble County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9 8-Apr. 9	15		
Ottawa County	Aug.	8-Dec. 26	10	•••••	
Paulding County Perry County Pickaway County	Ang.	8-Apr. 9	71		
Pickaway County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	i		
Portage County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	6		
Preble County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	4		
Putnam County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	45		
Richland County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	27	. 1	
Ross County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	4		
Ross County Scioto County Seneca County Stark County Summit County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9		•••••	
Seneca County	Aug.	8-Dec. 26 8-Apr. 9			
Summit County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9   8-Apr. 9			
Trumbull County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9			
Trumbull CountyTuscarawas County	Ang.	8-Apr. 9	35		
Union County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	30		
Union County Van Wert County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	12	1	
Vinton County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	13		
Vinton County Washington County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	76	1	
Wayne County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9	9 30	•••••	
Williams County	Jan.	1-Apr. 9	30 31		
Wood County	Aug.	8-Dec. 26	18		
wyandot County	Aug.	8-Apr. 9		•••••	
Total for State			3, 274	97	
Total for State, same period,			4, 397	246	
1903. Pennsylvania:	ъ.	10 1	104	36	Thirtoon aggreeimmented at
Allegheny County  Beaver County		13-June 4	184	1	Thirteen cases imported at Pittsburg.
Berks County	Dec.	1-Mar. 4	41		
Blair County	Dec.	1-June 11	24	3	Five cases imported.
Blair County Bradford County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	10		
Bucks County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	4		
Butler County	reb.	1-Apr. 30	3		True conse immented
Cambria County	Dec.	1-June 4 1-Jan. 31	62	4	Two cases imported.
Cambria County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	20		
Clearfield County			8		
Clearfield County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31			
Clearfield County Columbia County Center County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	4		
Clearfield County	Dec. Dec.	1-Jan. 31 1-Jan. 31	4 1		
Clearfield County Columbia County Center County	Dec. Dec.	1-Jan. 31 1-Jan. 31	4		

Place.		Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Pennsylvania—Continued.					
Delaware County	Dec.				
Erie County	Dec.			1	
Fayette County	Dec.			1	
Greene County	Dec. Dec.	1-Jan. 31 1-Jan. 31			
		1-Jan. 31		3	
Lackawanna County	Dec.				
Lancaster County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31			
Lebanon County	Dec	1-Jan. 31	. 11	1	
Lehigh County	Dec.	1-Apr. 23	120		
Luzerne County	Dec. Jan.	1-Jan. 31		3	
Lycoming County		3-Apr. 23 1-Jan. 31		3	
Montgomery County	Dec.	1-May 14		1	
Northampton County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31			
Northumberland County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	3		
Perry County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31			
Philadelphia County	Dec.	20-June 11		224	
Schuylkill County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31			
Somerset County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31 1-Jan. 31			
Warren County	Jan	1-Jan. 31		3	
Washington County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	1 18		
Wayne County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31 1-Jan. 31	92		
Susquehanna County	Dec.	1-Jan. 31	43		
Total for State			2, 121	281	
Total for State, same period,				214	
1903. outh Carolina:	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Charleston				4	Three imported
Georgetown	Mar.	27	. 1		
Greenville	Feb.	21-May 28	40		
Total for State			. 90	4	
Total for State, same period,			254	10	
1903. ennessee:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	204		
Memphis	Dec. Dec.	13–June 11 27–June 11	433 151	8	
Total for State			584	8	
Total for State same naried			1 990	32	
Total for State, same period, 1903.	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,830		
exas: San Antonio	Dec.	1-May 31	66		
Total for State			. 66		
Total for State, same period, 1903.	· • • • • •	•••••	13		
tah:	<b>T</b>	1 36 01			,
Ogden	Dec.	1-mar. 31 27-May 28	3 19		
Total for State			22		
Total for State, same period,			367	2	
1903.		•••••			
irginia:					
	Feb.	7-13	2		
Pocahontas	Jan.	1-May 31	23	5	
The told from Charte			05		
Total for State		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25	5	
Total for State, same period,			9	2	
1903.					
ashington:					
Adams County	Dec.	1-Apr. 30	6		
Chehalis County	Dec.	1-31	3		
	Mar.	1-Apr. 30	9		
Clarks County	Mar.	1-31	1		
	Feb. Jan.	1-29 1-31	1 1		
Franklin County		1-31	1 1	•••••	
		12	i i i		
send).	P		*		•
King County (Seattle included)	Dec.	1-Apr. 13	49		
	Dec.	1-31	1		

Place.		Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Vashington—Continued.					
Klickitat County	Dec.	1-Apr. 30	28		
Lewis County.	Feb.	1-29	1		
Lincoln County		1-Apr. 30	3		
Mason County		1-31	ĭ		
Pacific County	Jan.	1-Feb. 29	2		
			9		
Pierce County (Tacoma in- cluded).		1-June 6			
Skagit County	Feb.	1-29	1		
Spokane County (Spokane in- cluded).	Dec.	1-Apr. 30	25	3	
Thurston County	Feb.	1-29	2		
Wallawalla County		1-Jan. 31	9		
Whatcom County	Dec	1-Feb. 29	18		
Whitman County	Dec	1-Mar. 31	4		
Yakima County		1-Apr. 30	10		
1 akima County	Jan.	1-Apr. 30	10		
Total for State			186	8	
Motel for State come maried			339	4	
Total for State, same period,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	559	- 4	
1903.					
Vest Virginia:		4 35 10			
Martinsburg	Apr.	4-May 13	20	1	
Total for State			20	1	
Total In State		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Total for State, same period,			9		
1903.					
Visconsin:					
Milwaukee	Doo	19 Tuno 4	200		
Milwaukee	Dec.	15-June 4	200		
m			200		
Total for State		•••••	200		
			1 010	6	
Total for State, same period,			1,313	0	
1903.					
Grand total			11, 171	500	
Grand total, same period, 1903.			26,691	836	

Plague in the United States, as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, December 26, 1903, to June 17, 1904.

Place.	Num- ber since March, 1900. Num- ber Re- since ported.		Bacterio- logically con- firmed.	Remarks.		
California: San Francisco Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do. Do	111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 a 119	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Jan. 10 Jan. 12 Jan. 13 Feb. 7 Feb. 9 Feb. 12 Feb. 15 Feb. 17 Mar. 1	Jan. 13	Jan. 25 Jan. 27 Jan. 22 Feb. 17 Feb. 27 Feb. 24 do Mar. 8 Mar. 12	Recovered.

a Cases 119 and 120 not having been bacteriologically confirmed, case 121 has been numbered 119.

Summary: Calendar year, 1900, 22 cases, 22 deaths; 1901, 30 cases, 25 deaths; 1902, 41 cases, 41 deaths; 1903, 17 cases, 17 deaths.

Yellow fever in the United States, as reported to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, December 26, 1903, to June 17, 1904.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Texas: Laredo	Dec. 26-Mar. 18	6		One case imported from Minera.

<sup>[</sup>Note.—In accordance with custom, the tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.]

1222

## Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States.

		of	ä	Deaths from—										
Cities.	Week ended—	Population, United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholers.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Allentown, PaAltoona, Pa	June 11 June 4	35, 416 38, 973	11 14	ļ		.					1	1		
Do	June 11	38, 973	12											
Ashtabula, Ohio	June 4	12,949 12,949	3 4			•   • • • • •		` <b></b>		2			ļ	• • • •
Baltimore, Md	do	508, 957	159							3	i	i		
Biddeford. Me	June 4	16, 145	4	1		• • • • • •								• • • •
Biloxi, Miss Binghamton, N.Y	ob	5, 467 38, 647	10	1										
ро	June II	38, 647	11	3										
Boston, Mass	June 4	560, 892	206	34	,					• • • •	1	4	1	• • • •
Brockton, Mass		560, 892 40, 063	164	10			••••				1	4	3	
Cambridge, Mass	do	91,886	17	1			'							••••
Do	June 11 June 4	91, 886 75, 935	12 21	1			••••	• • • •	••••	• • • •		••••	• • • •	• • • •
Do		75, 935	21	i								2		
arbondale, Pa	June 7	13,536	2											••••
harleston, S. C helsea, Mass	June 4	55, 807 34, 072	35 6	3		••••					••••		••••	• • • •
hicago, Ill	June 11	1,698,575	420	63						1	3		1	3
Chicopee, Mass	do	19, 165	100	1			••••	• • • •	• • • • •		;.	••••		• • • •
Cincinnati, Ohio		325, 902 381, 766	123 92	111		- 1				2	1			••••
Do	June 10	381, 766	108	1.1	1	- 1				5		2 1	3	
inton, Mass	June 11	13,667	$\frac{2}{3}$	1					,					
anville, Ill	do	16, 354 85, <b>3</b> 33	19							- 1	,	- 1		· · · ·
etroit, Mich	June 4	285, 704	94			i 						4		· · · · ·
ubuque, Iowa unkirk, N. Y	do	36, 297	10			1			• • • • ;		••••		••••	• • • •
mira, N. Y.	do	11,616 35,672	11	3			••••]		••••	• • • • ;	• • • • •			• • • •
erett, Mass	June 11	24,336	6							:	• • • •		'	
ll River, Mass	June 4	104,863	$\frac{23}{22}$	3						• • • • أ	• • • •		• • • •	
Dolesburg, Illand Rapids, Mich	June 4	104, 863 18, 607	8			••••							!	
rand Rapids, Mich	do	87, 565	31	3			.		.				1 .	
averhill, Massomestead, Pa		37, 175 12, 554	8 4	2	• • • •		-			••••			• • • •	• • • •
depark, Mass	do	13, 244	2		:			1			• • • • • •			
aca, N. Y	do	13, 136	2	1		!	.	!			. <b></b> .			
cksonville, Flahnstown, Pa	ao   June 11	28, 429 35, 936	12 7						• • • •	1				• • • •
wrence, Mass	June 4	62,559	23	4			.							
xington, Kys Angeles, Cal	do	26, 369 102, 479	11 53	3 17	• • • • •		• • • • • •		• • • •	•				1
well, Mass	June 11	94, 969	24									1		
nn, Mass	June 4	68, 513	15									1 .		
cKeesport, Paacon, Ga	do	34, 227 22, 746	14 10					:::¦:		3	3	1	2 .	•••
ılden, Mass	do	33,664	4					1.	' .	1 -	! .			
anchester, N. H arlboro, Mass	do	56, 987 12, 600	14								! .		.	• • •
dford Mass	do l	13, 609 18, 244	2 3					:::	•••		· · · j ·		::- :	•••
Do J	June 11	18, 244	3	1						:		.	:	•••
ilwaukee, Wis J ount Vernon, N. Y J	une 4	285,315 $21,228$	77 5	11					• • • •	••• •	••••	-	-	•••
ashville, Tenn	oo	80, 865	30	2				: -		٠١.			::: :	
ewark, N.JJ	June 4	246,070	90	7		-	!	! .			1	1	4.	•••
Do J ew Bedford, Mass J	do	246, 070 63, 442	82 14	18			•••!•		• • • • •	•••	2	1	2	•••
ewburyport, Mass J	June 4	14,478	3				!-	!-		1 -		!-	:	•••
ew Orleans, La		287, 104	130	21		.		-		2  .		2 i	1  .	• • •
ewton, Mass J ew York, N. Y J	une 4	33, 587 3, 437, 202 1	, 265	1						-			-	··· <del>·</del>
Do J	une 11	3, 437, 202 1	, 222	131		1 .				5	15	35	18	6
agara Falls, N. Y J rristown, Pa J	une 6	19, 457 . 22, 265	8	• • • •	•••• •			• • • •	• • • •	••••	• • •	1  -	-	• • •
rth Adams, Mass J	une 4	24, 200	4 !.										.	
Do J	une 11	24, 200	5 .		.					' .	' .	!-		•••
orthampton, Mass J Do J		18, 643 18, 643	5	• • • • <sup>1</sup> ·	· · · ·   ·		•••	• • • •	· · · · ·	•••	•••	-	-	• • •
naha. Nebr J	une 4	102, 555 7, 147	22		-		• • • • •		<b></b>					• • •
neonta, N. Y	une 11	7,147	1 !.				i			1		1	- 1	
madeibing, Lg	uo	1, 293, 697	426	οθ .	1	ZI.	!		1	LO '	<b>Z</b> .	8	D 1.	

## ${\it Weekly mortality table, cities of the \ United \ States} {\it --} Continued.$

		ited s of	d o	Deaths from—										
Cities.	Week ended—	Population, United States census of 1900.	Total deaths from all causes.	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Do	June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 May 31 May 29 May 28 June 4 June 5 June 11 June 4 June 6 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4 June 11 June 4	321, 616 15, 369 50, 175, 597 175, 597 23, 899 162, 608 342, 782 6, 587 16, 013 10, 266 61, 643 35, 999 12, 068 37, 714 8, 244 131, 822 73, 307 73, 307 23, 481 278, 718	122 6 21 48 57 5 42 130 4 6 4 16 13 3 3 25	10 1 2 6 3 1 23 17  3 1 1 1  5  2 1 1 1 1						14 3 1 1 1 1 1 1	6	1 12 3	2	2
Weymouth, Mass	do do June 11	11, 324 51, 721 28, 757 28, 757	16 7 3	3		••••							1	1 
Wilmington, Del	June 4 June 11 May 21 May 28	76, 508 76, 508 118, 421 118, 421	20 25 26 20	1 5 4 						2		2 	1 	
Do Yonkers, N. Y	June 4 June 13	118, 421 47, 931	38 17				•.					1		

#### FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

#### AFRICA.

Report from Cape Colony-Plague-Examination for plague-infected rodents.

The following reports by the medical officer of health for the Colony on the state of the outbreak of bubonic plague in the Cape Colony for the weeks ended May 7 and 14, 1904, is published for general information.

> NOEL JANISCH. Under Colonial Secretary.

Port Elizabeth.—No case of plague was discovered during the week. At the plague hospital a native female was discharged; 5 cases remain under treatment. Two hundred and twenty-four rats and 157 mice were examined bacteriologically during

the week, of which 40 rats and 6 mice proved to be plague infected.

Other places.—At East London, Uitenhage, Queenstown, King Williams Town, and

Knysna no case of plague was discovered in man or animal.

#### EXAMINATION OF RODENTS IN CAPE TOWN AND HARBOR BOARD AREA.

Harbor board area and shipping in harbor.—Number examined, 236; nothing found suspicious of plague.

Cape Town municipal area.—Number examined by the medical officer of health for

the city, 386; nothing found suspicious of plague.

A. John Gregory, Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

#### Week ended May 16, 1904.

Port Elizabeth.—One case of plague was discovered during the week, namely, a native male, on the 1st instant.

At the plague hospital 6 cases remain under treatment.

Three hundred and ninety-five rats and 127 mice were examined bacteriologically during the week, of which 4 rats proved to be plague infected.

Other places.—At East London, Uitenhage, Queenstown, King Williams Town, and

Knysna, no case of plague was discovered in man or animal.

#### EXAMINATION OF RODENTS IN CAPE TOWN AND HARBOR BOARD AREA.

Harbor board area and shipping in harbor.—Number examined, 223; nothing found suspicious of plague.

Cape Town municipal area.—Number examined by the medical officer of health for the city, 299; nothing found suspicious of plague.

A. JOHN GREGORY, Medical Officer of Health for the Colony.

#### Plague in Johannesburg.

The following is received through Consul Proffit at Pretoria, under date of May 6, 1904:

Governor's Office, Johannesburg, May 5, 1904.

Hon. Joseph E. Proffit,

U. S. Consul, Pretoria.

SIR: I am directed by His Excellency Lord Milner to express his regret that, through an oversight, no official notification was made to your Government through you of the outbreak of plague in Johannesburg. Such notification is, as you are doubtless aware, enjoined by article 6 of the Venice International Sanitary Convention of March 19, 1897, which was ratified by your Government.

I am to express the hope that you will excuse the delay and take this letter as a fulfillment of the formal obligations of the convention.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

G. Geoffery Robinson, Private Secretary.

Report from Lourenço Marquez—Danger of importation of plague from Johannesburg.

Consul Hollis reports, May 2, as follows:

A number of destitute and half-starved people are constantly arriv-

ing here from Johannesburg.

These people travel partly on foot and partly in empty freight cars. As they do not arrive by passenger trains they are not observed by the railway quarantine officials, and no precautions are taken to prevent such people from bringing the germs of the plague here.

These men generally come here with the intention of working their

passages by vessel from this port to some other part of the world.

#### ARABIA.

Report from Aden—History of plague outbreak.—Consul Masterson

reports, May 18, as follows:

On May 9, two suspicious cases of fever were noticed among employees in the shop of Cowasjee Dinshaw & Bros. at Steamer Point. The port surgeon, Lieutenant-Colonel Monks, was immediately notified. He ordered the men placed on Quarantine Island and every precaution was taken to prevent the spread of the disease. As a further precaution, the port surgeon issued the following notice (No. 1) to all shipping firms and consuls:

(No. 1).

#### NOTICE.

As suspected cases of plague are at present in this settlement and as bill of health must be annotated accordingly, I would advise all homeward-bound ships not to communicate with this port for the present if they can avoid doing so.

To obtain a certificate of noncommunication a ship must coal and work strictly in

To obtain a certificate of noncommunication a snip must coal and work strictly in quarantine; that is, no boarding clerks, no coolies, and in fact no person of any sort

should go on board; or if they must go on board they should go into quarantine

In no other way can any vessel hope to get pratique on Egypt.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Monks.

ADEN, May 9, 1904.

Immediately upon the receipt of notice No. 1, I wrote to the political resident, Maj. Gen. P. J. Maitland, asking him to officially inform me if plague had really broken out in Aden, to which I received the following reply (No. 2):

2.

ADEN RESIDENCY, May 9, 1904.

The Consul of the United States of America, Aden.

SIR: In reply to your letter of to-day's date inquiring as to the rumored outbreak of plague in Aden, I have the honor to state that two suspicious cases of fever have occurred in the settlement. It has been thought advisable to take every precaution, but as the patients have been over six months in Aden and no source of plague infection can absolutely be traced, it is possible the cases may turn out to be simple fever. If any future cases of true or suspected plague occur they will be reported in due course.

Your most obedient servant,

J. Davies, Lieutenant-Colonel.

On May 13 a man was found in a back street with every indication of plague-buboes, fever, and delirium-and on May 14 I received the following notification (No. 3), which officially declared that bubonic plague was present.

NOTICE.

ADEN RESIDENCY, May 14, 1904.

Plague having broken out in Aden it is ordered that the head of the family or the holder of the house in which death occurs shall immediately report the circumstances to the registrar of deaths.

2. Immediately on receipt of a report the registrar of deaths in Crater will at once send a report to the civil surgeon and the registrar of deaths at Maalla and at Tawahi

to the port surgeon.

3. The said medical officers will arrange to furnish certificates, both by day and night, to that effect if the cause of death is not plague.

4. The registrar of deaths on being satisfied from the medical certificates that the cause of death is not plague will issue the usual permit for burial.

5. When the death has been certified to be from plague the burial will take place under the orders of the civil and port surgeons.6. Persons disobeying these orders will be severely punished.

By order.

J. DAVIES, Lieutenant-Colonel, First Assistant Resident.

I at once gave notice to all merchants that all goods shipped to the United States must be thoroughly disinfected according to Treasury regulations of date November 22, 1895, but this notice was hardly necessary, as, according to the quarantine regulations governing the shipment of goods and passengers, no goods or passengers are allowed on board a vessel bound for European ports.

There have been no new cases of plague since May 13, and as every precaution has been taken and as this is the wrong time of the year for the spread of the disease, I am inclined to think that there will be few more, if any, new cases. However, I shall send weekly notices as to the state of health at this port until it is declared a clean port again.

Two of the three plague cases were fatal.

#### Plague deaths in Aden.

Consul Masterson reports, May 26, the occurrence of 3 cases, 2 deaths, on May 15, on Alia Islands, and 1 case on May 24, at Hedjuff.

#### AUSTRALIA.

Playue at Brisbane and Sydney—Examination of rats for playue infection.

Consul-General Bray, at Melbourne, forwards the following:

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH, QUEENSLAND, Brisbane, April 23, 1904.

Plague Bulletin No. 11, for the week ending 12 o'clock noon April 23.

Two cases of plague have occurred in Brisbane during the week,

namely:

A man, aged 36 years, employed by a firm of produce merchants whose premises are situated within the infected area, was on the 16th instant declared to be suffering from plague. He was removed to the

plague hospital and died there on the 18th instant.

The other case was under observation for three days, but was on the 22d instant declared a case of true bubonic plague of a mild form. The patient, a man aged 36 years, employed as an omnibus driver and painter, residing at Fernberg road, Rosalie, near the city, will be removed to the plague hospital to-day.

#### Plague hospital, Brisbane.

Admitted during the week	1
Died during the week	1
Discharged during the week	Nil.
Remaining under treatment	2

#### Investigation of rats—Report for week ending April 22.

Rats examined at bacteriological institute	436
Rats infected	2
Mice examined at bacteriological institute	273
Mice infected	Nil.
Rats destroyed	262
Mice destroyed	737

Total number of rodents destroyed during the above-mentioned period. 1,710

B. Burnett Ham, M. D., Commissioner of Public Health.

Brisbane, April 30, 1904.

Plague bulletin No. 12 for the week ending 12 o'clock noon April 30.

Two cases of plague have occurred in Brisbane during the week,

namely:

A boy, aged 16 years, employed in a produce store situated within the infected area was on the 26th instant declared to be suffering from plague. A Chinaman, no particular occupation, residing at Albion, near Brisbane, was on the 29th idem declared to be suffering from plague, and died shortly afterwards.

#### Plague hospital, Brisbane.

Admitted during the week Died during the week Discharged during the week Remaining under treatment.	$1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0$
Investigation of rats—Report for week ending Friday, April 29.	
Rats examined at bacteriological institute.  Mice examined at bacteriological institute.  Rats infected.	525 355 11
Mice infected Rats destroyed	0 134

Total number of rodents destroyed during the above-mentioned period. 1, 458

B. BURNETT HAM, Commsssioner of Public Health.

Sydney, April 18, 1904.

Bubonic plague—Bulletin No. 7—Week ending at 1 p. m. on Saturday, April 16, 1904.

	Rats.	Mice.
Total number of rodents destroyed during week.  Number of rodents examined in bacteriological laboratory during week.  Number of rodents found plague infected.	1,743 689 1	1, 204 708 0

Plague in man.—On April 14, 1904, a case of plague was observed in a laborer employed at a store on the eastern side of Darling Harbor—the usual locality. On the following day a plague rat (the first since March 11, 1904) was found on a wharf opposite the store at which the patient worked.

By order:

G. H. King, Secretary.

Sydney, April 25, 1904.

Bulletin No. 8.—Week ending at 1 p. m. on Saturday, April 23, 1904.

	Rats.	Mice.	Total examined.
Rodents destroyed during week Rodents examined in bacteriological laboratory during week Rodents found infected	2,007 795 a 26	1, 254 623 0	1, 418 26

a Twenty-four of these were taken from a bulk seed store.

Plague in man.—On April 23, 1904, a case of plague was observed in the proprietor of a bulk seed store adjoining the Belmore markets. During the week some 60 rats were taken from this store in the course

of cleansing and of digging up burrows, 24 of which were found to be plague infected. The remaining 2 were taken at the only other place at which plague rats have been found this year, where the plague rat of March 7 was taken.

By order:

G. H. KING, Secretary.

SYDNEY, May 2, 1904.

Bulletin No. 9.—Week ending at 1 p. m. on Saturday, April 30, 1904.

Plague in rats.	Rats.	Mice.	Total examined.
Rodents destroyed during week	2,037 785 1	1, 369 562 4	1, 347 5

Plague in man.—On April 25, 1904, a case of plague was observed in a lad, aged 17 years, employed in a gristmill, Darling Harbor. A plague rat and two plague mice were found on the premises.

On April 26, 1904, plague was diagnosed in a man, aged 33 years, employed as a carter at a Chinese fruit and produce store, near Belmore markets. A plague mouse was found on premises two doors away. This case terminated fatally on April 30, 1904.

Total cases from March 10, 1904 (date of first case)	5
Total deaths to April 30, 1904	1
Total discharged to April 30, 1904	1
Total remaining in hospital on April 30, 1904	3

By order:

G. H. King, Secretary.

#### BRAZIL.

## Report from Bahia—Mortuary statistics.

Consul Furniss reports, May 16, as follows:

During the week ended May 14, 1904, 104 bodies were interred in the Bahia cemeteries.

Causes of death: Alcoholism 1, aneurism 1, arterio-sclerosis 2, asthma 1, Bright's disease 1, bronchitis 3, cerebral congestion 1, cirrhosis of liver 1, diarrhea and dysentery 20, elephantiasis 1, epilepsy 1, fibroma 1, influenza 1, intestinal parasites 1, malarial fevers 7, meningitis 2, myelitis 1, nephritis 2, organic diseases of heart 4, puerperal eclampsia 1, puerperal fever 1, pneumonia 1, pulmonary tuberculosis 10, senile debility 1, stillborn 5, syphilis 1, tetanus 1, tetanus neonatorum 6, umbilical hemorrhage 2, whooping cough 3, other causes 20.

Report from Rio de Janeiro—Yellow fever and smallpox—Recrudescence of suspect plague in Argentina—Mortality in Petropolis—Statistics from Nictheroy.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stewart reports, May 15, as follows:
During the week ended May 7, 1904, there was but one vessel leaving here for the United States, viz, the steamship *Tennyson*. This vessel sailed on May 3 with 36 first-class and 124 steerage passengers

June 17, 1904 1230

from this port. Some of these steerage passengers came from the River Plate, being transferred aboard the *Tennyson* direct from the Royal Mail steamer bringing them up from the Plate River region, without allowing the emigrants to come ashore in this port. She also had three new members of the crew taken on at this port. All were in good physical condition at the time of inspection, a half hour before sailing, and a supplemental bill of health was issued. The cargo of this ship, as usual, consisted of coffee.

There were no reports received here during this week in reference to plague either in any cities of this Republic or in Peru or Chile. A report, however, was received from Buenos Ayres saying that there had been a recrudescence of a disease resembling bubonic plague in Tucuman, in the Argentine Republic, which report was confirmed the

following day. This was of date of May 7.

The plague in Rio de Janeiro has almost disappeared, there having

been no cases nor deaths during the week.

The sanitary report for the week is as follows: In all there were 320 deaths. Of this number three were caused by yellow fever, with the same number of new cases reported. At the close of the week there were two cases of this disease in the Hospital Sao Sebastiao. At the week's end there were also four cases—convalescent—of plague remaining in Paulo Candido Hospital. Variola caused 26 deaths, with 53 new cases reported, and a total of 100 cases in Hospital Sao Sebastiao. No deaths were caused by scarlet fever, diphtheria, dysentery, or leprosy. Measles caused 1 death, whooping cough 1, grippe 9, enteric fever 1, beri-beri 2, malarial fevers 6, and tuberculosis 47. The decrease in the malarial deaths is very striking during the last fortnight.

The weather has been cool and pleasant, the highest range of the thermometer being on May 5, 23.2° C., and the lowest on the same day, 16.4° C., with an average for the week of 20.21° C. The rainfall for the week amounted to 10.18 mm., with a daily average of 1.45

mm.

The following sanitary reports may be of interest:

Mortality in Petropolis during month of April, 1904.

Deaths as follows: Adult strangers—that is, not natives—6; adult Brazilians 18, minors 12, newly-born 4.

Variola in the State of Goyaz.

A dispatch of date of April 17, just received, states that the "epidemic of variola, which it was feared would invade and enter the State, and become widely spread throughout the State, has happily been localized in one locality, namely, Campinihas."

Sanitary statistics from Nictheroy.

From April 3 to 30, 1904, there were made disinfections 135—132 in private houses and 3 in carriages in which cases of variola had been taken to hospitals.

Thirty-three disinfections of houses were done on account of variola; for plague, dead rats, etc., 97 disinfections, and for tuberculosis and

scarlet fever, each, 1 disinfection.

During this period of time 16 cases of variola were removed to hospital, while for other causes during this time 27 sick were taken to the Hospital of S. Joao Baptista, 3 persons were taken to the Asylo de Observação, and 1 to the Detenção para a Penitenciaria. Seventeen dead were removed from the Hospital S. Joao Baptista, 4 from the Isolation Hospital, 3 from the Penitenciaria, and 5 from private residences—in all 76 removals of sick persons and dead, to or from hospitals, etc., were made during the 27 days under consideration. During this period 148 vaccinations against variola were made, all in the homes of those undergoing the operation.

#### BRITISH HONDURAS.

### Report from Belize, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended June 2, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 8,500; 4 deaths. Prevailing diseases: Malarial fever and pulmonary phthisis. No quarantinable diseases in or around this port.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.		Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
30	Anselm	41 40 17	9 1 0	14 1 0	0 0 0

#### CANADA.

### Inspection of immigrants at Quebec.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stevenson reports, June 6, as follows: Week ended June 4, 1904. Number of immigrants inspected, 365; number passed, 338; number detained, 27.

### Inspection of immigrants at Vancouver.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Riggs reports as follows: Month of May, 1904. Number of immigrants inspected, 423; number passed, 383; number rejected, 40.

Vessels leaving Vancouver for ports in the United States required to take out bills of health.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, June 1, 1904.

THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 26th ultimo, asking that the consul at Vancouver be directed to require that all vessels leaving Vancouver for any port in Alaska, or other port in the United States, take out bills of health.

In reply I have to say that the consul was instructed in accordance

with your request, by telegraph, on the 27th ultimo.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN HAY.

### Inspection of immigrants at Victoria.

Assistant Surgeon Glover reports as follows:

Month of May, 1904. Number of immigrants inspe

Month of May, 1904. Number of immigrants inspected, 164; number passed, 156; number rejected, 8.

#### CHINA.

Report from Hongkong—Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Passed Assistant Surgeon White reports as follows:

Number of emigrants per steamship Siberia recommended, April 29, for rejection: For Honolulu, 13; for San Francisco, 16.

Report from Canton—No cholera in Canton or vicinity—Plague and smallpox.

Consul-General McWade reports, April 26, as follows:

There are no cases of Asiatic cholera in Canton or its immediate vicinity. None had been reported within the past eight months. If it appears here I will promptly notify you of the fact.

Bubonic plague is sporadic. A number of cases of smallpox are

reported in the old city. None in the new city or on Shamean.

### Report from Fuchau—No cholera present.

Consul Tracey reports, April 8, as follows:

We have no means of obtaining information relative to the existence or nonexistence of cholera or other diseases in the port, except through unofficial reports. As far as I can ascertain, there is no Asiatic cholera or other contagious disease prevalent in Fuchau at the present time. I am also unable to give you any definite date as to when the last case was reported, though I believe it was during September or October of last year.

#### COSTA RICA.

### Reports from Limon, fruit port—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Goodman reports as follows: Week ended May 28, 1904. Estimated population, 4,000; number of deaths, 7; prevailing diseases, malarial fever and tuberculosis. One case of yellow fever.

General sanitary condition of this port and surrounding country not good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels.

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	from	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
1904. May 23 24 25 27 28	Sarnia. Admiral Farragut. Beverly Chickahominy Venus	51 54 41 45 33	12 8 0 4 0	13 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

Week ended June 4, 1904. Number of deaths, 2; prevailing dis-

eases, malarial fever and tuberculosis.

In addition to the one case of yellow fever reported last week by cable and letter, two more cases were seen the early part of this week. One was imported from a banana farm near Limon; the other originated in the town. These cases are doing well and their recovery is expected. Ships bound for ports of Panama hold no communication with shore and take no passengers from this port.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels.

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Mumper or	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
1904. May 29 30 30 31 June 2 3 4	Taunton Baker Alleghany Admiral Dewey Alps Miami Bradford	53 25	0 0 21 9 0 9	0 2 6 1 0 0	0 0 0 0 0

#### CUBA.

### Report from Cienfuegos.

Acting Assistant Surgeon McMahon reports, June 1, as follows: Week ended May 28, 1904.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	5
Crews inspected.	
Passengers	0

No quarantinable disease has appeared at this port during this week. Report for the month of May will be forwarded as soon as the mortuary report is received.

Report from Habana—Case of smallpox on steamship La Navarre from St. Nazaire.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Echemendia reports, June 8, as follows: Week ended June 5, 1904:

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	22
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected	1, 152
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected	859
Piggg of freight nessed	ലൈ

A case of smallpox developed in one of the passengers on board the steamship *La Navarre* arrived at this port June 5 from St. Nazaire, in transit to Mexico.

The steamer was disinfected and cleared for Mexico, the baggage was fumigated, and the cabin and steerage passengers, in number 98, were revaccinated and sent by the Cuban authorities to the quarantine station at Mariel in charge of one of the physicians of the port, according to the quarantine regulations.

#### Mortuary report of Habana for the week ended June 4, 1904.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Pneumonia	
Interitis	
deningitis	
Bronehitis	
'uberculosis	
Enteric fever	
ancer	
ernicious fever	
Celampsia	

Total number of deaths from all causes, 11.

Report from Matanzas—Enteric fever—Epidemic of scarlet fever extinct.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, June 6, as follows:

During the week ended June 4, 1904, bills of health were issued to 6 vessels leaving for ports in the United States in good sanitary condition.

The only infectious disease reported in this city during the week was one case of enteric fever. As no new cases of scarlet fever have occurred for the last two weeks, the epidemic may safely be considered at an end.

### Mortuary statistics, May 20 to 31, 1904.

Cause of death.	Number of deaths.	Bertillor number.
Broncho-pneumonia	2	9:
		6
Lesion of heart, organic (unclassified)	3	79
	3	27
	ĭ	20
	î !	29
Enterus, under 2 years oid	i i	105
Cancer of uterus	2	42
	ĩ i	120
	5	105
	ĩ	72
on mosts of the fiver	î,	112
Decrebitude	î !	154
Arterio-scierosis	1	81
Neuritis, multiple	1	74
Total	24	•

Estimated population, 48,000; annual rate of mortality per 1,000, 18.25.

### Report from Santiago.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, June 7, as follows: Week ended June 4, 1904. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels bound for the United States.

No quarantinable disease has been reported.

1235

#### Mortality report for the week ended June 4, 1904.

•	Causes of death.	Number.	Bertillon number.
Tubercle of lungs Encephalitis Meningitis, acute Organic heart disea Arterio-sclerosis Diarrhea and enteri Peritonitis Bright's disease Premature birth Cyanosis of the new Ill-defined or unspe	se tis (under 2 years) born cified	2 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 27 66 61 75 81 10 11 120 15 15 179

Annual rate of mortality for the week, 25.14 per 1,000; estimated population, 45,500.

#### ECUADOR.

Reports from Guayaquil—Increase in yellow fever—Yellow fever on British bark—Destruction of rats.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gruver reports, May 20 and 27, as follows: Week ended May 18, 1904.

Present officially estimated population 60,000.

Total mortality during the week 59, as follows: Yellow fever, 17; pernicious fever, 4; infectious fever, 1; tuberculosis, 6; enteric diseases, 4; fevers without classification, 8; from all other causes, 19.

Yellow fever has increased during the past week and has appeared in parts of the city heretofore comparatively free. A British bark, which arrived April 22 from New Castle with a cargo of coal, and which anchored near the shore in the southern part of the city, had two cases of vellow fever on board.

A resolution has been passed by the municipality offering 5 cents each for dead rats, and the city is still actively engaged in cleaning up.

On May 15 the steamship *Guatemala*, from Chilean and Peruvian ports, cleared for Panama, taking 6 cabin and 5 steerage passengers from this port. Because of port regulations I was not allowed to examine vessel, crew, or passengers in transit.

On May 16 steamship *Ecnadora*, coasting steamer, cleared for Panama with 49 crew, 1 cabin and 6 steerage passengers; all told, 56. I examined this vessel, passengers, and crew, and found all satisfactory.

Steamships Limari and Luxor, from Chilean and Peruvian ports, quarantined at Guayaquil.

Week ended May 25, 1904. Total mortality from all causes, 58, as follows: Yellow fever 7, pernicious fever 4, infectious fever 1, enteric fever 2, fevers without classification 5, tuberculosis 9, enteric diseases 11; from all other causes, 19.

On May 23 the steamship Limari cleared for Panama with 2 cabin

and 6 steerage passengers from this port. These I examined.

On May 24 the steamship Luxor cleared for San Francisco and took

no passengers from this port.

Both of these steamers came from Chilean and Peruvian ports. They were fumigated with sulphur and held in strict quarantine below

the city. For this reason I was not able to examine the vessels, passengers in transit, or crew.

#### GERMANY.

Report from Berlin-Plague and cholera in various countries.

Consul-General Mason reports, May 23, 1804, as follows:

#### Plague.

Egypt.—During the week ended May 7 the total number of plague cases registered in Egypt amounted to 41 (with 18 deaths), viz: 31 cases (11 deaths) in the district of Samallut; 4 cases (2 deaths) in the district of Girgeh; 3 cases (3 deaths) in Port Said; 2 cases in the district of Bibeh; 1 case (1 death) in the district of Tahta, and 1 death in Zagazig.

British India.—During the week ended April 23 there were registered in the Bombay Presidency 6,057 cases of plague and 4,582 deaths, of which 640 cases (563 deaths) occurred in the city of Bombay; 315 cases (249 deaths) in Karachi; 281 cases (235 deaths) in Jamnagar, and 101 cases (51 deaths) in Veraval. The Kaira district in particular suffered heavily, there being registered in one week no less than 1,313 cases and 867 deaths.

British South Africa.—According to the bulletin for the week ended April 16 a fresh case of plague was registered on April 12 in Port Elizabeth. Out of 346 rats and 122 mice examined bacteriologically, 219 rats and 27 mice were found to be infected with plague. Several cases of plague have occurred in Pretoria and Johannesburg.

Japan.—During the month of February there occurred in Formosa 115 cases of plague and 80 deaths.

#### Plague and cholera.

British India.—In Calcutta during the week ended April 9,539 persons died of plague and 104 persons died of cholera.

#### Cholera.

Turkey.—According to Bulletins Nos. 14, 15, and 16 regarding cholera, there have been registered up to the 9th of May a further 165 cases of cholera and 130 deaths.

## Death rate of Berlin and other cities.

The death rate of Berlin for the week ended May 7 was lower than it has been for seven months, amounting, calculated on the year, to 13.5 per thousand of the population, this being also considerably lower than the rate for the corresponding week of last year, in which it amounted to 16.3 per thousand.

Among the large towns and cities of Germany, only Hanover, Essen, Crefeld, Rixdorf (with 11.1), Schöneberg (with 10.4), and Altona showed more favorable figures than Berlin. The following cities, among others, had considerably higher rates of mortality than

Berlin, namely: Bremen, Aix la Chapelle, Cologne, Frankfort on the Main, Charlottenburg, Hamburg, Munich, Nuremberg, Stuttgart, Leipzig, Magdeburg, Breslau, as well as London, Paris, and Vienna.

The number of deaths among children in the first year of life showed no important decrease since the last April week, the decline being mainly among the higher-age classes. The rate of mortality among infants amounted to 3.5 per year and mille, this being lower than the Hamburg rate and one-half that of Munich. There was no noteworthy change in connection with acute diseases of the respiratory organs or acute intestinal diseases, the former causing 59, the latter 41 deaths. Furthermore, there were registered: Thirteen deaths from cholerine, 68 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis (as compared with 94 deaths in the foregoing week), 46 deaths from cancer, 6 deaths from diphtheria, 9 deaths from scarlet fever, 10 deaths from measles, and, finally, 3 persons died by violence.

Consul-General Mason reports, May 29, 1904, as follows:

#### Plague.

Egypt.—During the week ended May 14 the total number of plague cases registered in Egypt amounted to 44 (with 15 deaths), viz: Twenty cases (5 deaths) in the district of Samallut; 8 cases (5 deaths) in the district of Dechneh; 7 cases (3 deaths) in Alexandria; 3 cases (1 death) in the district of Bibeh; 2 cases in Baliana and 2 cases in Chibin; 1 case (1 death) in the district of Girgeh, and 1 case in the Tahta district.

British India.—During the week ended April 30 there were registered in the Bombay presidency 5,037 cases of plague (with 3,785 deaths), of which 611 cases (520 deaths) occurred in the city of Bombay; 257 cases (219 deaths) in Karachi; 1,041 cases (705 deaths) in the Kaira district, and 257 cases (218 deaths) in Jamnagar.

British South Africa.—During the week ended April 23, 2 fresh cases of plague occurred in Port Elizabeth. In Durban a case of

plague was registered on May 17.

Mauritius.—During the period from March 4 to April 7, 6 cases of plague (and 5 deaths) occurred on the island.

New South Wales. - In Sydney, on April 15, a fresh case of plague

was registered.

Queensland.—In Brisbane during the period from April 7 to April 16, 2 new cases of plague were registered.

#### Plague and cholera.

British India.—In Calcutta during the period from April 10 to 16,

500 persons died of plague and 128 persons died of cholera.

China.—In the first two districts of the territory of Kwang-Tschou-Wan (peninsula Leitschou) there occurred during the period from April 12 to 25, 940 deaths of plague, and in the third district of this territory 37 deaths from plague and cholera.

### Death rate of Berlin and other cities.

The death rate of Berlin for the week ended May 14 was slightly higher than that of the foregoing week, amounting, calculated on the

year, to 13.7 per thousand of the population, thereby corresponding

almost exactly with the figure for the same week of last year.

Among the large German towns and cities, only the following showed more favorable figures than this city, namely, Hamburg, Kiel, Elberfeld, Crefeld, Brunswick, Charlottenburg (with 11.5) and Schöneberg (with 10 per thousand). The following towns showed a considerably higher rate of mortality than the Berlin figure, namely, Hanover, Halle, Bremen, Frankfort on the Main, Dresden, Munich, Nuremberg, Stuttgart, Magdeburg, Cologne, Leipzig, Breslau, Rixdorf, (with 20.4) as well as London, Paris, and Vienna. The number of deaths among children in the first year of life steadily decreased during the last five weeks, while there was an increased mortality among the higher-age classes, as compared with the preceding week. The death rate among infants amounted to 3.2 per year and mille, this being less than half the Munich rate, but somewhat higher than the Hamburg figure.

Acute intestinal diseases claimed 42 victims; 11 persons died of cholerine. Furthermore there were registered 50 deaths from acute diseases of the respiratory organs; 81 deaths from phthisis pulmonalis; 30 deaths from cancer; 13 deaths from measles; 7 deaths from scarlet fever; 6 deaths from diphtheria; and, finally, 8 persons died by violence.

#### GUATEMALA.

### Report from Livingston, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Peters reports as follows: Week ended May 30, 1904: Present officially estimated population, 3,500; 1 death; prevailing diseases, malarial; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
May 24 24	Spero	15 41	4		

The steamship Anselm cleared from Puerto Barrios.

#### HAWAII.

### Plaque death in Honolulu.

Honolulu, June 9, 1904.

There was a death from plague on June 8.

Cofer.

Sailors of Pacific Squadron at Honolulu bathed and effects disinfected on account of mumps.

Chief Quarantine Officer Cofer reports, May 31, as follows:

On the request of the commander in chief of the Pacific Squadron 168 sailors were bathed and their clothes and other effects properly disinfected at the quarantine station on May 23. This was done as a

partial precaution against the spread of mumps, a disease which has been prevalent among the men of the squadron for one or more months.

#### HONDURAS.

### Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Robertson reports as follows: Week ended May 28, 1904. Present officially estimated population about 4,000; 2 deaths. Prevailing diseases, malarial, mild type. General sanitary conditions of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
May 22 23	ManaguaVolund	16 17	0	0	0

### Report from Puerto Cortez, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carter reports as follows: Week ended May 31, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 2,125; 1 death; prevailing disease, malarial fever of mild form. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
May 24 26 27 28 31	España Anselm Hiram Habil Bratten	17 41 14 15 15	0 10 0 0	0 4 0 0	0 0 0 0

Number of aliens for the week, 7.

#### INDIA.

Report from Bombay—Mortality from plague and other diseases.

Acting Asst. Surg. Edward H. Hume reports, May 14, as follows:

Plague mortality of Bombay for the week ended May 10, 1904.

	Week of May 10, 1904.	
Plague attacks. Plague deaths Plague mortality Smallpox deaths. Cholera deaths Total deaths Total mortality	363 324 21.71 25 0 842 56.42	540 471 31.56 17 0 994 66.60

It will be seen how from week to week the variations in the total mortality depend almost entirely on the variations in the plague mortality. In fact, if there be any great divergence from this law suspicion is entertained as to the correctness of the plague returns. The following is a statement of the mortality from cholera, measles, influenza, and relapsing fever from January 1, 1904, to the present date:

Mortality in Bombay city from cholera, measles, influenza, and relapsing fever, January 5 to May 10, 1904.

	Ch	olera.	Me	asles.	Infl	uenza.	Relapsing fever.		
Week of—	1904.	Average of five previous years.	1904.	Average of five previous years.	1904.	Average of five previous years.	1904.	Average of five previous years.	
January 5 January 12 January 19 January 26 February 2 February 9 February 16 February 23 March 1 March 15 March 22 March 22 March 29 April 5 April 12 April 19 April 26 May 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	13343433465554357757	2 2 3 7 5 5 9 5 6 6 11 11 10 13 13 6 9 9 9 7	19 26 32 37 45 42 45 48 56 53 57 54 55 50 45 42 27	1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 5 7 2 4 3 3 2 1 7 3 3 4 0 0 0	21 24 23 19 20 26 27 28 21 28 21 24 24 24 24 25 25 25	
May 10	0	6	9	20	0	0	3	20	
Total Average per week	0.105	81 4. 26	143 7. 52	781 41.1	0. 21	0.052	56 2.94	445 23. 42	

Report from Calcutta—Deaths from cholera and plague.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Sprague reports, May 19, as follows:

During the week ended May 14 there were 95 deaths from cholera in Calcutta, a slight decrease. The deaths from plague fell to 134. My attention was recently called to the fact that for five consecutive years the maximum number of deaths from this disease has been attained during the thirteenth or fourteenth weeks. No special impor-

tance is attached to it, but it is at least interesting.

In Bengal the deaths from plague for the week ended May 7 were 664. In India, for the week ended April 30, there were 55,712 cases, with 44,783 deaths. In Punjab alone there were 33,953 deaths. It was in this Presidency that the unfortunate accident occurred in which 19 people were stricken with tetanus following the Haffkine inoculations, particularly unfortunate because before that time the inoculations were very popular. There were no transactions at the port during the week.

#### ITALY.

### Report from Naples-Inspection of vessels.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Eager reports, May 30, as follows: During the week ended May 23, 1904, the following ships were inspected at Naples and Palermo:

#### NAPLES.

Date.	Name of ship.	Destination.	Steerage passengers inspected and passed.	Pieces of large bag- gage in- spected and passed.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.	Number of steerage passengers recom- mended for rejection.	
May 23 25 27 28 28	Leon XIII Germania. Prinzess Irene Italia Napolitan Prince	do	396 686 793 344 260	50 150 160 75 50	765 1, 155 1, 250 845 525	12 27 13 9 14	

#### JAPAN.

Reports from Yokohama—Inspection of vessels—Smallpox.

Assistant Surgeon Moore reports, May 14 and 21, as follows:

During the week ended May 7, 1904, five vessels, having a total

personnel of 321 crew and 91 passengers, were inspected.

No report of contagious diseases in Yokohama has been received for the period subsequent to April 23, 1904, but no facts having an unfavorable bearing on the sanitary condition of Yokohama, from a quarantine standpoint, have come to my knowledge. The above statement applies to the rest of Japan, save for the presence of plague in the island of Formosa and of smallpox in the island of Kyushu. With reference to the latter locality it is reported that 45 cases of smallpox have occurred in Fukuoka Ken and 558 cases in Nagasaki Ken from the beginning of the present outbreak to May 9.

During the week ended May 14, 1904, 4 vessels having an aggregate personnel of 411 crew and 1,028 passengers were inspected, 345 steerage passengers were bathed, and 467 pieces of baggage were

disinfected.

The report of infectious diseases in Yokohama for the week ended April 30, 1904, is as follows: Enteric fever, 4 cases, 2 deaths; dysentery, 2 cases, no deaths. For week ended May 7, 1904: Enteric fever, 5 cases, no deaths; diphtheria, 3 cases, no deaths; dysentery, 2 cases, no deaths.

### Emigrants recommended for rejection.

Number of emigrants per steamship Siberia for Honolulu recommended, May 11, for rejection, 10.

Number of emigrants per steamship *Coptic* recommended, May 23, for rejection: For Honolulu, 6; for San Francisco, 5.

#### MEXICO.

### Epidemic pneumonia in State of Sinaloa.

Assistant Surgeon Goldberger at Monterey reports, May 30, the existence of epidemic pneumonia in the vicinity of Mazatlan, State of Sinaloa.

Report from Tampico-Two cases of yellow fever.

Assistant Surgeon McClintic reports, May 30, as follows:

The fumigation for the week ended May 28, 1904, included the British steamship August Belmont, bound for Pensacola, May 25; the

British steamship *Mancunia*, for Norfolk via New York, May 26, and the British steamship *E. O. Saltmarsh*, for Pensacola, May 28.

There were 23 deaths from all causes, including 2 from intermittent fever, 1 from paludism, and 3 from tuberculosis. No deaths were attributed to a quarantinable disease. So far as I am able to learn there have been 3 cases of yellow fever with no deaths.

The cases were not of the malignant type. These cases were all employees of the Mexican Central Railroad, and were taken to their

hospital where they were screened and properly cared for.

The hospital of the Mexican Central offers very good evidence of conditions from a yellow-fever standpoint, as a large force is employed and many members of it are nonimmunes from the interior.

Suspect case in Tampico.

MEXICO, June 12, 1904.

Dr. WALTER WYMAN:

A suspect case in Tampico not confirmed.

LICEAGA.

Suspect case confirmed.

Mexico, June 15, 1904.

Dr. WALTER WYMAN,

President Committee American Republics, Washington:

Unfortunately case of yellow fever in Tampico confirmed. Well isolated from inception.

LICEAGA.

Report from Veracruz—Fumigation of vessels—Smallpox and yellow fever.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Lumsden reports, May 30 and June 6, as follows:

During the week ended May 28, 1904, 5 vessels bound for United States ports and 1 bound for Colon, Republic of Panama, were inspected and given bills of health.

During the week there were recorded in the city of Veracruz 35 deaths (56 per 1,000 annual death rate) from all causes, including 1 from yellow fever, 2 from pernicious fever, and 10 from tuberculosis.

One new case of yellow fever was reported. The case was in the person of a soldier who was undergoing treatment for some chronic malady at the military hospital. He was found to have yellow fever on May 22, and died on May 24. I am informed that the sanitary authorities are carrying out all precautionary measures to eradicate whatever infection may exist at the military hospital and barracks.

During the week ended June 4, 1904, five vessels bound for United

States ports were inspected and given bills of health.

The following vessels were fumigated with sulphur dioxid and given certificates: May 31, British steamship William Cliff, bound for New Orleans; June 2, British steamship Magdala, bound for New Orleans; June 3, Norwegian steamship Norheim, bound for New Orleans.

During the week there were recorded in the city of Veracruz 35

deaths (56 per 1,000 annual death rate) from all causes, including 1 from smallpox, 3 from pernicious fever, 5 from pneumonia, 2 from cirrhosis of the liver, and 1 from nephritis.

Two new cases of yellow fever were reported, 1 on May 31 and

1 on June 3.

### Yellow fever during May, 1904.

During the month of May of the present year there were reported in the city of Veracruz only 5 cases of yellow fever, with 1 death; while during May of 1903 there were reported 46 cases, with 17 deaths.

#### NICARAGUA.

### Report from Bluefields, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Reilley reports as follows: Week ended May 28, 1904. Present officially estimated population, 4,000; 1 death; prevailing diseases, malarial fever and tuberculosis. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disin- fected.
May 23 24 26	Banan	17 16 19	0 18 6	0 0	0 0

#### PANAMA.

### Report from Colon—Inspection of vessels.

Surgeon Perry reports, May 30, as follows:

During the week ended May 28, 1904, the following vessels cleared for ports in the United States: American steamship City of Washington, for New York, May 26, with 68 crew and 45 passengers; British steamship Senator, for New Orleans, May 27, with 40 crew and 1 passenger; U. S. S. Newark, for San Juan, May 27; American schooner Anna M. Stammer, for Pascagoula, May 23, with 8 crew and no passengers.

#### CORRECTION.

In the report entitled "A study of vital statistics as regards prevailing diseases and mortality of Colon, Republic of Panama, for the year 1903," published in Public Health Reports for March 18, 1904, page 470, heading No. 8, an annual "mortality" of 1,906 should read annual "morbidity."

Vessels entering Colon from ports where officers of the Service are stationed required to have bills of health viséed by them.

Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, Office of Medical Officer in Command, Colon, Republic of Panama, June 7, 1904.

The Surgeon-General,

Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, Washington.

Sir: I have the honor to transmit for your information a decree, issued on May 11 by the Panama Government, requiring vessels coming to the port of Colon to secure bills of health viséed by Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service officers.

I respectfully state that so far as I am able to ascertain the provisions

of this decree are being enforced by the local authorities.

Respectfully,

J. C. Perry, Surgeon.

[Translation.]

No. 9.

Decree of May 11, 1904, by which is set forth a measure in relation to the Public Health Service.

The President of the Republic, in accordance with powers invested in him, decrees:

ARTICLE 1. The regulations of the decree of the national executive No. 8, of April

30 last, have been extended to the port of Colon.

In consequence, in order that steamers proceeding from foreign ports may have permission to enter the port of Colon, it is required that their respective bills of health shall have been viséed by the doctor of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service of the United States if the steamers proceed from ports where a doctor of the above-named Service is attached to the United States consulate.

ART. 2. The agents at Colon of the respective steamship companies are obliged strictly to comply with the said regulations, or with the regulations which may be made in the future by the doctor of the above-mentioned Service, in respect to

vessels which are dispatched to the port of Colon.

Communicate and publish. Given at Panama May 11, 1904.

The secretary of public works,

The sub-secretary of public works,

For the sub-secretary of government,

M. AMADOR GUERRA.

MANUEL QUINTERO, V.

ADOLPHO ALEMAN.

H. GONZALES GUILL.

Reports from Panama—Inspection of vessel—Mortality.

Assistant Surgeon Pierce reports, May 31, as follows:

Transactions for the week ended May 30, 1904: On May 24 the Pacific mail steamer San Jose cleared for San Francisco with officers and crew, 57; cabin passengers, 12, and steerage passengers, 11; total, 80; all well.

On May 26 the U. S. S. Boston sailed for San Francisco. A bill of health was issued without inspection, as the medical officer stated all were well.

Mortality at Panama for the week ended May 22, 1904.—Tuberculosis, 2; liver disease, 4; bronchitis, 1; dentition, 1; fevers, 4; still-

born, 2; a fall, 1; wounds, 1; dropsy, 1; dysentery, 2; remittent fever, 1; malaria, 2; cancer, 1; pneumonia, 3; debility, 1; total from all causes, 27.

The above were copied from the official records.

#### CIRCULAR.

Assistant Surgeon Claude C. Pierce, of this Service, notifies the different steamship companies interested, at Panama, that he has assumed the duties of the doctor of the port at Panama; and that the quarantine regulations of the United States will be observed at that port.

PANAMA, PANAMA, May 26, 1904.

Sir: You are hereby advised for your information and action that by Decree No. 12, of May 24, 1904, His Excellency the President of the Republic of Panama abolished the position of doctor at the port and assigned those functions pertaining to the maritime quarantine to

the United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

I, having been designated by the Surgeon-General of the abovenamed Service as the officer charged with these duties, inform you that the quarantine regulations of the United States will be observed at this port, and that one of the requisites to entry of vessels will be the bills of health and supplemental bills of health, issued by American consuls, acting for Panama, and the certificates of inspection or disinfection that will be issued by officers of the United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service in those ports where such officers are stationed.

You will notify the masters of the vessels of your company and others concerned.

Respectfully,

CLAUDE C. PIERCE,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. Public Health and
Marine-Hospital Service,
Quarantine Officer at Panama.

Copies sent to the agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, Pacific Steam Navigation Company, and Compania Sud America de Vapores.

### Reports from Bocos del Toro, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Osterhout reports as follows: Week ended May 26, 1904. Present officially estimated population not obtainable; number of deaths, 2. Prevailing disease, malarial. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.		Number of passengers from this port.	passengers	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
May 20 22 25 26	Harald	New Orleans, La Mobile, Ala	20 30 20 22	0 2 0 2	0 1 0 0	0 4 0 7

Week ended June 2, 1904: No deaths.

Prevailing disease, malarial fever.

General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage.
May 27	Mount Vernon	New Orleans, La New Orleans, La.,	21 24	1	0	2
June 1	Baker	via Limon, C. R. New Orleans, La	42	0	0	0
2	Fort Morgan	Mobile, Ala	22	8	ŏ	14

#### PERU.

### Reports from Callao-Plague in Lima and Antofagasta.

Assistant Surgeon Lloyd reports, May 18 and 23, as follows:

During the week ended May 14, 1904, there were 10 new cases of plague in Lima with 4 deaths. Nine patients were discharged as recovered. This information is not official.

During the week ended May 21, 1904, there were 9 new cases of plague in Lima, with 6 deaths. Ten patients were discharged as recovered. No cases are reported in Callao. This information is not official. In Antofagasta the disease still exists, with a reported slight decrease in the number of cases. In Lima there seems to be some increase in the virulence, as some cases die in from eighteen to twenty-four hours. A cat was sent to the hygienic laboratory about twelve days ago with large buboes. Bacteriological examination by Doctor Biffi confirms the provisional diagnosis of plague.

# Plague situation in Peru—Recommendations relative to quarantine measures.

The sanitary situation is as follows: Pacasmayo, Callao, Mollendo, and Pisco were among the first Peruvian ports to be infected with plague. San Pedro was infected a little later, but this place is 6 miles inland from Pacasmayo. Lima was probably infected months before it was officially announced, and although the authorities are actively engaged in combating the disease the bad sanitary conditions make

this a very difficult task.

Officially plague exists in Lima and Chosica, but in no other places in Peru. I regard Callao as infected. I am willing to admit as a probability that there are no infected ports north of Callao at present, but as there is still some communication between these ports and Callao and Chilean ports, we may receive infection in some of them at any time. This, possibly, might be obviated by installing in Callao a proper sulphur disinfecting apparatus, which will probably be done within a few days. In my opinion, all vessels from Chilean ports should be disinfected here to kill rats before being cleared for Panama. It is evident that vessels touching at Callao will require this disinfection. The importance of this measure is emphasized by

the history of rats dying on the steamship Loa and the actual finding of infected rats on the Limari. These vessels call at Panama and the usual South American ports. If the Republic of Panama will properly support this office it will be an easy matter to enforce the following measures here:

(1) Limited communication of the personnel with the shore.

(2) Inspection of personnel prior to sailing.

(3) Disinfection of baggage, etc., of all persons embarking at this port.

(4) Disinfection of vessel to kill rats.

(5) Observation of steerage passengers for seven days prior to

embarking.

With the exception of the observation of steerage passengers for a period of seven days these measures are being enforced now. Arrangements are being made for this observation, and it will be enforced very soon. A second disinfection to kill rats is required by the authorities in Guayaquil, and they have efficient apparatus. A second inspection of the personnel is made at Guayaquil by the service officer stationed at that port.

I do not look for an early termination of plague in South America. In my opinion we are facing a condition which may last for an indefi-

nite period, perhaps for years.

#### PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

### Report from Manila—Quarantine transactions.

### Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser reports, April 26, as follows:

Quarantine transactions in the Philippine Islands during the month of March, 1904.

#### PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued: To steamers for United States ports..... 3 Foreign ports Domestic ports 47 217 To sailing vessels for United States ports..... Foreign ports ..... Domestic ports..... 154 422 Total ..... Vessels inspected: Steamers from United States ports..... 11 Foreign ports ..... 47 Domestic ports ..... 201 Sailing vessels from United States ports..... Foreign ports ..... 0 Domestic ports ..... 155 Total ..... 414 Passengers on arriving boats inspected: On sailing vessels, cabin On sailing vessels, steerage..... 855 Total ...... 9, 463

Persons vaccinated:	
On steamers, crew	616
On steamers, passengers	0.0
On sailing vessels, crew	652 0
On sailing vessels, passengers	
Total	1, 268
-	
Crew on arriving steamers inspected	10, 832
Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected  Persons quarantined for observation, suspects and contacts	1,440
Persons quarantined for observation, suspects and contacts	0
Persons bathed and effects disinfected	872
Steamers disinfected	4
Sailing vessels disinfected Steamers fumigated to exterminate vermin	1 20
Sailing vessels fumigated to exterminate vermin.	9
Cases of quarantinable diseases detected on vessels	ŏ
Vessels detained in quarantine	ŏ
Pieces of baggage disinfected on steamers	
Pieces of baggage disinfected on sailing vessels	0
Pieces of baggage inspected and passed on steamers.	219
Pieces of baggage inspected and passed on sailing vessels	0
(Outgoing.)	
Vessels remaining in quarantine from February	0
Steamers sailing without quarantine inspected and passed	3
Sailing vessels sailing without quarantine inspected and passed	í
Steamers disinfected.	$ar{2}$
Sailing vessels disinfected	1
Crew of steamers inspected Crew of sailing vessels inspected	<b>488</b>
Crew of sailing vessels inspected	13
Passengers of steamers inspected	
Passengers of sailing vessels inspected	1 005
Persons bathed and effects disinfected	1,000 4 225
Pieces of baggage disinfected Pieces of baggage inspected and passed	2 616
	<b>-</b> , 010
PORT OF CEBU.	
Bills of health issued:	
To steamers for United States ports	0
Koreign norts	7
Domestic ports To sailing vessels for United States ports.	122
Foreign ports	0
Foreign ports Domestic ports	0 19
Total	148
Vessels inspected:	
Steamers from United States ports.	1
Foreign ports	13
Domestic ports	141 1
Foreign ports	0
Foreign ports	481
<del>-</del>	
Total	637
Passengers on arriving boats inspected:	
On steamers, cabin	315
On steamers, steerage.	l, 468
On sailing vessels, cabin	ĺ n
On sailing vessels, steerage	1, <b>37</b> 8
<u></u>	
Total	3, 161

Crew on arriving steamers inspected Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected Persons bathed and effects disinfected Persons vaccinated Vessels fumigated to exterminate vermin Vessels detained in quarantine Steamers disinfected Sailing vessels disinfected	2,614 20 698 0 2
PORT OF ILOILO.	
Bills of health issued: To steamers for United States ports. Foreign ports Domestic ports. To sailing vessels for United States ports Foreign ports Domestic ports.	11 80 0
Total	460
Vessels inspected: Steamers from United States ports. Foreign ports Domestic ports. Sailing vessels from United States ports Foreign ports Domestic ports.	12 81 0
Total	
10181	204
Passengers on arriving boats inspected: On steamers, cabin On steamers, steerage On sailing vessels, cabin On sailing vessels, steerage	900
Total	2,073
	3, 401 1, 253 380 0 0 0 1 0 7
PORT OF JOLO.	
Bills of health issued: To steamers for United States ports. Foreign ports. Domestic ports. To sailing vessels for United States ports. Foreign ports. Domestic ports.	0 1 19 0 0 4
Total	<u> 24</u>
Vessels inspected: Steamers from United States ports	0 5 19

Vessels inspected—Continued. Sailing vessels from United States ports	( ( 19
Total	48
Passengers on arriving boats inspected: On steamers, cabin On steamers, steerage On sailing vessels, cabin On sailing vessels, steerage	1
Total Persons vaccinated Crew on arriving steamers inspected Crew on arriving sailing vessels inspected Vessels in quarantine	142

#### TURKEY.

Report from Bagdad—Disappearance of cholera.—Vice-Consul Hürner reports, April 28, that he has received information from the local government, under date of April 21, 1904, to the effect that cholera has entirely disappeared from Bagdad.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

Africa—Lourenço Marquez.—Month of March, 1904. Estimated population, 7,000. Total number of deaths, 62, including 2 from whooping cough.

ARGENTINA—Buenos Ayres.—Month of March, 1904. Estimated population, 903,381. Total number of deaths, 1,045, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 10, measles 2, scarlet fever 10, smallpox 52, and 172 from tuberculosis.

Bahamas—Dunmore Town.—Two weeks ended May 27, 1904. Estimated population, 1,232. Total number of deaths, 2. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended May 14 and 29. Estimated population, 1,500. Total number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

Green Turtle Cay Abaco.—Two weeks ended May 27, 1904. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Week ended May 31, 1904. Estimated population, 12,390. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

France—Rouen.—Month of April, 1904. Estimated population, 116,316. Total number of deaths, 278, including enteric fever 1, measles 2, scarlet fever 1, smallpox 4, and 57 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended May 15, 1904. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths, 122, including diphtheria 1, scarlet fever 2, and 19 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY-Hanover.-Month of March, 1904. Estimated popula-

tion, 251,640. Total number of deaths, 336, including 13 from infectious diseases.

GREECE—Athens.—Three weeks ended May 7, 1904. Estimated population, 200,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Two deaths from enteric fever, 1 death from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, 1 from whooping cough, and 48 deaths from tuberculosis reported.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended May 21, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 15.5 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,271,287.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended May 21, 1904. Estimated population, 285,089. Total number of deaths, 187, including diphtheria 6, enteric fever 3, measles 5, whooping cough 2, and 23 from phthisis pulmonalis.

London.—One thousand three hundred and forty-nine deaths were registered during the week, including measles 75, scarlet fever 5, diphtheria 10, whooping cough 39, enteric fever 4, and diarrhea 21. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 15.1 per 1,000. In Greater London 1,813 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from diphtheria, 9 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 6 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended May 21, 1904, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 20.9 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Ballymena, viz, 4.8, and the highest in Armagh, viz, 41.2 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 173 deaths were registered, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 3, measles 2, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 5, and 31 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended May 21, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 18.7 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,726,236. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 13, and the highest in Greenock, viz, 23.2 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 619, including diphtheria 2, measles 16, scarlet fever 4, smallpox 2, and 21 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended May 10, 1904. Estimated population, 154,727. Number of deaths not reported. Eighteen deaths from smallpox reported.

Spain—Barcelona.—Ten days ended May 20, 1904. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 249, including typhus and enteric fever 3, measles 8, whooping cough 1, smallpox 9, and 31 from tuberculosis.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, December 26, 1903, to June 17, 1904.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from June 27, 1903, to December 25, 1903, see Public Health Reports for December 25, 1908.]

#### CHOLERA.

Place.		Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Afghanistan:						
Herat	Dec.	12				Present.
hina:						
Shanghai	Dec.	18		1	. <b></b>	On Br. ss. Olivebank
ndia:				1		
Bombay		9–Mar.			3	i .
Calcutta		15-May			549	
Karachi		22-Mar.		3	2	
Madras	Nov.	14-Apr.	29		58	
apan:					_	
Nagasaki	Nov.	21-30	••••		1	
Philippine Islands:	٠					
Manila		31-Mar.		51	47	
Provinces	Oct.	31–Mar.	12	1,677	1,354	
traits Settlements:	37	8-Dec.	10		12	
Singapore	NOV.	<b>ә-</b> ⊅ес.	19		12	
Turkey: Bagdad—				ļ l		
Bagdad	Mor	8-Apr.	6	36	28	•
Hitt		13-15	U	8	4	
Kerbela		12-Jan.	12		463	
Mossul		21-Jan.	4	1	1	
Musseieb		17-Jan.	4	48	35	
Bassorah—	_ 55.		-			
Basra	Feb.	6-Apr.	10	150	131	

#### YELLOW FEVER.

1			ı	1	1
_					
Dec.	12				Present.
l		_	l		
Nov.	. 23-May	1	76	26	
			1		
					]
Nov.	. 23-Mar.	20		2	
1			l	1	
				6	
May	28–June	4	3		•
1			ŀ	i	
Feb.	6-13			6	From the Nor. bk. Eugen from
i			l		Cardiff and LaGuaira, wrecked
i			ĺ		on south coast of Cuba.
Apr.	9		1		From Br. ss. Wildercroft from
1 -			ĺ		Vera Cruz.
1			l		
Dec.	6-May	25	l	66	Two cases on a British bk. from
1	•		1		Newcastle.
Dec.	27-Jan.	9	2	2	
			1		
Dec.	6-19		4	2	
May	11-May	28	6	1	
Dec.	6-May	21	30	14	
ADT.	28-May	5	2		
Apr.	3-9		1	1	
Mav	11		1		
			3		
			14	6	
Dec.	13-May	28	23	7	One case imported from Boca de
				- 1	Rio.
İ				l	
Jan.	4-Jan	16	4	1	
			-	- 1	
Jan.	2-9			1	
		14	3	â	
	Nov. Mar. Nov. Apr. May Feb. Apr. Dec. Dec. May Dec. Apr. Apr. Apr. Apr. Jan. Jan.	Nov. 23-May Mar. 28-Apr. Nov. 28-Mar. Apr. 19-24 May 28-June Feb. 6-13 Apr. 9 Dec. 6-May Dec. 27-Jan. Dec. 6-May 11-May Dec. 6-May Apr. 3-9 May 11-28 May 14-28 Dec. 13-May Jan. 4-Jan. Jan. 2-9	Mar. 28-Apr. 17 Nov. 23-May 1 Mar. 28-Apr. 17 Nov. 23-Mar. 20 Apr. 19-24 May 28-June 4 Feb. 6-13 Apr. 9 Dec. 6-May 25 Dec. 27-Jan. 9 Dec. 6-May 21 Apr. 28-May 5 Apr. 3-9 May 11 May 14-28 Dec. 6-May 21 Dec. 13-May 28 Jan. 4-Jan. 16	Nov. 23-May 1 76  Mar. 28-Apr. 17  Nov. 23-Mar. 20	Nov. 23-May 1 76 26  Mar. 28-Apr. 17

### PLAGUE.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Arabia:	May 15-20	4	2	
Argentina: Tucuman	-		- 	Present.
Australia: Brisbane	•	11	2	
CairnsSydney	Feb. 12-Apr. 30 Feb. 16-Mar. 22 Mar. 10-Apr. 26	5	2	
Brasil: Nictheroy		1	1	
ParaPernambuco	Nov. 1-Feb. 22	29	15 18	
Pindamonhangaba Porte Alegre	Jan. 15	50		Several cases.
Rio de Janeiro British South Africa:	Nov. 16-May 1	232	135	
Cape Colony (East London, King Williams Town,	Nov. 15-May 1		19	One new case.
Port Elizabeth, Uitenhage).				
Natal (Pietermaritzburg)	Nov. 29-Dec. 5	8	2	
Transvaal (Johannesburg, Pretoria)	Mar. 20-May 5		69	
Chile: Antofagasta	To May 2	73	20	Proceed
Iquique Santiago	Apr. 10			Present.
Valparaiso China:	ł		1	Present.
AmoyCanton	May 26			Present.
Fubleau	Nov. 8-Dec. 12	6	6	
Sunui	Apr. 15		20	
Egypt: Abu Homos	Apr. 9-16	1		
Alexandria	37 O1 A OD		4	
Assiout	Mar. 13-Apr. 23 Mar. 19-Apr. 28	73 4	73	
Bibeh district	Mar. 26-May 7	8 11	2 3	
Dechneh	Mar. 19-Apr. 23 Mar. 13-May 7	12 36	8 33	•
Kuesna Minieh district	Mar. 19-Apr. 2	3 7	1 4	
Nag-Hamadi district Port Said	Mar. 13-Apr. 23	44 3	38 1	
Samallut district Sohag	Mar. 13-May 7	136	81	
Suez	Feb. 21-Apr. 2	3	1	One from Br. ss. Knight, of the Thistle, from Bombay, and 1 from Br. transport Plaissy, from Bombay.
Tahtah district	Mar. 13-May 7 Apr. 22-May 7	33	28 1	nom Domony.
ZagazigFormosa	Apr. 22-May 7 To Dec. 15, 1903	869 225	702 145	•
Ensuiko		781	440	Two new cases.
Hozan Kagi	Mar. 1-May 14	1,043	678	I WO HEW Cases.
Kelung Taihoku	Mar. 1-May 14	28	3 24	
Tainan Toroku	do	976	772	
Hawaii: Hilo	Mar. 4		5	
HonoluluIndia:	Jan. 19-June 8	3	3	
Bombay Presidency and Sind.	1	1	159, 227	·
Madras Presidency Bengal	do	64.687	12, 611 58, 124	
United Provinces Punjab Central Provinces (includ-	do	1126. UDS	117, 578 210, 158	
			44,000	Tournautad
Burma	Feb. 14-Apr. 30 Nov. 15-Apr. 30	18	8	Imported.
Mwenza Stata	ldo	14,725	11,229 18,608	

#### PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India—Continued. Central India. Rajputana Kashmir N. W. F. Provinces. Baluchistan	do		25, 611 10, 805 7, 196 47 17	Five cases imported.
Grand total		848, 613	675, 220	
Japan: Yokohama Mauritius New Zealand: Auckland Peru: Baranco Callao Chosica Lima Matacuna Payta.	Nov. 13-Apr. 7 Apr. 29	2 535 2 6 6	317 1 5 3 2 60	One case on ss. Limari Apr. 21 Present.
San Pedro vicinity Persia:	Feb. 20-26	10	7	1100010
Kermanschah Philippine Islands:	Mar. 31-Apr. 11		20	
Cebu	Jan. 1-Mar. 31 Nov. 15-Apr. 30	5 41	5 33	
Russia: CronstadtStraits Settlements:	Jan. 14-20		1	At plague laboratory.
Singapore	Feb. 28-Apr. 2		3	
Smyrna	Dec. 1-6		1	

#### SMALLPOX.

	1			1	1	
Africa:				1	1	
Cape Town		1-Mar.		6		
Green and Sea Point	Nov.	29-Dec.	5	1		
Argentina:	l			i		1
Buenos Avres	Oct.	1-Mar.	31		239	1
Austria-Hungary:						
Prague	Nov.	29-May	21	182	1	
Trieste	Nov.	22-Mar.	-5	8	l <del></del> .	1
Belgium:			•	1		
Antwerp	Jan	11-May	14	165	68	•
Brussels				1 200	9	i
Liege		10-Mar.		2	2	
Denvil.	Jan.	IU-Diai.	15	_	_	1
Bahia	Fah	13-Apr.	09	1	10	
Campinihas	Tob.	16 Apr	17	4	10	
Campinihas	reb.	io-Apr.	1/	4		
Pernambuco	NOV.	1-Apr.			269	
Rio de Janeiro	NOV.	16-мау	1	1,124	698	
British Guiana:			~~			,
Demerara	Nov.	1-Dec.	26	73		
Canada:				1		
British Columbia (Tower	Dec.	1-May	31	22	1	
Hill and Vancouver).				l		
Manitoba (Winnipeg)		27-June		11		
New Brunswick (McAdam,	Jan.	9-21		2		
Newcastle).				ı		
Nova Scotia (Sydney)	Apr.	10-May	21	73	1	
Ontario	Dec.	1–Jan.		116		
Quebec	Feb.	7-Mar.	19	14		
Chile:						
Antofagasta	Nov.	1-Dec.	31	i	13	
Santiago	Feb.					Epidemic.
China:	_ 0.0.		••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Epidemie.
Hongkong	Dec	27_Mar	26	9	4	
Shanghai	Nov.	15_Apr	20		162	
Tientsin	Ion.	31-Feb.	90	1	102	
Colombia:	Jan.	51-Feb.	U		•••••	
Barranquilla	Dog	1-Mav	16		21	
Cuba:	Dec.	1-MEA	10		21	
Habana	T	_		1		On as To Name of No.
mavalla	June	5	• • • •	1	•••••	On ss. La Navarre from St. Na-
ı				1		zaire.

### SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.		Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
FormosaFrance:	Jan.	1-Mar.	31	16		
Lyon	Feb.	7-May	14		5	
Marseille	Dec.	1-Apr.	30		103	
Nantes	Jan.	1-31		2		
Paris	Nov.	29-May	28	454	56	
RheimsRouen	Feb. Feb.			1	1 4	
Germany:	reb.	1-29	• • • •		*	
Bremen	Apr.	23-29		4	l	On ss. Wittikind.
Strasburg	Jan.	i-Dec.			2	
Great Britain:	_			_		
Birmingham	Dec.		14	7	1	
Bradford	Mov.	22-Dec. 8-21	9	1 6		
Cardiff		13-May		7	1	
Dundee		13-May		7		
Edinburgh	Dec.	13-May	28	134	11	
Glasgow	Dec.	5-May	27	875	61	
Hull	Jan.	17-May	28	59	2	
Leeds	Dec.	27-May 10-May	21	26	2	•
LeithLiverpool	Dan.	10-May 13-May	21	26 14	1	Three cases 1 death from ss.
Liverpoor	Dec.	10-May	21	14	1	Indore from Baltimore.
London	Nov.	29-May	28	288	3	
Manchester	Mar.	27-May	28	59	6	
Newcastle-on-Tyne	Dec.	5-May	28	137	4	
Nottingham	Nov.	29-May	28	214	10	
Sheffield		27-May		37	1	
SouthamptonSouth Shields	Dec.	27-Apr. 3-May	14	50	1 2	
Sunderland	Jan.		6	17	2	
Hawaii:	van.	0 1 00.	٠	•	-	
Honolulu	Feb.	4		1		From U.S. a. t. Logan.
India:				l		·
Bombay	Nov.	25-May		•••••	308	
Calcutta	Dec.	27-May 21-May	7	115	24 24	
Italy:	Dec.	21-May	10	110	24	
Catania	Dec.	4-May	12		8	
Messina	Dec.	12-18			i	
Milan	Jan.	1–Feb.	29	5		
Palermo	Jan.	10-May	7	8		
Japan: Amakusa	Ech	23		15	1	
Kobe	Apr.	3-16	• • • • •			•
Matsu Island		15		3		From Ger. ss. Batavia from Vlad-
						_ivostok.
Mogi	Apr.	9				Present.
Fukuoka Ken	TO M	ay 9 11-May	14	45 558	93	One case from Br. ss. Kwang Ping
Nagasaki Ken	reb.	11-May	14	500	30	from Tsin-hwan-tao.
Sasebo	Apr.	9				Present.
Yokohama	Jan.1	9 -Dec.31,1	903	2		
Do	Feb.	1-27		3		
Java:			00		ا م	
Batavia		15-Apr.	23	174 25	42 5	
Malta Mexico:	Dec.	6-Apr.	2	20		
La Cananea	Mar.	9				Do.
Magdalena	Mar.	9		8		
Mexico	Dec.	28-May	29	112	63	•
Porfirio Diaz	Jan.	9	-::-	1		
Tampico	Jan.	11-May	14	144	15 38	
	Ech.			144		
Torreon	Feb.	24-May	30	7	1	One case as Prince Amoust Wil-
Torreon Vera Cruz	Feb. Dec.	24-May 19-Apr.	30	7	1	
Vera Cruz	Feb. Dec.	24-May 19-Apr.	30	7	1	One case ss. Prince August Wil- helm from Havre.
Vera Cruz  Netherlands: Amsterdam	Feb. Dec.	20-May	21	40	8	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands: Amsterdam  Rotterdam	Feb. Dec. Dec. Dec.	20-May 6-May	21 28		8 1	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands: Amsterdam Rotterdam Panama, Panama	Feb. Dec. Dec. Dec.	20-May	21 28	40	8	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands:     Amsterdam     Rotterdam     Panama, Panama. Philippine Islands:	Pec. Dec. Dec. Jan.	20-May 6-May 11-17	21 28	40 16	8 1 3	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands: Amsterdam Rotterdam Panama, Panama Philippine Islands: Cebu	Pec. Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan.	20-May 6-May 11-17	21 28 	40 16 6	8 1 3	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands: Amsterdam Rotterdam Panama, Panama Philippine Islands: Cebu Manila	Pec. Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan.	20-May 6-May 11-17	21 28 	40 16	8 1 3	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands:     Amsterdam     Rotterdam Panama, Panama Philippine Islands:     Cebu Manila Porto Rico:	Pec. Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan.	20-May 6-May 11-17	21 28  31 30	40 16 6	8 1 3	One case ss. Prince August Wil- helm from Havre.
Vera Cruz  Netherlands:     Amsterdam	Dec. Dec. Jan. Nov. Dec.	20-May 6-May 11-17 1-Mar. 15-Apr. 1-Mar.	21 28 31 30 8	40 16 6 29 9	8 1 3 2 11	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands: Amsterdam Rotterdam Panama, Panama. Philippine Islands: Cebu Manila Porto Rico: San Juan Russia: Moscow	Feb. Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan. Nov. Dec. Nov.	20-May 6-May 11-17 1-Mar. 15-Apr. 1-Mar. 22-May	21 28 31 30 8	40 16 6 29 9	8 1 3 2 11	
Vera Cruz  Netherlands:     Amsterdam	Dec. Dec. Jan. Jan. Nov. Dec. Nov.	20-May 6-May 11-17 1-Mar. 15-Apr. 1-Mar.	21 28 31 30 8	40 16 6 29 9	8 1 3 2 11	

#### ${\bf SMALLPOX-Continued.}$

Place.	Date			Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.				
Spain:										
Barcelona	Jan.	10-May	20		97	W-11				
Madrid		c. 15 9-Apr.		35,000 51	15	Estimated.				
Straits Settlements:	Dec.	y-Apr.	4	91	19					
Singapore	Feb	21-Apr.	16		3					
Furkey:	100.	ar irpi.	10							
Alexandretta	Mar.	6-May	21	17	2	Epidemic.				
Beirut	Apr.					A few cases.				
Constantinople		18-May	22		94					
Smyrna	Nov.	23-May	1		51					
Uruguay:		_								
Montevideo	Sept.	6-Feb.	29	12	3					

### Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities.

.•			78				D	eati	s fr	nm—				<u> </u>
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Acapulco Aix la Chapelle Do	May 28 May 77 May 14	6, 000 144, 845 144, 845 9, 000 9, 000 294, 669 200, 000 230, 000 150, 212 42, 000 80, 000 80, 000 1, 964, 109 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965 537, 965	540 405 9 9 4 1 1 28 61 104 43 16 16 147 3 3 25 5 19 528 86 84 162	3 6	8			1 1		3 1 1	2 9 7	66 64 1 2 2 2 2	1 3 1 1 10 13 3 7	3  7  222 12 4 1 3
Catania Christiania Coatzacoaleos Coburg Do Cognac Do Cologne Colombo Colombo Colom Constantinople Copenhagen Corunna Crefeld Do Curação Dundee Edinburgh	May 26 May 21 May 28 May 14 May 14 May 14 May 21 May 21 May 21 May 29 May 29 May 22 May 21 May 22 May 22 May 22 May 22 May 23 May 24 May  153, 523 224, 000 3, 000 22, 905 22, 905 19, 483 19, 483 409, 990 409, 990 155, 869 8, 000 800, 000 500, 000 160, 389 31, 600 163, 535 331, 977	91 57 3 9 11 5 6 142 112 92 7 203 144 20 14 19 5	3 1 2 43 24  5				4	1	1 2 1	1	1	2	1 4	

### Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

			E.	_	Deaths from—									
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Flushing	May 28	19, 105	1	ļ										
Frankfort on the Main.	May 14 May 21	313, 600 313, 600	92 105	<u> </u>		••••		••••		··i·	··i·	1		2
Geneva	May 14	111,000	37									••••		
Glasgow	do May 27	25, 069 798, 357	13 299					2			3	i	10	10
Gothenburg	May 21	135, 314	24 56	4 15						1	2			;
Do	May 28 June 4	135, 314 40, 787	12	15				::::						1
Hamburg Hamilton, Bermuda	May 21 May 31	751, 842 17, 535	244 3					<b> </b>		1		4	4	7
Havre	May 21	130, 196	61	17						i		1	1	i
Hull	do May 7	253, 865 30, 000	74 14									1	6	• • • •
Do	May 14	30,000	22											
Karachi Kingston, Canada	May 8 June 3	108, 644 19, 374	227 4		174	••••		4						
KobeDo	May 7	287, 909	89											
Las Palmas	May 14 May 7	287, 909 49, 500	102 22											
Do	May 14	49,500	25 19				١							
DoLausanne	May 21 May 14	49, 500 50, 800	17											
Leeds	May 28	450, 142	164	14				••••			2	• • • •	15	4
Do	Apr. 10 Apr. 17	99, 357 99, 357	29 46	3 3										<b> </b>
Do	Apr. 24	99, 357 99, 357	30 31	3 4				• • • •				• • • •		
Leipzig	May 1 May 14	496, 370	176	27							4	2	1	
Do	May 21 do	496, 370 80, 508	178 20	19				• • • •		1	2 1	• • • •	3	···i
Licata	May 14	25,000	13						1	ï		• • • •		
Liverpool	May 28 May 6	723, 430 509, 346	255 394							2	4	4	8	12
Do	May 6 May 13	509, 346	355							••••		••••	1	
Manchester	May 21	558, 335 20, 000	206 29	28				• • • •		4	4	1	20	9
Mazatlan	May 14 May 21	20,000	21											
	do May 29	107,000 368,777	$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 374 \end{array}$				• • • •	····	12	3	···i	···i		<sub>2</sub>
Moscow	May 14	1, 173, 427	612					i	1	2	8	7	19	2
Newcastle-on-Tyne	May 21do	219, 021 239, 753	78 68		•••••		• • • •	··i·		··i·		1	2	2
Nuremberg	May 7	275, 000	108	17			::::							2
Odessa	May 14 May 8	492,000 492,000	172 162	31 29			••••	1			····2	••••	i	1
Palermo	May 14	330,000	108	5						::::				
Panama Paris	May 29 May 21	20,000 2,660,559	863				••••	··i		3		ii	24	6
Plymouth	May 28	112,000	44	!										3
PraguePuerto Cortez	May 14 June 2	$225,816 \\ 2,125$	142 1	41			••••		• • • •	2		1	••••	1
Quebec	June 4	70,000												
Rotterdam	May 28 Apr. 24	364, 133 800, 000	120 325	55	····i	••••		34	• • • •	$\frac{2}{2}$	••••	$\begin{array}{c c}2\\1\end{array}$	••••	••••
Do	May 1	800,000	295	36				38		2		3		ij
	May 8 Apr. 16	800,000 448,048	320 161	47	• • • • •	••••	3	26	••••	1			7	1
Do	Apr. 23	448,048	153	10									8	
Sagua la Grande St. John, N. B	May 28   June 4	21, 342   40, 711	11 11	. 4		T I				- 1		- 1	- 1	• • • •
St. Stephen	do:	2, 840 228, 983	2											••••
SalfordSan Feliu de Guixols	May 21	228, 983 11, 333	71 8				····		••••		3	1	2	
Santander	ao	53, 576	32								••••			••••
Solingen	May 14 Apr. 23	15, 142   97, 111	10 209	27		••••	••••		• • • • •			••••		••••
Singapore Smyrna Southampton	May 15	60,000	61	16	'	!								••••
Southampton	May 21	112,500 107,334	31 35	4	• • • • • •		••••	••••			••••			$\frac{2}{2}$
		228, 095	88	1 3,							• •			
Stettin Stockholm	uo	309, 496	80	• • • • •				!	• • • • •	• • • •	•		• • • •	1

### Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

•			all	Deaths from—										
Cities.	Week ended—	Estimated population.	Total deaths from causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Tangier Trapani Trieste Do Do Tuxpam Utilla Do Do Vienna Do Windsor Winnipeg	May 21 May 14 May 7 May 14 May 21 May 31 May 14 May 28 May 14 May 28 May 14 May 21 June 4 May 28	40,000 61,477 190,166 190,166 190,166 13,000 932 932 932 1,797,992 1,797,992 3,000 70,000		148 130			••••				2 1  1	10 8	51 54	1
Yokohama DoZurich	May 28 Apr. 30 May 7 May 14	313, 695 313, 695 158, 365											••••	

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

Walter Wyman,
Surgeon-General,
United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.