PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Mortality record of Unalaska and adjacent country for 1900.

DUTCH HARBOR, ALASKA, September 19, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report regarding the mortality of Unalaska for 1900, which is of interest in connection with the fact of the rapid decline of the native population of the Aleutian chain of islands:

Formerly there were 120 villages on the islands with a native population variously estimated at from 1,500 to 2,500.

1: Now in the same district there are but 10 villages and 1,000 inhabitants, exclusive of whites, of whom 300 are creoles (mixed breeds with Russian and other nationalities) and 700 Aleutes.

Last year Unalaska had 353 inhabitants, 116, or nearly one-third, of whom died. According to data obtained from the Russian priest of the Greek Catholic Church, Rev. B. P. Kashereroff, who has the only mortality records kept in the village, there being no health officer or even physician, 30 deaths were ascribed to "cold," 24 to consumption, 33 to measles, and 7 to old age; 5 were drowned.

The mortality report, arranged according to age, is as follows: Up to 1 year of age, 20 deaths; from 1 to 7 years of age, 24 deaths; from 7 to 10 years of age, 2 deaths; from 10 to 40 years of age, 42 deaths; from 40 to 50 years of age, 20 deaths; from 50 to 60 years of age, 8 deaths. Total, 116.

The remarkable mortality from measles among the natives in Alaska during the past year appears ascribable largely to the bad sanitary environment—some living in baraberas, small mud houses—and lack of precaution against exposure.

On the Kuskokwim and in other sections on the mainland, from onehalf to two-thirds of the natives died and many were left unburied in the mud houses where they lived, surviving members immediately deserting the huts, which latter often contain from 1 to 2 dozen natives living regardless of family relations.

As many as half a dozen dead bodies have been seen by prospectors in a single hovel and numerous dead bodies were seen lying about on the ground partly eaten by the foxes.

There are numerous instances of whole villages being deserted, the few surviving natives having a superstition about staying where so many of their number had died.

Whether the measles per se was of an especially virulent type, I am

unable to state, as there have been no cases of the disease during the

present season in this locality.

From what I have been able to learn, however, the striking mortality record above detailed was due largely to pneumonic complications and want of medical treatment.

Respectfully.

F. J. THORNBURY. Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

Arrival at Reedy Island Quarantine of vessels from the Danish West Indies.

REEDY ISLAND QUARANTINE, via Port Penn, Del., September 22, 1901.

SIR: Through the medical officer in command of national quarantine service on Delaware Bay and River, I have the honor to report the arrival at this station on the 17th instant of the British steamship Drummond, from St. Thomas via Santiago, with ore; no passengers; bill of health signed by Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf.

Respectfully. T. F. RICHARDSON, Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S., In Command.

Arrival at Baltimore of vessels from West Indian and South American ports.

BALTIMORE, MD., September 28, 1901.

SIR: I have to report the arrival at this port of the following-named vessels for the week ended to-day: September 24, British steamship Aldborough, from Daiquiri, with ore; American bark Dom Pedro II, from Rio de Janeiro, with coffee.

Respectfully,

WM. F. STONE. Colllector.

REPORTS FROM THE MEXICAN BORDER.

Eagle Pass, Tex.—Inspection service.—I have the honor to make the following report for the week ended September 21, 1901:

Date.	Number of per- sons.	Sanitary	Condition of—		Where from.	D-4141
Date,		condition.	Baggage. Merchandise.		where from.	Destination.
Sept. 15 (a)	136	Good	Good	Good	Various points in Mexico.	Various points in United States.
Sept. 16 (b)	141	do	do	do	do	Do.
Sept. 17 (c)	139	do	do	do	do	Do.
Sept. 18 (d)	150	do	do	do	do	Do.
Sept. 19 (c)	142	do	do	do	do	Do.
Sept. 20 (f)	138	do.,	do	do	do	Do.
Sept. 21 (g)	140	do	do	do	do	Do.

a Fumigated 200 pieces of soiled Pullman linen.

LEA HUME, Sanitary Inspector, U.S. M. H.S.

El Paso, Tex., September 21, 1901—Inspection service.—I have the honor to transmit herewith summary of transactions at this station for the week ended September 21, 1901: Inspection of Mexican Central Railroad passengers, 249; inspection (special) of passengers from City of Mexico, 44; inspection of Rio Grande and Pacific Railroad passengers, 22; inspection of excursionists, 174; inspection of immigrants, 180; disin-

b Fumigated 198 pieces of Pullman soiled linen. c Fumigated 195 pieces of Pullman soiled linen. d Fumigated 215 pieces of Pullman soiled linen.

e Fumigated 202 pieces of Pullman soiled linen. f Fumigated 195 pieces of Pullman soiled linen. g Fumigated 210 pieces of Pullman soiled linen.

fection of blankets, clothing, etc., 100 pieces; disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry, 417 pieces; disinfection of Pullman soiled linen, 3,760 pieces; disinfection of carload of cattle hides. Three passengers from Tampico were let pass, having certificates from the acting assistant surgeon, the city being free from contagious disease.

E. ALEXANDER, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Laredo, Tex., September 22, 1901—Inspection service—Typhus fever in the City of Mexico.

LAREDO, TEX., September 22, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that in comparing weekly mortality statistics of this year, 1901, with that of 1900, I find that the mortality in the City of Mexico from typhus fever is a little more than double this year that of the year preceding. I refer to reports for the month of August, viz, week ended August 19, 1900, deaths were 8, and for week ended August 18, 1901, deaths were 24. In the early summer months of this year the death rate from same disease averaged between 45 and 50; occasionally above that number. I have information from reliable persons that the disease seldom attacks the better class of Mexicans or Americans. The order I received by telegram from Bureau requests me to disinfect and personally inspect all secondclass baggage and examine particularly train crew on through Pullman. A disinfector and guard was authorized. I have found that it is very rare that other than first-class passengers have any baggage except what they have on their person—that is, the through passengers; also that there are seldom any through passengers except of the first class. All our immigrants come from this side of San Luis Potosi, Mexico, which is 360 miles north of the City of Mexico. I, therefore, have not nominated any person for a vacancy which occurred to day of disinfector and guard, but such a person is of service, viz, to meet passenger trains on Mexican side of frontier and gain information about passengers before they appear on the frontier for regular inspection; to escort foreigners or Americans who prefer to stay in Mexico to the Mexican side of the frontier and see at what place they will stop during their period of detention; to disinfect all baggage necessary, see that baggage is taken from depot to detention camp for disinfection, and unpack and repack baggage disinfected. I personally am present during disinfection—that is, while using the generator or autoclave.

Laredo, Tex., September 24, 1901—Inspection service.—I have the honor to submit the following report for week ended September 21, 1901: Passenger trains from Mexico inspected, 14; persons inspected on trains from Mexico, 711; immigrants inspected, 33; immigrants vaccinated, 6. Two persons two days out from Tampico detained. One person three days out from Vera Cruz, originally from Yucatan, detained; 2 trunks and 1 valise opened and disinfected with formaldehyd gas; 5,191 pieces soiled linen of Pullman Company disinfected.

H. J. HAMILTON, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended September 21, 1901, from 78 observers indicate that intermittent fever, influenza, smallpox, and whooping cough were more

prevalent and dysentery and scarlet fever were less prevalent than in the preceding week. Cerebro-spinal meningitis was reported at 3, measles at 11, whooping cough at 14, smallpox at 24, diphtheria at 34, scarlet fever at 68, enteric fever at 113, and phthisis pulmonalis at 169 places.

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Franklin.—Month of August, 1901. Estimated population, 5,843. Total number of deaths, 11, including whooping cough, 1, and 2 from tuberculosis.

NEW JERSEY—Passaic.—Two weeks ended September 21, 1901. Census population, 27,777. Total number of deaths, 72, including diphtheria, 1, and 1 from enteric fever.

NEW YORK—Rochester.—Month of July, 1901. Census population, 162,608. Total number of deaths, 171, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 3; whooping cough, 2, and 14 from tuberculosis.

Yonkers.—Month of August, 1901. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 44, including smallpox, 1, and 5 from phthisis pulmonalis.

TENNESSEE—Nashville.—Month of August, 1901. Census population, 80,865—white, estimated, 50,627—colored, estimated, 30,238. Total number of deaths, 115, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 10; scarlet fever, 2, and 15 from tuberculosis.

WISCONSIN—Milwaukee.—Month of August, 1901. Census population, 285,315. Total number of deaths, 385, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 6, and 41 from tuberculosis.

Report of immigration at Boston during week ended September 21, 1901.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Boston, September 22, 1901.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended September 21, 1901; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	Ne. of immi- grants.
Sept. 15 Sept. 16 Do Do Do Sept. 17 Do Sept. 18 Do Sept. 19 Do Sept. 20	Steamship Norwegian Stramship Olivette. Steamship Cambrian Steamship Prince George Steamship Prince George Steamship Prince Arthur. Steamship Cestrian Steamship Cestrian Steamship Boston Steamship Admiral Schley. Steamship Caledonian Steamship Saxonia. Steamship Prince Arthur Steamship Prince Arthur Steamship Boston Steamship Prince Arthur	Port Morant, Jamaica. Glasgow, Scotland. Halifax. Nova Scotia London, England. Yarmouth, Nova Scotia Louisburg, Cape Breton Yarmouth, Nova Scotia Liverpool, England Yarmouth, Nova Scotia. London, England. Liverpool, England. Liverpool, England. Liverpool, England. Liverpool, England. Liverpool, England. Liverpool, England. Halifax. Nova Scotia.	1; 58 211 36 36 12 77 2 6 1, 270 100 119
Do Sept. 21	Steamship CommonwealthSteamship Prince Arthur	Liverpool, England Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	880 120
			3, 366

Report of immigration at New York during the week ended September 21, 1901.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of New York, September 25, 1901.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended September 21, 1901; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Sept. 15 Sept. 16 Do Do	Steamship Zeeland	HavreNaplesAntwerp	862
Sept. 17 Sept. 18 Do Do	Steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Steamship Anchoria Steamship Friedrich der Grosse Steamship Liguria	Glasgow	473
Sept. 20 Do Do Do Do	Steamship Fürst Bismarck	Hamburgdo Liverpool and Queenstown Naples Hamburg	270 174 618 170 189 707
Sept. 21	Steamship Pretoria	Hamburg	376 7, 661

THOMAS FITCHIE, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at Philadelphia for the week ended September 21, 1901.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Philadelphia, September 21, 1901.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended September 21, 1901; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immi- grants.
Sept. 15 Do Do Sept. 20	Steamship Canadia	Glasgow Liverpool and Queenstown Sunderland London	1
	Total		171

JNO. J. S. RODGERS, Commissioner.

Reports from national quarantine

Number	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 8		Sept. 21 Sept. 28 Sept. 21	Sp. bk. Angelita (a)	Sept. 4	Havana
4 5 6	Cape Fear, N. C Carrabelle, Fla	do Sept. 22 Sept. 14	Brig. Havilah Br. ss. Glamorganshire	Sept. 12	Havana
8	, ,	Sept. 21			
9 10	Dutch Harbor, Alaska Cumberland Sound, Fer- nandina, Fla.	Aug. 27 Sept. 21	Br. ss. Garlands (a)	1	Rio de Janeiro via Baltimore.
11 12	Eureka, Cal	do	Am. sc. Scotia		Guantanamo
13	Grays Harbor, Wash Gulf Quarantine, Ship Island, Miss.	do	Nor. ship Alaska (a) It. bk. Nino Fravega (a) Am. sc. Flora Morang (a) Swd. bk. Antoinette Br. sc. Florence R. Hew- son.	Aug. 29 Sept. 8 Sept. 13 Sept. 15 Sept. 16	Cape Town Progreso Cape Town Sagua la Grande
14	Key West, Fla		Am. sc. B. Frank Neally Barge Admiral Trompe	Sept. 21 do	Havana Cardenas
15 16 17	Los Angeles, Cal Mayport, Fla Miami, Fla	do do do	Rus. bktn. Mikelson	Sept. 16	Martiuique
18	Mullet Key, Fla	do	Prov. flag tug Humberto Rodriguez. Prov. flag bge. San Fer- nando.	Sept. 20 do	Neuvitasdo
19 20 21 22 23	Pascagoula, Miss Port Angeles, Wash	do Aug. 31 Sept. 21 Sept. 14 do	Rev. cutter U. S. Grant	Sept. 12	Ketchikan
24 25 26		Sept. 21 do Sept. 14			
27 28	San Pedro, Cal Santa Rosa, Fla	Sept. 21 do	Nor. bk. Arizona (a) Nor. bk. Crown (a)	- 1	Rotterdam
29	Savannah, Ga	Sept. 21	Br. ss. St. Kilda (a)	Sept. 12 Sept. 16 Sept. 11	Bahia
30	South Atlantic Quaran- tine, Blackbeard Island, Ga.	do	DI.SS. Duckess of Total (w)	Sc pt. 10	
31 32	Washington, N. C	do			
82 83 84	Batabano. Caibarien	Sept. 7 Sept. 14 do			••••••
35 36 37	Casilda Daiquiri	do Sept. 21 Aug. 31 Sept. 7			
38		do			

and inspection stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1 2 3		Disinfected and held	. Sept. 19	No transactions	
4					• 4
5 6 7	Carrabelle	Ballast discharged; hold disinfected. Partially disinfected	Sept. 17 Sept. 8	Chinese members of	4 2 3 4
8				crew bathed and effects disinfected.	. 2
9 10	Fernandina	Held for disinfection	Sept. 17	No report	4
11	do	do		No report	
12	Ohin Taland	Disinferted at 3 held	Gam4 14		2
13	Ship Island Pascagoula	Disinfected and helddo	Sept. 16		3
	Ship Island	do	Sept. 18		
	Pascagoula	Held for disinfection Disinfected and held	Sept. 21		
14	Key Westdo	Disinfection completed		Passeddo	6
15 16	Jacksonville	Held for instructions.	Sept. 17	No bill of health	1 11
17 18	Tampa	Held to complete 5 days		No transactions	3
	do	Awaiting release of tug			
19				No transactions	2
20			••••••	No transactions	z
21 22				do	
23	Port Townsend	Passed on certificate of medical officer.	Sept. 12		21 17
25					3
26			•••••	Physical examination of oriental steerage passengers on Br. ss. Flintshire and Br. ss. Dorie from Hongkong.	. 19
27 28	Pensacola	Held to discharge ballast	Sept. 21	No transactions	1
	do	and clean hold. Disinfected and held; ballast discharged.	Sept. 19		
	do	do	Sept. 20		••••••
	Pensacolado	Held to discharge ballast			
29	Savannah	Disinfected to kill rats	Sept. 15		5
	do	Disinfected and held	Sept. 20		
30			•••••	No report.	••••••
31				No transactions	
32					5
33 34				12 vessels passed without	6
35		ļ		inspection.	44
36				•••••	14 7
37					7 2 1
					ī
38				No report	•••••

Reports from national quarantine

Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
CUBA—Continued. Guantanamo	Aug. 31		•••••	
	Sept. 7			
Havana	Sept. 14	Ss. Fanita Am. sc. B. Frank Neally Nor. ss. Tiomo	Sept. 11 Sept. 12 Sept. 14	Key West Tampa Key West Cardenas
Isabela de Sagua	do			Matanzas
Manzanillo	Sept. 21 Aug. 31 Sept. 7			
Matanzas	Sept. 14			
Nuevitas	Sept. 7 Sept. 14 Sept. 21	Prov. flag tug Humberto Rodriquez. Prov. flag barge San Fer- nando.	Sept. 16	Tampado
Puerto Padre	Sept. 7 Sept. 14			
Santiago de Cuba				
HAWAII: Hilo Honolulu Kahului Koloa	Aug. 31 Sept. 7 do			
Cebu	Aug. 10			
Manila	do			
PonceSan Juan	do			***************************************
Aguadilla	do			
Fajardo	do			
	CUBA—Continued. Guantanamo	Cuba - Continued. Guantanamo Aug. 31 Sept. 7	Cuba—Continued. Guantanamo. Aug. 31 Sept. 7 Am. sc. Wave	Cuba

and inspection stations—Continued.

Number	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
39	•••••••		 	3 vessels passed without inspection.	2
				2 vessels passed without inspection.	1
40		Partially disinfecteddo			
	do	do	Sept. 12		
	Mobile	Disinfected			
		Being disinfected			
41	••••••	***************************************	······	inspection.	
42					10
44					4
43	***************************************	***************************************		3 vessels passed without inspection.	a a
44		••••••			13
			Sept. 17	2 vessels passed without inspection.	6 8
	do	do	do		
45					9
10	•••••				3 3 7
46	San Juan	Disinfected	Aug. 25	4 vessels passed without inspection.	
		••••••		do	. 7
47				No transactions	
48 .					
49					1
50			•••••	No transactions	•••••
51 .				•••••	23
<u>::::-</u> ·			•••••		22 4
52 . 53 .				No report	-
33				No report	••••••
54 55 .					2 2
56 .				No transactions	
57					
58				do	
59 .		•••••		do	
				1	1
60 .			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		î

Reports from State and

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Number	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1	Baltimore, Md Bangor, Me	Sept. 29			
2	Bangor, Me	do			
-3	BOSTOR, MARKS	I			
4	Cedar Keys, Fla	Sept. 21			
5 6	Charleston, S. C Charlotte Harbor, Fla	do			
7	Elizabeth River Va	do			
8	Galveston, Tex	do	Br. ss. Pinedene	Sept. 17	Antofagasta
9	Gardiner, Oreg	. do			
10	Marcus Hook, Pa	Sept. 7			·
	Charlotte Harbor, Fla. Elizabeth River, Va. Galveston, Tex. Gardiner, Oreg. Marcus Hook, Pa.	Sept. 14		***************************************	
		Sept. 21	U.S.S. Castine	Sept. 19	Funchal
11 12	Mobile Bay, Ala New Bedford, Mass	Ī	Nor. ss. Harald Nor. ss. John Wilson	Sept. 17 Sept. 20	Bocas del Toro Port Limon
18	New Orleans, La		Port bk Clara (a)		l
	,	• •	Sp. 88. Seirak Bat (a)		
i		1	Br. ss. Montezuma (a) Nor. ss. Atlas	G4 -	D
j		1	Nor. ss. Atlas Port. bk. Venturosa	sept. 1	Rio de Janeiro
			Br ss Bardsey	do	Sautos
			Br. ss. Bardsey	_	Belize.
			Br. ss. Heathcraig Br. ss. Patrician	do	Port Elizabeth
1		Ì	Am. ss. Breakwater Am. ss. Chalmette	Sept. 3	Port Limon
			Br. ss. Darien	ao	Havana Liverpool and Mexican ports.
-	·		Am. ss. Californian Br. ss. Olympia	Sept. 5	Porto Rican ports Port Limon
- 1			Am.ss. Stillwater	do	Bocas del Toro
İ			Am. ss. Arkadia		Porto Rican ports Port Limon
1			Nor. ss. Spero Br. ss. Easby Abbey	dodo	Port Elizabeth,
			Nor. ss. Themis Br. ss. Westhall	do	Mexican ports Santos via Rio
		Sept. 14	Br. ss. Darien (b)	Sept. 3	de Janeiro. Liverpo o land Mexican ports.
			Am. ss. Arkadia (b) Nor. ss. Themis	Sept. 6 Sept. 7	Porto Rican ports Mexican ports
			Br. ss. Westhall	do	Santos via Rio de Janeiro.
İ			Br. ss. Anselm	_	Puerto Cortez via Belize.
- 1			Am. ss. Excelsior Br. ss. Beverley	do	Havana Port Limon
1			Sp. ss. Corbea	do	Vera Cruz
- 1	İ		Sp. ss. Corbea Am. ss. Foxhall	Sept. 10	Bocas del Toro
	•		Br. ss. Costa Rican		Liverpool and Mexican ports. Port Limon
- 1			Swed.ss. Hispania Am. ss. S. Oteri	do	Ruatan
- 1	l		Am. sc. L. N. Dantzler	do	Fouala, Mexico
			Am. sc. L. N. Dantzler Dan. ss. Venus	Sept. 12	Port Limon
			Br. ss. European Br. ss. Jamaican	do	Port Elizabeth East London,
			Br. ss. Montreal		South Africa.
					Africa.
14	Newport News, Va	Sent 27	Br. ss. Electrician	ао	Tampico
14 15	Newport, R. I	Sept. 21			
16	New York, N. Y	do			
17	Pass Cavallo, Tex	do			
18	Port Royal, S. C	do			
19 20	Providence, R. I	op			
21	Quintana, Tex	Sept 21			
22	St. Helena Entrance, S. C	Sept. 19			
23	Tampa Bay, Fla	Sept. 28			
	1		<u> </u>	i	

a Probably reported in report for week ended August 31, 1901, which was not received at this office.

municipal quarantine stations.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1				No report	
2	***************************************			do	
3				do	
4				18 or 20 fish and turtle boats came in on spe- cial permits.	16
5				No transactions	
7	••••••••••••			do	
8	Galveston	Fumigated and held	Sept. 22		. 5
9				No report	
10				2 vessels spoken and	25 31
	Philadelphia	Passed on certificate of medical officer.	Sept. 19	passed. 5 vessels spoken and passed.	37
11	Mobile	Disinfected	Sept. 17		9
	do	łdo	Sept. 20		
12			ļ	No report	
13					
	Now Orleans	Disinfected and held	Sept. 6		
	New Orleans		do		
		do	Sept. 3		
	New Orleans	Disinfected	Sept. 2	••••••	
	Orders New Orleans	Disinfected and helddo	Sept. 3	1 case malaria, 7 cases of dysentery.	
	do	Disinfected	do		
	do	Disinfected and held	Sept. 5	4 cases yellow fever	
	ao	do	~	•	
	do	Disinfected	Sept. 3 Sept. 5		
	do	do	Sept. 5		
	do	Disinfected and held	do		•••••
	dodo	Disinfected and nerd	Sept. 7		
	do	do	do		
	do	Disinfected and held			
	do	do		•••••••••••	
	do	do	Sept. 13	4 cases of yellow fever	••••••
	do	do	Sept. 11 Sept. 12		••••••
	do	dodo	do		••••••
	do	Disinfected	Sept. 9	•••••	
		-	_		
	do	Disinfected and held	Sept. 11		
	do	Disinfected	Sept. 9		
	dodo	Disinfected and held Disinfected	Sept. 14 Sept. 10		
	do	Disinfected and held		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	do	Disinfected	Sept. 11		
	do	do			
	do	Disinfected and held			
	do	Disinfected			
	do	do			•••••
	do	do			•••••
•••••	do	do	do		
	ao	Disinfected and held		No report	
14 15				do	
16				do	
17				do	
18				do	
19				do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
20				do	
21					5 1
				ı	
22 23				••••••	-

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, June 28, 1901, to October 4, 1901.

[For reports received from December 28, 1900, to June 28, 1901, see Public Health Reports for June 28, 1901.]

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alabama:				
Mobile County				
Total for State, same period, 1900.		1		
Alaska : Kluckwan	July 26			Reported.
Total for Territory, same		28	1	
period, 1900. California :		10		
Los Angeles San Francisco		13 17		
Total for State		30		
Total for State, same period,		4	1	
1900. Solorado:	May 1- Aug 21	82		
Arapahoe County Bent County	May 1-Aug. 31			
Boulder County	do			
Chaffee County	do	2		
Clear Crook Country	40	3		
Costilla County	do			
Custer County	do			
Delta County	do		•••••	
Pl Pass County	do			
Costilla County Custer County Delta County Douglas County El Paso County Fremont County Garfield County	do			
Garfield County	do			
Gilpin County	do	ĭ		
Gunnison County	do	10		
Jefferson County	do			
Kit Carson County	do			
Lake County	do		•••••	
La Plata County Larimer County	do			
Las Animas County	do			
Mesa County	do	2		
Mineral County	ا مام			
Montrose County Morgan County Otero County Ouray County	do			
Morgan County	do			
Ones County	do			
Park County	do			
Phillips County	Aug. 1-Aug. 31			
Pitkin County	May 1-Aug. 31			
Park County Phillips County Pitkin County Prowers County	do	2		
ruebio County	uo			
Rio Grande County	do	6		
Routt County	do	9		
Saguache County	do	11 12		
San Juan County San Miguel County	do	2		
Summit County	do			
Teller County	do			
Summit County	do			
Weld County	do	10 .		
Total for State		479		
Total for State, same period, 1900.		174 .		
strict of Columbia:				
-	June 16-Sept. 21	11		
Total for District, same period, 1900.		24 .		
orgia:	July 1-Aug. 10	37 .		
inois:	=,			
Chicago	June 23-Aug. 17	14		
Fairport	Aug. 18-Sept. 14	2 .		
Peoria	June 1-Aug. 31	78 .	••••••	
Springfield	do	6		
Total for State		100		
Total for State, same period,		121	6	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
ndiana:				-
Adams County	June 1-July 31	42		
Allen County	do	12		
Cass County	do	3 20		•
Clinton County Davies County	do		i	
Dearborn County	do			
De Kalb County	do	7		
Jay County	do	. 1		.}
Kosciusko County	do	11		•
Laporte County	do	6	1	
Marion County	do	6		1
Montgomery County Ohio County	l do	6		1
Owen County	do	ĭ		il .
Porter County	do	3		
Owen County	do	4		
Randolph County	do	3		4
Spencer County	do	12		4
Switzerland County Tippecanoe County	do	11 32		
Tippecanoe County	ao	32	•••••	1
Total for State		212	4	
10441101 56460	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Total for State, same period,		130	5	1
1900.				
)W8:		_	l	i
Clinton	June 16-June 22	1		
Ottumwa	June 2-June 29	8	••••••	
Total for State		9		
Total for State	•••••••••			
Total for State, same period,		13		1
1900.				
ansas:				
Allen County	June 1-July 31	23		
Anderson County	do	1		
Barber County	do	2		
Barton County	do	43 26	1	
Bourbon County (Fort Scott)	do	20 1		
Chautauqua County Cherokee County	do	32	1	
Clark County	do	4	-	
Clay County	do	3		
Cloud County	do	ĭ		
Crawford County	do	122		
Crawford County Douglas County	do	5		
Green wood County	do	4	1	
Greenwood County	do	2		
Jefferson County	do	27		
Labette County	do	25		
Lane County		6		
Leavenworth County	do	4		
Meade County	do	5 2		
Montgomery County	do	11	•••••	
Ness County Ottawa County	ძი	5		
Pottawattomie County	do	2		
Reno County	do	ĩ		
Shawnee County	do	6		
Stevens County	do	8		
Sumner County	doAug. 31	18	i	
Sedgwick County (Wichita)	do	18	1	
Washington County	do	3		
Total for State	-	410	4	
		310		
Total for State, same period,		55	1	
1900.	=			
entucky:			ı	
Lexington	June 23-Sept. 28	2		
	- =			
Total for State, same period,	•••••	32		
1900. uisiana:	=			
	June 16-Aug. 31	10		
		10	1 1	
New Orleans				
New Orleans	July 14-July 24	1	1	
New Orleans				
New Orleans		11		
New Orleans				
New Orleans		11	2	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Massachusetts:		1		
Boston,	Inly 7-Sept 28	41	4	•
Fall River		14	i	
Fitchburg	June 2-June 8	i	l	
Gloucester	July 17	l î		1
Holyoke	July 7-July 13	Ī		
Medford	July 7-July 13 Sept. 1-Sept. 7 July 1-July 13	Ī		
New Bedford	July 1-July 13	Ī	1	
Quincy	June 16-June 22	1		
Waltham	June 23-June 29	1		
Worcester		5	3	1
				
Total for State		67	9	1
Total for State, same period,		22		
1900.	1		-	
Michigan:		1	l	C1
Houghton County	July 1-July 18			Smallpox present.
Isabella County	do	•••••		Do. Do.
Kent County (Grand Rapids)				Do.
Houghton County Isabella County Kent County (Grand Rapids). Mackinac County Mason County Osceola County Services County	oo	·····	l	Do. Do.
Mason County	do		ļ	Do.
Osceola County	do	·····	l	Do.
				Do.
Van Buren County Wayne County (Detroit)	Inly 1-Qont 01	1	·····	Do.
wayne County (Detroit)	July 1-Sept. 21			D 0.
Total for State			l	
Total for State				
Total for State, same period,		31	1	
1900.				
Minneenta ·				
Aitkin County Anoka County Becker County	June 17-Sept. 23	31		
Anoka County	do	18		
Becker County	do	14		
Beltrami County	do	66		
Benton County	do	26		
Benton CountyBig Stone County	do	17		
Blue Earth County	do	4		
Brown County	do	16		
Carlton County	do	33	1	1
Carver County	do	5		
Cass County	do	26	2	
Chippewa County	do	6		
Clay County	do	29	1	
Cook County Cottonwood County Crow Wing County	do	26		
Cottonwood County	do			
Crow wing County	do	2		
Dakota County Dodge County Douglas County Fillmore County Freeborn County	go			
Dougles County	do			
Fillmore County	do			
Freeborn County	do	4		
Goodbue County	do			
Goodhue County Hennepin County (Minneap-	do			
olis).		1		
Houston County	do	9		
Hubbard County	do			
Isanti County	dol	ĭ		
Itasca County	do			
Jackson County	do			
Kanabec County	do	2		
Kittson County	do	12		
Leaneur County	do			
Lyon County	do			
Marshall County	Sept. 9-Sept. 23			
Lyon County	June 17-Sept. 23			
Meeker County	ao	8	•••••	
Millelacs County	do	3	••••••	
Morrison County		12		
Mower County	Sept. 9-Sept. 23	41	•••••	
Murray County		1		
Nicollet County	Ang 96_Gant 0	2		
Nobles County Norman County	Tune 17-Sept. 9	46		
Olmsted County (Rochester)	do do	42		
Ottertail County	June 17-Sent 22	74		
Ottertail County Pine County	do	62	1	
Pinestone County	do			
Polk County	do			
Pope County	do	71	1	
Ramsey County (St. Paul)	do	31		
Pipestone County	do	19		
		•	•	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Minnesota—Continued.	T 17 G4 00	01		
Red Wood County	June 17-Sept. 28	21 9		i
Renville CountyRice County	do			i
Rock County	do		ļ	,i
Roseau County	do	i		}
Roseau CountySt. Louis County (Duluth)	do	139		
Sherburne County Sibley County	do	, 21		i
Sibley County	do	32		
Stearns County	do	133		1
Steele County	do	14 6		
Stevens County	Ana 1 Ana 21			
Swift County Todd County Traverse County	June 17-Sept 23	50		
Traverse County	dodo	10		
Wabasha County	do	8	1	
Wadena County	do	1 8		
Wagene County	ldo	10		
Weshington County	do	40		
Winona County (Winona)	do	21	1	l
Total for State		1, 635	11	
Total for State, same period,		372	3	
1900.	ŀ			
Missouri: St. Joseph	Aug. 1-Aug. 81	11	1	
St. Louis		106	1	
Total for State		117	2	ĺ
Nebraska:	***************************************			
Omaha	June 16-Sept. 21	29		
South Omaha	June 25-July 31	19		
	1			
Total for State	••••••	48		
Total for State, same period,		6		
1900.	***************************************			
New Hampshire:	1			
Manchester	June 16-July 13	3	.	
Nashua	July 21-Aug. 3	8		
				•
Total for State		6		
Total for State, same period,	1	12		
1900.				
New Jersey:				
Essex County, including	July 1-Sept. 28	70	15	
Newark.	i l			
Hudson County, including	June 17-Sept. 15	15	1	
Jersey City.	1	85	16	
Total for State		80	10	
Total for State, same period,	1	5		
1900.				
New York:	} i			
Buffalo (a)	June 25-July 27	8		
Dunkirk	July 1-July 6	1		
Elmira		11		
Gowanda		. 7		,
New York	June 23-Sept. 28	499	143	
Rochester	July 1-July 81	5		
Total for State		531	143	
Total for State				
Total for State, same period,		7	2	
1900.	l l			
North Carolina:				
Alamance County	may 1-July 31	1	······································	
Buncombe County	do	26	••••••	
Cohomus County	do	9 7		
Caswell County	do	13		
Burke County	do	4		
Cleveland County	do	18		
Cumberland County	do	22		
Davie County	July 1-July 31	7		
Davie County Durham County	May 1-July 31	20		
Forsyth County	July 1-July 31	5	1	
Forsyth County Gaston County Greene County	May 1-July 31	17		

a In previous Public Health Reports 3 deaths are erroneously reported from Buffalo . . .

Place.	Date	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
North Carolina—Continued.				
Guilford County	May 1-July 31	15		
Haywood County	July 1-July 31	1		
Henderson County	do	15		
Johnston County	May 1-July 31	19		
McDowell County Mecklenburg County	do	25		
Orange County	do	1 ==		
Person County	do			
Polk County	do	2		
Randolph County Robeson County	July 1-July 31	23		
Robeson County	May 1-July 31	2		
Rockingham County	do	5 3		
Rowan CountySampson County	do	î		
Stanly County	do	10		
Wake County	do			
Wayne County	do			Several cases.
•	ŀ			
Total for State		406	1	
Total for State, same period,		440		
1900. Torth Daketa:				
Barnes County	July 1-Sept. 15	24	l	
Burleigh County	July 1-Sept. 15 July 14-July 20	1		
Cass County	July 1-July 13 Sept. 15	3		
Foster County	Sept. 15	1		
Grand Forks County	do	6		
Lamoure County	do	3 5		
Pembina County	July 1-July 6	2		
Richland County Rolette County	Sept. 15	ı		
Stutsman County	July 7-July 13	î		
Traill County	July 14-July 20	ī		
Wells County	Sept. 15	5		
Fisher	July 7-July 13 July 1-July 6	1		
Lakota	July 1-July 6	2		
Total for State		56		
Total for State, same period,		16	2	
1900. hio:				
Adams County	Jan. 1-July 31	27	1	
Allen County	do	8		
Ashland County	do	15		
Ashtabula County	do	81		
Athens County	do	19		
Auglaize County	go	5 44		
Belmont County	do	7		
Brown County Carroll County	do	i	***************************************	
Champaign County	do	6	1	
Clark County	do	6	-	
Cleremont County	June 1-July 31	1		
Columbiana County	Jan. 1-July 31	2		
Cleremont County	do	81		
		23 1, 310	18	
Cuyahoga County (Cleveland) Defiance County Delaware County	Jan. 1-Aug. 21	21	10	
Delewere County	do do	4		
Erie County	do	5		
Fairfield County	do	1		
Franklin County	do	46		
Gallia County	do	64	1	
Geauga County	do	29		
Greene County	do			
Hamilton County (Cincinnati)	Top 1-Ang 2	13 82	1	
Hancock County (Cincinnati)	Jan. 1-July 21	8	*	
Greene County	do	206		
Harrison County		200		
Henry County	do	11		
Hocking County	do	6	2	
Huron County	do	44	1	
Jackson County	do	82		
		32	1	
Jefferson County	40	1 !		
Know County	do	17	1	
Jefferson County	do	1 17 90	1	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Ohio—Continued.				
Lorain County	Jan. 1-July 31			
Lucas County (Toledo)	do	22		•
Mahoning County	Jan. 1-June 1	6		
Marion County	do	1		•
Mercer County	do	1		•
Monroe County Montgomery County	June 1-July 31	64	1 1	
Montgomery County	Jan. 1-July 31	13 1	1	
Morgan County	ao	84	1	• [
Ottawa County	do	38	1	1
Paulding County Perry County				1
Pike County	do	2	••••••	1
Postone Country	do	24		' }
Portage County Putnam County	uo	17	***************************************	1
Pichland County	do	71	1	1
Richland County	Tune 1 Tules 91	'n		ł
Sandusky County	Julie 1-July 81	171		i
Scioto County	Jan. 1-July 31	171	2	Ì
Seneca County	Jan. 1-July 31	7		·j
Shelby County		76		1
Stark County	do	10	2	l
Stark County	do	.2	1	l
Trumbull County	do	15	1	1
Inscarawas County	do	.4		1
van wert County	uv	10	••••••••••••	l
Vinton County	do	32	1	
Washington County	do	72	1	ĺ
Williams County	do	91		
Wood County	do	171	1	
Wyandot County	do	1		
Total for State		8, 457	42	
Total for State, same period,		1,386	17	
1900.				
regon : Portland	June 1-June 30	8		
1 Ol Mana	June 1 June co			
Total for State, same period,		10		
1900.				
ennsylvania:	į.			
	Feb. 1-Aug. 27	103	1	
Pittsburg).	1-21 ug. 27	100	- 1	
Armstrong County	do l	1		
Bedford County	do	25		
Berks County	do	3		
Blair County	do	2		
Butler County	do	2		
Chester County	Mov 9-Sent 12	85	4	
Butler County	do 5000. 10	16	-	
Dauphin County (including	do	248		•
Dauphin County (including).	uo	240	•••••••	
Harrisburg).	ا مه	82	1	
Trie County	Mars 0 Cont 14			
Powette County	Mary 0 Cont 12	32	••••••	
Delaware County	мау э-зерт. 13			
Change County	do	51		
Greene County	ao	51 2		
Lancaster County	do	51 2 9		
Lancaster County	dodo	51 2 9 50		
Lancaster CountyLawrence County (including	dodo	51 2 9	3	
Lancaster CountyLawrence CountyLebanon County (including Lebanon).	do	51 2 9 50 169	i	
Lancaster County	Feb. 1-Sept. 22	51 2 9 50 169	3 3	
Lancaster County	Feb. 1-Sept. 22	51 2 9 50 169	i	
Lancaster County	Feb. 1-Aug. 27	51 2 9 50 169 45 101	i	
Lancaster County	Feb. 1-Aug. 27dododo	51 2 9 50 169 45 101	3	
Lancaster County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8	i	
Lancaster County	Feb. 1-Sept. 22 Feb. 1-Supt. 22 Go	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 .	3	
Lancaster County Lawrence County Lebanon County (including Lebanon), Luzerne County Lycoming County (including Williamsport), McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Philadelphia County (in-	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8	3	·
Lancaster County	Go	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202	3	
Lancaster County	Go	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1	3	
Lancaster County	Go	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202	3	
Lancaster County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1	3	
Lancaster County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202	3	
Lancaster County Lawrence County Lebanon County (including Lebanon). Luzerne County Lvcoming County (including Williamsport). McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Philadelphia County (including Philadelphia) Schuylkill County Venango County Venango County Warren County Warren County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202	3	
Lancaster County Lawrence County Lebanon County (including Lebanon) Luzerne County Lvcoming County (including Williamsport), McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Philadelphia County (including Philadelphia) Schuylkill County Tioga County Venango County Warren County Warren County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1 1 1 1	3	
Lancaster County Lawrence County Lebanon County (including Lebanon), Luzerne County Lycoming County (including Williamsport), McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Piliadelphia County (including Philadelphia) Schuylkill County Tioga County Westmoc County Washington County Washington County Westmoreland County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1 5 1 1 1 2 27	3	
Lancaster County Lawrence County Lebanon County (including Lebanon). Luzerne County Lvcoming County (including Williamsport). McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Philadelphia County (including Philadelphia) Schuylkill County Venango County Venango County Warren County Warren County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1 1 1 1	3	
Lancaster County Lancaster County Lancaster County Lebanon County (including Lebanon). Luzerne County Lycoming County (including Williamsport). McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Philadelphia County (including Philadelphia) Schuylkill County Tioga County Venango County Warren County Washington County Washington County Westmoreland County	Godon Godon	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1 1 1 1 1 27 12	3	
Lancaster County Lawrence County Lebanon County (including Lebanon). Luzerne County Lycoming County (including Williamsport). McKean County Mercer County Perry County Perry County Pilladelphia County (including Philadelphia) Schuylkill County Tioga County Westmoor County Warren County Washington County Westmoorland County	do	51 2 9 50 169 45 101 8 13 17 202 1 5 1 1 1 2 27	2 19	

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Rhode Island:				
Providence	June 23-July 6	. 3		
Total for State, same period, 1900.	,	. 0		
Cennessee : Knoxville	June 1-June 30	. 8	1	
Memphis Nashville	. June 23-Aug. 3	. 11		
Total for State		22	1	
Total for State, same period,		0		
1900. Cexas:				
Jasper County San Antonio	June 17-July 17 July 1-July 31	5	2	
Total for State		5	2	
Total for State, same period, 1900.		566	4	
Jtah : Ogden	July 1-July 31	1		
Salt Lake City	June 16-Sept. 14	35		
Total for State		36		
Total for State, same period, 1900,		37		
'irginia : Roanoke	June 1-June 30	1		
Total for State, same period,	••••••	27	1	
1900. Vashington:				
Clallam County Seattle	June 18 June 1-July 31 June 18-Sept. 21	3 20	8	
Tacoma	June 18–Sept. 21	17		
Total for State	••••••	40	3	
Total for State, same period, 1900.	••••••	36		
Vest Virginia : Berkeley County	July 21 June 16-Aug. 31	9		
Wheeling	June 16-Aug. 31	3		
Total for State	••••••	12		
Total for State, same period, 1900.	•••••••	1		
Visconsin: Ashland County Brown County (including	Aug. 1-Aug. 8	1 6		
Greenbay).	į	17	•••••	
Douglas County	Aug. 1-Aug. 8	3		
Dunn County Kewaunee County	dodo	6		
Milwaukee County (includ- ing Milwaukee).	Sept. 7	ī .	•••••	
Marathan County Showano County	do	2 8	8	
Winnehago County	do	5 .		
Eighty places	May 5-May 31	347	0	
Sixty-seven places	June 1-June 30	288	3	
Eighty places	July 1-July 31 Aug. 1-Aug. 8	268 35	8	
Total for State	1-	988	19	
Total for State, same period, 1900.		297	4	
Grand total	·····	10, 112	191	
Grand total, same period,	-	4,099	89	

Plague in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General, United States Marine-Hospital Service, from June 28, 1901, to October 4, 1901.

[For reports received from January 1, 1901 to June 28, 1901, see Public Health Reports for June 28, 1901.]

PLAGUE.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
California:	•			
San Francisco	July 6	1	1 1	
Do	July 9	3	2	
Do	July 11	i	1 ī	
Do	Aug. 29	1	1 1	
Do	Sept. 11	ī	Ō	
Do		1	l il	
Do	Sept. 20	ī	l!	
Do		1	1	

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States.

		ozi.	Ĭ	Deaths from—										
Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U. f	Total deathsfrom	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Allegheny City, Pa Ashtabula, Ohio		129, 896 12, 949								. 6	1	2		
Baltimore, Md	do	508, 957	134									. 1		2
Baton Rouge, La Binghampton, N. Y		11, 269 38, 647	1 12	2	-						1	1		1
Boston, Mass	Sept. 21	560, 892	216	24	ļ. 	.				. 6	1	1		
Do Burlington, Vt	Sept. 28 Sept. 21	560, 892 18, 641	224	24		1				. 3		. 2	2	
Burlington, Vt	do	91,886	28					ļ		.				
Camden, N. J Carbondale, Pa	Sept. 20	75, 935 13, 536	28	i	-			1	l		.	.		
Chelsea, Mass	do	34,072	10 486							15	.			
Chicago, Ill Cincinnati, Ohio		1,698,575 325,902	89	52 12						2	2	6	11	3
Clinton, Mass Dayton, Ohio	Sept. 21 Sept. 28	13,667	23	3	.		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					•		
Detroit, Mich	Sept. 21	85, 333 285, 701	82	7	1	l			۱	. 1	1	ļ	.	
Dunkirk, N. Y Elmira, N. Y	do	11,616 35,672	12	2	· ·····			ļ			·	· ·····	· ····	
Erie, Pa	do	52,733	18								. 1		.	. 1
Everett, Mass Fall River, Mass	do	24, 336 104, 863	14 43	5								1 2		
Fitchburg, Mass Freeport, Ill	Sept. 21	31,531	10	i										
Galesburg, Ill	do	13, 258 18, 607	7				•••••		•••••			1		
Gloucester, Mass	Sept. 28	26, 121	6	1			*****		*****		*****			
Grand Rapids, Mich Do	Sept. 21 Sept. 28	87, 565 87, 565	19 24	1 2					•••••	1	1		1	
Green Bay, Wis Greenville, S. C	Sept. 22	18, 684	3							ī				
Jersev City, N. J	Sept. 21 Sept. 22	11, 860 206, 433	80	5				•••••	•••	1		3		,j
Jersey City, N. J Johnstown, Pa	Sept. 21	35, 936	12	1										
Lawrence, Mass Lexington, Ky		62, 559 26, 369	23	2						1				
Los Angeles, Cal	Sept. 21	102, 479 94, 969	35	8										
Lowell, Mass Lynchburg, Va	Sept. 28 do	18, 891	47 5	2								4		1
McKeesport, Pa	Sept. 21 do	34, 227 56, 987	17 25	2						2		l		
Marlboro, Mass	do	13,609	7	ı			!					 		
Massillon, Ohio Do	Sept. 14 Sept. 21	11,944 11,944	3 4				. j							
Medford, Mass	Sept. 28	18, 244	4										l	
Memphis, Tenn Michigan City, Ind	Sept. 21 Sept. 23	102, 320 14, 850	24 6	1										
Milwaukee, Wis	Sept. 21	285, 315	66	4						1		2		
	Sept. 28 Sept 21	285, 315 202, 718	67 41	8					•••••	1				
Mobile, Ala	Sept. 28	38, 469	17	1										
Nashua, N. H Nashville, Tenn		23, 898 80, 865	12 34	2								1		
Newark, N. J	Sept. 21	246, 070	93	16				i.		5		2		
	Sept. 27 Sept. 21	62, 442 14, 478	24 8	2		···:: :					· · · · · · ·	1		
New Orleans, La	do	287, 104 22, 034	97	13			••••			5		1		
Newport, R. I Newton, Mass New York, N. Y	Sept. 28	33,587	6			1 .								
New York, N. Y Norristown, Pa	Sept. 21 do	3, 437, 202 22, 265	1, 293 16			1 .				21	2	29	1	9
North Adams, Mass	Sept. 28	24, 200	ii	2										
	Sept. 21 do	18,613 102,555	4 25	1	•••••	•••••	••••		••••			•••••	•••••	
Oneonto, N. Y	do	7, 147	3											
	Sept 14 Sept. 21	7, 807 7, 807	1 2	•••••			••••	•••••	••••				•••••	•••••
Philadelphia, Pa	do	1, 293, 697	379			4				11	1			5
	Sept. 28 Sept. 2!	1, 293, 697 321, 616	365 110			3				8 9	3			7
Plainfield, N. J	do	15, 369	3				!.		••••	••••	•••••	- 4		
	do Sept. 28	50, 145 175, 597	20 67	5			•••••		••••			2		1
Quincy, Mass	Sept. 21	23, 899	2				.							
	Sept. 23 Sept. 21	78, 961 29, 232	23	2 3						2	1			

Weekly mortality table, cities of the United States—Continued.

		wi.						Dea	Deaths from—										
Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U. census of 1900	Total deaths from all causes.	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.					
Salem, Mass	Sept. 21	35, 956	12				İ			l				1					
San Diego, Cal		17, 700	4	2		1		1		1		1	1						
Do		17, 700	6	l ī						1		1	1						
San Francisco, Cal	Sept. 8	342, 782	a 139	19		1					1	4							
Do	Sept. 15	342, 782	a 130	14										1					
Santa Barbara, Cal	Sept. 14	6, 587	2	**						-	1	ļ							
Do	Sept. 21	6, 587	2	1															
Scranton, Pa		102, 026	32	1 -							1		1						
Do	Sept. 21	102,026	27		•••••								•••••						
Somerville, Mass	Sept. 27	61, 643	21	9		1				i									
South Bend, Ind	Sept 21	35, 999	9	2										•••••					
Steelton, Pa		12,068	ĭ	-	•••••						1								
Tacoma, Wash		37, 714	12		•••••							1							
Taunton, Mass	Sept. 22	31, 036	20										•••••						
Tiffin, Ohio	do	10, 989	3	1						1		•••••		•••••					
Toledo, Ohio	do	131, 822	19	3	•••••				••••			•••••		2					
Waltham, Mass	do	23, 481	11		•••			•••••	•••••	1			i						
Warren, Ohio	do	8, 529	2					•••••	•••••		•••••			•••••					
Washington, D. C		278, 718	116	9	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	8	•••••	4	•••••						
Wheeling, W. Va		38, 878	7	9	•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	•	•••••	4	•••••						
Williamsport, Pa		28, 757	5	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••					
Winona, Minn	Sept. 28	28, 737 19, 714	5	•••••	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	1		•••••	•••••	•••••					
Worcester, Mass		118, 421	48	3	•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	2	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••					
	Sept. 20 Sept. 21		19	2				•••••	•••••	2	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••					
Youngstown, Ohio	Sept. 21	44, 885	19	z		•••••			••••	z	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••					

al death from bubonic plague.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended September 30, 1901.

[Received from Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.]

Atlantic Coast: Bastport, Me.	Locality.	Temp	erature in Fahrenh	degrees	Rainfall in inches and hundredths.					
Rastport, Me.		Normal.	a Excess	aDefic'ncy.	Normal.	Excess.	Deficiency			
Restport, Me	Atlantic Coast:									
Portland, Me.	Eastport, Me	53	1		.77		.2			
Roston, Mass. Section	Portland, Me		1				. 10			
Harrisoury Pa.	Northfield, Vt	50	4		.56		. 10			
Philadelphia, Pa. 60 2 75 76 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	Boston, Mass	59		•••••		.02				
Harrisoury Fa. 60 2 7.50	Albany N V	50				•••••	.0			
Harrisoury Fa. 60 2 7.50	New York N. V	62			84		.1			
Philadelphia, Pa. 64 2 770 871 872 872 873 874 874 874 874 874 874 874 874 874 874		60	2		. 87	.03				
Washington, J. U. 65	Philadelphia, Pa	64	2		.70		.30			
Washington, J. U. 65	New Brunswick, N. J		0		. 87		.13			
Washington, D. U. 65	Atlantic City, N. J				.77					
Columbia, S. C	Baltimore, Md	64			.82	.08				
Columbia, S. C	T mahbura Va	64	U	1	. 81		.0			
Columbia, S. C	Cane Henry Va	68	9	1		18				
Columbia, S. C	Norfolk Va	67			98	.10	.2			
Columbia, S. C	Charlotte, N. C	67			.76	. 24				
Columbia, S. C	Raleigh, N. C	65				2.73				
Columbia, S. C	Kittyhawk, N.C	70	0		. 98	.82				
Columbia, S. C	Hatteras, N. C	71			1.47	2.53				
Charleston, S.C.	Wilmington, N. C	•••			1.37	1.03	···· <u>·</u>			
Augusta, 48a	Charlester S.C.				.78		.73			
Supplier, Fig. 79 5 2.62 28	Angusto Go	78			1.40	•••••	1.30			
Supplier, Fig. 79 5 2.62 28	Savannah Ga					•••••	.49			
Jupiter, Fia. 79 5 1.80 .80	Jacksonville, Fla					2 12				
Rey West, Fia.	Jupiter. Fla					.28				
Atlanta, Ga	Key West, Fla			5		.80				
Pensacola, Fla. 75 1 93 47 Mobile, Ala 74 2 1.03 47 Montgomery, Ala. 72 2 63 1.47 Meridian, Miss. 70 2 64 76 Vicksburg, Miss. 72 2 68 8 New Orleans, La. 76 0 95 8 Shreveport, La. 72 2 83 8 Fort Smith, Ark. 67 9 78 8 Little Rock, Ark. 69 3 62 98 Palestine, Tex 71 3 77 9 Galveston, Tex 71 1 1.29 29 San Antonio, Tex 75 1 1.29 20 San Antonio, Tex 76 2 93 30 Memphis, Tenn 68 4 70 1 Memphis, Tenn 68 4 70 1 Nashville, Tenn 65 1	Atlanta Ga	68		2	. 75		.25			
Pensacola, Fla	Tampa, Fla		0		1.01	2.29				
Montgomery Ala	Pensacola, Fla	75		1	.93	. 47				
Vicksburg, Miss	Mobile, Ala	74			1.03		.58			
Vicksburg, Miss	Montgomery, Ala				. 63	1.47				
New Orleans, La.	Meridian, Miss	70		2	.64	·····	.34			
Shreveport, La. 72	New Orleans Lo.	78	2	•••••	.05		. 68 . 95			
Fort Smith, Ark	Shreveport, La				. 83		.83			
Little Rock, Ark. 69 3 62 98 Palestine, Tex. 71 3 77 98 77 98 77 98 98 77 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98	Fort Smith, Ark		9		.78		.78			
Palestine, Tex.	Little Rock, Ark		3			.98				
San Antonio, Tex. 75 1 66 2.04 Corpus Christi, Tex. 76 2 93 Dhio Valley and Tennessee: 4 70 Memphis, Tenn. 68 4 70 Nashville, Tenn. 66 4 82 Chattanooga, Tenn. 67 1 82 Knoxville, Tenn. 65 1 56 Lexington, Ky. 65 1 56 Louisville, Ky. 65 7 60 20 Indianapolis, Ind. 62 8 64 Clucininati, Ohio. 64 6 49 Columbus, Ohio. 61 7 56 34 Parkersburg, W. Va. 63 1 70 10 Pitaburg, Pa. 63 3 56 04 ake Region: 0 2 70 Bochester, N.Y. 58 2 70 Borffalo, N.Y. 58 4 79 11 Brife, Pa.<	Palestine, Tex						.77			
Memphis, Tenn.	Galveston, Tex		1		1.29		1.29			
Memphis, Tenn.	San Antonio, Tex			•••••	. 66	. 2.04				
Memphis, Tenn 68 4 .70 Nashville, Tenn 66 4 .82 Chattanooga, Tenn 67 1 .82 Knoxville, Tenn 65 1 .59 Lexington, Ky 65 1 .56 Louisville, Ky 65 7 .60 .20 Indianapolis, Ind 62 8 .64 .64 Cincinnati, Ohio 64 6 .49 .49 .44 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .70 .10 .20	Corpus Christi, Tex	76	2	•••••	.93	•••••	. 53			
Nashville, Tenn	Mamphia Tonn	eo			70		. 70			
Chattanooga, Tenn 67 1 82 Knoxville, Tenn 65 1 59 Lexington, Ky 65 1 56 Louisville, Ky 65 7 60 20 Indianapolis, Ind 62 8 64 Cincinnati, Ohio 64 6 49 Columbus, Ohio 61 7 56 34 Parkersburg, W. Va 63 1 70 10 70 Pitsburg, Pa 63 3 56 04 38 36	Neghville Tenn			***************************************	92	•••••	. 12			
Knoxville, Tenn	Chattanoora Tenn				.82		. 32			
Cincinnati, Onto	Knoxville, Tenn		1		.59		.39			
Cincinnati, Onto	Lexington, Ky	65	1		.56	•••••	. 36			
Cincinnata, Onto. 64 6 49 Columbus, Ohio. 61 7 56 34 Parkersburg, W. Va. 63 1 70 10 Pittsburg, Pa. 63 3 56 04 Ake Region: Oswego, N. Y. 58 2 70 Rochester, N. Y. 59 3 66 44 Parker, Pa. 60 4 98 Parker, Pa. 60 4 98 Cleveland, Ohio. 60 6 777 23 Sandusky, Ohio. 61 5 61 Cleveland, Ohio. 60 8 53 Detroit, Mich. 59 7 56 56 Detroit, Mich. 59 7 56 56 Port Huron, Mich. 57 7 63 Alpena, Mich. 54 4 91 Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. 50 4 1.02	Louisville, Ky		7		.60	. 20				
Cincinnati, Onto	Indianapolis, Ind		8		. 64		. 64			
Pittsburg, Pa. 63 3 .56 .04 aske Region: 0swego, N. Y. 58 2 .70 Rochester, N. Y. 59 3 .66 .44 Buffalo, N. Y. 58 4 .79 .11 Erie, Pa. 60 4 .98 Cleveland, Ohio. 60 6 .77 .23 Sandusky, Ohio. 61 5 .61 Toledo, Ohio. 60 8 .53 Detroit, Mich. 59 7 .56 Lansing, Mich. 58 6 .65 Port Huron, Mich. 57 7 .63 Alpena, Mich. 54 4 .91 Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. 50 4 .102	Cincinnati, Ohio				.49		. 19			
Pittsburg, Pa	Columbus, Onio		7		.56	.34	••••••			
Ake Region: Oswego, N. Y	Dittabum Do		1			.10				
Oswego, N. Y. 58 2 70 Rochester, N. Y. 59 3 56 44 Buffalo, N. Y. 58 4 .79 .11 Erie, Pa. 60 4 .98 Cleveland, Ohio. 60 6 .77 .23 Sandusky, Ohio. 61 5 .61	ake Region	0.5			.00	.01	••••••			
Bochester, N. Y 59 3 .66 .44 Buffalo, N. Y .58 4 .79 .11 Rrle, Pa .60 4 .98 Cleveland, Ohio .60 6 .77 .23 Sandusky, Ohio .61 .5 .61 Toledo, Ohio .60 8 .53 Detroit, Mich .59 7 .56 Lansing, Mich .58 6 .65 Port Huron, Mich .57 7 .63 Alpena, Mich .54 .91 Sault Ste. Marie, Mich .50 4 .1,02	Ogwego N V	58	2		.70		.10			
Rrie, Pa	Rochester, N. Y		3		. 56	. 44				
Rrie, Pa	Buffalo, N. Y	58	4		.79	.11				
Sandusky, Ohio 61 5 61 Toledo, Ohio 60 8 53 Detroit, Mich 59 7 56 Lansing, Mich 58 6 65 Port Huron, Mich 57 7 63 Alpena, Mich 54 4 91 Sault Ste. Marie, Mich 50 4 1,02	Erie, Pa				.98		. 28			
Lansing, Mich	Cieveland, Unio				.77	. 23				
Lansing, Mich	Toledo Obio						.41 .43			
Lansing, Mich	Detroit Mich	50	8	•••••	. 03 56		. 43 . 46			
Port Huron, Mich	Lansing, Mich.	58					.65			
Alpena, Mich	Port Huron, Mich	57	7				.03			
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich	Alpena, Mich	54	. 4		.91		. 21			
Marquette Mich 53 1 1 92 17	Sault Ste. Marie, Mich	50	4		1.02		.02			
	Marquette, Mich Escanaba, Mich	53		•••••	.93	.17	••••••			
Recanaba, Mich 53 1	Escanaba, Mich					. 49				

a The figures in this column represent the average daily departure.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended September 30, 1901—Cont'd.

Locality. Lake Region—Continued. Grand Haven, Mich	55 58 59 60 59	5 7 8 2 5 4 7 10	aDefic'ncy.	Normal. .84 .63 .63 .80	Excess.	Deficiency
Grand Haven, Mich. Milwaukee, Wis. Chicago, Ill. Duluth, Minn Jpper Mississippi Valley: St. Paul, Minn La Crosse, Wis. Dubuque, Iowa. Davenport, Iowa. Des Moines, Iowa. Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill. Cairo, Ill. St. Louis. Mo	55 55 58 59 60 59 62	7 8 2 5 4 7		.63 .63 .80		.5
Grand Haven, Mich. Milwaukee, Wis. Chicago, Ill. Duluth, Minn Jpper Mississippi Valley: St. Paul, Minn La Crosse, Wis. Dubuque, Iowa. Davenport, Iowa. Des Moines, Iowa. Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill. Cairo, Ill. St. Louis. Mo	55 55 58 59 60 59 62	7 8 2 5 4 7		.63 .63 .80		.5
Chicago, Ill Duluth, Minn Jpper Mississippi Valley: St. Paul, Minn La Crosse, Wis Dubuque, Iowa Davenport, Iowa Des Moines, Iowa Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill Cairo, Ill St. Louis Mo	55 55 58 59 60 59 62	8 2 5 4 7		.63 .80		
Chicago, Ill Duluth, Minn Jpper Mississippi Valley: St. Paul, Minn La Crosse, Wis Dubuque, Iowa Davenport, Iowa Des Moines, Iowa Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill Cairo, Ill St. Louis Mo	55 55 58 59 60 59 62	5 4 7		.80	.90	
Jpper Mississippi Valley: 8t. Paul, Minn	55 58 59 60 59 62	5 4 7			.90	.6
Jpper Mississippi Valley: 8t. Paul, Minn	55 58 59 60 59 62	4 7				
La Crosse, Wis Dubuque, Iowa Davenport, Iowa Des Moines, Iowa Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill. Cairo, Ill. St. Louis. Mo	58 59 60 59 62	4 7				<u> </u>
La Crosse, Wis Dubuque, Iowa Davenport, Iowa Des Moines, Iowa Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill. Cairo, Ill. St. Louis. Mo	59 60 59 62	7		. 65	1.05	
Dubuque, Iowa	59 60 59 62			.91	1.99	
Des Moines, Iowa Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill Cairo, Ill St. Louis. Mo	59 62	1 10		.86		
Keokuk, Iowa Springfield, Ill. Cairo, Ill. St. Louis. Mo	62			. 70		
Springfield, Ill Cairo, Ill St. Louis, Mo	62	9		.71	7	
St. Louis. Mo		10		.79		
St. Louis. Mo		8	*******	.73		
St. Louis, Mo issouri Vallev :	66	6		.63		.9
ilasouri Vallev:	65	9		.70	•	
		7	•••••			
Columbia, Mo	65		***************************************	. 65	•••••	• •
Springfield, Mo	61	11		.87		
Kansas City, Mo	63	9		. 77		
Topeka, Kans	64	6		56	.24	•••••
Wichita, Kans	63	9		.58	.02	
Concordia, Kans	62	8 5	•••••	.51		.1
Lincoln, Nebr	63	5		. 42	.48	
Omana. Nebr	60	8		. 63	1.93	
Sloux City, Iowa	60	4		.22	2.68	
Sioux City, Iowa Yankton, S. Dak	58	6		. 58	. 62	
Valentine, Nebr	57	3		. 21		.2
Huron, S. Dak	55	3		. 28	1.32	
Pierre, S. Dak	58	2		.21		.2
Moorhead, Minn	52		2	. 48	1.22	
Bismarck, N. Dak	53		3	. 21	. 39	
Moorhead, Minn Bismarck, N. Dak Williston, N. Dak ocky Mountain Region:	51		9	.14	. 46	
Havre, Mont.	52		10	.26	.44	
Helena, Mont	53		7	.26	.84	
Miles City, Mont	55		7	.14	.46	
Repid City S Dek	58		4	.14		.1
Rapid City, S. Dak Spokane, Wash Walla Walla, Wash	56		6	.28	. 32	
Wella Walla Wash	63		7	.28	.12	
Baker City, Oreg	56		8	21	.59	******
Winnemucca, Nev	57		. 9	.10	.00	
Pocatello, Idaho	55		3	.20	.30	
Boise, Idaho	54	0		.14	.06	
Salt Lake City, Utah	61		3	.24	. 46	
Lander Wvo	51		š	.21		.1
Lander, WyoCheyenne, Wyo	52	2		.19		·i
North Platte, Nebr	58	4		.28		.2
Denver, Colo	58	ō		.19		.ī
Pueblo, Colo	60	2		.07		:â
Dodge City Kans	63	7		.28	1.32	••
Dodge City, Kans Oklahoma, Okla	69	7		.56	1.05	.5
Amarillo, Tex	64	6		.38	.32	
Abilene, Tex	68	10		.56	.02	.5
Santa Fe, N. Mex	56	6	***************************************	.33		.3
El Paso, Tex	69	7	***************************************	.21		.2
Phoenix, Ariz	76	ó	•••••	.18	•••••	.1
		•	7	.06		.0
Yuma, Ariz	81		'	.00		.0
cific Coast:	56	- i	2	.52	. 38	
Seattle, Wash			2	.02		
Tacoma, Wash Portland, Oreg	54	0	4	.63	. 47 . 91	
Parabana One	58 59		3	. 59	.71	*******
Roseburg, Oreg Eureka, Cal			9	.39		
Eureka, Ual	54	2		.41	2.09	
Red Bluff, Cal	71		9	.21	. 29	
Carson City, Nev	55		3	.07	. 33	
Sacramento, Cal	68 .		6	.13	.17	•••••••
San Francisco, Cal	61	•••••	3	.14		.0
Fresno, Cal	74 .		10	.07	. 53	
San Luis Obispo, Cal	63	1		.10	.00	
Los Angeles, Cal	67 .		1	.07		.07
San Diego, Cal	66 .		2	.00	.00	

a The figures in this column represent the average daily departure.

MORTALITY STATISTICS OF 1,190 CITIES AND TOWNS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1900.

[This table was compiled from answers received to circular letters sent to cities and towns of the United States having a population of 1,000 or more. The cities and towns responding have been entered herein. Attention is called to the two columns showing the annual mortality rate per 1,000 of the population, the one column being based on the estimated population and the other upon the population according to the United States Census of 1900.]

	Fg	-ueo	o b i	ula-	후 축 역			Des	ths f	rom-	•	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. or sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popul	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Grand total	361, 779	20,712,608	17.47	21,433,168	16.87	36, 240	648	7,007	2, 850	2, 237	9, 698	2, 539
Alabama: Total	416	27, 278	15, 25	36, 937	11.24	52	5	12	3	2	3	4
Anniston	113 9 174 8 55 57	9,695 1,692 6,358 1,277 3,162 5,094	11. 65 5. 32 27. 37 6. 26 17. 39 11. 19	10,000 1,810 15,000 1,037 3,000 6,090	7.71	15 5 2 30	1	8 3 1	3	2	2	1 2
Arizona: Total	422	13,075		27,000		172	2	9	12	3	5	
Phœnix Tucson	165 257	5, 544 7, 531	29.76 34.12	17,000 10,000	9.70 25.70	100 72	 2	7 2	8 4	1 2	1 4	
Arkansas: Total	288	20, 346	14.16	26, 500	10.87	35	3	16	1	10	5	
Conway Dardanelle Eureka Springs Fort Smith Malvern	38 14 21 203 12	2,003 1,602 3,572 11,587 1,582	18.97 8.74 5.88 17.52 7.59	2,500 2,000 4,000 16,000 2,000	15. 20 7. 00 5. 25 12. 69 6. 00	9 3 1 22	1	3 3 7 3	1	10	2 3	
California: Total	11, 352	643, 837	17.63	675, 224	16.81	2,000	4	191	37	27	143	76
Anaheim Colton Eureka Los Angeles National City Nevada Oakland Pacific Grove Pomona Redlands Riverside Sacramento San Diego San Francisco	24 20 107 1,644 10 41 959 6 118 89 90 404 272 6,915	4, 797 7, 973 29, 282 17, 700	16. 48 15. 27 14. 60 16. 04 9. 20 12. 61 14. 32 4. 25 21. 35 18. 55 11. 28 15. 37 20. 17	5,000 8,000 30,000	9.06 10.00 14.27 16.04 10.00 12.50 12.78 4.00 19.67 17.80 11.25 13.47 13.60	72 35		2 48 1 13 2 3 3 13	1 6 1 2	5	3 1 29 7 1 3. 1. 2. 1. 85	1 22 2 1

	15	Cen-	9 g c	i di	r i	ė		De	aths f	rom-		
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. Ca sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population,	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the esti	Phthisis pulmo-	Smallbex.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
California—Continued. San José Stockton Vallejo	. 19	17,50	6 10 9	1 17,500 5 7,969	10.9 12.5	1 3	3		2 1		2	
Watsonville	54	3, 52	15.3	3,500	15.4	3 1	9					
Colorado: Total	465	18, 38	25. 29	20, 300	22.3	6 2	o	. :	ļ	. 9	11	4
Canyon City	64									1		
Golden City Leadville	365 365] 7	. 6	3	7		4
Connecticut:	5, 480	307, 433	17.83	309, 912	17.6	8 508	3	. 71	47	26	63	32
Ansonia	249		19.63	12,681	19.6			. 3			3	
Berlin Bethel	50 32	2,561	12.50	3, 327	9.6					1	3	
Branford Bridgeport	102 1, 260	5,706 70,996	17.88	5,725		1 8 0 143		. 2		8	20	
Brooklyn	33	2,358	13.99	2,400	13.7	5 1						
Burlington Canton	21 50	1, 218 2, 678			17.50 16.6			2	2			•••••
Cheshire	31	1,989	15.58	2,000	15.50) 2	:					
Coventry	12 20	1,328 1,632		1,632	12.2	5 8						
Darien East Haddam	a 82 47	3, 116 2, 485	26.32 18.91	3,000 2,485	27.33 18.9				·····ï			
East Windsor	49	3, 158	15.51	3,000	16.3	3 2		. 1				
Fairfield Farmington	71 54	4, 489 3, 331	15.82 16.21	4,500 3,300	15.77 16.30			1			1	
GranbyGriswold	29	1,299 3,490	22.3	1,250 3,400	23.20			. 1		·	1	
Guilford	54 45	2, 785	16 16	2,785	16.16	3 2						•••••
Hebron Litchfield	18 48	1,016 3,214	17 73 14,93					1	ï		1	•••••
Madison	22	1,518	14.49	1,650	13.33	3		ī				
Mansfield Milford	46 77	1,827 3,783	24.63 2.35	1,900 3,800								
Montville New Haven	41 1, 963	2, 345 108, 027	17.12 18.71	2, 365 108, 027	17.34 18.71			26		6	1 18	21
Norfolk	36	1,614	22.30	1,614	22.30		ļ	ĩ				
North Canaan North Stonington	38 37	1,803 1,240	21.08 29.84	1,803 1,250	21.08 29.60				3		1 2	
Old LymeOld Saybrook	23	1, 180	19.49	1, 180	19.49	2		2	1	1		
Redding	25 24	1, 431 1, 426	17.47 16.83	1,500 1,400		1		1	•••••			•••••
Rocky Hill Sharon	24 49	1,026 1,982	23.39 24.72	1,038 1,980	23 12 24 75	2		1 1	₂		2	
Southbury	29	1, 238	23.43	1, 200	24.17	4		2				
Stonington	142 62	8, 540 3, 657	16.63 16.95	8,500 3,760	16.70 16.49			3				······
Trumbull Vernon	25 140	1,587 8,483	15.75 16 50	1,575 8,500	15.87 16.47	1 20		1	1 1	9		•••••
Washington	23	1,820	12.66	1,831	12.56	2		1				1
Watertown Westport	42 58	3, 100 4, 017	13 55 14.44	3, 100 4, 200	13.55 13.81	3		2				·····
Winchester Windsor Locks	126 71	7, 763 2, 997	16, 23 23, 69	4, 200 7, 763 2, 997	16, 23 23, 69	16 2		3	1	4		
District of Columbia: Washington	6, 058	278, 718	21.71	278, 718	21.74	807	4	224	46	8	118	92
			: : : = : : : : <u>-</u>		5							,
Florida : Total	248	13, 051	19.00	17, 100	14.50	16	1	4		1	4	
Apalachicola Kissimmee Ocala	48 12 68		15.60 10.60 20.12	3,500 1,600 4,000	13.71 7.50 17.00	2 1	1				1	

a Thirty-seven deaths occurred at the soldiers' home.

Mortality statistics of 1,190 cities and towns of the United States, etc.—Continued.

	m all		S S	, de	esti-	il		De	atns	from-	-	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S.C. sus of 1900.	Annual mortality p 1,000 of populatio	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the esti	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Florida—Continued.												
Orlando Tallahassee	31 89		12.50 1 29.86						4		i	3
Georgia : Total	3, 615	171,03	21.14	181, 594	19.91	480	9	8	1 1	7 11	24	1 1
Augusta	955		24.21				1	1	4 1	7 2	2 1	1
Athens Carrollton	105 60		5 10, 25 30, 03				••••		4		:	• •••••
Columbus	304							10		" .		3
Cordele	20	3,478	5.76	4,000	5.00	3			5			
Dalton	56 14										1	
Fort Gaines Gainesville	79								9			
Macon	464								3]	. 5	
Rome	91		12, 48	7,500	12.13	5	1		5		. 5	
Roswell	1 496								2		5	
Savannah Tallapoosa	1, 42 6 30						2	16	5	12	2	
•												
llinois: Total	28, 565	1, 975, 127	14.47	1, 990, 735	14.35	2, 924	3	464	207	260	886	30
Augusta	21	1, 149	18.28		18.28							
Blue Island	40		6 54		5.56		••••	1	l		1	
Braceville Bunker Hill	10 19	1,669 1,279	5.99 14.86		5. 00 14. 62				· · · · · ·		•••••	
Carlyle	100	1, 874		2,600	38. 46			30	4	19	39	
Carrollton	32	2, 355	13.59	3, 200	10.00	12		6		3	6	
Centralia	103	6,721	15.33	7,000	14.76							
Chicago Colchester	24, 941 25	1, 698, 575 1, 635		1, 698, 575 1, 635	14.68 15.29		2	337	194	226	797	28
Delavan	17	1,304		1,304	13.23			2		ï		
East St. Louis	225	29, 655	7.59	30,000	7.50			7			5	
Elgin	248	22, 433		23,000	10.78	29		9	1	1		
Elmhurst Forreston	19 19	1,728 1,047	11.00 18.13	1,850	10.27 15.83	••••••		•••••				
Galesburg	259	18,607	13. 92	1,200 18,607	13, 92	5		12	7	1	2	
Girard	40	1,661	24.08	1,700	23.53							
Griggsville	20	1,404		1,400							· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Harrisburg Harvard	14 46	2, 202 2, 602	6.37	2, 100 2, 836	6.67 16.22	2.						
Highland	70	1,970		1, 900	36. 84							······
Kansas	9	1,049	8.5	2,500	3.60							
Kewanee	121	8, 382			12.10			3				
Laharpe Lebanon	20 48	1,591 1,812	12.51 26,49	$\frac{1,800}{1,812}$	11.11 26.49	2.1	••••	2				
Marseilles	40	2,559	15.63	2,600	15.39	3.		3				
Mascoutah	51	2, 171	23.49	2,500	20.40							
Mattoon	137 42	9,622	14.24	10,000	13.70	17.		2			3	
Minonk Monmouth	83	2, 545 7, 460	16.50 11.13	3,500 7,400	12.00 11.22	ə. 7					1	1
Morgan Park	21	2, 329	9.02	2,200	9.55	3.						
Mount Sterling	28	1,960	14.3	2,000	14.00	2.		1				
Nauvoo Normal	16 40	1,321 3,795	12.11		11.66 10.00	3 1 .	••••					•••••
Ottawa	140	10,588		11,000		15.			- 1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Peoria	672	56, 100		60,000		7 3 .		17	1	8	1	2
Pontiae	44	4, 266		4,500	9.78	2 .		3			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
Red Bud Rushville	8 23	1, 169 2, 292	6.81	1,400	5.71	······································						•••••
Shelbyville	41	3, 546	11,56	2, 290 3, 600	10, 04 11, 39	5. 9.					3	2
Springfield	561	34, 159	16.42	35, 159	15.96	78 .	••••	12		1	19	2
Spring Valley	104	6,214 $1,711$	16.74	6, 214	16.74	2	1	2	····			
Winchester Woodstock	24 24	1,711 $2,502$	14 03 9.59	$1,732 \\ 2,800$	13.86 8.57	4.5	••••			•••••		
diana:					- · · · · ·						7.	
	E 940	351,564	15 21	368, 790	14.50	527	2	187	21	28	174	32
Total	5, 349	301,001	10.21	000,			-1	1				
Total	17	1,324		1, 324		2	- -	2	1			

	m all Cen-			r per Hion, 00.			Deaths from—							
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C. sus of 1900.	Annual morta; ity p 1,000 of populatio U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality 1,000 of the e mated population	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and	Whooping cough.		
Indiana-Continued.														
Attica	41	3,005		3,000										
Auburn Aurora	44 51	3, 396 3, 645							1	2	1	2		
Batesville	15	1,384		2,000					i		i :	i		
Bloomfield	19	1,589	11.96	1,588	11.96			·						
Boonville	59	2,849		3,000			••••		2			<u>.</u>]		
Bourbon Bremen	27 23	1, 187 1, 671		2,850 1,700	9.47 13.53	4	1	2	2 1		2 1	1'] 1		
Brookville	32	2,037		2,037	15.71	3			2	1 .				
Brownstown	35	1,685	20.77	1,700		7		l i			. i	i		
Cambridge	34	1,754	19.38	1,754	19.38	4			.	. i	1 1	I		
Connectivities	148	8, 130		8,000	18.50					. 1	l			
Connersville Covington	98 24	6, 836 2, 213	14.34 10.85	7,000 2,250	14.00 10.67			1 2		·	. 10) _:		
Danville	30	1,802		1,800			••••	4	•	· ·····				
Decatur	72	4, 142		4,600			••••	j	i		i a			
East Chicago	24	3, 411		4,000	6.00						. 1	1		
Edinburg	36	1,820	19.78	1,820	19.78		••••	2		·····				
Elwood Evansville	288 872	12, 950 59, 007		12, 992 60, 000		20 114	••••	12 25		. 1	. 9	2		
Garrett	46	3,910		3, 910	11.76			3			:			
Greencastle	47	3,661	12.81	3, 661	12.81									
Greensburg	87	5,034	17.28	5, 300				7				. 1		
Hartford	58	5,912		7,000	8.29		••••	2		·····•	1			
Huntington Jasper	210 34	9, 491 1, 863	22, 13 18, 25	10,000	21 00 17.89	24		19 1		1	16			
Kokomo	37	10,609	3, 49	1,900 10,619	3, 48	22		8			4			
Laporte	72	7, 113	10. 12	10,000	7. 20	15		2		4				
Ligonier	37	2, 231	16,58	2,500	14.80 .				1		ļ. 	. .		
Martinsville	74	4,038		4,038	18. 33			2		1		3		
Michigan City Monticello	228 17	14, 850 2, 107	15, 35 8, 08	14,850 2,100	15.35 8.10	1		5 1		1 2	3			
Mount Vernon	74	5, 132		5, 132	14.42		ı			i		1		
Muncie	272	20, 942		20, 792	13.08	36		12						
Nappanee	15	2, 208	6.79	2,400	6. 21	3					l			
New Albany	371	20,628		20, 628	17.98	39 .			••••••		8			
New Castle Noblesville	53 168	2, 406 4, 792	22. 03 35. 05	3,500 6,000	15.14 28.00			$\frac{1}{2}$	·····					
Rising Sun	108	1,548	2.5	1,600	2.50	10.		1		4		1		
Rochester	44	3, 421	12.86	3,500	12.57	6								
Rushville	71	4,541	9.69	4,541	9.69	17		1			•••••			
South Bend	575	35, 999	15.97	35, 999	15.97	65		11	1					
Spencer Thorntown	24 15	2,026	11.85 9.93	2,026	11.85	5 . 2		3		•••••	1			
Tipton	63	1,511 3,764		2, 100 3, 764	7.14 16.74	-,-		•••••	•••••		•••••			
Vevay	36	1,588	22. 67	1,600	22.50						ï			
Warsaw	34	3, 987	8, 53	3,987	8.53	3.		1						
Washington	130	8,551	15. 29		15. 29	12		7	1	1	8	3		
Waterloo Whiting	47 56	1, 244 3, 983	37. 78 14. 06	1,400 5,000	33.57 11.20				•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		••••••		
Winchester	41	3, 705	11.07		11.07		••••	2				•••••		
Worthington	23		15.88		12.78						•••••			
						:: :=-;-		1						
wa:	1			-		1	-			1				
Total	2,572	230, 222	11.17	253, 617	10.14	291	9	84	4	7	36	10		
Bedford	8	1,977	4.05	2,000	4.00].	- -	1						
Bellevue.	16	1,607	9. 96	1,600	10.00		•••	i						
Boone	89	8,880		10,000	8.90	15 .						••••••		
Clarinda	57	3, 276	17.40	3,500	16.29	10	4	4	1					
Clear Lake	4	1,706	2.34	1,706	2.34	2	···· •							
Clinton Davenport	219 470	22, 698 35, 254	9.66 13.33	24,000 35,254	9. 13	17				2	14	1		
~ w + ~ 11 por v	13	3, 215	4.00	3,500	3.71	40				1				
Decorah		-,			7. 93									
Decorah Denison	22	2,771	7.94	4,110						'				
Denison Des Moines	22 674	2,771 6 2,139	10, 85	2,773 75,000	8.99	80		6		4	6			
Denison Des Moines Fairfield	22 674 52	62, 139 4, 6-9	10, 85 11, 09	75, 000 4, 861	8.99 10 61	80 7		6		4	6	•••••		
Denison Des Moines Fairfield Fort Madison	22 674 52 106	62, 139 4, 6*9 9, 278	10, 85 11, 09 11, 42	75, 000 4, 861 9, 287	8.99 10 61 11.41	80 7 10		6		4	6	<u>.</u>		
Denison Des Moines Fairfield	22 674 52	62, 139 4, 6-9	10, 85 11, 09 11, 42 13, 95	75, 000 4, 861 9, 287 2, 250	8.99 10 61 11.41	80 7		6		4	6	1		

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	ll.	Cen-	ou.	ď	per esti.			De	aths	from-	_	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from all causes.	Population, U.S. C sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population. U. S. Censua. 1940.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality pe 1,000 of the est mated population	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb croup.	Whooping cough.
Iowa-Continued.							-					
Mason Montezums	94		6 13.93 0 11.57		0 11.75 0 11.20	8			5		· ·····	······
Mount Ayr	. 15	1,729	8.68	1,76	8.50				2			i
Odebolt Oskaloosa	. 10		2 6.98 2 9.89	1,43	6.97	20 20					· ····:	·····ï
Ottumwa	243		7 13.35	9, 212 20, 000	9, 88 12, 15	3!				۱ ····		6
Red Oaks	. 40	4,35	5 9.18	4,500	8.89	3		. 2	2			
Sanborn	. 20	1,24	7 16.04	1,250) 16.00	1	¦	į	l	· ·····	·	
Seymour	10		5.81 2 2.63	1,700 2,300	5.81 2.60	•••••				······	·····	
Sheldon Sibley	17	1 289	13. 19	1,500	11.33			j			1	
Tanıa	. 45	2, 649			15.00	6		4	1 2	2∤	. 1	
Villisca	30	2, 21 1 1, 23	13.57 19.46					1	·····	· ·····	· · · · · ·	· ·
Wilton Winterset	48	3, 039	15.71	3, 439		7		2			1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
							=		-	-		
Kansas : Total	1, 483	118, 981	12.46	123, 834	11.98	147	14	30	6	5	33	23
Anthony	17	1,179	14.42	1,030	16.50		_					
Arkansas City	65	6, 140	10.59	7,000	9.29	7	····2	2				
Baxter Springs	40	1,641	24.38	1,600	25.00	6					2	
Clyde Florence	18 6	1, 157	15.56 5.09	1,800 1,245		••••••	••••					
Great Rend	50	1, 178 2, 470	20.24	2,500	20.00	4	•••••			ī	5	1
Herington	11	1,607	6.85	1,700	6.47	1		1			¦ 3	
Herington Independence Larned	15	4,851	3, 30	5, 274	2.84	2	••••	2	ļ. .	2		
Larned Lawrence	33 173	1,583 10,862	20.85 15.92	2,000 12,000	16.50 14.42	16	i	3		1	14	
Leavenworth	367	20, 735	17.69	22,000		37		3		i	14	5 7
Newton	44	6,208	7.09	6,300	6.98	4		1	2		i	8
Osawatomie Oswego	25	4, 191	5.97	4, 191	5.97	2		1			1	
Ottawa	28 44	2, 208 6, 934	12.68 6.33	2, 224 6, 000	12.59 7.34	10 12	•••••	2 3	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••••
Parsons	98	7,682	12, 76	9,000	10.89	15	2	2	2		2	4
Sabetha	44	1,646	26.73	1,770	24.85							
Scranton	10	1,099	9.10	1,200	8. 33				•••••			
Sterling Topeka	35 360	2,002 33,608		2,000 33,000	17.50 10.91	31	9	2 7	2		2	3
1 Opera		90,000	10.71	30,000	10. 91		_					
Kentucky: Total	4, 880	300, 962	16. 21	309, 882	15.75	374	11	162	19	8	64	41
Carlisle	23	1,377	16.70	1,377	16.70	1	-	4				
Carrollton	17	2, 205	7.71	2, 205	7.71	3		9			2	••••••
Covington	721	42,938	16.79	2, 205 46, 000	15.68	94	3	9		2	8	3
Covington Dayton Franklin Glasgow	85 56	6, 104	13.93	7,000	12.14	5.		3		2	1 2	
Glasgow	30	2, 166 2, 019	25. 85 14. 86	2,100 3,000	26. 67 10. 00	5 10	••••				1	2 2 2 1
Hickman	33	1,589	22.03	2,500	14.00	6	2	3	i			2
Lexington Louisville	494	26, 369	18.73	26, 309	18.73	71 .		16	2	1		1
Ludlow	3, 280 43	204, 731 3, 334	16.02 12.90	204, 731 4, 300	16.02 10.00	160 4	2	118	11	3	36	27 2
Ludlow Nicholasville	25	2, 393	10.45	2, 300	10.87	5.		3			3	
Russellville	14	2,591	5.40	2, 300 3, 500	4.00	3	4	3			4	
Stanford Williamsburg	47 10	1, 651 1, 495	28.47 6.69	2,000 2,500	23.50 4.00	5 . 2 .	••••	1	2		4	2
Williamsburg		1,450	0.09	2, 900	4.00			- 4	- 3		4	
ouisiana: Total	7, 540	295, 446	25.52	309, 300	24.38	847 4	65	118	57	22	33	9
Donaldsonville	60	4, 105	14.61	4,300	13, 95					2		1
Jeanerette	15	1,905	7.87	2,500	6.00	2	10 1	2		2		1
Morgan City	41	2, 332	17.58	2,500	16.40	5	6	1		1	2	
New Orleans	7, 424	287, 104	25, 86	300,000	24.75	838 4	18	114	57	19	31	8

	II.8	Cen-	on,	-8	y per esti- ion.			De	aths i	from-		
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C sus of 1900,	Annual mortality per 1,600 of population, U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popul	Annual mortality 1,000 of the e mated population	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Maine: Total	4, 863	3 271, 166	17. 93	282, 162	17.23	373	2	94	22	2 8	3 4 2	28
Addison	14	1,059	13, 22	1,059	13, 22							
Anson	37	1,830	20, 21	1,820	20.33		••••	·	. 1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Auburn Bangor	160 341		12.36	13,000 25,000	12.31 13.64	8	••••	7				
Benton				1, 136	16.72	1	••••	1	2			3
Bethel	24	1,835	13.08	1,850	12.97	1		1				
Berwick	41			2,300	17.83		••••					ļ <u>.</u>
Biddeford Boothbay	375 25			17,000 1,750		25	••••	13		. 1	3	
Boothbay Harbor	28			1,750		3	••••					
Bowdoinham	24	1,305	18.39	1,305	18.39	7						1
Bristol	37			2,572	14.39		••••	1	••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ļ. 	
Brownville Buckfield	17 17		10.8 14.92	1,570 1,200	10.8 14.17		••••					••••••
Bucksport	57	2,339	20.41	2, 339	20.44							
Calais	157	7,655	20, 51	8,000	19.63	13		2				
Camden Caribou	48 80	2,825 4,758	16.99 16.81	2, 950 4, 800	16. 47 16. 67		••••	4			1	i
Chelsea	20	3,092	6.4	a 3, 000	6 67							
Cumberland	30	1,404	21.36	1,400	21.43							
East Livermore	24	2, 129	11.27	2, 150	11.17							•••••
Eastport	109 5 0	5, 311 4, 379	20.52 11.42	5,500 4,375	19 65 11.43			3			1	•••••
Farmington	66	3, 288	20.07	3, 300	20.00				1			1
Fort Kent	40	2,528	15.82	2,800	14.28				1		.:	2
Foxcroft	33 5	1, 629 1, 316	20.26 3.04	1,629 2,000	20.26 2.50	·····; ·		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· 2	·····		•••••
Gray	30	1,388	21.61	1, 400	21.43	1						
Guilford	25	1,544	16. 19	1,544	16.19							
Hallowell	48	2,714	17.69	3, 180	15.09		••••					••••••
Harrington	17 18	1, 165 1, 015	14.59 17.73	1, 165 1, 015	14.59 17.73	1 5	•••	1 2	•••••			•••••
Hodgdon	18	1, 130	7.08	1, 185	6.75							
Houlton	38	4,686	8.11	4,680	8.12	3.		2				
Kennebunk Litchfield	41 22	3, 228 1, 057	12.76 20.81	3, 272 1, 100	12.53 20.00	1.		1				•••••
Lubec	47	3,005	15.64	3,000	15.67			2				<u>ï</u>
Machias	58	2,082	27.86	2,082	27.86	7.		1				ī
Machiasport	27	1,218	22.17	1,437	18.79			1	••••••			•••••
Madison Monson	27 14	1,850 1,116	15.68 12.54	2,764 1,116	9. 77 12. 54						1	•••••
Monticello	19	1,332	14. 26	1,332	14. 26 .							·····
Newport	32	1,533	20.87	1,600	20.00							
Norridgewock Norway	28 44	1,495 2,034	18.06 21.63	1,495 2,900	18.06 15.17						1	•••••
Oakland	30	1,913	15. 72	1,900	15.79	2						 .
Oldtown	104	5,763	18 05		16.67			4				
Orland Orono	27 46	$1,251 \\ 3,257$	21.58 14 12		21.58 13.53			1	1		••••	•••••
Paris	52	3, 225	16. 12		16.07			2			1	3
Parsonsfield	23	1, 131	20.34	1,200	19.17	2.	I.					
Penobscot Phippsburg	14 22		12.11 17.54		10.66 15.71	2 1	··· •				···· -	•••••
Pitt*field	18	2, 208	8. 15	2,600	6. 92	6		1	2	•••••		••••••
Portland	975	50, 145	19.44	50,000	19, 50	98	2				16	9
Saco	187	6, 122		6, 200	30. 16	18		8.			2.	•••••
St George	28 147	2,314 6,078	24 19	2, 200 6, 000	12.73 24 50	3 16		1 .	1	1	1	<u>.</u>
Sangerville	25	1,294	19. 24		18.52	1		1	1			
Sidney	22	1,068 3,188	20.60	1, 270	17.32	1	.					•••••
South Berwick Suluvan	70 20	3, 188 1, 034	21.95 19.31		20. 00 19. 42			••••••			6	•••••
Thomaston	52	2,688		2,7=0								•••••
Top-ham	27	2,097	12.88	2, 200	12. 27		.			2	1.	•••••
Turner	44 22	1,842		2,000		3		1	1		2	•••••
Union Waldoboro	55	1,248 3,145		1,500 3,300		2		•••••				•••••
a The estimated population											414 i-	

a The estimated population includes the National Soldiers' Home, but the deaths from that institution are not included.

<u> </u>	n all			lity per lation, 1900. pula- ity per ity per e esti-		Deaths from—							
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C sus of 1900.	Annual mortality 1,000 of population U. S. Census, 190	tion.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.	
Maine—Continued. Washburn	14	1, 225	11.43	1, 225	11,43	8			2				
Waterboro	32	1,169	27.37	1, 352 10, 000	23.67			·			. 3	2	
Waterville	158 30	9, 477 1, 156	16.67 26.82	10,000	15.80 25.00	8			l		il 2	. 1	
Waterboro Waterville, Whitefield Windham	38	1,929	19.70	1,932	19.67	3						. 1	
Winglow	44	2,277 2,274	19. 22 30. 43	2,277 2,300	19.22 30.00	7			;} .	1	·(·····	. 2	
Yarmouth York	47	2,668	17 62	2,600	18.08				i				
Maryland: Total	11, 474	552, 655	20.76	585, 966	19.58	1,150		. 21	3 2	8 2	293	51	
		<u>-</u> -				27	-		-	2	-		
Annapolis Baltimore	196 10, 700	8, 402 508, 957	23. 33 21. 02	8, 100 541, 000	24.19 19.78	1,056		نمه ا			279	47	
Filston	43	2, 542	16.92	2,542	16.92	10			ւ]				
FrederickFrostburg	170 62	9, 296 5, 274	18.28	9,800 5,274	17.34 11.76	13 3			3	4	- a	٩	
Hagerstown	192	13,591 8,423	11.76 14.13	5, 274 14, 000	13.71	29		. 8	5		. 8		
Havre de Grace Oakland	51 6 0	8, 423 1, 170	14.90 51.28	3,450 1,800	14.78 33.34	4 8	····	1	i	····;	1 6		
Massachusetts:		1,170	01.20	1,800	30, 34		=		-	°	-		
Total	40, 581	2, 174, 706	18.66	2, 177, 627	18.63	3, 943	2	47	28	336	1, 161	343	
Agawam Amesbury	56	2,586	20.08	2,500	22.40	3	ļ	· <u>-</u>			. 1		
Arlington	143 145	9, 473 8, 603	15.10 16.85	10,000 8,600	14.30 16.86	23 9			1	1	3	1 2	
Arlington Ashland	33	1,525	21.64	1, 525	21.64	4		. 1			1	l	
Avon Barnstable	31 99	1,741	17.80	1,741 4,365	17.80 22.68	12		. 1		·	5	1	
Dame	50	4, 364 2, 0 5 9	22.69 24.24	2,059	24. 24		••••		2		1 2	1	
Beldord	17	1, 208 2, 292	14.07	1, 200	14.17	5							
Belchertown	54 31	2, 292 1, 682	23, 56 18, 43	2, 30 0 1, 5 00	23, 48 20, 67	4 10	••••	1	8		1		
Belmont	a 52	3, 929	13, 23	3, 900	13, 33						lí		
Billerica	51	2,775	18, 38	2,800	18, 21	8		2				1	
Prointres	11, 678 99	560, 892 5, 981	20.82 16.5	560, 892 6, 000	20.82 16.50	1, 407 10	••••	143	88	181	537	99	
Bridgewater Brookfield	78	5, 806	13. 43	5, 800	13.45	9		i			1		
Brookfield	44	3,062	14.37	5, 800 8, 260	13.50	3		2					
Cambridge	18 1,547	1, 446 91, 886	12.45 16.84	1, 800 91, 886	10.00 16.84	207	••••	15		9	72	12	
Buckland	86	4, 584	18.74	4, 636	18.55		••••						
(charitan	44 36	1,860	23.66	1,860	23.66	;	••••			·			
Chatham	78	1,749 3,984	20.58 19.58	1,700 3,984	21.18 19.58	11	••••	1				2	
Chelsea	651	34,072	19.11	84, 172	19.05	33		7	1		29	6	
Chicopee	398 203	19, 167 13, 667	20.76 14.86	19, 167	20.76 15.61	25 19	1	5	$\frac{2}{2}$		3	1 7	
Clinton	56	5, 652	9, 91	13,000 5,652	9. 91	13	••••	1	2		4 2	7	
Conway	29	1,458	19.89	1,500	19.33	3	••••				2		
Cottage City	19 82	1, 100 3, 014	17. 27 27. 20	1,000 3,014	19.00 27.20	•••••	••••	1	•••••				
Danvers	108	8, 542	12.64	8, 600	12.56	15		1			3		
Dartmouth	74	3,669	20. 17	3, 107	23, 82	4	••••	1			3		
Deerfield Dennis	15 66	1,969 2,333	7.62 28.29	1, 970 2, 500	7.61 . 26.40 .	••••••	••••	•••••	••••••	••••		•••••	
Douglass	52	2, 113	24.61	2, 275	22.86	4		9		1	····i		
Douglass Draeut	58	3, 253	17.83	8, 200	18. 13	12		2		Ĩ			
East Bridgewater	31 58	2, 075 3, 025	14.94 19.17	2,000 3,000	15.50 19.33	1]. 3		••••••					
Easthampton	97	5,603	17.21	6,000	16. 17	12	i	2	1	1	4	·· ·····	
	. 01	1, 209	17.37	1, 200	17.50	3							
Edgartown	21	7, 200	10 04										
Duxbury East Bridgewater Easthampton Edgartown Essex Everett	30	1,663	18.04 15.08	1,663 24,336	18.04 15.08	28]			9	10	ĸ	
Fairhaven	30 367 67	1, 663 24, 336 3, 567	15.08 18,78	24, 336 3, 567	15.08 18.78	28		4 2		3	19	5	
Everett	30 367	1, 663 24, 336 3, 567	15.08	24, 336 3, 567 106, 000	15.08	28 168 29	ī		10	3 20 3	19 24 12	12 1	

a 13 deaths were of nonresidents.

	m all c. Cen-			<u>в</u> -	per on.	Deaths from—							
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.	
Massachusetts-Cont'd.			10.05		10.55			İ			İ		
Freetown Georgetown	26 43	1, 394 1, 900		1,400 1,900		1				i			
Granville	25	1,050	23.81	1,000	25, 00	1							
Greenfield	112	7, 927	14.13	7, 923		12					1 1	·	
Groton Groveland	4 0	2,052 2,376	19.49 25.25	2, 052 2, 333		2 6							
Hanover	38	2, 152	18.12	2,200									
Hanson	24	1, 455	16.49	1, 485	16.16			·		.		·	
Hardwick	59	3, 203	18.42 15.80	3, 203 1, 160		5 1		•••••	·····			· · · · · · · ·	
Harvard Harwich	18 52	1, 139 2, 334	22.28	2,500	20.80	3		1			2		
Hatfield	26	1,500		1,500	17.33	ĭ							
Haverhill	565	37, 175		37, 175	15.20		ļ	6		. 1			
Hingham Holden	91 50	5,059 2,464	17.99 20.29	4, 960 2, 500	18.35 20.00	7 2	••••	ī			1	1	
Holliston	44	2,598	16.94	2,600	16.92	7		ļ <u>.</u>		. i			
Holyoke	971	45,712	21.24	45, 712	21.24	67		9			63	2	
Hubbardston	39 89	1,227	31.78 19.11	1,250 4,720	31. 20 18. 85	5	••••	3]		•		
Ipswich Lawrence	1, 250	4, 658 62, 559	19.98	62, 559	19.98	114		11		7	33	6	
Lee	80	3,596	22. 25	3,596	22.25	3		1					
Lenox	33	2,942	11.22	2, 940	11.22		••••	2 2					
Leominster Lexington	180 65	12, 392 3, 831	14.53 16.97	12, 320 3, 850	14.63 16.88	17	••••	2		1 1			
Lowell	1,849	94, 969	19.47	94, 969	19.47	186		17	1		27	1	
Ludlow	81	3,536	22.91	3,600	22.50	3	••••	2	1		. 2		
Lunenburg	1,086	1, 332 68, 513	16.52 15.85	1, 334 68, 513	16.42 15.85	110	••••	13	1	2	32	10	
Lynn Malden	493	33, 664	14.64	33, 664	14.64		••••	7	.	4	17	3	
Manchester	43	2, 522	17.05	2,522	17.05	8	••••	1		ļ	1		
Marlboro	207	13,609	15. 21	13,609	15.21	22	••••				3		
Marblehead Mattanoisett	150 19	7, 582 1, 061	19.78 17.81	7,500 1,100	20.00 17.27	1	••••		*******				
Mattapoisett Maynard	39	3, 142	12.41	3, 100	12.58	6	••••						
Medfield	71	2,926	24.27	a 3, 000	23.67	2	••••	1					
Medford	244 43	18, 244 2, 761	13.37 15.57	18, 244 2, 800	13.37 15.36	13	••••	3	1	2	10	5 1	
Medway Merrimac	34	2, 131	15.95	2, 135	15.93	2							
Methuen	145	7,512	19.30	7,511	19.31	4	••••			1	6	1	
Milton	95 72	6,578 3,402	14.44 21.16	6, 578 3, 300	14. 44 21. 82	9	••••	1	•••••	·•••••	2 1		
Monson Natick	124	9, 485	13.07	9,500	13.05	16	••••	3			4	1	
Needham	50	4,016	12.45	4,016	12.45	2							
New Bedford	1,285	62, 442	20.58	62,000	20.73	100		22	6	14	5	6	
Newburyport New Marlboro	302 26	14, 478 1, 282	20 86 20.28	15,000 1,200	20.13 21.67	16		6 1				2	
North Adams	345	24, 200	14.26	24, 200	14. 26	3 3		4	1	2	2	2 1	
Northampton	370	18, 643	19.85	18,600	19.89			8	1	4	6	1	
North Andover North Attleboro	50 106	4, 243 7, 253	11.78 14.61	4, 243 7, 600	11.78 13.95	9	••••	1		•••••	2 3		
Northboro	39	2, 164	18.02	2, 164	18.02			i	2				
North Brookfield	79	4, 587	17.22	4,600	17. 17	12			•••••		2		
Northfield	25	1, 966 5, 480	12.72 14.41		13, 52 14, 36	1 .		••••••	••••••	1	3	i	
Norwood Orange	79 97		17.27		17.02	11		4		1			
Orleans	21	1, 123	18.70	1, 125	18.67						1		
Palmer	178		22.81		22.81	12.	••••	3	••••••	2	9		
PlymouthQuincy	184 345	9, 592 23, 899		9, 952 23, 899		15 40		1 .	·····i	1		2	
Randolph	78	3, 993	19.53	4,000	19.50	5		4			2	<u>-</u>	
Reading	99	4, 969		4, 965	19.94		••••	· ··· ···			•••••	•••••	
Rehoboth	34 140	1,840 10,395	13.47	1, 835 10, 395	18.54 13.47	6 18		1	1 3	1	7	2	
Rockland	81	5, 327	15. 21	5, 600	14.46	20				1		ĩ	
Salem	704	35, 956	19, 58	35, 956	19.58	38		7	1	4	24	19	
Salisbury	24 29		15. 40 20. 03	1,55% 1,440	15.40							•••••	
Sandwich Seekonk	41	1, 448 1, 673	24.51	1,672	24.52	1							
Sharon	36	2,060	17.48	$\frac{1,672}{2,000}$	18.00	6						•••••	
Sherborn	25	1,483	16, 86	1, 453	17, 20	2!							

a Including persons in an insane asylum.

	all	Cen-	y per ntion, 900. ula-	per.			Des	ths f	rom-	-		
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S.C sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U.S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popultion.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Massachusetts-Cont'd.			1= 00	1 000	15.04			١.				
Shrewsbury Somerset Somerveile Southboro. South Hadley. Southampton Springfield Stoneham Sudbury Taunton Templeton Tew kee-bury Tisbury Topsfield Townsend Walpole Waltham Ware Waren Waren Waren Wayland Wayland Westboro West Boyliston West Boyliston West port West Springfield Williamsburg Woburn Woorcester Wooden Woorcester Wooden	83 53	1, 626 2, 241 61, 643 1, 921 62, 059 6, 197 1, 159 31, 030 1, 301 1, 301 1, 301 1, 301 2, 303 3, 441 2, 303 5, 77 1, 258 1, 258	20. 04 15. 69 16. 14 14. 58 17. 79 18. 42 14. 85 15. 69 21. 10 23. 79 14. 39 22. 63 19. 42 18. 29 13. 71 16. 35	1, 625 2, 241 62, 000 2, 200 4, 500 4, 500 4, 500 1, 012 62, 059 6, 195	20. 04 15. 60 14. 09 14. 67 17. 79 18. 42 11. 85 21. 63 22. 63 19. 36 18. 33 13. 61 16. 35 20. 82 18. 12 18. 12 18. 12 19	2 102 1 1 6 6 1 1 977 15 5 2 6 8 8 2 2 2 1 1 1 6 6 6 3 3 9 7 7 7 3 3 3 10 0 1 1 6 6 6 5 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		17 2 8 11	77 11 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 111 1	1	7	1 1 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34
Michigan : Total	5, 119	361, 963	14.14	374, 952	13.65	328	1	151	24	42	85	12
Adrian Albion Ann Arbor Battle Creek Bay City Belding Benton Harbor Bessemer Big Rapids Buchanan Charlevoix Cheboygan Clare Coldwater Constantine Corunna Dowagiae Dundee Eaton Rapids Escanaba Evart Frankfort Frenont Gladstone Grand Haven Grand Ledge Harbor Springs Hartford Hillsdale Holland Imlay	159 655 6 200 270 359 39 68 64 483 20 355 91 155 88 23 24 217 72 23 34 217 22 34 14 49 22 16 60 109	9,549 1,360 1,465 1,331 3,380 4,743 2,161 1,643 1,077 4,151	16. 47 14. 38 14. 49 12. 99 10. 35 16. 36 17. 71 11. 71 11. 71 11. 31 14. 16 18. 76 18. 76 19. 50 19. 1, 800 2, 500 7, 000 1, 400 6, 216 1, 200 1, 250 4, 500 1, 240 2, 160 10, 000 1, 367 1, 800 1, 400 3, 300 5, 000 2, 300	16, 39 14, 38 12, 50 14, 60 12, 51 11	23 22 2 5 3 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 1 2		99 99 22 33 22 11 22 31 11 11	8	1	4 11 11 11	2	

 $[\]boldsymbol{a}$ One-half of the deaths occurred in the insane hospital. \boldsymbol{b} Including deaths in hospitals.

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Mortality statistics of 1,190 cities and towns of the United States, etc.—Continued.

	all a	Cen-	, n er	ď	y per esti- ion.	Deaths from—						
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. Cosus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula- tion.	Annual mortality pe 1,000 of the esti mated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Michigan—Continued.												
Ishpeming Ithaca Jackson Jonesville Kalkaskia Lapeer Leslie Lowell Ludington Manistee Monroe Mount Clemens Nashville Newaygo Niles City Oscoda Owosso Oxford Pentwater Petoskey Plainwell Plymouth Pont iac Port Huron Quincy Richmond St. Joseph Sault Ste. Marie.	25 111 12 22 71 12 12 149 251 17 30 44 218	13, 255 26, 290 25, 190 1, 367 1, 364 3, 297 1, 114 1, 736 6, 543 6, 164 1, 172 1, 109 8, 69 1, 172 1, 109 1, 172 1, 109 1, 172 1, 183 1, 183	12.51 14.53 16.68 18.46 8.64 15.21 11.36 14.48 19.62 13.75 3.42 10.96 22.54 10.24 13.43 9.10 10.24 13.05 13.	14,000 2,020 25,189 1,400 1,450 3,300 7,176 14,200 1,5	6.44 13.08 14.17 13.10 16.67 15.00 7.50 11.41 12.17 18.43 10.67 3.25 10.44 16.67 12.76 10.00 20.00 11.83 8.70 8.00 14.90 12.55 11.33 20.00 7.72 21.80	122 1 1 2 3 3 5 3 3 1 7 20 1 1 8 2 2 1		2 5 14 2 1 2 2 9 1 2	2 2 1	1	2 2 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1
South Haven Stanton Tawas	45 26 13	4,009 1,234 1,228	11.22 21.07 10.59	4,000 1,500 1,250	11.25 17.33 10 40	3 4						
Traverse Union West Bay Whitehall	146 16 200 16	9, 407 1, 514 13, 119 1, 481	15.52 10.57 15.17 10.80	9, 700 1, 470 18, 000 1, 600	10.00	10 2 18		4	3	9	6	
Ypsilanti	94	7,378	12.74	7,000	13.43		<u>==</u>	1		1	1	===
Minnesota: Total	5, 700	503, 545	11.32	549, 173	10.38	584	17	161	19	28	202	22
Albert Lea	50 42 65 112 9 20 47	4, 500 8, 769 5, 474 7, 524 1, 239 1, 426 3, 072	11.00 11.14 11.87 14.89 7.26 14.03 15.30	5,000 8,600 6,000 9,000 1,237 1,500 3,074	10.00 11.67 10.83 12.44 7.27 13.33 15.29			1 2 5 5 1 1	1 1	2	1 4 1	2
Crookston Detroit Fairmount	50 27 8	5, 359 2, 060 3, 040	9.33 13,11 2.63	5,000 2,200 3,040	10.00 12.27 2.63	 	••••	5	•••••		8 1	
FaribaultGlencoe	121 17 36	7,868 1,780 3,811	15.38 9.55 9.45	7,800 1,900 3,800	15, 51 8, 91 9, 47	4	••••	2	12		i i	1
Jordan Lessueur Mankato	22 14 130	1,270 1,937 10,599	17.31 7.23 12.36	1, 200 1, 800 10, 600	18.33 7.79 12.26 9.54	5 8 240	1 13	1 4 70		13	2	
Minneapolis Montevideo New Ulm Northfield North St. Paul	2, 289 22 165 42 12	202, 718 2, 146 5, 420 3, 210 1, 110	11.30 10.25 30.44 13.08 10.81	240, 000 2, 700 5, 600 3, 600 1, 000	8.14 29.46 11.67	2		1			110	ź
Owatonna	63 75 85 1,701	5, 561 7, 525 8, 663 163, 065	11.33 9.96 9.81 10.43	6,000 8,000 10,000 165,000	10.50 9.38 8.50	5 8 242	 2	2 3 36		1	1 57	1 8
St. PaulSauk CenterShakopeeSleepy EyeSouth St. Paul.	26 26 18	2, 220 2, 047 2, 046	11.71 12.70 8.80	2, 200 2, 000 2, 200	11.82 13.00 8.18	4 3			3		 1	4
South St. Paul South Stillwater	26 7	2, 322 1, 422	11.19 4.92	2, 322 1, 000	11 19 7.00	2 1	···-	1		••••••	2	1

Mortality statistics of 1,190 cities and towns of the United States, etc.—Continued.

	T _d	ė	o n.		Deaths from					from-	a—	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. Census of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population U.S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Minnesota—Continued. Wells	47 17	2, 017 3, 409 1, 816 19, 714 2, 386	13 79 9.36	3,700 2,500	12, 79 6, 80	16 1	1		3		1 7	
Mississippi : Total	269	19, 423	13.85	21, 560	12. 48	34	6	18	13	3 4	1 7	0
Corinth	74 53 10 6 45 26 15 40	3, 661 2, 568 2, 815 1, 516 2, 057 2, 028 1, 499 3, 279	3.55 3.96 21.88 12.82 10.00	3, 660 2, 500 3, 500 1, 600 2, 300 2, 000 4, 000	2.86 3.75	15 2 4 1 2 4	1 3 3	2			1 2 2 1 2	
Missouri : Total	11,078	713, 227	15.53	717, 876	15. 45	1,545	6	202	49	62	446	20
Bethany	30 75 5 144 18 25 36 30 33 740 9,847 30 65	2, 093 4, 377 1, 902 4, 445 2, 315 6, 974 1, 757 1, 878 102, 979 575, 200 2, 654 4, 724	14.33 17.14 2.63 30.15 7.78 3.73 20.49 15.55 17.57 7.19 17.12 11.30 13.76	2,097 5,000 1,800 5,000 2,300 9,500 1,800 2,000 2,000 102,979 575,200 2,700 5,500	14.31 15.00 2.67 28.80 7.83 2.63 20.00 15.00 16.50 7.19 17.12 11.11 11.82	77 4 14 11 6 3 82 1,412 2	3	1 2 4	2	1	7 4 15	1 1 2 2 15
Montana: Total	247	21, 127	11.69	21,390	11.55	10	3	14	1	1	18	1
Bozeman	45 170 32	3, 419 14, 930 2, 778	13.16 11.39 11.52	3,500 14,890 3,000	12.86 11.42 10.67	1 8 1	 1 2	5 9 	1	1	2 11 	1 ===
Nebraska : Total	1,644	167, 898	9. 79	174, 351	9.43	110	1	43	1	7	52	2
Beatrice	100 33 18 78 16 82 12 37 999 230 16 5 10 8	7, 875 2, 970 1, 511 5, 654 1, 343 7, 380 1, 135 3, 883 102, 555 26, 001 1, 577 2, 005 2, 119 1, 890	12.70 11.11 11.91 13.84 11.91 11.11 10.57 9.53 9.77 8.85 10.15 2.49 4.71 4.23	7, 875 2, 970 1, 600 6, 8 4 2, 000 10, 648 1, 200 3, 823 103, 000 26, 001 1, 800 2, 500 2, 200 1, 900	12.70 11.11 11.25 11.41 8.00 7.70 10.0 9.70 8.85 8.89 2.00 4.54 4.21	3 6 2 4 1 5 82 2 1 1	1	5 4 1 5 1 24 3	1	1 5 1	20 20 10 20 13	1
New Hampshire: Total	3, 458	182, 485	18. 94	213, 565	16, 19	240		51	10	13	38	10
Alton	28 23 14 82 17 25	1, 231 1, 179 1, 289	18. 67 18. 68 11. 87 24. 83 14. 80 11. 59	1, 200 1, 179 1, 289	18.67 19.17 11.87 24.83 14.91 11.59	1			2	2		

	7	å	a a	1	5 ± ±	Deaths from—						
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from s	Population, U.S. Census of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U.S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measies.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
New Hampshire—Cont'd.												
Berlin Bethlehem	126 20		14.18 15.86		14.00 15.86			. 12				•
Boscawen	16		11.00	1,400	11,44			. i				
Bristol	36	1,600	22.50	1,600	22.50	1		. 1	l]			
Canaan		1,444 1,057			18, 62 18, 10			· ·····	······			
Candia Charlestown				1,550	14, 19		1	i				
Claremont	114	6, 498	17.54	6,500	17.54	7						
Concord	378		19.00 26.48	19,632	19.00	19	••••	. 1	1			ī
Farmington Franklin	60 99	2,200 5,446			23, 08 16, 94	4			2			
Goffstown	a75	2,528	29.67	2,500	30 , 00					ļ	ļ	1
Gorham		1,797	9.46	1,798	9.46		••••					
Greenville Hanover		1,608 1,884	10.57 23.35	1,600 1,884	10.63 23.35	3						
Hillsboro	36	2, 254	15.97	2 840	15.38							
Hooksett	31	1,665	18.62	1,665	18.62			i	1			
Hopkinton Hudson	25 32	1,652 1,261	15.13 25.38	1,700 1,200	14.71 26.67	1 3		-				
Jaffrey	53	1,891	28.03	1,900	27.89	5			ļ		1	
Jefferson	, 8	1,080	7.40	1,100	7.27	2		1				
Lebanon	85 56	4, 965 4, 066	17.12 13.77	5,000 4,200	17.00 13.34	8 5		2	•••••	ļ	*******	
Littleton Londonderry		1,408	12.07	1, 400	12, 14		••••					
Manchester	1, 167	56, 987	20.48	86, 987	13.53	100		11			18	8
Marlboro	19 40	1,524 1,718	12, 47 23, 35	1,800 1,800	10.56 22.22	2		ļ	1			ī
Meredith Milan	11	1, 135	9.69	1,100	10,00			2				
Milford	75	8,739	20.06	3, 739	20.06			1				
New Boston	23	1,002	22.95 13.15	1,002 2,000	22.95 13.00	1	•••••	4			•••••	
Northumberland Ossipee	26 39	1, 977 1, 479	26.37	1,700	22.94		••••					
Plaistow	20	1,027	19.47	1,000	20.00	1						
Raymond	26	1, 100	23.63	1,100	23.63				·····			•••••
Rochester Salem	181 32	8, 4 66 2, 041	21.37 15.68	8, 467 2, 041	21.37 15.68			1	1		Z	•••••
Sandwich	16	1,077	14.86	1,097	14.59			1	1		•••••	
Seabrook	32	1, 497	21.38	1,500	21.33		•••••	5				••••
Strafford Swanzey	20 30	1,040 1,570	19. 23 19. 11	1,040 1,570	19.23 19.11	2	•••••		••••••		·····i	•••••
Walpole	49	2,693	18.20	2,600	18.85	4						•••••
Warner	41	1,358	30. 19	1,358	30. 19	4	••••		******		•••••	
Weare Wolfboro	29 35	1,553 2,390	18.67 14.64	1,500 2,390	19.33 14.64			*******	•••••		•••••	1
W 0110010				-,000			=	==	===	===	===	
New Jersey:			- 1			. :						
Total	14,708	639, 839	22.98	745, 917	19.72	1,485	1	139	83	101	396	96
Bayonne	556	82, 722	16.99	32, 722	16.99	44		5	1		17	21
Beverly Boundbrook	57	1,950	29. 23 9. 92	2,000 2,700	28, 50 9, 63	2		••••••		•••••	····i	2
Camden	26 1, 361	2, 622 75, 935	17. 92	75, 935	17.92			10			14	
Carlstadt	45	2,574	17.48	3,000	15.00	5				1	4	•••••
Dunellen	15 33	1, 239 1, 808	12.11 18.25		10.00 18.25			1	••••••		1	••••••
Egg Harbor Frenchtown	17	1,020	16.67		16.62							•••••
Garfield	40	8,504	11.42	3,500	11.43					2	8	•••••
Hackensack	110 48	9,443	11.65		11.65 18.66	1 .		2			······	•••••
Hackettstown Haddonfield,	84	2,474 2,776	19.40 12.25	2, 776	12, 25	2		2			ı i	••••••
Hammonton	94	8, 481	27.00	3, 694	25.42			2 1	1		8	2
Hoboken	1,429	59, 364	24.07		23.82			2 44	8 12	3 32	30 138	2 21
Jersey City Long Branch	4, 236 135	206, 433 8, 872	20.52 15.22	9,500	20.52 14.21			3	12	1	138	
Manasquan	22	1,500	14.67	1,800	12.22	2 .					1	
Merchantville New Brunswick	31 510		19.28		21.38 25.93	3. 41.		1 5	2	····i	6	ï
Newark	519 5,006	20, 006 246, 070	25, 94 20, 32	250,000			"ï	50	58	55	143	43
Orange	420	24, 141	17.40	24, 141	17.40			5		8	6	
Raritan	63	3, 244	19. 42	3, 244	19. 42	1 .		. 1			1	•••••

a Fifty-one deaths occurred in county almshouse.

Cities or towns.		ll.	Cen-	per O.D.	Deaths from—								
Riverton	Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.		Annual mortality 1,000 of populati U. S. Census, 190	Estimated popul	nnual mortality 1,000 of the mated popula	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Total	Riverton Salem Somerville South Orange South River Washington South River Sout	116 74 43 46 58	5, 811 4, 843 4, 608 2, 792 3, 580	19.96 15.28 9.33 16.48 6.20	5, 600 4, 843 4, 608 3, 000 3, 600	20.71 15.28 9.33 15.33 16.17	3 2 6		1		1	2	4
Alexandria Bay.		90, 096	4, 656, 311	19.35	4, 695, 769	€ 9.19	9, 975	15	1,092	940	565	2, 620	694
Antieva		28 17					2					····	
Auburn 520 30,345 17, 14 30,345 17, 14 56,	Amityville	32	2,038	15.73	2,000	16.00	3	•••••				i	•••••
Broekport	Auburn	520	30, 345	17.14	30, 345	17.14							7
Cambridge	Boonville	66	1, 745	37.82	3,512	18.79	6	••••					
Canstota	Buffalo	4, 998	352, 387	14.18	352, 387	14.18	423			58			40
Clifton Springs	Canastota	28	3, 030	9.21	3, 100	9.03							••••••
Cobleakill	Clifton Springs	35	1, 617	21.65	1,600	21.88	3		2				•••••
Corning	Clinton				1, 200				1	•••••			2
Coxsackie	Corning	200	11,061	18.08	12,000	16.67	15		12		5		
Delhi	Coxsackie	50	2,755	18.15	3,000	16.67			2	•••••		8	•••••
Dundee	Delhi	51	2,078	24.54	3, 200	15.94	2.	••••	1				••••••
East Aurora	Dundee	23					- TI.					3	
East Syracuse	Dunkirk		11,616	16.36	14, 100	13.48	3 .		7			2	•••••
Elmira	East Syracuse	35	2,509	13.95	2,500	14.00	3.		2				•••••
Fishkiii	Elmira	533	35, 672	14.94	35, 672	14.94	49.				1		1
Fishkiii	Fayetteville	16	2, 489 1, 304	12.27	1,500	10.71					1	1	•••••
Fort Plain	Fishkill	78 25	1, 145		4,000 1,190		12 . 7 .		2	2		2	•••••
Glens Falls 237 12,613 18,78 13,600 17,43 28 2 6 3 4	Fort Plain	74	2, 444	30.28	6,000	12.33			3		2	2	1
Groton	Glens Falls	237	12,613	18.78	13,600	17.43	28	••••					4
Hastings on Hudson	Groton	63	3,564	17.65	3,600	17.50	6	·					•••••
Hoosick Falls	Hastings on Hudson	29	2,002	14.46	2,000	14.50						1	•••••
Hornellsville	Hoosick Falls			14.59 19.57				2	8			1	
Johnstown		141	11.918		12,000	11.75	10		1.		3	1	•••••
Leroy	Johnstown	104	10, 130	10.27	12,000	8.67	8	ï					•••••
Lowville	LAPOV	81			3, 140					8	0		1
Marsthon 25 1,092 22.99 1,200 20.83 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 7 7 1 1 3 3 7 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 3 1 3 <td>Lowville</td> <td></td> <td>1, 133 2, 352</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td><u> </u>:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•••••</td>	Lowville		1, 133 2, 352				1	<u> </u> :					•••••
Matteawan. 77 5,807 18.26 5,000 15.40 12 2 1 Mechanicsville 87 4,985 18.53 6,000 14.50 5 3 7 7 Medina 81 4,716 17.18 5,000 16.20 15 5 1 1 Mexico 47 3,091 15.21 2,300 20.43 7 1 1 1 Middleburg 42 1,135 37.00 1,200 35.00 4 4 1 1 1 Mohawk 36 2,028 17.75 2,100 17.14 2 2 1 1 1 Mount Kisco 30 1,346 22.28 1,500 20.00 5 2 2 1 1 1 2 Mount Morris 41 3,715 11.31 3,800 10,00 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Marathon		1,092		1,200	20. 83							•••••
Medins 81 4,716 17.18 5,000 16.20 15 5 1 Mexico 47 3,991 15.21 2,300 20.43 7 1 1 MiddJeburg 42 1,185 37,00 1,200 35.00 4 4 1 1 Mohawk 36 2,028 17.75 2,100 17.14 2 2 1 1 Moravia 37 2,073 15.59 2,400 15.42 1 1 1 1 2 Mount Kisco 30 1,346 22.28 1,500 20.00 5 2 2 Mount Morris 41 3,715 11.31 3,800 10,76 5 1 1	Matteawan	77	5, 807	18. 26	5,000	15, 40	12		2.				
Mexico 47 3,091 15.21 2,300 20.43 7 1 1 1 Middleburg 42 1,185 37.00 1,200 35.00 4 4 1 1 1 Mohawk 36 2,028 17.75 2,100 17.14 2 2 1 1 1 Moravia 37 2,073 15.59 2,400 15.42 1 1 1 1 2 1 Mount Kisco 30 1,346 22.28 1,500 20.00 5 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 Mount Morris 41 3,715 11.31 3,800 10,76 5 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>Medina</td> <td>81</td> <td>4,716</td> <td>17. 18</td> <td>5,000</td> <td>16. 20</td> <td>15</td> <td>•••</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•••••</td>	Medina	81	4,716	17. 18	5,000	16. 20	15	•••					•••••
Mohawk 36 2,028 17.75 2,100 17.14 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 <td>Middleburg</td> <td>42</td> <td></td> <td>15. 21 37. 00</td> <td>2,300</td> <td>20. 43</td> <td>7</td> <td><u> </u>.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>······</td> <td>····i</td> <td>•••••</td>	Middleburg	42		15. 21 37. 00	2,300	20. 43	7	<u> </u> .			······	····i	•••••
Mount Kisco	Mohawk	36	2, 028	17.75	2, 100	17. 14	2	•••	2		1/.		i
Mount Morris	Mount Kisco	30	1, 346	22.28	1,500	20.00			2			z	•••••
	Newburg		3, 715 24, 943	20.01	25, 000	21.96			9	2.		5	····i

•	II.	Cen-	per,	, de	r per esti-			De	aths f	rom-	•	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. Ce sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U.S. Cenaus. 1900.	tion.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
New York-Continued.												
New Rochelle New York Niagara Falls	. 70, 873 . 308	3, 437, 202 19, 457	20. 62 15. 83	3, 444, 675 19, 457	20.57 15.83	8, 155 25 5	12		816	465	2, 277	
North Tarrytown North Tonawanda	. 123	9,069	13.56	9,000	13.6							
Norwich Nyack	63		4.34 14.74			7		. 1		. 2		i
Oneonta	112	7, 147	15.67	9,500	11.79	11					3	
Palmyra Phelps						7 2						
Phœnix	59	1,532	38.51	1,500	39.33		ļ		. 2			1
Plattsburg Port Byron			19.56 29.62			13 4		2			3	
Port Chester	151	7,440	20.30	8,000	18.89			2			7	
Port Jervis Potsdam	150 68			10,000		27 8		5		1	2	3
Pulaski	22	1,493	14.74	1,500	14.67	3 1				ļ		ļ
Randolph Rhinebeck	58	3, 472	12.41 16.70	1,000 3,360		8		1		2	2	
Rochester	2,272	162,608	13.97 20.55	162, 435 6, 000		266	,	30		11	46 5	20
Rosendale St. Johnsville	41	6,278 1,873	21.89			ï		ı			3	
Sandy Hill	72	4, 473 12, 409	16.10 22.64	4,473 12,000	16.10 23.42	3 36		1			2	2
Saratoga Springs Saugerties	192	9,754	19.67	10,500	18. 29	20	••••	i		ï	5	3
Schoharie Seneca Falls	21	1,006 6,519	20.87 15.03	1,020 7,000	20.59 14.00	4	••••				<u>2</u>	·······
Sidney	81	4,023	20.13	5,000	16.20	3		5	1		7	
South Glens Falls Springville	40	2,025 1,992	19.75 7.03	2, 050 2, 000	19.51 7.00	12 2	••••			2	······	1
Syracuse	1,637	108, 374	15, 10	108,000	15. 16	184		29	8	2	15	10
Theresa Ticonderoga	28 51	2, J30 5, 048	13.16 10.10	2,400 5,000	11.67 10.20	3	••••	1	1			•••••
Trumansburg	10	1, 225	8.08	1,200	8, 33	1		1		1		
Valatie Warsaw	29 47	1, 300 3, 048	22, 31 15, 42	1,500 4,400	19.33 10.68	3 5	••••	•••••				•••••
Warwick	106	6, 403	16.51	6,000	17.67	7		1				1
Waterloo Waterville	66 18	4, 256 1, 571	15.51 11.46	4, 256 1, 650	15.51 10.91	5 2	••••	2			•••••	·····
Weedsport	17	1,525	11.15	2,000	8.50	3					1	
Wellsville Whitehall	60 80	3,556 4,377	16.87 18.28	4,000 4,330	15.00 18.47	3 5		2 2	•••••	1	3 4	•••••
White Plains	145	7, 899	18.36	7, 899	18.36	11						
Yonkers	810	47, 931	16.90	50,000	16.20	77	==	5	1		10	1
North Carolina:					- 1	İ	1				l	
Total	992	43, 764	22.67	45, 942	21.16	98	1	31	3	1	3	1
Burlington	62	3,692	16 79	4,000	15.50							
Durham Oxford	108 29	6,679 2,059	16 18 14,08	7,000 2,300	15. 40 12. 61	16 2	1	10	1	••••	2	•••••
Salem	72	3,642	19.69	3,642	19.69	9		i	1			
Shelby Washington	15 85	1,874 4,842	8.00 17.55	2,500 5,500	6.00 15.45			7	•••••		····i	·····i
Wilmington	621	20, 976	29.61	21,000	29 52			13	1	1		
N 41 TO 1 4												
North Dakota : Valley City	17	2, 446	6. 95	2, 446	6.95	1.		3			1	
,					-							
Ohio:	00 640	1 800 000	14 04	1 600 010	13.44	1 075	97	740	39	106	416	103
Total		1,526,002	19. 54	<u></u> -	10.44		27	740	- 39	100	410	109
AdaAlliance	18 109	2,576	6.99	3,000 9,000	6.00 12.11	6. 12.		8			2	•••••
Ashtabula	198	12, 949	12. 15 15. 29	13,000	15 23	20 .		î		•••••	2	1
Athens	37 56	3, 066	12.07	3,600	10.28	5.	••••					3
Barnesville Bedford	56 29	1,486		3,800 1,600	14.74 . 18.13	2		1				·······
Bellaire	156	9, 912		9,946	15.68	17		8		2	1	1

	II.e	Cen-	o o n	d	per on.			Des	ths	from-	-	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C sus of 1900.	Annual mortality p 1,000 of populatio U.S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula. tion.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Ohio-Continued.												
Blanchester Bowling Green	7 40	1,788 5,067	3.91 7.89	2,000 5,067	3.00 7.89			8		·-	3	•••••
Bridgeport	53	3,963		3,969	13.35	7		2]	i	5	1
Bryan	40	3, 131	12.78	3, 200	12, 50		••••	3			······	······
Bucyrus Cambridge	70 112	6, 560 8, 241	10.67 13.59	8,000 10,000	8.75 11.20	10 15		3 14				
Carey	37	1,816	20, 37	2,000	18 50	5						
Carthage	34 10	2,559 1,271	13.29	3, 500 1, 200	9.71 8.33	31			ļ		1.	•••••
Carrollton Cedarville	16	1, 189	7.87 13.45	1,700			2					
Celina	14	2,815	4.97	3, 100	4.51	4	••••	1		.	9	•••••
Chicago Junction Chillicothe	17 248	2, 348 12, 976	7. 24 18. 34	2, 300 14, 000	7.39 20.57	39	••••	10		• • •	2	2
Cincinnati	5, 412	325, 902	16.61	326,000	16.60	632	7	119	8		85	16
Circleville	114	6, 991	16.31	7,000	16.29			2		. 1		••••••
Cleves Cleveland	23 6, 104	1,328 $381,768$	17. 32 15. 99	2,500 395,000	9. 20 15. 45	2 82	16	205	8	29	184	24
Clyde	34	2,515	13.52	3,000	11.33	2 .		1			1.	
Columbus Conneaut	1,562 96	125, 560 7, 133	12.44 13.46	140,000 7,513	11.16 12.78	185		53 4	4	9	23	21 1
Corning	11	1,401	7.85	1,600	6 88	2.						
Coshocton	77	6, 473	11.90	6, 500 2, 000	11.85	5.	••••	2	•••••	4		3
Covington Dayton	$\frac{67}{1,210}$	1, 791 85, 333	37. 41 14. 18	85, 333	33 50 14, 18	149		1 26	1	4	2. 28	i
Defiance	99	7,579	13.06	9,000	11.00			2			1.	•••••
Delaware Delphos	120 49	7, 940 4, 517	15. 11 10. 85	8,000 4,517	15, 00 10, 85	11.		6		2	. 2.	•••••
Delta	22	1, 230	17.89	1, 230	17.89	3.		3			1.	•••••
Dennison	40	3,763	10.63	3,763	10.63	1		2	•••••		1.	•••••
Doylestown Dresden	15 19	1,057 1,600	14. 19 11. 87	1,055 1,700	14. 22 11. 12	2						••••••
East Liverpool	201	16, 485	12. 19	16, 430	12.23	12		16	1		5	3
East Palestine	32	2, 493 1, 025	12.84 6.83	3,000 1,050	10.67 6.67	3 1		2	•••••	-		••••••
Findlay	273	17, 613	15.50	17, 613	15.50			15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	13	1
Forest	10	1, 155	8.66	1,300	7.69		••••		•••••			
Fort Recovery Fostoria	81 81	1,097 7,730	7. 29 10. 48	1, 175 8, 000	6.81 10.13			6	•••••	1		1
Galion	103	7, 282	14.14	7, 292	14.12	8		2	2	ī		•••••
Geneva Germantown	46 23		19. 64 13. 51	2, 350 2, 000	19.57 11.50			3			1	•••••
Glendale	25	1,545	16.18		16.95	= 1						
Granville	26	1,425	18.25	1,800	14.44	5	-					
Hamilton Harrison	340 22		14. 22 15. 11		14. 22 15. 11	43 1		6 2	1	4	4	1
Hartwell	16	1,833	8.73	2,000	8.00	2					1	•••••
Hillsboro Jackson	53 63		11.69 13.70		11.69 13.13	10 7		2.	····i		3 2	2
Kent	62	4,541	13.65	4,500	13.78				1			•••••
KentonLancaster	89 155		12.99 17.24		12. 71	00		8.			4	•••••
Lima	387		17.82		15.50 15.48	32 35		15		3	5	i
Lockland	38	2,695	14. 10	3,000	12.67		•••	1				
Loudonville McComb	23 23	1,581 1,195	14, 55 19, 25		15. 33 19. 17	5 1		1		••••••	2	•••••
McConnellsville	25	1,825	13.70	2,000	12.50						2	•••••
Marietta	192 152	13, 348 11, 862	14.38 12.81		13.71	22 13		10	1	7	5	5
Marysville	33	3. (MA)	10.76	12,000 3,000	12.67 11.00	11						•••••
Maumee	20	1,856	10.78	1,980	10. 10			2				
Mechanicsburg Medina	31 20		19. 17 8. 96		15.50 8.70	3		1				
Miamisburg	68	3, 941	17. 25	4,000	17.00	3		2			3	••••
Middleport Middletown	50 103		17.86 11.18	3,000 1 10,000 1		9						•••••
Millersburg	17	1,998	8.56	2,200	7.73						z	
Minster	14	1,465	9.56	1,450	9.66	1	٠				1	••••
Napoleon New Bremen	40 14	1, 318	10. 99 10 62	4,000 1 1,400 1						1	1	
New Comerstown	25	2,659	9.40	2,659	9.40	2			1 .			••••
New Lexington	24	1,701 1	4. 11	1,800, 1	3. 33	11	!	2	٠٠٠٠٠١.			••••

	Fg	ģ	per,	ds	y per esti- ion.			De	aths i	from-		
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. Cen- sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U.S. Census. 1900.	ted po	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Ohio-Continued.												
New London New Philadelphia New Richmond New Straitsville	57 29	6,213 1,916	9. 17 15. 14	6,500 2,000	8.77 14.50	8			i	i		i i
North Amherst	2:	1,758	12.51	2,000	11.00	2				:		
North Baltimore Norwalk	55 45				15. 28 6. 00	7		3	3			; 5
Oak Harbor	11	1,631	6.74	1,900	5.79	2	ļ				ļ	
Oberlin Orrville				2,000	17.50							
Ottawa	32	2,322	13.78	2,200	14.55 18.00	3	ļ	. 2			. 2	
Painesville Piqua		12, 172	13.06								2	
Portsmouth Ravenna	287	17,870	16.06	18,000		44		11	11		1	5
Richwood	18	1,640	10.98	1,850	9.73	1	l					
St. Bernard Salem	101		13.30 13.32		13, 26 13, 32	8		3		. 1		
Salmeville	27	2,353	11.47	2,300	11.74	1		1				
Sandusky Shreve	227 17				11.35	17		6		2		1
Sidney	67	5,688	11.78	6,000	11.17	4		6				j
South Brooklyn South Charleston	14 14		5 98 12.78		4.67 12.73	1	ļ				2	
Tiffin	138	10, 989	12 56	10, 989	12.56 15.00	17 23		3		2	8	
Troy Urbana	90 98	6,808	14.41	7,000	14.00	16				1		1
Van Wert Versailles	137 13		21.33 8.80		19.57 8.67	12	····	8				
Wadsworth	13	1,764	7.37	2,000	6.50	2					1	
Wapakoneta Warren	60 138			4,000 8,500	15.00 16.24	$\frac{1}{7}$	••••	1	·· ·····		1 7	
Waverly	22	1,854	11.87	2,000	11.00	2						
Wellington Wellsville	44 106		21.01 17.25	2, 640 6, 200	16.67 17.10	4 7	2	2 8			18	2
Willoughby	42	1,753	23, 90	3,000	11.00							
Wyoming Youngstown	21 603	1,450 44,885	14.48 13.43		16.67 13.43	2 52	••••	38	ï	1	1 6	2
Zanesville	311	23, 538	13. 21	23,500	13.24	26		22	•••••		4	1
Oregon : Total	102	8, 087	12.61	8,740	11.67	6					1	
Grant Pass	21	2, 290	9.17	2, 240	9.37							
Marshfield Pendleton	16 65	1, 391 4, 406	11.50 14.75	2,000 4,500	8.00 14.44						1	······
							-					
Pennsylvania: Total		2, 695, 687		2, 725, 269			3	1,406	563		1,845	312
Allegheny City Altoona	2,021 640	129, 896 38, 793	15.56 16.50	130,000 43,973	15.54 14.55	174 55	••••	83 15	20	14 8	38 55	37 3
Archbald	110	5, 396	20.39	5, 396	20.39					ĭ	1	
Ashley Athens'	61 44	4,046 3,749	15.08 11.74		14.52 10.48			1	·····i	••••••		
Bangor	54	4, 106	13.15	5,000	10.80	1						
Beaver Falls Bellefonte	162 49	10,054 4,216	16. 11 11. 62	10,054 4,200	16.11 11.67	16		17		1		······
Bellevue	41	3, 416	12.00	3, 400	12.06			3				
BirdsboroBlakely	68 94	2, 261 3, 915	30.04 24.01		27.42 24.01			4		4	2	••••••
Blossburg Boyertown	23 30	2, 423	9.49	2,800	8, 21			1				•••••
Braddock	279	15,654	17.55 17.78	16,000	15.00 . 17.43 .			10	2	1	4	8
Bristol Brookeville	120 16	7, 104 2, 472	16.89 6.48	7, 104 2, 472	16 89 6.48	15		2			1	2
Butler	121	10,853	11. 15	11,000	11.00	1					17	
California Carbondale	28 236	2,009 13,536	13, 94 17, 44	2,021 13,800	13.85 . 17.10	3	:::	5		16	17	5
Carlisle	200	9,626	20.78	9, 626	20.78	1.					12	1
Catasauqua	48	3, 963	12. 11	3, 963	14.11	01.	••••1				2	

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Mortality statistics of 1,190 cities and towns of the United States, etc.—Continued.

	Bil	Cen-	on,	de	n str	Deaths from—						
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C sus of 1900.	Annual mortality p 1,000 of populatio U.S Census, 1900.	Estimated popul	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Pennsylvania—Continued.												
Catawissa Centralia	42 40		20.76 19.58									•••••
Chambersburg	125	8,864	14.10	9,000	13.89	9		1				
Clarion	30		14.92	2,004	14.92		ļ	· ;			i	
Clearfield Columbia	31 261		6. 10 21, 19	12.316	21.19		<u> </u>	12			18	1
Conshohocken	83	5, 762	14.40	6,000	13.83	4					8	l
Corry	82	5, 369	15.27	6,000	13, 67		 		ļ	· •••••	1 1	
Cressona Darby	24 54	1,738 3,429	13.81 15.75		14.12 12.00						3	
Dickson	97	4, 948		5,000	19.40			.]			14	
Downingtown	35	2, 183	16.41	2, 133	16.41	5	ļ	1			1	
Doylestown Dubois	47 138	3, 034 9, 375	15 82 14,72	3,000 10,000		8		3	8	2	4	
Dunmore	257	12,583	20.42	15,000	16, 67	9		2	5	6	23	
East Brady	18	1,233	14.61		14.28			1			3	
Elizabeth Elizabethtown	31 16	1,866 1,473	16, 61 10, 84	2,000 1,400	15.50 11.43		<u>.</u>		1		ï	
Emporium	23	2, 463	9.34	2,400	9.58			1			ļ. 	
Erie	764	2, 463 52, 733	14.49		14.49		1	18		1	32	
Frackville Franklin	48 68	2, 594 7, 317	18.50 9.29	2,594 10,000	18.50 6.80			1 3		1	3	
Freeport	37	1,754	21.09	1,800	20.56						ļ	
Gallitzin	60	2,759	21.71	2,700	22.22							
Gettysburg	54	3, 495	15.45 26.30	3,800 4,373	14.21 26.30			1	1	1	1 5	
Gilberton Greencastle	115 24	4, 373 1, 463	16.40	1,800	13, 33						2	
Greensburg	73	6,508	11.22	6,508	11.22	5		1		1	7	ļ
Hanover	62	5, 302	11.69	5,400	11.48 6.00	1	····	1			ļ	
Hughesville Indiana	9 50	1,528 4,142	5.89 12.05	1,500 5,000	10.00					1	1	
Jeanette	65	5, 865	11.08	6,000	10.83				1	2		
Jenkintown	38	2,091	18.17	2,100	18.10	1		1			1	
Jermyn Johnsonburg	34 30	2,567 3,894	13.25 7.70	2,600 4,000	13.08 7.50					2	2	
Kingston	80	3, 846	20.80	4,500	17.78			1				
Kittanning	60	3, 902	15.37	3, 902	15.37	1				1	2	
Kutztown Lansford	8 70	1,328 4,888	6.02 14.32	1,600 5,500	5,00 12,73	••••••	•••••	2				
Lancaster	661	41,459	15, 94	41, 361	15.98	48		17		4	29	
Latrobe	53	4,614	11.49	5,000	10.60	1	••••				1	
Leechburg	10 44	2, 459 4, 629	4.06 9.42	3,000 4,700	3, 33 9, 36	4	••••		2	7	2 3	•••••
Lehighton Lewisburg	47	3, 457	13, 60	3, 500	13, 43					<u>.</u>	i	
Lititz	19	1,637	11.61	1,800	10.56		••••					
McKeesport	628 28	34, 227 1, 490	18.35 18.52	35,000 1,600	17.94 17.50	8		23 3	6	9	18	8
McSherrytown Manheim	20 20	2,019	9, 91	2,019	9, 91							
Mansfield	20	1,847	10.83	2,000	10.00	3	••••	1			2	·····
Mauch Chunk	60 159	4,029 10,291	14.89 15.45	4, 200 10, 300	14.29 15.44	6 14	••••	1 5	••••••	•••••		· · · · · · · ·
Meadville Mechanicsburg	56	3, 841	14.58	4,304	13.01							
Milton	78	6, 175	12.63	6,000	13.00	3			1	1		
Minersville	108	4, 815	22.43 15.06	4,500 1,254	24.00 15.95			2	•••••	••••		
Mount Holly Springs Muncy	20 22	1, 328 1, 934	11.38	1,934	11.38			ĩ		1		
Nanticoke	164	12, 116	13 54	12,000	13.67		. .		1	!	21	•••••
New Brighton	119	6,820	17.45	7,000 28,350		11		1 36	3	1	4	· · · · · · · ·
New Castle New Haven	419 15	28, 339 1, 532	9.79	1,800	8, 33	23		30 1				
New Hope	16	1,218	13.14	1,300	12.31			1				
Newtown	21	1,463	14.35	1,460		1						
Newville Northumberland	36 41		21.75 14.92	1,500 3,000	10.33	3						
Oakmont	35	2 323	15 06	2, 323	15.06	6		3				· · · · · · ·
		10 004	10 00	10 004	10 00				•••••	2		1
Olyphant	115	6, 180	18 61	6, 180 1 521	18. 61 16. 47						4	2
Orwigsburg	28	1,788	15.66	13, 364 6, 180 1, 521 1, 788 1, 293, 697 1, 200	15.66	3					3,	
Philadelphia		1 000 007	10 00	000 607	10 28	2,717	- 1	449	282	163	1 0.12	125

Morta ity statistics of 1,190 cities and towns of the United States, etc.—Continued.

	I.f.	Cen-	on ,	ď	v per esti- ion.			Dea	aths i	rom-	-	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U. S. C. sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality I 1,000 of the en	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Pennsylvania-Continued.		901.414	10.40	201 616	10.40	994		46		100	147	
Pittsburg Pittston	6, 269 248	12,556	19.68	12,556	19.68	6				. 5	26	
Plymouth Port Carbon	286 35	13, 642 2, 168				1		7		5 2	15 1	·····
Pottstown	212	13,696				22		. 8		4 3	4	
Quakertown	45	3,014	14.93			1177	••••	. 1			2	
Reading Renovo	1,368 72	78, 961 4, 082		80,000 4,500		117		40	9	18	76	1 2
Reynoldsville	35	3, 435	10.19	3,500	10.00			4			3	
Rochester St. Clair	47 145	4, 686 4, 638		5,000 5,000		7 5		2		1 2		ï
Scottdale	45	4, 261		4, 200		4		2		12		
Sewickley	54	3,568	15.13	3,568	15.13	3						
Sharpsburg Shippensburg	49 39	6,842 3,228		7,000 4,000	7.00 9.75	7		4	2	4	2	•••••
Slatington	90	3, 773	23.85	3,775	23.84			1			2	
South Bethlehem	239	13, 241 12, 086		13, 241		8	•	6		2 2	15 3	
SteeltonSummit Hill	170 63	2,986		12,086 2,900				i		1 4	7	•••••
Susquehanna	56	3, 813	14.69	4,000	14.00	3		2				
Tarentum Tidioute	70 18	5, 472 1, 237		5, 472 1, 500		••••••	••••	4	1		•••••	
Titusville	87	8, 244	10.55	8,500	10.24	8		4			10	
Troy	18	1,450		1,300		1			ļ		3	•••••
Upland Verona	37 31	2, 131 1, 904		2, 130 1, 900		ادا		4				
Washington	110	7,670	14.34	9,000	12.22			3		1	3	•••••
Waynesboro Weatherly	64 41	5, 396 2, 471		5,800 2,500		انم		2 1			1	
West Chester	1 9 9	9,524	20.89	10,000	19.90	20		4	1	1	4	•••••
West Conshohocken	50 30	1, 958 2, 467	25.54 12.16	2,000 2,500		14 4		3	1		i	2
West Newton West Pittston	85	5, 846	14.54	5, 846				1	2	4	4	i
Wilkesbarre	758	51,721	14.65	51,721	14.65	45		10		5	21	2
Wilkinsburg Williamsport	163 325	11, 886 28, 757		12,000 28,757		39		6 8	•••••		2	•••••
Wrightsville	24	2, 266		2,400							1	•••••
York	401	33, 708	11.90	33, 70×	11.90	43	:::				25	
Rhode Island : Total	5, 157	254, 331	20. 28	254, 888	20. 23	531	1	74	114	16	94	52
Bristol	169	6, 901	24, 49	6,900	24. 49	16		1	3		5	<u> </u>
Central Falls	335	18, 167	18.50	18, 250	18.36	30	1	2	- 5	2	8	3
Glocester Johnston	34 79	1,500 4,305	22.67 18.35	1,500 4,500	22.67 . 17.55	9		2	3		2	• ••••
Little Compton	28	1, 150	24.35	1, 150	24.35							2
Middletown Newport	24 409	1, 457 22, 034	16.54 18.56	1,450 23,000	16.55 17.78	1 . 31 .		19	•••••	3	5	•••••
North Kingstown	72		17. 17	4,300	16.74			3	5			
North Providence	45		14.91	2,600	17.31						1	
Providence	3, 678 65	175, 597 3, 361	20, 95 19, 34	175, 597 3, 000	20. 95 21. 67	408		41	97 1	11	6 8	45 1
Warren	112	5, 108	21.93	5, 100	21.96	16 .		3				•••••
Westerly	107	7, 541	14. 19	7,541	14 19	9.		3				
South Carolina: Total	690	41,077	16.80	44, 085	15.65	60 .		16			5	2
Anderson	94	5, 498	17.10	6,000	15.67			2				
Clinton	10	1,869	5.35	2, 300	4.30		• -				3	•••••
FlorenceGaffney	92 100	4, 647 3, 937	19.80 25.40		16. 73 20. 00	13		3				******
Greenville	126	11,860	10.62	11,860	10.62	17		6			2	2
Manning Mount Pleasant	16 28	1,430 $2,252$	11. 19		10.00 12.43	1		1		·····- -		•••••
Summerville	50	2,420	20.66	2,500	20.00	11						••••
Sumter Walterboro	156 18	5, 673 1, 491	27.48	5, 673	27.48	18					-	•••••
** BIVETDOLO	10	1, 251	12.01	1,400	12.86		••••	41.				•••••

4	II.	1 4	per 0.	1	<u>+</u> + .	1		Des	ths fi	rom-		
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from a causes.	Population, U.S. Census of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
South Dakota: Total	135	16, 321	8. 27	18, 325	7.37	10		4		1	4	
Canton	14 13 19 89	1, 943 1, 319 2, 793 10, 266	9.86 6.80	2,000 1,325 3,000 12,000	9.81	1 2 7		1 1 2		1	1 1	
Tennessee: Total	2,758	128, 289	21.50	141,080	19.55	403	9	92	12	3	37	56
Athens Bolivar Chattanooga Clinton Fayettevile Murfreesboro Nashville Newbern Rockwood Shelbyville	541 11 11 101	1, 849 1, 035 30, 154 1, 111 2, 708 3, 999 80, 865 1, 433 2, 899 2, 236	24. 16 17. 94 9. 90 4. 06 25. 26	2,000 1,000 46,000 1,200 2,715 5,000 80,865 2,000 3,500 2,800	13.53 9.17 4.05 20.20 22.87 13.50 18.57	15 2 83 1 1 15 275	1 5 1 2	1 2 14 1 2 3 39 39 39 18		3	27 4	1 11 4 14 10 16
Texas: Total	394	30, 027	13, 12	36, 350	10.84	73	3	23	30	15	14	6
Bryan	90 25 35 16 20 21 25 21 43 88 10	3, 589 1, 003 2, 370 2, 483 1, 423 1, 725 2, 097 1, 153 3, 635 8, 069 2, 480	25. 08 24. 92 14. 77 6. 44 14. 05 12. 17 11. 92 18. 21 11. 93 10. 91 4 03	4,000 1,200 3,000 3,400 2,000 2,000 2,000 1,250 5,000 9,000 2,500	22.50 21.93 11.67 4.71 10.00 6.00 12.50 16.80 8.60 9.78 4.00	4	2 1	2	3 6 11 10	5 1 2 7	1 2 4 1 4 2	3 3
Utah : Total	878	66, 720	13.16	83, 546	10, 51	45	7	27	3	6	23	6
Brigham	22 21 30 63 684 28 30	2, 859 1, 534 2, 408 3, 759 53, 531 1, 494 1, 135	7.69 13.69 12.48 16.76 12.78 18.74 26.43	2, 980 1, 600 2, 436 3, 700 70, 000 1, 400 1, 430	7.38 13.12 12.32 17.03 9.77 20.00 20.98	1 33 6 4	1 5	5 1 4 14 1 2	1	1 2 3	1 11 8 3	6
Vermont: Total	2, 144	130, 475	16. 43	137, 689	15.57	167		38	9	6	30	4
Barre Barnet Bennington Berlin Berkshire Bethel Brighton Bristol Burlington Cabot Cambridge Castleton Chelsea Concord Craftsbury Dorset Essex	171 28 104 13 22 36 30 37 329 16 26 40 23 15 26 20 25	5, 656 1, 021 1, 326 1, 611 2, 023 2, 061 18, 640 1, 126 1, 606 2, 089 1, 254 1, 070 1, 129 1, 251	17. 95 17. 65 10. 66 16. 13 19. 16 18. 34 14. 07 23. 03 15. 99 16. 93	8, 033 1, 020 1, 326 1, 800 2, 000 2, 061 18, 640 1, 126 1, 700 2, 089 1, 254	16. 67 13. 89	2. 5. 1. 2. 3.		2 1 3	1	1	1	

	Ile	Cen-	on,	de .	n it e			De	aths	from-	_	
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C. sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U.S. Census. 1900.	Estimated popula-	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Vermont-Continued.							İ					
Fairfax Pairfald Fairhaven Franklin Groton Hartford Hinesburg Jericho Lincoln Ludlow Morrisville Newbury New Haven Norwich Orwell Pawlet Poultney Procter Richmond Rochester Rutland St. Albans Shaftsbury Shelburne Sheldou Shoreham Springfield Thetford Troy Underhill Vergennes Wallingford Whitingham Westminister Williamstown Wilmington Windsor	222 48 144 18 644 21 144 25 27 32 20 13 30 29 15 28 30 29 15 1855 91 10 10 10	1, 830 2, 999 1, 144 1, 058 1, 158 1, 152 2, 125 2, 125 2, 125 1, 107 1, 130 2, 136 1, 165 2, 136 1, 165 1, 173 1, 185 1, 185 1, 185 1, 193 1,) 12. (25 d) 16. (27 d) 16. (27 d) 16. (27 d) 17. (27 d	1, 830 2, 999 3 1, 300 1, 000 4, 500 1, 216 1, 465 1, 152 2, 000 2, 583 2, 000 2, 583 1, 117 1, 300 1, 300 1, 301	12.02 16.00 10.77 18.00 14.22 17.27 23.21 12.15 16.00 11.64 15.38 11.54 16.18 10.00 12.61 13.64 16.00 15.42 15.17 21.59	1 7 9 9 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		22			4	1
Virginia: Total	485	29, 487	16. 45	30, 763	15.77	59	3	11	2	1	10	2
AbingdonCulpepperFredericksburgRoanoke	12 20 75 378	5,068	9. 19 12. 36 14. 80 17. 58	2, 200 2, 000 5, 068 21, 495	5. 45 10.00 14.80 17.58		3	1 2 2 2 6	2	1	8	2
Washington: Total	1, 451	138, 106	10, 51	151,835	9.56	139	2	59		13	8	7
Aberdeen	40 10 16 34 783 413 155	3, 747 2, 121 1, 884 2, 786 80, 671 36, 848 10, 049	9.71 11.21	90,000 40, 00	10.00 3.33 8.00 12.20 8.70 10.33 14.77	3 . 1 . 2 . 64 . 41 . 28 .	2	24 24		1 1 8 2 1	1 2 2 2 2	6 1
West Virginia: Total	72	7, 099	10.14	7,500	9.60	6		3	1		10	1
Benwood Wellsburg	55 17	4,511 2,588	12. 19 6. 57	4,500 3,000	12. 22 5. 67	5 1		1 2	1		5 5	1
Wisconsin: Total	7,724	552, 404	13. 98	563, 893	13. 68	682	4	152	43	99	192	61
Algona	26 14 225 134	1,738 1,201 13,074 5,128	17.21	1, 800 1, 400 15, 000 5, 400	15.00	3 14 5	1	9 2 .	- 1	1	1 2 3	1 1

 $\mathbf{2302}$ Mortality statistics of 1,190 cities and towns of the United States, etc.—Continued.

	Ila	Cen-	ğğ.	ės .	per esti-		Deaths from—					
Cities or towns.	Total deaths from causes.	Population, U.S. C. sus of 1900.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of population, U. S. Census, 1900.	Estimated popula- tion.	Annual mortality per 1,000 of the estimated population.	Phthisis pulmo- nalis.	Smallpox.	Enteric fever.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria and memb. croup.	Whooping cough.
Wisconsin—Continued.												
Black River Falls	25	1,938								•		2
Boscobel	22	1,637	13.44	2,000					.	•]	. 1	
Grand Rapids	60	4,493	13.35	4, 497	13.34	5		. 8	3	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 2	
Chippewa Falls	151	8,094	18.66	10,000				2	2	3	3	. 2
Cumberland	13	1,328	9.79	1,600	8.50							
Darlington	36	1,808	19.97	2,000			••••	. 1		. 1		
Depere	62	4,038	15, 35	4,500								
Dodgeville	29	1,865	15.55	2,000	14.50					. 1		1
Edgerton	19	2, 192	8.67	2,000	9.50			. 2			8	
Green Bay		18, 684		23,000	12.00			7	······	. 1		
Horicon		1,376		1,500	16,00		1			. 1		
Jefferson	28	2,584	10.84	2,800	10.00					. 1		
Kaukauma	53	5, 115		5,500	9.65	7		6	1			
Kenosha	202	11,606		11,000	17.67			1				2
Kewaunee		1,773	15.23	1,800	15.00	3		2			1	
Lacrosse	381	28, 895		29,000	13.14			7	`		2	1
Lake Geneva	27	2,585	10.44	2, 885	9.36	2				1		
Lake Mills	16	1,387	11.54	1,400	11.43	_3	1	1			ļ <u>.</u>	
Manitowoc	159	11,786	13, 49	11,900	13.36	15		4		. 1	1	
Marinette	232	16, 195	14.33	16, 200	14.07	25		4	1	2	4	
Mauston	19	1,718	11.06	1,718	11.06	4						
Medford	20	1,758	11.38	1,769	11.31		····				_1	
Menasha	71	5,589	12.70	6,500	10.92	1		2			17	
Merrill	100	8, 537	11.72	9,000	11.11			3		5		
Milwaukee	4,026	285, 315	14.11	290,000	13.87	373		59		70	124	46
Mineral Point	30	2, 991	10.03	3,000	10.00	5		3	·····			·····
Monroe	50	3,927	12.73	4,000	12.50	6	1	1	•••••	 	1	
Neillsville	25	2, 104	11.88	2, 120	11.79	.7	••••	2				
Oshkosh	250	28, 284	8.84	30,000	8.33	35	••••	3		4	6	••••••
Platteville	28	3,340	8.38	3, 400	8.38	4	••••	•••••		1	3	1
Port Washington Prairie du Chien	43 23	3,010	14.29 7.12	3,500	12.29 6.76	2 3	••••	2	•••••	•••••	2 3	2
Prairie du Chien	417	3, 232 29, 102	14.33	3, 400 30, 000	13, 90	35 35	••••	10		4	4	1
Racine	31	29, 102	13 93	2,250	13.78	5 5	•••••	10	•••••	1	9	1
Reedsburg	76	4, 998	15. 21	5,000	15. 20	3	••••	6				
Rhinelander	75	3, 002	24.98	3,500	21.43	9	••••	9	•		•••••	•••••
Rice Lake River Falls	30	2,008	14.94	2,500	12.00	3	••••	•		•••••		••••••
	56	3, 555	15.75	3,555	15.75	11	••••	2	•••••	i	•••••	•••••
Sparta Two Rivers	52	3, 784	13.74	4,000	13.00	7	••••	1		1	9	•••••
Whitewater	61	3, 405	17.91	3,500	17.43	8		-			2	1
		0, 100	17.31	0,000	17. 10		==					
Wyoming: Total	196	6, 473	30.28	8, 250	23.64		2	31		· · · · · · · · ·	1	
Evanston	25	2, 110	11,85	2, 250	11.11			1				
Rock Springs	171	4, 363	39. 19	6,000	28.50	•••••	····2	30	•••••		1	
Troom obt mps		2,000	50.10	5, 550			-				1	

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BRAZIL.

Reports from Rio de Janeiro—Dr. Edward W. Ames appointed acting assistant surgeon, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, August 15, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that, in accordance with your telegram of August 3, I have assumed, beginning August 13, the day of Dr. Havelburg's departure, the duties of medical officer at this consulate.

I have the further honor to transmit herewith the official sanitary report for Rio de Janeiro for the week ended August 11. There were 382 deaths from all causes, an increase of 28 as compared with the preceding week; 4 deaths from accesso-pernicioso, a decrease of 3; no deaths from yellow fever, a decrease of 6; 54 deaths from smallpox, an increase of 12; 5 deaths from typhoid fever, a decrease of 5; 1 death from diphtheria, a decrease of 1; 2 deaths from measles, an increase of 2; no deaths from whooping cough, the same as before; no deaths from plague (lymphatitis), a decrease of 2; 3 deaths from beriberi, an increase of 3, and 65 deaths from tuberculosis, an increase of 15.

Respectfully,

EDWARD W. AMES,

U. S. Vice Consul-General, and Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, August 21, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that I have just been made United States vice and deputy consul-general (without compensation) and thus enabled to sign bills of health in person, my commission to

date from August 13.

I have the further honor to transmit herewith the official sanitary report for Rio de Janeiro for the week ended August 18. There were 335 deaths from all causes, a decrease of 47 as compared with the preceding week; 7 deaths from accesso pernicioso, an increase of 3; 2 deaths from yellow fever, an increase of 2; 60 from smallpox, an increase of 6; 4 from typhoid fever, a decrease of 1; 1 death from diphtheria, the same as before; 1 from measles, a decrease of 1; 1 from whooping cough, an increase of 1; 5 deaths from plague (officially classified as lymphititis), an increase of 5; 1 death from beriberi, a decrease of 2, and 48 deaths from tuberculosis, a decrease of 17.

Respectfully,

EDWARD W. AMES,

U. S. Vice Consul-General and Acting Asstant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Plague in Rio de Janerio.

[Cablegram.]

RIO DE JANERIO, BRAZIL, September 30, 1901.

Plague is now present in Rio.—AMES.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize—Fruit port.

Belize, British Honduras, September 15, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and trans-

actions at this port during the week ended September 14, 1901:

Population, according to census of 1901, 9,114; present officially estimated population, 9,114. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, 5. Prevailing diseases, malarial in character. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: September 13, steamship *Managua*; crew, 17; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none; steamship *S. Oteri*; crew, 35; passengers from this port, 2; passengers in transit, 18; pieces of baggage disinfected, 4. September 14, steamship *Bergenseren*; crew, 17; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none;

pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

J. GREY THOMAS, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CANADA.

Inspection of immigrants at Quebec for the week ended September 21, 1901.

QUEBEC, CANADA, September 21, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended September 21 there were inspected 304 immigrants; passed, 301; detained, 3; cause of detention, hernia, 2; trachoma, 1.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CHINA.

Plague in Canton and vicinity diminishing.

[No. 123.]

CANTON, CHINA, August 5, 1901.

SIR: In further continuation of my No. 118 concerning plague conditions in this consular district, I have the honor to report as follows: The plague has almost entirely disappeared from Canton, and the

The plague has almost entirely disappeared from Canton, and the hospital boats for the treatment of plague patients have been transferred from their moorings in the Pearl River, above the French Folly and opposite to Canton, to temporary stations below the leper village.

There are no reports, official or otherwise, of new cases either at Hanam or Fa Ti, and it is safe to assume from encouraging reports just to hand, that the epidemic is fast disappearing from the district of

Swatow and its immediate vicinity.

The Rev. Rees F. Edwards, of the American Presbyterian Mission, whose communication from Lien Chow, under date of June 22, 1901, has just been received, writes that "thus far, no case of bubonic plague is noted here. It has been the experience of foreigners here that there have been none prevalent in this region, and no history of any, except an occasional case from Canton or vicinity."

Respectfully,

ROBERT M. McWade.
United States Consul.

Hon. Assistant Secretary of State.

COLOMBIA.

Report from Bocas del Toro—Fruit port.

BOCAS DEL TORO, COLOMBIA, September 18, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended September 17, 1901:

Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week. none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, 15. Prevailing diseases, malarial fevers. The 15 deaths above noted as being "from other causes," is the number killed in an engagement between the Colombian Government forces and the revolutionary party on September 14, 1901, at Old Bank, about 2½ miles from Bocas del Toro. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, fairly good. There has been an increase of malarial fever during the past week. It is quite difficult to state the exact condition, owing to the exodus of the people due to the unsettled condition of affairs existing at this point. There has been an additional force of about 150 Government troops brought here from other parts of Colombia, but all have seemed in good condition. Yesterday I learned that all had been removed to Colon, with the exception of about 20.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: September 11, steamship *Harald*; crew, 19; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none. September 15,

steamship Stillwater; crew, 27; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

PAUL OSTERHOUT,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CUBA.

Reports from Cienfuegos, Casilda, and Santa Cruz del Sur.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, September 23, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit the following report for the district under my command for the week ended September 21, 1901: Fourteen deaths have occurred in this city; of these 4 occurred in the civil hospital. No contagious diseases reported. Following shows causes of death: Tuberculosis, 4; pernicious fever, 2; tetanus, infantile, 1; trismus, infantum, 1; athrepsia, 1; old age, 1; pneumonia, 1; insufficiency, mitral, 1; puladism, 1; congenital debility, 1. Death rate per 1,000 inhabitants, 18.25. Eight vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique; 3 vessels admitted without inspection; 3 vessels disinfected prior to departure; 14 bills of health were issued; 13 alien steerage passengers were inspected and allowed to land; 3 health certificates were issued passengers for the United States; 8 pieces of baggage were disinfected, destination, Galveston, and 1 piece of baggage was inspected and passed, destination, New York.

Casilda.—Acting Asst. Surg. Alejandro Cantero reports 3 deaths in the city of Trinidad. No contagious diseases reported. Seven vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique, and 5 bills of health issued.

No alien steerage passengers landed at that port.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan R. Xiques (report being made by Dr. P. M. Quevedo, Acting Assitant Surgeon Xiques being on leave of absence), reports 1 death at that port during week ended September 7, 1901. No contagious diseases reported. Four vessels inspected and passed, granted pratique, and no bills of health issued. No alien steerage passengers landed at that port.

Respectfully,

E. F. NUNEZ, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Inspection of immigrants at Cienfuegos for the week ended September 21, 1901.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, September 23, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended September 21, 1901. September 15, steamship *Miguel M. Pinillos*, from Genoa, Spanish ports, and Canary Islands, with 11 Spanish immigrants. September 17, steamship *Adalia*, from Liverpool, West Indies, and South American ports, with 2 Colombian immigrants. Total, 13.

E. F. NUNEZ,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Havana—Yellow fever at Santiago.

HAVANA, CUBA, September 23, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of the first quarantine district of the island of Cuba for the week ended September 21, 1901:

The yellow fever report for the city of Havana for the week shows 3

cases and 2 deaths.

On the 20th instant Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf reported by wire that the English tramp steamer *Ethelbryhta* had arrived at Santiago the day previous with 3 of the crew sick and 1 death during the voyage. One of the sick men died the night of arrival and the necropsy showed unmistakable yellow fever. I obtained the temporary use of the army yellow fever camp and hospital, situated opposite the city of Santiago, for isolating and treating the sick, and Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf was directed to place one of his assistants in charge, with cook and necessary attendants. On the 21st instant Assistant Surgeon Von Ezdorf wired that 9 patients would be transferred to the camp that day.

On the 21st instant P. A. Surg. G. M. Guitéras reported from Matanzas

a suspicious case of yellow fever-origin, Havana.

Acting Asst. Surg. F. E. Menocal reports that no third-class passengers or immigrants were examined by him for passage for any port in the island of Cuba not connected with the city of Havana by rail.

Batabano.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Campos reports having inspected 5 vessels on arrival and issued 5 bills of health during the week.

I inclose the mortuary and other statistics for the week.

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer for the Island of Cuba.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U.S. Marine Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Summary of transactions for week ended September 21, 1901.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

Passengers inspected	60
HARBOR DEPARTMENT.	
Crews on incoming vessels inspected Passengers on incoming vessels inspected Crews on outgoing vessels inspected Passengers on outgoing vessels inspected Immigrants inspected Immigrants recommended to be detained for further investigation Vaccination certificates issued	655 815 335 224 8
SHORE DISINFECTING PLANT.	
Baggage disinfected. Express disinfected. Freight disinfected. Baggage inspected and passed. Express inspected and passed. Freight inspected and passed.	3 25 662 33 1, 280
To be disinfected	9 504

DISINFECTING STEAMER SANATOR.

Cargo vessels disinfected		2
Cargo vessels partially disinfected		1
Cargo vessels being disinfected		2
Fishing vessels disinfected		1
Baggage and dunnage disinfected		52
Passengers and members of crew inspected .	9	
TRISCORNIA DE	TENTION CAMP.	
Nonimmune passengers detained in quarant	ine 3	9
No cases of sickness occurred during the	stay of these passengers.	
MORTUARY	REPORT.	
Tuberculosis 11	Yellow fever	2
	Pneumonia	
Enteric fever 3		
Pernicious fever 1		

Inspection of immigrants at Havana for the week ended September 14, 1901.

HAVANA, CUBA, September 14, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended September 14, 1901:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Sept. 8 Sept. 9 Do Do Sept. 10 Sept. 11 Sept. 12 Sept. 14	Steamship Esperanza	New Orleans	20 16 4 44 4
	Total		102

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Inspection of immigrants at Havana during the week ended September 21, 1901.

HAVANA, CUBA, September 21, 1901.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended September 21, 1901:

Date.	Name.	Where from.	No. of immi- grants
Sept. 15	Steamship Buenos Aires	Vera Cruz	56 - 64 - 18 - 2 - 18 - 14 - 18
	Total		224

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, September 24, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended September 21, 1901:

Matanzas.—Sixteen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 18.43 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis, 4; heart disease, 3; eclampsia, 2; enteritis, 1; congenital debility, 1; senility, 1; other causes, 4. Two cases of diphtheria were reported. Two vessels were inspected and passed on arrival and 3 vessels passed without inspection. Four bills of health were issued to vessels leaving this port. One health certificate was issued to a person leaving the island. One piece of baggage was inspected and passed.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 10 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week of the following causes: Tuberculosis, 2; tetanus, infantile, 2; bronchitis, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; meningitis, 1; other causes, 3. Two vessels were inspected and passed and 12 vessels passed without inspection. Twelve bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port. The death rate during the week was 21 per 1,000. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported.

Îsabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that during the week ended September 14, 1901, 12 deaths occurred in the municipal district of Sagua of the following causes: Tuberculosis, 5; senility, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; pernicious fever, 1; infectious enteritis, 1; other causes, 3. The death rate during the week was 29.34 per 1,000. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. One vessel was inspected and passed on arrival and 9 vessels passed without inspection. Seven bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port. During the week ended September 21, 1901, he reports as fol-

lows, viz, 8 deaths occurred of the following causes: Tuberculosis, 4; nephritis, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; other causes, 2. The death rate during the week was 19.56 per 1,000. No case of infectious or contagious character was reported. Ten vessels arrived during the week and were passed without inspection. Fourteen bills of health were issued to vessels leaving the port.

Caibarien.—No report has been received.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

P. A. Surg. G. M. Guitéras reported on September 21 as follows: "Suspicious case of yellow fever reported to-day, origin Havana."

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN,

Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer for the Island of Cuba.

The Surgeon-General, U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, Gibara, and Baracoa.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, September 16, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer of the island of Cuba, I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended September 14, 1901: Six vessels arrived at this port and 7 bills of health were issued. There was 1 death, from entero-colitis. The sanitary condition is good.

Puerto Padre.—Reports show the arrival of 3 vessels, the issuance of

3 bills of health, no deaths, and good sanitary condition.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 8 vessels, the issuance of 8 bills of health, 3 deaths—1 tetanus, 2 meningitis, and good sanitary condition.

Baracoa.—Reports show the arrival of 5 vessels, the issuance of 4 bills of health, good sanitary condition, and 5 deaths—1 from parturition, 1 cholera infantum, 1 entero-colitis, 1 tuberculosis, and 1 malarial fever.

No quarantinable disease is reported at any point in the district.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL, U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, September 23, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for the island of Cuba, I have the honor to transmit the following report for the week ended September 21, 1901: Ten vessels arrived at this port during the week and 9 bills of health were issued. There was 1 death from pulmonary tuberculosis. The weather was very warm and cloudy, without much rain. The sanitary condition of the town is good.

Gibara.—Reports show the arrival of 9 vessels, the issuance of 8 bills

of health, 1 death, tetanus, and good sanitary condition.

Baracoa —Reports show the arrival of 4 vessels, the issuance of 7 bills of health, and 7 deaths—1 dentition, 1 pulmonary tuberculosis, 1 malarial fever, 1 rheumatism, 1 convulsions, and 2 cholera infantum.

No quarantinable disease is reported at any point in the district.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

A case of yellow fever at Trinidad.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, October 1, 1901.

Case yellow fever Trinidad this division.—NUNEZ. The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ENGLAND.

Reports from London.

LONDON, ENGLAND, September 18, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that since my last report to you there has been a considerable increase in the number of cases of small-pox occurring in the city of London, the total number since the middle of July being 211 cases. For the week ended the 14th instant there were 9 deaths as against 7 in each of the two preceding weeks.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LONDON, ENGLAND, September 21, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to state that the health of the British Isles in general remains satisfactory, the only disease worthy of note being small-pox in London. There were, on the 19th instant, 151 cases of small-pox under treatment and 3 new cases were reported yesterday. The epidemic is practically confined to three boroughs of the city, and in one of these, at least, there is a rather large percentage of unvaccinated children.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin—Malaria in east Prussia.

BERLIN, GERMANY, September 13, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit copy and translation of an item in the Lokal-Anzeiger of September 12 (evening edition), regarding malaria in east Prussia.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. MASON, United States Consul-General.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

"A malaria center in east Prussia.

"The German Weekly Medical Journal (Deutsche Medicinische Wochenschrift) published an article by the district surgeon of Benkheim, Dr. Ezygan. The doctor describes 8 cases of typical malaria, all from the flooded districts of Goldap and Augerburg. An examination

of the blood showed all the cases to be malarial sickness and their occurrence was demonstrated to be due to bites from gnats. Dr. Ezygan recommends, in this connection, a thorough investigation and study of local malaria, and the regulation of the river courses in that district."

GUATEMALA.

Reports from Livingston—Fruit port.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, September 12, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and trans-

actions at this port during the week ended September 5, 1901:

Present officially estimated population, 3,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, none. Prevailing diseases, malarial. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: September 10, steamship *Managua*; crew, 17; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none. September 12, steamship *Bergenseren*; crew, 17; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

W. K. FORT,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, September 19, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and trans-

actions at this port during the week ended September 19, 1901:

Present officially estimated population, 3,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, none; prevailing diseases, malarial. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bill of health was issued to the following vessel: September 9, steam-

ship Esther.

Respectfully, W. K. FORT,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General, U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Report of the Hawaiian Territorial board of health on plague in Honolulu in June and July, 1901.

Honolulu, H. I., September 10, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a report from the Hawaiian Territorial board of health on the cases of plague which occurred at

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this place from June 6 to July 16, inclusive. These cases were reported by this office to the Bureau as they occurred, together with all of the

particulars obtainable at the time.

The board of health has tried to trace the origin and course of the infection and the inclosed report shows the result of their work, and also the small amount of information they were able to obtain from these people, who resent being questioned on health matters and who give misleading answers if they give any at all. The group of cases, 7 in all, from May 31 to July 17, inclusive, is recorded on a city map, and these foci will be carefully watched for a further recrudescence of plague when the rainy season begins.

For the past sixty days there has been very little rain, and a correspondingly large percentage of sunshine. The exact bearing these conditions have had on the cessation of the disease is not known, but in any event the advent of the rainy season will enable us to draw deduc-

tions of great interest and value.

Respectfully,

L. E. COFER,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer, Hawaii.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Bacteriology of bubonic plague in Honolulu.

Honolulu, H. I., June 30, 1901.

SIR: By direction of the board of health, through its executive officer, the following is submitted as a report upon the bacteriological investigations in connection with 4 recent cases of bubonic plague occurring in Honolulu:

It is an encouraging feature that no existing causative relation has been discovered between these cases and the single reported case of March 29, a fact which commends the thoroughness of the disinfecting and other prophylactic measures then employed. While it is impossible to state whether the retent cases were due to a fresh importation of the infection from the Orient, or simply a slight recrudescence of the local epidemic of 1900, the probabilities, judging from the experiences of other infected cities, point to the latter.

Through whatever avenue the disease gains access to a community, its specific cause, since its discovery in 1894, has been many times scientifically demonstrated to be the bacillus pestis bubonicæ, and only upon the recognition of the presence of this bacterium at the present time, the world over, is an absolute diagnosis made. The past few years have seen a vast amount of study and research expended in this direction, as demanded by its importance; since upon its advent in a community, the suspicions roused by the clinical aspects of the case demand, with the greatest practicable expedition, their confirmation or denial. Owing to the momentous problems involved concerning not only the saving of human lives, but the commercial, industrial, and social well-being of the community at large, the bacteriologist has had put upon him heavy responsibilities, which, in turn, have stimulated him to his best efforts, so that, to day, the literature of the subject is no longer meager; and constantly improving methods of technique are tending more and more to render his work invaluable.

In our series of 4 cases, opportunity was afforded the department for the observation of 2 of the patients during one and two days, respecOctober 4,1901 2314

tively, before death, whereby the clinical features could be carefully studied and noted. In one of these two cases, I had an opportunity of obtaining by aspiration, serum from a bubo direct, by which a positive diagnosis was established some twenty-eight hours before death. I have been highly gratified by the fact that in each of the 4 cases, my observations have entirely confirmed the most recently published researches in other infected cities, notably Hongkong, Sydney, and San Francisco.

Considerable misapprehension evidently exists in the mind of the medical profession regarding the "bipolar staining" which has come to be a sort of universal catchword in discussing the characteristics of the bacillus of plague. I find that it is quite generally understood that the tingibility of the individual element is confined exclusively to the two ends, and that a bacillus not showing this peculiarity is regarded with doubt and suspicion. This is a mistake. In the hanging drop unstained preparation the protoplasm of the element is seen to be densely aggregated at each end and gradually thinned, so to speak, toward the center of the rod, at which point it seems comparatively fluid or watery. The absorption of the stain being directly as the density of the cellular content, its appearance would naturally justify the statements of the earlier observers of three or four years ago, that "the

bacillus has usually the appearance of a diplococcus."

The latest and most authoritative utterances on the subject, however, declare that the bacillus shows a marked tendency to bipolar staining and this characteristic is a prominent diagnostic feature, but not by any means the only one. In fact, Tidswell, of Sydney, after a most elaborate and exhaustive study of 303 cases in the recent epidemic in that city finds that while it is not uncommon to find individual elements taking the stain only in a narrow band at each end, there are others which stain uniformly throughout the entire length, but that by far the great majority occupy a mean distance between these two extremes, namely, full stain at the poles, light or absent in the center. This is the true import of the so-called bipolar staining. Other characteristics of the bacillus, besides that of its peculiar staining, are of the utmost importance upon a closer acquaintance; its varying length, its uniform breadth, the shape of its ends, its cultural behavior in the growth and form of its colonies, its possible involution forms, and other important features, all of the greatest interest and value; but to have a theoretical mental picture of a plague bacillus and expect every element to conform to it in size, shape, and stain will be as disappointing as to expect every leaf on a given tree to be precisely the same shape and tinge or to expect in each individual in a basket of any given fruit, the same unvarying size and shape.

In our series of 4 cases I have been most fortunate in obtaining in each case direct from glands and spleen, cover slip smear preparations teeming with bacilli which showed their distinctive characteristics at first glance; but it is to be remembered that each of the 4 cases in its clinical aspects was well developed, marked, and typical. In an epidemic, this is not always the case—as for instance, the San Francisco federal commission state in their admirable report as published by the U. S. Marine-Hospital Service (Public Health Reports, pp. 801 and 816 inclusive), that they found a little Chinese girl dead at No. 747 Sacramento street, in whom "no external signs of plague were visible," yet the bacillus was demonstrated in her spleen, and from this organ a guinea pig was inoculated and died in four and a half days with plague, the viscera showing "enormous numbers" of the bacilli. The well-marked and typical cases present no great diagnostic difficulties either to the clinician or to the bacteriologist. It is the

constant possibility of the more obscure and masked cases which demand the constant unremitting vigilance of both observers.

The following notes are furnished in addition to the usual reports made upon each and every post-mortem examination at the govern-

mental morgue:

Case 1.—During the forenoon of May 30, I accompanied Dr. Pratt to the bedside of Man Sing, on Hustace street, and with a sterilized instrument, aspirated a large bubo found in the right inguino femoral region, with the point of the needle well within the substance of a greatly inflamed and swollen gland, succeeded in withdrawing a few drops of blood-stained serum from which several cover slip smears were prepared and implantations made upon slants of nutrient agar-agar and coagulated blood serum, which were placed in the incubator at 37° C. An immediate examination of the smears showed great numbers of the Immediately after the necropsy, at 5 p. m. on the following day, additional smears were made from glands and spleen and additional tubes planted and placed in the incubator at body temperature. All of the tubes followed the regular typical routine, showing in the course of a few days the usual colonies of plague bacilli in every tube, while in some of them there also developed colonies of the usual pyogenic bacteria, chiefly the staphylococcus pyogenes.

Case 2.—Ah Loy; necropsy performed at 10.30 a.m., June 4, and immediately thereafter smears were made from glands and spleen and some half dozen tubes planted and placed in the incubator. The smears all confirmed the clinical suspicion of plague, the bacilli being present

in large numbers.

Case 3.—Gosoburo Mazuki; necropsy at 3 p. m., June 6, smears from glands and spleen all contain B. pestis; tubes planted from glands and spleen.

Case 4.—Gang Moon; necropsy at 11.45 p. m., June 10, followed at once by preparation of smears and planting of tubes, the latter being immediately placed in the Incubator. The smears on examination all

showed large numbers of the B. pestis.

Although in every case a clear diagnosis was established direct from the tissues, it was deemed advisable to supplement the findings with animal inoculations, a measure indispensable and imperative where any doubt exists as to the nature of the disease or the character of the bacteria found.

Laboratory rat No. 5: Was hypodermatically injected on June 5 in the sacral region with 1 cubic centimeter of sterilized water rendered turbid by addition from a five days' growth on agar, implanted from the spleen of Man Sing. On the following day he began to show signs of indisposition, and for two or three days thereafter seemed very ill as shown by his ruffled coat, inactivity, loss of appetite, etc., with evidently a high fever, as he drank an inordinate amount of water. By the fourth day he seemed brighter and more sprightly, continuing to improve until he was completely recovered. A subsequent examination of the colonies used in the inoculation would seem to indicate that he may have received a larger proportion of staphylococci than of B. pestis.

Laboratory rat No. 6: Was injected subcutaneously at 10 p. m., June 6, with 1 c. c. of blood-stained "juice" from the spleen of Ah Loy. He was found very ill the following morning, his symptoms increasing in intensity until he passed into a semicomatose condition and died thirty-eight hours from the time of inoculation. The necropsy showed a right conglomerate inguinal gland enlarged to the size of an average lima bean and a left axillary gland of about half the size of the former, both

surrounded by tissues infiltrated with serous exudate; the heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, and spleen intensely congested; liver large and mottled with areas of gray to slate color; spleen reddish black and enlarged in all dimensions; mesenteric glands enlarged; no fluid in peritoneal cavity. Smears from gland and spleen all show enormous numbers of

B. pestis.

Laboratory rat No. 7: Was injected hypodermatically at 3 p. m., June 15, with a c. c. of sterilized water in which had been macerated and triturated the spleen of a dead plague rat found in the vicinity of Beretania and Nuuanu streets. After passing through the various stages of indisposition and severe illness observed in the others, he was found dead on the morning of June 18. Necropsy showed right inguinal gland enlarged to 1.5 cm. long, 8 mm. wide, 5 mm. thick, surrounded by serous infiltration; spleen normal size, but almost black in color; all other organs moderately congested; liver slightly mottled. Smears were made from inguinal gland, spleen, kidney, liver, lung, and heart blood. The B. pestis was found, though few in number, in all, except kidney and lung, where it seemed to be entirely absent.

Suspicion having attached to the finding of an occasional dead rat in various localities, examinations were made upon a few sent to the labora-

tory, as follows:

Dead rat No. 1: Found in the vicinity of Nuuanu and Beretania streets; necropsy June 14. Inguinal glands on both sides very slightly enlarged; no axillary glands palpable; liver, large, mottled, congested; spleen congested; kidneys very dark red. Cover-slip smears from spleen show the B. pestis in large numbers, those from the inguinal glands, very few. 'Tubes planted from spleen—also laboratory rat No. 7 inocculated from spleen.

Dead rat No. 2: Found at Iwilei; necropsy, June 15; both inguinal and left axillary glands enlarged; liver, normal size and mottled; kidneys, rather pale; spleen, unusually large and congested. Gland and

spleen smears show B. pestis.

Dead rat No. 3: Found near Nuuanu and Beretania streets; necropsy June 17; both inguinal glands slightly enlarged; spleen unusually large and thick, and reddish black in color; all other organs moderately congested. Spleen smears show B. pestis plentiful in spleen, very few in gland.

Dead rat No. 4: Found at fertilizer works, Kewalo; necropsy June 18. Glands normal size; spleen rather large and congested; all other viscera look normal except liver, which is slightly enlarged and contains externally a single small spot of a grayish color. Microscopical examination of smears from this rat were entirely negative as regards B. pestis.

Dead rat No. 5: Found near Chaplain lane; necropsy on June 18; no enlarged inguinal glands; spleen large and very dark color; all other organs rather pale. Smears from spleen negative as regards B. pestis.

Dead rat No. 6: This rat was caught in a trap, King street near river; large, well-developed male; seems perfectly healthy; chloroformed to death and necropsy made June 18; a right axillary gland thought to be slightly enlarged; spleen small, narrow, of a delicate pinkish red; lungs pinkish white; all viscera considered normal and healthy. Microscopical examination of smears entirely negative and sterile.

Dead rat No. 7: Found on Vineyard street near Nuuanu; necropsy, June 20, small size; no inguinal or axillary glands palpable; lungs, spotted with areas of congestion; heart, very dark red; liver, large, no mottling, and of normal color; spleen, unusually small and thin, but of

very dark color, nearly black. Smears from spleen show the B. pistis. While a few are typical most of them are unusually long, with frequently

two joined together end to end.

Dead rat No. 8: This animal was a mouse, but is called "Rat No. 8," to include it in the series. Found in the neighborhood of Honolulu stock yards; necropsy, June 20. All viscera deemed about normal; spleen very small and of light pinkish red color. Spleen smears negative as regards B. pestis.

Dead rat No. 9: Also a mouse, found at Kewale government stables; necropsy, June 21; liver, mottled from grayish slate color to black; all other viscera congested, except spleen, which was very thin and small and red in color. Smears from spleen showed B. pestis certainly present,

but very few in number.

Dead rat No. 10: Found dead in a trap, Nuuanu street near Judd, and accompanied by a live one; necropsy June 26. Under sized; has a larcerated wound in right epigastrium; thought to have been attacked and killed by his companion; all viscera seen, normal; spleen, pinkish red, small, and thin; no enlarged glands. Spleen smears negative, as regards B. pestis.

Dead rat No. 11: The companion of the above, a large, well-developed, healthy looking male, savage and vicious; killed by potassium cyanide; necropsy June 26. No enlarged lymphatics; liver, spleen, and kidneys deeply congested, with first two organs unusually large. Spleen

smears negative in regard to B. pestis.

In regard to results obtained from implantations upon slants of the various culture media, without entering into repetition and uninteresting detail, it may suffice to say, that all tubes, with one or two exceptions of No. 2's, developed vigorous growths of colonies of B. pestis, but in several instances there were also found extensive colonies of pyogenic bacteria, a circumstance to be expected, as experienced in every epidemic of plague.

In concluding this report, it may be of interest to summarize what seems to me to be the latest and most authoritative facts and opinions deduced from the bacteriology of plague, gathered from various sources and from different parts of the world. It is true that on many points of lesser importance authorities still differ, and that there is yet much to learn concerning the disease, but the following, so far as it goes, may fairly be taken as a consensus of opinion among the leading investigators.

- 1. The bacillus of plague, outside of the animal body, is easily killed. Direct sunlight destroys its vitality in three to four hours. Thorough drying kills it in four days, and the temperature of boiling water in a few minutes. It is destroyed at once by a solution of corrosive sublimate of the strength of one to a thousand. A 1 per cent solution of carbolic acid or the same strength of lysol kills it in ten minutes. In ordinary tap water the bacilli die in three days and in sterilized water in eight days.
- 2. It can not enter the human body through the unbroken skin. It is not conveyed alive in the air in dust, as is the bacillus of tuberculosis. It enters the body either through slight wounds and scratches or through the medium of contaminated food or drink.
- 3. Bubonic plague is par excellence a filth disease. It thrives in dark, damp, and unsanitary surroundings, and the means for its extermination lie along the lines of good sewerage, healthful environment, with wholesome and cleanly living.
 - 4. It kills by the deadly toxins, elaborated by the bacteria over-

whelming the vital powers, and for the successful treatment of which a satisfactory remedy is not yet discovered.

Respectfully,

J. T. McDonald.

Bacteriologist.

C. B. COOPER, M. D., President Board of Health, Hawaii.

Supplementary report—Dr. J. T. McDonald, bacteriologist.

Honolulu, H. I., September 4, 1901.

SIR: Since my last special report to the board on 4 cases of bubonic plague occurring in Honolulu, I have made 3 additional suspicious necropsies, and the following notes embody the bacteriological findings in connection therewith. They are to be regarded as supplementary to

my post-mortem reports on the several cases already on file.

John Ili.—On June 25 at 2 p. m., at the morgue, I performed a necropsy on the body of John Ili, at the close of which I dissected out from the right inguinal region a firm conglomerate gland 2 by 3 by 1½ inches in size which I found surrounded by a large area of bloody serous infiltration. From a section through the center of the mass I made a number of cover-slip smears. I also made several from a section of the spleen, using instruments previously sterilized for the purpose. All these were stained with dilute Ziehl's carbol-fuchsin, which in my hands has proved more satisfactory than any other. Every one, without exception, showed the presence of the bacillus pestis, in numbers not so large as in some other cases, but amply sufficient, together with their morphology, etc., to establish their identity beyond the shadow of a doubt.

Laboratory rat No. 8: Was injected in the sacral region with half a cubic centimeter of bloody serum from the gland and its surrounding tissues.

Souichi Ogawa.—On July 5, at 9 a.m., I aspirated a left inguino-femoral bubo of Souichi Ogawa in his room, Hotel and Kekaulike streets, obtaining a few drops of blood-stained serum which I examined within half an hour, and found the bacillus pestis in large numbers. The patient died at 9 p. m., on the evening of the following day, and I performed a necropsy on his body at the morgue at 11 p. m. The bubo was dissected out; smears were made from a section in the interior of the inflamed gland, and also from the spleen. While all showed the B. pestis, those from the spleen in this case were more abundant. All were characteristic and typical.

Laboratory rat No. 9: Was injected in the sacral region with "juice" from the bottom of a beaker containing the gland and a piece of spleen.

John Pio.—At 5 p. m. on July 17 I aspirated a large bubo in the left inguino-femoral region of John Pio at his residence on Queen street near South and obtained a few drops of blood-stained serum from which smears were prepared at once and examined, all showing the B. pestis, but rather few in number. He died four hours later and the necropsy was made at 11.45 p. m. Smears from the spleen contained rather few of the B. pestis, but those from the gland section showed the bacilli in enormous numbers. Comparing the latter slides with those made from the aspirated serum, it would seem that the point of the needle had not properly entered a gland during aspiration, which was done under somewhat unfavorable conditions, the patient being wildly delirious and in constant motion. All slides from the gland of this patient were

remarkably satisfactory on account of the vast numbers of the bacilli

present and their typical, characteristic features.

Laboratory rat No. 8: Injected from John Ili, died in three and a half Both spleen and glands showed the B. pestis; slides from the spleen, containing many so-called involution forms, increased in length and frequently forming chains of three or four.

Laboratory rat No. 9: Injected from Souichi Ogawa, soon became very ill and lived only twenty four hours. Necropsy showed right inguinal gland as large as a small bean; no other glands palpable; the tissues surrounding the right inguinal gland are deeply infiltrated with bloody serum; all viscera intensely congested, but the spleen is disappointingly small, being about normal size, although reddish black in color. All slides made from gland and spleen smears show B. pestis rather plentiful.

J. T. McDonald, Bacteriologist.

H. C. Sloggett, M. D., President Board of Health.

"Report on case of Gosaburo Mazuki.

On June 6th, about 1.15 p. m., Dr. I. Katsuki called at the board of health office and reported the case of a Japanese who had died in Ishisakis' tenement house, just off South street and makai of the extension of Halekauwila. He regarded the case as suspicious and would not give a death certificate. He outlined the following history:

Patient's name, Gosaburo Mazuki; age, 24 years; a native of Fuku-

woka Ken, Japan; profession, laborer.

The patient was first taken sick on June 3, in his room, after returning from work. I was called June 4 and saw the patient in bed. He was perfectly conscious, and said that he was suffering from some headache and had vomited several times. His temperature was 102.4° F. and his pulse was about 95. His tongue was slightly coated at the base and the center, and red at the margin and tip. Heart and lungs normal. Spleen slightly enlarged. I left some antipyretic powders and left the Next day about 5 p. m., I made a visit and found the patient's general condition much improved. Temperature, 99.4° F.; pulse, 85; tongue improved. He told me he felt a great deal better than at the time of my first visit, but complained of tenderness and pain at one of the lower chain of the left inguinal glands. On examination I found the gland quite swollen and tender on slight pressure. I asked him if he had had any venereal disease before and he said he had had a chronic gonorrhea. I did not examine his urine, as he could not pass any water at the time.

Next morning, June 6, I was suddenly called out at about 11.30 a.m., and found the patient already dead. I have learned from his friend who had been nursing him that he was quite delirious during the previous night and suffered considerable pain in his swollen gland.

I informed Dr. Katsuki that I would under the circumstances order

a post-mortem.

I went at once to see Dr. Cooper, president of the board of health,

and outlined the following plan which he approved:

- 1. Hold the post-mortem and make smears from gland, and if anything suspicious was found, quarantine the place with guards temporarily until the names, sex, and ages of all the people who lived in the house could be obtained.
- 2. Order them all to report each day at a certain hour for examination for fifteen days.

3. Close and seal the room where the man died until the place could be fumigated and disinfected.

4. Disinfect and fumigate the entire building, closets, and ground

under and around building.

At 3 p. m. a post-mortem was held at the morgue and afterwards smears were made from the gland and spleen. At 4 p. m. Dr. McDonald reported to me that he had found a bacillus in the specimens which had all the peculiar staining properties and general morphology which differentiate it from other bacteria and mark it as the bacillus pestis.

Upon receipt of this report I at once directed C. Charlock to get 3 men from the deputy high sheriff and surround the house and get all the names, ages, and sex of all occupants of the house and order them to report there to me at 5 p. m. each day until further notice. Seal the door and windows of the room where the man died and allow nothing to be removed. I made arrangements with Dr. Cofer, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service, to have the body cremated at Quarantine Island.

At 8 p. m. Charlock reported that he had done as directed and

furnished me with list of names.

In the morning started in fumigating. Made all the people hang up their clothes and effects on lines. Then each room was fumigated with formaldehyd gas, particular attention being paid to the room where the man died. The entire lodging house was left closed until the next morning, the people sleeping in lodging houses in the vicinity.

June 8, opened up all the rooms and removed clothing and effects and then sprayed the entire building inside and out and underneath and

around the house with a 1-500 bichloride solution.

June 9, made the owner of building whitewash the entire inside of

house before people returned, and later paint the outside.

For the entire fifteen days I saw the people every day at 5 p. m. and no case of sickness developed.

The following is the list of people kept under surveillance in the case of Gosaburo Mazuki, all residing in Ishisaki lodging house:

Коош Мо.	Name of inmate.	Nation- ality.	Sex.	Age.	June 7.	June 8.	June 9.	June 10.	June 11.	June 12.	June 13.	June 14.	June 15.	June 16.	June 17.	June 18.	June 19.	June 20.	June 21.	June 22.
	X Ishisaki Lee Yin Fun Tai	Chinese do	M. F.	33 43 16	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	Ρ.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P.	P. P. P.	. P.
10	Ah Chong On Gow Ah Moe	do do do	M. F. M.	30 10 6	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P.	Ρ.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P.
11a	Ah Seu Sika		F. F.	32	P. P.		P. P.	P. P	P. P.		Ρ.	P.	Ρ.	P.	P.		P. P.		P.	
12	Murakami Taki	do	M. F	36 38	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P.	P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.
13	Fugita	do	M. M. M.	35 38 31	P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.
	Kechi Matsuyo Koray	do	F. F. M.	31 11 9	P. P. P.		P. P. P.	P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P- P. P.	₽.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.
14 a	Okuma Koga	do	M. M.	35 25	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.
14	Yoshida Huratani Kamamoto	'do	F. M. M.	33 40 25	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.
15	Koma	do	F. M.	22 25	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.
16	Natsu Akamatsu Turu	do	F. M. F.	22 27 29	P. P. P.	P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	Ρ.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.
	Hatsu Meos hi	do	F. M.	b 3 39	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.		P. P. P.	P. P.
17 18	Toyo Seyo and baby Nishimura	do	F.	36 29 28	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	Ρ.	P. P.	P. P. P.
	Tatsu Dehai Tominaka	do	F. M.	23 c.14 39	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P	P. P. P.		P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.
19	Tomo	do	F. M.	35 31	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.	P. P.
	Turu Takenaka Maki and baby	do	M.	30 27 20	P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P.		P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.	P. P. P.

a Empty.

b Three months.

c Fourteen months.

Post-mortem report.

Post-mortem performed June 6, 1901, 3 p. m., on the body of Gosaburo Mazuki, Japanese, male, 24 years; place of birth, Japan; place of death,

off South street; duration of last illness, three days.

General appearance.—Body of a well-developed and well-nourished Japanese, 5 feet, 2 inches long. Rigor mortis firm. Hypostatic lividity well marked on back and slight on anterior aspect where there is tendency to mottling. No wounds or signs of violence. On turning body, a dirty fluid flows from mouth and nose; pupils slightly dilated; plaster on back; no scars or identifying marks. On inspection left inguinal region judged to be rather full and swollen; on palpation, the glands are felt to be considerably enlarged with surrounding tissues infiltrated. One or two right inguinal glands slightly enlarged. On opening body, all organs in normal relations and body still warm.

Heart.—Slight excess of pericardial fluid. Organ about normal size; right ventricle full of black clots; pulmonary valves and artery healthy; right auricle full of black clots; tricuspid valve healthy; black clots in left ventricle; mitral valve, aortic arch and valve healthy; entire myocardium somewhat paler than normal.

*Lungs.—Left: No pleuritic or effusion; surface of entire organ dark purplish color; diminished crepitation; section shows a blood stained serous exudation in all parts; entire lung engorged. Right: No adhesions; no exudation; organ full and large; color same as left; excessive serous (bloody exudation in all parts on section; beginning consolidation in lower lobe).

Intestines.—No periteneal fluid; mesenteric glands enlarged; appen-

dix normal. Entire tract of normal aspect.

Kidneys.—Left: Normal size; capsule strips easily; cortex thin;

section paler than normal. Right: Same as left.

Glandular system.—Spleen: Normal size and color, moderately firm; section paler than normal. Liver: Slightly increased in size; section rather pale.

Remarks.—Inguinal glands dissected out for microscopical study;

also piece of spleen saved.

Present, executive officer, Dr. Pratt; also Drs. Bahrenburg and Wilson of the U. S. Marine-Hospital Service. Post-mortem performed by J. T. McDonald, M. D.

Report on case of Gang Moon.

On June 10, at 7.45, upon my usual visit of inspection to the people under surveillance in the case of Ah Loy, who died on the Queen Emma Hall premises, I noticed that Gang Moon, the Chinese storekeeper, seemed to have a fever and did not look well. Decided to return later in the day and watch him. At about 10.30, just as I was about to start to see him, Dr. Kobayashi reported that he had been called to see the case, and that he was suspicious of it. I told the doctor that I would advise starting in at once with the antipest serum and would bring some to his office. Called on Dr. Cofer and got a supply of serum, and took Dr. Cofer to Dr. Kobayashi's office so that he could go with him and see the case. Then reported to Dr. Cooper.

In the afternoon put 2 guards on place to keep people from leaving.

Three were found to be away—2 at work and 1 at school.

Received telephone at 3 p. m. from Dr. Mori that patient was worse. At about 4 saw the patient. He was then delirious, and it was impossible to take temperature. Pulse very rapid and weak; hands con-

stantly seeking bubo.

Made all arrangements to send other people to Kalihi camp for quarantine. Put work of removal into hands of Charlock. Reported names and occupation of 3 missing to deputy sheriff, who at once put a police officer on in search of the parties, but he was unable to find them. At 5.30 removed all except one man to Kalihi camp and left this man to look after patient. At 7.30 found patient much worse and sinking rapidly. As man left, would not look after patient, sent him to Kalihi camp to join others, and remained with patient. At 10.30 p. m. patient died. Had body removed to the morgue at once and at 11.45 p. m. post-mortem was begun. (For report of post-mortem see Dr. McDonald's report.) Made arrangements to cremate body and this was done at 4 a. m. The 11th being a holiday, was unable to disinfect the goods left in house.

The 12th, started men at work disinfecting and fumigating. This was finished on the 14th and the goods taken to Aala warehouse for storage. Burned effects in room where Gang Moon died. The agents of the owner were seen and have promised to tear down the buildings and burn the lumber.

The people who were put in quarantine were Mong Yit, Wong Young, Wah Yin, Sing She, Ah Look, and Yau Kom. They were all bathed and their effects fumigated. Inspection of them was kept up daily until June 25 when they were released from quarantine.

From these people I learn that Gang Moon nursed and looked after the Corean, Ah Loy, who died June 4, and there is just a chance that

he have become infected from this source.

Post-mortem report.

Post-mortem performed June 10, 1901, at 11.45 p. m., on the body of Gang Moon, Chinese, male; age, about 50 years; place of birth, China; place of death, Queen Emma Hall yard; duration of last illness, fifteen hours; necropsy, performed by Dr. J. T. McDonald, assisted by execu-

tive officer, Dr. Pratt. Notes by Dr. Garvin.

General appearance.—Body of a well-developed, well-nourished male, Chinese, 5 feet, 10 inches long; rigor mortis firm about jaws and beginning in limbs; body still warm; no wounds or scars; very slight dorsal hypostasis; slight dilation of pupils. Left inguinal region is seen to be full and swollen over an area 3 to 5 inches in diameter; on palpation is found an inguinal gland enlarged to size of walnut with infiltration of surrounding tissues. On opening body, over an inch of adipose on section over abdomen.

Heart.—Slight pericardial fluid; organ seems rather small; very firm; systotic contraction in left ventricle; beginning arterio-sclerosis in aortic arch, otherwise entire organ seems perfectly healthy; no clots

whatever.

Lungs.—Nothing abnormal nor noteworthy in either.

Glandular system.—Spleen: Normal size and color; rather soft; section perhaps slightly congested; pulp slightly softened. Liver: Normal size; external surface mottled with cream colored areas, a section through which shows them extending into the substance of the organ from ½ to ½ inch.

Kidneys.—Left: About normal length, but thicker than usual and rather ill-shaped; surrounded by a mass of fat; capsule strips easily; section shows some congestion and large areas of clear fat toward the

pelvis. Right: In about the same condition.

Intestinal tract.—Shows nothing abnormal; no fluid; appendix healthy; great quantities of omental mesanteric fat; no glands observed

enlarged.

Remarks.—Inguinal gland dissected out, which, with a portion of the spleen, was saved for microscopical study.

History in case of John Ili.

On the morning of June 20 Dr. G. W. Burgess reported at the board of health office that he had a patient, John Ili, sick at relief camp No. 2, on Vineyard street. Patient had been sick five days. Had a temperature of 102.4° F., pulse 120. In right inguinal region had a well-defined bubo. No history of syphilis nor any cuts on body. Only the man's wife and a small girl in same room.

Directed him to watch the case and report to me later. Next day he reported to me that the temperature was 99.4° F. and pulse 99. On

the 22d, no new developments.

On the 23d Dr. Burgess reported that he had made an incision and opened the bubo, which had begun to suppurate.

On the 24th patient was delirious and had torn off the dressings, and

had also, contrary to directions, eaten quite heartily.

On the 25th, finding the patient much worse and not receiving proper

attention, he sent him to the Queen's Hospital.

At about 12 o'clock Dr. Cooper reported to me that while he was at the hospital a native was brought there in a hack and had died within five minutes. Upon asking the name, found it was the same man that Dr. Burgess had sent there. Dr. Cooper directed that a post-mortem and bacteriological examination be made. At 2.15 a post-mortem was held. The following is Dr. McDonald's report:

Post-mortem report.

Post-mortem performed on the body of John Ili, June 25, 1901, at

2.15 p. m. Post mortem performed by J. T. McDonald, M. D.

General appearance.—Body of a well developed and well nourished elderly Hawaiian, male, 5 feet 7 inches long; rigor mortis general; dorsal hypostasis; iron gray hair; several old scars in cervical region, evidently from suppurating lymphatics; right inguinal region swollen with greatly enlarged glands and surrounding infiltration; swelling contains an incision about an inch long from which exudes a clear serum; whole region covered with a gray unguent, evidently antiphogistine; slight purulent discharge from meatus; no enlarged glands on opposite side or in axillæ. On opening body, all organs in normal relations; nearly an inch thickness of fat in abdominal section; intestines distended with gas and rise out of abdomen.

Heart.—Pericardium contains moderate amount of bloody serum. Heart larger than normal. White clots in R. ventricle, extending into P. artery. P. artery and valves, healthy; R. auricle contains small black clots. Tricuspids, fairly normal. Great hypertrophy of L. ventricle. Small black clots in left ventricle and auricle. Mitral, fairly normal; white clots in aortic arch; arterio-sclerosis throughout; small areas of calcification; aortic semilunars, same condition as intima of the

arch. Myocardium slightly pale, soft, and friable.

Lungs.—Left: Slight adhesions; no exudation; entire lung slightly congested in most dependent portion of lower lobe, is a hard mass the size of a hen's egg, which on section shows a firm solid tumor, of a yellowish red tinge, and considered to be a syphilitic gumma. Right: Firm pleuritic adhesions; organ removed with great difficulty and consequent mutilation; pleural cavity completely obliterated. Entire lung slightly congested and contains another nodule the size of an English walnut, and of same character as first.

Kidneys.—Left: Normal size; capsule, firmly adherent; section, pale

in color, as is also the external surface. Right: Same as left.

Glandular system. — Spleen: Smaller than normal; very soft and mushy; on section, pulp almost runs. Liver: Larger than normal; external surface covered with pale mottling; section rather soft, hyperæmic.

Intestinal tract.—Normal.

Remarks.—A section into the groin shows all glands united in a hard conglomerate mass 2 by 3 by $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in size. Entire mass dissected out for further examination. Took the usual precautions in regard to

fumigation and disinfection and directed that the following persons report at 7.45 a.m. for fifteen days:

Name.	June 26.	June 27.	June 28.	June 29.	June 80.	July 1.	July 2.	July 3.	July 4.	July 5.	July 6.	July 7.	July 8.	July 9.	July 10.
Ah Fat	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P.

After the post-mortem I had the body cremated. As to the origin or source of infection in this case absolutely no clue whatever could be obtained. As the history was not as clear as in other cases, the decision was made not to make a positive diagnosis until the result of the bacteriological examinations and experiments with rats had been fully carried out.

The results of these examinations were that it was a case of bubonic plague. (See Dr. McDonald's report.)

Report on case of Souichi Ogawa.

On July 5, at about 8.30 a.m., received a call from Dr. Haida, who reported the case of a Japanese, sick at the corner of Hotel and Kekaulike streets.

Japanese had been sick since July 2, but he had only been called the afternoon of July 4. Found the patient with a temperature of 103° F.; pulse 120, with a well defined bubo in left inguinal region. No history of chancre and no cuts on body. Had called Dr. Katsuki in consultation and the both decided the case as suspicious. He requested that I visit the patient.

As soon as I could get my things together, antipest serum syringe,

etc., we started calling on the way for Dr. McDonald.

Found patient with temperature of 101.2° F. and pulse 120. After cleansing the bubo, inserted a hyperdermic needle and obtained a few drops from bubo. Returned to Dr. McDonald's office and made some smears, and, after an examination of them, decided the case was suspicious.

Returned at 10 a.m. and gave an injection of 50 c.c. antipest serum. At 4 p.m. patient's temperature 102.2° F., pulse 120; gave another

dose of 50 c. c. antipest.

Saw the patient at 8 p.m. and he did not appear as well. Temperature 103° F., pulse 120. Patient somewhat delirious. Gave another

injection 50 c. c. antipest.

July 6. Patient not as well at 9 a.m. and showed symptoms of the lungs becoming affected. The bubo somewhat softer and the surrounding tissue not as infiltrated. Temperature 104.4° F., pulse 140. Gave another injection of antipest 50 c. c.

At 12 o'clock the temperature was 103.3° F. and the pulse 128.

Was delirious.

At 4 p. m., temperature 104° F. and pulse 140. Patient rational. Gave one more injection of 50 c. c. antipest.

In the morning the pulse was very rapid and weak; started stimulation with hyperdermics of strychnia.

Saw patient again at 8 p. m. and found him delirious, so that it was

impossible to get temperature; pulse was not perceptible, and the patient was evidently dying, so remained, and at 8.30 the patient died. Ordered people not to remove anything until my return. Went at once to the undertaker to have him remove the body to morgue for postmortem. Called on Dr. McDonald to take him to the morgue to make post-mortem. Telephoned Charlock to come to the office. Notified Dr. Cofer, who came to see post-mortem. When Charlock arrived, directed him to go to the house and get names of all the people and ordered them to report at 9 a. m. the next morning for inspection. Directed him to tell them that I would have the place fumigated and disinfected the next morning. (For result of post-mortem see Dr. McDonald's report.)

Post-mortem report.

Post-mortem performed at 11 p. m., July 6, 1901, on the body of Souichi Ogawa, male. 23 years; died July 6, 1901; place of birth, Japan; place of death, Hotel and Kekaulike streets; duration of last illness, four days. Attending physician, Dr. K. Haida. Post-mortem pertormed by J. T. McDonald, M. D.

General appearance.—Body of a well-developed and well-nourished Japanese, 5 feet 2 inches long; rigor mortis well established; slight dorsal lividity; no wounds or marks of violence; no scars or other distinguishing marks; the left inguino femoral region is unduly full and on palpation is found a conglomerate swollen gland the size of an English walnut with abundant infiltration of surrounding tissues with a sodden, boggy feel. The glands and region of the opposite side are fairly normal; no enlarged axillary glands. On opening the body all viscera found in normal relations with 8 to 12 ounces of fluid in peritoneal cavity.

Lungs.—Left: No pleuritic effusion and very slight adhesions. Entire organ is congested and engorged, especially in lower lobe. Right: No adhesions or effusion and organ is in about same condition as left.

Heart.—Slight excess of fluid in pericardial sac. Both white and black clots in right auricle; no clots in other cavities; all valves, aortic arch, and myocardium healthy in appearance.

Intestines.—Enlarged mesenteric glands abundant throughout entire tract; appendix normal; nothing noteworthy in appearance of gut.

Glindular system.—Spleen: Enlarged and heavier than normal; rounded borders; pulp about normal firmness; slightly congested. Liver: About normal size; mottled with grayish areas. Section, nothing noteworthy.

Kidneys.—Left: Normal size and appearance. Capsule slightly adherent; section normal with a possible slight acute congestion. Right: About the same.

Brain and nervous system.—Head not opened.

Remarks.—Swollen gland dissected out and saved along with a piece of spleen for further examination and study.

Necropsy made by Dr. J. T. McDonald, assisted by Executive Officer Pratt, Dr. Cofer of the U. S. Marine-Hospital Service, and Dr. K. Haida, late medical attendant upon the subject. Notes by Charlock.

Charlock returned with the following list of names:

Name.	Age.	July 7.	July 8.	July 9.	July 10.	July 11.	July 12.	July 18.	July 14.	July 15.	July 16.	July 17.	July 18.	July 19.	July 0.	July 21.
Nario	40 years 24 years 24 years 30 years 35 years 26 years 24 years 21 years	P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P, P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P.P.P.P.P.P.P.P.P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.

a 24 years and 2 months.

Arranged for cremation of body, which was done about 3 a.m., the 7th. Next morning saw all the people at 9 a.m. and directed that they put up lines and hang up their clothes, and that at 11 a.m. I would return and fumigate. At 11 a.m. returned with City Sanitary Officer Tracy and corps of men. Instructed him as to what to do, following out the same lines as we had done in the other cases.

The house was of tongue and groove, and a new house, so that it was much easier than some of the others. Used formalin generator and sealed the room for twenty-four hours, the people in the meantime occupying rooms in another part of the building. Each one took a bath and put on new clothes, the clothes they had been wearing being put in the rooms to be fumigated.

In regard to the history of this man. He had formerly worked about two months ago at the Pacific Club, but since that time had worked at the New England Bakery on Hotel street, occupying a small room in this building. On the day he was taken sick he removed to where he died. In his rational moments he could give no history of seeing any rats dead or alive about the New England Bakery premises.

A dead rat was found in an adjoining yard by one of the inspectors on July 2. Upon examination this was found to be infected. It was about 100 feet from the New England Bakery proper. The room the man occupied was dark and insanitary and right near the ground. No signs of rat holes or rats were found in the room, but it was just such a place as rats would like to go. This room has also been thoroughly cleaned and renovated. The man ate at the bakery until he was taken sick, occasionally in the evenings having a feast of Japanese food with his brother.

In this case I am inclined to the theory of infection from rats or fleas rather than from any food he might have eaten.

The nearest cases of plague last year were 2 cases at the Pantheon Saloon about 150 feet from the New England Bakery, and one case on King street about 300 feet from the house he moved to.

History of John Pio.

July 16, about 11 p. m. received telephone from Secretary Charlock that he had been notified by Dr. Wayson that Dr. Hodgins had called him in consultation to see a native who was sick on Queen street, and they both made a diagnosis of bubonic plague. Temperature, 106° F., pulse, 120. And a well-defined bubo in left femoral region. Patient complained of headache and had been vomiting that day every time he ate anything.

Saw the patient at 12.30 a.m., July 17, and found temperature, 104°F., pulse, 110. Patient was delirious. Gave injection of 50 c. c. antipest serum.

July 17, at 9 a. m. Saw patient again with Drs. Hodgins and Cofer. Temperature, 102° F., pulse, 130. Pulse weak and intermittent. Gave 50 c. c. of antipest serum; also started stimulating with brandy. Gave hypodermic 1-40 of strychnia and 10 minims of digitalis.

At 1 p. m. patient had temperature of 104° F., pulse 130, and still weak notwithstanding the stimulation. Gave 50 c. c. more of antipest; also hypodermic of strychnia and digitalis. Brandy every hour.

At 5.15 patient was so much worse that decided it was of no use to

continue the injections of serum.

Returned at 7.30 p. m. and found patient much weaker and delirious. At about 8 p. m. became violent so that 2 people had to hold him. Gradually grew weaker and at 9.15 p. m. he died. Telephoned for the undertaker and had body removed to the morgue. Had Charlock seal up the house and made people take a bath and put on clean clothes that had not been in the house.

Dr. McDonald's report on the post-mortem is as follows:

Post-mortem report.

Post-mortem performed July 17, 1901. at 11.45 p. m. on the body of John Pio; male; Hawaiian; age. 27 years; died Queen street makai below South street; duration of last illuess, three days. Attending physicians, Drs. Wayson, Hodgins, and Pratt. Post-mortem performed

by J. T. McDonald, M. D. Notes by C. Charlock.

General appearance.—Body of a well-developed and well nourished Hawaiian, 5 feet, 9 inches long; no emaciation or other evidences of prolonged illness; no wounds or marks of violence; no scars or other identifying marks; slight dorsal lividity; rigor mortis firm; left inguino-femoral region as compared with the opposite side is seen to be swollen and edematous over an area of about 12 by 8 centimeters in extent; on palpation a conglomerate gland is found firm and hard, irregularly oval shaped, about 4 or 5 centimeters in length by 3 or 4 centimeters in breadth, with surrounding tissues of a boggy feel; on opening the body all organs found in normal relations and still warm.

Lungs.—Left: Firm pleuritic adhesions quite extensive; diminished crepitation in all parts; both lobes acutely congested; in a state of inflammatory engorgement; a bloody serous fluid oozing from all sections. Right: Entirely clear as regards effusions and adhesions; diminished crepitation in all parts and sections present about the same condi-

tions as notes in the left.

Heart.—No excess of fluid in pericardial sac; organ about normal size; right ventricle contains a large white fibrinous clot, also small black clots; black clots in right auricle; tricuspid healthy; pulmonary artery and valves normal; slight hypertrophy of left ventricle; no clots on left; mitral, aortic semilunars, and ascending portion of arch normal; myocardium fairly normal.

Intestinal tract.—No peritoneal fluid; appendix normal; entire gut looks normal; forgot to look for enlarged mesenteric glands until too

late.

Kidneys.—Left: Five by 2½ by 1¾ inches; capsule adherent; section

shows acute congestion. Right: In about same condition.

Glandular system.—Liver: Slightly enlarged; normal color but mottled with gray areas which on section are found to extend inward a half cen-

timeter and less. Spleen: 4\frac{3}{4} by 3 by 1\frac{1}{2} inches; about normal in color except rather pale in spots; section shows pulp firm with congestion.

Remarks.—Gland dissected out and saved, along with a piece of spleen tor further examination and microscopical study.

Body sent to the crematory after post-mortem. Ordered all the people to report at 11.30 every morning.

The following is the list of names that had to report:

Name.	July 18.	July 19.	July 20.	July 21.	July 22.	July 23.	July 24.	July 25.	July 26.	July 27.	July 28.	July 29.	July 30.	July 31.	Aug. 1.
Thomas McLain Mrs. Thomas McLain Pua Luka Malani John Beke Pio Mrs. Pio	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.	P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P. P.

July 18, started Tracy at work to fumigate the house and grounds. Used in this case sulphur fumigation and sulphuric acid and bichloride disinfection. Burned mattresses and pillows and soaked sheets, etc., in 1-300 solution bichloride, and then boiled them. House remained closed and sealed twenty six hours from time fumigation was started.

The results of the bacteriological examination are contained in the

report of Dr. McDonald.

No dead or live rats were found about the place. The man worked for T. H. Davies & Co.—in their warehouse on Richard street. His position was that of shipping clerk.

The nearest a case occurred to this place last year was distant about 800 to 1,000 feet. The general sanitary condition of the premises was

good and there was sanitary plumbing in the house.

Within the past two weeks 6 dead rats have been found in the Davies warehouse, and I am inclined to believe that it was there that the man got his infection.

General remarks.

As regards the source of infection, in all the cases I have tried to get some clue as to the possible source, but so far have met with no success. This is largely due I think to the nationality of the people. They do not seem to be able to grasp the idea of what one is trying to find out, and my experience has been that if too many questions are asked they at once become suspicious and think that you are trying to find out things so as to make trouble for them.

Man Sing was the owner of several hacks. His most intimate friends were the ones that looked after and nursed him, yet they were unable to give any idea as to his movements, where he went or what he ate. He told me before he died that he had seen no rats about the place. No dead rats were found on the premises and a careful search failed to reveal any in the entire block or in the neighborhood. The nearest place to this where a case of plague occurred last year was at the corner of South street and Kawaiahao Lane, fully 600 feet away.

In the case of Ah Loy who was found dead, the people living in the same yard professed to know nothing about the man, claiming that

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until he was taken sick they saw hardly anything of him. His occupation was that of janitor in Queen Emma Hall yard, and it might have been that in the course of cleaning up the yard he may have found some dead rats and handled them. Dead rats found to have plague bacillus were found in a yard across the street from Queen Emma Hall yard. About 20 have been found there. The nearest cases of last year were both about 250 feet distant, one a Chinaman, Nuuanu and Beretania ewa mauka corner, the other a Japanese, on Nuuanu just mauka of Beretania on the Waikiki side. As to what food he ate, no information could be obtained. No dead rats were found about the premises.

In the case of Gosaburo Mazuki no information could be obtained. The man was a carpenter and had worked all over the city. The last place he worked at was putting up a building on the ewa side of South street the second lot above Kawaiahao. This lot adjoins a lot at present vacant where last year there was a case of plague. The house on the lot was burned and the sun and air have had over a year at the ground, so that it does not seem possible that any bacilli have lived since last

year. His food was of the usual Japanese variety.

Gang Moon was a storekeeper by occupation. Right underneath his bed was a large rat hole leading down underneath the building. No dead rats were found about the place, but some live ones were heard in the ceiling the night he died. The people there could give no information as to rats or other things which would aid in tracing out the source of infection. I found out after his death that the Corean who died in another part of the house had been nursed by Gang Moon. Whether he became infected from taking care of Ah Loy or from rats or food it is impossible to say, but I am strongly inclined to the theory that he became infected from rats or from fleas from an infected rat. The floor of this building is right on the ground, so that it is impossible to tell whether or not there are any dead rats under the building until after the building is torn down which the agent of the owner expects to do shortly.

In the case of John Ili no clue whatever could be obtained. The man in charge of relief camp No. 2 informed me that he had not seen any

rats about the camp either dead or alive.

Souichi Ogawa worked at the New England Bakery and up to the time he was taken sick occupied a small room at one side of the main building. This room had no light or air and was in a very insanitary condition. The floor was right on the ground. No rats were found about the premises, but about 100 feet ewa of this a dead rat was picked up by one of the inspectors, which upon examination proved to be infected.

In the case of John Pio the source of infection could not be positively determined, but I am of the opinion that in this case we were able to

get nearer the mark than in any of the others.

In Davies & Co.'s, warehouse, where he worked, the man who was in charge informs me that for a week previous to the time Pio was taken sick they had found dead rats in the warehouse, and on the morning he was taken sick 6 were found and taken out and burned. He also informed me that previous to this time they had never found any dead ones. They had seen live rats which had so little life in them that they had no trouble in killing them. Whether Pio handled any rats or not I was unable to find out.

Quarantine transactions of the Hawaiian Islands for the month of August, 1901.

Honolulu, H. I., September 5, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the following report of quarantine transactions in the Hawaiian Islands for the month of August, 1901:

PORT OF HONOLULU.

·	
Number of vessels inspected—	
From foreign ports	15
From domestic ports	27
Number of passengers inspected—	
Cabin	1.338
Steerage	2, 073
Number of crew inspected	3, 589
Number of crew inspected. Number of sick in detention from last month	0,000
Number in detention from last month.	12
Number of sick in detention for this month.	10
Number in detention for this month	312
Number in describion for this months.	432
Number of pieces of baggage disinfected	10
Number of packages of freight disinfected	10
PORT OF HILO.	
Number of vessels inspected	3
Number of vessels inspected	23
Number of passengers inspected	23
Number of crew inspected	0
Vessels remanded	U
PORT OF KAHULUI.	
Number of vessels inspected	1
Number of passengers inspected	18
Number of crew inspected	1
Vessels remanded	ō
v esseis remainded	U
PORT OF KIHEI.	
371	_
Number of vessels inspected	0
Number of passengers inspected.	0
Number of crew inspected	0
Vessels remanded	0
PORT OF LAHAUIA.	
Number of vessels inspected	1
Number of passengers inspected	10
Number of vessels inspected	0
Vessels remanded	0
PORT OF KOLOA.	
Number of vessels inspected	0
Number of passengers inspected	0
Number of passengers inspected. Number of crew inspected.	0
Vessels remanded	0
Respectfully I. E. Corre	

Respectfully,

L. E. Cofer,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S.M. H.S., Chief Quarantine Officer, Hawaiian Islands.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HONDURAS.

Report from La Ceiba—Fruit port.

LA CEIBA, HONDURAS, September 15, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended September 14, 1901:

Present officially estimated population, about 3,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, none. Prevailing disease, malarial fever. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: September 9, steamship Breifond; crew, 15; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none. September 11, steamship Ely; crew, 20; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none. September 12, steamship Sunniva; crew, 13; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully.

R. H. PETERS. Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Puerto Cortez-Fruit port.

PUERTO CORTEZ, HONDURAS, September 17, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended September 17, 1901:

Population, according to census of 1896, 1,856; present officially estimated population, 2,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, Prevailing disease, malarial fever. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, very good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: September 11, steamship S. Oteri; crew, 35; passengers from this port, 17; passengers in transit, 4; pieces of baggage disinfected, 25. September 14, steamship Adria; crew, 15; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none; steamship España; crew, 14; passengers from this port, 3; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

Samuel Harris Backus. Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ITALY.

Report from Naples.

NAPLES, ITALY, September 16, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended September

14, 1901, the following ship was inspected:

September 12, the steamship Citta di Torino, of the Veloce Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 749 steerage passengers and 220 pieces of large baggage. Nine hundred and fourteen pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

Smallpox.

During the week ended September 14, 1901, there were officially reported at Naples 57 cases of smallpox, with 6 deaths.

Plague in Egypt.

Under date of September 9, 1901, it was reported that there were 7 cases of bubonic plague in Egypt, 4 at Mit Gamr, 2 at Alexandria, and 1 at Port Said. Since April 7, 1901, the beginning of the epidemic, there have been in all 141 cases, with 66 deaths.

Respectfully,

J. M. EAGER,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Further concerning plague in Naples.

[Cablegram.]

Naples, Italy, October 1, 1901.

Acting under your instructions. There have been 15 Naples plague since September 7.—EAGER.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MEXICO.

Report from Progreso concerning the Ethelbryhta.

PROGRESO, MEXICO, September 10, 1901.

SIR: In reply to your communication of August 24, containing a communication from Dr. Doty in regard to the death of a member of the crew of the steamship *Ethelbryhta*, upon arrival in quarantine in New York, will state that the bill of health of the *Ethelbryhta* was issued on August 14, and at that time no case of sickness of any class was aboard. The vessel did not sail until the next day on account of delay in delivery of cargo.

A supplemental bill of health was issued, as the original was issued

in Tampico.

At the time of leaving of this vessel there was the steamship *Mathilde* at the adjoining wharf, about 100 yards away, with 1 case of yellow fever aboard, as was reported in my letter of August 16.

The Ethelbryhta may have become infected in Tampico with the pre-

vailing paludic infection or might have contracted it in this port.

The steamship *Mathilde*, that had the yellow fever cases aboard while

the Ethelbryhta was in this port, also was from Tampico via Vera Cruz, and I am certain that the infection of the Mathilde was not contracted here, as the time of the beginning of the sickness was six days after arrival, while the vessel was anchored about 3 miles offshore (no member of the crew having been ashore).

Respectfully,

S. W. Hodgson. Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S Marine-Hospital Service.

NICARAGUA.

Report from Bluefields—Fruit port.

Bluefields, Nicaragua, September 19, 1901.

SIR: I have to make the following report of the conditions and trans-

actions at this port during the week ended September 18, 1901:

Population, according to census of 1894, 3,000; present officially estimated population, 4,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, 2. Prevailing diseases, mild type of malarial fever and dysentery. eral sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week has been good. The 2 deaths herein above noted occurred in this port, viz, a colored male aged 8 years, from malarial fever, and a Chinaman, aged 48 years, from abscess of liver. Twenty one inclosures ship and passenger certificates.

Bill of health was issued to the following vessel: September 13, steamship *Hiram*; crew, 15; passengers from this port, 20; passengers in transit, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, 39.

Respectfully,

WM. H. CARSON.

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Smallpox at Halifax on the schooners Thalia and Goodwin.

[Telegram.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 24, 1901.

The following telegram was received yesterday from United States consul-general at Halifax: "Schooner Thalia, 7 more cases smallpox, 1 died. Schooner Goodwin arrived, 2 cases. Schooner in quarantine; crew landed."

> DAVID J. HILL, Acting Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Another case of smallpox on the schooner Goodwin—One case also on the the schooner Essex.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 28, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you for the information of the U.S. Marine-Hospital Service, that a telegram of the 27th instant has been received from the vice-consul-general at Halifax, which reads as follows, viz, "Schooner L. M. Goodwin, 1 more case of smallpox. Schooner Essex arrived; 1 case do.; schooner in quarantine; crew landed."

Respectfully,

DAVID J. HILL,

Acting Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Report from Manila—Plague diminishing.

Manila, P. I., August 14, 1901.

SIR: I have the honer to report that the number of cases of plague shows a slight diminution for the week ended August 10, 1901, 6 cases with 3 deaths, all Filipinos, having occurred. During the same period there was 1 case of smallpox.

Respectfully,

J. C. PERRY,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S., Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Mortality of Manila for the week ended July 27, 1901.

MANII.A, P. I., August 21, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to report that 6 cases of plague with 5 deaths, distributed as follows: Chinese, 2; Filipinos, 2; Spaniards, 2, were reported in Manila for the week ended August 17, 1901. No smallpox occurred during this period, and there were 129 deaths from all causes.

Respectfully, J. C. Perry,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islands.

The Surgeon-General.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Outgoing quarantine at Manila for the two weeks ended August 17, 1901.

Manila, P. I., August 15, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to submit report of quarantine transactions of outgoing boats for the week ended August 10, 1901, as follows:

Number of vessels inspected	270 1, 249
Number of passengers inspected	

FERRIES.	
Number of ferryboats inspected	84
	924
Number of passengers inspected	7. 373

Number of vaccinations, passengers	206
Respectfully, J. C. Perry,	
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,	
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Isla	nnde .
The Surgeon-General,	rivuo.
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.	
Manila, P. I., August 23, 1	1901.
SIR: I have the honor to submit report of quarantine transact outgoing boats for the week ended August 17, 1901, as follows:	
Number of vessels inspected	43
Number of crew inspected	1,506 914
FERRIES.	
Number of ferryboats inspected	. 84
Number of crew inspected	882
VACCINATIONS (BOATS ARRIVING).	
Number of vaccinations, crew	. 18 . 256
Respectfully, J. C. Perry,	•
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,	
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Isla	mdo
The Surgeon-General,	nuo.
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.	
U. S. Marine-Hosputti Service.	
Quarantine transactions in the Philippine Islands for the month of July,	1901.
Manila, P. I., August 17, 1	901.
SIR: I have the honor to submit report of quarantine transaction	
month of July, 1901, as follows:	ma fan
	ons for
PORT OF MANILA.	ons for
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued—	ons for
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports	8
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports.	8 48
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports	8
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports.	8 48
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total. Number of vessels inspected—	8 48 226
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total.	8 48 226
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total. Number of vessels inspected— From foreign ports.	8 48 226 282 56
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total	8 48 226 282 56 201
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total Number of vessels inspected— From foreign ports. From domestic ports. Total Total Number of passengers inspected—	8 48 226 282 56 201 257
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total	8 48 226 282 56 201 257 1,144
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total. Number of vessels inspected— From foreign ports. From domestic ports Total Number of passengers inspected— Cabin.	8 48 226 282 56 201 257
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total	8 48 226 282 56 201 257 1,144 7,772 8,916
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total	8 48 226 282 56 201 257 1,144 7,772 8,916 9,634
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total. Number of vessels inspected— From foreign ports. From domestic ports Total Number of passengers inspected— Cabin Steerage. Total. Number crew inspected. Number vessels in quarantine.	8 48 226 282 282 56 201 257 1,144 7,772 8,916 9,634 1
PORT OF MANILA. Bills of health issued— To United States ports. To foreign ports. To domestic ports. Total	8 48 226 282 56 201 257 1,144 7,772 8,916 9,634

PORT OF MANILA—Continued.	
Number vaccinations— Number crew vaccinated Number passengers vaccinated	54 1,589
Total	1, 643
OUTGOING QUABANTINE.	
Number of vessels inspected	3, 867 5, 448
Number pieces of baggage disinfected and so labeled	1, 575
FERRYBOATS.	
Number of ferryboats inspected	3, 510
SUMMARY.	
Total number of vessels inspected	18, 592 1, 643 5, 046
PORT OF CEBU.	
Number of bills of health issued to foreign ports.	3
Number of vessels inspected— From foreign ports	4 78
Total	82
Number of passengers inspected—	
Cabin Steerage.	179 814
Total	993
Number of crew inspected.	2, 447
PORT OF ILOILO.	
Number of bills of health issued to foreign ports	9
Number of vessels inspected— From foreign ports From domestic ports	8 30
Total	38
Number of passengers inspected	284 1, 213
Respectfully, J. C. PERRY, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Chief Quarantine Officer for the Philippine Islan The Surgeon-General,	nds.
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.	

PORTO RICO.

Reports from Ponce.

Ponce, P. R., September 16, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for Porto Rico, I have the honor to transmit herewith the quarantine and abstract of bills of health reports for the week ended September 14, 1901. Two vessels were inspected and passed and 2 bills of health were issued during the week. According to the official reports of the board of health, the city and district are free from any quarantinable disease.

Respectfully,

W. W. KING,

Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

PONCE, P. R., September 23, 1901.

SIR: Through the chief quarantine officer for Porto Rico, I have the honor to transmit herewith the quarantine and abstract of bills of health reports for the week ended September 21, 1901; also mortality report

of the city for the month of August, 1901.

Five vessels were inspected, 3 were passed and 2 in quarantine. The Spanish steamship Cataluna, from Havana, Port Limon, Colon, Sabauilla, Puerto Cabello, and La Guayra was held in quarantine and transacted her business while at this port under guard. No passengers for this port. The French steamship St. Domingue, arrived from Port au Prince, Petit Goaive, Jeremie, Aux-Cayes, Jacmel, Santo Domingo, and Mayaguez, presented clean bills of health, and after the usual inspection of the passengers and crew the vessel was admitted to free pratique and her passengers permitted to land, disinfecting 17 pieces of baggage and 2 sacks of mail. Twenty five pieces were inspected and passed. Four bills of health were issued during the week.

The provisional flag steamship Julia arrived, disinfected as usual at Santiago. The vessel was held in quarantine to detain nonimmunes from Cuba. Passengers from Santo Domingo were permitted to land after disinfection of baggage. Twenty-eight pieces were disinfected with 1 sack of mail; 117 pieces, chiefly from Cuba, were inspected and

passed.

I have noticed 1 case of varicella (?) quarantined in the city. As so many of the physicians here use this term for varioloid, although admitting that the diseases are not identical, one can not help being suspicious of all cases diagnosed so. They serve to keep alive the smallpox infection. The case is "quarantined" by a sign and yellow flag, but no guard. The house is a small shack on a prominent street and in close proximity to the neighboring houses. There is no interference with communication between the infected house and the outside world.

This being the rainy season the streets have been quite well flushed, but the increase of malaria is noticeable on account of the breeding of mosquitoes in the numerous ponds of undrained water.

The death rate for August, 1891, shows a great difference from that

of August, 1900. It has now about reached normal.

W. W. KING,

Respectfully,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

Number and causes of deaths in Ponce jurisdiction (city, playa, and surrounding country) during the month of August, 1901.

Diseases of—		Wound	
Digestive system	57	Asphyxia	1
Respiratory system	10	Septicæmia	2
Circulatory system	8	Tetanus, infantile	
Nervous system	9	Diabetes Melitus	
Anæmia, malnutrition, inanition	11	Senile cachexia	2
Malaria	9	Dropsy	1
Tuberculosis	6		
Typhoid fever	1	Total	123
Teething	1	}	
_		1001 (*)	102
Number of deaths reported during Aug	ust,	1901 (a) 1900 (a)	691
Number of deaths reported during Aug	usi,	1901 (a)	195
Number of births reported during Aug	ust,	1900 (a)	107
Number of births reported during Aug	usi, .	1900 (a)	101

a These figures are for the city proper, the playa, and surrounding district of Ponce.

TURKEY.

Plague in Smyrna

[Copy of cablegram received over telephone from State Department, September 28, 1901, 11.15 a. m.]

SMYRNA, TURKEY, September 28, 1901.

Secretary of State, Washington.—Plague.—LANE. The SURGEON-GENERAL.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

BAHAMAS—Dunmore Town.—Two weeks ended September 15, 1901. Estimated population, 1,232. One death. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended September 15, 1901. Estimated population, 1,375. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended September 12, 1901. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended September 17, 1901. Estimated population, 12,535. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

Belgium—Ghent.—Month of August, 1901. Estimated population, 153,740. Total number of deaths, 323, including enteric fever, 5, and 54 from tuberculosis.

CANADA—Province of Ontario.—Reports to the provincial board of health, for the month of July, from 706 municipalities, having an aggregate estimated population of 2,032,667, show a total of 1,946 deaths, including diphtheria, 29; enteric fever, 18; measles, 11; scarlet fever, 7; whooping cough, 16, and 182 from phthisis pulmonalis.

FRANCE—Marseilles.—Month of July, 1901. Estimated population, 491,161. Total number of deaths, 1,062, including diphtheria, 7;

measles, 17; scarlet fever, 2; smallpox, 3, and 10 from whooping cough.

Month of August, 1901. Total number of deaths, 953, including diphtheria, 9; measles, 26; scarlet fever, 2; whooping cough 5, and 1 from smallpox.

Nice.—Month of August, 1901. Estimated population, 127,027. Total number of deaths, 146, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 1; smallpox, 2, and 28 from tuberculosis.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended August 31, 1901. Estimated population, 146,671. Total number of deaths, 129, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 2; scarlet fever, 1; whooping cough, 2, and 14 from tuberculosis.

GERMANY—Hanover.—Month of July, 1901. Estimated population, 238,760. Total number of deaths, 348, including 291 from infectious diseases.

Weimar.—Month of August, 1901. Estimated population, 29,633. Total number of deaths, 46. No contagious disease reported.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended September 7, 1901, correspond to an annual rate of 19.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,463,026. The highest rate was recorded in Gateshead, viz, 36.8, and the lowest in Bristol, viz, 9.5.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended September 7, 1901. Estimated population, 279,809. Total number of deaths, 203, including enteric fever, 3; measles, 2; scarlet fever, 1; whooping cough, 7, and 13 from tuberculosis.

London.—One thousand four hundred and seventy-one deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 13; scarlet fever, 14; diphtheria, 20; whooping cough, 37; enteric fever, 17; smallpox, 7, and diarrhea and dysentery, 271. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.9 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,117 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 16.7 per 1,000 of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 12 from diphtheria, 12 from measles, 3 from scarlet fever, 1 from smallpox, and 4 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended September 7, 1901, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 19.5 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,079,708. The lowest rate was recorded in Drogheda, viz, 4.1, and the highest in Wexford, viz, 32.7 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 154 deaths were registered, including diphtheria, 1; scarlet fever, 2; typhus, 1, and 2 from whooping cough.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended September 7, 1901, correspond to an annual rate of 17.8 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,656,525. The lowest mortality was recorded in Aberdeen, viz, 16.2, and the highest in Leith, viz, 23.4

per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 568, including diphtheria, 2; measles, 8; scarlet fever, 5, and 13 from whooping cough.

JAPAN—Formosa.—Month of May, 1901. Estimated population, 2,797,543. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from diphtheria, 1 from cholera, 1 from typhus fever, and 1,129 deaths from plague reported.

Month of June, 1901. Total number of deaths not reported. Eight deaths from typhus fever and 1,101 from plague reported.

Month of July, 1901. Total number of deaths not reported. One death from smallpox, 10 deaths from typhus, and 334 deaths from plague reported.

Nagasaki.—Ten days ended August 31, 1901. Estimated population, 131,700. Number of deaths not reported. One death from enteric fever reported.

JAVA—Batavia.—Two weeks ended August 17, 1901. Estimated population, 150,000. Total number of deaths not reported. Three deaths from cholera reported.

SPAIN—Malaga.—Month of August, 1901. Estimated population, 133,022. Total number of deaths, 317, including enteric fever, 11, and 5 from smallpox.

Valencia.—Two weeks ended September 10, 1901. Census population, 204,000. Total number of deaths, 186, including enteric fever, 1, and 7 from smallpox.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, June 28, 1901, to October 4, 1901.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service from United States consuls through the Department of State and other sources.]

[For reports received from December 28, 1900, to June 28, 1901, see Public Health Reports for June 28, 1901.]

CHOLERA.

	CHOLE	RA.		
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
india:				
Bombay	May 22-Aug. 27 May 19-Aug. 24		67	
Calcutta	May 19-Aug. 24	ļ	425	
Madras	May 18-Aug. 23		284	
Japan : Formosa, Tamsui	May 1-June 30	5	1	
Yokohama	July 14-Aug. 24	7	2	
Java:	Ully 11 11 lig. 21	1 .	_	
Batavia	June 2-Aug. 17	158	102	
Straits Settlements:				
Singapore	May 23-Aug. 3		4	
	YELLOW 1	FEVER.	,	
Brazil:		[
Pernambuco	May 17-Aug, 15		5	
Rio de Janeiro	May 15-Aug. 18	***********	61	
Colombia:	May 10 Mag. 10		J	
Bocas del Toro	June 26-Aug. 21	10	1	
Costa Rica:				•
Port Limon	July 4-Aug. 10	10	3	
Cuba:				
Cienfuegos	July 15-July 18			
Cumanayagua	Aug. 18-Aug. 24	1		Gi-fram Gardiana da las Vassa
Havana	June 28-July 27 July 28-Aug. 10	7	1	Six from Santiago de las Vegas 1 from Regla, 1 from San An
				tonio de los Banos, and from steamship Monterer and 1 from Finca Riquena Seven cases and 3 deaths re sulted from inoculation by the mosquito.
	Aug. 10-Aug. 31	13	5	the mosquito.
	Sept. 1-Sept. 21		2	•
Marianao	July 28-Aug. 10	1	1	,
Matanzas	July 21-July 27		1	1.
	Aug. 25-Aug. 31	2	ļ <u>.</u>	
	Sept. 1-Sept. 14 July 28-Aug. 3	1	1	'
Pinar del Rio	July 28-Aug. 8	1	1	
Regla Santiago	do Sept. 20		i	On steamship Ethelbryhta.
Trinidad	Oct. 1	ĭ	·	On seemanip istherory nea.
Haiti:	000. 1	1 -		
Port au Prince	Aug. 20-Aug. 26	1	1	
Jamaica :		1	l .	•
Kingston	June 15		1	•
Mexico:		1	١ .	
Merida	June 14-July 28		8	The same from stoomship
Progreso	July 22-Aug. 31	4	2	Two cases from steamship Mathilda.
Tampico	July 26-Aug. 22	2	1	From steamship ——— from
18mpico	July 20-Aug. 22	1 4	_	Progreso; 1 from steamship
		1		Yucatan from Vera Cruz.
Vera Cruz	June 23-Sept. 21	35	19	
Porto Rico:	_	I	1	
San Juan	July 16	1		On steamship Saint Simon from Cape Port au Princ
		1	1	and Santo Domingo.
Salvador:		1	1	
San Salvador	June 20	·········		Several cases.
	<u> </u>	l	1	<u> </u>
		778		
	PLAGU	Ľ.		•
	1	Γ		
	ı	1	1	

Africa : Cape Town Maitland	June 9-June 15	2	
Port Elizabeth	June 9-July 27	33	13
Simonstown	June 9-June 15	• 1	

Cholera, yellow fever, etc.—Continued. PLAGUE—Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Australia :				
Brisbane Brazil :	. Mar. 1-June 30	24	9	
Rio de Janeiro	. July 3-Aug. 18		11	
China:	. May 26-Aug. 10	5,460	700	Estimated.
Canton Hongkong	. June 8	1,009	980	Prevailing.
Shanghai	June 9	1,000	ı ~i	From steamship Empress of
Sheck Lung	June 8			China. Prevailing.
Tung Kun Egypt:	. do	ļ		Do.
Alexandria		26	15	
Mansura Minieh	do	1 5	1 1	
Mit Gamr Port Said		9 21	5 11	
_ Zagazig	do	77	32	
France: Le Frioul	July 7	15		From steamship Laos from
Hawaiian Islands:		6	6	Port Said.
HonoluluIndia:	1	•	"	
Bombay Presidency and Sind: Northern Division—	1			
Bombay City Surat District	May 12-Aug. 17	1,890	1,750	
Thana District	do	999 644	660 555	•
Central Division— Khandesh District	do	9	8	
Poona District	ldo	34	23	
Poona City Satara District	do	10 992	603	
Sholapur District	do	49	27	
Southern Division— Belgaum District	do	5,880	4, 339	
Belgaum District	do	5,517	3,645	
Hubli Town	}do	621	551	
Kanara District Kolaba District Katnagiri District	do	43 291	30 238	
Katnagiri District Sindh—	do	128	98	
Hyderabad District	do	6	2	
Karachi District Karachi City	do	27 402	24 370	
Political Charges— Baroda State	do	60	38	
Bhavnagar Town	do	1		
Cutch State	do	403 14	319 12	
Kathiawar State Kolhapur and Southern	do	28 3,705	22 2, 925	
Mahratta County.		0,.00	2,020	
Outside Bombay Presidency and Sind:			1	
Madras Presidency— Salem District	do	120	74	
Bengal:		7		
Bhagalpur Division Burdwan Division	i	25 8	24	
Calcutta	do	324 3	314	
Orissa Division	do	0	0	
Patna Presidency Northwest Province and	do	1,196	922	
Northwest Province and Oudh:		- 1	-	
Agra Division	do	8	2	
Agra DivisionAliahabadBenares	do	23	23 242	
Punjab Province: Delhi Division	i	202	129	
Juliunder Division	do	900	572	
Lahore Division Rawalpindi	do	264 1, 125	90 650	
Mysore State:	i	· 1	1	
Bangalore City Bangalore Civil and Mili- tary Station.	do	15 44	33	

Cholera, yellow fever, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks,
India—Continued. Outside Bombay Presidency and Sind—Continued. Mysore State—Continued. Bangalore District Kadur Kolar District	July 27-Aug. 17		330 12 48	
Mysore City		665	460	
Mysore District			370	
Shimoga	do	87	52	
Rajputana State	do	1		
Tumkur District		34	19	
Kashmir	do	100	57	
taly: Naples	Sept. 7-Sept. 30	15	4	
apan:	Sept. 7-Sept. 30	19	4	
Formosa	Jan. 1-Aug. 6	4, 285	3, 404	
Nagasaki	Jan. 4-July 18		2	On steamship Kintuck ar
	oun. Toury rom		- 1	on steamship Empress
			į	China.
Yamanashi Ken		1	1	
fauritius	June 7-Aug. 8	•••••	7	
Paraguay:		_		
Asuncion	June 23	1	•••••	
Philippine Islands: Cavite	M 10 T-1- 6		,	
Cebu	May 19-July 6 July 6	4 2	1	
Concepcion	do	์ เ	••••••	
Manila		194	161	•
Malolos	July 6	3		
Malabon	do	6		
Naic	do	3		
Paranaque	do			
San Antonio	do	1		
Santa Rosa	May 19-July 6	2		
traits Settlements:		i	_	
Singapore	July 14-July 27		2	
urkey:	Tules O Tules OO	اہ		
Constantinople	July 2-July 28	5		Diames managed at
Smyrna	Sept. 28			Plague reported.

SMALLPOX.

Arabia:					
Aden	May	1-May	31		4
Argentina:	_	-		ĺ	1
Buenos Ayres	Apr.	1-June	30		588
Austria-Hungary:	_			i	
Prague	June	2-Aug.	31	22	
Belgium:	ì				
Antwerp	June	2-Sept.	7	29	12
Ghent	Sept.	7	•••••		7
Brazil :					1
Ceara	June	1-June	30		1
Pernambuco	May	17-Aug.	15		196
Rio	May	9-Aug.	18		362
British Columbia:		_			
Victoria	June	16-June	30	2	
Canada:				_	
Quebec Province:		× .			
Beauce County	Mav	30-June	16	7	
Beauharnois County		15-May		8	
Brome County	Mav	15		14	
Chateauguay County	Apr.	11		2	
Compton County	July	2-July	6	1	
Gaspe County	June	12		26	
Hochelaga County	May	24-June	24	2	
Huntingdon County	Apr.	4		8	
Iberville County	May				
Jac. Cartier County	May	18		ī	
Joliette County	June	20-June	23		
La Prairie County				133	1
Matane County					- 1
Missisquoi County	June	10		77	
Montreal County	Apr.	20		5	
Napierville County	Feb.	9		22	1
Ottawa County	Mar	8-Apr	2	19	i i
	******	o apr.	٠١	15	1

Cholera, yellow fever, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths	. Remarks.
Canada—Continued.				
Quebec Province—Continued.		i		
Pontiac County	Feb. 28-May 28	44		
Rimouski County	Feb. 12-July 10	5	1	
St. Hyacinthe	May 18	1		•
Shefford County	May 20	3 2		1
Stanstead County Temiscouata County	June 10-June 25 June 4-June 17	i i	***************************************	1
Terrebonne County	Apr. 22-May 9	91		<u> </u>
hina:		i		1
Hongkong	May 19-June 15	7	5	[
olombia: Cartagena	July 1-July 7	i	1	1
Panama	June 18-Sept. 16	93	2	
cuador:	Cuno io copu zom	1	_	
Guayaquil	May 12-Aug. 7	7	4	
gypt: Cairo		l		į.
	June 11–Sept. 2		6	
ngland : Leeds	Ana 95 Ana 91	1		
Liverpool	Aug. 25-Aug. 31 June 9-Aug. 24	8	1	1
London	July 16-Sept. 18	211	23	
rance:	car, ac sopa com			
Marseilles	June 1-Aug. 31		8	
Nice	Aug. 1-Aug. 31		2	1
Paris	June 7-Sept. 7		107	1
ermany : Berlin	June 18-June 29	3	İ	
ibraltar	June 3-July 14	5	•••••	
dia:			************	
Bombay	May 22-Aug. 27		45	
Calcutta	May 22-Aug. 27 May 19-Aug. 24 May 20-July 21		99	
Karachi	May 20-July 21	24	14	
Madras lly :	May 18-Aug. 23		95	
Milan	May 1-May 31	2		
Naples	June 10-Sept. 14	1368	240	
Palermo	Aug. 18-Aug. 24		i	
pan:				
Formosa, Tamsui	July 1-July 31	1	1	
Nagasaki	June 11-June 80	2	1	
Oraka and Hioga orea:	July 21-July 27	1		
Seoul	July 1-July 6		1	
anitoba:	·			
Winnepeg	Sept. 15-Sept. 21	1		
exico:		_		
City of Mexico	June 17-Sept. 1	6	2	
Fuente	Aug. 11	3	4	
therlands:	July 1-July 15	•••••	*	
Rotterdam	June 16-Aug. 10	21	2	
ova Scotia:			j	
Halifax	Sept. 1-Sept. 27	16	1	Thirteen from sc. Thalia,
ilippine Islands:	M 10 A 17		l	from sc. Goodwin, and
Manila	May 12-Aug. 17	24	••••••	from sc. Essex.
Moscow	May 26-Aug. 31	84	34	
Odessa	June 2-Aug. 17	13	2	
St. Petersburg	June 2-Aug. 31	43	. 6	
Warsaw	May 26-Aug. 24		34	
otland:				
DundeeEdinburgh	July 14-Aug. 24	15		
Glasgow	Sept. 1-Sept. 7	47	4	
ily:	June 15-Aug. 9	2/	*	
Messina	June 9-Aug. 31	136	27	
ain: 4	1	1		
Corunna	June 23-July 6		4	
Madrid	May 4-July 24 July 1-Aug. 31	•••••	17	
Malaga Valencia	July 1-Aug. 31		26	
aits Settlements:	July 28-Sept. 10	111	18	
	July 14-July 20		1	
vitzerland:	,		-	
	June 2-June 29	5 .		
Geneva	June 2-June 29			
Genevauguay:		1	!	
Genevauguay: Montevideo	May 11-July 25	172	13	
Genevauguay: Montevideoales:		1	13	

Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities.

Cities.		ģ	B		Deaths from—										
	Week ended.	Estimated population.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping oough.	
Aix la Chapelle		137, 821	816								. 2				
AlexandrettaAmherstburg	. Sept. 21	8,000 2,250	6										1		
Amsterdam	. Sept. 14	526, 194 299, 846	139 97		ļ	ļ	·			. 2			· ·····	1	
Athens	do	. 200,000		9						ï			ï		
BarmenBarranquilla		. 142,000 40,000	38								. 1		·	2	
Belize	. Sept. 19	9,000	5				ļ						ļ		
Bergen Berlin	Sept. 6. Aug. 31	71,000 1,888,972	23 783				ļ			6	4	6	4		
Birmingham	. Sept. 7	523, 284	240							2	4	8	7	4	
Bombay Breelau	Aug. 27 Sept. 7	770, 843 300, 000	887 232	92 32	203	4		1	ļ	l''i	8	·	2	1	
Bristol	do	329,086	60	7						2		1 2	·	1	
Brussels	Aug. 26	582, 665 570, 062	155 469	26					9	6		7	4	1	
Do Calcutta	Sept. 2	570,062 843,487	412 371	24	22	10		1 2	7	7		7	6	1	
Cardiff	Aug. 17	165, 308	44									1			
Do		165, 308 165, 308	47 48	ļ	•••••	•••••	•••••		ļ	ļ	1	1	1		
Do	Sept. 7	165,308	43								i	ī			
Cartegena Catania	Sept. 8 Sept. 12	9,000 151,180	14 64	2		•••••			ļ	2		1			
Christiania	Sept. 7	225, 800	79					•••••		ī		î			
Coburg Cognac	do Aug. 31	21,058 19,488	7 2	3				•••••	•••••			•••••		•••••	
Do	Sept. 7	19,488	6												
Cologne Colombo	do Aug. 17	377, 224 157, 252	164 91	12		•••••		•••••	•••••	1	4	1	12 1	2	
Colon	Sept. 15	8,000	6											•••••	
Copenhagen Corunna	Aug. 31 Sept. 14	476, 876 40, 500	134 34	8				•••••	1	8	3	•••••	1	7	
Crefeld	Sept. 7	106, 887	36												
Dublin Dusseldorf	do	375, 076 212, 334	154 86						1		2	1	1	2 8	
Edinburgh	do	317, 887	102							1				2	
Frankfort-on-the-Main Funchal		290,500 44,049	68 13	ī				•••••	•••••	1		1	•••••	5	
Geneva	Aug. 81	104, 044	24											•••••	
Ghent Gibraltar	Sept. 7 Sept. 8	160, 949 27, 460	81 9	6				1	•••••	•••••	·····	1		•••••	
Girgenti	Sept. 7	25,069	7											•••• <u>•</u>	
Glasgow Gothenburg	do	760, 423 130, 619	251 32	¦					4	•••••	1	1	6	7	
Halifax	Sept. 21	40,787	11					1						····· <u>·</u>	
Hamburg Havre	Sept. 7 do	705, 738 130, 196	256 48	ii l						2	2	2	3	7	
Karachi	Aug. 25	108, 808	58		4									•••••	
Kingston, Canada Konigsburg	Sept. 20 Sept. 7	18,300 187,897	777							"ï				•••••	
Leeds	Sept. 14	430, 469	154	8						1	2	2	8	4	
Leipzig Leith	do	461,519 77,670	188 35							2	3	1	2	•••••	
Licate	do l	23,500	9						1					••••	
Liege London	40 1/	173, 289 6, 604 , 287	47 2, 354					7		18	15	28	2 54	29	
	Sept. 7	6, 604, 287	2, 117					8		23	17	32	25	31	
Lyons Madras	Aug. 31 Aug. 16	453, 145 452, 518	152 794			76		9		3		·····	1	••••	
Do:	Aug. 23	452, 518 512, 506	1,048			25		9 .					3 .	•••••	
Madrid Do	June 24 July 1	512, 506 512, 506	290 292			:::: :		2	2	6	2	2	27 11	•••••	
<u>Do</u>	July 8	512, 506	280							4	3		17	1	
Do	July 15 Aug. 31	512, 506 227, 944	307 109	8	:			1		8	ï	1 .	16	i	
Mainz	Sept. 14	84, 335	26	4 .									1 .	••••	
Manchester Mannheim	Sept. 12 Sept. 7	505, 843 144, 754	240 46	16	:::: :	l	<u> :</u>		.	2	2	6	- 1	•••••	
Mazatlan	Aug. 31	20,000	22			[.								••••	
Do	Sept. 7 do	20,000 107,000	17 84	2		::: :		:	:::: ·	4	::::l:	:::: :	<u> </u>	•••••	
Mexico	Sept. 15	368, 777	384	20					33	- i		••••	1	1	
Monrovia	Aug. 17	10,000	0 1.	••••••			••••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	••••••	••••	

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Weekly mortality table, foreign and insular cities—Continued.

Cities.	ਚ			Deaths from—										
Cities.	Week ended. Estimated population.	Total deaths from all causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enterio fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping	
Moscow	Aug. 81	1, 000, 000	578	6	Ī			2		10	5	4	1	2
Nottingham	Sept. 14	239, 753	78	l				ļ		6		ļ	lī	l
Nuremberg	Aug. 31	262,600	185	8							1		4	ï
Odessa	Sept. 7	442,000	202	13						4	3	2	5	ı â
Osaka and Hiogo	Aug. 31	245, 675	172							lî	l	-	1	
Palermo	Sept. 7	300,000	124	8				ł		lì				
Panama	Sept. 16	20,000	101	-				1		1 -				•••••
Paris		2,714,068	833		******			7		4		12	4	16
Prague	do	205, 855	99	34				١.		-	2	ī	-	10
Puerto Cortez	Sept. 19	2,000	ő	0.2				ļ		1		1 *		
Quebec	Sept. 14	68,000	1			*****	ļ				*****	ļ. 		
Rio de Janeiro		793,000	382	65	•••••			54	*****	5	******	ï	2	
	Aug, 11		335	48	5		2	60	1	4		i	î	1
Do	Aug. 18	793,000	112	40		•••••	-	w	•••••	-		٠.	1	1 *
Rotterdam	Sept. 14	837, 755	112						•••••					
St. John, New Bruns-	G 4 01	40 511	12	2	1		l	1	į	1	1		1	1
wick	Sept. 21	40,711	679	2	•••••		******		•••••	.35	16	22	15	
St. Petersburg	Aug. 31	1, 248, 643	6/9		•••••				•••••	. 35	10	22	19	
St. Stephen, New Bruns-		0.040		i	l	1	l	l	l	l	ŀ	1	i	İ
wick	Sept. 21	2,840	.0				i	•••••	j	*****			•••••	
Santa Cruz de Teneriffe	Aug. 31	33,500	12		•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••			•••••	•••••	******
Santander	Sept. 7	53,574	26		•••••								•••••	•••••
Do	Sept. 14	53,574	27				•••••					•••••	·····	•••••
Singapore	Aug. 3	97, 111	215	34	·····			ļ. 		ļ		•••••	····	•••••
Do	Aug. 10	97, 111	221	41		•••••			•••••				 -	•••••
Do	Aug. 17	97, 1 1	197	35	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	·····	•••••
Solingen	Sept. 9	15, 142	11	••••		•••••	······	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••		
Southampton	Sept. 7	105, 481	43									•••••	•••••	2
Do	Sept. 14	105, 481	38	8		•••••		•••••			•••••	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		2
Stettin	Sept. 7	210, 680	116	11		•••••				3	•••••		··· <u>·</u> ···	2
Stuttgart	Sept. 12	176, 318	59									1	1	1
Sunderland	Sept. 7	147, 205	69	ļ					ļ		•••••	3	2	•••••
	do	61, 437	16									•••••	••••	•••••
Trieste	do	178, 155	74	ļ	•••••					···-	•••••	•••••	1	•••••
	do	174, 378	62					•••••				•••••	•••••	
Vera Cruz		32,000	40	7	•••••								•••••	•••••
Windsor, Nova Scotia	Sept. 21	3,000	1									•••••		
Winnipeg	Sept. 14	25, 642								8	•••••	•••••	•••••	
Yokohama	Aug. 24	189, 455										•••••		
Zurich	Sept. 7	161,782	47		ļ									

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

WALTER WYMAN, Surgeon-General U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

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