# Public Health Reports

Treasury Department, United States.Marine-Hospital Service. Published in accordance with act of Congress approved February 15, 1893,

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WASHINGTON, D. C., OCTOBER 26, 1900.

No. 43.

#### NOTICE.

Any person on the mailing list of the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS who, at any time, fails to receive promptly this publication will confer a favor by notifying the Surgeon-General of the United States Marine-Hospital Service.

## UNITED STATES.

ORGANIZATION AND CONDUCT OF THE NATIONAL QUARANTINE SERVICE, PORTO RICO.

[Department Circular No. 146.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF SURGEON-GENERAL U. S. M. H. S.,
Washington, D. C., October 20, 1900.

To medical officers of the Marine-Hospital Service, collectors of customs, and others concerned:

Section 10 of the act of Congress approved April 12, 1900, entitled "An Act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," is as follows:

Sec. 10. That quarantine stations shall be established at such places in Porto Rico as the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine-Hospital Service of the United States shall direct, and the quarantine regulations relating to the importation of diseases from other countries shall be under the control of the Government of the United States.

Under the provisions of the foregoing section, and in accordance with the act of Congress approved February 15, 1893, entitled "An Act granting additional quarantine powers and imposing additional duties upon

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the Marine-Hospital Service," the following instructions are hereby issued for the government of the quarantine service in Porto Rico:

- 1. Quarantine stations are hereby established at the following ports: San Juan, Ponce, Aguadilla, Arecibo. Arroyo, Humacao, Mayaguez, Baracoa, Fajardo, and Guanica.
- 2. The quarantine regulations of the Treasury Department issued November 13, 1899, and as subsequently or hereafter to be amended, shall be enforced at Porto Rican ports.
- 3. The general conduct of the quarantine service in Porto Rico shall be in accordance with the regulations governing the Marine-Hospital Service, in so far as they are applicable.
- 4. One officer will be detailed by the Surgeon-General of the Marine-Hospital Service as chief quarantine officer of Porto Rico in addition to his duties as quarantine officer at the port of San Juan.
- 5. Routine work at each port is to be conducted by the officer in command at such port, under the quarantine regulations and the regulations for the government of the Marine-Hospital Service.
- 6. Special questions regarding administration, detention of vessels in quarantine, methods of disinfecting unusual cargoes, etc., are to be submitted when practicable and with recommendations to the chief quarantine officer for decision, and when acted upon shall be promptly reported to said chief quarantine officer. The port quarantine officer will abide by the decision of the chief quarantine officer, the right of appeal to the Bureau, however, being recognized.
- 7. The chief quarantine officer will make periodical or special inspections of the various ports and will have authority to visit any port at any time upon the request of the officer there stationed, quoting this paragraph as authority for traveling expenses incurred and making report to the Surgeon-General of each inspection.
- 8. Reports and correspondence from the stations will be forwarded to the Bureau through the chief quarantine officer. In forwarding propositions involving change of policy, new structures or extensive repairs to old structures, nominations to original vacancies, promotions and other unusual matters, the chief quarantine officer will add his recommendations in each case.
- 9. In exceptional cases when, in the opinion of the port quarantine officer, it is necessary to write or telegraph the Bureau direct, he may do so, but in each case will forward a copy of the communication to the chief quarantine officer.
- 10. The collector of customs at San Juan will act as disbursing officer for the quarantine service in Porto Rico. His account of disbursements will be forwarded monthly to the Marine-Hospital Bureau for administrative examination, and transmission to the Auditor for the Treasury Department. He will pay bills incurred under the regulations or by Department authority, when certified to by the port quarantine officers and approved by the chief quarantine officer.

- 11. Each port quarantine officer shall transmit, on the first of each month a report of expenses incurred during the preceding month and an estimate of the expenses to be incurred during the ensuing month. These reports and estimates shall be in duplicate and one copy will be forwarded by the chief quarantine officer to the Bureau.
- 12. The chief quarantine officer shall exercise a surveillance over the operations of the several quarantine ports with regard to efficient quarantine, the expenditures and general administration, and will promptly convey to the Bureau all pertinent information relative thereto, adding his recommendation when necessary. He will submit, at the close of each fiscal year, an annual report of the transactions and condition of each station.

WALTER WYMAN, Surgeon-General U. S. M. H. S.

Approved:

L. J. GAGE, Secretary.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Plague in San Francisco.

Two cases of plague have been recently reported in San Francisco—1 October 5, reported in Public Health Reports, No. 41, page 2494, and another October 10—both confirmed by bacteriologic examination.

## Smallpox in Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., October 15, 1900.

SIR: Since my report to you of the 8th instant, the following cases of smallpox have been reported to this office during the week ended October 15: Denver, Arapahoe County, 9 cases, September 17 to October 10, source of infection, Denver; Rio Grande County, 4 cases, September 25 to October 5, source of infection, Rio Grande County; Querid, Custer County, 1 case, October 5, source of infection, Huerfano County.

Respectfully,

G. E. TYLER, Secretary State Board of Health.

Smallpox in Kansas during September, 1900.

TOPEKA, KANS., October 12, 1900.

SIR: In compliance with the resolutions adopted by the national conference of State and provincial boards of health at Toronto, 1886, and Washington, 1887, it becomes my duty to inform you that smallpox has been reported to this office from the following points in the State of Kansas during the month of September, 1900: Atwood, Rawlins County, 4 cases; Crawford County, 4 cases; Cherokee County, about 3 cases; Lawrence, Douglas County, 1 case; Shawnee County, 3 cases; Topeka, Shawnee County, 2 cases. Total number of cases, 17.

Respectfully,

W. B. SWAN, Secretary State Board of Health. October 26, 1900 2610

Arrival at Baltimore of vessels from Ouban and South American ports.

BALTIMORE, MD., October 20, 1900.

SIR: I have to report the arrival of the vessels mentioned below at this port for the week ended this day, from the ports named: October 15, British steamship Benwick, from Daiquiri, Cuba, iron ore; British steamship Alabama, from Daiquiri, Cuba, iron ore. October 17, British steamship Brookline, from Bocas del Toro, Colombia, fruit. October 18, British steamship Straits of Dover, from Daiquiri, Cuba, iron ore; American schooner Donna Christina, from Havana, light. October 20, British steamship Cluden, from Daiquiri, Cuba, iron ore.

Respectfully,

WM. F. STONE, Collector.

#### REPORTS FROM THE MEXICAN BORDER.

El Paso, Tex., October 13, 1900—Inspection service.—I have the honor to report the following summary of work at this station during the week ended October 13, 1900: Inspection Mexican Central Railroad passenger trains, 181 persons; inspection Rio Grande and Pacific Railroad trains, 44 persons; disinfection of Mexican immigrants' blankets, bedding, etc., 38 pieces; disinfection of cattle hides from Mexico, 412; disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry work, 452 pieces. Four passengers arrived on the Mexican Central Railroad from Vera Cruz, Mexico, but they have been waiting at the City of Mexico for the quarantine limit of ten days to expire. Having no certificate of disinfection, for security I have disinfected their trunks.

E. ALEXANDER,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Laredo, Tex., October 15—Inspection service.—I have the honor to submit the following report for week ended October 13, 1900: Persons inspected and passed at international foot and tramway bridge, 2,648; persons on Mexican National Railroad, inspected and passed, 368; Mexican immigrants inspected and passed, 23; Italian immigrants inspected and passed, 17; immigrants vaccinated, 3. October 7, detained 3 persons to complete necessary period from Orizaba, Mexico. Baggage disinfected October 11; detained 1 person from Tampico and disinfected baggage.

Rumor of yellow fever at Tampico denied.—Referring to my letter of October 5, 1900, yellow fever is denied to exist at Tampico, Mexico, at present. The placing of an inspection quarantine at Victoria, Mexico, between Tampico and Monterey by Monterey health authorities has been confirmed. Through trains from Tampico are not allowed to run to Monterey. Crews and passengers are changed and transferred at Victoria, Mexico, under supervision of Monterey quarantine inspectors.

H. J. HAMILTON, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

#### Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

California—Sacramento.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 40, including enteric fever, 1, and 3 from phthisis pulmonalis.

COLORADO—Denver.—Month of August, 1900. Census population of 1900, 133,859. Total number of deaths, 241, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 6; scarlet fever, 2, and 33 from tuberculosis.

Month of September, 1900. Census population of 1900, 133,859. Total number of deaths, 250, including diphtheria, 3; enteric fever, 11; scarlet fever, 2, and 45 from tuberculosis.

CONNECTICUT.—Reports to the State board of health for the month of September, 1900, from 167 cities and towns, having an aggregate estimated population of 907,779, show a total of 1,270 deaths, including diphtheria, 11; enteric fever, 40; measles, 2; whooping cough, 14, and 117 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Bridgeport.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 71,000. Total number of deaths, 100, including enteric fever, 2; whooping cough, 1, and 16 from tuberculosis.

LOUISIANA—New Orleans.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 300,000—white, 210,000; colored, 90,000. Total number of deaths, 491—white, 291; colored, 200—including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 9; phthisis pulmonalis, 53, and 4 from smallpox.

MAINE—Portland.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 68, including 12 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended October 13, 1900, from 77 observers, indicate that tonsilitis, neuralgia, bronchitis, and pleuritis were more prevalent; inflammation of bowels, cholera infantum, scarlet fever, and intermittent fever less prevalent and pneumonia much less prevalent than in the preceding week; phthisis pulmonalis was reported present at 135, enteric fever at 192, scarlet fever at 64, diphtheria at 41, measles at 12, whooping cough at 11, cerebro-spinal meningitis at 6, and smallpox at 4 places.

The Monthly Bulletin of vital statistics for September, 1900, says:

The Bulletin went to press a day earlier than last month and with the largest reporting population on record. Returns were received from districts having a population of 2,202,396 persons according to the State census of 1894 (the results of the United States census of 1900 are not yet available for use), or 99.74 per cent of the total possible reporting population. The negligence of only 14 township and village clerks prevented the returns for the month from being entirely complete.

According to the returns received, there were 3, 319 deaths in Michigan during the month of September, representing a death rate of 16.7 per 1,000 population. This is an increase of 365 deaths over the month of August, and of 586 over September, 1899.

There were 1,020 deaths of infants under 1 year of age, as compared with 811 during August, 352 deaths of children aged 1 to 4 years, and 692 deaths of persons aged 65 years and over.

Important causes of death were as follows: Pulmonary consumption, 146; other forms of tuberculosis, 49; typhoid fever, 136; diphtheria, and croup, 44; scarlet fever, 17; measles, 2; whooping cough, 9; pneu monia, 83; diarrheal diseases of children under 5 years of age, 791; cancer, 124; accidents and violence, 129. There was an increase in mortality from pulmonary consumption, typhoid fever, which had

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exactly twice as many deaths in September as in August, diphtheria and croup, and diarrheal diseases of children under 5 years. The latter increased over 30 per cent above the mortality of the preceding month. There were fewer deaths from accidents and violence, measles, and whooping cough than in August, while the numbers returned from scarlet fever and pneumonia were about the same. Two deaths were reported from typhus fever, which may, upon further inquiry, prove to be typhoid fever, and 1 death from malignant pustule (anthrax?).

NEW HAMPSHIRE—Manchester.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 60,000. Total number of deaths, 103, including whooping cough, 1, and 10 from phthisis pulmonalis.

NEW JERSEY—Passaic.—Two weeks ended October 13, 1900. Census population of 1900, 13,028. Total number of deaths, 28, including 1 from scarlet fever.

NEW YORK—Kingston.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 26,000. Total number of deaths, 39, including scarlet fever, 1, and 5 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Rochester.—Month of September, 1900. Census population of 1900. 162,436. Total number of death, 172, including diphtheria, 3; enteric fever, 2; measles, 1; whooping cough, 4, and 17 from phthisis pulmonalis.

OHIO—Cleveland.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 395,000. Total number of deaths, 438, including diphtheria, 7; enteric fever, 15; scarlet fever, 1; whooping cough, 1, and 23 from tuberculosis.

Findlay.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 20,000. Total number of deaths, 19, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 1, and 6 from tuberculosis.

OREGON—Portland.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 96 600. Total number of deaths, 87, including enteric fever, 8; scarlet fever, 2, and 10 from tuberculosis.

WASHINGTON—Seattle.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 90,000. Total number of deaths, 50, including enteric fever, 3; whooping cough, 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

Tacoma.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 31, including 5 from phthisis pulmonalis.

WEST VIRGINIA—Wheeling.—Three month ended September 30, 1900. Census population of 1900, 38,900. Total number of deaths, 139, including enteric fever, 1; measles, 5; whooping cough, 8, and 12 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Wisconsin—*Milwaukee*.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 290,000. Total number of deaths, 362, including diphtheria, 10; enteric fever, 11; scarlet fever, 2; whooping cough, 6, and 45 from tuberculosis.

## Report of immigration at Boston for the week ended October 13, 1900.

## OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Boston, October 14, 1900.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended October 13, 1900; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immi- grants.
Oct. 7 Do Oct. 8 Do Oct. 9 Do Oct. 10 Do Oct. 11 Do Oct. 12 Oct. 12 Oct. 13	Steamship Boston		117 40 7 112 85 21 87 1 112 78
	•		1, 272

#### GEO. B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at New York for the week ended October 13, 1900.

## OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of New York, October 15, 1900.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended October 13, 1900; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immi- grante
Oct. 7 Oct. 8 Do Do Oct. 9 Do Oct. 11 Do Oct. 12 Do Do	Steamship La Touraine Steamship Maasdam Steamship Manilla Steamship New York Steamship Trave. Steamship City of Rome. Steamship Kaiserin Maria Theresia. Steamship State of Nebraska Steamship Westernland. Steamship Leone XIII.	Genos and Naples Southampton Bremen Glasgow Bremen Glasgow Antwerp	32 47 1, 13 26 22 30 39 3 41: 21:
Do Dot. 13 Do Do Do	Steamship Germanic	do	51 43 21

THOMAS FITCHIE, Commissioner.

## REPORTS FROM NATIONAL QUARANTINE

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended		Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 3	United States: Alexandria, Va Beaufort, S. C	do			
4	Brunswick, Ga	Oct 1	Br. ss. Britannia	Oct. 12	Rio de Janeiro
-	Cape Charles, Va	Oct. 1	Dr. 58. Drivanuis	000. 12	do
		Oct. 2	Br. ss. Britannia (a)	ao	
5	Cape Fear, N. C	Oct. 1:	U. S. bk. Nineveh	Oct. 19 Oct. 13 do	Manzanillo Rio de Janeiro dodo
_	1	1	_	ŀ	!
6 7	Columbia River, Oreg Delaware Breakwater Quarantine, Lewes, Del.	Oct. 20			Key West.
8	Dutch Harbor, Alaska	Sept. 29			
9	Eureka, Cal	Oct. 13	3		l
10	Eureka, Cal Grays Harbor, Wash	do			l
11	Gulf Quarantine, Ship	do			
	Island, Miss.				
12	Tos Angeles Col	Oat 11		1	l l
18	Los Angeles, Cal Newbern, N. C	Oct. 11		***************************************	······
14	Nome Alest-	Sept. 22		••••••	
15	Nome, Alaska	Oct. 20	·		
	Pascagoula, Miss				
16	Port Angeles, Wash	Sept. 29			
		Oct. 6			
17	Port Townsend, Wash	Oct. 18		•••••	••••••
18	Reedy Island Quarantine, Del.	Oct. 20		••••••	
19 20	San Diego Cal San Francisco, Cal	Oct. 13 do	Jap. ss. America Maru	Oct. 9	Hongkong
21 22	San Pedro, Cal Savannah, Ga	do	Am. sc. Thomas A. Ward	Oct. 4	Sagua la Grande
23	South Atlantic Quaran- tine, Blackbeard Island, .Ga.	do	Port. bk. Maria Emilia (a)	Sept. 22	Rio de Janeiro
24	Tortugas Quarantine, Key West, Fla.	Oct. 6 Oct. 13			
25	Washington, N. C	Oct. 20			
400	CUBA:	Jeu. 20		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	••••••
26	Calbarien	Oct. 6 Oct. 13			
	~ .				ĺ
27	Cardenas	Oct. 6			
-	~· •	Oct. 13		······	
28	Cienfuegos	do			
29	Daiquiri	Oct. 6			
30	Gibara	do			
31 32	Guantanamo	do			
32	Havana	Oct. 13	Sch. Purissima Concep- cion.	ŧ	1
		_	Sc. Bella Catalina	do	Key West Miami
33	Isabela de Sagua	do		l.	
34	Manzanillo	Oct. 6			
35	Matanzas	Oct. 13			
36	Santiago de Cuba			Sept. 30	Mobile via Havana.
]	İ		1	1	İ

## AND INSPECTION STATIONS.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1_					
1 2				No transactions No report	
8				do	
4	Norfolk	. Disinfected		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8
	do	Ingrected and held	1		9
5	Wilmington	. Held for disinfection			. 1
		observation.	Oct. 19	Released on receipt of Bureau telegram.	•••••
7	Philadelphia, Pa.	Spoken and passed	Oct. 14	•	
8					.  3
10		•		No transactionsdo	
ii				uo	1
1					_
12 18				No transactions	
14				No report	
15	•••••			No transactions	
16		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		do	
17		••••••		do	16
		•		One case enteric fever on Am. sc. Alice Cooke from Honolulu.	10
18				2 cases of enteric fever on British steamship Crown Point from	22
19 20	San Francisco	Held for disinfection of baggage.	Oct. 10	London.  151 oriental crew and 98 oriental steerage bathed and effects disinfected; effects of 2 Europeans disinfected.	3 18
21 22	Savannah	Disinfected	Oct. 12	No transactions	9
23	Brunswick		do	••••••	1
	Ì			,	
24	·	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••	No transactions	***************************************
25	•••••	•	••••••	dodo	•••••
	***************************************	***************************************	••••••	u0	••••••
26		•••••••			7
		······		One vessel passed with- out inspection.	8
27	•••••				8
28	***************************************				6 16
29					3
30				No report	
81 82	Punta Ress	Diginfected	Oot 10	•••••••	5 25
	do	Disinfecteddo	do	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	do	do	do		
	New Orleans Port Tampa	do Partially disinfected	do Oct. 11		
82				i	
83 84	•••••••••			***************************************	11 : 9
85					ŕ 6
36	Manzanillo	Held to complete period	Oct. 1	Haytian sc. Euphise, cat- tle ship, from Port au Prince, ordered to sea to be cleaned.	11

## REPORTS FROM NATIONAL QUARANTINE

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
87 88	Honolulu				
39 40 41	KiheiPHILIPPINES:			•••••••	
42 43	Iloilo				
44	Ponce	Oct. 6			
46 47	Subports— Aguadills Arecibo	do			
48 49 50	Fajardo Humacao	do			
51	Mayaguez	do			

## REPORTS FROM STATE AND

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Anclote, Fla	Oct. 6 Oct. 20dodododo Oct. 13 Oct. 20			
15	Mobile Bay, Ala	Oct. 13	Nor. ss. Normandie (a) Br. ss. Ardanrose (a) Bk. Ceres (a) Nor. ss. Simon Dumois Nor. ss. Bodo	Oct. 6 do Oct. 9	Matanzas a n d Havana. Tampico Bocas del Toro
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	New Bedford, Mass	do do do do Oct. 13 do Oct. 20			

a Previously reported.

## AND INSPECTION STATIONS—Continued.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
37 38				,do	
39 40				dodo	
41 42				do	
43					5
45	•••••				3 4
46 47				do	
48 49 50		•••••••		do	······
51		••••••••			3

## MUNICIPAL QUARANTINE STATIONS.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1 2 3					
4 5 6				No reportdo	
7 8 9	••••••			do	
10 11 12 13				dodo	12
14	••••••		•••••	l vessel spoken and	32
	do		Oct. 8	Passoca	••••••
		Disinfecteddo	Oct. 10 Oct. 11		••••••
16 17 18 19	•••••			No reportdodododo	
20 21 22				do	
23 24 25				do	6
26 27 28	••••••			No reportdodo	

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, June 29, 1900, to October 26, 1900.

[For reports received from December 29, 1899, to June 29, 1900, see Public Health Reports for June 29, 1900.]

5 tute 26, 1800. j				
Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alabama:				
Mobile	. Sept. 13	1		•
Alaska: Cape Nome	June 14-Oct. 7	24	. 1	
Total for Territory	1			=
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	"		=
California: Oakland	July 8-July 14	2		
Total for State, same period, 1899.		. 4	1	
Colorado:	Turno 19 Oct 10			
Arapahoe County Boulder County	June 13-Oct. 10. June 16		••••••	1
Clear Creek County	July 2-Aug. 1.			]
Custer County	Oct. 5	1		
Eagle County	June 25-July 30	2		J
El Paso County	June 21-Aug. 10.	5		
Fremont CountyGarfield County	July 23-Sept. 23.	. 6 . 25		
Gilpin County	Ang 23	1 1		
Huerfano County	July 31-Sept. 24.	. 11		
Huerfano County Jefferson County	July 27-Sept. 4.	. 13		
Lake County	July 31-Aug. 23	. 1		
Larimer County	Apr. 25-Oct. 1	. 82		
Las Animas County Otero County	July 5-Oct. 2 Aug. 4-Sept. 18	23 5		
Park County	July 3			
Pueblo County	July 7-Oct. 2			
Pueblo County Rio Grande County Routt County	Sept. 25-Oct. 5	. 4		
Routt County	June 25-July 30	. 2		
Total for State	***************************************	303		
Total for State, same period,	*************************	4		
1899.				
Delaware:	7.1 171 -	1 -		
Wilmington	July 1-July 7	1		
Total for State, same period,	***************************************	0		
1899.	***************************************			
District of Columbia :				
Washington	June 18-July 23	24		
Total for District, same	•••••••	0		
period, 1899.	***************************************			
	July 1-July 7	1		
Madison County	Sept. 19	30		
· ·	_			
Total for State		31		
Total for State, same period,				
1899.	••••••••••	74		
linois:				
Cairo	Nov. 18, 1899-July	117	6	
Ohioona	21, 1900.		ŀ	
Chicago	June 24-July 14	4	•••••	
Total for State	•••••	121	6	
Total for State, same period.	••••••	8		
1899.				
idiana:	04 10 400	~ '.	_	
Cass County	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	Several.	1	
	do	1		
Clinton County		1 1		
		1		
Evansville	July 1-July 7	1  .		
Gibson County	July 1-July 31	4	1	
Green County.	June 1-July 81			
Jackson County	Aug. 21			
	~			
Jasper County	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	11 1.		
Jasper County	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	8 .		
Beaware County  Frankton Gibson County  Green County  Jackson County  Japper County  Jay County  Jennings County  Johnson County	Sept. 1-Sept. 30 do do	8 1	1	

## Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Indiana—Continued.		1		
Kirklin	July 1-July 31	2		
Kevstone	do	. 1		
Hammond	do	. 1		.1
Lawrence County	June 1-July 81	. 9		A
Loogootee	July 1-July 81	.] 2	2	7
Madison County:		1 -		i
Alexandria	June 1-July 31	. 12		
Anderson				
Elwood	do	. 20		
Frankton	do	i		1
Marion County:	···	•		1
T 31	do	•		i
Indianpolis Irvington	do			
Miami Countr	Gont 1 Gont 90			
Michigan City	Today 15 Today 91	1 ‡		
Namton Country	July 10-July 31	1 4		
Power County	sept. 1-sept. av	1 9	ļ	
Post-fold	T1 1 T1 01	. 1		
Monticelle	July 1-July 81	i		
Monvicello	ao	. 1		· <b> </b>
Starke County	June 1-June 30.	. 3		· <b>i</b>
Starke County Sullivan County Warren County	. Aug. 1-Sept. 30	. 1		1
warren County	. do	. 1		·l
Wheeling Vandeburg County	. do	4		·I
vandeburg County	. do	. 2		i
Madal 6 64 4	1	<del></del>	·	1
Total for State	·   · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	170	7	i
m., 1.6 m.,	1			
Total for State, same period		55		ł
1899.	1			l
owa:	i	1	ļ	
Des Moines	. June 1-Aug. 31	13		
<b>-</b>				
Total for State, same period,		0		
_ 1899.				
Cansas:				•
Cherokee County	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	3		
Crawford County	July 1-Sept. 30	15		Smallpox reported.
Douglas County	July 1-Sept. 30 Sept. 1-Sept. 30	1		• •
Rawlins County	do	4		
Shawnee CountySumner County	July 1-Sept. 30	7		
Sumner County	do	14		
Wichita	June 17-Oct. 6	30	1 1	
<b></b>				
Total for State		74	1	
Total for State, same period,		16	1	
1899.				
entucky:			i	
CovingtonLexington	June 24-July 15	32		
Lexington	Oct. 7-Oct. 13	1		
m . 1.4 o				٠.
Total for State	•••••	33		
M-4-1 6 04-4 1 1				
Total for State, same period,	•••••	121	•••••	
1899. ouisiana :	-			
Caddo	Trans 17 A		ا ۽	
Caldwell		11	0	
New Orleans	June 17-July 28	16	2	
New Orleans	June 17-Oct. 13	123	42	N 00 1000 / W -
Shreveport	June 17-Aug. 4	11	0	Nov. 28, 1899, to July 8
		ı		303 cases, 30 deaths.
Total for State	-			•
Total for State	·····	161	44	
Total for State	=			
Total for State, same period, 1899.	•••••	18		
	<b> </b> =			
aryland : Baltimore	Tune 04 C	_ 1	1	
Cumberland	June 24-Sept. 1	5	•••••	
Cumperiand	June 17-July 7	8	•••••	
Total for State	) <del>-</del>			
Total for State	***************************************	13 .	•••••	
Total for State come man's 3	=			
Total for State same period,		32	•••••	
1899,	=			
ssachusetts:	T 04 G	_ 1	1	
Fall River	June 24-Sept. 15	. 9	•••••	
Lowell	July 15-Aug. 18	13  .		
Total for State	} <del></del>	<del></del>  -		
COLAU TOP STREA		22  .		
2000: 102 000000000000000000000000000000				
Total for State, same period,	=	29	5	

## Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths	Remarks.
Michigan .		-		
Michigan: Houghton County	. Aug. 12-Oct. 6.	2	4	
Isabella County	July 29-Aug. 18.		5	
Jackson	July 1-July 7			••
Oseola	July 1-July 7 July 3-July 9	::  i		"
Warna Country	June 1-Aug. 4	:]		"
Wayne County	June 1-Aug. 4		1	_
Total for State		. 37	1	
Total for State, same period		. 10		
1899. Minnesota:				=
Akely	June 23-July 31 June 16-July 31 June 23-July 31	. 17		•
Anoka	.  June 16-July 31	. 29		-1
Bertram County	. June 23-July 81	.  6		•1
Carlton				
Carver County	June 23-Aug. 31 July 1-Aug. 31 June 16-Sept. 30	. 11		.1
Cass County	July 1-Aug. 31	21		.1
Duluth	June 16-Sept. 30	84		1
Faribault County	Aug. 1-Aug 31	i		
Goodhue County	Inly 1-Inly 31	1 4		i
Hubbard County	Aug. 1-Aug. 31 July 1-July 31 Aug 1-Aug. 31	16		
Taba County	Aug 1-Aug. 51	10		`
Lake County	T 02 Camt 20	30		1
Le Sueur County				·
Lincoln County	āo	1	•••••	•
Litchfield County				
Little Falls	July 1-July 31	18		.[
Martin County		1	j	l .
Minneapolis	June 16-Oct. 13	67		ı
Otter Tail County	July 1-Sept. 30	38	2	1
Princeton	June 16-July 31	1	l	1
Renville County	July 1-July 31	ī		ł
Scott County	June 16-Aug. 81	44		
St. Paul		8		
Sherburne County	Ang 1-Ang 21	7		
Two Harbors	Aug. 1-Aug. 31 July 1-Sept. 30 Aug. 1-Sept. 30	. 7		
Traverse County	Aug 1 Sept. 30			
Traverse County	Aug. 1-Sept. av	19		
Wabasha	do	.8		
Winona	July 29-Sept. 30	17	•••••	
Winsted	July 1-Sept. 30	18		•
Wodena County Wright County	July 29-Aug. 4	7		
Wright County	June 16-July 5	2	•••••	
Total for State	••••••	433	3	
Total for State, same period,	•••••	71		
1899. Lississippi :				
Ocean Springs (vicinity)	July 19	11		
Total for State same period	•	23		
Total for State, same period, 1899.		20		
Iontana :	1			
Butte	July 17-Sept. 20	25	0	
	July 17-Sept. 20			
Total for State, same period,	July 17-Sept. 20	25 8	0	
Total for State, same period, 1899:	July 17-Sept. 20			
Total for State, same period, 1899 : ebraska:	=	8		
Total for State, same period, 1899:	June 24-Oct. 6			
Total for State, same period, 1899 : 'ebraska : Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6	7		
Total for State, same period, 1899 : ebraska: Omaha Total for State, same period,	June 24-Oct. 6	8		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6	7		
Total for State, same period, 1899 : ebraska : Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6	7 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6	7		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6 June 17-Aug. 4	7 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6 June 17-Aug. 4	7 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6 June 17-Aug. 4	7 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6 June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12		·
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Hampshire: Manchester. Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Hampshire: Jersey: Jersey: Jersey City	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6 June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12		
Total for State, same period, 1899: obraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Hampshire: Manchester. Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Hampshire: Jersey: Jersey: Jersey City	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0 1 4 5		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0 1 4 5		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Hampshire: Manchester. Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Jersey: Jersey City. Newark Total for State. Total for State, same period, 1899.	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4  June 18-June 24  June 17-June 23	7 0 12 0 1 4 5	1	
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Hampshire: Manchester. Total for State, same period, 1899. ew Jersey: Jersey City. Newark Total for State. Total for State, same period, 1899.	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4	7 0 12 0 1 4 5		
Total for State, same period, 1899: ebraska: Omaha	June 24-Oct. 6  June 17-Aug. 4  June 18-June 24  June 17-June 23	7 0 12 0 1 4 5	1	

## Smallpox in United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
North Carolina:				
Charlotte	June 1-July 31	11		
Wilmington	do	8	•••••	
Alamance County	May 1-Aug. 31	2		
Buncombe County	do	90		
Burke County	do	5		į
Caswell County	do	19		İ
Chatham County	do	ī		
Cherokee County	do	2		
Cleveland County	do	5		
Craven County				i .
Davidson County	do	9		!
Davie County	do	9 11		
Durham County Edgecombe County	do	2		1
Forsyth County	do	18		
Franklin County	do		Many.	
Gates County	do	1		
Granville County	do	25		
Guilford County	do	22		
Halifax County	do	1		1
Harnett County	do	8		
Harnett County Haywood County Henderson County	00	5 4		
Hertford County	do	2		
Hertford CountyIredell County	do	5		
Johnston County	do	17		
Lenoir County	Aug. 1-Aug. 31	i		
Lenoir County Mecklenburg County Moore County	May 1-Aug. 31	35		
Moore County	do	14		
Nash County	do	12		
New Hanover County	do	7		
Orange County	do	7		
Person County Randolph County	do	4 13		
Rockingham County	do	153		
Rutherford County	do	100	A few.	
Vance County			12 10	Several cases.
•				
Total for State		<b>49</b> 1		
M-4-1 6 04-4 1 1		105		
Total for State, same period, 1899.	•••••••	105		
North Dakota:				
Rolla	Aug. 1-Aug. 13	16	2	
Total for State, same period,	••••••	0	0	
1899.				
Ohio : Cincinnati	Tune 16 Sent 01	31	j	
Portsmouth	June 16-Sept. 21	14		
Portsmouth Youngstown	Jan 1-June 30	13		
Allen County—	van. 1 vanco	20		
Shawnee Township	do	7		
Ashtabula County	do			
Auglaize County	do			
Brown County	do		••••••	
Butler CountyClark County	do	· 4		
Clinton County—		Ð		
New Vienna	do	1		
Columbiana Country		-		
Wellsville	do	19	2	
Coshocton County— Clark Township			-	
Clark Township	do	2		
Cuyahoga County—	_	_		
Berea.	do	5	•••••	
Cuyahoga County—  Berea.  Brooklyn Township  Cleveland  Dover Township	ao	2 594		
Dover Township	Jan 1-June 20	594 1	5	
East Cleveland	do	8		
Glenville		- 1		
Mayfield Township	do			
Newburgh	do	30		
Lakewood	do	2		
Rockport	do			
West Park Township	do		•••••	
Darke County Defiance County—	ao	12		
Highland Township	do	R		
Delaware County	do			
		!		

## Smallpox in United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
			-	
Ohio—Continued. Franklin County—				
Columbus Fulton County—	. Jan. 1-June 30	39		
Wauseon	do	2		
Geauga County— Burton	do	3	1 1	
Greene County—	1			
Cedarville	do	20	2	
Hamilton County— Cincinnati	do	99	1	
Hyde Park		1		
Hancock County— Findlay	do	1	ļi	
Hardin County—				
McGuffey Henry County	dodo	3 120	3	
Huron County—	1			
BellevueLake County	do	9 2		
Licking County	do	2		
Lorain County Lucas County—	do	98	2	
Toledo	do	3		
Madison County	do	52		
Medina County— Lodi	do	2	l	
Mercer County	do	28		
Montgomery County—	Jan 1-Sent 8	9	i	
Dayton Morrow County	Jan. 1-June 30	. 4		
Pike County— Waverly	do	2	1 1	
Portage County—	1	_		
Kent Putnam County	do	1 6		
Ross County—		. •		
Kingston	do	1		
Scioto County— Portsmouth	do	1		
Stark County	do	26	1	
Summit County— Akron	do	1		
Akron Trumbull County	do	20	1	
Tuscarawas County— Dennison	do	1		
Union County—	į	_		
Jerome Township Washington County—	do	2		
Marietta	do	1		
Wayne County— Salt Creek Township	da	3		
Sait Cleek Township				
Total for State		1,442	17	
Total for State, same period,		52		-
1899. ennsylvania:	=			
Philadelphia	June 24-Oct. 20	13		
Pittsburg	June 17-July 7	5		
Total for State		18		
1	=			
Total for State, same period, 1899.		224		
outh Carolina:				
Greenville	July 8-July 14	1 .		
Total for State, same period,		0		
1899.	=			
exas: Beaumont	Feb. 1-June 1	107	0	
Carrizo	July 9	1 .		
Eagle Pass Fort Bend County	Sept. 7 Aug. 1, 1899, to	1 156	2	
				•
Robertson County	June 16	300	2	
	June 1-June 80			
Total for State		566	4	

## Smallpox in United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Utah:				
OgdenSalt Lake City	June 24-Sept. 30 July 1-Oct. 13	10 45	1	Dec. 13, 1899, to Aug. 1 1900, 106 cases; deaths, 0
Total for State		55	1	
Total for State, same period, 1899.		0		
Vermont: Caledonia County	Aug. 7	20		
Franklin County Orleans County	do	2 6		
Total for State		28		
Total for State, same period, 1899.		0		
Virginia: Petersburg	June 1-Aug. 26	4	0	¥
Roanoke	June 1-Aug. 31	23	1	/
Total for State		27	1	
Total for State, same period, 1899.		123	1	
Washington: Lewis County	June 26	2		
Puyallup County	June 24-Sept. 30	36		Several cases.
Tacoma Total for State	Aug. 5-Oct. 15	<u>5</u> 43		
Total for State, same period,		37		
1899. West Virginia:				
Wheeling	Sept. 2-Oct. 6	2		
Total for State, same period, 1899.				
Wisconsin: Sixteen places	May 1-May 31	122	3	
Ten places Eight places	June 1-June 30	29 26	1 0	
Six places	July 1-July 31 Aug. 1-Aug. 31	45	ŏ	
Ashland, Bayfield, Dane, and Eau Claire counties	Sept. 1-Sept. 18	75	0	
Total for State		297	4	
Total for State, same period, 1899.		0		
Wyoming	Oct. 2	1		
Grand total		4,517	94	
Grand total, same period, 1899.		1, 202	14	

## WEEKLY MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Allegheny, Pa. Oct. 20 a 129,000 48 2			νi	ă	$\overline{\parallel}$				Dea	ths i	from	_			
Ashtabuls, Ohlo	Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U.	Total deaths fro	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Baltimore, Md	Allegheny, Pa	Oct. 20										1	1	1	
Bullet, Pa.   Oct. 13	Baltimore, Md	do	. 434, 439	182				.			. 3				
Do.									1				1		
Chelsea, Mass	Do	Oct. 20	8,734	2		.				.		.		ļ	
Chicago, Ill.	Chelsea, Mass	Oct. 13	a 34, 072									: :::::	7		
Chicopee, Mass	Chicago, Ill	do	. a 1, 698, 575	449							. 11				
Cincinnati, Ohio												4			6
Concord, N. H. Oct. 13 17,000 2 383,333 26 3 2 1 1 Detroit, Mich Oct. 20 285,333 26 5 3 2 1 1 2 2 Elmira, N. Y. Oct. 13 285,637 111 2 2 Evans-ville, Ind. Oct. 20 285,907 20 5 2 1 1 2 Evans-ville, Ind. Oct. 20 285,907 20 5 2 1 1 Everett, Mass. Oct. 13 11,068 6 6 2 2 1 1 Everett, Mass. Oct. 13 11,068 6 6 2 2 1 1 Everett, Mass. Oct. 13 11,068 7 2 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 Evans-ville, Mass. Oct. 13 11,068 7 2 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Cincinnati, Ohio	Oct. 19	296, 908	89	10								. 2		
Dayton, Ohio	Concord, N. H	Oct. 13	17,000	108	3								. 6		
Emiria, N. Y. Oct. 13	Dayton, Ohio	Oct. 20	a 85, 333	26		ļ			l		2				
Evenety, Mass.	Elmira, N.Y	Oct. 13									. 1		Z		
Fitchburg, Mass.			a 59, 007	20	5	l		.			. 2		1		
Grand Rapids, Mich. Oct. 6	Fitchburg, Mass	do								1					
Do.	Grand Rapids, Mich	Oct. 6	60, 278						١						
Haverhill, Mass.	Do	Oct. 13	60, 278 60, 278						•••••		2				
Jacksonville, Fla.         do.         17, 201         14         1         1         2           Jersey City, N. J.         Oct. 14         168,003         70         15         1         2           Lexington, Ky.         Oct. 16         a62,559         32         3         3         3           Los Angeles, Cal.        do.         a102,479         30         6         3             Lowell, Mass.         Oct. 20         a41,969         33         6         1         1             Lynchburg, Va.        do.         19,709         7         1         1         1         1  <	Haverhill, Mass	do	a 37, 175	8					<b></b>			1	ļ		
Lawrence, Mass.	Jacksonville, Fla	Oct. 13											5		·····
Lawrence, Mass.	Jersey City, N. J	Oct. 14	163,003	70	15									1	
Los Angeles, Cal.	Lawrence, Mass	Oct. 16											3		
Lowell, Mass		do	a 102, 479								3				·····
McKeesport, Pa.         Oct. 13         a 21,700         11	Lowell, Mass	Oct. 20	a 91, 969								1				
Manchester, N. H.	McKeesport, Pa				1								1		•••••
Massillon, Ohio         Oct. 23         10,092         2         1	Manchester, N. H	do	44, 126	24						ļ	ļ	ļ			•••••
Medford, Mass.         Oct. 20         11,079         4			44, 126 10 092		3	·····			٠٠			ļ	2		•••••
Memphis, Tenn         Oct. 20         a 102, 320         36         1         1         1         1	Medford, Mass	Oct. 20	11,079	4											
Michigan City, Ind         Oct. 13         a 15,000         6         1 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>a 12, 630</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>  </th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>•••••</th>			a 12, 630												•••••
Milwaukee, Wis.	Michigan City, Ind	Oct. 13	a 15,000	6							1				·····
Minneapolis, Minn         Oct. 13         a 202,718         39         5         5         1         4	Milwaukee, Wis		a 285,000												
Mobile, Ala	Minneapolis, Minn		a 202, 718										4		2
Do.	Mobile, Ala	Oct. 6	a 38, 469	29	7										
Nashville, Tenn        do         76, 188         34         3         1         1         1         29         2           Do         Oct. 13         a 246, 070         66         14         1         29         2           New Bedford, Mass.        do         40, 783         17         1 </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>a 38, 469 a 38, 469</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>•••••</th> <th>•••••</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			a 38, 469 a 38, 469								•••••	•••••			
Do.	Nashville, Tenn	do	76, 168	34	3										•••••
New Bedford, Massdo	Do										1				2
New Orleans, La.         Oct. 13         242,039         110         16         2         1         1	New Bedford, Mass	do	40,733	17											
New ton, Mass         Oct. 20         a 33, 587         6          7         2	New Orleans La				16							;			•••••
North Adams, Mass.	Newton, Mass	Oct. 20	a 33, 587	6							2				
Omaha, Nebr.         Cct.         13         a 102,555         28	New York, N. Y North Adams Mass											1	35	1	4
Oneonts, N. Y         Oct. 20         6, 272         2 brainfield, N. J         Octumwa, Iowa         Octumwa, Iowa         Sept. 8         14,001         9 l         1         2	Omaha, Nebr										2				•••••
Do.   Sept. 15	Oneonta, N. Y														•••••
Do.         Sept. 22 Do.         14,001 Sept. 29 Do.         14,001 Sept. 29 Do.         14,001 Sept. 29 Do.         14,001 Sept. 29 Do.         14,001 Sept. 29 Do.         12,000 Sept. 29 Do.         12,000 Sept. 29 Do.         12,000 Sept. 29 Sept. 29 Sept. 25 Sept. 25 Sept. 22 Sept.	Do	Sept. 15								•••••	1				•••••
Palmer, Mass.     Oct. 20     6,520     5     1       Pawtucket, R. I.     Oct. 13     a 39, 231     13     2       Do.     Oct. 20     a 39, 231     10     1     1       Philadelphia, Pa.     do.     a1, 293, 697     366     54     6     1     13     3       Pittston, Pa.     do.     10, 302     2     6     1     13     3       Plainfield, N. J.     do.     11, 267     2     2     2       Reading, Pa.     Sept. 15     a78, 961     24     1     2     2       Boo.     Sept. 22     a78, 961     16     2     1     1     1       Rockford, III.     Oct. 6     23, 584     7     1     1     1     1       Selem, Mass     do     a35, 966     13	Do	Sept. 22	14,001	5	1						2				•••••
Pawtucket, R. I.     Oct. 13     a 39, 231     13      2        Do. </th <th>Palmer, Mass</th> <th></th> <th>14,001 6 520</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>•••••</th> <th>••••• </th> <th>····· ·</th> <th>····· ·</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th>	Palmer, Mass		14,001 6 520			•••••	•••••	····· ·	····· ·						1
Do.	Pawtucket, R. I	Oct. 13	a 39, 231	13								2			•••••
Pittston, Pa. do. 10, 302 2	DoPhiladelphia Pa		a 39, 231								1			.	••••
Plainfield, N. J	Pittston, Pa	do	10, 302	2	- 1							- 1			
Do	Plainfield, N. J	do	11, 267	2		.								.	•••••
Rockford, Ill	Do	Sept. 22	a 78, 961								•••••			•••••	
Do	Rockford, Ill	Oct. 6	23, 584	7	1	••••••					1				
Salt Lake City, Utahdo	Salem, Mass	do	23, 584 a 35. 956										.		••••
* ************************************	Salt Lake City, Utah	do	a 53, 531					!			i		[		•••••

## WEEKLY MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES-Cont'd.

		U. S. 890.				Deaths from—								
Cities.	Week ended.	Population U. census of 1890	Total deaths frail causes.	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Shreveport, La	do Oct. 20 Oct. 13 do Oct. 20 do	11, 979 a 61, 343 a 12,000 18, 707 a 278, 577 32, 853 27, 132 18, 208 a 118, 421 a 44, 885	7 17 4 7 104 13 12 10	1 1 1 20 2 2 2						1 1 4  1 2	2	1 2 1		1

a United States Census of 1900.

## Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended October 15, 1900. [Received from Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.]

Locality.	Temp	Fahrenh	n degrees eit.	Rainfa	ll in inche dredthe	s and hun- 3.
	Normal.	a Excess	. a Defic'ncy.	Normal	. Excess.	Deficiency
Atlantic Coast:						
Eastport, Me Portland, Me	47	7		.91	6.70	
Portland, Me	50	4		. 86	4.41	
Northfield, Vt	43 53	8		.49	1.46	
Boston, Mass	53	4	••••••	.98	1.86	
New Haven, Conn	52	4 5		.91 .74	.35	1.
New York N Y	56	5		:77	3.13	.1
	54	5 3 2 3		.70	.27	***************************************
Philadelphia, Pa	57	ž		.63	1.40	
New Brunswick, N. J	55	3		.77	2.86	
Philadelphia, Pa	57	1		.71	. 60	
	58 57	2		. 69	. 49	
Washington, D. C	57	2		.70		.0
Lynchburg, Va	58	1 1		.77	.02	
Washington, D. C	63	2		.84	.73	
	62	3		. 91		.1
Charlotte, N. C	62		. 2	. 84	. 39	
Kaleign, N. U	58	2		.82		.2
Kittynawk, N. U	65 65	1	••••••	. 82	. 62	•••••
Wilmington N. C.	64			1.41	•••••	••••••
Wilmington, N.CColumbia, S. C	65	0		.89		. 1:
Charleston, S. C	67	•••••	3	.56	. 93 1. 42	••••••
Augusta, Ga	65	•••••	1 2	. 99 . 56	1.42	••••••
Savannah Ga	67	1	4	.86	1.18 .07	•••••
Savannah, Ga	70	3		1.25	1.62	•••••
Jupiter, Fla	77	2		2, 29	1.02	.37
Key West, Fla	79	ő		1.31	1.68	. 07
fulf States:				1.01	1.00	••••••
Atlanta Ga	64		5	. 44	.26	
Atlanta, Ga Tampa, Fla	74	2		.57	2,39	•••••••
Pensacola, Fla	71		2	.75		. 64
Mobile Ala	68	••••••	2	.78		. 46
Montgomery, Ala Meridian, Miss	66		3	. 49	.21	. 20
Meridian, Miss	63	•••••	3	.27	1.69	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	66		4	. 46		. 34
New Orleans, La	71		4	.68		. 68
Shreveport, La	67		4	. 63		. 62
Fort Smith, Ark	62		1	.60		. 59
Little Rock, Ark	64		3	. 49 . 70		. 45
Palestine, TexGalveston, Tex	67		4	.70		.70
Galveston, Tex	74	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4	.96		. 95
San Antonio, Tex	73	•••••	6	.37	•••••	. 25
Corpus Christi, Tex	73	•••••	5	.50	•••••	. 29
hio Valley and Tennessee:			-	[		
Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn	63 .		2	.56	.12	•••••
Chattanage Many	61	•••••		.52		•••••
Chattanooga, Tenn	59	•••••	3	.56	2.63	••••••
Knoxville, Tenn	57		1	.63	••••••	.07
Louisville Ky	59 .	1	1	. 49 . 62	•••••••	.43
Indiananolia Ind	56	1	1	.56	•••••	. 60 . 56
	58 .		1	.51	•••••	.48
Columbus, Ohio	57		î	.56		.56
Parkersburg, W. Va.	53	3	•	.70	•••••	.62
Pittsburg, Pa	56	ŏ		.56		.07
tre Region ·	1	,				.0.
Oswego, N. Y	51	3		.70		. 57
Rochester, N. Y	51			. 63		. 62
Buffalo, N. Y	52	5	•••••	.84		. 84
Effe, Fa	54	2 .		. 91		.78
Cleveland, Ohio	53			. 63		. 63
Sandusky, Ohio Toledo, Ohio	56			. 63		. 63
Toledo, Ohio	54	1 .		.56		.56
DATEGIS Mich	53			. 56		. 56
Detroit, Mich	51	2 .		.60		.60
Lansing, Mich	51			. 63		. 62
Port Huron, Mich				.89 .	•••••	.89
Port Huron, Mich	47					.79
Lansing, Mich	47 45	8		.79	•••••	. 10
Lansing, Mich	47 45 48	8 11		.73 .		.73
Lansing, Mich Port Huron, Mich Alpena, Mich Sault Ste. Marie, Mich Marquette, Mich Escanaba, Mich	47 45 48 47	8 11 5		73	•••••	.73 .77
Lansing, Mich Port Huron, Mich Alpena, Mich Sault Ste. Marie, Mich Marquette, Mich Escanaba, Mich Green Bay, Wis.	47 45 48 47 50	8 11 5 7		.73	••••••	.73 .77 .57
Lansing, Mich Port Huron, Mich Alpena, Mich Sault Ste. Marie, Mich Marquette, Mich Escanaba, Mich Green Bay, Wis. Grand Haven, Mich	47 45 48 47 50 52	8 11 5 7		.73		.73 .77 .57 .74
Lansing, Mich Port Huron, Mich Alpena, Mich Sault Ste. Marie, Mich Marquette, Mich Escanaba, Mich Green Bay, Wis.	47 45 48 47 50	8 11 5 7 0		.73	•••••	.73 .77 .57

a The figures in this column represent the average daily departure.

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Tabl- of temperature and rainfall, week ended October 15, 1900-Continued.

Locality.		rature in Fahrenhe		Rainfal	l in inche dredths	s and hun-
	Normal.	aExcess.	aDefic'ncy.	Normal.	Excess.	Deficiency
Upper Mississippi Valley:						
St. Paul, Minn	50	8		. 45		4
La Crosse, Wis	53	6		.51		
Dubuque, Iowa	54	ž		.61		: i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Davenport, Iowa	55	3		. 62		] :ě
Des Moines, Iowa	55	l i		.70		.  .7
Keokuk, Iowa	56	î		.63		
Springfield, Ill	58	· ō		. 59		
Cairo, Ill	60	l	2	.56		
St. Louis, Mo	60	0		.63		. 6
Iissouri Valley:	"	*				1
Columbia, Mo	58			. 26		.2
Springfield, Mo	57	0		.62		i :6
Kansas City, Mo	58	ĭ		.77	***************************************	
Topeka, Kans	59	•		.44	•••••	.4
Wichita, Kans	60	••••••		.42		1 :4
Concordia, Kans	57	2		.35		:3
Lincoln Nobn					•••••	
Lincoln, Nebr	56	5		. 42	••••••	.4
Omaha, Nebr	55	5		.61	·····	.6
Sioux City, Iowa	53	6		. 42		.4
Yankton, S. Dak	52			. 32		.8
Valentine, Nebr	50	8		.21		.2
Huron, S. Dak	47			. 28		.2
Pierre, S. Dak	52	8		. 14		.1
Moorhead, Minn	46	10		. 49		.4
Bismarck, N. Dak	46	9		.23		.2
Williston, N. Dak	45	8		. 26		j .2
ocky Mountain Region:						
Havre, Mont	44	7		.14		.1
Helena, Mont	44	9		. 21		.2
Miles City Mont	48	8		.21		.2
Rapid City, S. DakSpokane, Wash	50			.18		.1
Spokane. Wash	49	4		.35		. i
Walla Walla, Wash	54	4		.35	.05	٠.
Baker City, Oreg	47	4		.28		.1
Winnemucca, Nev	47	7		.07		
Pocatello, Idaho	50	3		.21		.2
Boise, Idaho	48	7		.21		.2
	53	4				
Salt Lake City, Utah	45			.00		.3
Lander, Wyo					•••••	.2
Chevenne, Wyo	46	•				.1
North Platte, Nebr	51			.21		.2
Denver, Colo	52			.21		.2
Pueblo, Colo	53	2				.1
Dodge City, Kans Oklahoma, Okla	58	2		.28		.2
Oklahoma, Okla	63		3			.8
Amarillo, Tex	58	0		.35	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.3
Abilene, Tex	67		3	.56		.5
Santa Fe, N. Mex	52	0		. 21		.1
El Paso, Tex	65		3	. 21		. 1
Phœnix, Ariz	71	4		.14	.08	
Yuma, Ariz	74			. 07	<b></b>	
cific Coast:						
Seattle, Wash	53	1		.75		.6
Tacoma, Wash	52					.1
Portland, Oreg	54					.8
Roseburg, Oreg	52			.62		.5
Eureka, Cal	52					.5
Redbluff, Cal	63					.2
Carson City, Nev	51					. 2
Sacramento, Cal.	61					. 2
Han Francisco Cal	59			.25		.2
San Francisco, Cal	65					.13
Fresno, Cal	63					.10
San Luis Obispo, Cal	63	= .*		.21		.10
Los Angeles, Cal				.14	.11	.00
San Diego, Cal	63	0 .		.07 '.		

a The figures in this column represent the average daily departure.

## FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

#### AUSTRIA.

Plague information from various countries as published in Vienna.

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, October 1, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following information concerning plague and measures taken against plague by various countries. Respectfully, M. J. Rosenau,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

BULGARIA.—A previous circular of the minister of the interior forbidding the entry of old sacks from noninfected localities has been changed so that old and new sacks

from noninfected localities are permitted entry.

GREECE.—The decree of August 7 and 8 O. S. (August 20 and 21) declaring a fortyeight-hour quarantine against vessels from Smyrna, and the coast of Asia minor from Dikili to Gheronda, has been raised. Vessels from these ports will be admitted to free pratique from August 31 (i. e., September 13), but only after a rigid medical examination. They must also have a certificate from the lazaretto at Clazomene to the effect that the effects of the crew and third-class passengers have been disinfected. In the absence of such a certificate the vessel must either go to the lazaretto of San Giorgio, or of Delos. The prohibition of merchandise from Smyrna and of the ports from Dikili to Gheronda is raised. These regulations apply also to vessels from Beirut. In place of the five-day quarantine for traffic from Glasgow, a ten-day quarantine has been ordered as well as disinfection of vessel, and all the effects of passengers and crew. This order went into effect for all vessels which left port August 25 O. S. (September 7). The quarantine station at Delos is used for this purpose. The entrance of merchandise from Glasgow is strictly forbidden. Vessels from the other ports of Great Britain must undergo a very strict medical examination.

GREAT BRITAIN.—There were 3 cases of plague reported from Glasgow during the week September 7-13, and 9 cases and 2 deaths in the week September 14-20. In the two weeks there were 7 suspects, and September 20, 90 persons were under medical

observation.

ROUMANIA.—The quarantine under medical observations for vessels from Beirut, Port Said, and Smyrna was reduced from ten to five days. Vessels from Glasgow must lie ten days in quarantine and undergo disinfection. At the same time the following articles from Glasgow are forbidden entry into or passage through the country: Used underclothing, used clothing, used bedding. If such articles are brought as baggage, they must be subject to a special treatment; also rags, even when they are pressed by hydraulic power into bales and shipped as merchandise; also used sacks, carpets, and rugs; also raw, unprepared, and undried skins; also fresh animal products, such as hoofs, hair, claws, raw silk, and wool.

SPAIN.—All vessels from plague-infected places must undergo a disinfection of the

vessel and the effects of the crew.

TURKEY.—On account of the continued good sanitary conditions in Smyrna and Beirut all restrictions against travel and commerce from these ports have been raised.

The quarantine of ten days for vessels from Glasgow has been reduced to a fortyeight-hour observation on account of the fact that it takes nineteen days for vessels to get to Constantinople. Vessels from Glasgow, which have put into another harbor and were there admitted to entry after proper disinfection, may be admitted into the first Ottoman port where they may arrive, after a medical examination.

The steamer Niger, which put off 2 cases of plague at the lazaretto of Clazomene,

had 4 more cases en route to Marseilles, of whom one was the ship's surgeon. The sick

were isolated in the lazaretto at Friaul (near Marseilles). The passengers and crew were held under observation until September 15, and the ship was disinfected.

BRITISH INDIA.—In Bombay there were 103 cases and 55 deaths from plague in the week September 3-10. In addition to plague, cholera has also broken out in epidemic character. In the week of August 15 to 21 there were 764 cases. In Calcutta there were 53 and 77 cases, and 52 and 76 deaths in the two weeks of August 5-18.

HONGKONG.—In the city of Victoria the epidemic of plague has diminished. In the three weeks from July 22 to August 11 there were 33, 22, 29 sick, and 34, 22, 28 deaths

reported.

Australia.—The colony of West Australia is declared free of plague since August 11. Since April 17 there were 6 cases and 3 deaths reported. In Queensland there were 17 new cases and 5 deaths in the two weeks July 29 to August 11.

Brazil.—In Rio de Janeiro from August 1 to 20 there were 77 cases and 44 deaths from pest. Since the beginning of the epidemic there was a total of 451 cases and 214 deaths.

#### BRAZIL.

Reports from Rio de Janeiro and the State of Sao Paulo—Plague, yellow fever, and other diseases.

General sanitary reports from Rio de Janeiro.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, September 4, 1900.

SIR: The general mortality during the first fifteen days of August was 558, being an average of 31.2 per diem, against 39.43 per diem in the previous fortnight according to an annual death rate of 17.42 per 1,000, against 18.71 per 1,000.

The comparative death rate from contagious and infectious diseases was as follows: Tuberculosis, 123, against 145; bubonic plague, 37, against 43; malarious fever, 28, against 30; smallpox, 11, against 10; typhoid fever, 4 against 7; beriberi, 5 against 5; dysentery 1 against 2; influenza, 1 against 4; measles, none, against 2, and diphtheria, none, against none.

The number of births registered was 638, the daily average being 42.53, corresponding to an annual birth rate of 19.92 per 1,000; the daily average of the previous fortnight was 34.25, corresponding to a birth rate of 16.04 per 1,000, thus showing a large increase in the number of births.

According to the observation at the meteorological bureau on the Morro do Castello, the thermometer varied as follows: Maximum, 29.1° C.; minimum, 14.5° C.; medium, 20.53° C.

#### Official statistics of the bubonic plague.

The official statistics of the bubonic plague from April 18 to August 31, 1900:

Cases ascertained.—Patients received at the Paulo Candido Hospital during April 18 to 30, 7; May, 50; June, 136; July, 112; August, 72; total, 377. Cases confirmed at the residences of the patients during April 18 to 30, none; May, 11; June, 18; July, 30; August, 20; total, 79; grand total, 456.

Deaths.—Patients who have died at the Paulo Candido Hospital during April 18 to 30, 2; May, 12; June, 55; July, 47; August, 30; total, 146. Occurred at the residences of the patients (ascertained) during April 18 to 30, none; May, 11; June, 18; July, 30; August, 20; total, 79; grand total, 225.

Recoveries.—Patients who have recovered at the Paulo Candido Hospital during April 18 to 30, none; May, none; June, 24; July, 70; August, 70; total, 164; patients remaining in the isolation hospital, 67.

Recapitulation.—Total number of cases ascertained at Paulo Candido

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Hospital, 377; at the residences, 79; total, 456. Total number of deaths at the Paulo Candido Hospital, 146; at the residences, 79; total, 225. Total number of recoveries at the Paulo Candido Hospital, 164; at the residences, none; total, 164; patients still undergoing treatment, 67.

Remarks of the deaths reported in the Paulo Candido Hospital.—Seven were of patients who were dead on reaching the hospital; 44 were of persons who died within twenty-four hours; 26 were of persons who died within forty-eight hours; 69 were of persons whose death occurred

more than forty-eight hours after their arrival at the hospital.

Daily averages.—From April 22 to 28, 0.28 cases, 0.14 death; April 29 to May 5, ————; May 6 to 12, 0.42 cases, 0.28 death; May 13 to 19, 0.71 cases, 0.57 death; May 20 to 26, 3.85 cases, 1.28 deaths; May 27 to June 2, 5.14 cases, 1.28 deaths; June 3 to 9, 5.14 cases, 2.14 deaths; June 10 to 16, 6 cases, 1.85 deaths; June 17 to 23, 4.28 cases, 2.14 deaths; June 24 to 30, 5.28 cases, 3.43 deaths; July 1 to 7, 5.14 cases, 2.85 deaths; July 8 to 14, 5.43 cases, 2 deaths; July 15 to 21, 4.71 cases, 2.43 deaths; July 22 to 28, 3.14 cases, 2.43 deaths; July 29 to August 4, 3.57 cases, 2.71 deaths; August 5 to 11, 4.71 cases, 3.14 deaths; August 12 to 18, 4.15 cases, 1.43 deaths; August 19 to 25, 1.28 cases, 0.71 deaths; August 26 to September 1, 1.14 cases, 0.57 deaths.

Sanitary reports from the State of Sao Paulo.

The official data in regard to the sanitary conditions during the month of June are as follows: The total number of deaths was 3,721, a decrease of 43 as compared with the month of May. From tuberculosis there died 159 persons, an increase of 47, and from malaria 125, an increase of 14.

From typhoid fever there died 27 persons, 3 at the city of Sao Paulo, a decrease of 1; from yellow fever 42 persons, 15 at Sao Paulo, 11 at Santos, 10 at Sorocaba, 3 at San Bernardo, a decrease of 56; from measles 8 persons, a decrease of 5; from scarlet fever 2 persons, the same as before.

In regard to other infectious diseases there has been 1 death from diphtheria, 36 deaths from whooping cough, 6 from erysipelas, 23 from dysentary, 28 from influenza, 10 from leprosy, 1 from cholera, 1 from hydrophobia, and 1 from vericella.

Respectfully,

W. HAVELBURG, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Plague in Rio de Janeiro from September 1 to 12, 1900.

RIO DE JANEIRO, September 12, 1900.

SIR: The progress of the plague was as follows:

		Deat	hs at—		Number			Deat	hs at—		Number
Date.	New cases.	Hos- pital.	Resi- dences.	Cured.	of pa- tients in hospital.	Date.	New cases.	Hos- pital.	Resi- dences.	Cured.	of pa- tients in hospital.
Sept. 1 Sept. 2	3	2		4	60 63	Sept. 8 Sept. 9	2			1	63 63
Sept. 2 Sept. 3 Sept. 4	2 3	2	1		64 65	Sept. 10 Sept. 11		1			62 62
Sept. 5 Sept. 6	2 2	•••••	1	5	61 63	Sept. 12	2	1		3	61
Sept. 7		1			62	Total	16	6	2	13	749

#### Sanitary state of Rio de Janeiro-Plague.

It is evident that during the latter part of the period there was a large decrease in the number of cases of plague; moreover, there have been some days on which there were no new cases.

The general hope, however, that the plague would soon disappear, has been disappointed, and there were some alarming reports. The existence of plague was discovered in the great orphan asylum in a case of a girl of 12 years of age. The consequence was the removal of all the tenants and the disinfection of the houses, isolation of the children, their

systematic inspection, and antiplague vaccination.

Aboard of the Brazilian man-of-war Benjamin Constant, 1 of the mariners has been attacked with plague. The patient was sent to the isolation hospital. The crew was removed, the compartments of the ship were disinfected, etc. Finally, the disease spread among the employees of an important tramway company, who were living together in the same room, and a few of those employees died before a correct diagnosis was made. The necessary measures, required by circumstances, have been adopted.

In regard to observations in experimental views and also on therapeutic results that were made in this isolation hospital, I shall report on another occasion.

We may say that the plague has been limited to the city of Rio de Janeiro. In spite of constant communication with the neighboring cities, there have occurred during the whole period only 4 cases, and these at long intervals. However, during the last week of August there were verified 3 cases and others suspicious were observed. Since that time no other facts have been reported.

In other suburbs of Rio de Janeiro only 2 cases have occurred. By the sanitary statistical institute some very interesting diagrams have been published, showing the progress and the spread of plague in the city of Rio de Janeiro and suburbs. I add to this report the respective

publication:

"An alarming report has been sent from the north of Brazil. At Ceará, according to this report, there were a few suspicious cases and a large mortality among rats. A physician having bacteriological experiences was sent from Para thereto for the purpose of making the necessary examinations. It seems that the report was not well founded."

#### General state of health.

In regard to other infectious diseases I have to report nothing of special importance. Cases of yellow fever occur only sporadically, and smallpox shows a slight increase, but on a very limited scale. Generally speaking, the sanitary state of Rio de Janiero may be considered as very favorable; among the shipping the state of health is excellent.

During the fortnight, August 16 to 31, the death rate was smaller than before, the number of deaths being 550, or at the rate of 34.37 per diem, corresponding to 16.10 per 1,000 against 17.42 during the pre-

ceding period

The causes of deaths in regard to infectious and contagious diseases were as follows: Tuberculosis, 120 against 123; malarious fever, 41 against 28; bubonic plague, 13 against 37; smallpox, 22 against 11; beriberi, 5, the same as before; dysentery, 2 against 1; measles, 1 against none; typhoid fever, 1 against 4, and diphtheria, none.

There were 560 births; that is an average of 35 per diem, correspond-

ing to an annual birth rate of 16.39 per 1,000.

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#### Quarantine.

On September 4 quarantine against Glasgow was declared by the Brazilian Government.

Bills of health.

Since last report the following-named ships have been inspected and received bills of health of this office: September 1 steamship Hevelius, Belgian, for New York; barkentine Doris, American, for Baltimore; ship Harvest Queen, British, for Savannah. September 3, steamship Grecian Prince, British, for New York. September 4, steamship Strabo, British, for New Orleans. September 6, steamship Woodbridge, British, for Galveston. September 12, steamship Flaxman, British, for New York.

Respectfully,

W. HAVELBURG, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Sanitary state of Rio de Janeiro.

RIO DE JANEIRO, September 24, 1900.

SIR: During the fortnight, September 1 to 15, inclusive, the total number of deaths from all causes was 498, a decrease of 52, if compared with the preceding fortnight, being at the rate of 33.2 per diem, and corresponding to 15.55 per 1,000 against 16.10 during the preceding period.

The number of deaths in regard to infectious and contagious diseases was as follows: Tuberculosis, 101 against 120; malarious fever, 28 against 41; bubonic plague, 13, the same as before; smallpox, 24 against 22; beriberi, 3 against 5; yellow fever, 3 against 4; typhoid fever, 2 against 1; dysentery, 3 against 2; influenza, 2, the same as before; diphtheria, 1, none before, and measles, 1, the same as before.

There were 579 births; that is, an average of 38.6 per diem, corre-

sponding to annual birthrate of 18 per 1,000.

According to meteorological observations, the thermometer varied as follows: 27.1° C., maximum; 14.7° C., minimum; medium, 19.70° C.

#### Bills of health.

Since last report the following-named ships have been inspected and received bills of health of this office: September 15, steamship Ethelbrythe, British, for Galveston. September 17, steamship Britannia, British, for Norfolk; bark Gazelle, British, for Savannah; bark Adam W. Spies, American, for United States via Barbadoes; barkentine C. W. Jones, British, for Ship Island; steamship Cyprian Prince, British, for New York. September 19, barkentine Good News, American, for Baltimore. September 22, steamship Syrakus, German, for New York.

Respectfully, W. HAVELBURG, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report of yellow fever at the Sao Sebastiao Hospital from 1890 to 1899.

RIO DE JANEIRO, September 8, 1900.

SIR: Dr. Carlos Seidl, the present director of the yellow fever hospital Sao Sebastiao, has presented a report on that establishment from the date of its foundation, 1890, up to the end of last year.

During that period the number of patients at that establishment has been as follows:

Years.	Cured.	Died.	Total.	Years.	Cured.	Died.	Total.
1890	595 1,859 2,097 443	455 1,614 1,546 339	1, 050 3, 473 3, 643 782	1896	1, 909 356 527 452	1,510 109 558 351	3, 419 465 1, 085 803
1894 1895	2, 374 636	1,747 513	4, 121 1, 149	Total	11,248	8,742	19, 990

He states that of the persons sent to the hospital 6 per cent were not suffering from yellow fever.

Dr. Seidl's administration began in 1892, and the statements that

hereinafter follow relate to the period that began in that year.

The following is a table showing the number of patients that have entered that hospital during eight years, with discrimination of color, sex, nationality, and age:

	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
WhiteBlack		732	3, 966 12	899	3, 253 23	309	946	645
MixedChinese		9	18	5	44	6	12	13
Males	3,207	663	3,630	824	2,990	295	841	592
Females		80 717	366 3, 803	80 879	332 3, 134	22 304	122 923	68 634
Foreigners Brazilians		26	196	25	188	13	40	26
Age.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.
Up to 5 years			17	1	14	3	3	
From 6 to 10 years	71	4	42	7	33	i	14	13
From 11 to 20 years	717	180	1,114	222	924	73	259	139
From 21 to 30 years	1,643	344	1,739	428	1,428	129	420	294
From 31 to 40 years	761	137	616	167	578	67	170	132
From 41 to 50 years	308 68	56 19	288 66	62	235 75	34	67 16	58 14
From 51 to 60 yearsFrom 6 to 70 years		19	13	3	16	2	3	3
From 71 years		2	10	2	10	i		í
Unknown	52		70	7	18	1	11	6

From the foregoing it appears that the mortality of males was 45.19 per cent and the mortality of females was 46.81 per cent.

In this respect Dr. Seidl's figures differ from those of Beranger-Feraud, who in his treatise on yellow fever states that the mortality among males was twice that among females. The number of cases among males was much greater than that among females, being 13,042 males and 1,504 females; but, as is stated above, the mortality among males was proportionally larger.

In regard to the proportional mortality of adults and minors (persons under 21 years of age), the result was as follows: 48.28 per cent for

adults and 37.58 per cent for minors.

In regard to nationalities, the figures show that, both in the number of cases and in the comparative number of deaths, the Brazilians are fewer than the foreigners. Indeed, the cases of illness among foreigners amounted to 13,845 and those among Brazilians to only 701.

Thus the average mortality during the considerable period in which these observations were made was 45.76 per cent for foreigners and 35.27

per cent for Brazilians, the latter being nearly all from the southern States of this country.

The following statement shows the comparative rate of the cases of yellow fever among different nationalities: Portuguese, Spaniard, Italian, Brazilian, English, Poles, Swedish and Norwegian, German, French, Austrian, Russian, North American, Danish, Arabian Turks and Swiss,

and other nationalities, represented by very small numbers.

The mortality among the yellow fever patients at the Sao Sebastiao Hospital was according to nationalities as follows: Swedish and Norwegians, 25.78 per cent; Brazilians, 30 per cent; British, 34.30 per cent; Poles, 37.50 per cent; North-Americans, 38.33 per cent; Germans, 41.76 per cent; Danish, 42.33 per cent; Spaniards, 43.2 per cent; Portuguese, 44.12 per cent; French, 46.89 per cent; Russians, 50 per cent; Swiss, 53.84 per cent; Italians, 54.53 per cent; Austrians, 55 per cent; Arabian Turks, 60 per cent.

The small mortality among the Swedish, Norwegian, and British is explained by the fact that they are nearly all seamen. Dr. Seidl states that the cause of the smaller mortality of seamen is that they are sent to the hospital immediately after being taken ill, whereas among landsmen there is always more or less delay, some of the patients being in a dying state when they reach the hospital. In fact, he asserts, that on an average 10 per cent of the patients arriving at the hospital, are in a dying state and die within twenty-four hours after their arrival. In regard to treatment of patients, Dr. Seidl makes the following statement in relation to the measures adopted by him at the Sao Sebastiao Hospital: 1. The methods which he employs against the fever are mild, and he avoids as much as possible the use of chemical antither-It is better, he says, to resort to the repeated use of aromatic vinagre and others, and especially to baths, but in cases of yellow fever he does not follow entirely the methods recommended by Brand or Winternitz for cases of typhoid fever. Instead of these he gives preference to baths, of temperatures from 32-34° C., for a quarter of an hour and repeated 3 or 4 times in twenty-four hours. He says, that the results obtained by this treatment in regard to the more or less serious symptoms of the congestive period are really astonishing.

2. He says that there is no doubt that one of the first steps to be taken is the disinfection of the intestinal tube and the relief of the hepatic glands and purging of the intestines. For these purposes he uses calomel in full or smaller doses, according to circumstances, followed by a saline purgative, given either in a single dose or in fractional doses. He employs a simple saline mixture and the phosphate of sodium,

adding sometimes from 1 to 2 grams of tincture of digitalis.

He says that his preference for dialytic purgatives immediately after the use of cholagogues is the result of long experience in the hospital.

3. The administering of salol, in a dose of from 4 to 6 grains every twenty four hours, either alone or together with a quinine preparation in a small dose, is commonly used at the hospital after the abovementioned treatment.

4. He also adopts the early administration of theobromine, for this

has the great advantage of preventing anuria.

5. The hemorrhages are combated at the hospital by means of gallic acids and by cryotin, the latter in solution and sometimes as a subcutaneous injection. He states that he has used for a number of years a simple formula whose application he considers very advantageous in stubborn cases of black vomit. The attending physician should insist, he says, on the use of the formula for several days, unless the stomach

of the patient refuses to receive the remedy. He says he does not limit his treatment to that formula, but makes use of other measures, especially the application of ice internally and externally.

7. Dr. Seidl confesses his impotence in regard to anuria, but there are very few of the means recommended for combating it that have not

been employed at the hospital.

8. The inability of the stomach for retaining medicine or vomiting; the epigastralgia is combated at the hospital with well-known measures; the following formula has been preferred: Aquæ distillatæ and aqua menthæ piperitæ, aa, 80 grams; syrupi belladonnæ, 20 grams; cocaini hydrochloricæ, 1 decigram; to take every two hours, 1 tablespoonful; or, syrupi gummosi, 200 grams; cerii oxalati, 5 centigrams; syrup simplicis, 30 grams; or, fluid magnesia as a vehicle for various stomachical tinctures or carminatives for the purpose of correcting the catarrhal state of the tongue, indicating persistent gastric stringency.

9. He recommends for insomnia the use of sulfonal, 4 doses of one-

half gram, 1 dose every hour.

When insomnia is accompanied by ataxic symptoms, he uses chloral in clysters, employing the following formula: Chloralis hydratis, 5 grams; gummi arabic, solut., 150 grams; to be administered in 3 portions with intervals of two hours.

- 10. The intestinal washing, or irrigation, 2 or 3 times a day is symptomatically employed, and for this purpose is used boric acid or chloride of sodium.
- 11. The foregoing, he says, forms the basis of the treatment, but other measures, such as general or local bleeding, or other symptomatic measures are also adopted.
- 12. He calls attention to the employment of the following saline injections: The artificial serum of cheron, chloride of sodium, 2 grams; phosphate of sodium, 4 grams; sulphate of sodium, 8 grams; phenic acid, 1 gram; distilled water, 100 grams, in a dose of from 5 to 20 cubic centimeters each time, and also the artificial serum recommended by Hayem (boiled water, 1,000 grams; chloride of sodium, 7 grams), and the effects observed were similar. He prefers, however, the latter, on account of its simplicity and the ease with which it is prepared.

In repeated cases of anuria he employed the artificial serotherapeutic without the advantageous result, although he was anxious to obtain it.

In the rare cases of severe hemorrhages, however, without anuria, the intravenous injections have proved efficient for improvement of the very failing tension of the arteries.

At the Sao Sebastiao Hospital the diet of the yellow fever patients during the course of the disease consists of broths and of milk. Preferred, however, is an exclusive milk diet, excepting cases, which are frequent, of repugnance of the patients to this diet. From this system there has been obtained great benefits and Dr. Seidl has not found the disadvantages, which partisans of watery diet claim, that is offered by milk. It seems these objections are purely theoretical. And if practically the use of this diet is advantageous, cold milk being preferred in connection with some intestinal antiseptic (benzanaphthol, salol, or bicarbonate of soda) it may be asserted, that in theory the use of milk diet in yellow fever is what the practitioner is obliged to prescribe.

Apropos of diet prescriptions it must be stated that at the hospital the use of albuminous water is very frequent, not only as an emollient

but also for the purpose of nutrition.

Dr. Seidl is not in favor of the use of lemonades in yellow fever cases;

he prefers alkalines and gives his patients natural bicarbonate waters (Vichy, Godesberger, Mattoni, Caxambu, Cambuquira, Lambary, Macacos, Poças de Caldas, etc.).

Respectfully,

W. HAVELBURG, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### BRITISH HONDURAS.

## Report from Belize—Fruit port.

BELIZE, BRITISH HONDURAS, October 12, 1900.

SIR: I continue to receive most satisfactory reports of the health of the colony as well as of the town. Malaria has been more or less in evidence throughout the season, but not excessively so. Troubles due to that cause are less prevalent than earlier in the season. This is the dry season, and yet we are having tremendous downpours almost daily.

The Managua, Olsvik, clears for Mobile this a. m., and the Foxhall, Larson, clears for New Orleans; no passengers by either steamer from

this place.

Respectfully,

NORWOOD K. VANCE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

List of deaths registered in the town of Belize from the 5th instant to date.

a Under 1 year of age.

A. K. YOUNG, Registrar-General.

#### CANARY ISLANDS.

## Teneriffe quarantines against Glasgow.

TENERIFFE, September 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that a quarantine of twelve days has been declared on all vessels from Glasgow. The steamer *Thomas Tumbull*, arriving yesterday from Glasgow with a cargo of coal for here, having taken nine days in her voyage, has been put in quarantine for three days more, the twelve days counting from the day the vessel begins her voyage. The medical director of the port informs me she will have to undergo a disinfection besides before being admitted.

Respectfully,

SOLOMON BERLINER, United States Consul.

Hon. Assistant Secretary of State.

#### COLOMBIA.

## Report from Bocas del Toro-Fruit port.

BOCAS DEL TORO, COLOMBIA, October 7, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended October 6, 1900, the following-named vessels were inspected, clearing for ports in the United States, and the consular bills of health issued to them, respectively, were by me countersigned: October 2, steamship Barnstable, British; Higgins, master; crew, 31; no passengers; for Baltimore, Md. October 3, steamship Simon Dumois, Norwegian; Nieuwejaar, master; crew, 16; no passengers; for New Orleans, La. October 5, steamship Bodo, Norwegian; Johanessen, master; crew, 15; no passengers; for Mobile, Ala.

The general health of Bocas del Toro, as well as the cays in the vicinity, continues good, and while there are a few cases of malarial fever, relapses, in the town, there is positively nothing suspicious as far as contagious or infectious diseases are concerned. There have been 3 deaths in the town of Bocas del Toro during the said week—2 colored infants, caused by convulsions and dysentery, respectively, and also a Chinaman, the cause of death not positively known, but certainly not from a contagious or infectious disease.

Respectfully,

WM. H. CARSON,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### COSTA RICA.

## Reports from Port Limon—Fruit port.

PORT LIMON, COSTA RICA, October 7, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit report for week ended October 6, 1900. The following vessels have cleared from this port:

Date.	Vessel.	Master.	Number of crew.	Destination.	Number of pas- sengers.	Number of pieces baggage disin- fected.
Oct. 1 Oct. 3 Oct. 4 Oct. 5	Ss. Alene	Long Reid Bulman Israel	24	New York Mobile, Ala New Orleans, La Mobile, Ala	0 0 0	0 0 0

The sanitary conditions of this port and the adjacent country are good. Five deaths during the week, as follows: October 1, an adult 27 years of age, from tetanus; October 2, an adult 49 years of age, from Bright's disease; a child 2 years of age, from malaria; October 4, an adult 25 years of age, from ulcer of intestines, and a child 4 months of age, from malaria.

Respectfully,

J. GREY THOMAS, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

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## A case of yellow fever at Bocas del Toro.

#### [Cablegram.]

PORT LIMON, COSTA RICA, October 22, 1900.

One yellow fever Bocas.

CARSON.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CUBA.

Reports from Cienfuegos, Santa Cruz del Sur, and Casilda.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, October 15, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that during the week ended October 13, 1900, 22 deaths have occurred in this city from the following causes: Pernicious fever, 3; tuberculosis, 3; gangrene, 1; arterial sclerosis, 1; Bright's disease, 1; heart disease, 1; insufficiency, mitral, 1; enteritis, 4; tetanus, infantile, 2; old age, 1; paludism, 1; endocarditus, 1; wounds, 1; pneumonia, 1. Of the total number of deaths 9 occurred in the civil hospital. Death rate for the week is 28.67.

Sixteen vessels were inspected and passed during the week. Fourteen vessels received bills of health for other ports. Steamship Gussie arrived at this port October 9, with cattle; after discharging cargo at wharf, was ordered outside to clean vessel previous to being disinfected, prior to departure for New Orleans. On the 9th instant the fishing schooner Angelita, Cuban, arrived at this port from Santiago without a bill of health. The vessel had been away from Santiago for over a month, and as there was no way of learning where she had been in the meantime I had the forecastle, cabin, and deck washed with a solution of bichloride of mercury and the clothing and bedding of crew steamed, vessel then being given pratique.

I have been without the services of Acting Assistant Surgeon Lindsley for the past five days, he being confined to his home by an attack of malarial fever.

Ninety-one pieces baggage disinfected and so labeled during the week, 52 pieces of which were taken from the steamship *Gussie* and schooner *Angelita*. One hundred and six pieces baggage inspected and passed and so labeled during the week. Ninety-three health certificates issued to passengers leaving this port during the week.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Dr. Juan R. Xiques reports for the week ended October 6, 1900, no deaths, no contagious diseases. Inspected 7 vessels

during the week.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Dr. Juan R. Xiques reports for the week ended October 13, 1900, 1 death, no contagious diseases. Inspected 6 vessels

during the week.

Cusilda.—Dr. Alejandero Cantero reports 8 deaths in the city of Trinidad during the week ended October 13; no contagious diseases, health of port good. Inspected 6 vessels during the week.

Respectfully, F. E. TROTTER,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

## Report of inspection of station at Cienfuegos.

HAVANA, CUBA, October 12, 1900.

SIR: In reply to Bureau letter (E.B.S.-R.M.W.), dated October 6, 1900, in relation to a detention camp at Cienfuegos, office, etc., I have the honor to report that I took advantage of the fact that the U.S. transport *Crook* was about to leave this port for Cienfuegos to deliver quartermaster's supplies and return in a limited time. I departed the night of October 5, and returned the morning of October 10, 1900.

The following report is submitted:

Cienfuegos, situated upon the middle south coast of the island of Cuba, population about 40,000, has one of the best protected harbors, both from the elements and military attack. Rowall Barracks are located near the entrance, about 6 miles from the city, where 4 companies of troops are well located and protected from the introduction of epidemic diseases.

A mile or two within and to the right, about 5 miles from the city, is situated Caya Alcatraz, a small island of about 16 acres, with good anchorage ground for a disinfecting barge and vessels undergoing quar-This site, together with considerable adjacent ground upon the mainland, is under process of condemnation for military purposes, and the island set aside for quarantine uses. It is well adapted for the purposes of a camp and quarantine station combined. The present temporary location, about 3 miles from the city, is a temporary makeshift and illy adapted for the purpose. It is low, swampy, and infested with A fairly well equipped outfit is on hand to accommodate about a dozen persons, and will meet the necessity until the other site is secured. Upon the wharf at Cienfuegos, a disinfecting chamber of French pattern is housed in a small frame building, sufficient for present purposes until the arrival of the floating disinfecting barge provided for this station. Muster and roll call of the officers and attendants showed a correspondence with the pay roll, and the books and records in the office were in neat and orderly condition. The medical officer in command has reason to believe that suitable office room will be allotted in one of the public buildings near the harbor, which will cause the saving of rental expense and replace recommendations previously made by him. There is no present necessity for the extension of the disinfecting plant building upon the wharf for a small office, on account of the probability of obtaining office space in one of the public buildings nearby.

Steamship lines.—The steamers of Menendez Line arrive twice a week from Batabano, touching at Casilda, Tunas, Jucaro, Santa Cruz and Manzanillo, and Santiago de Cuba upon the trip. These vessels arrive from Batabano at night, twelve hours out. A guard is placed on board and local baggage for Santiago, as well as that for points beyond, is disinfected. This is doing the work en route for the officer at Santiago,

but seems to be the best arrangement at the present time.

Vessels of the Jover Steamship Line arrive from Spain and the Canary Islands once a month, touching at Cuban ports, being about twenty-one days from Havana. The vessels are then disinfected at

Cienfuegos before proceeding to New Orleans.

Cattle boats.—Vessels of this class arriving from New Orleans receive no special quarantine attention. The Munson Line steamers have non-immune crews, mostly Norwegians, and are over five days out from Tampico, Progreso, and other ports. Nine vessels were disinfected last

year, and 13 during the present season. I append a list of the number

of vessels departing for southern ports of the United States.

Railroad communication.—One of my principal objects was to ascertain the amount of yellow-fever infection introduced by rail and the best methods of restraint to be adopted. It is estimated that there are about 60 nonimmunes in Cienfuegos, 20 of whom are Americans. Railroad communication is about twelve hours from Havana, over a rough and primitive equipment. Seven cases of yellow fever have been isolated this season, 5 of which contracted the disease in Havana, and 2 were incurred from these cases locally. After looking over the situation carefully with Assistant Surgeon Trotter, the best remedy at present appears to be to have the few nonimmunes now arriving by rail to report daily to the health authorities for inspection and to have their baggage disinfected upon arrival. I inclose copy of official papers and indorsement made by myself upon my return to Havana. The steam launch Urquhart requires some spar varnish, for which requisition will be made to the Bureau. The launch is well adapted to this harbor and is giving good service. Dr. Trotter has the quarantine situation well in hand and is doing efficient work at a reasonable expense for this station.

Subports.—The subports of this station are Casilda (Trinidad) Jucaro, Tunas de Zaza (Sancti Spiritus), and Santa Cruz del Sur. No quarantine officer is necessary at Jucaro at the present time. Foreign vessels touch at this place about once a year via other local ports. It is the port of entry for Ciega de Avila, which is inland about 18 miles, with a small local railroad to the port of Jucaro. Tunas is the port of entry of Sancti Spiritus, 27 miles inland, having a population of about 15,000, with a small local railroad to the port making 4 trips a week. Tunas consists of about 100 houses, the residences of ship brokers, agents, and stevedores. Only small coasting vessels come to the wharves. Vessels of over 12 feet draft anchor 3 miles away. There is little danger of yellow fever infection at these subports, and no ascertained communi-

cation with plague-infected ports.

Respectfully.

A. H. GLENNAN Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer for the Island of Cuba.

The Surgeon-General, U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Protection of neighboring cities against Havana.

[Translation.]

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, September 29, 1900.

SIR: Having been informed of the large number of yellow-fever patients actually existing in the city of Havana, bearing in mind that of the cases of yellow fever had in this city, 2 proceeded from the capital, and wishing this city to establish a quarantine by land as a drawback to yellow fever, and not counting with the means necessary and the many difficulties which arise, in view of the different places from which passengers arriving at Cienfuegos come from, I beg of you to kindly order that all passengers proceeding from Havana may not be allowed to embark for Cienfuegos without being first fumigated, with their baggage, and that all acclimated foreigners, besides being subject to these measures, bring a certificate of acclimation of the epidemic which occupies us.

Respectfully,

Dr. E. Ruiz, Director. 2641

#### [First indorsement.]

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT ENGINEER, Matanzas, Cuba, October 2, 1900.

Respectfully forwarded to the adjutant, Second United States Cavalry, inviting attention to letter within.

JOHN S. WINN,
First Lieutenant and Squadron Adjutant, Second Cavalry,
Disbursing and District Engineer's Office.

#### [Second indorsement.]

HAMILTON BARRACKS, Matanzas, Cuba, October 3, 1900.

Respectfully forwarded. This seems to be a precaution that should be taken at Havana to protect all other places on the island.

HENRY E. NOYES, Colonel Second Cavalry, Commanding.

#### [Third indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF WESTERN CUBA, Quemados, October 5, 1900.

Respectfully forwarded to the adjutant-general, division of Cuba.

R. R. W. MICHIE,
Adjutant-General, in the Absence of the Department Commander.

#### [Fourth indorsement.]

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION OF CUBA, Havana, October 6, 1900.

Respectfully referred to the chief quarantine officer of the division for remark.

By command of Major-General Wood:

H. L. Scott,
Adjutant General.

#### [Fifth indorsement.]

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER, ISLAND OF CUBA, Havana, Cuba, October 11, 1900.

Respectfully returned to the adjutant-general, division of Cuba, with

the following report:

Yellow fever infection has been carried this season by rail from Havana to Batabano, Matanzas, Cienfuegos, and intermediate points. At Cienfuegos there has been a total of 7 cases this season, 5 of which were incurred in Havana and 2 contracted from them locally. There are no cases in that city at the present time.

The question of the restraint of passenger travel by rail is a difficult one, and owing to the lateness of the season it is recommended that the question be handled at the points of arrival in the following way: Non-immune passengers should be kept under daily observation, reporting to the local health officer once a day for the period of five days, and their baggage disinfected.

The quarantine officers at the outlying seaport towns will aid the

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local health authorities in this matter, and will be instructed to disinfect the baggage when requested.

A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer for the Island of Cuba.

List of vessels departing from Cienfuegos for southern ports of the United States.

Year 1899, bound to Galveston, 14; New Orleans, 20; Pensacola, 10; Apalachicola, 2; Mobile, 7; Key West, 1; Charlotte Harbor, 1; Brunswick, 3; Pascagoula, 1; Tampa, 1; total, 60.

wick, 3; Pascagoula, 1; Tampa, 1; total, 60. Year 1900, bound to Galveston, 4; New Orleans, 12; Pensacola, 10; Fernandina, 1; Mullet Key, 4; Punta Gorda, 1; Brunswick, 2; Pascagoula, 1; Mobile, 2; total, 37.

## Report from Havana.

HAVANA, CUBA, October 15, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions at this station during the week ended October 13, 1900:

There has been no change in the yellow fever situation. Eighteen deaths from the disease occurred during the week. The increased Spanish immigration during the past ten days has greatly added to the already abundant material in the city, so that new cases are added to the list at the rate of about 9 a day, as is shown in the official reports of the sanitary department.

On the 10th instant the Spanish steamship Gaditano arrived from Vigo, Spain, with 492 immigrants. The vessel, a tramp boat, was in a most foul and dangerously unsanitary condition, and did not possess accommodations for carrying human freight in such large numbers. With her crew of 40 men she had on board 532 souls, 400 more than she could carry with safety. Fortunately the immigrants were for the most part healthy robust men, and were able to endure the hardships they must have suffered. There was no sickness on board nor did the ship's doctor report that there had been any during the voyage, still, the possibility of a very different state of affairs, had an infectious disease broken out, is by no means pleasant to contemplate. I have taken the matter up with the captain of the port and I think that with his cooperation such vessel can be made to maintain a better sanitary system when engaged in carry immigrants.

On the arrival of the steamer *Mascotte*, from Key West, last Saturday, the boarding officer found a stowaway on board, who afterwards proved to be an escaped prisoner. As he was wanted by the Key West authorities the captain was given instructions to confine him; as he had not been landed and had no communication with the shore, he was allowed to be returned.

No cases of smallpox have developed at Mariel among the Navarre's passengers detained under observation. Acting Asst. Surg. A. B. McDowell is handling the situation well, and has been able to have some much-needed work performed on the reservation at a small cost by giving employment to some of the immigrants.

I have compiled a set of port rules based on United States Quarantine Regulations, which are to govern at all points on the island. I have had them approved by the governor-general and he has promulgated

them as an order. I inclose a copy.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gomez, at Baracoa, reported on the 13th, the arrival of the coastwise steamer *Julia* with a case of yellow fever on board. The patient, second-class passenger, Spaniard, who had been living three months in Cuba, was removed and isolated on shore. He disinfected the cabin and destroyed the bedding. The mortality report and the summary of the work at this station during the week are also inclosed.

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

#### Report for week ended October 13, 1900.

#### PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

Passengers examined		Applications for immune certificates rejected
DIS	NFEC	TING PLANT.
Pieces of baggage disinfected  Mail matter disinfected  Express matter disinfected	345 14 18	Freight inspected and passed 1, 247 Marked "To be disinfected" 4
Baggage inspected and passed Express matter inspected and passed	107 137	Total amount handled 1,872
STEA	M BAR	GE SANATOR.
Vessel disinfected Viveros disinfected	5 7	Dunnage of crews disinfected 53 Pieces of Florida baggage disinfected 37
OUT-I	OOR I	DEPARTMENT.
Vessels inspected and entered Vessels inspected and cleared	25 20	Immigrants inspected 544
Mortuary report for	the w	eek ended October 13, 1900.
Yellow fever Enteric fever Pernicious fever Malarial fever Enteritis	. 2 . 1 . 3	Pneumonia
	۲No.	396.]

[No. 396.]

### HEADQUARTERS DIVISION OF CUBA, Havana, September 28, 1900.

The military governor of Cuba directs the publication of the following order, which will govern in matters pertaining to the questions of quarantine in all ports of entry of the island of Cuba:

I. Pilots on boarding vessels to conduct them into the harbor shall

proceed immediately to the pilot deck and remain there.

II. They shall immediately direct the yellow flag to be hoisted as a signal for inspection, whether the vessel has sickness on board or not.

III. Pilots shall remain upon the vessel until permitted to go ashore, and no person shall be allowed to come on board or leave the vessel until after the completion of inspection and the lowering of the quarantine flag.

IV. The hours for the inspection of vessels shall be from sunrise to

sunset, except for vessels in distress.

V. Upon the arrival of a vessel the crew shall be mustered upon deck for inspection and the number verified as given upon the crew list and bills of health. Cabin passengers shall also be inspected and the number verified, if from suspected or infected ports; and a careful inspection and verification of steerage passengers shall always be made.

VI. In suspicious cases occurring among the passengers or crew the clinical thermometer shall be used, and particular care is enjoined in vessels coming from ports or countries suspected of plague. Cases of pneumonia occurring en route must be carefully scrutinized; and when deemed necessary, also the cervical, axillary, and inguinal regions examined for glandular enlargement, in order to exclude this disease.

VII. The written certificates of medical officers of the Navy and U. S. army transport service may be accepted as to the sanitary condi-

tion of their vessel, passengers, and crew.

VIII. All vessels, whether foreign or coastwise, shall be subject to inspection throughout the year.

#### Bills of health.

IX. Bills of health shall be required and issued in every instance upon the consular or supplemental forms for foreign or coastwise ports in accordance with the quarantine laws and regulations.

X. When vessels expect to depart during the night or early morning the bills of health must be applied for the previous afternoon during the customs office hours. The final inspection of the vessel, passengers, and crew shall be made during daylight, as late as possible before sailing, and no further communication allowed with the vessel except by permission of the quarantine officer.

XI. The official dispatch boats, acting under the direct orders of the military governor, and vessels of the Customs Service are exempt from inspection and necessity of obtaining bills of health. In case, however, sickness occurs upon board of said vessels it shall be immediately

reported to the quarantine officer.

XII. In ports where a quarantinable disease prevails certificates of health shall be required of all passengers before being allowed to board a vessel, and their baggage shall be labeled "Inspected and passed" or

"Disinfected and passed," as may be required.

XIII. The treatment of passengers, vessel, and crew shall be noted briefly under the head of "Remarks" upon the bills of health; time of day the vessels depart; partial or complete disinfection; methods employed; if disinfection is vitiated by after communication with shore or other pertinent facts, and the same signed by the inspecting officer.

XIV. In any doubtful diagnosis or infractions of the Quarantine Rules and Regulations, the vessel shall be detained in quarantine and the facts immediately telegraphed to the chief quarantine officer for instructions.

J. B. HICKEY,

Assistant Adjutant-General.

Vital statistics of Havana for September, 1900.

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION OF CUBA, Havana, Cuba, October 1, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to herewith forward report of vital statistics of Havana for the month of September. The general death rate of this

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month makes a very favorable comparison with that of any September for the past ten years. The report shows that we had 519 deaths, which gives a rate of 25.68 per 1,000 for the year. This is considerably less than any September for the last ten years, with the exception of last year when we had 496 deaths. This September we had 34 more deaths from yellow fever than we had last September. This, of course, considerably affects our mortality rate, but the greatest item is the fact that in September of last year Havana had just passed through a severe famine for two years, and it is well known that famine and pestilence kill off the old, very young, and the invalids generally, and that for a short time after such calamities the death rate is considerably reduced. The number of this class was greatly reduced for the last four months in 1899. This, of course, must be taken into consideration. deaths for September, 1899, of children under 1 year of age were 91; for this September they were 124. This shows a large increase in the number of children under 1 year, due to the fact that during the preceding three years the birth rate had dropped to a very low point and most of the children born had died through pestilence and famine. Taking in the items of yellow fever and deaths under 1 year of age, 34 in one case and 33 in the other, our deaths would be reduced by 67, which is the true rate as compared with the last three years.

Tuberculosis shows a steady decrease, the rate last year being 3.92

per 1,000; that for this year being 2.68 per 1,000.

We had 52 deaths from yellow fever. This, compared with the number of deaths for the same months during the past ten years, is much under them. The only years which have a smaller number are 1890, 1898, and 1899. Considering the much larger nonimmune population at present in Havana than was in Havana during the years mentioned, this makes a pretty good showing. The average for September for the past ten years is 72.40, which is very much greater than the number we give this month. Of the cases occurring in September, 64 were Americans and 186 were Spaniards. The number of deaths among Americans was 5, among the Spaniards 37, giving per cent of deaths of 7.81 per cent Americans, and 19.89 per cent Spaniards.

The immigration has been very large and brings us a large quantity of nonimmune material, but the steps taken by the military government for establishing a bureau of immigration, and to put an immigration settlement in a healthy locality outside of the city will greatly obviate this. The idea being to collect all the immigrants and take them right from the shipping to this settlement, without coming near the city of Havana, and then distribute them to their various destinations around the island. This would have more immediate effect than any other

measure, I think, that can be taken at present.

The amount of cleaning and sanitary work, as shown by the report, has been very largely increased. I call attention to the very large number of premises, cesspools, etc., examined this month as compared with any former month. Also the large number cleaned and disinfected.

We have now employed a total of 52 inspectors constantly inspecting the condition of houses, and 240 other employees engaged in various ways in attending to the reports of these inspectors. While this department is doing a great deal of very useful work, and I think that the hygienic condition of the city has been and will be considerably improved by work on these lines, the permanency of the work is sharply limited by the constant need of a sewerage system. No one can appreciate this as does the sanitary officer from the daily examination of 600 reports of house inspections, in every one of which the question of dis-

posal of sewage comes up. No permanent improvement can be effected in my opinion until Havana is given some sort of sewerage system, and the sooner this is done the better. It is by far the most pressing need that the sanitary Department has before it at present.

Respectfully, W. C. Gorgas, Major and Surgeon, U. S. Army, Chief Sanitary Officer.
THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL, DIVISION OF CUBA.

#### DEATHS.

D.	DEATHS.
Aorta, diseases of	8   Hemorrhage, postpartum       1         4   Icterus       2         3   Liver, cirrhosis of       15         2   Laryngitis       2         2   Marasmus       14         3   Mvelitis       14
Atelectasis, pulmonary.  Albuminuria  Bronchitis 2  Brain, arterial embolism of 1	1       Measles       1         1       Meningitis       39         26       Malaria       19         2       Meningo encephalitis       2         Myocarditis       1
Beriberi	2       Melanuria       1         1       Occlusion, intestinal       2         8       Organic dementia       1         4       Œdema, pulmonary       1         2       Pneumonia, catarrhal       6         1       Pneumonia, lobar       14
Dysentery	2       Peritonitis, acute       2         2       Peritonitis, traumatic       2         1       Pericarditis       1         1       Poisoning       2         1       Pulmonary embolism       2         3       Patulous foramen ovale       1
Enteritis	3   Penfigus
Fever, pernicious malarial         12           Fever, borras         1           Fever, bilious         1           Gangrene         1           Grippe         1	7       Septicæmia, puerperal       3         2       Senile dementia       1         1       Strangulated hernia       1         1       Tabies dorsalis       1         1       Tuberculosis       72         1       Tetanus       21
Glanders       1         Heart, valvular disease of       10         Heart, fatty degeneration of       2         Heart, hypertrophy of       5         Hidrohemia       1         Hemophilia       1	1       Tumor       3         0       Umbilical hemorrhage       1         2       Unæmia       5         5       Wounds, contused       2         1       Wounds, knife       1
Hematoceli fulminant 1	

#### Deaths in the month of September.

Years.	Deaths.	Death rate per 1,000.	Inhab- itants.	Years.	Deaths.	Death rate per 1,000.	Inhab- itants.
1890	637 558 578 549 583 730	36. 48 31. 08 32. 04 30. 12 31. 56 39. 00	209, 448 212, 448 215, 448 218, 448 221, 448 224, 448	1896	1, 067 1, 543 2, 397 496 519	56, 28 80, 28 123, 12 25, 08 25, 68	227, 448 230, 448 233, 448 236, 448 242, 055

## Deaths by nationality.

	Mε	de.	Fem	ale.			Ms	de.	Fen	ale.	
Nationality.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	Total.	Nationality.	White.	Colored.	White.	Colored.	Total.
Cubans	141 98 9 12 0 1 0	46 0 0 0 1 0 0	121 19 0 0 0 1 1	55 0 1 0 3 0 0	363 117 10 12 4 2 1	Germans	3 1 1 0 2 269	0 0 0 0 0 47	0 0 0 1 0	0 0 0 0 0	3 1 1 1 2 519

## Deaths by districts.

SouthEast	99 54	Puentes Grandes	2
West Vedado		Total	519

## Deaths in hospitals.

Animas	9 17	Benefica  Del Rey  Quinta de Higiene	1
	18	Total	134

## Deaths by ages.

From 30 days to 1 year  From 1 to 2 years  From 2 to 5 years	72 20 18 13 52	From 50 to 60 years From 60 to 70 years From 70 to 80 years From 80 to 90 years From 90 to 100 years Unknown	27 20 11 4
From 30 to 40 years	70		519

## Infectious and contagious diseases reported.

Disease.	White.	Col- ored.	Total.	Deaths.	Disease.	White.	Col- ored.	Total.	Deaths.
Tuberculosis Yellow fever Typhoid fever Pernicious ma-	269	14 1	59 269 16	72 52 7	Diphtheria Measles Glanders	6 7 3	2 1	8 8 3	2 1 1
larial fever Puerperal fever		4	12 6	12 3	Total	359	22	381	150

### Yellow fever report.

Nationality.	Case.	Deaths.	Discharged.	Remaining.	Nationality.	Савев.	Deaths.	Discharged.	Remaining.
Remaining under treatment September 1, 1900—  Spaniards	14 3	5 0 0 0 0 0	62 14 3 2 2 1	0 0 0 0 0 0	New cases occurring in September, 1900, 269—Cont'd.  Americans Germans Cubans British Swede Swiss Danes Italians Greeks Mexicans. Venezuelans.	5 4 3 1 1	5 2 1 0 0 1 0 1	35 2 3 1 1 0 0 0 0	24 1 0 2 0 1 0 1 1 0 0
Spaniards	186	37	91	58	Grand total	358	52	218	88

Note.—1 case came from Pinar del Rio, 1 from La Salud of the same province, 1 from Guanacacoa, and 2 from Marianao.

Yellow fever deaths in the month of August, 1900.

August, 1890, 33; 1891, 65; 1892, 70; 1893, 68; 1894, 76; 1895, 135; 1896, 166; 1897, 56; 1898, 34; 1899, 18; 1900, 52.

Marriages during the month.

White, 117; colored, 8; mixed (white man with negress), 1; total, 126.

#### Persons married.

NT-AL	w	hite.	Col	lored.	<b></b>
Nationality.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Cubans	78 36	102 13	8	9	197 49
Americans	2 1	2			4
Total	118	117	8	9	252

#### Immigrants.

		Arabians	
Italians	62	Porto Ricans	3
French	24	Coreans	3
English	19	Russians	1
Chinese	17	Norwegians	1
Austrians	15	Dutch	1
Mexicans	14	Syrians	1
Turkish	10	Santo Domingans	1
South Americans	6	<u>-</u>	
Germans	5	Total	1,069

## Births recorded during the month.

	Legiti- mate.	Illegiti- mate.	Total.			Legiti- mate.	(llegiti- mate.	Total.
White, male	130 133	36 49	166 182	Colored, temal	e	4	22	26
Colored, male	4	20	24	Total	••••••	271	127	396
Apparent excess of death Gained by the native pop Examinations of premi Written notices Cesspools examined	ulation	Sa 1	nitary 1 2, 500 4, 550 2, 500	work done.  Houses clean Cart loads of moved from	ed and d	isinfect	ted	947 re-
Cesspools cleaned	••••••	•••••	688					
D		g	1 080-110	Triems.	. <b>NT</b> . 45	. 1.4		
Race— White Colored	5			9 5		bans	s	
Chinese			Total	14	,	Гotal	•••••	14
		Intern	nents in	cemeteries.				
Colon or Catholic	••••	•••••	. 461	Arroyo Narai	io		• • • • • • • • • • •	2
Baptist Chinese Calvario			. 4	·				
		,	Weather	report.				
Day.	eter.	ity.		Day.		eter.	ity.	

Day.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Rainfall.	Day.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Rainfall.
1	29.941	82	86	.06	17	29, 999	80	74	.00
2	29.809	80	86	.37	18	30.016	81	79	.00
3	29, 820	80	84	.00	19	30.040	82	78	.00
4	29.760	80	82	.31	20	30 019	81	78	.00
5	29.544	80	89	. 19	21	30.029	82	84	.00
6	29.697	82	85	.00	22	29, 994	80	80	.00
7	29 825	80	93	.70	: 23	29.978	82	74	.00
8	29. 916	82	81	Т	24	30.010	79	78	.00
9	29.877	80	86	.04	25	30,016	81	78	.00
l0	29.889	80	90	.12	26	29.976	78	74	. 21
l1	29, 927	76	95	1.46	97	29.987	80	66	.00
2	29.925	81	92	.01	28	30.011	80	69	.00
3	29.930	81	84	.00	29	29,965	78	72	.00
4	29.927	82	81	.06	30	29, 905	80	80	. 72
5	29, 947	80	76	.00	ʻ		1	1	
16	29.981	82	66	.00	Total				4.25

October 26, 1900 2650

Inspection of immigrants at Havana, Cuba, during the two weeks ended October 6 and 13, 1900.

HAVANA, CUBA, October 13, 1900.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the two weeks ended October 6 and 13, 1900:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immi- grants.
Oct. 1 Oct. 2 Do Oct. 3	Steamship YucatanSteamship AransasSteamship AransasSteamship Reina Maria Cristina	New Orleans	1 100 620
Do Do Do Oct. 4	Steamship Havana Steamship Isla de Panay	Genoa, Spain, Canary Islands, Porto Rico Porto Rico	17 260 7
Oct. 8 Do Oct. 9 Do	Steamship Vigilancia Steamship Matanzas. Steamship Whitney	New York	24 · 1 1
Oct. 10 Do Oct. 11 Oct. 13	Steamship Mexico	Sabanillo Liverpool, Santander, Corunna, and Vigo New York Tampa, via Key West	492 9 4
	Total		2, 169

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MANTANZAS, CUBA, October 10, 1960.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended October 6, 1900:

Matanzas.—Fourteen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 16.13 per 1,000. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 3; heart disease, 3; pernicious fever, 1; malarial fever, 1; enteritis, 1; cerebral hemorrhage, 1; Bright's disease, 1; other causes, 3. The following cases of infectious or contagious character were reported: Typhoid fever, 1; dysentery, 1. Six vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. Four bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. The British steamship Ardanrose bound for Mobile, Ala., was disinfected at this port on the 4th instant. Fourteen health certificates were issued to persons leaving the island. Sixteen pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 11 pieces were disinfected. Forty-six bundles of clothes and bedding, belonging to the British steamship Ardanrose, were disinfected.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 9 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 3; enteritis, 2; heart disease, 1; other causes, 3. Eight vessels were inspected and passed on arrival; 3 of these were foreign vessels and 5 coasting vessels. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. The death rate during the week was 18.90 per 1,000. No cases of infectious or contagious character were reported.

2651 October 26, 1900

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that during the week ended September 29, 1900, the death rate was 37.56 per 1,000, and for the week ended October 6 the death rate was 18.77 per 1,000. Fourteen vessels were inspected on arrival; 2 of these were foreign vessels and 12 coastwise vessels. Two bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 9 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that the sanitary condition of port and town is good, the prevalent disease being malarial fever. The death rate during the week was 0.00 per 1,000. One foreign vessel and 6 coasting vessels were inspected and passed on Three certificates of inspection were issued to coasting vessels. G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Respectfully,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Gibara, Baracoa, Puerto Padre, Banes, and Mayari.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, October 2, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week

ended September 29, 1900:

During this week 6 vessels have arrived, and 5 bills of health were Only 1 death occurred, and the sanitary condition is fairly good. • Only 2 substations have sent their telegraphic reports, due to the fact of interruption in the wires.

Gibara.—Arrivals, 5; bills of health, 5; deaths, 2; fair sanitary con-

dition.

Baracoa. - Arrivals, 5; bills of health, 5; deaths, 1.

Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, October 8, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended October 6, 1900:

Nuevitas.—During this week 6 vessels arrived and 4 bills of health were issued. Only 1 death occurred, and no quarantinable disease is known to exist in this town and surrounding country.

#### Report of substations.

Puerto Padre.—Vessels arrived, 4; bills of health issued, 4; deaths,

Gibara.—Vessels arrived, 3; bills of health issued, 6; deaths, 5; no quarantinable disease.

Banes.—Arrivals, none; bills of health, none; deaths, 2.

Mayari.—Telegraphic communications still interrupted.

Baracoa.—Arrivals, 3; bills of health, 3; deaths, 2. Respectfully,

OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,

## Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, and Guantanamo.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, October 10, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the fourth quarantine division of the island of Cuba for the week ended October 6, 1900:

Santiago.—During this period there was a total of 18 deaths reported in the civil population, a decrease of 3 from the previous week. The following were the principal causes of deaths: Tuberculosis, 4; malarial

fever, 3; pneumonia, 3; meningitis, 1; diphtheria, 1; other causes, 6; total, 18. Population, 43,000; death rate, 21.76 per 1,000.

Several cases of diphtheria have occurred in the city and were promptly isolated; the house quarantined and disinfected on the discharge of the patient.

The health of the city and the sanitary condition of the port remain

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports 2 deaths during this week from the following causes: Aneurism of the aorta, 1; bronchitis, 1; total, 2. Population, 14,464; death rate 7.19 per 1,000.

Guantanamo.—Acting Asst. Surg. Luis Espin reports 2 deaths from pertussis, making the death rate only 5.22 per 1,000.

Daiquiri.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan J. de Jongh reports nothing of interest.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF, Assistant Surgeon, U.S.M.H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

Report of treatment of passengers' baggage for the week ended October 6, 1900, port of Santiago de Cuba.

					cted sed-			,	Insp	ecte	d an	—— d
Date.	Name of vessel.		rma yd g		s	Stear	n.	_		ssec		_
		Вохев.	Trunks.	Valises.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Valises.	Baskets.	Boxes.	Bundles.	Trunks.	Valises.
Oct. 1 Oct. 2	Steamship San Juan (baggage arrived from Havana for this port). Steamship San Juan (for Havana)	4	6	3					1			

Inspection of immigrants at Santiago during the week ended October 6, 1900.

Santiago de Cuba, October 6, 1900.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended October 6, 1900: October 1, British schooner *Emerald*, from Lucea, Jamaica, with 2 immigrants.

Respectfully,

R. H. VON EZDORF, Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

#### GERMANY.

## Additional regulations against plague in Glasgow.

BERLIN, GERMANY, October 3, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that the German Government in view of the recent outbreak of plague in Glasgow, has promulgated the following additional regulations to prevent the importation of plague into this country:

(1) The importation from Glasgow of body linen, old and worn

clothing, used bedding and rags of all kinds is prohibited.

(2) Body linen, bedding, and clothing which the traveler carries for his own use finds no application in Article I, yet their disinfection may be required before importation.

(3) The vice-chancellor is empowered to permit exceptions under

arrangements of extraordinary precautions.

Respectfully,

JOSEPH B. GREENE, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### GUATEMALA.

## Reports from Livingston—Fruit port.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, September 15, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit, according to instructions, my supplemental report of the transactions at my station from July 1 to September 15, 1900, inclusive: Vessels inspected, 14; vessels disinfected, none; pieces of baggage inspected, none; pieces of baggage disinfected, 6 large and 2 small; number of persons inspected (refer to passengers whose baggage I disinfected), none; persons inspected (in transit), 68.

The passenger quarantine of New Orleans and Mobile against Livingston, existing since August, necessarily curtailed the work of disinfection. The steamship inspection was also lessened by the New Orleans boats not stopping at Livingston since August 16. Therefore the quarantine season will be finished by three more visits of the steamship

Managua.

For the week ended Tuesday, October 2, Livingston has maintained its usual status of good health. No deaths have been reported for the past week. With no New Orleans boats to inspect and no passenger traffic, quarantine news is necessarily limited.

September 26, inspected steamship Managua, Olvik; crew, 16; passengers, none; cargo, green fruit; all in good sanitary condition; des-

tination, Mobile.

For the week ended October 9, 1900; this port has enjoyed its average good health during this time. I have noticed during the entire season that anything akin to typhoid fever has been absent. Aside from rather general manifestation of malaria, only the usual acute and chronic troubles of any community have been found here. There was 1 death reported for the week—adult, male; native of China; chronic phthisis.

Respectfully,

SAMUEL HARRIS BACKUS, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

October 26, 1900 2654

#### HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

## Disinfection of mails from the leper settlement.

Honolulu, H. I., October 1, 1900.

SIR: Referring to Bureau letter of September 4, 1900 (C. H. W.) (R. M. W.), relative to the disinfection of the mails from the leper settlement on the island of Molokoi, I have the honor to inform you that after consultation with the post-office authorities in Honolulu the following plan has been adopted instead of sending the mail to the quarantine station in order to avoid the delay and trouble incident to such a transfer. All mail from the leper settlement will be disinfected with sulphur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) at the settlement and then transferred directly to the steamer and received on board in clean and disinfected sacks furnished by the post-office authorities. On arrival at Honolulu the mail will be taken in these sacks directly to a room in the post-office, used for disinfection purposes, and disinfected with formaldehyd without removal from the sacks in which it was received on the steamer at the leper settlement. All letters are perforated, or the corners clipped, at the settlement before disinfection by SO<sub>2</sub>.

It is considered that the plan outlined above is reasonably safe and

that by its adoption any unnecessary delay will be avoided.

No case of leprosy has yet been discovered among the post-office employees, although nondisinfected mail from the leper settlement has been handled by them for many years.

Respectfully,

D. A. CARMICHAEL, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### HONDURAS.

## Report from Puerto Cortez-Fruit port.

PUERTO CORTEZ, HONDURAS, October 12, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit my report for the week ended October 11, 1900, and inclose list of vessels inspected and cleared during the week. The health and sanitary condition of the port and adjacent country continue good; no deaths reported for the week.

Respectfully,

R. H. PETERS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

List of vessels inspected and cleared during the week ended October 11, 1900.

Date.	Vessel.	Master.	Crew.	Destination.	Number of pas- sengers.	Number of pieces baggage disin- fected.
Oct. 6 Do Oct. 8 Oct. 10	Steamship Fulton Steamship Hiram Steamship Esther Steamship Foxhall	Pedersen Stevenson	14	Mobiledododo	•••••	

INDIA.

Statement showing the number of inoculations performed in the Bombay Presidency.

Name of places.	mencem	he com- ent up to 1, 1900.		une 2, to 24, 1900.	ended	week August 1900.
	Single.	Double.	Single.	Double.	Single	Double.
Bombay City		10, 925	4,583	2	56	
Aden	1, 937		362			
Kaira District	12, 106	66				
Panch Mahals District		1				
Broach District	4,350	157				
Surat District	10,032	294				
Thana District	1,117	357	191	ļ	: 	! ! • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Khandesh District	10			1	<b></b> .	
Nasik District	4, 178	334		l	l <u></u>	
Poons District		1,591	601	3	1,026	
Satara District	4,095	88				
Sholapur District		1,468				
Ahmednagar District	19,056	74				
Kolaba District	3, 739	309				
Belgaum District	29, 247	25	50			
Dharwar District	84, 968	45,765	26		l	
Dijapur District	22, 806	287				1
Kanara District	2,004	161	1		<b></b>	
Karachi District	26, 625	287	1	,		
Hyderabad District			-			•••••
Kathiawar State	2, 380	1	•••••			***************************************
Cutch State	2,000	_	••••		•••••	
Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	12, 818	4, 930			•••••	
Savantvadi State	31	3, 500				
Javantvaut State	- 01					•••••
Total	480, 747	67, 120	5, 814	5	1,082	

Statement showing the number of doses of Mr. Haffkine's antiplague vaccine issued to various places from the Plague Research Labaratory, Bombay.

	N	To. of doses issu	ed.
Name of places.	Up to Dec. 31, 1899.	From Jan. 1 to Aug. 24, 1900.	During week ended Aug. 31, 1900.
Poona District	47, 365 16, 819 1, 187, 282	11, 619 9, 308 658, 649	5,006 50
Total	1, 251, 465	679, 576	5,056

By order of his excellency the right honorable the governor in council.

J. K. CONDON, Captain, Under Secretary to Government.

#### ITALY.

Report from Naples-Smallpox at Sorrento.

Naples, Italy, October 10, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended October 10, 1900, the following ships were inspected:

On October 4, the steamship *Hesperia*. of the Anchor Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 304 steerage passengers and 30 pieces of large and 518 pieces of small baggage. Forty pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

On October 5, the steamship Werra, of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York.

October 26, 1900 2656

There were inspected and passed 86 cabin and 655 steerage passengers, and 241 pieces of large and 823 pieces of small baggage. One hundred and eighty pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam. There were also inspected 71 cabin and 139 steerage passengers from Genoa.

Smallpox.—Some time ago I reported the presence of smallpox in Sorrento. Since that time the spread of the disease has become general; it is now present in nearly all the seaports of the Sorrentine peninsula.

At the request of the vice-consul at Castellamare, all vessels that depart from that port for the United States will be inspected. The cargoes consist principally of lemons, nuts, oil, wine, and maccaroni.

The effects of the emigrants from the above-named districts are all disinfected before they go to the United States. Steam is used when the effects permit.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER, Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### JAPAN.

### Plague in Kobe.

[Cablegram.]

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, October 23, 1900.

Plague is now present in Kobe.

ELDRIDGE.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### MEXICO.

## Report from Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, MEXICO, October 14, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report for the week ended October 13:

Cases of yellow fever, 13; deaths, 8. Cases of smallpox, 2; deaths, 2. Deaths from all causes, 42. During the week 3 vessels were issued bills of health. One hundred and fifty-nine passengers were inspected and issued health certificates. Only 44 of these passengers were bound for Cuba and United States.

The health of the shipping continues good, and a norther during the week has bettered the atmospheric conditions considerably.

Respectfully,

SAML. H. HODGSON,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### NICARAGUA.

## Report from Bluefields-Fruit port.

BLUEFIELDS. NICARAGUA, October 11, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit the following weekly report: Two steamships have been inspected and cleared—the Sunniva for New Orleans, with no passengers, and the Alabama for New Orleans, with 17 passengers, having 25 pieces of baggage disinfected under my

2657 October 26, 1900

personal supervision. The agent of the Bluefields Steamship Company at this port received directions by mail from its head office in New Orleans to bring passengers to New Orleans, as the Louisiana State board of health had rescinded their resolution requiring vessels bringing passengers to be detained at the quarantine station five days, as far as Bluefields was concerned. Neither Dr. L. A. Wailes, the representative of the Louisiana State board of health, nor I having received any such information, I informed the agent to that effect. He considers his directions mandatory and takes the risk of the ship being detained, hence the 17 passengers, copies of whose certificates are inclosed, also those given to the ship's n aster.

Five deaths occurred in Bluefields for the week ended October 7, viz, 1 native, adult, male, of dysentery; 1 native, infant, male, tumor cancerosa; 1 native, infant, male, cause unknown; 1 native, child, male,

disease of liver, and 1 native, child, female, of fever.

The sanitary condition of this port and vicinity continues good.

Respectfully,

D. W. GOODMAN,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL.

U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### PORTO RICO.

Report of transactions at Ponce during September, 1900.

Ponce, P. R., October 1, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the quarantine and abstract of bills of health reports for the week ended September 29, 1900. I also inclose the monthly report of inspection of immigrants and a summary of the work done in the month of September, 1900.

There has not been a great amount of work during the month. One vessel was held in quarantine but allowed to transact business. One trunk only was disinfected, coming from Barranquilla, Colombia. Four

immigrants were inspected and passed.

Owing to the difficulty in getting the mortality reports at the odd period of every two weeks, hereafter, unless otherwise directed, I will make a monthly report of mortality as made to me by the city board of health. During September there were an even 500 deaths in the Ponce district. This is a diminution of 181 from the month previous.

I am making a report of the cause of this large death rate and will

forward it to the Bureau as soon as completed.

Respectfully,

W. W. KING.

Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

Summary of trans ctions of Service during the month of September, 1900.

Total number of deaths reported during September, 1900 a	
Total number of deaths reported during September, 1899 a	241
Total number of births reported during September, 1900	a 87
Total number of births reported during September, 1899	a 80
Number of vessels inspected during September, 1900	
Number of vessels inspected during September, 1899	
Ziambor or its protect and B september 1, 100	~~

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#### Summary of transactions of Service, etc.—Continued.

Number of bills of health issued during September, 1900	17
Number of bills of health issued during September, 1899	25
Number of vessels in quarantine during September, 1900	1
Number of passengers inspected during September, 1900 (incoming)	57
Number of passengers inspected during September, 1900 (in transit)	145
Number of crew inspected during September, 1900	444
Number of pieces of baggage disinfected during September, 1900	1
Number of vaccination certificates stamped during September, 1960	15
Number of immigrants inspected during September, 1900	4
Rejections	0

Inspection of immigrants at Ponce during the week ended October 6, 1900.

PONCE, P. R., October 8, 1900.

SIR: I submit herewith report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended October 6, 1900: October 4, French steamship Salvador, from Fort de France and St. Thomas, with 1 immigrant.

Respectfully,

W. W. KING, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports of immigrants inspected at the port of Ponce, P. R., during the month of September, 1900.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 4; number passed, 4; number certified for deportation on account of dangerous contagious or loathsome diseases or for other physical causes, none.

W. W. KING, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Report of transactions at San Juan and subports during September, 1900.

SAN JUAN, P. R., October 3, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of transactions of the Service at this port and at the 6 subports of Porto Rico, for the month of September, 1900:

San Juan.—Number of vessels inspected 20, of which 19 were passed, and 1, the Spanish steamship Cataluna, arriving on the 18th from Havana via Central and South American ports, was held in quarantine and the baggage of the local passengers disinfected. The ship sailed the following day, 19th. Eighteen pieces of baggage were disinfected during the month.

The provisional steamer Julia arrived on the 20th. She had been

disinfected at Havana as usual.

A telephone system from the city office to the island was installed during the month, and has proven to be a source of great convenience.

The steam launch was coppered during the month, as previously reported. The work was performed in a satisfactory manner, and the additional weight of the copper (some seven hundred pounds) tends to give her the necessary ballast, which would otherwise have been required, and materially steadies her.

The work of clearing up the grounds at the island and making sundry minor repairs and improvements has progressed as well as could be expected under the existing circumstances, the daily rains having

retarded outdoor work somewhat.

I learn that dengue has been more or less prevalent in the city during the month, though I have purely soon no coses

ing the month, though I have myself seen no cases.

The decrease in the number of deaths during September as compared with August is quite decided, there being 76 in September and 106 in August. Sixty-nine births are recorded for the present month.

Subports.—Nothing unusual is reported from the subports. The following is a statement of vessels inspected: Mayaguez, 12; Arecibo, 3;

Humacao, 2; Aguadilla, 3; Fajardo, 2; Arroyo, 1.

Mortality reports from the subports are as follows: Mayaguez, 168 deaths; Arecibo, 105 deaths; Humacao, 37 deaths; Aguadilla, 54 deaths; Fajardo. 26 deaths; Arroyo, 29 deaths.

No quarantinable diseases reported.

Respectfully,

C. H. LAVINDER,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S. Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

#### Vital statistics of San Juan, Porto Rico, for September, 1900.

Entero-colitis         5         Eclampsia         1           Cachexiæ         1         Pericarditis         1           Bronchitis         7         Malaria         1           Anæmia         2         Peritonitis         1           Rachitis         2         Septicæmia         1           Pneumonia         2         Tabes mesenterica         2           Athrepsia         2         Cerebral hemorrhage         2           Tuberculosis         12         Total         76           Pernicious fever         2         Total         76           Chronic diarrhea         1         Total         61           Cancer of stomach         1         Births         61           Cancer of stomach         1         Births         71           Aortic insufficiency         1         1900         71
Bronchitis         7         Malaria         1           Anæmia         2         Peritonitis         1           Rachitis         2         Septicæmia         1           Pneumonia         2         Tabes mesenterica         2           Athrepsia         2         Cerebral hemorrhage         2           Tuberculosis         12         —           Pernicious fever         2         Total         76           Chronic diarrhea         1         —           Cerebral congestion         2         1889—           Mitral insufficiency         5         Deaths         61           Cancer of stomach         1         Births         71
Anæmia.         2         Peritonitis.         1           Rachitis.         2         Septicæmia.         1           Pneumonia.         2         Tabes mesenterica.         2           Athrepsia.         2         Cerebral hemorrhage.         2           Tuberculosis.         12         Total         76           Pernicious fever.         2         Total         76           Chronic diarrhea.         1         1889—         1889—           Mitral insufficiency.         5         Deaths.         61           Cancer of stomach.         1         Births.         71
Rachitis       2       Septicæmia       1         Pneumonia       2       Tabes mesenterica       2         Athrepsia       2       Cerebral hemorrhage       2         Tuberculosis       12       Total       76         Pernicious fever       2       Total       =         Chronic diarrhea       1       =         Cerebral congestion       2       1889—         Mitral insufficiency       5       Deaths       61         Cancer of stomach       1       Births       71
Pneumonia         2         Tabes mesenterica         2           Athrepsia         2         Cerebral hemorrhage         2           Tuberculosis         12         —           Pernicious fever         2         Total         76           Chronic diarrhea         1         —           Cerebral congestion         2         1889—           Mitral insufficiency         5         Deaths         61           Cancer of stomach         1         Births         71
Pneumonia
Tuberculosis         12         —         <
Tuberculosis         12         —         <
Chronic diarrhea       1       =         Cerebral congestion       2       1889—         Mitral insufficiency       5       Deaths       61         Cancer of stomach       1       Births       71
Cerebral congestion         2         1889—           Mitral insufficiency         5         Deaths         61           Cancer of stomach         1         Births         71
Mitral insufficiency.5Deaths.61Cancer of stomach.1Births.71
Cancer of stomach
Cancer of stomach
Aortic insufficiency
Acute encephalitis
Old age
Whooping cough 1

Inspection of immigrants at the port of San Juan during the weeks ended September 29 and October 6, 1900.

SAN JUAN, P. R., October 1, 1900.

SIR: I submit herewith report of alien steerage passengers arriving at this port during the week ended September 29, 1900: September 29, Spanish steamship *Isla de Panay*, from Genoa, Barcelona, Malaga, Cadiz, Las Palmas, Tenerife, Santa Cruz de la Palma, with 23 immigrants. October 4, French steamship *St. Simon*, from Havre, Bordeaux, St. Thomas, with 13 immigrants.

Respectfully,

C. H. LAVINDER,

Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S., Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

Report of immigrants inspected at the port of San Juan, P. R., during the month of September, 1900.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 39; number passed, 39; number certified for deportation on account of dangerous contagious or loath-some diseases, or for other physical causes, none.

C. H. LAVINDER,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report of immigrants inspected at subport of Porto Rico during the month of September, 1900.

Total number of immigrants inspected at Mayaguez, 5; number passed, 5; number certified for deportation on account of dangerous contagious or loathsome diseases, or for other physical causes, none.

C. H. LAVINDER,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

Vessels from United States proper not subject to quarantine inspection unless from infected ports.

SAN JUAN, P. R., October 3, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose herewith, for your information, a copy of an order issued by myself in conformity with the decision of the Commissioner of Navigation, as stated in your letter of the 19th ultimo (R. M. W., W. P. W., E. B. S.), and in your cablegram of October 2 in reply to mine of the 1st.

Respectfully,

C. H. LAVINDER,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure.]

CHIEF QUARANTINE OFFICER FOR PORTO RICO, San Juan, P. R., October 2, 1900.

To pilots, masters, and others concerned:

In accordance with a recent decision of the United States Commissioner of Navigation and under the instructions of the Surgeon-General, Marine-Hospital Service, October 2, 1900, vessels arriving at ports of Porto Rico direct from ports of the United States proper (ports of extra-territorial possessions, Cuba, Philippine Islands, etc., not included) and not calling by other ports, will in future, so far as quarantine restrictions are concerned, be considered as coasters. Such vessels will no longer be subject to a quarantine inspection when entering ports of Porto Rico, unless they sail from ports of the United States quarantined against by Porto Rico, of which quarantines due notice will be always given.

At present the only ports of the United States against which such a quarantine is in force are the ports of California, from which vessels do not sail for Porto Rico. Vessels from any port of California, should such arrive, must enter in quarantine and await

inspection.

C. H. LAVINDER.

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Chief Quarantine Officer for Porto Rico.

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PONCE, P. R., October 8, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the quarantine and

abstract bills of health for the week ended October 6, 1900.

Acting in conformity with Asst. Surg. C. H. Lavinder, I have sent notices to the collector of customs, pilots, and agents of all vessels that vessels coming direct from ports of the United States proper, except Californian ports, would not be inspected hereafter unless the port of departure be suspicious and quarantined against.

This measure will relieve this station of about one third of the pre-

vious amount of boarding.

The sanitary condition continues with but little change.

Respectfully,

W. W. KING, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### SCOTLAND.

Report from Glasgow-No case of plague since September 20.

GLASGOW, SCOTLAND, October 9, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report for the week ended October 6, 1900: Six vessels were inspected and received bills of health. Three of these were for Canadian ports and 1 was a reinspection of a vessel that had put back to Greenock for repairs. There were inspected 343, crew; 219 cabin and 68 steerage passengers, and 27 cattlemen. Seventy pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 12 pieces were disinfected. Two steerage passengers were rejected for varicella and 1 cabin passenger for fever.

The plague situation remains as at my last report. There has not been a new case reported since the 20th ultimo. One death has been reported during the week, making the total deaths in hospital 8, and leaving 20 cases under treatment. Some time must elapse before these cases can be discharged as cured and the city be declared free from infection. A case of plague is reported this week from Cardiff, in the case of a sailor who arrived from the River Platte at the Tyne. He landed at South Shields on September 23, and left New Castle on the 25th for his home in or near Cardiff, where he died on the 4th instant. I will endeavor to obtain further details of this case.

I would state in regard to ballast taken from this port under the title of "rubbish," that this is earth and stones from a railroad cutting now being made near the docks, and I think is as safe as any that can be obtained.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

The case of plague at Llandaff.

GLASGOW, SCOTLAND, October 11, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to give the following facts concerning the case of plague near Cardiff, as furnished me by the local government board:

A donkeyman named Garnett, aged 38, arrived in the Tyne on September 23 in the steamship South Garth, which had come from the River

Platte, touching at St. Vincent and King's Lynn on its way to the Tyne. The donkeyman on arrival did not complain of illness. He was paid off on the 24th and traveled overland to the village of Llandaff, near Cardiff, where his home was. On arrival he came at once under medical treatment, and, there seeming from the symptoms some doubt in the case, the medical officer of health of Cardiff was consulted by the medical officer of health of Llandaff District. The case was at once removed to hospital and all precautions against any spread in the event of the illness being confirmed as plague were adopted. Bacteriological investigations were carried out locally and in London with positive results in both instances. The man died on October 4. The body was at once removed to Flat Holm Island, in the Bristol Channel, and cremated. It is further stated that no other case of plague, either in connection with this case or otherwise, has been heard of in England or Wales.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Vessels from Glasgow bound for North American ports.

[Cablegrams.]

GLASGOW, October 15, 1900.

Pendosia sailed to-day, Glasgow to New Orleans.

THOMAS.

GLASGOW, October 20, 1900.

Pharsalia sailed to-day, Glasgow to St. John.

THOMAS.

The Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GLASGOW, October 20, 1900.

Week ended to-day, no cases, no deaths. Six discharged, 14 remain. Sailed, *Kastalia Ontarian*, Montreal; *Indrani*, Baltimore.

THOMAS.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### YUKON TERRITORY.

Smallpox increasing at Dawson.

DAWSON, YUKON T., September 24, 1900.

SIR: Since my dispatch No. 266, of September 8, 1900, 2 extra cases of smallpox have been brought in from the Grand Forks, a town 15 miles from Dawson at the junction of Eldorado Creek and Bonanza Creek. The last case was put in the smallpox hospital to-day. This looks bad, as winter and closing of navigation is at hand.

Respectfully,

J. C. McCook, United States Consul.

Hon. Assistant Secretary of State.

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DAWSON, YUKON T., September 26, 1900.

SIR: I regret having to report that since writing my dispatch No. 276, of September 24, 2 additional cases of smallpox have been sent to the pesthouse, situated from 2 to 3 miles below Dawson. As I anticipated, it looks now as if we might have a serious outbreak of this contagious disease at Dawson this winter. The weather is very mild at present and we expect steamers to run from here to White Horse for three weeks more. No more steamers will leave for St. Michael; two or more may go into winter quarters, however, in Alaska near by, say Circle City.

Respectfully,

J. C. McCook, United States Consul.

Hon. Assistant Secretary of State.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

AUSTRIA—Brunn.—Month of August, 1900. Estimated population, 95,342. Total number of deaths, 214, including diphtheria, 2, and 36 from tuberculosis.

BAHAMAS—Dunmore Town.—Two weeks ended October 15, 1900. Estimated population, 1,472. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended October 13, 1900. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended October 13, 1900. Estimated population, 12,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—Vancouver.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 13,685. Total number of deaths, 34, including 4 from enteric fever.

DUTCH GUINEA—Paramaribo.—Month of August, 1900. Estimated population, 31,279. Total number of deaths, 91. No contagious diseases reported.

GERMANY—Madgeburg.—Month of June, 1900. Estimated population, 231,165. Total number of deaths, 343, including diphtheria, 5; enteric fever, 2; measles, 1; scarlet fever, 10; whooping cough, 4, and 31 from pulmonary tuberculosis.

FRANCE—Bordeaux.—Month of August, 1900. Estimated population, 286,000. Total number of deaths, 414; including enteric fever, 7; measles, 1; scarlet fever, 1, and 2 from whooping cough.

Roubaix.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 135,000 Total number of deaths, 220, including diphtheria, 3; enteric fever, 6, and 2 from whooping cough.

St. Etienne.—Two weeks ended September 30, 1900. Estimated population, 145,000. Total number of deaths, 108, including 4 from enteric fever.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended September 29, 1900, correspond to an annual rate of 18.5 a thousand of the aggregate

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population, which is estimated at 11,610,296. The highest rate was recorded in Salford and Sunderland, viz, 27.6, and the lowest in Bradford, viz, 11.1.

London.—One thousand four hundred and seventy-one deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 13; scarlet fever, 5; diphtheria, 40; whooping cough, 27; enteric fever, 18, and diarrhea and dysentery, 120. 'The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 16.7 a thousand. In Greater London 1,991 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 15.6 a thousand of the population. In the 'outer ring' the deaths included 5 from diphtheria, 4 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 19 from whooping cough.

Ireland —The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended September 29, 1900, in the 22 principal town districts of Ireland was 20.1 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,062,188. The lowest rate was recorded in Armagh, Sligo, and Tralee, viz, 0.0, and the highest in Queenstown, viz, 51.7, a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 167 deaths were registered, including enteric fever, 4, and 3 from whooping cough.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended September 29, 1900, correspond to an annual rate of 18.9 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,606,935. The lowest mortality was recorded in Dundee, viz, 17.1, and the highest in Greenock, viz, 21.5 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 584, including diphtheria, 7; measles, 5; scarlet fever, 6, and 12 from whooping cough.

QUEBEC—Sherbrooke.—Month of September, 1900. Estimated population, 11,100. Total number of deaths, 28, including 1 from enteric fever.

SPAIN—Cadiz.—Month of August, 1900. Estimated population, 67,987. Total number of deaths, 173. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

Malaga.—Two weeks ended September 15, 1900. Estimated population, 100,000. Total number of deaths, 155, including 3 from typhus fever.

# [Reports received from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox as reported to the Surgeon-General United States
Marine-Hospital Service from June 29, 1900, to October 26, 1900.

[For reports received from December 29, 1899, to June 29, 1900, see Public Health Reports for June 29, 1900.]

CHOLERA.

	CHOLI	ERA.		•
Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths	Remarks.
China:				
Hongkong	June 17-June 23	.	. 1	On ss. Petrarch, from Saigor
India:	M 10 C4 10	i	0.00=	
Bombay	May 18-Sept. 18	· ·····	3,907 356	
Karachi	Apr. 28-Sept. 15 July 2-Sept. 16		57	
Madras	May 19-Sept. 24		187	
Japan:		١ ـ		
Osaka Yokohama	June 24-Aug. 25 July 8-Sept. 8	3 4	3	
Straits Settlement:	. July o-sept. o	*		
Singapore	June 17-Aug. 25		3	
	YELLOW 1	FEVER.		
		1	l	
Brazil:	. Feb. 1-Feb. 28		1	
Bahia	June 3-June 9	2		
Casa Branca	Feb. 1-Mar. 31		7	
Itu	.ldo		2	
Pedreiras Rio de Janeiro	do		1 65	
Saboticabal	Mar 1-Mar 31	•••••	1	
Sao Paulo	do		41	
Santos	.		100	
Sao Bernardo	. Mar. 1–June 30		8	
Sorocaba	do	•••••	633	
Barranquilla	June 3-Sept. 23	70	37	
Bocas del Toro		5	3	
Cartagena	June 1-July 14 Sept. 1-Sept. 14	28	27	
D	Sept. 1-Sept. 14	3	3	
Panama Costa Rica :	June 12-Sept, 10	27	6	
Bocas del Toro	Oct. 22	1		
Port Limon		2	1	On ss. Holstein; 1 on ss. Can
Cuba:	1 -	_	_	ada.
Batabano	Aug. 16-Aug. 22 July 21 Aug. 14-Sept. 22		1	
Cienfuegos	July 21	1 5	3	Among United States soldiers
Guanajay	June 30		ĭ	
Havana	June 1-June 30	17	6	
	July 1-Aug. 1	96	30	•
	Aug. 1-Aug. 31 Sept. 1-Sept. 30 Oct. 1-Oct. 17	254	49	
	Sept. 1-Sept. 30	358	52 39	
Matanzas	July 25	175	1	In barracks.
Pinar del Rio	July 24-July 30		14	III OMIIOCAD,
Sagua, Isabela de	Sept. 17-Sept. 21	2	1	
Santa Clara	June 20-July 22	12		
France: Havre	Aug. 9	1	1	On ss. Caravallas.
116 v 1 C	Aug. 10			On ss. Santa Fe.
Mexico:	_	-		011 55. 541145 1 0.
City of Mexico	May 7-May 13		1	
Cordova	July 1	····· <u>·</u> ·		Yellow fever reported.
Merida Progreso	UUIV 21	6 1	4 9	
Tampico	June 24-Sept. 30	9	3	
Vera Cruz	Sept. 2-Oct. 13		76	
West Africa:	i	i	_	
Goree-Dakar Rufisque	Apr. 16-June 30 June 16-June 30	15	. 8	Several cases
	PLAGU	E.		
poble.	ĺ	T		
Arabia: Aden	Web 22-Tuler 2	714	575	
Djiddah	Feb. 22-July 3 Apr. 26-June 28		575 78	
Yambo	Apr. 10-June 13		67	
rgentina:		1		
Buenos Ayres	May 1-May 31	5	5 .	

# Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued. PLAGUE—Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Australia :				
Adelaide	July 10-July 81	. 3		
Sydney	Jan. 24-Aug. 25	303	103	
Brazil:	T 10			
Campo Grande Nictheroy	June 16do			
Rio de Janeiro	Apr. 18-Sept. 16		238	
hina:	11pr. 10 bcpt. 10	710		
Amoy	May 27-Sept. 1		1,445	Estimated.
Hongkong	Jan. 1-Sept. 1	1,063	996	
gypt:	Amm 00 Amm 9		900	
Port Said Alexandria	Apr. 20-Aug. 3 July 1-Sept. 3	94	38 2	
ingland:	oury roops our			
London	Aug. 3	4	2	
ormosa	Apr. 1-May 31	640	458	
ndia:	June 1-July 31	203	165	
Bombay Presidency and				
Sind:			į	
Ahmedabad City	Apr. 29-Sept. 8	21	21	
Ahmednagar District	do	3	2	
Belgaum District	do	545	354	
Bombay City	do	2,623	1,908	
Nasik District Poona City	do	66 207	43 147	
Poona District	do	7	4	
Satara District	do	11	11	
Satara Town		2	2	
Surat District	do	99	62	
Surat Town Thana District		467	389	
Belgaum Town		31	22	
Kanara District		. 18	13	
Kolaba District	do	44	84	
Ratnagiri District	do	21	17	
Savantvadi State Hyderabad Town	do	3	3	
Karachi City	do	621	472	
Boroda State		i .		
Cutch State	do	280	219	
Mandir Town	do	112	97	
Kathiawar State Bhavnagar Town	oo	78	60	
Kolhapur and Southern .	do	137	104	_
Mahratta Country	1		-0-	•
Sachin State		2		
Janjira State	do	146	137	
Outside Bombay Presidency and Sind:		1	- 1	
Madras City	do			
Salem District	do	65	46	
Tinnevelly District	do	4	3	
Calcutta	do	1,889	1,870	
Bankura District	do	12	11	
Hooghly District	do	14	1   12	
Howrah Town	do	67	59	
24-Parganas District	do	24	19	
Monghyr District	do	82	73	
Monghyr Town	do	47	35	
Chapra Town	do	121 147	93 125	
Patna District	do	569	517	
Patna City	do	7	3	
Dinapur Town	do	75	69	
Bihar Town	do	131	131	
Cuttach District		2	2	
Hoshiarpur District	do	82 27	48 9	
Nagpur City	do	22	21	
Nagpur District	do	2		
Nagpur District	do	297	219	
tary Station and city.	1	074	400	
Mysore City	do	874 129	629	
Koist Gold Fleids	do .	9	108 7	
Tumkar District	do	64	55	
Lingsuagur District	do	58	57	
~		ĭ	i	

## Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

## PLAGUE-Continued.

1 17 12  16	1 38 13 2	Taken from a vessel from the Goto Islands.
17 12 1 16 12	13	
1	13	500 50
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ī l		On ss. Niger from the Island
- I		of Syros.
9	11	or syros.
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•		From Rosario.
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#### SMALLPOX.

Hongkong							
Aden         May 1-May 31         3           Argentina:         Buenos Ayres         Apr. 1-July 31         9           Australia:         Sydney         June 2         264         92           Austria:         June 2         264         92           Austria:         June 24-Sept. 29         52         52           Belgium:         Antwero         July 1-July 7         1           Ghent         Aug. 5-Sept. 15         4         4           Brazil:         Pernambuco         July 1-Aug. 31         8         8           Rio de Janeiro         May 12-Sept. 15         110         110           China:         Apr. 14-May 12         Af         Af           Hongkong         May 20-June 9         2         235           Colombia:         Apr. 1-May 12         Af         Af           Barranquilla         June 24-June 30         1         1           Costa Rica:         Apr. 1-June 30         1         1           Port Limon         Aug. 8         1         1           Cuba:         June 24-June 30         1         1           Egypt:         Alexandria         Aug. 8         1         1 <t< td=""><td>Arabia ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Arabia ·						
Argentina: Buenos Ayres.   Apr. 1-July 31   9   Australia: Sydney.   June 2   264   92   Australia: Prague   June 3-Sept. 29   52   52   52   53   54   54   55   54   4   55   54   54		Mas	1-M	av 21	ı	3	İ
Buenos Ayres		·	1 1/1	my 01.		.  "	
Australia:     Sydney		Anr	. 1-Ju	lv 31	1	9	1
Sydney							
Austria:		June	e 2		264	92	
Prague		.   0	<b>-</b>	•••••••	- 202	1 32	!
Belgium: Antwero	Prague	June	9-Se	nt 99	52		1
Antwerp June 24-Sept. 29 12 3 Brussels. July 1-July 7 4 Brazil: Pernambuco July 1-Aug. 31 8 Rio de Janeiro May 12-Sept. 15 110 China: Amoy Apr. 14-May 12 12 3 Hongkong. May 20-June 9 2 Cos Apr. 1. 235 Colombia: Barranquilla June 24-June 30 1 Costa Rica: Port Limon Aug. 8 1 Cuba: Manzanillo July 29-Aug. 6 2 Egypt: Alexandria Aug. 28-Sept. 3 1 Cairo May 21-Sept. 2 18 England: Liverpool June 10-Oct. 6 41 7 London do 94 Manchester do 1 Southampton do 5 Southampton do 5 West Hartlepool Sept. 30-Oct. 6 2 France: Bordeaux May 1-June 30 4 Liyons June 30 5 England: Liyons June 30 6 England: Liverpool June 10-Oct. 6 12 England: Liverpool June 10-Oct. 6 2 France: Bordeaux May 1-June 30 4 Liyons June 3-Sept. 1 15 Marseilles July 1-Aug. 31 14 Nice June 6-June 30 4 Frankfort-on-the-Main June 10-July 20 45 Ermany: Berlin Aug. 10 3 Frankfort-on-the-Main June 10-July 20 45 France: Athens June 10-Oct. 6 21 14		, Jun.	0 0 00,	pt. 20.			1
Brussels	Antwerp	June	24-Sei	nt 29	12	3	1
Ghent	Brussels	July	ITui	v 7			1
Brazil:         Pernambuco         July 1-Aug. 31         8           Rio de Janeiro         May 12-Sept. 15         110           China:         Amoy         Apr. 14-May 12         Af           Amoy         Apr. 14-May 12         2           Hongkong         May 20-June 9         2           Colombia:         Apr. 1         235           Colombia:         June 24-June 30         1           Costa Rica:         Port Limon         Aug. 8         1           Cuba:         Manzanillo         July 29-Aug. 6         2           Egypt:         Alexandria         Aug. 28-Sept. 3         1           Alexandria         Aug. 28-Sept. 3         1         1           Cairo         May 21-Sept. 2         18         18           England:         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           Lordon         do         94         4           Manchester         do         1         5           Southampton         do         5         2           West Hartlepool         Sept. 30-Oct. 6         2         2           Formosa         Apr. 1-July 31         236         128           France:         Bordeaux <td></td> <td></td> <td>5-Sei</td> <td>nt 15</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>			5-Sei	nt 15		-	
Pernambuco				p <b></b> 10	.	_	i
Rio de Janeiro		July	1-A1	o. 31		8	1
China:         Apr. 14-May 12         Af           Amoy         Apr. 14-May 12         Af           Cos         May 20-June 9         2           Colombia:         Barranquilla         June 24-June 30         1           Costa Rica:         Port Limon         Aug. 8         1           Cuba:         Manzanillo         July 29-Aug. 6         2           Egypt:!         Alexandria         Aug. 28-Sept. 3         1           Cairo         May 21-Sept. 2         18           England:         Liverpool         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           London         do         94         4         4           Manchester         do         94         4         4           Southampton         do         5         5         4         128           Formosa         Apr. 1-July 31         236         128         128           France:         Bordeaux         June 3-Sept. 1         15         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31         14         14           Nice         June 30         1         14           Paris         June 17-Sept. 29         45           St. Etienne			12-Ser	nt 15	.	110	1
Hongkong.	China:		-	•	i	i	
Hongkong.	Amov	Apr.	14-Ms	v 12		1	A fe
Colombia:   Barranquilla	Hongkong	May	20-Ju	ne 9	2		
Colombia:   Barranquilla	Cos	Apr.	1		Ī	225	
Barranquilla	Colombia:		2				
Costa Rica:         Port Limon         Aug. 8         1           Cuba:         Manzanillo         July 29-Aug. 6         2           Egypt::         Alexandria         Aug. 28-Sept. 3         1           Cairo         May 21-Sept. 2         18           England:         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           Liverpool         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           London         do         94         4           Manchester         do         1         5           West Hartlepool         Sept. 30-Oct. 6         2         2           France:         Apr. 1-July 31         236         128           France:         June 3-Sept. 1         15         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31         14         14           Nice         June 3-Sept. 1         15         15           Marseilles         June 17-Sept. 29         45         45           St. Etienne         June 17-Sept. 29         45         5           Berlin         Aug. 10         3         7           Frankfort-on-the-Main         June 10-July 20         4         4           Königsberg         July 1-Sept. 15 <t< td=""><td>Barranquilla</td><td>June</td><td>24-Jui</td><td>ne 30</td><td></td><td>1 1</td><td></td></t<>	Barranquilla	June	24-Jui	ne 30		1 1	
Cuba :       Manzanillo.       July 29-Aug. 6.       2         Egypt:        Alexandria       Aug. 28-Sept. 3.       1         Cairo       May 21-Sept. 2.       18         England:       June 10-Oct. 6.       41       7         London.       do.       94       4         Manchester.       do.       1       5         Southampton.       do.       5       5         West Hartlepool.       Sept. 30-Oct. 6.       2       2         Formosa.       Apr. 1-July 31.       236       128         France:       Bordeaux       May 1-June 30.       4       1         I.yons.       June 3-Sept. 1.       15       15         Marseilles.       July 1-Aug. 31.       14       14         Nice.       June 6-June 30.       1       1         Paris.       June 17-Sept. 29.       45       5         St. Etienne       June 1-Sept. 30.       30       7         Bermany:       Berlin       Aug. 10.       3       7         Frankfort-on-the-Main       June 10-July 20.       4       4         Königsberg.       July 1-Sept. 15.       4       1         Hibratlar. <t< td=""><td></td><td> </td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>1 -</td><td></td></t<>					1	1 -	
Cuba :       Manzanillo.       July 29-Aug. 6.       2         Egypt:        Alexandria       Aug. 28-Sept. 3.       1         Cairo       May 21-Sept. 2.       18         England:       June 10-Oct. 6.       41       7         London.       do.       94       4         Manchester.       do.       1       5         Southampton.       do.       5       5         West Hartlepool.       Sept. 30-Oct. 6.       2       2         Formosa.       Apr. 1-July 31.       236       128         France:       Bordeaux       May 1-June 30.       4       1         I.yons.       June 3-Sept. 1.       15       15         Marseilles.       July 1-Aug. 31.       14       14         Nice.       June 6-June 30.       1       1         Paris.       June 17-Sept. 29.       45       5         St. Etienne       June 1-Sept. 30.       30       7         Bermany:       Berlin       Aug. 10.       3       7         Frankfort-on-the-Main       June 10-July 20.       4       4         Königsberg.       July 1-Sept. 15.       4       1         Hibratlar. <t< td=""><td>Port Limon</td><td>Aug</td><td>8</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>[</td><td></td></t<>	Port Limon	Aug	8		1	[	
Egypt:           Alexandria         Aug. 28-Sept. 3         1           Cairo         May 21-Sept. 2         18           England:         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           Liverpool         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           London         do         94         1           Manchester         do         1         5           Southampton         do         5         5           West Hartlepool         Sept. 30-Oct. 6         2         2           Formosa         Apr. 1-July 31         236         128           France:         Bordeaux         June 30-Une 30         1         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31         14         15           Nice         June 6-June 30         1         1           Paris         June 17-Sept. 29         45         5           St. Etienne         June 18-Sept. 30         30         7           Bermany:         Berlin         Aug. 10         3         7           Frankfort-on-the-Main         June 10-July 20         4         4           Königsberg         July 1-Sept. 15         4         1           Hinder         July 2-	Cuba:			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 -		
Egypt:           Alexandria         Aug. 28-Sept. 3         1           Cairo         May 21-Sept. 2         18           England:         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           Liverpool         June 10-Oct. 6         41         7           London         do         94         1           Manchester         do         1         5           Southampton         do         5         5           West Hartlepool         Sept. 30-Oct. 6         2         2           Formosa         Apr. 1-July 31         236         128           France:         Bordeaux         June 30-Une 30         1         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31         14         15           Nice         June 6-June 30         1         1           Paris         June 17-Sept. 29         45         5           St. Etienne         June 18-Sept. 30         30         7           Bermany:         Berlin         Aug. 10         3         7           Frankfort-on-the-Main         June 10-July 20         4         4           Königsberg         July 1-Sept. 15         4         1           Hinder         July 2-	Manzanillo	July	29-A 11	o. 6	9	!!	
Alexandria	Egypt:				ĺ		
Cairo         May         21-Sept.         2         18           England:         Liverpool         June 10-Oct.         6         41         7           London	Alexandria	Ang.	28-Sen	t. 3	1		
England:	Cairo	May	21-Sen	t. 2		18	
Liverpool June 10-Oct. 6 41 7 London	England ·		_		1 3	10	
London	Liverpool	June	10-Oct	6	41	7	
Manchester        do         1           Southampton        do         5           West Hartlepool         Sept. 30-Oct. 6         2           France:         Apr. 1-July 31         236           Bordeaux         May 1-June 30         4           I.yons         June 3-Sept. 1         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31         14           Nice         June 6-June 30         1           Paris         June 17-Sept. 29         45           St. Etienne         June 18-Sept. 30         30         7           Berlin         Aug. 10         3         3           Frankfort-on-the-Main         June 10-July 20         4         4           Königsberg         July 1-Sept. 15         4         1           Hibraltar         July 2-Aug. 12         4         4           Treecee:         Athens         June 10-Oct. 6         21         14	London	d	0		94		
Southampton							
West Hartlepool         Sept. 30-Oct. 6.         2           Formosa.         Apr. 1-July 31.         236           France:         Bordeaux         May 1-June 30.         4           I.yons.         June 3-Sept. 1.         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31.         14           Nice         June 6-June 30.         1           Paris.         June 17-Sept. 29.         45           St. Etienne         June 1-Sept. 30.         30         7           Bermany:         Berlin         Aug. 10.         3         7           Frankfort-on-the-Main         June 10-July 20.         4         4           Königsberg.         July 1-Sept. 15.         4         1           Jibraitar.         July 2-Aug. 12.         4           Athens.         June 10-Oct. 6.         21         14							
Formosa         Apr.         1-July 31         236         128           France:         Bordeaux         May 1-June 30         4           I.yons         June 3-Sept.         15           Marseilles         July 1-Aug. 31         14           Nice         June 6-June 30         1           Paris         June 17-Sept. 29         45           St. Etienne         June 1-Sept. 30         30         7           Jermany:         Aug. 10         3         4           Frankfort-on-the-Main         June 10-July 20         4           Königsberg         July 1-Sept. 15         4         1           Bibraltar         July 2-Aug. 12         4           Breece:         Athens         June 10-Oct. 6         21         14	West Hartlepool	Sept.	30-Oct	6	2		
France:   Bordeaux	Formosa	Apr.	1-July	v 31	236	128	
1-yons	France:	_					
1-yons	Bordeaux	May	1-Jun	e 30		4	
Nice	Lvons	June	3-Sep	t. 1			
Nice	Marseilles	July	1-Aus	z. 31			
Paris.	Nice	June	6-Jun	e 30	1 1		
St. Etienne	Paris	June	17-Sept	t. 29		45	
Sermany:   Aug. 10	St. Etienne	June	I-Sep	t. 30	30		
Berlin	ermany:				00	• 1	
Frankfort-on-the-Main	Berlin	Aug.	10		3		
July 2-Aug. 12	Frankfort-on-the-Main	June	10-July	7 20			
July 2-Aug. 12	Königsberg	July	1-Sept	. 15	4		
Greece: Athens	ibraltar	July	2-Aug	. 12			
ndia ·	reece:	-	_	1		-	
ndia	Athens	June	10-Oct	6	21	14	
	ndia ·			i			
Bombay May 18-Sept. 18 98	Bombay	May	18-Senf	t. 18		98	
Calcutta Apr. 19-May 5 40	Calcutta	Apr.	19-May	7 5			
June 24-Sept. 15		June	24-Sept	t. 15			

A few cases

# Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued. SMALLPOX—Continued.

	1			1	Deaths.	Remarks.
India—Continued.						
Karachi	Max	7 10-Sept	t. 2		. 47	
Madras	Max	26-Sept	24	1	. 5	
taly:				1		
Genoa	Tun	e 10-Jun	31 a	. 3	İ	
	Jun	e ro-a an	5 IU	.  •		
apan :	Man	. 01 Tum	- 00	١ .	1	
Nagasaki		21-June			••••••	
Osaka and Hiogo	June	e 3-June	9 <b>9</b> .	. 1		
Korea:				ł	i i	
Seoul	May	<sup>,</sup> 20-May	26			Endemic.
falta:				ì	1 1	
Valetta	May	· 1-July	15	24	8	
fexico:	•			1	]	
Chihuahua	Mav	27-July	7	I	6	
City of Mexico		6-Sept		240	171	
Merida		21				Smallpox reported.
Vera Cruz		17-Oct.		ļ	64	Smanpoz reported.
letherlands:	June	11-Oct.	10		64	
	T1	00 T-1-			!	
Rotterdam	Juiy	22–July	28	1		
ntario:	_				_	
Port Arthur	June	: 1-June	27	2	1	
hilippine Islands:						
Guimeras Island	July	1			18	
Iloilo		1-July			1	
Manila	Jan.	1-Sept.	8	35	ī	
uebec:	•	I DOPU	0	~	- 1	
	Mov	12-June	92	1	1	
		20-June		î	••••••	
				2	******	
Thomaille Country	Tul	6-Aug.	10		1	
Iberville County	July	26-Aug.	27	2		
Montreal County	Apr.	22-Aug.	31	28	10	
		15-June		8	•••••	
	Feb.	3–July	31	129		
ussia:			- 1		i	
Moscow	May	27-Sept.	22	101	29	
Odessa	June	3-Sept.	29	75	22	
		1-May			26	
		10-Sept.		617	176	
		1-July		ii		
		27-Sept.			71	
otland:		Sopu.		******	**	
	A 2200	95 Qon4	20	اه	- 1	
		25-Sept.		3	•••••	
		9-Sept.		3 .		
	June	16-Oct.	12	83	8	
ain:				i		
		19-Sept.			54	
Corunna		15-Sept.			3	
		20-Sept.			257	
raits Settlements :						
	Mav	11-July	7		10	
vitzerland:		0	•			
	Iune '	10-July		9 .	1	
					•••••	
	une	24-Aug.	41	2  .	•••••	
uguay:		00.35	~	. 1	- 1	
Montevideo	иау :	20-May :	26	1  .		
				,		
ıkon Territory : Dawson		20-Sept.:		11 .	1	

## WEEKLY MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN AND INSULAR CITIES.

		ż	a	Ī	Deaths from—											
Cities.	Week ended.	Estimated population.	Total deaths from all causes.	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.		
Aix la Chapelle		134, 196		4			ļ					. 2				
Alexandretta Alexandria	Sept. 29 Sept. 24	8,000 335,000	220		i					: :		1				
Amapala	. Sept. 15	1,500	1		·		·····		·	1 1				.		
Do Do	Sept. 22 Sept. 29	1,500 1,500								11		: ::::				
Amherstburg	Oct. 20	2,300	1				ļ		·							
Amsterdam	Oct. 6 Sept. 29	515, 938 15, 000	123 26				ļ			1		8	2	2		
Do	Oct. 6	15,000	25													
Antwerp	Sept. 29	293, 111 200, 000	88	8					4	3	. i	1		1		
Do	Oct. 6	200,000		5					ī	{						
Barmen	Sept. 22 Sept. 29	141,000	42 36					•••••	ļ	ļ	1 2		· ·•••	2		
Barranquilla	Sept. 30	40,000	21	1						2	J					
Batavia Do	Sept. 1 Sept. 8	150,000 150,000				·····			•••••		·	·	·			
Belfast	Sept. 29	359,000	111						1	5		1	1	1		
Do Belize	Oct. 6	359,000	130	ļ	ļ		ļ			9	1	2	1			
Belleville		13,000 10,513	5							ī						
Berlin	Sept. 22	1, 863, 109	640		<b> </b> -					1	10	13	2			
Birmingham Bluefields		519, 610 4, 000	189							4			1	2		
Bombay	Sept. 18	821,764	1,079	139	102	103		2		1						
Bremen	Oct. 5 Sept. 29	145,000 300,000	76 195	32		•••••	••••	•••••	ļ	3	6	ï		4		
Bristol	Sept. 22	324, 973	92							1				2		
Do Brussels		324, 973	89	<b> </b> -						1	2	3		1		
Budapest		600, 000 640, 000	169							1 4	7	1	1			
Calcutta	Sept. 15	681,560	554		49	5		8	•••••	ļ						
Cartagena Catania	Sept. 39 Oct. 4	25,000 124,000	20 54	3		•••••		•••••	1	6		2	•••••			
Chihuahua	Oct. 6	25,000	14							ļ. <b></b>	ļ					
Christiania Coburg	do Sept. 29	230, 000 20, 570	55 12	2	•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	ï	ļ					
Cognac	do	20,400	11					•••••		<u>.</u>	<b></b> .					
Do Cologne		20, 400 366, 460	151	20		•••••	••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••		ļ			
Colombo		130,000	151 103	20						2			1	5 1		
Colon Do	Oct. 2	8,000	11							ļ						
Corunna	Oct. 9 Oct. 6	8,000 40,500	8							•••••		••••		•••••		
Crefeld	do	108, 183	38													
Curaçoa Dresden	Sept. 29 Sept. 22	30, 303 409, 500	138		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	1	 1		i		
Dublin	Sept. 29	349, 594	239							4				3		
Do Dusseldorf	Oct. 6 Sept. 29	349, 594 207, 932	182 76	••••••			•••••		••••••	3		ı	1	5 1		
Edinburgh	do	302, 262	115							1		i	1			
Flushing Frankfort-on-the-Main	Oct. 6 Sept. 29	19, 034 278, 000	13 <b>6</b> 3		•••••	•••••			•••••	•••••	•••••	••••				
Funchal	Oct. 7	36, 982	23	3						1				2		
GhentGibraltar	Oct. 6	163, 030	78 9	6						1		•••••		•••••		
Girgenti	Sept. 30 Sept. 29	25, 900 24, 428	7							•••••			•••••	•••••		
Glasgow	Oct. 12	743, 969	285		1			1		9	5	2	6	7		
Gothenburg Grand Canary	Sept. 29 Sept. 15	126, 849 50, 000	29 17	*****				•••••			•••••			•••••		
Do	Sept. 22	50,000	13													
Do Halifax	Sept. 29 Oct. 14	50,000 45,000	19 13							'''i				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
Hamburg	Oct. 6	691, 349 16, 113	214								2	2		2		
Hamilton, Bermuda Do	Oct. 5 Oct. 12	16, 113 16, 113										]		•••••		
Hamilton, Canada	Oct. 13	62, 662									<u></u>			•••••		
Havre	Sept. 29	119, 470	95	10						16				•••••		
Kingston Königsberg	Oct. 19 Sept. 29	18, 300 183, 273	6							"ï	12			•••••		
Leeas	Oct. 6	431,287										9	3	ï		
Leipsic Leith	Sept. 29	439, 200 78, 509	164 26					····· ·		i	1	2				
Licata		20,000	18							- 1		- 1	·····i			

## WEEKLY MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN AND INSULAR CITIES-Continued.

		ģ	ä		Deaths from—											
Cities.	Week ended.	Estimated population.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping		
Liege	Sept. 29	172, 168	45 2×3								. 2		. 2			
Liverpool	Oct. 6	668, 645 668, 645	280	;  ····						6 2	2	2 7	5	1 4		
Livingston	. Sept 25	1 000	1 1		.	.				.	.		.			
London	Oct. 2 Sept. 29.	1,000 6,652,145 500,000	1,991							. 24	6	45	17	46		
Lyons	do	500,000	133		.					. 7			.	.		
Madgeburg Do	Sept. 8	231, 486 231, 486	93 81							. 1	1		i i	• ••••		
Mainz	Sept. 15 Oct. 6	84,000	24									ï	i			
Manchester	Sept. 29	000,864	274	22						. 4	2		. 5			
Do Mannheim	Oct. 6 Sept. 22	550, 864 135, 871	264 47	16						4	2		. 1	2		
Do	Sept. 29	135, 871	50						ļ		1	·				
Messina	Oct. 6	107,000	28	4		ļ			•••••	. 3		·	·	.		
Milan Monrovia	do Aug. 18	500, 658 5, 000														
Do	Aug. 25	5,000	1													
Monte Cristi	Sept. 1	5,000	1 0	ļ	·					·		ļ	·			
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	Oct. 13 Sept. 29	3,000 234,369	96		1				•••••				1	1		
Do	Oct. 6	234, 369	100							1			5			
Nuremberg Palermo	Sept. 22 Sept. 29	244, 406 300, 000	137 95	10	•••••				1	ļ		2	ļ	3		
Panama	Oct. 8	16,000	50													
Paris	Sept. 30	2,511,629						7		18	3	2	5	6		
Plymouth Port-au-Prince	Oct. 6 Sept. 24	101,848 60,000	31 13	1		·····		•••••	•••••				•••••			
Do	Oct. 1	60,000	17			•••••		•••••						·		
Prague Puerto Cortez	Sept. 29	198, 468	119	21						2						
Puerto Cortez Quebec	Oct. 10 Oct. 13	2,000 73,000	1			•••••	•••••		•••••			ļ	ļ	ļ		
Rheims	Sept. 29	108, 943	51	6								1	2			
Rotterdam	Oct. 6	327, 815	93						•••••	3	1	1	<b> </b>			
St. Georges	do Oct. 11	2, 150 2, 150	1			•••••	•••••		•••••		••••		•••••			
St. John	do	50,000	11	4												
St. Georges Do. St. John St. Stephen, New Brunswick.	do	3,000				•••••			•••••	••••				·····		
Santa Cruz de Teneriffe	Sept. 29	30,000										l				
Sheffield	do	366, 325	157							6	1	7		7		
Do Sierra Leone	Oct, 6 Aug. 31	366, 406 35, 000	150 12		•••••	•••••		•••••		7	1	7	2	2		
Singapore	Sept. 1	97, 111	192	22												
Smyrna	Sept. 30	300,000	40	11			•••••			1	•••••		•••••			
Solingen	Sept. 29 Oct. 6	16,000 105,831	17 22			••••		•••••		1	•••••		•••••	1		
	Sept. 29	105, 677	50	3						1				1		
Do	Oct. 6 Sept. 29	105,677	38 76	······			•••••			1	•••••		1	1		
Stuttgart	Oct. 4	153,000 162,934	47							1	•••••	2		•••••		
underland	Sept. 29	147,398	78							1	3					
Do Fampico	Oct. 6 Oct. 7	147, 398	71 16			•••••			4	1		1	1	•••••		
Fangier	Sept. 29	18,000 30,000									!			•••••		
Do	do	30,000														
rapani	Sept. 30 Sept. 29	48, 743 166, 499	27 82		···· ·	-	••••• •		••••	2:			•••••	•••••		
l'uxpan	Oct. 8	10,000	9							ا ک						
Utilla	Oct. 6	800	0											•••••		
Valencia Vera Cruz	do Oct. 13	203, 985 25, 000	86 43	4	· • • •		8	2	•••••	•••••	•••••			· <b>····</b>		
Victoria	Sept. 30	26,000	2													
Vienna	Sept. 29	1, 656, 662	533							3	8	3	5	2		
Warsaw	Sept. 22   Sept. 29	645, 848 60, 000	290		•••••		•••••	7	2	•••••	10	6	6	2		
West Hartlepool Do	Oct. 6	60,000												•••••		
Windsor, Nova Scotia	Oct. 13	3,000	1													
Yokohama Zurich	Sept. 15 Sept. 29	160, 439 162, 169	51			·····	•••••	•	•••••	1		3		•••••		
	~ Pv. 20	-00, 100	0.1				•••••	••••• •	•••••			· •		••••		

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

WALTER WYMAN, Surgeon-General U.S. Marine-Hospital Service.