Public Health Reports

Treasury Department, United States Marine-Hospital Service. Published in accordance with act of Congress approved February 15, 1893.

VOL. XIV.

Washington, D. C., April 28, 1899.

No. 17.

LIBRAR SURGEON GENERAL'S (

UNITED STATES. MAY.-4--189

The quarantine functions and the quarantine station of Savannah, Ga., transferred to the Marine-Hospital Service.

Overtures having been made by the mayor and the city council of the city of Savannah, Ga., for transferring the quarantine station and the exercise of the quarantine functions for Savannah, Ga., to the Marine-Hospital Service, a formal agreement was drawn up and signed, in accordance with which the city of Savannah has leased to the Treasury Department, for use by the Marine-Hospital Service, its buildings, disinfecting apparatus, piers, and other appurtenances of the quarantine station at Savannah, in accordance with section 8 of the quarantine act of February 15, 1893, and the Marine-Hospital Service, acting for the Treasury Department, has purchased the boarding vessel necessary for the inspection of incoming vessels, and has retained in service the former quarantine officer, Dr. William J. Linley, and the quarantine employees.

The quarantine was formally turned over to the Marine-Hospital Service on April 18, 1899, Surgeon J. H. White receiving the same and assuming charge. Dr. White also acted as appraiser of the value of the property in conjunction with a representative of the city council of the city of Savannah, the Department agreeing to recommend to Congress the purchase of the property at its appraised value at or before the expiration of the lease.

Surgeon White, having effected the business connected with the transfer, and under orders, was relieved by Passed Assistant Surgeon A. C. Smith, who is temporarily in command of the station.

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[Reports to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Cerebro-spinal meningitis—Abstract of replies received to circular requesting information.

[Continued from last Public Health Reports.]

ARKANSAS.—Cerebro-spinal meningitis has appeared very generally throughout the State of Arkansas since October 1, 1898, most notably in the counties of Jefferson, Pulaski, Conway, Crawford, and Sabastian. Deaths have been reported mostly in the valleys of the Arkansas and White rivers. The number of cases in any locality in the State can not be stated, there being no State or local law or regulation requiring cases of the disease to be reported. In the city of Little Rock 57 deaths have been reported as having been caused by cerebrospinal fever, meningitis, cerebritis, spinal fever, and brain fever from December 21, 1898, to April 1, 1899. A number of deaths have also been reported as caused by congestion of the brain during the same period.

The deaths in Little Rock by months were, December, 1898, 1; January, 1899, 11; February, 1899, 19; March, 1899, 26. The mortality has been extremely high wherever the disease has prevailed. No particular investigations have been made as to its etiology and pathology.

The disease is now decreasing in the localities where it first appeared and is just beginning to be noticed in other localities, particularly in northern Arkansas, where it has not prevailed to any alarming extent until recently.

CONNECTICUT—Danbury.—An outbreak of cerebro-spinal meningitis was reported, April 20, with 6 cases and 3 deaths.

MARYLAND—Baltimore.—During the week ended April 22, 1899, 2 cases and 6 deaths of cerebro-spinal meningitis were reported.

OHIO—Gallipolis.—No cases of cerebro-spinal meningitis in this locality or county.

SOUTH CAROLINA—Charleston.—One case was reported during the month of March, 1899. This is the only case known to have occurred in this city since October 1, 1898.

TEXAS—Galveston.—During the week ended April 8, 3 deaths from cerebro-spinal meningitis were reported.

WASHINGTON—Spokane.—Three cases and 2 deaths are reported under date of April 17. A few cases have been observed in the Puget Sound district. The diplococcus intracellularis meningitidis has been found during the past year in the nasal secretion of 4 cases and in the pus obtained at autopsies in 2 fatal cases.

Smallpox in the United States.

ALABAMA.

Mobile.—Surgeon Murray reports, April 14, investigation of 2 new cases at Escatawpa, Miss. Smallpox prevalent in Tallapoosa County, Ala. April 22, he reports 1 new cases in Mobile.

ARKANSAS.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Gibson reports the following extract from the report of the secretary of the State board of health:

Fulton County.—January 1 to April 10, 250 cases, 6 deaths.

Izard County.—January 1 to April 10, 60 cases, 1 death.

Lonoke County.—October, 1898, to April 10, 1899, smallpox prevalent.

Phillips County.—January 1 to April 10, smallpox prevalent. Pulaski County.—January 1 to April 10, 23 cases, 4 deaths.

Sebastian County.—January 1 to April 10, 100 cases (estimated).

Yell County.—January 1 to April 10, 50 cases (estimated).

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Washington.—Health Officer Woodward reports, April 20, no change in the status of smallpox since the 18th; April 22, 1 new case; April 24, 2 new cases; April 26, no change since the 24th.

FLORIDA.

The Florida Health Notes for April gives the status of smallpox in that State as follows:

Columbia County.—March 1-31, 4 cases. Escambia County.—March 1-31, 2 cases.

Jackson County.—March 1-31, smallpox prevalent among negro population; death rate, 6 or 7 per cent.

Marion County.—March 1-31, 102 cases; principally in the mining population near Dunnellon.

Polk County.—March 1-31, smallpox prevalent; origin, Dunnellon.

St. Johns County.—February 1 to March 31, 64 cases, no deaths. is thought the disease is impetigo.

Suwanee County.—March 1-31, 4 cases.

Key West.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Plummer reports, April 20, no new cases since March 30, and that the smallpox hospital will be closed.

GEORGIA — Savannah. — Acting Assistant Surgeon Jarrell reports.

April 17, 2 cases of smallpox, 1 from Montgomery, Ala.

KENTUCKY—Lebanon Junction.—Passed Assistant Surgeon McIntosh reports, April 19, 8 cases of smallpox.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago.—Surgeon Sawtelle reports April 20, 2 new cases of smallpox, and April 22, 3 new cases.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans.—The secretary of the State board of health reports

from April 16-22, 9 new cases of smallpox.

Shreveport.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Booth reports, April 18, 1 case of smallpox; origin, Mexico. Precautions taken against the spread of the disease. April 22, he reports another case.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston.—Surgeon Irwin reports, April 17, 2 new cases of smallpox.

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MINNESOTA.

Dr. Bracken, secretary of the State board of health, reports as follows: Brainerd.—April 16-22, 1 case. Minneapolis.—April 9-15, 1 case. St. Paul.—April 9-15, 1 case.

NEW YORK.

Buffalo.—Passed Assistant Surgeon Stoner reports, April 20, 1 case of smallpox; origin unknown.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Dr. Benjamin Lee, secretary of the State board of health, reports, April 12, as follows:

Since my last report, March 30, 1899, smallpox has been reported in Pennsylvania as follows:

Allegheny County.—Four cases.
Cambria County.—One case.
Blair County.—Twenty-two cases.
Fayette County.—Twenty cases.
Somerset County.—Forty-eight cases.
Washington County.—One case.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Bowman reports, April 21, 2 cases of smallpox in a sailors' boarding house. Origin not known.

TEXAS.

Galveston.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Keiller reports, April 12, as follows:

During the week ended April 8, 1899, 2 new cases of smallpox developed in patients held in quarantine because of contact with previously reported cases. No new foci in the city.

During the week ended April 15, 1899, there were 8 new cases and

no deaths.

WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee.—Dr. Wingate, secretary of the State board of health, reports April 24, 3 cases of smallpox, origin unknown, cases quarantined in their homes.

Laredo.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports April 8 as fol-

lows:

New cases of smallpox at Laredo, Tex., for week ended April 8, 17; the larger number are mild cases or varioloid. * * * Marine-Hospital Service quarantine inspectors at international bridge and ferry report vaccinated, 52. Deported for nonvaccination or disease, 12. Total number examined for week ended April 8, 1,825. I have ordered deputy collector at Carrizo, Tex., to have a Marine-Hospital Service quarantine guard make an investigation at Guerrero, Mexico, as to smallpox. I am investigating myself Nuevo Laredo, Mexico. I find there has not been a new case there for the past five days. They are

making a house-to-house vaccination which, of course, includes inspection for smallpox. They have established a hospital for smallpox cases that can not be isolated within the city and are now, I believe, taking modern methods to stamp out the disease, so that by the time Laredo, Tex., becomes clean Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, will also be clean of smallpox. I will continue investigation.

He reports April 18, as follows:

I continue to inspect all passenger trains from Mexico. I quarantine against Tampico, Vera Cruz, and in fact all Mexican seaports on the Mexican Gulf, although according to reports, yellow fever exists only at Vera Cruz, but still the other points might be considered suspicious. Up to this writing persons only from Tampico and Vera Cruz have arrived at this port. On April 9, 1 passenger, two days from Tampico, was put off train and returned to Tampico same day to go to New York by steamer. April 10 stopped a man three days out from Tampico. April 11, 2 men two days out from Tampico. The last 3 had their baggage disinfected by steam disinfector on the Mexican side, and under my supervision held at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, five days after disinfection and then allowed to enter.

To-day, April 18, I stopped a passenger three days out from Vera Cruz. I will supervise the disinfection of his baggage by steam disinfector and hold at Nuevo Laredo for five days afterwards. The Mexican Government is now running its steam disinfector almost daily, disinfecting baggage going into Mexico and also coming this way, when so required. I had a disinfector placed in good working condition last year at the expense of the Mexican National Railroad Company, and used it to disinfect baggage of persons coming from Monterey and other quarantined points. It still remains in good running order.

The smallpox situation is improving at this point. New cases for

the week ended April 15, 9; deaths during same week, 10.

Marine-Hospital Service quarantine inspection at international foot bridge and ferry reports for the week ended April 8: Vaccinated, 43; deported crippled immigrants, 2; deported mendicants, 3; for refusal of vaccination, 3; examined and passed without vaccination, 1,659; total examined, 1,710. This number does not include all persons that enter over bridge and ferry, as after vaccination and examination of any person who passes frequently he is not examined if the vaccination proves successful, and is, therefore, not counted. That accounts for the falling off in number of the total of persons examined since guards were placed on duty.

I hereby acknowledge receipt of telegram dated April 18, 1899, as

follows:

"Discontinue guards at Carrizo and San Ignacio, to take effect $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{pril}\ 20.$ "

I have asked deputy collector at Carrizo, Tex., to do so, and instructed

guards accordingly.

I had ordered the guard at Carrizo, Tex., to make a good investigation of Guerrero, Mexico, and he reported that there had been no smallpox there since March, and the authorities assured him that they had a strict quarantine on against Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, and Laredo, Tex. I, therefore, thought danger of infection through Guerrero to Zapata County over, and advised the discharge of employees, especially as the smallpox in both Laredos is now under control.

April 25, Dr. Hamilton telegraphs as follows: "Have two from Vera

Cruz quarantined at Nuevo Laredo, Mexico." * * *

VIRGINIA.

Newport News.—Acting Assistant Surgeon Charles reports as follows: April 14, 1899, 4 new cases; April 16, 2 new cases; April 17, 3 new cases; April 18, no new cases; April 19, no new cases; April 20, no new cases; April 21, new cases, 8; April 22, new cases, 1; April 23, new cases, 2; April 24, new cases, 2.

Norfolk.—Assistant Surgeon Cumming reports, April 13, 1899, as follows: New cases, 3; discharged, 9; deaths, none; April 14, new case, 1; discharged, 8; April 15, new cases, 3; discharged, none; April 16, new cases, 4; discharged, 10; April 17, new cases, 3; discharged, none; April 18, new cases, 6; discharged, 13: April 19, new cases, 5; discharged, none; April 20, new cases, 14; discharged, 12. Ten cases carried to county pesthouse. April 21, no new cases; discharged, 2; April 22, new cases, 2; discharged, 5; April 23, new cases, 2; dis-

charged, 13; April 24, new cases, 6; discharged, none.

Portsmouth.—Assistant Surgeon Cumming reports as follows: April 13, new cases, 4; discharged, none; April 14, new cases, 3; discharged, 6; April 15, 1 new case; discharged, 1; April 16, 2 new cases; discharged, none; April 17, 3 new cases; discharged, 6; April 18, no new cases; discharged, 5; April 19, 8 new cases; discharged, 8; April 20, 1 new case; discharged, none; April 21, 3 new cases; discharged, none; April 22, 2 new cases; discharged, none; April 23, 3 new cases; discharged, 1; April 24, 2 new cases; discharged, 3.

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, December 31, 1898, to April 28, 1899.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alabama:				_
Antauga County	Feb. 24			Smallpox reported.
Calvert	Dec. 10-Jan. 20	10		_
Catherina	Jan. 6			Do.
Clarke County	Dec. 25-Jan. 20			Several cases.
Clay County	Jan. 27			Smallpox reported.
Collerine	Jan. 6	1		
Dallas County	Jan. 27			Do.
Green County	do			Do.
Hale County	do			Do.
Lowndes County	do			Do.
Marengo County	do			Do.
Mobile	Jan. 2-Apr. 22	27		
Montgomery County	Feb. 24			Do.
Randolph County	Jan. 27			Do.
Southside	Jan. 6	96		
Tallapoosa County	Apr. 14			Smallpox prevalent
Washington County	Jan. 27			Do.
Wilcox County	do			Do.
Total for the State		134	2	Officially reported.
Arkansas:				
Pulaski County	Jan. 27-Mar. 1	8	1	
2 diabat county	Juli 2, 1201. 2000			
California:				
Los Angelos	SeptMar. 25	83	14	
Sacramento City	do do	ĩ		
San Diego	Feb. 19	ī	1	
San Francisco	Jan. 31	2	- 1	•
Sail Flancisco	Jan. 31			
Total for the State	i	87	15	Do.
Total for the State,	***************************************			20.
Colorado:	i			
Arapahoe County	Nov. 25-Mar. 31	38	5	
El Paso County	Jan. 31	2		
Fremont County		24		
Los Animas County		12		
		60	4	
Pueblo County	Dec. 17-Jan. 31	,00		

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Connecticut:		-		
New Haven	Jan. 16	2		
District of Columbia: Washington	Jan. 21-Apr. 26	. 82		=
-			-	=
Florida : Columbia CountyJackson County		4		. Smallpox prevalent death rate 6-7 per cent
Marion County	do	102		death rate 6-7 per cent
Polk County	1 40			Smallpox prevalent.
St. Johns County	Feb. 1-Mar.31	64	0	1
Suwanee County	Feb. 1-Mar. 31 Mar. 1-Mar. 31 Feb. 12-Apr. 1 Feb. 25-Mar. 30	4		•
Jacksonville Key West	Feb. 25-Mar. 30	13		1
Pensacola	L AUM TALMAL OF	2		
West Tampa, Hillsboro Co	Apr. 9-Apr. 15	2		
Total for the State		200		Officially reported.
Georgia:				
Jones County	Jan. 1-Jan. 16	300		
Savannah	Feb. 22-Apr. 17	14		
Total for the State		214	 	D-
Total for the State	***************************************	314	***************************************	Do.
Illinois:				
Bethel	Jan. 7 Mar. 7 Feb. 23-Mar. 7	2		
Biggsville, Henderson Co	Mar. 7	1		
Cairo	Feb. 23-Mar. 7	26		
Chicago Dana, La Salle County	Mar. 10-Apr. 22	6		
Media	Mar. 7	i		
Monmouth, Warren County	Feb. 23	1		
Murphysboro, Jackson Co	Mar. 7	2		
Total for the State	••••••	43		Do.
Indiana:				
Clark County	Mar. 1		İ	Smallpox reported.
Dana	Feb. 8	1		Smanpox reported.
Daviess County	Feb. 8 Mar. 1			Do.
Floyd County	Jan. 1-Mar. 30	5	0	Do.
Greene County	do	6	0	Do.
Jefferson County Jackson County	Mar. 1	4		Do.
Jennings County	Feb. 24	4	0	
Marion County	do	16	ŏ	
Sullivan County	do	5	0	
Vanderburg County Vermilion County	Jan. 1-Mar. 30 do	· 20	1 0	
Total for the State			1	Officially reported.
ndian Territory	Mar. 4		45	•
owa:				
Jones County	Apr 13	5	1	
Lee County	Apr. 13 Jan. 13	7	î	
Wayne County	do	i		
Cansas:				
Atchison County	Mar. 16	21		
Independence County	Mar. 16			Smallpox reported.
Sumner County	Mar. 20	2		•
Marion County Peabody	Jan. 17	11 56	7	
	100. 1100. 10			
Centucky:				
Lebanon Junction	Apr. 19	900		
Louisville	Dec. 20-Apr. 21	366	7	
ouisiana:	Î			
Alexandria	Mar. 29	9		
New Orleans Shreveport	Jan. 30-Apr. 10	172	2	
Shreveport	Apr. 22	2		

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
· · · · ·				
Kaine:	Ten 1-Apr. 7	8	1	
AuburnAugusta	do	ĭ		
Lewiston	do	4		ļ
Waterville	do	49		i
Winslow	do	108		
Total for the State	1	165	 	Officially reported.
		100		Omerany reporters.
faryland: Baltimore	Jan 18-Anr. 8	13		
Cumberland	do	3		1
Pocomoke	do	3		
Assachusetts: Boston	Feb. 28-Apr. 17	5		
	•			
fichigan : Detroit	Jan. 1-Feb. 4	14	l	
Kalamazoo	Mar. 12-Apr. 8	8	1	
Iinnesota:	4 10 4 00	١.		
Brainerd		1 3	0	
Minneapolis St. Paul	Dec. 8-Apr. 15 Feb. 18-Apr. 15		ŏ	
Ov, 1 au	1 00, 10-Mpt, 10			
Lississippi :				
Clay County	Jan. 27			Smallpox reported.
Hinds County	Mar. 3		••••••	Do.
Hinds County Jackson County Jones County	Mar. 26-Apr. 14	0		Do.
Lauderdale County	do			Do.
Novubee County	do	l		Do.
Perry County	Jan. 27-Mar. 12	17	3	
Perry County Tisbomingo County	Jan. 27			Do.
fissouri : Carroll County	Nov. 1-Ann 6	59	15	
Charlton County	do do	1	10	
De Kalb County	ძი	3	ŏ	
Macon County	do	ĭ	Ŏ	
Mississippi County	do	1	0	
St. Louis	do	25	2	
Total for the State		90	17	Officially reported.
Iontana :				
Missoula	Feb. 23-Mar. 9	2		
ebraska :				
Nebraska City	July 1-Dec. 8	153		
	Dec. 9-Jan. 16	147	3	
Omaha Otoe and Nemaha Counties Peru	Jan. 1-Apr. 15	36		
Otoe and Nemaha Counties	Jan. 1-Jan. 16		*	
Plattsmouth	Dec. 10	1		
Tecumseh	Jan. 2	9		
Matal for the State		970	3	Do.
Total for the State		372		<i>1</i> 0.
Jersey City	Dec. 5-Jan. 22	6		
·				
ew York: Buffalo	Mar. 15-Apr. 20	2		
701	Mar. 18-Mar. 25	ĩ		
Elmira		12	4	
Elmira New York	Jan. 7-Apr. 24			
New YorkDunkirk		5	•••••	
New York Dunkirk	Jan. 7-Apr. 24	5		
New York Dunkirkorth Carolina:	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21	5 3		
New York Dunkirkorth Carolina: Alamance County Beaufort Co. (Washington)	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28	3 2		
New York Dunkirkorth Carolina: Alamance County Beaufort Co. (Washington) Bertie County	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28	3 2 8		
New York	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1	3 2 8 8	1	
New York Dunkirk	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1 Feb. 16	3 2 8 8		
New York	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1 Feb. 16 Feb. 1-Feb. 28	3 2 8 8		
New York Dunkirk Orth Carolina: Alamance County Beaufort Co. (Washington) Bertie County Burlington, Franklin County Chowan County Columbus County Craven County	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1 Feb. 16 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 6	3 2 8 3 2 3	1	
New York Dunkirk Orth Carolina: Alamance County Beaufort Co. (Washington) Bertic County Burlington, Franklin County Chowan County Columbus County. Crayen County.	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1 Feb. 16 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 6	3 2 8 3 2 3 1	1	
New York Dunkirk	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1 Feb. 16 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 6 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Feb. 1-Feb. 28	3 2 8 3 2 3 1 2 24	1	
New York Dunkirk	Jan. 7-Apr. 24 Jan. 8-Jan. 21 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 8 Feb. 1-Mar. 28 Mar. 1 Feb. 16 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Apr. 6 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Feb. 1-Feb. 28 Feb. 1-Feb. 28	3 2 8 8 3 2 3 1 1 2 2 24 1	1	

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
North Carolina—Continued.				
Northampton County	Jan. 12-Feb. 28	6		
McDowell County	Feb. 1-Feb. 25	. 2		
Pasquotank County	do			4
Perquimans County	do	. 1		.[
Wake County	do	1		·
Wilmington	Feb. 3 Feb. 1-Feb. 28	. 1		
Wilson County	Feb. 1-Feb. 28	1		
	1		·	000-4-33
Total for the State	•••••	83	1	Officially reported.
Ohio:	Feb 7 Feb 97	1		
BrooklynCinciunati		1 225	5	1
Cleveland	Jan. 23-Apr. 7 Dec. 25-Apr. 1	102	ı	1
Columbus	Feb. 7-Feb. 27	71		
Dialton	do	'i		1
Franklin	do	2		
Gallipolis				1
Sandusky	Feb. 7-Feb. 27	2		1
Shenandoah	do	ī		1 .
South Charleston	do			
Sunbury	do	3		i
Toledo	do.	i		1
Wellington	do	1		
Willoughby	do	1		
Total for the State	·····	387	5	Do.
Oklahoma:				
Chandler	Dec 30	1		
Doggett		i		
Lincoln County	Nov 30-Jan 30	32	10	
Lincoln County Parkland	Dec 30	1	10	
Sac and Fox Agency	do	2		
Stroud	do		3	
Total for the State	•••••	37	13	
Pennsylvania:				
Allegheny County	Feb. 11-Apr. 12	9		
Ball Hill	Dec. 31-Jan. 23	ľ		
Beaver County	Mar. 12-Mar. 30			
Bedford County	Dec. 31-Mar. 30			
Blair County	Jan. 1-Apr. 22	25		
Brumbaugh	Jan. 1-Apr. 22 Dec. 31-Mar. 30	2		
Cambria County	Mar. 30-Apr. 22	13		
Charlesville	Dec. 31	15		Smallpox reported.
Claysburg	Dec. 31-Jan. 23	1		
East Vincent Township	Dec. 31	1		
Everett	đo			
Fayette County	Mar. 12-Apr. 12	23		
Fulton County	Feb. 11-Mar. 11	1		
Homer City	Dec. 31	2		
Hopewell	do	3		
Huntingdon County	Feb. 11-Mar. 11	5		
Hustontown	Dec. 31	4	·····	
New Granada	do	7		
Philadelphia	Dec. 31-Feb. 11	10		
Pittsburg	Dec. 31-Feb. 25	2 1		
Pottstown	Feb. 5-Feb. 11			
Somerset County	Feb. 11-Apr. 12 Dec. 31-Feb. 5	50 11		
Steelton				
Waterfall	do	1		
Washington County	Mar. 30-Apr. 12			
Total for the State		201		Officially reported.
Dorto Dica.				• •
Porto Rico:	Jan. 17-Mar. 17	451		
San Juan	Mar. 6	3	•••••	
Rhode Island:	DIGI. U			
Providence	Feb. 21-Apr. 21	. 3		
~				
South Carolina:		ايا		
Aiken County	Apr. 16	8	·····	
Beaufort County	Apr. 16	2	•••••	
Clarendon County	Apr. 16	1		
Edgefieid County	Jan. 1-Apr. 16 Mar. 1-Mar. 31	100	10	
Horry County		18	0	
Swinton County	Apr. 16	2	•••••	
Total for the State	`	100	10	
Total for the State		126	10	

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Cennessee :				
Dyersburg	Mar. 24	8		
Grover, Madison County	Feb. 18-Mar. 11	12		•
Hardeman County	Mor I Mor 11	1		
Toobass	Was 10 Man 07	52		
Jackson	red. 18-Mar. 21			
Memphis		36		
Pinson, Madison County	do	1		
Union City, Obion County	Mar. 3-Mar. 11	7		
Total for the State		123		Officially reported.
exas:			1	
Alice, Nueces County	Feb. 20	20		
Brownsville	Jan. 7-Apr. 8	8		
Bryan	Jan. 29-Mar. 11	24		
Dallas		52	15	
Del Rio, Kinney County		1		
El Paso	Aug. 1-Dec. 31	45		Year 1898.
191 1 asv	Jan. 1-Jan. 18	21	***************************************	1 681 1000.
Fort Bliss			********	
Fort Bliss	Mar. 12	.1	••••••	
Galveston	Mar. 14-Apr. 15	17	2	•
Laredo	Jan. 1-Apr. 15	676	126	
San Rafael	Jan. 29	4		
Zapata County	Mar. 13	2		
Total for the State		866	143	Officially reported.
'irginia:	ļ			
Alexandria	Ton 4 Ann 15	303	. 2	
	Jan. 4-Apr. 15 Feb. 15		2	
Hampton		6		
Lynchburg	Mar. 5-Mar. 11	1	1	
Newport News	Dec. 31-Apr. 24	641		
Norfolk	Sept. 19-Apr. 24	781	10	
Petersburg	Mar. 6-Mar. 12	1		
Portsmouth		257	3	
Richmond	Jan. 25-Mar. 12	8		
Total for the State		1,948	16	Do.
Zaghinatan .	-			
Ashington : Spokane	Feb. 27-Apr. 15,	4		
-	•			• *
7isconsin:			I	
Calumet County	Feb. 16	1		
Harrison County	Feb. 20	1		
Milwaukee	Apr. 24	3		
Outagamie County	Feb. 7-Mar. 20	15	2	
Total for the State		20	2	Do.
yoming:	-			
	Mar. 5-Mar. 26	5	į	
		ĭ	••••••	
AUGA ODFINES	Dec. 24	1		

PORTO RICO.

Smallpox condition in Ponce.

Ponce, Porto Rico, April 1, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following weekly report, as directed:

The smallpox situation is practically unchanged since my last report. The general vaccination begun, as reported, several days ago, continues

My bills of health next week will state that smallpox prevails in the surrounding country with only one case in the port of Ponce during the last two weeks.

Respectfully, yours,

C. H. LAVINDER, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Deaths in San Juan, Porto Rico, during March, 1899.

SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO, April 6, 1899.

Diseases.	Deaths.	Diseases.	Deaths.
Pulmonalis tuberculosis Caseous pneumonia. Rachitis Rachitis Tetanus infantum Old age. Typhus-malaria. Congestion of lungs. Tabes mesenteric. Carcinoma of stomach Intestinal colic. Congestion of the brain Anæmia, malarial. Hepatic cirrhosis. Entero-colitis. Mitral insufficiency	1 4 4 2 3 1 1 1 1 1	Gastric fever	

Respectfully submitted, A. H. GLENNAN,
Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Sanitary Inspector of Porto Rico.
The Supervising Surgeon-General,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report of immigration at Boston for the week ended April 15, 1899.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Boston, April 16, 1899.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended April 15, 1899; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No, of immigrants.
Apr. 9	Steamship Buenos Ayrean	Glasgow, Scotland	_10
Do		Liverpool, England	178
Do	Steamship Parthenia	Liverpool, Nova Scotia	55
Do	Steamship Boston	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	121
Apr. 10	Steamship Beverly		
Do			
Apr. 11	Steamship Prince George	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	
Do	Schooner Emma E. Potter	Clemensport, Nova Scotia	
Apr. 12	Steamship Chicago	London, England	
Do			
Do	Steamship Oakmore	London, England	14
Do		Liverpool, England	
Apr. 13	Steamship Halifax	Halifax, Nova Scotia	117
Do	Steamship Boston	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	13
Apr. 14	Steamship Prince George	do	47
Do	Steamship Cambrian	London, England	10
Apr. 15		Liverpool, England	
Do	Steamship Pro Patria	St. Pierre, Miquelon	
Do	Steamship Hindoo	Hull, England	
Do	Steamship Cambrian King	Antwerp, Belgium	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
İ	Total		1.28

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at Boston for the week ended April 22, 1899.

Office of U.S. Commissioner of Immigration, Port of Boston, April 22, 1899.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended April 22, 1899; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Apr. 16	Steamship Kansas	Liverpool, England	1 13
Do Apr. 17	Steamship BostonSteamship Admiral Sampson		13
Do			51
Apr. 18	Steamship Prince George	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	4
Apr. 19	Steamship Bay State	Liverpool, England	3
Do		do	1
Apr. 20	Steamship Admiral Farragut	Port Morant, Jamaica	
Do		Halifax, Nova Scotia	18 12
Do	Steamship Columbia		
Apr. 21	Steamship Prince George	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	
Do	Steamship Lycia	Avonmouth, England	
Apr. 22	Steamship Assyrian		15
	Total		1,27

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at New York for the week ended April 15, 1899.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of New York, April 18, 1899.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended April 15, 1899; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessels.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Apr. 9 Do Apr. 10 Do Apr. 11 Apr. 12. Apr. 13. Do Apr. 14 Apr. 15 Do Do	Steamship Phenicia	Copenhagen, etc	989 360 168 178 197 552 762 168 952 1,003 12 751
	Total		7, 382

THOMAS FITCHIE, Commissioner.

REPORTS FROM NATIONAL QUARANTINE

				
Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
Alamandria Wa	Ann 92			
Alexandria, Va Beaufort, N. C Brunswick, Ga	do	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		
Rennewick Ga	do	Nor bk Schwanden(a)	Apr. 10	Rio
Diumbwick, Ga			11010	
Cape Charles, Va	do	Am. sc. John C. Smith	I	l
Cape Fear, N. C	do			
Cienfuegos, Cuba Delaware Breakwater Quaran- tine, Lewes, Del.	Apr. 22			••••••
Eureka, Cal	Apr. 15			
Grays Harbor, Wash	do			
Guif Quarantine, Ship Island, Miss.	do	Am. sc. Harry W.	···················	Matanzas Havana Rio Vera Cruz
		Haynes. (a) Am. sc. Chas. H. Walston. (a)	Apr. 6	Havana
		Nor. ship Australia Am. sc. Lewis A. Ed-	Apr. 11	Rio Vera Cruz
		Br. sc. Anita	Apr. 12	Caibarien Havana Pernambuco
		Am. sc. Jas. H. Dudley Am. sc. Otis	Apr. 13 do	Sagua la Grande Matanzas
Wanalulu Hamaiian Islanda	A 0	Nor. bk. Nova Scotia	Apr. 14	Montevideo
Metenges Cube	Apr. 18		************	
Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands Matanzas, Cuba Newbern, N. C	Apr. 22			
Ponce, Porto Rico	Apr. 1			
	Apr. 8	Ss. Manonhia	Apr. 3	Fort de France
Port Townsend, Wash	do			
·	Apr 15	l		
Reedy Island Quarantine, Del San Diego, Cal	Apr. 22	Ger. ss. Aragonia	Apr. 21	Antwerp
San Diego, Cal	Apr. 15			
San Francisco Quarantine, Cal	ao		••••••	
•				
San Juan, Porto Rico	Apr. 8			
Santiago de Cuba	do			
South Atlantic Quarantine, Blackbeard Island, Ga.	Apr. 15	U. S. transport Dixie U. S. transport Kilpat- rick.	Apr. 11 Apr. 13	Casilda Matanzas
		U. S. transport Florida	do	do
		U. S. transport Logan	Apr. 14	Havana
Tortugas Quarantine, KeyWest,	do	Am. sc. Etta L. Thompson (a).	Apr. 4	Cardenas
		Am. sc. Nettie Shipman	Apr. 12	Havana Cardenasdo
Washington, N. C	Apr. 22			

AND INSPECTION STATIONS.

Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
			. No transactions	
Brunswick	Disinfected and held	Apr. 19	Am. sc. Wm. Neely, from Havana, passed on cer- tificate of sanitary inspec- tor at Havana.	1 6
St. Simons	. In process of disinfection			
••••••			. No report	
			ao	.
			No report	
	Disinfected and helddododo		No transactions	. 1
Handsboro	Disinfected and held	Apr. 9		. 4
Ship Island	do	do		
Pascagonila	do	Apr 14		
ì	Disinfected and held			1
Ship Island	Held for disinfection Disinfected and held		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	ļ
	do			ł
do	Held for disinfection	•••••		
rascagouiado	Disinfected and neiddo	***************************************		•••••
Ship Island				
			No report	
***************************************			No transactions	
St. Domingo	Held in quarantine till de- parture.	Apr. 3	Held no communication	5 2
		••••••		5 9
Philadelphia:	Held for disinfection		l case smallpox	14 3
			Bodies of 3 officers U. S. Army on U. S. transport Morgan City, from Ma- nila. Asiatic crew and steerage passengers on Br. ss. Tartar bathed and baggage, etc., and quar- ters disinfected. 144 Chi- nese and 32 Japanese steerage passengers on Am. ss. Rio de Janeiro bathed and clothing and baggage disinfected with steam or formalin. No report	21
Savenneh	Diginfected vessel and crew	Any 10		- 12
	Disinfected vessel and crew Disinfected and held. Burn- ed forecastle mattresses and pillows.		Recommended removal of fixed ballast and substi-	
Savannah	Disinfected vessel and crew. Remanded to Savannah Quarantine for detention.		various p.g. non danas.	
	pleted except for washing down with bichloride.		•	•••••••
Key West	Disinfected	Apr. 9		•••••••
Brunswick	dodo	Apr. 15	•••••	••••••
		Apr. 14	U. S. transport Logan left without treatment or	•••••••
	observation.		discharge of baggage or passengers on account of bad weather.	

REPORTS FROM STATE AND

	1		1	1
Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival	Port of departure.
Anclote, FlaBaltimore, Md	do	!		i
Bangor, Me	oh			
Boston, Mass	40			
Cedar Keys, Fla	A 15			***************************************
Charleston, S. C	Apr. 10	***************************************	•••••	·····
Charleston, S. C	do	***************************************	•••••	••••••
	Apr. 22			
Elizabeth River, Va	do			
Galveston, Tex	Apr. 15	Fr. ss. Carolina Nor. ss. Truma	Apr. 12	<u>R</u> 10
		Nor. ss. Truma	Apr. 15	Progreso
Gardiner, Oreg	do			
Key West, Monroe County, Fla	Apr. 22			
Los Angeles, Cal	Apr. 15			
Mayfort, Fla	do	Dutch so Marie Carelli	Any 11	St Thomas
Maylort, Fla	Apr. 22	Dutch sc. Marie Corelli dodo.	Apr. II	d. 110111ab
	Apr. 22	do	ao	do
Mobile, Ala	Apr. 15	Rus. bk. Mercator (a)	Apr. 2	Demerara
		Br. sc. Sirocco (a)	Apr. 3 do	Havana Cardenas Cienfugeos
	ļ	It. bk. Angela Casanova	Apr. 13	Montevideo
New Bedford, Mass	Apr. 22			
New Orleans, La	do			
Newport News, Va	do			
Newport, R. I	30			••••••••••
Newport, R. 1	qo	***************************************	•••••	•••••
New York, N. Y Providence, R. I	ao		•••••	•••••
Providence, R. L	do		•••••	***************************************
Round Island, Miss	do		•••••	
St. Helena Entrance, S. C	do			
San Pedro, Cal	Apr. 15			
Savannah, Ga	do	Nor. bk. Stanley (a)	Mar. 26	Rio
		Am. st. yacht Eleanor(a)	Apr. 4	Havana
		U. S. transport Dixie (a)	Apr. 7	Casilda via Sapelo
		U. S. transport City of San Antonio. (a)	Apr. 8	Havana
		U. S. transport Havana	Apr. 10	Havana
		U. S. transport Florida	Apr. 11	Matanzas
		U. S. transport Kilpatrick. U. S. transport Logan	i	
Tampa Bay, Fla	do	o. o. mansport Logan		mavana

a Previously reported.

MUNICIPAL QUARANTINE STATIONS.

Destination.	Treatment of vessel, pas- sengers, and cargo.	Date of departure.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
				٠ ,
•••••	***************************************	***************************************	No report	
			do	
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		dodo	***************************************
				90
				1 2
				1 11
Galveston	Fumigated and held			14
			No report	
			No transactions	
Jacksonville	Held for fumigation			
Mobile	Rallast discharged vessel	Apr. 19	••••••••••••	2
	disinfected and held.	İ	ł	
do	Ac and neid	Apr. 10		*******************
do	do	do		•••••••
do	Held for disinfection	do		**********
	nera for albiniccolon		No report.	***************************************
			do	
			l	9
			No report	
			No transactions	
	••••••			3
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		No report	
	•••••		do	
Savannah	Disinfected and held	Apr. 10		9
Savannah	Living apartments formal- dehyded and vessel de-	Apr. 9		
Savannah	tained 3 days. Soldiers detained 5 days after disinfection of bag- gage, etc. Vessel re- manded to Sapelo.	••••••	Two suspicious cases. One death, probably yellow fever.	•••••••
Savannah quar- antine.	Soldiers detained 5 days after disinfection of bag- gage, etc. Vessel remand-	do		•••••••
Savannah	ed to Sapelo. Vessel re- leased for Havana with- out pratique. Soldiers detained 5 days after disinfection of bag- gage, etc. Vessel released for Havana without pra-	Apr. 10		********************************
do	tique. Soldiers detained 5 days after disinfection of bag- gage, etc. Vessel remand- ed to Sapelo for disinfec- tion.			••••••
	do			•••••
do	do			•••••

April 28, 1899 598

Reports of States and yearly and monthly reports of cities of the United States.

ALABAMA—Montgomery.—Month of January, 1899. Census population, 21,883. Total number of deaths, 50.

Month of February. Total number of deaths, 30.

Month of March. Total number of deaths, 50.

FLORIDA.—Reports to the State board of health for the month of February, 1899, from 45 counties having an aggregate population of 464,639, show a total of 316 deaths, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 4; measles, 9; influenza, 9; scarlet fever, 2; whooping cough, 1, and 37 from phthisis pulmonalis.

ILLINOIS—Chicago.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 1,650,000. Total number of deaths, 2,343, including diphtheria, 55; enteric fever, 18; influenza, 63; measles, 6; scarlet fever, 68; whooping cough, 5, and 226 from phthisis pulmonalis.

During the week ended April 15, 1899, 6 certificates were returned giving influenza and its complications, chiefly chronic diseases, as the cause thereof, 9 giving diphtheria as the cause, 58 cases being reported, and 16 giving scarlet fever as the cause, 143 cases being reported.

MAINE—Portland.—Four weeks ended April 15, 1899. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 72, including enteric fever, 1, and 3 from phthisis pulmonalis.

MASSACHUSETTS—Fitchburg.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population 29,438. Total number of deaths, 37, including cerebrospinal meningitis, 2; influenza, 2; measles, 1, and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

North Attleboro.—Month of January, 1899. Census population, 6,727. Total number of deaths, 13, including 1 death from phthisis pulmonalis. Month of February. Total number of deaths, 14, including diph-

theria, 1, and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended April 15, 1899, from 67 observers, indicate that no disease showed a marked increase or decrease during the week. Phthisis pulmonalis was reported present at 133, measles at 58, scarlet fever at 42, diphtheria at 17, enteric fever at 16, whooping cough at 12, and small-pox at 5 places.

Grand Rapids.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 90,000. Total number of deaths, 145, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 3,

and 13 from phthisis pulmonalis.

NEW YORK—Auburn.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 57, including diphtheria, 1, and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

OHIO—Cleveland.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 395,000. Total number of deaths, 501, including diphtheria, 6; enteric fever, 15; influenza, 6; scarlet fever, 4; smallpox, 1, and 18 from phthisis pulmonalis.

WASHINGTON—Seattle.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 75,000. Total number of deaths, 60, including enteric fever, 2, and 4 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Tacoma.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 38, including 5 from phthisis pulmonalis.

MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

	-	a, c.	omo					Dea	ths f	rom	_			
Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U. S. Census of 1890.	Total deaths from all causes.	Phthisis pul- monalis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Allegheny, Pa		105, 287 105, 287	41 36	2 3										
Allentown, Pa		25, 228	4	3							. 1	1		
Do	Apr. 15	25, 228	11		ļ							1		
Aurora, Ill Do	Apr. 8 Apr. 15	19, 688 19, 688	5 9	1 2							<u> </u>			
Baltimore, Md	Apr. 22	434, 439	203	21			ļ			. 3				
Baton Rouge, La Bay City, Mich	do	10, 478 27, 839	5 10	1	1						·			
Biddeford, Me Do	Apr. 15	14, 443	6	i				l						i
Do	Apr. 22	14, 443	10		ļ								.	1
Binghamton, N. Y Do	Apr. 22	35,005 35,005	15 17	2										
Boston, Mass	do	448, 477	211	22	1	l	l		l	2	2	4		
Bridgeport, Conn Bristol, R. I	ao Apr. 15	48, 866 5, 478	20	1										
Brockton, Mass	do	27, 294	15	2	ļ									1
Butler, Pa	Apr. 4	8, 734 8, 734	0 7										·	
Do Cambridge, Mass	Apr. 15	70,028	22	4							1	1		1
Camden N.J	do	58, 313	29						ļ	ļ	ļ			ļ
Do	Apr. 22	58, 313 a 54, 955	23 b 33	2						1				
Oncisca, Mass	uu	27, 909	11	1				l			ļ			
Chicago, Ill Chillicothe, Ohio	Apr. 22	1,099,500 11,288	564 6	51 2	•••••				·····	11	24	10	6	1
Cleveland, Ohio	do	261, 353		3				ļ		6	ļ	1		
Dayton, Ohio	do	61, 220	22								ļ			
Decatur, Ill	Apr. 15	16, 841 16, 841	10 4										1	
Detroit, Mich Dubois, Pa Do	Apr. 22	205, 876	125											
Dubois, Pa	Apr. 8	6, 149 6, 149	4											
Dunkirk, N. I	uo	9, 416	4								ļ			
Dunmore, Pa	do	8, 315	4		•••••									ļ
Erie, Pa Evansville, Ind	do	40, 634 50, 756	21 24							2				
Everett, Mass	Apr. 15	11,068	11	1								l	ļ	
Fall River, Mass Do	do	74, 398 74, 398	41 36	4 7					•••••		•		ļ	5
Fitchburg, Mass	Apr. 15	22,037	8	i				 		l			2	
Grand Rapids, Mich	Apr. 11 Apr. 22	60, 278 60, 278	15	1										•••••
Do Green Bay, Wis	do	9, 069	20 6	1										
Greenville, S. C	Apr. 8	8,607	1	1										
Do Hannibal, Mo	Apr. 15 Mar. 25	8, 607 12, 857	2 4		•••••		•••••		•••••	••••				•••••
Do	Apr. 1	12, 857	5			l								
	Apr. 8 Apr. 15	12, 857 12, 857	2 5		•••••		•••••		•••••		••••		1	•••••
Hoboken, N. J	do	43, 648	22	11						1				
Do	Apr. 22	43, 648	27	5	•••••		•••••	•••••						•••••
Holyoke, Mass Jersey City, N. J	Apr. 16	35, 637 163, 003	12 80	2 14						2	3	4		1
Do	Apr. 22	163,003	62	7								1	•••••	
Johnstown, Pa La Crosse, Wis	do	21, 805 25, 090	11 75	8									•••••	•••••
Lancaster, Pa	do	32,011	36	2						2				•••••
Lansingburg, N. Y	Apr. 22	10,550	3	"ï			•••••		•••••	•••••	 1			•••••
Lawrence, Mass Los Angeles, Cal	Apr. 15	50, 395	36 32	4		3				1		1	1	
	Apr. 20	161.129	80	10		i				2		1		•••••
Louisville, Ky		77, 696	40 7	6		•••••	•••••			1	•••••	1	1	1
Lowell, Mass	Apr. 22	10 700				•••••	•••••		•••••		••••••	•••••		
Lowell, Mass Lynchburg, Va McKeesport, Pa	do Apr. 15	19,709 20,741	13		1		•••••	•••••		•••••				•••••
Lynchburg, Va	do Apr. 15 do	77, 696 19, 709 20, 741 11, 286	13 1											•••••
Lowell, Mass	do Apr. 15 do Apr. 22	11, 286 11, 286 23, 031	13 1 3										1	•••••
Lowell, Mass	Apr. 15 Apr. 22 Apr. 15 Apr. 22	11, 286 11, 286 23, 031	13 1 3 9	1 1								1	1	•••••
Lowell, Mass	Apr. 15 Apr. 22 Apr. 15 Apr. 22	11, 286 11, 286	13 1 3 9	1										•••••

a Estimated population, 65,165—white, 28,870; colored, 36,295. b White, 13; colored, 20.

MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

		zó o	e e					Deat	hs f	rom-	-			
Cities.	Week ended.	Population U. census of 1890.	Total deaths from	Phthisis pul- monalis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Milwaukee, Wis	Apr. 15	204, 468	80	8								1		1
Do Minneapolis, Minn	Apr. 22	204, 468 164, 738	81 48	8			.		ļ	1	1	2	2	
Do	Apr. 22	164, 738	56	8		ļ	.			. 1			1	
Mobile, Ala Nashville, Tenn	do	31,076	22 49	8		ļ				2	·····			·
New Bedford, Mass	do	76, 168 40, 733	16	2										
New Brunswick, N. J	do	18,603	2											
Newburyport, Mass Newport, R. I	Apr. 15	13, 947 19, 457	8 3	2					ļ	1		ļ	•••••	
Newton, Mass	do	24, 379	9	5										
Do	Apr. 22	24, 379	8	1										
New York City, N. Y Do	Apr. 15	a 3,550,053 3,550,053	1,298 1,256	173 141	 	1			·····	7	16	39 26	12 16	9
Manth Adams Mass	ا مد ا	16,074	10	3							10	20	10	
Omaha, Nebr	Apr. 15	140, 452	23					•••••						
Oneonta, N. Y	do	6, 272 6, 272	8 2	1					•••••	ļ. 	¦	•••••		ļ
Philadelphia, Pa	do	1,046,964	505	63					•••••	29	1	15	1	ï
Pittsburg, Pa	do	238, 617	105	10					••••		ļ	1	3	
Pittsfield, Mass	do	17, 281 10, 302	9	1					••••	 -		••••	•••••	•••••
Plainfield, N.J	Apr. 15	11, 267	6						•••••	ï				
Do	Apr. 22	11, 267	5	ļ										
Port Huron, Mich Do	Apr. 15 Apr. 22	13, 543 13, 543	9 5	1					•••••	•••••			•••••	
Portland, Me	do	36, 425	16	i					•••••					
Pottstown Ps	Apr. 15	13, 285	7	1			ll			1		1		
Portsmouth, Va Providence, R. I	Apr. 22	13, 285 13, 268	3 5		•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••				•••••
Providence, R. I	do	132, 146	70	6							••••			•••••
Reading, Pa	Apr. 17	58, 661	23			•••••								
Do Richmond, Ind	Apr. 24 Apr. 15	58, 661 16, 608	23 6	8		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						1	•••••	•••••
Do	Apr. 22	16,608	2											•••••
Salt Lake City, Utah	Apr. 15	44, 843	11	2										•••••
San Diego, Cal	Apr. 22 Apr. 15	44, 843 16, 159	12 3									•••••	•••••	•••••
San Jose, Cal	do	18,060	3											•••••
Santa Barbara, Cal	do	5,864	1	<u></u> -										•••••
Shreveport, La Somerville, Mass	Anr 22	11,979 40,152	6 17	2 1					••••		•••••			•••••
Spokane, Wash Steelton, Pa Tacoma, Wash	Apr. 15	19, 922	11	2						1				
Steelton, Pa	Apr. 22	9, 250	5 7	2	•••••	•••••								•••••
Do	Apr. 15	36,006 36,006	7	_ Z	•••••									•••••
Waltham, Mass	Apr. 22	18, 707	3			••••••		l.		l				
Warren, Ohio	do	5, 973	1		•••••	•••••						····		
Do	Apr 15	230, 392 230, 392		18 11				••••		2 3	""	3	••••	
West Tampa, Fla	do	4,000	0						l.	- 1				
West Tampa, Fla Wheeling, W. Va Wichita, Kans	do	35,013	15	1	····· ·		.	-		2			1 .	•••••
Wilmington, Del	do	23, 853 61, 431	19	4						i		····		•••••
Winona, Minn	Apr. 8	18, 203	7											•••••
Do Worcester, Mass	Apr. 15	18, 208 84, 655	7 29	1	·•••• ·				-	···;·· ·				••••
Do	Apr. 7 Apr. 14	84,655	29	8						1			1	*****
Yonkers, N. Y	Apr. 21	32,033		2										•••••
Youngstown, Onio	Apr. 15 Apr. 22	33, 220 33, 220	14 12	•••••	····· ·	•••••]	•••••	····· ·		3	-	••••• •	-	•••••
	Pr. 20	00, 20	14	•••••• •		•••••	•••••	•••••	••••• •	••••••	•••••	•••• •	•••••	••••

aEstimated.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended April 28, 1899.

[Received from Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.]

Locality.	Temp	erature in Fahrenhe	degrees it.	Rainfall in inches and hundredths.					
	Normal.	aExcess.	aDefic'ncy.	Normal.	Excess.	Deficiency			
Atlantic Coast:	·								
	41	3		. 63		63			
Eastport, Me Portland, Me	46	2		.70		. 60			
Northfield. Vt	43	0		. 52		. 42			
Boston, Mass	48	2		.77		. 77			
Vinevard Haven, Mass	1 48	0		.58		04			
Nantucket, Mass	45	1		.81		.6			
Woods Hole, Mass	45 46	1		.91		. 6			
Block Island, R. I New Haven, Conn	49	0		.77					
Albany, N. Y	49	5		.59					
New York, N. Y	51	í		.77		. 7			
Harrisburg, Pa	53	5		. 82		. 85 . 70			
Philadelphia, Pa	53	3		.70		. 70			
New Brunswick, N. J Atlantic City, N. J Baltimore, Md	54	O		. 74		.7			
Atlantic City, N. J	49	0		. 74		.7			
Baltimore, Md	55	3			i. 	.7			
Washington, D. C Lynchburg, Va	55	3		. 74	····	.74			
Lynchburg, Va	58	2		. 77					
Cape neury, va	00		2	1.02		1.02			
Norfolk, Va	57 62	1		.91 .78	·····	.91			
Charlotte, N. C	60 60	0		. 78 . 5 8		.48			
Raleigh, N. C Kittyhawk, N. C Hatteras, N. C	58	U	4	.98		.48			
Hutters N C	58	0	-	1.05	. 15	. 20			
Wilmington, N. C	63	v	5	. 66	1.34				
Columbia, S. C	65		ĭ	.61		. 51			
Charleston, S. C Augusta, Ga	66		2	. 84	.56				
Augusta, Ga	66		2	. 75		. 65			
Savannah, Ga	68		4	. 83		. 33			
Jacksonville, Fla	70		2	. 64	1.96				
Jupiter, Fla Key West, Fla	73	0		. 57	1.33				
Key West, Fla	77	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	. 28	1.12	ļ			
ulf States: Atlanta, Ga	64	0		70		. 28			
Tampa, Fla	64 72	Ö		.78 .40	1.60	.20			
Pensacola, Fla	70	U	2	.76	1.00	. 56			
Mobile, Ala	69		ĩ	.98		.68			
Montgomery, Ala	67		ī	1.06	.84				
VICESDUTG. MISS	68		2	1.36		1.06			
New Orleans, La	70		2	1.19		.09			
Shreveport, La	67		3	1.24		. 54			
Fort Smith, Ark	62	0		1.30	1.10				
Little Rock, Ark	64	O		1.16	. 64				
Palestine, Tex	67		3	1.12		.22			
Galveston, Tex	70		4	.70		. 20			
San Antonio, Tex	71		3	.73	. 57	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Corpus Christi, Tex	72		4	. 35	. 95	······			
hio Valley and Tennessee:	63	5	ŀ	1.26		. 86			
Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn	62	4		1.12	.28				
Chattanooga, Tenn	63			1.00	3.20				
Knoxville. Tenn	60			1.15		. 95			
Knoxville, Tenn Louisville, Ky	58	8		1.01	. 69				
Indianapolis, Ind	55	9		. 91		. 21			
Cincinnati, OhioColumbus. Ohio	56	10		.77		. 67			
Columbus. Ohio	54	12		.77		.57			
Parkersburg, W. Va	56	10		. 79		. 79			
Pittsburg, Pa	53	13		. 67		. 67			
ke Region:		7	ł	. 49		.39			
Pochester N V	45 47	7		.58		.58			
Oswego, N. Y	44	12	•••••	.59		.59			
Erie, Pa	47	7		.57		. 47			
Cleveland, Ohio	48	10		.52		.52			
Sandusky, Ohio	51	3		.59		.59			
Sandusky, Ohio Toledo, Ohio Detroit, Mich	50	8				. 32			
Detroit, Mich	48	8 8		. 53		. 33			
Lansing, Mich	50	8		. 56		.26			
Port Huron, Mich	45	7		. 52		. 32			
	40	2		.54	.06				
Alpena, Mich			••••••						
Alpena, Mich	41 40	3 4		. 40 . 49	.20	. 29			

a The figures in these columns represent the average daily departure.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended April 28, 1899—Continued.

Locality.	Temp	erature i Fahrenb	n deg rees eit.	Rainfall in inches and hundredths.					
	Normal	a Excess	. aDefic'ncy.	Normal	. Excess.	Deficiency.			
Lake Region-Continued.	l		ł						
Grand Haven, Mich	46	8		. 63					
Milwaukee. Wis	45	7		.70		70			
Chicago, Ill	47	5		.72		. 62			
Duluth, Minn	40		. 0	.60		.10			
Upper Mississippi Valley: St. Paul, Minn	49	3		. 63	į				
La Crosse Wis	50	4		.56		. 36			
La Crosse, Wis Dubuque, Iowa Davenport, Iowa	51	3		.66	.14	1			
Davenport, Iowa	52	4		. 68	.12				
Des Moines, Iowa	53		. 1	.72		. 52			
Keokuk, Iowa Hannibal, Mo	55 55	3		. 84 . 57	. 63	.14			
Springfield, Ill	55	7		.92	.00	. 22			
Cairo. Ill	61	3		. 91	.29				
Cairo, Ill	58	4		. 91	.39				
Missouri Valley:		1	1		!				
Columbia, Mo	58		. 2	1. 13	.57				
Springfield, Mo	58 56		. 2	• . 94	2.16				
Kansas City, Mo Topeka, Kans	60		0 4	.71 .60	1.39	•••••			
Wichita Kang	58		' ' '	.56	.00	.16			
Concordia, Kans	56		. 3	.52		.52			
Lincoln, Nebr	54		. 2	. 63		. 63			
Omaha, Nebr	53		. 1	. 81		.71			
Concordia, Kans	53	•••••	. 3	. 77		.47			
I BUK 1011. O. DBK	50 49		. 2	. 75		.55 .70			
Valentine, Nebr Huron, S. Dak	49		1 8	. 70 . 70		.50			
Pierre, S. Dak	53		5	.49		.49			
Moorhead, Minn	46		ž	.56		.16			
Moorhead, Minn Bismarck, N. Dak	46		4	. 58	. 52				
Williston, N. Dak	46		4	. 38	.02				
Rocky Mountain Region :	47		3	01					
Havre, Mont Helena. Mont	45	••••••	5	.21 .28	.09 .32	•••••			
Miles City, Mont	49			.28	.42				
Rapid City, S. Dak Spokane, Wash Wallawalla, Wash Baker City, Oreg	49		3	.58		.58			
Spokane, Wash	50	••••••	4	. 35		. 15			
Wallawalla, Wash	56	•••••	6	. 35	•••••	. 15			
Winnemucca, Nev	48 47	••••••	6 1	. 28 . 21	.02	.21			
Idaho Falls, Idaho	46		2	. 35	•••••	.25			
Salt Lake City, Utah	50	2	l	. 49		.39			
Lander, Wyo Cheyenne, Wyo	44	2		. 59		. 59			
Cheyenne, Wyo	41	3		. 35		. 35			
North Platte, Nebr	51 47	3	3	.56	•••••	. 56			
Pueblo, Colo	50	•	0	. 53 . 39	•••••	.53 .39			
Dodge City, Kans Oklahoma, Okla Amarillo, Tex Abilene, Tex	55	·····	3	.41	••••••	.41			
Oklahoma, Okla	62	•••••		.72	2.18				
Amarillo, Tex	57		3	.24		. 24			
Abilene, Tex	65		5	.71	. 39				
Santa Fe, N. MexEl Paso, Tex	47 64	1		. 20 . 04	•••••	.20			
Phœnix, Ariz	68	4	0	.07		.04 .07			
acific Coast:	~	-		.0.	••••••	.01			
Seattle, Wash Tacoma, Wash	50		2	.75		. 45			
Tacoma, Wash	49		1	.78	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	. 38			
Fort Canby, Wash	49	•••••	1	1.26		.56			
Portland, Oreg	53 52	•••••	5	.69	•••••	. 29			
Roseburg, Oreg Eureka, Cal	51	••••••	4 8	.60 .84	•••••	. 20 . 54			
Redbluff, Cal	60	4		.46		. 46			
Carson City, Nev Sacramento, Cal	50 .		0	. 21		. 21			
Sacramento, Cal	59	1		.51		.51			
San Francisco, Cal	55 .		1	.42		.02			
Fresno, Cal	64	······································	2	.27	••••••	.27			
San Luis Obispo, Cal	57 60	1 2	••••••	.43		. 43 . 15			
Los Angeles, Cal San Diego, Cal	59	3		.14		.15			
Yuma, Ariz	72	2		.00		.00			
		- 1							

a The figures in these columns represent the average daily departure.

FOREIGN.

[Reports received from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox as reported to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, December 31, 1898, to April 28, 1899.

CHOLERA.

Places.	Da	ite.	Савев.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India:					
Bombay	Dec. 20-	Mar. 21		21	
Calcutta	Nov. 26- Nov. 19-	Mar. 18		395	•
Madras Singapore	Dec. 1-	Dec. 30		29 1	•
	YI	ELLOW	FEVER	•	
Brazil:					
Bahia		Apr. 1		13	
Rio de Janeiro	Nov. 11-	Feb. 17	.	196	
Colombia:	l		_	_	•
Barranquilla	Dec. 2-	Mar. 4	. 8	8	1
Cuba:	D 10	A 10			
Havana		Apr. 13		9	Domorrod from S S "No-1
	Apr. 18.	•••••	. 2		Removed from S. S. "North
Matanzas	Mar 18	Mar. 30	. 2	1	Anglia." One in United States Army.
Matanzas Mexico:	Mar. 10-	PARI, 30	· Z	l	One in United States Army.
Vera Cruz	Dec. 8-	Apr. 22		46	
	·	PLAG	UE.		
Arabia :			i		
Djiddah China :	Feb. 22-1	Mar. 31		51	
Hongkong	Dec. 10-	Jan. 21	. 2	2	
	Mar. 8-	Mar. 21	. 12	11	
	Apr. 11				Outbreak of plague reported
Formosa:			_	1	
Taichu	Jan. 12-	Jan. 18	1		
Tainan	Jan. 9-	Jan. 18	. 24	17 2	
Taipeh Taiwan	Dec. 25		. 10		Plague exists.
Tamsui		Jan. 10		2	riague exists.
India:	Jan. 1-	JAII. 10			
Bombay	Nov. 22-	Mar. 21		2,503	Actual number probably 3,000
Calcutta	Nov. 22- Jan. 21-1	Var. 18		233	
Madras	Nov. 19-	Nov. 25		1	
Madagascar:			l .		
Tamatave	Nov. 26-	Feb. 8	309	210	
Mauritius:	1				
Port Louis	Jan. 25		. 1	1	•
		SMALL	POX.		
Africa:					
Lorenzo Marquez	Dec. 1-	Dec. 24	18		
Argentina :				_	
Buenos Ayres	Nov. 1-	Nov. 30	· ·-	5	
Belgium:			-	ا ا	
Antwerp		Jan. 7	41	14	
Ghent	Mar. 25-	Apr. 5		2	
Brazil:	No. 10	A 1	167	11	
Bahia	Nov. 19-	APF. 1		66	
Rio de Janeiro	Nov. 11-	J&N. 2/	140	00	•
Canada:			1		
Ontario:	T 00 1	Dala 00	1		
Coburg County	Jan. 30-1		i	1	
			. 1		
Dundos County	Ton 20	Teb 99		1	
Dundos County Dunham County Essex County	Jan. 30-1	Feb. 22	1		

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Places.		Date.		Савев.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Canada—Continued.						
Ontario—Continued.	l _			_		 -
Grenorth County		30-Feb		5	1	
Kent County Northumberland County	Jan.	30-Feb. 30-Feb.		3		
Prescott County		30-Feb		15	3	
Stormont County		30-Feb.		ii	ĭ	
York County	Jan.	30-Feb.	. 22	3		
Province of Quebec	Jan.	26-Apr.	. 21	14	1	
China:	Wah	25			İ	S
Fuchou Hongkong			11	23	9	Smallpox prevalent.
Ceylon:	J 411.	1 11241			•	
Colombo	Dec.	24-Dec	. 31		1	
Colombia:			_	_		
Baranquilla	Mar.	. 25-Apr	. 1	2		
Cuba: Havana	Dec	30		1	l	In United States Army.
Santiago		23-Mar.				
		8-Apr.				on occurrence and an arrow
Egypt:	_	_		i		
Cairo	Jan.	16-Mar	. 11		4	
England: Liverpool	Dec.	3-Mar	. 10	3	1	
London	Dec.	17-Apr	. 10		i	
South Shields	Jan.	17-Apr 21-Jan.	28	ı		
Sunderland	Jan.	15-Jan.	21	2		
France:				1		
Paris	Dec.	24-Feb.	11		3	
Gibraltar Greece :	Jan.	30-Feb.	12	2	1	
Athens	Mar	11-Apr.	1	76	47	
India:	Diai	ii-Api	. 1		7.	
Bombay	Nov.	22-Mar	. 21		24	
Calcutta		. 19-Mar.				
Colombo	Dec.	24-1)ec.	31		1	
MadrasSingapore	Nov.	. 26-Mar. 1-Jan.	. J	•••••	22	
Italy:	Dec.	I-Jan.	or		22	
Milan	Jan.	22-Jan.	28	1	l 	
Japan :						
Awomori Ken	Nov.	18-Dec.	31	126	28	
Chiba Ken Hiogo Ken	Dec.	9-Dec. 18-Dec.	31	1		
Iwate Ken	Dec	9-Dec.	31			
Kanagawa Ken	Nov.	18-Dec.	8			
Nagano Ken	Dec.	9-Dec.	31			
Nagasaki Ken		18-Dec.				
The Hokkaido		18-Dec.				
Tottori Ken Korea :	MOV.	18-Dec.	8			
Seoul	Jan.	1-Mar.	11			Smallpox endemic.
Madagascar:	-					>_u-p
Tamatave	Jan.	18-Jan.	25	8		•
Tananarivo	Nov.	26-Jan	18	123	6	
Mexico:	Ton	10				Do.
C. P. Diaz	Feb.	11-Feb.	25	10	*****	ъ.
Chihuahua		7-Mar.			10	
City of Mexico	Dec.	31-Mar.	26		24	
Fuente	Apr.	11	•	2		
Guerrero	Mar.	13	•••••	2		
Juarez Monterey	Dec.	18 2-Jan.		15	8	
Nuevo Laredo		29-Feb.		9	ĭ	
Vera Cruz	Jan.				5	
Nicaragua:			- 1			
Bluefields	Apr,	18	••••••	1		•
Russia :	Doo	94_14	95	110	41	
Moscow Odessa	Jec.	24-Mar. 7-Apr.	20	112 24	4	
St. Petersburg		1-Apr.		71	ıil	
Warsaw	Jan.	16-Apr.	i		19	
Furkey:			- 1		:	•
Bagdad	Oct.	22-Nov.	27	96	20	
Constantinople	Jan.	2-Apr.	3		188 10	
Smyrna	Dec.	25–Mar.	20		10	

CANADA.

Smallpox in province of Quebec.

MONTREAL, April 21, 1899.

SIR: The province is clear of smallpox since April 5. Final result is as follows:

Municipality.	County.	Population.	Date of out- break.	New cases since last report. (a)	Total cases since outbreak.	Died.	Recovered.	Still sick.	Houses infected since outbreak.	Houses still infected (b).
Coteau du Lac	dodo	1, 276 507 1, 307 361	Dec. 10 Dec. 29 Jan. 12 Feb. 13	0 0 0 0	5 1 7 1	0	5 7 1	0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1	0 0 0

a Last case occurred February 13; date of last report, March 25.
b Last house disinfected on April 5.

Respectfully, yours, ELZÉAR PELLETIER, Secretary Board of Health of the Province of Quebec.

COLOMBIA.

Sanitary report from Bocas del Toro—Description of the city.

BOCAS DEL TORO, April 10, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to submit report for the week ended Saturday, April 8, 1899.

The following vessels have cleared for the United States during the week: Steamship *Colombia*, Berg, master, 511 tons, 17 crew, for Mobile; steamship *Baracoa*, Wolden, master, 484 tons, 17 crew, for Mobile; steamship *Iberia*, Jacobsen, master, 302 tons, 15 crew, for Galveston. All these vessels were in good sanitary condition and supplied with certificates.

The health of Bocas del Toro and of the adjacent country is good. There are few if any cases of sickness in the town at present. Local physicians assure me that for some time past the town and country have enjoyed an unusual freedom from malarial fever and enteric troubles, the most common disorders of the country.

Bocas del Toro lies on a point of land on the southeastern extremity of Columbus Island, a member of a group which lies about the entrance to the Chiriqui Lagoon. The island is separated from the mainland on the west by a body of water leading into Almirante Bay. To the east lies Provision Island, there being a small island between the two called Careening Cay. The entrance to the harbor, which affords good anchorage to vessels of large draft, runs between Careening Cay and Provision Island. The town following the shore line is built on the water's edge, and faces the north and east, being exposed to the full sweep of the prevailing northeast wind. The principal houses are built directly over the water. The ground behind the town is low and swampy and often flooded by the tide. There is a tide of $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, which runs with a strong current every twenty four hours. Sewage and offal from the houses on the water front goes directly into the water; the excreta and garbage

April 28, 1899 606

from the houses removed from the water's edge is deposited in vessels

and at night dumped into the bay.

The population consists largely of Jamaica negroes, and a mixture of native and negro who live with little regard to cleanliness and personal hygiene. The foreign residents are quite numerous, and are being

added to every year.

Steamers engaged in the fruit trade arriving from the United States after discharging their cargo proceed to the Chiriqui Lagoon, along the border of which the banana plantations are located, to take on fruit—from thirty-six to forty-eight hours being consumed in the trip. From 35 to 45 men, including laborers, checkers, and a clerk are taken aboard for loading purposes. A customs officer also accompanies the ship. These ships are inspected by me on their arrival from the United States, just previous to the departure for the lagoon, and on the return from the lagoon just before final departure. This last inspection must, in some instances, be made at night, according to the time the ship arrives from the lagoon, in order not to delay the fruit.

Fumigation of laborers and passengers is done with formaldehyd gas, six hours' exposure. The New Orleans houses have furnished for the use of the sanitary inspector of the Louisiana State board of health a Trillat autoclave. The other firms are provided with the Schering & Glatz generator with formalin pastiles. I shall endeavor to bring about an agreement between all parties engaged in the steamer traffic

to have all fumigation or disinfection done with the autoclave.

Very respectfully,

H. B. Mohr, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Supervising Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Copy of certificate given vessel.

[Inclosure No 1.]

BOCAS DEL TORO, REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA, April 12, 1899.

After careful observation and inquiry, I believe, and so certify, that said steamship Kitty, her officers and crew, have complied with all the rules for the government of vessels while at fruit ports, of the United States Marine-Hospital Service. I further certify that the health of Bocas del Toro and the adjacent country is good and that no

infectious or contagious disease prevails here.

H. B. Mohr,

Acting Assistant Surgeon U.S. M. H.S., Sanitary Inspector.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

BOCAS DEL TORO, REPUBLIC OF COLOMBIA, April 12, 1899.

This is to certify that Mrs. Kate Hines leaves this port as a passenger on the Norwegian steamship Kitty, Olsen, master, which sails this day for Mobile. Said Mrs. Kate Hines has been under my observation for ten days, is now in good health, and her baggage has been disinfected under my supervision. Her ultimate destination in the United States is Olivet, Mich.

H. B. Mohr.

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Sanitary Inspector.

COSTA RICA.

Sanitary report from Limon.

LIMON, COSTA RICA, April 3, 1899.

SIR: I beg to report herewith that the fruit port of Limon, Costa Rica, and the surrounding country remains free from contagious or infectious diseases.

The health conditions of the steamship *Altai* and crew that clears to-day for New York City direct are also satisfactory.

Respectfully, yours,

WM. H. CARSON, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S. The Supervising Surgeon-General.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LIMON, COSTA RICA, April 14, 1899.

SIR: I have to report that the health conditions of Port Limon, Costa Rica, and immediate neighborhood continue to be entirely satisfactory, there not being the slightest suspicion of the existence of any form of contagious or infectious disease. The Charity and the Costa Rica Railway hospitals are visited daily, and the health of the town proper has been closely observed.

The examination of local official records furnishes evidence that only 2 deaths have occured since the 3d instant, 1 death the result of traumatic tetanus, the other, a colored infant dying soon after birth.

I am, sir, yours, respectfully,

WM. H. CARSON, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

CUBA.

Deaths in Cienfuegos during the week ended April 7, 1899.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, April 11, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to report that, during the first week in April, 1899, 37 deaths were recorded at the office of the alcalde, as having occurred in this city, from the following causes: Heart disease, 1; enteritis, 7; tuberculosis, 6; malaria, 6; peritonitis, 1; paralysis, 1; typhoid fever, 2; typhoid malaria, 1; meningitis, 1; gastro-enteritis, 1; dysentery, 1; measles, 1; arterial sclerosis, 1; nephritis, 2; cirrhosis of liver, 1; infectious fever, 1; cholera infantum, 1; accidental causes, 2. The term infectious fever is, I understand, an indefinite one covering almost all the acute fevers.

Respectfully, yours,

S. B. GRUBBS, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Yellow fever on the steamship North Anglia.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 18, 1899.

SIR: The following report of the inspection of the British steamship North Anglia is respectfully submitted: This vessel arrived here on Monday, April 3, with a cargo of coal from Philadelphia, Pa., went to a berth at Casa Blanca to discharge her cargo the same day, and was placed at the head of 2 piers, the bow being made fast to 1, the stern to the other.

On Wednesday night, April 5, the captain was taken sick with what was not diagnosed by either Dr. Dudley or myself as yellow fever, and died Friday night, April 7, the duration of his illness being less than forty-eight hours. An autopsy, conducted by Surgeons Carter and Wasdin, Passed Assistant Surgeon Geddings, Sanitary Inspector Dudley, Acting Assistant Surgeon Menocal, and myself demonstrated the At the same time the steward of the vessel was lesions of yellow fever. examined and found with the disease.

The weather being cold and disagreeable, a removal of the steward would have caused his death, and he was isolated where found, in the cabin, and after the discharge of a few tons of coal from her hold she

was removed from the piers and placed in quarantine.

Yesterday the steward, having so far advanced in convalescence as to be removed, and yet not able to continue with his vessel, he was sent ashore, the cabin and its contents were disinfected, and the vessel proceeded this morning to Santiago de Cuba, there to discharge a small general cargo before proceeding to Baltimore. It will be noted that the cabin alone was disinfected, and for the following reasons. lying at the piers the infection was a result of the following conditions: Alongside the pier to which the stern was made fast and within a few feet of the captain's stateroom in the cabin, was an old bark which had been lying in this harbor for about two years, dismantled and condemned, and which was being reconstructed into a barge, this work necessitating the removal of her deck. Much of the woodwork was rotten and had been thrown on the pierhead under the ports of the cabin, and it is evident that this material was the focus of infection. The persons attacked were master and steward, both living in the cabin.

None of the engineers, living amidship, were attacked, nor were the sailors or firemen in the forecastle. The steward was isolated on the 8th instant, and the vessel developed no more cases up to her leaving

to-day, 18th.

A certificate of her disinfection with data of her infection on bill of health was given vessel. The barge referred to has been removed from wharf by reason of my prohibiting it from being used until it and the infected wood and barge were taken away.

An incident in this matter was the placing of 2 policemen on the North Anglia, with instructions not to allow any one aboard, by Surgeon Davis, U. S. A. His attention being called to his lack of jurisdiction resulted in their removal without unpleasant friction.

W. F. BRUNNER, Sanitary Inspector, U.S. M. H.S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

Very respectfully,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Sanitary report from Havana.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 21, 1899.

SIR: The following report for the week ended Thursday, April 20, is respectfully submitted. The mortality for this period is attached to this report.

There were no deaths reported from yellow fever. The last one from this cause being in the person of Captain Williams of the British steamship North Anglia, while said vessel was lying at a wharf at Casa Blanca. As reported in another communication, this death occurred on Friday, April 7, after an illness of less than forty eight hours.

Previous to this case developing at Casa Blanca 2 cases of the disease were removed from said place, the persons infected being of the resi-

dential population.

One death occurred from smallpox in the hospital known as La Benifica. This was the first death from that disease in several months. There is a widespread epidemic of measles in the city; 1 death is recorded from the disease. There is also an outbreak of diphtheria, and while only 1 death is recorded it is possible that the deaths in this table from croup should be charged to diphtheria. Antitoxin is being used here and with the same success that is credited to it elsewhere.

The deaths from all causes are less this week than any previous one since I began recording them in 1897. The absence of yellow fever I can not understand. With the United States troops quartered in this city, and with the large number of Americans who still remain, and nearly all of whom are nonimmune, it was to be expected that more

cases and deaths from the disease would result by this time.

The sanitary conditions have improved and no one can find fault with the methods employed generally, but at the same time no one who knows the situation should expect that any permanent sanitary work could be performed in less than three months. Nor could any one hope that the said work could have any effect in reducing the death rate or could have any appreciable effect in checking the spread of yellow fever.

Disinfection.—The work of disinfecting vessels bound for ports in the United States began on April 3, and up to the 20th instant 20 vessels had been disinfected. The class of vessels treated here were as follows:

Steamers, 4: barks, 1: schooners, 14.

These vessels were bound for different ports in the Gulf and on the South Atlantic Coast. One vessel, a steamer from Charleston, S. C., came here with a general cargo from that city, and by special request of Dr. Horlbeck, health officer of the city of Charleston, she was disinfected in order that she could proceed to Central American ports for a cargo of fruit and then return to her original port of departure.

By disinfection here, this vessel was the pioneer of a trade made possible between southern ports and Havana, and I look on this new departure as the greatest help to southern commerce ever extended by the National Government, and a help which is beyond the reach of

municipal or State boards of health.

I can not see why southern ports should not enjoy now many advant-

ages heretofore not available to them.

The disinfecting plant has worked rapidly, but what is more to the purpose, efficiently in nearly every detail. The work was begun and nearly all of it conducted under the personal supervision of Surgeon H. R. Carter. No further indorsement is necessary, as I take it that his work would be accepted at any port in the United States. Every detail

April 28, 1899 610

of the work has increased at this port and a short statement with a few figures will demonstrate this fact. We have examined over 9,000 persons since January 1. This number does not include several thousand soldiers, and we have inspected 520 vessels leaving this port since January 1. The quarantine work done here during the present year will be greater than that of any other port in the world.

Very respectfully,

W. F. BRUNNER,

Sanitary Inspector, U.S. M. H.S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine Hospital Service.

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Mortality for the week ended Thursday, April 20, 1899.
[Inclosure.]

Enteric fever, 5; pernicious fever, 1; malarial fever, 11; smallpox, 1; measles, 1; diphtheria, 1; dysentery, 1; enteritis, 18; croup, 3; pneumonia, 3; tuberculosis, 26; deaths from all causes, 130.

Inspection quarantine at Havana against Key West on account of smallpox.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 9, 1899.

SIR: On account of the existence of smallpox at Key West, I have instituted an inspection quarantine against vessels from that port entering Cuban ports. Evidence of immunity to smallpox is required of crews and passengers for entry, and the health officer of Florida has been requested to furnish certificates of vaccination to these people so as to prevent delay to vessels.

Very respectfully,

H. R. CARTER, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

A brief report of the work being done by the barge Protector at Havana, under the supervision of Surgeon H. R. Carter.

HAVANA, CUBA, April 14, 1899.

SIR: A brief report of what we are doing and purpose to do, with the *Protector*, may be of interest.

I am at present directing the disinfecting work, giving it my per-

sonal supervision.

The *Frotector* is lying in the "Triscornia," a bight of the harbor on the side opposite Havana, between the wharf (building by the United States) and Santa Catalina, about one-third to one-half mile from shore, which, except for the Standard Oil Company's plant, is here uninhabited, and receives no creek or river. It is the best place in the harbor, and I consider free from infection from shore.

It is purposed, save in exceptional instances, to send vessels which have or have had yellow fever aboard to Tortugas; or in the case of steamers, to disinfect them with their own steam without coming alongside. In addition, the floor of the hold where the disinfecting is done and the deck of the *Protector* washed down every other day with bichloride solution as a routine measure, and whenever it is necessary to wet the deck to prevent injury by sun, this is done with the

same solution; similarly the hold whenever material adjudged doubtful is handled there.

It is purposed to disinfect the whole barge once a week, using Tuesday, or the next day possible thereafter, for that purpose. We have

packed up and disinfected all material fabrics not in daily use.

It is purposed for vessels to come alongside, or close enough to take a line and haul alongside. They are directed to have the hold and so forth mechanically clean, and to have their dunnage ready—to be ready for disinfection in general; the same orders as are given to vessels coming to the wharf at a quarantine station.

The work of disinfection needs no description, it is what is done at other quarantine stations. The plant, taken altogether, is the best I have ever seen, the quickest in work with the least chance of inefficient

work.

After using it awhile minor improvements will undoubtedly suggest themselves, affecting rapidity of work and economy, durability, and noninjury of material during disinfection, rather than efficiency.

A considerable number of vessels have been disinfected here—18 to date. They leave hatches closed the day of completion of disinfection, i. e., the day the fabrics are steamed, holds washed down, and deck

houses treated.

Very respectfully,

H. R. CARTER, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Sanitary report from Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 8, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to report that, during the week ended April 8, 1899, there was a total of 31 deaths in the civil population of this city. If the city has a population of 40,000, which is believed to be a liberal estimate, this represents an annual ratio of 40.3 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were, tuberculosis, 5; malarial fevers, 4; enterocolitis, 4; typhoid, 1; pneumonia, 1; meningitis, 3.

Four cases of smallpox were discovered on the northern edge of the city. The cases are all in mulatto children, living in adjoining houses. The source of infection can not be traced. The cases are all mild, resembling very much the character of the disease, which prevailed

this winter at Alexandria, Va.

During the same week 14 vessels were inspected—13 upon arrival and 1 prior to departure. None required disinfection.

The drought continues and water in the city is very scarce.

The barkentine has been brought alongside the dock and prepared to receive the disinfecting machinery. The deck was not strong enough to hold the weight of the steam cylinders and boilers. Supporting beams and uprights were made out of the yardarms and topmasts. The combings of the fore hatch and a small hatch aft were removed and the openings decked over. The galley was moved from the center of the boat, forward, in order to make room for the machinery. Numerous small repairs to the chocks, windlass, bilge pump, and water tank were found necessary.

Respectfully, yours,

M. J. Rosenau,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GUATEMALA.

Sanitary report from Livingston.

LIVINGSTON, GUATEMALA, April 4, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to report that the health conditions of this point are entirely satisfactory. I hear of no sickness of a serious nature, but I find whooping cough quite prevalent, and there have been several deaths among the children.

After a general inspection I take this to be a place of at least 3,000 people, with a foreign colony of some 40 people, possibly. The natives live in huts of daubed mud walls and thatched roofs, which are, for the most part, clean and inviting, and they are surprisingly careful of per-

* * * sonal cleanliness.

As I understand the instructions, any passenger from this port to any point in the United States, without exception, must undergo ten days' detention, and I shall enforce it unless otherwise instructed. inhabitants of the mountainous sections of this republic claim that some exception ought to be made in their favor, inasmuch as they are afraid to spend ten days in a low, malarial place like Port Barrios-I attend to Barrios and this place too.

Most respectfully,

N. K. VANCE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The Supervising Surgeon-General.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HONDURAS.

Sanitary report from Belize.

BELIZE, April 14, 1899.

SIR: The steamer Managua sails this a. m. for Mobile, Captain Gunderson in command. Crew and passengers in good health. There are no infectious or contagious diseases in Belize or surrounding country. The vessel has complied with regulations at this port governing vessels for United States ports.

Yours, respectfully,

C. W. KNIGHT.

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine Hospital-Service.

[Inclosure No. 1.]

BELIZE, April 14, 1899.

Steamship Managua, sailing to-day for Mobile, via ----. Trip No. 65.

This is to certify that I have this day examined the master and crew of above-named vessel, and find them in a satisfactory condition of health; also health conditions of this port and adjacent country are satisfactory.

The following persons have complied with the regulations, and are hereby permitted

to proceed on said vessel as passengers:

Crew	_				
Crew.	Passengers.	Trunks.	Trunks. Bags.		Remarks.
. Gundersen				2	Packages, 8
K. Ossvig	C. B. Laubenheimer Mr. Meyer				
T Olsen	Mr. Williams			•••••••	
O. Ondderberg (a)	Mr. Dorgin				
. Beck					
K. Rasmusen					

[. Agnald				•••••	
. Anderson					
3. Lay					
). Sie				•••••	
. M. Dietz					
L. Berggvist L. Withelmsen				••••••	

a In transit.

C. W. KNIGHT, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

List of deaths registered in the town of Belize from the 7th instant to date.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

	APRIL 13, 1899.
Certified by medical practitioner—	
Catarrh	1
Convulsions	
Gastritis	
Malarial fever	
Senile dyspepsia and gastritis	
Senile dyspepsia and gastritis	0
Certified by coroner	0
Uncertified	0
	<u></u>
Total	5
2000	. K. Young,

A. K. YOUNG, Registrar-General.

Sanitary report from Puerto Cortez.

PUERTO CORTEZ, HONDURAS, April 12, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to report that after careful inquiry and investigation I find the health of this port and adjacent country good.

I have in preparation a detailed report of the shipping to this and adjacent towns, as well as the inland communications and traffic, as well as the topographical features of the port and vicinity from a sanitary standpoint, with such medical history of the past as I can gather. I trust I will be able to furnish this report soon. If within my province, I should like to make some reflections and suggestions in reference to

some points or features of the formulated instructions, rules of the Department.

Yours, respectfully,

L. A. WAILES, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

The Supervising Surgeon-General,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MADAGASCAR.

Bubonic plague extinct at Tamatave.

CONSULATE OF THE UNITED STATES, Tamatave, March 4, 1899.

SIR: Referring to my dispatch No. 38, dated February 18, 1899, relative to the passing of the bubonic plague from our midst, I have the honor now to advise you that the quarantine has been raised since March 2, and that we are in commercial communication with the outside world and other parts of the Island of Madagascar.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

M. W. GIBBS, United States Consul.

Hon. Assistant Secretary of State.

MALTA.

Quarantine measures.

[From the Malta Government Gazette.]

GOVERNMENT NOTICE.

PALACE VALLETTA, March 29, 1899.

His Excellency the Governor, having heard the opinion of the board of health, has been pleased to modify Government Notice No. 12, of January 2, 1899, and to direct that the following regulations be observed, viz:

- (1) VESSELS WHICH ARE NOT ALLOWED TO ENTER THE HARBOR, BUT ARE ALLOWED TO COMMUNICATE IN QUARANTINE WITH THE ISLANDS OF COMINO AND COMIN-OTTO UNDER SUCH RESTRICTIONS AS THE COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS MAY DIRECT.
- (a) Vessels that have on board, or have had during the voyage, cases of cholera, yellow fever, or plague, or cases of a disease with symptoms resembling those of cholera, yellow fever, or plague.

 (b) Vessels with pilgrims from the East.

- (c) Vessels arriving from Arabian ports in the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf which have not been admitted to free pratique at Suez and Port Said.
- (2) VESSELS WHICH ARE ALLOWED TO ENTER THE QUARANTINE HARBOR TO COAL AND TAKE IN PROVISIONS UNDER QUARANTINE RESTRICTIONS.
- (a) Vessels arriving from Indian ports without a clean bill of health which have not been admitted to free pratique in a port in the Adriatic or Mediterranean Sea, or which have not, to the satisfaction of the chief government medical officer, been thoroughly disinfected before being admitted to free pratique at the said port.

(b) Vessels arriving from any port without a clean bill of health,

which do not fall under any of the preceding regulations.

Vessels without a clean bill of health that carry a doctor may complete a period of ten days' quarantine, reckoned from date of departure, either at sea or at the anchorage of Comino, before being admitted under the same conditions as arrivals from Bombay.

(3) MEDICAL INSPECTION.

All vessels arriving at Malta shall undergo strict medical inspection.

(4) PASSENGERS.

Passengers arriving from Bombay, Kurrachee, and Calcutta shall be landed in one of the quarantine establishments where they will be subjected to strict medical inspection until their clothing and all other articles of personal use, likely to retain infection, shall have been thoroughly disinfected.

(5) Goods.

The importation of coffee, beans or ground, colored with substances injurious to health is prohibited.

The importation of cotton seed from any port subject to quarantine is

forbidden.

The importation of rags is prohibited.

The importation is forbidden before disinfection of the following articles, viz, wearing apparel, soiled linen and clothing, bedding materials, feathers, bones, and jute goods.

The importation of hides from any port subject to quarantine or from any place where cattle disease exists is prohibited before disinfection.

The importation of vines, vine shoots, and fruit packed in vine leaves is prohibited. The importation of plants or roots from any port of the Mediterranean is prohibited, unless the same are accompanied by a satisfactory certificate that phylloxera is not known to exist at the place of origin.

By command,

G. STRICKLAND, Chief Secretary to Government.

MEXICO.

Proposed vaccination service at Ciudad Juarez.

CIUDAD JUAREZ, April 3, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to report that on April 1 the physicians of Ciudad Juarez, acting under instructions from the Government at the City of Mexico, began a systematic plan of vaccination of the inhabitants of this city.

In the fall of 1898, when smallpox in El Paso, Tex., and Ciudad Juarez was almost epidemic, some ill-feeling was created by the measures resorted to by the El Paso board of health to enforce vaccination

of the Mexicans residing on the Texas side of the Rio Grande.

In February a Federal quarantine was established by Dr. E. Alexander, United States sanitary inspector, and no person was permitted to enter the United States from Mexico without producing a certificate showing successful vaccination or immunity from the disease. This measure also caused considerable dissatisfaction among the Mexicans,

but the effect was to enforce, in a great measure, vaccination of that class of Mexicans who were passing to and fro from one town to the

other and thereby assisting in the spreading of the disease.

The policy of quarantine and compulsory vaccination was brought to the attention of the authorities in Mexico City. At a recent meeting of the board of health of Mexico a resolution was presented by the committee on federal matters to the effect that proposals, as follows, be made to the Department of the Interior:

1. That, if said department sees no objection, it should address a communication to the government of Chihuahua suggesting that it order the local authorities of Ciudad Juarez to enforce vaccination as rapidly

and extensively as possible.

2. That the sanitary inspector, holding office under the board, and residing at Ciudad Juarez, be authorized to perform vaccinations, and issue certificates of vaccination, and to put into action a steam disinfector so that the baggage and clothes of persons crossing the frontier

may be disinfected free of charge.

3. That the same inspector be authorized to hold private conference with Dr. Alexander, United States quarantine officer at El Paso, Tex., in order to secure, confidentially, the acceptance of the certificates of vaccination issued by the veterinary inspector and the physicians at Ciudad Juarez, giving them the same value as the certificates issued by Dr. Alexander and Drs. Race and Yandell, the city and State quarantine officers, respectively, at El Paso.

In addition the board asks that the veterinary inspector at Ciudad Juarez be empowered to inspect, at El Paso, the cattle entering the

country by way of Ciudad Juarez.

I am not informed that the sanitary inspector, as proposed above, has been appointed. The appointment is momentarily expected. This officer will be given explicit instructions to inaugurate measures calculated to arrest and prevent the spread of infectious diseases. The local officials will cooperate with the inspector. Policemen will make a house-to-house canvass, and secure the name of every unvaccinated person. A fine will be imposed upon violators of the quarantine regulations.

There is a house of detention on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande, and I am informed this is to be used when necessary. It contains boilers

and other apparatus for disinfection.

Mexican officials in Ciudad Juarez seem to realize that the best way to eradicate smallpox is to adopt the American methods and cooperate with the American officials.

Dr. Samaniego, one of the leading Mexican physicians, is quoted as

saying:

"We propose to go into this business in a thorough and systematic manner. Especial care shall be taken to compel the people to live up to the sanitary regulations we have established. Juarez has now the support of the Federal government, and we intend to show the people of El Paso that there will be no more danger of smallpox existing here than in any other city."

I have the honor to be, sir, yours, respectfully,

CHARLES W. KINDRICK, United States Consul.

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

NICARAGUA.

BLUEFIELDS, NICARAGUA, CENTRAL AMERICA, April 5, 1899.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of March 20, having inclosed therein a copy of the quarantine laws and regulations of the United States, and one of the "Rules for the government of vessels while at fruit ports." In accordance with the latter, I hereby send a copy of certificates furnished the steamships Sunniva and Breifond and a specimen of the certificates to be furnished passengers when sufficient time has elapsed for their departure. Hereafter, I will send to you by each vessel a copy of the certificates she carries and not of 2 vessels at once as in this case, which, however, was unavoidable. * * *

The general health and sanitary condition of Bluefields and suburbs I find good and as I extend my personal examination of more distant neighborhoods will advise you as to their condition.

Respectfuly, yours,

D. W. GOODMAN,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure No. 1.]

BLUEFIELDS, NICARAGUA, April 5, 1899.

This is to certify that I have examined the steamship Sunniva, Tallagsen, master, and found her in good sanitary condition. Her crew consists of 14 men and all are now in good health. Said steamship Sunniva is bound for New Orleans, La.

I further certify that the health of Bluefields and adjacent country is good and that said master, crew, and the following passengers have complied with the rules and regulations of the United States Marine-Hospital Service. No passengers on board.

D. W. GOODMAN, M. D., Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

BLUEFIELDS, NICABAGUA, —, 1899.

I hereby certify that ————, the bearer of this, has been under my observation for ten days prior to departure from Bluefields and has complied with the rules of the United States Marine-Hospital Service.

Sanitary report from Bluefields.

[Inclosure No. 3.]

Bluefields, Nicabagua, April 13, 1899.

SIE: I have the honor to report that the health conditions of Bluefields and adjacent territory continue good.

A vague rumor of the existence of variola in the outskirts of the town, proved, on investigation, to be false, and based solely on a few cases of varicella in children.

I have had made copies of the rules and regulations governing vessels in fruit ports, and furnished the same to the agents of the steamship lines, with the request that the main offices in the United States and the masters of vessels be supplied with them.

Very respectfully,

D. W. GOODMAN, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

TURKEY.

Epizootic bulletin.

[Translated in this Bureau from reports officially forwarded.]

Salonica.—February 28. Anthrax has appeared among the cattle at

the village of Behaulé.

Tripoli in Syria.—February 29. The report of an epizootic among sheep at Bassidé provoked an investigation on the part of the authorities who report that 2,000 sheep died, not of disease, but want of pasturage.

Adalia.—March 25. An epizootic prevails among goats at Akseki, with a mortality of 50 per cent. A veterinary surgeon has been sent to

investigate the nature of the disease.

Silivrie.—March 1. Bovine plague has entirely disappeared.

Constantinople.—March 1. Horses suspected of glanders have been found in the stables of the tramways at Chichli.

FOREIGN STATISTICAL REPORTS.

AFRICA—Cape Town.—Six weeks ended February 15, 1899. Estimated population, 60,000. Total number of deaths, 1,360, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 62; measles, 10; whooping cough, 10, and 122 from phthisis pulmonalis.

CHINA—Fouchou.—Two weeks ended March 18, 1899. Estimated population, 1,000,000. Number of deaths not reported. Smallpox prevalent. No epidemic of plague.

COLOMBIA—Panama.—Two weeks ended April 5, 1899. Estimated population, 16,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases reported.

DENMARK.—Month of February, 1899. Estimated population, 2,311,000. Total number of deaths, 23,076, including diphtheria, 698; enteric fever, 127; measles, 1,811; scarlet fever, 704, and 449 from phthisis pulmonalis.

FORMOSA—Tamsui.—Month of January, 1899. Estimated population, 2,100,000. Number of deaths not reported. One death from enteric fever, 2 from dysentery, and 35 from plague. Nine cases of smallpox are reported.

Month of February. Number of deaths not reported. Eighty-four deaths from plague are reported. Smallpox, beriberi, and malarial fever are reported.

Two weeks ended March 8. Sixty-three deaths from plague are reported. The total number of cases reported since outbreak in January is 243. Number of deaths, 159.

FRANCE—Roubaix.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 126,265. Total number of deaths, 212, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 3, and 6 from whooping cough.

GERMANY—Dresden.—Month of January, 1899. Estimated popula-

tion, 388,300. Total number of deaths, 593, including diphtheria, 11; enteric fever, 1; scarlet fever, 4; la grippe, 6; whooping cough, 7, and 86 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Month of February, 1899. Estimated population, 391,300. Total number of deaths, 634, including diphtheria, 12; enteric fever, 2; measles, 5; la grippe, 26; scarlet fever, 1; whooping cough, 7, and 69 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Hanover.—Month of January, 1899. Estimated population, 238,115. Total number of deaths, 293, including diphtheria, 10; enteric fever, 2, and 22 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Weimar.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 27,438. Total number of deaths, 30, including diphtheria, 2, and 1 from enteric fever.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended April 1, 1899, correspond to an annual rate of 23.1 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,404,408. The highest rate was recorded in Manchester, viz, 31.8, and the lowest in Cardiff, viz, 13.2.

London.—One thousand nine hundred and twenty-two deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 37; scarlet fever, 4; diphtheria, 31; whooping cough, 57; enteric fever, 9, and diarrhea and dysentery, 7. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 22.0 a thousand. In Greater London 2,533 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 20.2 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 10 from diphtheria, 13 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 22 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended April 1, 1899, in the 23 principal town districts of Ireland was 30.2 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,012,148. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 8.4, and the highest in Tralee, viz, 89.5 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 212 deaths were registered, including beriberi, 1; diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 2; influenza, 15; scarlet fever, 2, and whooping cough, 3.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended April 1, 1899, correspond to an annual rate of 23.3 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,587,414. The lowest mortality was recorded in Paisley, viz, 18.9, and the highest in Greenock, viz, 29.9 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 711, including diphtheria, 2; measles, 25; scarlet fever, 4, and whooping cough, 30.

HAITI—Cape Haitien.—Two weeks ended April 1, 1899. Estimated population, 15,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious diseases. State of public health remarkably good.

KOREA—Seoul.—Week ended March 11, 1899. Estimated population, 300,000. Number of deaths not reported. Smallpox and typhus

620

are particularly prevalent. There are indications that cholera and dysentery may become epidemic.

JAMAICA.—Two weeks ended April 8, 1899. Estimated population, 694,866. Total number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Kingston.—Month of March, 1899. Estimated population, 34,314. Total number of deaths, 138, including diphtheria, 1, and 11 from phthisis pulmonalis.

JAVA—Batavia.—Two weeks ended March 11, 1899. Estimated population, 150,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious disease.

Malta.—Two weeks ended February, 1899. Estimated population, 180,328. Total number of deaths, 157, including 2 from enteric fever. Two weeks ended February 28. Total number of deaths, 157, including 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

RUSSIA—Riga.—Month of January, 1899. Estimated population, 282,000. Total number of deaths, 531, including diphtheria, 17; enteric fever, 13; measles, 4; scarlet fever, 6; smallpox, 15; whooping cough, 10, and 58 from phthisis pulmonalis.

MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES.

	1		TADLE,	rone.	1								
			ula-	from .				Dea	ths f	rom	-		
Cities.		Week ended.	Estimated popula- tion.	Total deaths fi	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Acapulco	Apr		6,000	0									
Amherstburg	Apr.	. 15 8	2,300 515,027	180	•••••	· ·····	•••••		· ,	·	3	1	3
Athens	. Apr.		200,000	23			21		1				
Bahia Do	Mar	. 25	200,000			5				·		· · · · · ·	·
Barmen	Apr	. 1 10	200,000 137,000	53			1						
Barranguilla		do	40,000	15			•••••						
BelfastBelize	Apr.	8 13	350,000 13,000	174	ļ				3	2	1	6	5
Bergen			65,000	18									
Berlin	Mar	. 25	65,000 1,747,903	638			ļ		ļ <u>.</u>	1	13	8	ļ <u>.</u>
BirminghamBluefields		8 lo	510, 343 3 018	230 1	•••••				1		2	5	2
Bombay	Mar	. 21	3,018 821,764	a 2, 408	7		10					140	
Bradford	Apr.		231, 260	97			ļ		1	ļ			3
Bremen	Apr.		231, 260 144, 500	93 65					1	1	1		1
Breslau	Mar	. 25	300,000	188						2	3		1
Do Bristol		1	300,000	176 120	ļ		ļ	•••••		5	2	1	
Brunswick		8 lo	320, 911 130, 000	120									3
Brussels	Apr.	1	551,611	261					4	1	1	3	3
Budapest Do		. 19 25	65 0, 000 650 , 000				•••••	2		2	5	5 2	
Do	Apr.	1	650,000					6	l	3	3	8	
Cairo	Mar.	18	570,062	370			1	7	7	5	2		
Do		25 11	570, 062 681, 560	351 6628	15	<u> </u>	 5	4	8	•••••	4	2	•••••
Do	Mar.	18	681,560	c 799	21		3					3	
Cartagena	Mar.	30	25,000	10			•••••						
Do Catania	Apr.		25,000 124,000	5 63	l:.:::						1	1	•••••
Chaudiere Junction	Apr.	15	500										
ChemnitzChristiania	Apr.	1	172, 840 207, 000	96 63					•••••	•••••	1 1	1	•••••
Coburg	d	lo	19,500	6							l î		•••••
Cognac Do			20, 400	7				ļ	•••••	•••••	ļ		
Cologne	Apr. Mar.	8 25	20,400 356,685	10 18			•••••	1	•••••	•••••	4		3
Colombo	Mar.	18	130,000	84					8				
Do Constantinople	Mar.	25 20	130,000 760,000	82 303	•••••		<u>.</u>	•••••	4 10	•••••	•••••	1 2	2
Do	Mar.	27	760,000	273			8		8	•••••	8	8	
Do	Apr.	3	760,000	285	•••••				6		2	3	
Crefeld	Apr. Apr.	8	351,000 110,000	149 40	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••	2	i	4	3
Curacoa	Apr.	1	29, 098	7									•••••
Dresden	Mar.	4	391, 300	d 153	•••••		•••••	•••••	1		3		
Do	Mar.		391, 300 391, 300	6193 f173	•••••				1		5 2		4
Do	Mar.	25	391, 300	g 151					1		1	1	5
Dublin Dundee	Apr. do		350,000	220 82				•••••	4		3	2 1	5 4
Flushing	do		166, 072 18, 371	î	•••••					1	4		
Frankfort-on-the-Main	Apr.	1	18, 371 253, 000	100						1	1		
FunchalGhent	Apr.	2 8	36, 982 162, 652	15 78	•••••		ï		•••••			•••••	ï
Gibraltar	Apr.	2	25,900	10									
Glasgow	Apr.		724, 349			•••••				1	2	9	6
GothenburgGuatemala	Apr. Mar.		122, 205 65, 000							2			•••••
Do	Mar.	27	65,000	61					1				
Do Halifax	Apr. Apr.	3	65, 000 45, 000			•••••			2				•••••
Hamburg			675, 351								3		4
Hamilton, Bermuda	Apr.	11	16,000	0									
Do Havre	Apr. Apr.	18	16,000 119 470						••••		•••••	•••••	ï
Hongkong	Mar.	4	119, 470 248, 710 248, 710	h 94			1		1		1		
Do	Mar.	11	248,710	i 103			1						•••••
Honolulu Do	Mar. Apr.	1	30,000 30,000	28 17								•••••	•••••
	42,021	 .	٠, ٥٠٠٠ ١	4.	••••••		•••••	•••••	••••••	•••••	••••••	••••••	•••••

a Officially reported. Actual deaths probably 1,900. Plague, 1,128 b Plague, 68. c Plague, 120. d Influenza, 11. e Influenza, 12. b Plague, 5. i Plague, 5. i Plague, 5.

MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES-Continued.

•			rige Tige	from "	_	Deaths from—									
Cities.	Week ended.		Week ended.		Estimated popula- tion.	Total deaths frall causes.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping
Kingston, Canada	Apr.	7	18,000	. 6	3				.		<u> </u>				
Do	. Apr. 1	l 4 .	18,000	10)						.				
Do La Paz		1	18,000 5,000				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						-		
Do	Apr.	8	5,000						.						
Leeds Leghorn		2	423, 889 104, 578	181			•	•	. 2			6	6		
Do	Apr.	9	104, 578	50								1			
Leipsic	Apr.	1	430, 635	146	i				.		1	2			
Liege Livingston, Guatemala	do	8	169,518 1,500				•		·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
London, England	Apr.	1	6, 528, 434	2,533					14	5	41	50	79		
Do	Apr.	8	6, 528, 434	2, 427	' . 		•	.	. 10	10	44	42	73		
Lyons Manchester		1 8	466, 028 546, 010	210 270						1		25			
Mannheim	Apr.	ĭ	124, 142	30							1	20			
Marseilles	Apr.	9	124, 142 447, 344 16, 304	328			.								
Matamoras Mayence	Apr. 1 Apr.	4 8	16, 304 80, 000	39									1		
Mazatlan	do.		16,700	23											
Mexico Monto Cristi		9	344, 377	376			6	8		5	j	1	2		
Monte Cristi		1	3, 000 25, 000	51	ļ	-				·····			•••••		
Montevideo	Mar. 1		215,061	47		1									
Moscow	Mar. 2		1,000,000	561		-				3	6	12	2		
New Castle on Tyne Nice	Mar. Mar.	8 9	223, 000 108, 227	97 46				•••••		•••••		1	4		
Nuremburg	Mar. 1	8	230, 000	126		.					1		8		
Odessa		1	400, 600	162						1	1	2	2		
Paris Plymonth		8 8	2,511,955 99,848	1,311					7	5	8	36	8 2		
Pointe à Pitre	Mar.	5	17, 100	16											
Prague Puerto Cortes		ļ	196, 257	155					2		2	1			
Quebec	Apr. 1 Apr. 1		2,000 75,000	1				•••••	•••••		<u>.</u>	•••••	•••••		
Rheims	Apr.	1	107, 709	48							î				
Do Rotterdam		8	107, 709	54		·									
st. Etienne	Apr.	5	311, 301 135, 784	137 147		1	•••••	••••	1		1	•••••	•••••		
st. Georges, Bermuda	Apr. 15	5	2, 150												
t. Petersburg	Apr. 1	ļ	1, 267, 023	639					30	9	17	15	5		
st. Stephen, New Brunswick Sheffield		5	3,000 362,301	175			•••••	•••••	2	ï	4		4		
Do	Apr. 8	3	362, 301	146					4	i	7		2		
Smyrna Do	Mar. 12	2	300,000	73			1		1		1	•••••	•••••		
Do	Mar. 19 Mar. 26		300,000 300,000	43 74			1		''i	•••••	2	•••••	•••••		
Do	Apr. 2	2	300,000	49					1				•••••		
olingen outhampton			433, 958	24					1				1		
outh Shields	do.,		103, 168 102, 312	53 34			•		2	3		4	•••••		
tettin	Apr. 1		150,000	62						ĭ .			•••••		
tockholmtuttgart			283, 550	143				···· •	•••••	1	10	10	2		
underland			162, 934 145, 613	62 67			•••••		1	1			3		
rieste	Mar. 26		165,000	92					3	2	3				
Tuxpan Do	Mar. 11		9,000	7			••••• •		····· ·	.	-		•••••		
Do	Mar. 18. Mar. 25.		9,000 9,000	8 16		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				····· ·	•••••	·····	•••••		
Do	Apr. 1.		9,000	16									•••••		
Itilla, HondurasVera Cruz	Apr. 8.		550	0		•••••		-	······i·				•••••		
ienna	Apr. 13. Mar. 25.		30,000 1,606,629	38 763					1	4	18	28	6		
Do	Apr. 1.		1,606,629	763					1	3	8	17	13		
Varsaw Do	Mar. 25. Apr. 1.		601,408	202 253					2	7	3	2	••••		
Vinnipeg	Apr. 15.		601, 408 4, 900	200			1	1	1	3	6	2	3		
okohama	Mar. 11.		189, 455						1 .				••••		
Dourich	Mar. 18. Apr. 1.		189, 455 161, 484	49			•••••		-	••••	2 .	•••••	••••		

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

WALTER WYMAN, Supervising Surgeon-General U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.