Public Health Reports

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No. 12.

UNITED STATES.

[Reports to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Smallpox at Middlesborough, Ky.

MIDDLESBOROUGH, KY., March 14, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to report that, in obedience to telegraphic orders, Surgeon-General's office, March 10, 1898, I arrived here last evening at 8 o'clock. This morning, accompanied by Dr. A. T. McCormack, chief State sanitary inspector, who, with four assistants, is in control here, I visited the pesthouse and found 49 cases of variola and 23 sus-There are also 400 suspects quarantined at their homes. first case occurred in October, 1897, and was imported from Birmingham, Ala. The State board of health took charge of the epidemic on February 28, 1898, declaring the disease epidemic, and since that time there have been 169 cases and 2 deaths to this date, 34 of the cases being white and 135 negroes, one of the latter being a child one day old, the eruption appearing at the same time on mother and child. The population numbers about 4,200, and consists chiefly of the employees of the furnaces and a tannery, and miners, who live in the town and work in the adjoining mines. Nearly, if not quite, half the population are negroes. The town has been absolutely quarantined since February 28, no one being allowed either to enter or leave it. Sixteen guards, one day and one night, guard each of the eight roads leading to the town, and no tickets are allowed to be sold either to or from the town, and practically there is no travel. Since the board of health took charge, 1,960 people have been vaccinated, and forcible vaccination is still pro-The occasion for the request for an officer of the Marine-Hospital Service was as follows: Middlesborough was a "boom town," started some ten years ago, and several million dollars were invested here in various enterprises. In two or three years the "boom" col-

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lapsed and left the town stranded with a heavy debt. When this epidemic came it found the town without a dollar in the treasury. The place is practically owned by two or three companies, and everybody works on a salary. These companies paid up their taxes in advance, and all having been expended, there were no other funds for the city to draw on.

The county, which is also heavily in debt, has been haggling with the city in regard to an appropriation, but none has been made. script is worthless, and the grocer who has been furnishing the supplies refuses longer to accept it. The physicians and guards are practically getting no pay. Under these circumstances the State board of health threatened to withdraw all guards and physicians, and quarantine the entire county, unless the county provided funds to care for the epidemic. In the presence of this threat the mayor requested that an officer of the Service be sent to investigate, trusting that the Government would come to their aid financially, if not otherwise. I am informed by Dr. Mc-Cormack, chief sanitary inspector, who is a son of the secretary of the State board, and who is acting for him here, that the disease is under control and that the State board is entirely able to care for it, it being the determination of the board to force the county to provide funds. To-day the patients are without food. A committee of citizens met and discussed the matter, and have wired the situation to the governor and the State board, asking them to request the assistance of the Government. Chief Inspector McCormack informs me that the board will not make such a request, claiming that it is able to handle the situation itself. Under these circumstances I do not see that the Service can do anything further in the matter. There are a few cases of variola at Jellico, Ky., but Dr. McCormack informs me that they are under control and thoroughly isolated. Numerous little towns and villages within a radius of 20 miles have instituted "shotgun" quarantines, and will allow no one to enter or leave them, though they have no smallpox in them. Among these places may be mentioned Pineville, Ky., Cumberland Gap, Morristown, Greeneville, Limestone, Jonesboro, and Tazewell, all in Tennessee. Some of these places will not allow any one to get off the train. While en route to this place I had to delay several hours in Knoxville, and called on the city physician and met several of the prominent business men. I am informed that in Knoxville there have been 16 cases of variola since December 14, 1897, and 30 suspects; that there are now 5 cases in the pest boat, which is anchored out on the river above the city. I am informed that the disease is under control in Knoxville and no further danger is feared except from reinfection.

Respectfully, yours, C. P. WERTENBAKER,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., on Special Duty.

Smallpox in Mobile, Ala.

MOBILE, ALA., March 19, 1898.

SIE: I have the honor to report that 8 cases of smallpox have been admitted to the pesthouse since my last report, making the total number of admissions 30, with 1 death. Twenty-three cases now under treatment.

I am, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

R. D. MURRAY, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Case of measles on the steamship China.

NATIONAL QUARANTINE STATION. Angel Island, Cal., March 12, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to report that the Hawaiian steamer China arrived to-day from Oriental ports with the storekeeper, Ben Graves, 21 years old, born in California, convalescing from measles.

The man was refused permission to land by the local quarantine office. I therefore took him to the station, where he will be cared for until well.

Respectfully, yours, M. J. Rosenau,

Passed Assistant Surgeon. U.S. M. H.S.

Quarantine proclamation.

OFFICE OF QUARANTINE BOARD OF MOBILE BAY, Mobile, Ala., March 12, 1898.

In accordance with law, and by virtue of authority vested in me by the quarantine board of Mobile Bay, I, George E. Sage, president of said board, do hereby declare, that from and after sunrise on the first day of April, 1898, and until the first day of December, 1898, unless sooner revoked, quarantine shall be enforced against all vessels entering Lower Mobile Bay, as follows:

First. Against all vessels, with their ballast, crews, passengers, baggage, and freight coming from ports regarded by the board as infected.

Second. Against all vessels, with their cargoes, ballast, crews, passengers, baggage,

and freight coming from ports regarded by the board as suspected.

Third. Against all vessels and their contents, which are infected, or with a history of infection during the present year, and have not subsequently been subjected to improved maritime sanitation.

Fourth. Against all vessels and their contents that, during the quarantine season, have visited ports declared by this board to be infected, and subsequently arrive in our bay from foreign or domestic ports where no disinfection by the improved process is

Ports now regarded as infected are all the ports of Cuba, Rio de Janeiro, Para, Bahia, Pernambuco, Santos, Ceara, San Juan (Porto Rico), Puntas Arenas, Guayaquil, and Vera Cruz, and vessels coming from ports hereafter becoming infected will be treated in same manner as those from ports named. Ports regarded as suspected are all other South American and West Indian ports, as well as those of Central America and Mexico, with the exception of the following, to wit: Ruatan, Bonacco, Utilla, Truxillo, Swan Island, Grand Cayman, and Cayman Brac; but vessels from these specially named, with passengers aboard, will be subjected to such detention and disinfection of vessels and contents as the quarantine board or executive officer may prescribe on arrival at quarantine station.

All vessels and contents under the first class will be subjected to thorough maritime sanitation and then detained five full days from completion of process. Pilots will not board such vessels unless it is absolutely necessary, but will waive them to the proper quarantine anchorage. Pilots violating this provision will, at the option of the board or its executive officer, be subjected to same treatment as other persons on board said vessels.

All vessels under the second class will be subjected to thorough maritime sanitation

and then be detained three full days from completion of process.

No vessel under the third class will be allowed in the lower bay until master produces a certificate that his vessel and contents have been subjected to thorough disinfection by the improved method, after which the vessel will be carefully inspected and detained only for cause. Vessels under this class, without certificates here referred to, will be spoken off the bar and directed to the Ship Island Refuge Station, and pilots and other persons are not allowed to board such vessels.

Vessels under the fourth class, that is, those visiting ports declared by this board infected, and subsequently visiting New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore or other ports will not be allowed to come to the city without thorough maritime sanitation is undergone subsequent to departure from infected port and certificate to that effect from the

official having so treated the vessel.

Any vessel not from an infected place, but bringing ballast, crew, passengers, baggage, or freight from an infected place, will be included in the first class, and treated accordingly, unless the master can produce a certificate that said ballast, crew, passengers,

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baggage, and freight have been subjected to disinfection and detention prescribed for vessels under the first class.

Vessels from ports known not to be infected, and not heretofore provided for, will only be detained at quarantine station a sufficient length of time to be placed in proper sanitary condition. All vessels, however, entering the bay, except those holding release certificates, must be inspected by the quarantine physician and procure pratique before coming to the city, or communicating with other vessels or persons.

The restrictions herein proclaimed are subject to change, at the option of the quaran-

tine board, to meet particular cases.

The rules and regulations in force in 1892, except when in conflict with the provi-

sions of this proclamation, remain in full force and effect during 1898.

For the purpose of continuing the fruit traffic with the various ports of the West Indies, Central and South America, not known to be infected, and visited by steamers coming to this city, during the quarantine season medical agents shall be stationed at said ports, and shall report by each and every vessel on the sanitary condition of their respective districts, on compliance, by vessels with the regulations issued herein for their guidance, and shall perform such other duties as may, from time to time, be required of them. Said medical agents shall be appointed, or elected, by this board, and shall be accountable, and report direct, to this board, or its authorized agent, and shall receive such monthly salaries as may be determined upon by the quarantine board.

All vessels engaged in the tropical fruit trade, in accordance with these provisions, will be required to be provided with the certificate of our medical agents of strict compliance with the rules and regulations governing said traffic, and will be detained at the Mobile Bay Quarantine Station sufficiently long to insure a most searching daylight

inspection.

These vessels, whenever practicable, should be manned by acclimated crews, and will be required, each trip, to furnish the quarantine physician the certificate of the medical agent that the ports and places visited by said vessels are free from contagious and infectious disease, and passengers, if any, are also free from, and have not recently been exposed to, such disease; passengers only allowed their personal baggage, and, in all instances, the names of passengers to be incorporated in the certificate.

Household effects, hides, bones, and fertilizers, are rigidly prohibited, and under no

circumstances will be allowed as a part of the cargo.

These vessels shall not touch at any port not included in their schedule, and communicate with no vessel during the voyage, except in case of distress; they shall be required to make a full disclosure to the medical agents at scheduled ports and at the Mobile Quarantine Station, of all the ports and places they have visited on the voyage, together with such other pertinent information as may be required by the medical agents of this board.

Should infectious disease appear at any of the scheduled ports herein provided for, then these privileges will at once terminate, and any violation of the letter or spirit of the above-mentioned conditions, will be taken by the quarantine board as a forfeiture

by the vessel in default of all privileges granted them under said conditions.

Medical agents of the board in Central American ports will be instructed to issue certificates to vessels only chartered by the merchants of this city defraying the expense of this agency service, and said merchants are requested to furnish this office with a list of all said vessels, and to promptly notify us of any additions to or subtractions from said list. All other persons desiring to participate in the benefit of said service will be required to defray their pro rata of the expense of said medical service, and all vessels from Central American ports, without said certificates, except as provided for in the proclamation, will, on arrival at our quarantine station, be required to lighter perishable cargoes, and then undergo thorough disinfection and detention as prescribed in the proclamation.

Medical agents will not certify passengers unless satisfied that said passengers have not been exposed to infectious diseases for at least ten days prior to contemplated departure. In all cases of doubt as to baggage the same must be disinfected under the

direct supervision of the medical agent and so certified.

Notice is hereby also given that notwithstanding the summer quarantine will not take effect until April 1, inspections of vessels now made by the quarantine physician, in the stream in front of the city, will, on and after March 22, be rigidly conducted at the quarantine station, and pilots and masters of vessels will be governed accordingly or incur the penalty.

The following-named persons are the duly authorized active officers of the board for

the coming season, and must be respected accordingly:

Dr. T. S. Scales, health and chief executive officer; Dr. Henry Goldwaite, quarantine physician; Mr. R. B. Owen, secretary and treasurer.

Dr. Henry Goldthwaite, quarantine physician, will have full charge of the quaran-

tine station, under the direction and supervision of the health officer, and will be held responsible for the management of the same and for the conduct of the employees, with power to discharge for drunkenness or insubordination.

All employees at the station will be expected and required to perform the duties for which they are employed, and drumming, or soliciting trade for any one is strictly

forbidden.

Complaints arising at the quarantine station must be forwarded, in writing, to the health officer, through the quarantine physician, and all other complaints must be submitted in writing, together with such evidence as may be in hand, direct to the health officer.

Runners, or persons soliciting trade, for merchants in this city, or elsewhere, will not be allowed to board vessels until the same have been granted free pratique, by the quarantine physician, and are beyond or out of the quarantine anchorage. Except those required by law to enter the quarantine anchorage, no other persons will be allowed within said anchorage or to visit the station, unless by special permission of the quarantine physician. Violations of these provisions will be prosecuted in courts of competent jurisdiction.

For the information of all interested, an ordinance in relation to quarantine, adopted

by the honorable general council of the city, is published, as follows:

AN ORDINANCE TO PREVENT VIOLATIONS OF QUARANTINE.

"Section 1. Be it ordained by the mayor and general council, That any person who shall violate or escape from quarantine, lawfully established by any authority, and enter the city of Mobile, shall be arrested by the police and conducted out of the city, to the nearest quarantine station, and may, in the discretion of the mayor, be fined not exceeding fifty dollars for each offence.

"Sec. 2. Be it further ordained, That any person who shall bring, or cause to be brought into the city of Mobile, any article or merchandise in violation of any quarantine regulation of this city, county, State, or the quarantine board of Mobile Bay, shall, on conviction, be fined not exceeding fifty dollars for each offence, and such article or merchandise shall, in the discretion of the mayor, be removed, disinfected, or destroyed,

at the expense of the offender.

"SEC. 3. Be it further ordained, That any person who shall aid or instigate any other in committing any offence above described or shall in any way be instrumental or concerned in such offence shall, on conviction before the mayor, be fined not exceeding fifty dollars."

By order of the quarantine board of Mobile Bay.

GEORGE E. SAGE, President.

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States

Marine-Hospital Service, January 1 to March 25, 1898.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
labama:				
Bessemer	Jan. 6	42		
	Jan. 9-Jan. 26	78		
	Jan 30-Feb. 19	23		
Birmingham	Jan. 6-Jan. 8	11		
•	Jan. 9-Jan. 26	29		
	Jan. 30-Feb. 19	7		
In Jefferson county, outside				
of the city	Feb. 6-Feb. 19	26		
Carneys Bluff	Feb. 17			Smallpox reported.
Corona	Mar. 4	1		• •
Dolomite	Dec. 1-Jan. 17	21	l	
Gosport	Feb. 17		l	Do.
Glendon	Feb. 17			Do.
Haynesville	Mar. 11	400		
Horse Creek Mine	Mar. 4	3		
Jackson	Feb. 17	10		
Mobile	Feb. 5-Mar. 19	30	1	
Montevallo	Mar. 3	i		
Newton	Jan. 15-Feb. 2	7		
Nichola	Feb. 17			Do.
Oxmar	Jan. 19	•••••		Do.
Patton	Feb. 1-Mar. 4	9		
Pinckard	Feb. 2	50		
Rock Springs	Mar. 11	15		
Salitpa	Feb. 17			Do.
Selma	Jan. 13-Feb. 14	.3		

Smallpox in the United States, etc.—Continued.

Places.		Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alabama—Continued.					
Shelby	Jan.	28	1	1	
Talladega	Jan	0_Ten 96			
T 911971CR 9	Tan.	9-Jan. 26 27-Feb. 15	1 4		1
Walk on Contract	Dan.	2/-F 60. 10	_		Smallman namented
Walker Springs	reb.	17			Smallpox reported.
Arkansas :	1	_	i _	į.	1
Fair Oaks	Mar.	1	5		
District of Columbia:				1	
Washington	Feb.	7	1		Naval Hospital.
Florida:			İ	ì	-
Washington County	Jan.	24	12		.i
Georgia:			1	1	1
Atlanta	Jan.	17	181		Most cases from county
22.02.022.00	Ten	18-Jan. 25 26-Feb. 16 15-Mar. 1	18	1	most cases from count,
	Ton.	10-0 mu. 20	29	î	1
Cartersville	Jan.	20-Feb. 10	9	i	1
	Jan.	10-1118F. I	2		1
Griffin		12	2		
_ Stilesboro	Jan.	15	•••••		Smallpox reported.
Indiana:	l			l	1
Evansville	Feb.	26	1		
Kentucky:	i				İ
Butler	Feb.	8-Feb. 24	1		i
Middlesborough	Reb	3-Mar. 14	176	2	
Louisiana:	00.	· 1202. 12		_	
New Orleans	Mar	13-Mar. 19	1		į.
Massachusetts:	mai.	10-Man. 15	-		
Greenfield	17-L	E 171-1- 00	1	l	l .
	reb.	5-Feb. 22			! .
Westfield	reb.	20-Mar. 2	1		Ī
Michigan:	l		_	į.	ł
Royal Oak	Feb.	12-Mar. 12	1		
New Jersey:	1		l	ł	·
Westfield	Mar.	4	1		
New York:	1			l	
Deposit	Nov.	1-Nov. 30	1		
North Carolina:					
Alamance County	Feb	18-Feb. 25	1	l	
Charlotte	Jan	25	2		
O11811040	Ion.	26-Feb. 12	2		
Clay County	Fab.	15-Feb. 24			
	Too.	12			
Wilmington	Jan.	L&		••••••	
South Carolina:	T	100		••••••	5
Beaufort		17		•••••	Do.
Greenville	Jan.	17	•••••	•••••	Do.
Orangeburg	Jan.	17	••••••	•••••	Do.
Rock Hill		17			Do.
Spartanburg	Jan.	17			Do.
Swansea	Jan.	15			Do.
l'ennessee :					20.
Chattanooga	Jan	1-Ten 99	1		
Опананоова	Wah.	1-Jan. 29 1-Feb. 28 1-Jan. 29 1-Feb. 28 1-Jan. 29 1-Feb. 28	7	•••••	
TT	Teb.	1-reu. 20	í	••••••	
Huntington (near)	Jun.	1-Jan. 29		•••••	
Jellico	reb.	1-Feb. 28	.8	•••••	
Johnson City	Feb.	1-Feb. 28	11		
Knozville	Jan.	1-Jan. 29			
	Feb.	1-Feb. 28	11		
Lenoir City	Jan.	1-Jan. 29	2		
	Feb.	1-Jan. 29 1-Feb. 28	3		
Memphis	Jan	22-Jan. 29	ĭ		
	Jan	30-Feb. 10	î		
Mingo mines	Ton	1 Ion 90	6		
Mingo mines Mingo	Uall.	1-Jan. 29 1-Feb. 28	2		
Mingo Morristown	reb.	1-Feb. 20	1	••••••	
Morristown	reb.	1-Feb. 28		•••••	
Newcomb	reb.	1-Feb. 28 1-Feb. 28	3		
Rutledge	Feb.	1-Feb. 28	1		
Paras:				1	
Brownsville	Feb. 2	26	. 1		
Virginia:	-		- 1	1	
Colburn	Feb.	1	1		Smallpox reported.
Norfolk	Mer	1-Mar. 10	2		poz roportous
Norton	Reh.	l	-	••••••	Do.
	TUD.	L			₽ 0.

Report of immigration at Boston for the week ended March 19, 1898.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Boston, March 19, 1898.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 19, 1898; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of im migrants
Mar. 13	Steamship Boston	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	10
Do		London, Eng'and	î
Mar. 14	Steamship Beverly	Port Morant, Jamaica	
Mar. 15	Steamship Victorian	Liverpool, England	2
Do			
Do		London, England	(
Mar. 16			1'
Do			1
Do	Steamship Megantic	London, England	44
Mar. 17	Steamship Boston	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	94
Do	Steamship Halifax	Halifax, Nova Scotia	50
Do			287
Do			16
Mar. 18	Steamship Prince Edward	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	16
Mar. 19	Steamship Pavonia	Liverpool, England	101
		zar or poor, zarBrandum	
	Total	•••••••	835

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at New York for the week ended March 19, 1898.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of New York, March 21, 1898.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 19, 1898; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants
Mar. 14 Do	Steamship SpaarndamSteamship Norge	Rotterdam	195
Do	Steamship La Normandie	Havre	272
Mar. 15 Mar. 16	Steamship Westernland Steamship Pennsylvania	Antwerp	156 401
Do Mar. 17	Steamship Majestic	Liverpool and Queenstown	315
Do	Steamship Oldenburg Steamship Lahn	do	354
Do	Steamship Normannia Steamship Spartan Prince	Genoa	721 653
Do	Steamship Buenos Ayrian	Glasgow and Moville	74
Mar. 19 Do	Steamship CampaniaSteamship Alsatia	Naples	492 714
	Total		5,064

THOMAS FITCHIE, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at Philadelphia for the week ended March 19, 1898.

Office of U. S. Commissioner of Immigration, Port of Philadelphia, March 19, 1898.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 19, 1898; also names of vessels and ports from which they arrived.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of im migrants.
Mar. 16	Steamship Switzerland	Antwerp	136

JNO. J. S. Rodgers, Commissioner.

QUARANTINE REPORTS.

National quarantine and inspection stations.

[Vessels named only when detained or given treatment at quarantine.]

Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of departure.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
Alexandria, Va	Mar. 19do					No transactions 2		No transactions	6
Cape Fear, N. Cdododo	do								-4
Eureks, Cal	Mar. 9 Mar. 16 Mar 12	Am. sc. Eva B. Mar. Douglass.	Mar. 9	Norfolk, Va., via Kings- ton, Jamai-	Pascagoula	Am. so. Eva B. Mar. 9 Norfolk, Va., Pascagoula Disinfected and held Buspicious dunnage 8		and held	
Newbern, N. C				eg.		No transactions		No transactions	
tine, Del. San Diego, Cal		Br. ss. Dorica	Feb. 28	Hongkong	San Francisco	Hongkong San Francisco Disinfected and released; 94 of crew, and 38 Chi.	Mar. 12	Crew of Doric released	3 ² 2
						infected and held for observation; cabin passengers, accordance and released; I Chinese fireman died of variois and was hirried at see			
South Atlantic Quarantine, Black beard Island, Ga.	qo	Nor. bk. Cato	Mar. 11	Mar. 11 Para	Brunswick, Ga.	Held for disinfection		One death in Para from yellow fever; 1 pas- senger died of yellow	00
Tortugas Quarantine, Key West, Fla. Washington, N. C Mar. 19						1ever on voyage. 1		lever on voyage. No transactions	1

a Previously reported.

QUABANTINE REPORTS-Continued.

State and municipal quarantine stations.

[Vessels named only when detained or given treatment at quarantine.]

Vessels inspected and passed.	8 17 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19
Remarks.	No report 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
Date of depar- ture.	
Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	
Destination.	
Port of departure.	
Date of arrival.	
Name of vessel. arrival.	
Week ended.	Jan. 22 Jan. 29 Feb. 15 Feb. 19 Mar. 19 Mar. 19 Mar. 19
Name of station.	Andlote, Fia

Reports of States and yearly and monthly reports of cities.

CALIFORNIA—Oakland.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 75,000. Total deaths, 71, including phthisis pulmonalis, 2, and diphtheria, 2.

Sacramento.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 30,000. Total deaths 31, including phthisis pulmonalis, 3, and enteric fever, 1.

CONNECTICUT.—Month of February, 1898. Reports to the State board of health from 167 towns having an aggregate population of 882,242, show a total of 1,026 deaths, including phthisis pulmonalis, 104; enteric fever, 4; scarlet fever, 3; diphtheria and croup, 20; measles, 13, and whooping cough, 10.

ILLINOIS—Chicago.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 1,750,000. Total deaths, 2,023, including phthisis pulmonalis, 215; enteric fever, 32; scarlet fever, 4; diphtheria, 64; measles, 1, and whooping cough, 18.

MASSACHUSETTS—Brockton.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 35,853. Total deaths, 33, including 3 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Worcester.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 106, 202. Total deaths, 138, including phthisis pulmonalis, 19, and diphtheria, 3.

MARYLAND—Baltimore.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, white, 431,054; colored, 75,344; total, 506,398. Deaths, white, 573; colored, 196; total, 769, including phthisis pulmonalis, 94; enteric fever, 8; scarlet fever, 7; diphtheria, 30; measles, 7, and whooping cough, 9.

MICHIGAN.—Week ended March 12, 1898. Reports to the State board of health from 62 observers, indicate that diarrhea and intermittent fever increased in area of prevalence. Phthisis pulmonalis was reported present during the week at 127, measles at 46, scarlet fever at 33, enteric fever at 31, diphtheria at 27, whooping cough at 11, and smallpox at 1 place (Royal Oak).

MINNESOTA—Duluth.—Six months ended February 28, 1898. Estimated population, 60,000. Total deaths, 302, including phthisis pulmonalis, 30; enteric fever, 29; scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 1, and whooping cough, 1.

Minneapolis.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 192,833. Total deaths, 183, including phthisis pulmonalis, 15; enteric fever, 4; diphtheria, 1, and measles, 9.

OHIO—Columbus.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 135,000. Total deaths, 146, including phthisis pulmonalis, 23; enteric fever, 1; scarlet fever, 1, and measles, 3.

Cleveland.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 370,000. Total deaths, 342, including phthisis pulmonalis, 17; enteric fever, 8; scarlet fever, 3; diphtheria, 7, and measles, 1.

TENNESSEE—Nashville.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, white, 54,595; colored, 33,159; total, 87,754. Deaths, white, 52; colored, 56; total, 108, including phthisis pulmonalis, 16, and enteric fever, 1.

VIRGINIA—Norfolk.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, white, 25,710; colored, 19,290; total, 45,000. Deaths, white, 34; colored, 41; total, 75, including phthisis pulmonalis, 4, and diphtheria, 2.

Washington—Seattle.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 70,000. Total deaths, 55, including phthisis pulmonalis, 8; enteric fever, 1; diphtheria, 5, and whooping cough, 2.

WISCONSIN—*Milwaukee*.—Mouth of February, 1898. Estimated population, 249,290. Total deaths, 220, including phthisis pulmonalis, 18; enteric fever, 1; diphtheria, 7, and whooping cough, 5.

Superior.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 35,000. Total deaths, 32, including enteric fever, 2; scarlet fever, 2, and diph theria, 2.

MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

•		zi .∶Si	F E					Dea	ths	from	-			
Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U. Census of 1890.	Total deaths from	Phthisis pul- monalis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Allegheny, Pa	Mar. 19	105, 287	87	2							1			1
Ashtabula, Ohio Baltimore, Md	do	8, 338 434, 439	195	31					:			3	ï	1 2
Bennington, Vt	do	6, 891	2						.			. 1		
Binghamton, N. Y Boston, Mass	do	35, 005 448, 477		22					· ·····	. 4				· ·····
Bristol, R. I	Mar. 12	5, 478	3						.					
Bucyrus, Ohio	do	5,974	3											·
Butler, Pa Charleston, S. C	Mar. 19 Mar. 12	8,734 a 54,955	b 36	2	i	1		1	i	1 1	·	: :::::	. 1	
Chicago, Ill	do	1,099,850	507	59			.		.	. 7	1	9	2	4
Do Cincinnati, Ohio				53						. 12	2	. 11	2	5.
Cleveland, Ohio	Mar. 14	296, 908 261, 353	107 87	8							. 1	2		
Columbus, Ind	Mar. 19	6,719	2	1									• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Concord, N. H	Mar. 18 Mar. 19	88, 150 17, 044	27	8	•••••									
Dayton, Ohio	do	8, 590	23	3									. 5	
Dedham, Mass Detroit, Mich	Mar. 12 Mar. 19	7,123	1	6					·			·		
Dunkirk, N. Y		205, 876 9, 416	81											
Do	Mar. 19	9,416	2					l						
Erie, Pa Everett, Mass	do Mar. 12	40, 634 11, 068	10	1						1				
Fall River, Mass	Mar. 19	74, 398	36	3							1	ļ	ļ	
Flint, Mich		9,803	3				·····							
Grand Rapids, Mich Green Bay, Wis	Mar. 12	60, 278 9, 069	15 5	1						1				
Green Bay, Wis Haverhill, Mass	Mar. 19	27, 412	12	8		1		l		l	l	3		
Hoboken, N. J Indianapolis, Ind	do	43, 648 105, 436	26 37	5					•••••			2		
Jacksonville, Fla	do	17, 201	9	4			l	l						
Do	Mar. 19	17, 201	13	2			l i				1			
Johnstown, Pa Kalamazoo, Mich	do	21, 805 17, 853	9 7	3	•••••			•••••		1				
Lancaster, Pa	do	32,011	41		•••••					1	•••••			
Lawrence, Mass Lowell, Mass		44, 654 77, 696	22 38	3	•••••			•••••				1 2		•••••
Lynchburg, Va	do	77, 696 19, 709 20, 741	8	4										
McKeesport, Pa Manchester, N. H	Mar. 12 Mar. 19	20, 741	10	ī	•••••	•••••		•••••			•••••	1		•••••
Massillon, Ohio	do	44, 126 10, 092	26 2	i		•••••								
Massillon, Ohio	do	11,079	4	1										•••••
Memphis, Tenn	Mar. 12 Mar 10	8, 519 64, 495	6 27	1		•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••
Michigan City, Ind	do	10,776	3											•••••
Michigan City, Ind Middletown, N. Y Milwaukee, Wis	Mar. 15	11,977	11 55	******	•••••	*****		*****		*****	*****	*****	•••••	i
Minneapolis, Minn Newburyport, Mass	Mar. 12	204, 468 164, 738	48	6						ï		i	4	
Newburyport, Mass	do	13, 947	1		•••••		•••••			•••••		;		•••••
New Orleans, La Newport, R. I		242, 039 19, 457	145	21	1							1		•••••
New York, N. Y	Mar. 12	1, 515, 301	1, 223	160						5	11	36	22	10
Do Omaha, Nebr	Mar 19	1,515,301 140,452	1,225 30	137		•••••		•••••		8	19	49	31	10
Oneonta, N. Y	Mar. 19	6, 272	ű											•••••
Orange, N. J	do	18, 844	14										1	•••••
retersourg, va	MAR. 20	6, 520. 22, 680	17	3										
	MBF. 19	1,046,964	484	54 .						12	4	24	13	3
Pittsfield, Mass	Mar. 12 Mar. 19	238, 617 17, 281	102	10 .						2			2	2
Pittsburg, Pa Pittsfield, Mass Plainfield, N. J	do	17, 281 11, 267	8				.							•••••
Portland, Me Do	Mar. 12 Mar. 19	36, 425 36, 425	14 16				····· ·			•••••	1	1		•••••
Providence, R. I	do	132, 146	65	11								- 1		•••••
St. Louis, Mo	Mar. 13	451,770	191	25 .						4				•••••
Salt Lake City, Utah San Francisco, Cal	Mar. 12 Mar. 11	44, 843 298, 997	13 142									·	2 .	
San Jose, Cal	Mar. 12	18,060	7							-		-		
Santa Barbara, Cal Sault Ste Marie, Mich	do	5, 864 5, 760	3		•••••	••••		····· ·	•••• •			····· ·		••••
Cours Goo maile, mich	·	0, 100	U 1.	•••••••	•••••i•	•••••i•	••••••	•••••	••••••			•••••	••••••	••••

a Estimated population, white, 28,870; colored, 36,295. Total, 65,165. b White, 11; colored, 25.

MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued.

		 	from				1	Deat	hs f	rom-	-			
Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U Census of 18	eaths	Phthisis pul- monalis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping congn.
Scranton, Pa	Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 12 Mar. 12 Mar. 19 Mar. 12 Mar. 12 Mar. 12 Mar. 12 Mar. 11	75, 215 19, 922 25, 448 6, 510 8, 511 18, 707 5, 973 18, 208 13, 499 84, 655 32, 033 33, 220	37 8 14 0 0 1 7 2 10 3 5 85 13 8											

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended March 14, 1898. [Received from Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.]

Locality.		erature in Fahrenhe		Rainfal	l in inche dredths	sand hun-
	Normal.	aExcess.	aDefic'ncy.	Normal.	Excess.	Deficiency
tlantic Coast:						
Eastport, Me	29	9		1.05		
Portland, Me	32	.8		.77		
Northfield, Vt	27	18		.56		
Boston, Mass	35	15 13		.96 1,12		
Vineyard Haven, Mass	34 36	8		1.12		
Nantucket, Mass Woods Hole, Mass		8				
Rlock Island, R. I	35	Š				
New Haven, Conn	35	11		.98		8
New Haven, Uonn Albany, N. Y New York, N. Y	81	17		.63		
New York, N. Y	87	9		. 91		
		17			•••••	
Philadelphia, Pa	89	13		.77		
New Brunswick, N. J	86	13		.92		
Atlantic City, N. J	38 42	7 9		.91 .91		3.
Baltimore, Md	42	11		.98		1
Washington, D. C Lynchburg, Va	46	8		.84		
Cape Henry, Va	44	6		1, 18		
Norfolk, Va	48	. 7		1,05		
Charlotte, N. C	49	7		1.12		1.0
Raleigh, N. C	49	7		1.30		
Kittyhawk, N. C	47	3		1.14		
Kittyhawk, N. C Hatteras, N. C	50	6		1.43		
Wilmington, N. C	54	6		.91		
Columbia, S. C	58	7		1.08		.7
Charleston, S. C	56	3 6		.91		
Augusta, Ga	55 58	3		1.29 .86		
Savannah, Ga	61	ı i		.77		.7
Jacksonville, Fla	67	2		. 49		
Jupiter, Fla	72	_	1	.28		
ulf States:			•			i
Atlanta, Ga	50	8		1.53		.4
Tampa, Fla	66	2		.70		.7
Pensacola, Fla	59	3		1.33		1.8
Mobile, Ala	58	4		1.77		
Montgomery, Ala Vicksburg, Miss	56	4		1.54		
Vicksburg, Miss	57	6		1.48		
New Orleans, La	61	3		1.19 1.05		1.7
Shreveport, La	57	6		.66	4.24	
Fort Smith, Ark	49 51	7 9		1.26	.14	
Little Rock, Ark	56	6		. 91		.4
Palestine, TexGalveston, Tex	62	3		.68		
San Antonio, Tex	61	5		. 42		.2
Corpus Christi, Tex	62	6		. 38		.2
hio Valley and Tennessee :		1				
Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn	51	9		1.33		.8
Nashville, Tenn	49	10		1.20		1.4
Chaftanoora Tenn	50	6		1.40	•••••	1.1
Knoxville, Tenn	47	. 9		1.22 .88	.74	
Louisville, Kv	44	11			1,32	
Indianapolis, Ind	40	12 13		.79 .77	.63	
Cincinnati, Ohio	42 38	15		. 65	.17	
Columbus, Ohio	41	13		.70		.5
Parkersburg, W. Va Pitteburg, Pa	40	15		. 63		.4
ake Region :	20	. 20		•		
Oswego, N. Y	31	19		. 63		.0
Rochester, N. Y	31	23		. 63		.1
Rochester, N. Y Buffalo, N. Y	80	19		.57	. 24	·····
Erie, Pa	82			. 64	.27	
Cleveland, Ohio	84	16		. 63		.1
Sandusky, Ohio	35	15		. 56	.39	••••••
Toledo, Óhio Detroit, Mich	. 85	14		. 43	.48	
Detroit, Mich	33 30	12		.54	.91 1.08	
Langing Mich	30	12		.58 .63	1.08	
Port Huron, Mich	30 24	18		.63 .45	.02	
Alpens, Mich	24			21	.95	
Sault Ste. Marie, Micht Marquette, Mich	22 22			.42	.61	
Green Bay, Wis	26	11		49	.32	
				. 19	.77	

 $[\]alpha$ The figures in these columns represent the average daily departure.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended March 14, 1898—Continued.

Locality.	Temp	erature in Fahrenhe		Rainfal	l in inche dredths	and hun-
·	Normal.	a Excess.	aDefic'ncy.	Normal.	Excess.	Deficiency
ake Region—Continued.						
Milwaukee, Wis	30	11		. 56	.85	
Chicago, IllDuluth, Wis	84	10		. 50	.60	
Duluth, Wis	22	12		. 85		.8
pper Mississippi Valley:	25	18		.28		.1
St. Paul, Minn	80	10		.85	.08	• •
La Crosse, Wis Dubuque, Iowa	82	8		.49	.84	
Davenport, Iowa	84	10		. 45	.86	
Des Moines, lows	38	10		. 28	. 15	
Keckuk Iowa	87	. 8		. <u>49</u>	1.49	
Springfield, Ill	87	10		. 57	1.12	
Cairo, III	46	9		. 84	2, 81	
St. Louis, Mo	43	8	•••••	.77	.60	
asouri Valley: Columbia, Mo	38	11		. 63	1.81	
Springfield Mo	42	118		.76	2.55	
Kansas City, Mo	89	7		.49	. 64	
Wichita, Kans	42	7		. 42	.16	
Concordia, Kans	39	6		.38	. 82	
Concordia, Kans Lincoln, Nebr Omaha, Nebr	36	7		. 28	. 15	
Omaha, Nebr	84	8		. 28		
Sioux City, lows	30	. 9		. 28	. 07	
Yankton, S. Dak	28	11		.21	.15	
Valentine, Nebr Huron, S. Dak	31	7 9	•••••	. 28 . 14	.07 .11	
Huron, S. Dak	26 27	10		:14	• • • • •	
Pierre, S. Dak Moorhead, Minn	18	9		. 15	.59	• •
Bismarck, N. Dak	19	9		. 21		
Williston, N. Dak	20	5		.07	.81	
eky Mountain Region : Havre, Mont	27	2		.11	.11	
Helena, Mont	32		6	.08	.69	
Miles City Mont	29	2		.07	.87	
Rapid City, S. Dak	30	4		. 21	.00	•••••
Spokane, Wash	88	0		.84	•••••	
Wallawalla, Wash	46		8	. 39 . 42	•••••	
Baker City, Oreg	34 39		1	. 21	•••••	
Winnemucca, Nev Salt Lake City, Utah	40		2 2	.42	.04	• •
Lander Wyo	31	*******	í	.28	.74	
Lander, WyoCheyenne, Wyo	31	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	.14	.17	
North Platte, Nebr	33	ļ ž		.14	. 48	
Denver, Colo	38	1		. 21		.1
Pueblo Colo	39	4		.11	.08	
Dodge City, Kans. Oklahoma, Okla. Amarillo, Tex. Abilene, Tex. Santa Fe, N. Mex. El Paso, Tex.	40	6		. 21		•1
Oklahoma, Okla	49	4		.70	.80	•••••
Amarillo, Tex	44 53	5 6		.07 .21	. 15 . 85	••••••
Addene, Tex	39	î		.14	.69	
El Pero Tev	54	4		.00	.81	
Phœnix, Ariz	60	ő		.18		.1
cific Coast:		_				-
Fort Canby, Wash	45		2	1.47		
Portiona Gree	46		8	1.33	••••••	
Roseburg, Oreg	47		4	. 86		
Eureka, Cal	49	2	••••••	1.47	•••••	
Redbluff, Cal	53	Z	9	.77 .30		.7
Carson City, Nev Sacramento, Cal	41 58	1	4	.70		
San Francisco, Cal	53	i		.72		.8
Fresno, Cal	54	î		.28		.1
Los Angeles, Cal	55	ō		.72		.2
San Diego, Cal	55		1	. 89	.08	
Yuma, Ariz	64		2	.07	. 32	

a The figures in these columns represent the average daily departure.

FOREIGN.

[Reports received from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

Oholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox as reported to the Supervising Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, January 1 to March 25, 1898.

CHOLERA.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Bombay	Nov. 24-Nov. 80 Dec. 1-Feb. 15		46	
Madres	Nov. 14-Dec. 4 Dec. 5-Jan. 1 Jan. 2-Jan. 29 Jan. 30-Feb. 5 Nov 20-Dec. 10		46 42 31 28 13	
Singapore	Dec. 4-Dec. 81 Jan. 1-Jan. 28 Jan. 29-Feb. 11 Nov. 1-Nov. 30		11 45 8 1	
omgaporo	Dec. 1-Dec. 81		î	

YELLOW FEVER.

	1				!	1
Brazil:	.	~		3	2	
Bahia		27			_	Taken off of Nor. bk. Adonis.
		29				Taken on of Nor. Dk. Adonis.
Ceara		. 1-Nov				
Para		12-Jan				
	Jan.					
		16–Feb			. 30	
Rio de Janeiro		. 21-Dec				
		5-Jan.				
		1-Jan.			1	
Santos	Jan.	2-Jan.	8	1	1	
	Jan.	23-Jan.	29			
	Jan.	30-Feb.	5	2		
Cuba:			•	1	1	
Cienfuegos	Dec.	20-Jan.	2		. 2	
Olemac Bos		3-Jan.				
Habana		17-Dec.				
Havana	Dec	31-Jan.	27		9	
•	Jan	28-Feb.	17		. 8	
Manzanillo		1-Dec.				
MAIIZBUILO	Jan.	1-Jan.	21			
		14-Feb.	98		3	
Matanzas		15-Jan.				
Matanzas		9-Feb.				
T 1 -		31-Feb.			7	
Regla	Mor.	1-Mar.	10		7	,
		18-Jan.	104.	***********		A few cases of yellow fever, be
Sagua la Grande	Dec.	10-2#u.	20	**********		impossible to obtain statistics.
	D	19-Jan.	00		6	impossible to obtain statistics.
Santiago de Cuba	Dec.	19-Jan.	29			
Jamaica:	D	10 T				
Kingston		19-Jan.	1	1	1	
_		2–Jan.		2	2	
_		5-Feb.		2	1	
St. Andrew			1	1		
		27-Mar.		1	1	
St. Catherine		19-Jan.	1	1		
St. Elizabeth	The	19-Jan.	1	1	1 1	

Oholera, yellow fever, plague, smallpox, etc.—Continued. PLAGUE.

Places.	Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Thins: Hongkong	Nov. 7-Nov Dec. 18-Jan Jan. 2-Jan Jan. 30-Feb	. 1 . 29	6	2 2 5 8	
India : Bombay	Nov. 24-Nov Dec. 1-Feb Feb. 9-Feb	7. 3 0	ĺ	70 4,833 1,257	
Japan : Taiwan (Formosa)	Dec. 28-Feb	. 22	67		

SMALLPOX.

Bohemia:	D	10 Ta	,		i	1
Prague		12-Jan.		11		İ
	Jan.	2-Feb.	20	71		ı
Brasil:	Dec	1 De-	OE	l	ء ا	
Pernambuco		1-Dec.			8	
Rio de Janeiro		. 21-Dec.				
		5-Jan.			1	
	Jan.	l-Jan.	8	5		
Canada:	_				1	
Maissonneuve		26-Feb.				
Montreal		3-Jan.			0	
	Feb.	11-Feb.	16	1		
China:						
Hongkong		. 7-Dec.			4	
• •		5–Jan.	1		8	
1	Jan.	2–Feb.	5	68	48	
Cuba:	_			i	i . :	
Cardenas		19-Jan.			5	
İ		6-Mar.				
Cienfuegos		20-Jan.				
		3-Jan.				
	Feb.	7– F eb.	27		35	
Habana	Dec.	17-Mar.	. 10		117	
Matangas	Jan.	20-Feb.	23		8	
Regla	Feb.	18-Mar.	. 8		1	
Sagua la Grande	Dec.	19-Jan.	29	233	29	
Cang and the Columnia	Jan.	30-Feb.	26	470	35	
		27-Mar.			18	
England:						
Bristol	Feb.	6–Feb.	19	1		
Liverpool	Jan.	15-Jan.	29	8		
21,02,000	Feb.	1-Feb.	19	4		
London	Feb.	27-Mar.	5	1		
Middlesborough	Feb.	9		90		
Southampton	Jan.	8-Feb.	12	2		
Sunderland	Dec.	18-Jan.		Ī		
Dulidollalla		27-Mar.		2		
West Hartlepool				5		
Gibraltar	Dec.	6-Dec.	12	i		
		27-Jan.		2		
India:				_		
Bombay	Feb	9-Feb.	15	1	l	
Calcutta	Dec.	19-Dec.	25		1	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		30-Feb.				
Madras	Nov	.27-Dec.	8		ı	
******* (12*****************************		4-Dec.				
1	Jan	1-Jan.	28			
		29-Feb.				
		5-Feb.			6	
Italy:	2 00.	<i>5</i> –1.00.	41	•••••	ا " ا	
Messina	Dec	12-Jan.	R		5	
##CODILLED		30-Feb.			i	
Japan :	Jau.	-u-r-e0.	<b>U</b>		•	
Aichi Ken	Dec	29_Wah	3	2		
Akita Ken	Dec.	99_Fal	99	11	4	
Awomori Ken	Dec.	99_Tob.	99		2	
Chihe Ken	Dec.	20-I'ch.	2	6		
Pormose	Fat	4-Pak	99	3		
Chiba Ken	Dec	#-F 60.	22	1	•••••	
Pukul Atil	Doc.	20-FeD.	99	44	12	,
rubuhiiib deii	LOC.	20-red.	ZZ	1 72	12	

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#### Cholera, yellow fever, plague, smallpox, etc.—Continued.

#### SMALLPOX-Continued.

Places.	Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb. 2   Feb. 4-Feb.		Canada	Deaths	Remark	
span—Continued.						
Gifu Ken	Feb	. 4-Feb	22	. 1		
Gumma Ken						[]
Hiroshima Ken						1
wati Ken					3	1
Kagoshima Ken						
Kanagawa Ken			21			1
Kochi Ken						İ
liyagi Ken					3	i e
1.7 ag: 12011					4	1
liyazaki Ken					i	I
Nagano Ken					3	
agasaki Ken					i	1
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Varsaw		19-Feb.		i	36	
tland:	Dec.	10-F-EU.	19		<i>-</i>	
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#### Current quarantine measures.

#### PLAGUE.

[Translated in this Bureau from the "Veröffentlichungen des Kaiserlichen Gesundheitsamtes," Berlin, March 2, 1898.]

Bulgaria.—According to official advices the following measures have been put in operation:

(1) The entry of all goods which have come directly from a plague-infected locality is expressly forbidden; also the importation from infected countries of rags, old clothes, bedclothing, mattresses, soiled clothing and personal effects, soiled paper, old newspaper and soiled packing paper.

(2) The Bulgarian ports of the Black Sea shall be closed to all

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arrivals from plague-infected countries which have not undergone quarantine in a Turkish lazaretto.

(3) Vessels which have come from an infected port, but have undergone quarantine in a Turkish lazaretto and have had no case of plague on board since the expiration of quarantine, shall have access only to the ports of Varna and Burgas, and shall in no case be admitted to free pratique until after sanitary inspection.

(4) The regulations expressed in section No. 3 apply to vessels which have not come from an infected port but have taken on passengers from

such a port, or which have had plague cases on board.

(5) The plague-infected localities are: Bombay, the entire west coast of India and the littoral of the Persian Gulf. Quarantine authorities are directed, on learning that a locality is infected, to forbid the entry of vessels under rules of section 3.

#### MEASURES AGAINST SMALLPOX.

DENMARK.—By order of the minister of justice sanitary police inspection is ordered for all vessels arriving from Middlesborough, England.

#### CUBA.

#### Smallpox and yellow fever in Ouban seaports.

March 16: The United States consul at Cardenas reports that during the week ended March 12, there was in that city no death from yellow fever and 1 death from smallpox.

March 14: The United States consul at Cienfuegos reports that during the week ended March 13, there were in that city no deaths from yellow fever and 3 deaths from smallpox.

March 4: The consular agent at Manzanillo reports that during the two weeks ended February 28, there were in that city 3 deaths from yellow fever and no deaths from smallpox.

March 11: The United States consul at Matanzas reports that during the week ended March 9 there were in that city no deaths from smallpox and no deaths from yellow fever.

March 15: The sanitary inspector at Habana reports that during the week ended March 10, there were no deaths from yellow fever and 20 deaths from smallpox.

March 15: The sanitary inspector at Habana reports that during the week ended March 10, there was in the city of Regla 1 death from yellow fever and no death from smallpox.

March 14: The United States consul at Sagua la Grande reports that during the week ended March 12 there were in that city 108 cases of smallpox and 8 deaths therefrom, and several cases of yellow fever, concerning which it is impossible to obtain correct statistics.

March 12: The United States consul at Santiago reports that during the two weeks ended March 12 there was in that city no death from yellow fever and no deaths from smallpox.

#### Sanitary report from Habana.

HABANA, March 15, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week

ended Thursday, March 10, 1898:

The mortality for the week has comparatively decreased. But 1 death occurred from yellow fever, and that one in the military hospital at Regla, and the first that has occurred in three weeks. Smallpox shows a mortality that would call for over 300 cases. Of the 30 deaths, 9 occurred in a general civil hospital known as Reina Mercedes, spoken of by me in several of my previous reports; 7 also occurred among the reconcentrados class at Aldecoa.

One can obtain a fair idea why the disease spreads when persons suffering from the disease are not prevented from going into the streets, and one day last week a man convalescent from the disease sat for several hours removing scabs from his person in the Central Park, the

promenade of the city.

The harbor work has so materially increased that Assistant Sanitary Inspector Dudley is compelled to devote almost all of his time to this work. I have before reported that the Spanish line of steamers often take passengers from this port to New York without certificates from this office, and on Thursday, March 10, the steamship Santo Domingo had 5 such passengers, 1 of whom was sick, and permission to examine the sick person was refused Inspector Dudley.

	Granted.	Refused	
Florida: Kev West	31		
Key West			
Spanish Line	8 8		
Total	105		

Five passengers without certificates.

Very respectfully,

W. F. BRUNNER,

Sanitary Inspector, U.S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### [Inclosure.]

Mortality of the city of Habana and town of Regla for the week ended Thursday, March 10, 1898.

Cause of death.	Habana.	Regla.	Total.
Yellow fever		1	
Enteric fever	7		
Pernicious fever	5		
Malarial fever	15	7	2
Smallpox	20		2
Daquexia paludica	19	3	2
Interitis	79	13	9
Dysentery	40	17	5
Diarrhea	10 11	8	1
Pneumonia Fuberculosis	51	3	5
Meningitis	5	3	9
ECTING			
Deaths from all causes	328	52	38
Deaths in military hospitals	100	59	15
Deaths in military hospitals from yellow fever		1	
Annual ratio per 1,000			98.8

#### Sanitary report from Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, March 12, 1898.

SIR: I have the honor of submitting the following report on the sanitary condition of Santiago de Cuba for the week ended March 12:

There were 77 deaths reported, 22 less than last week. Of these, 8 were from dysentery, 4 from tuberculosis, 12 from enteritis, 3 from typhomalaria, 10 from pernicious and 5 from remittent fevers, 12 from dropsy and paludic cachexia; the rest were from noncontagious or infectious diseases.

The municipal authorities have awakened at last, and realize the danger to health and life attending the unhealthy and filthy condition of the city, and are now employing some activity in the sweeping and cleaning of the streets and the burning of all the garbage outside the city limits, and the result has been a diminution of the death rate. Malarial fevers are now decreasing, so is dysentery.

Respectfully,

Dr. H. C. CAMINERO, Sanitary Inspector, U.S. M. H.S.

- The Supervising Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

#### GREAT BRITAIN.

#### Smallpox at Middlesborough.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, March 9, 1898.

SIR: Inclosed is a letter from Mr. Nielsen, consular agent at Hartlepool, relative to the smallpox outbreak at Middlesborough. HORACE W. METCALF.

Respectfully, yours,

United States Consul.

#### [Inclosure.]

CONSULAR AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, West Hartlepool, March 10, 1898.

SIR: Since my letter of March 3, I am glad to be able to report a decided improvement in the smallpox epidemic at Middlesborough. The new cases for the last three or

four days have only averaged about a dozen per day; so that, if no great recrudescence takes place, the authorities may soon reasonably hope to see an end of the epidemic.

The authorities are very stringent in enforcing disinfection, and the streets of the town reek of carbolic acid and chloride of lime. The railway company, too, have a system, when the passengers leave, of spraying with a powerful disinfectant each compartment of the railway carriages on the trains running to Middlesborough.

This railes continues from the smalleys, or in fact, from any intentions discover.

This place continues free from the smallpox, or, in fact, from any intectious diseases. HANS NIELSEN, Yours, truly,

Consular Agent.

#### STATISTICAL REPORTS.

CUBA—Manzanillo.—Two weeks ended February, 1898. Estimated population, 20,000. Total deaths, 91, including yellow fever. 3, and enteric fever. 2.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended March 5 correspond to an annual rate of 20.7 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,218,378. The highest rate was recorded in Gateshead, viz, 26.1, and the lowest in Preston, viz. 13.0.

London.—One thousand eight hundred and five deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 115; scarlet fever. 8: diphtheria, 38; whooping cough, 49; enteric fever, 11, and diarrhea and dysentery, 11. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 20.9 a thousand. In greater London 2,321 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 18.9 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 22 from diphtheria, 24 from measles, and 11 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended March 5 in the 23 principal town districts of Ireland was 28.7 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Sligo, viz, 15.2, and the highest in Galway. viz, 49.1 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 218 deaths were registered, including enteric fever, 7; scarlet fever, 5, and whooping cough, 2.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended March 5 correspond to an annual rate of 21.8 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,568,536. mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 12.3, and the highest in Perth, viz. 25.5 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 659, including measles, 20; scarlet fever, 8; diphtheria, 2, and whooping cough, 27.

Jamaica.—Two weeks ended March 5, 1898. Estimated population. 694,865. Total number of deaths not reported. The deaths included 1 from yellow fever at St. Andrew.

Kingston.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 34,314. Total deaths, 145, including phthisis pulmonalis, 10; enteric fever, 4. and diphtheria, 1.

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NORFOLK ISLAND.—Two months ended January 31, 1898. Estimated population, 876. No deaths.

St. Helena.—Four weeks ended February 12, 1898. Estimated population, 4,000. Total deaths, 8. No deaths from contagious diseases.

#### MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES.

			pula	from				Dea	ths	fron	<b>1</b> —												
Cities.	Week ended.		Week ended.		Week ended.		Week ended.		Week ended.		Week ended.		Estimated popula	Total deaths	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever	Dinhtheria	Meales	Whooping
Acapulco		. 5		12																			
Aix la Chapelle Amapala		. 26 19		52																			
Do	Feb.	26	1,500	Î	)																		
Amhurstburg	Mar	. 12	. 2,300	1 101					. 2			:	••										
Amsterdam Belfast	Mar. Feb	. 5 26	504, 289 804, 610	131 195																			
Do:	Mar			160	)				. 13														
Belize		. 10		5		•				· · · · · ·		:-	:-  <u>:</u>										
Birmingham Bluefields	Mar	. 5	505,772 3,000	234					1	1	2	8	1										
Bombay	Feb.	15		a 2, 195			1					11											
Bradford	Mar.	. 5	231, 260	74								. 4											
Bremen Bristol		lo		51 129		: :::::	·····				. 1	. 25											
Do			816, 900	152							2												
Brussels	Feb.	26	531,024	167		·					. 2		2										
Calcutta Callao		5 80	681, 560 20, 000	437 27	13							. 1	·										
Do			20,000	29																			
Do	Feb.	20	20,000	22			<b></b>																
Cardenas Catania	Mar. Mar.		23,517	48 68					21 2				1										
Christiania			120,000 200,000	76					2			. 1											
Cienfuegos	Mar.	18	24,030	66			3	1															
Ognac	Mar.		20,000	7				•••••	1	· ····	. 4		•										
Cologne Colombo	Feb.	12	341, 578 130, 000	125 111							1	. 2											
Colon	Mar.	7	8,000	5				•••••															
openhagen	Feb.		351,000	110						1	2		. 2										
Crefeld Dresden	Mar. Feb.	5	108, 000 378, 500	22 123						i		3	2										
Do	Feb.	26	378, 500	129						1		ĭ											
Oublin		5	350,000	218		·····			2	3		· ···;	· ·····										
Dusseldorf Edinburgh			191, 605 295, 628	50 112									1										
lushing	d	0	17, 198	7						ļ													
rankfort on the Main	d	0	244,000	79	ļ																		
libraltar	d Feb.	27	161, 125 25, 900	70 15									•••••										
Do	Mar.	6	25, 900	5	l	l				l	İ												
dirgenti	Feb.	26	24, 428	10				•••••	•••••			·											
łusysquil Islifax	Feb. Mar.		50,000 38,700	26 20																			
Iamburg	Mar.	5	661,015	177					•••••	1		1	1										
Iavre Do	Feb.		119,470	58		•••••		•••••															
longkong	Mar. Jan.	29	119, 470 261, 258 261, 258	64 b 123							ï												
Do	Feb.	5	261, 258	c 103			14																
Honolulu	Feb.	26	30,000	17 10	•••••						•••••	•••••											
Kingston, Canadaeeds	Mar. Mar.	5	18, 800 416, 618	157						3	2	6	2										
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	Feb. de		20,000 166,110	59							•••••	3											
iverpool	Mar.	5	647, 489	279			-			3	4	3	5										
	do		2,000 6,408,321	2, 417			•••••		10	14	69	124	68										
ondon, England Do	Mar.		6, 408, 321	2, 321					14	8	60	139	60										
ladras	Feb.	11	452, 518	310	- 1							23	•••••										
fadrid	Mar.	2	401 KOK	331 229					7 2	···2	ı	2 4	4										
IanchesterIatamoras	Mar. Mar.	5 11	505, 343 16, 304 50, 000 76, 984 215, 061	5								-											
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aples	Mar.	5	570,000	249			- 1		3				•••••										
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	do Feb.		223, 000 183, 397	72 62		•••••	•••••	••••	•••••	1	1	•••••											

a One thousand two hundred and fifty-seven deaths from bubonic plague. b Four deaths from plague. c Three deaths from plague.

#### MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES—Continued.

			-eindod	ro B	Deaths from—								
Cities.	Cities.		Total deaths from	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhusfever.	Enteric fever.	Bearlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping	
Odeesa	Feb	26	888, 000	141			2		2	1	2	1	-
Daka and Hiogo			182, 780	104		· ····	-		1 2	1	1 8	•	
Palermo			273,000	156					1 -	i	1 -		
Paris	d		2, 511, 955	988			•••••		2	l î	9	20	
lymouth	Mar.		99, 186	43				1	-	1		-~	
Prague	Feb.		195, 919	184	1	•••••	•••••		2	i	i	2	
uerto Cortes			2,000	8	ļ					-	1 *	_	
uebec		12	72,000			·····				i			••••
ueenstown		20	15,000	8	1					1 -			•••••
Do		27	15,000	8	1						1		••••
Do	Mar.		15,000	8							1	j	••••
heims	Feb.		106, 948	58			ļ		1	1	•••••		ļ
otterdam		5	298, 432			•••••		ļ					
t. Georges	d		2, 150	130		•••••	•••••		-			Z	
Do	Mar.		2, 150 2, 150	ŏ		•••••	•••••		•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••
t. Petersburg			1, 267, 023	678		•••••	2		••••				•••••
t. Stephen	Mar.		8,000	678		•••••	2	8	39	20	18	12	
t, Thomas	Feb.		12, 019	6		•••••	•••••	•••••					••••
Do	Feb.			7		•••••	••••	•••••		•••••	•••••		••••
chiedam	Mar.		12, 019 26, 884	8		•••••	•••••		•••••			•••••	
heffield						•••••	•••••				•••••	··· <u>·</u> ··	••••
onneberg	d Feb.		358, 100	139		•••••	••••		1	1	•••••	7	
outh Shields	d		12, 400	5		•••••	•••••		•••••			•••••	•••••
tettin			99, 920	33			•••••	•••••					
tockholm	d		150,000	67		•••••	•••••		ļ		2	1	
			275,000	97		•••••	•••••			1	5	•••••	1
tutigart			162, 934	63		•••••	•••••					•••••	••••
underland			143, 849	64		•••••	•••••			1	1	8	
egucigalpa			12,000	5		•••••	•••••	•••••					
rapani			45, 095	16		•••••							
rieste			165,000	162						2	8		
uxpan			9,000	6						•••••			
enice			167,074	115			•••••			1	1		
Vera Cruz			30,000	26		· <b>···</b> ·	••••				l		
ienna			1,574,129	551					8	7	18	16	
ers Cruz			601, 408	188			4	1		4	1	2	1
Vinnipeg			38, 733	15									•••••
Zurich	Feb	26	158, 968	54	i i				2		2	1	1

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

WALTER WYMAN, Supervising Surgeon-General U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.