

# Update on Herpes Zoster

**ACIP Meeting  
June 25, 2015**

**Rafael Harpaz, MD, MPH**

CDC Lead, Zoster Working Group  
National Center for Immunizations and Respiratory Diseases  
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

# Outline

---

- Clinical manifestations
- Epidemiology
- Zoster vaccine
- More recent policy developments
- Zoster vaccine uptake

# Clinical Manifestations



## Letter from Patient with PHN:

“Doctor, I sure hope you can help me with this pain, it is so bad it has changed my whole life. I am unable to do any of the things I used to do.”

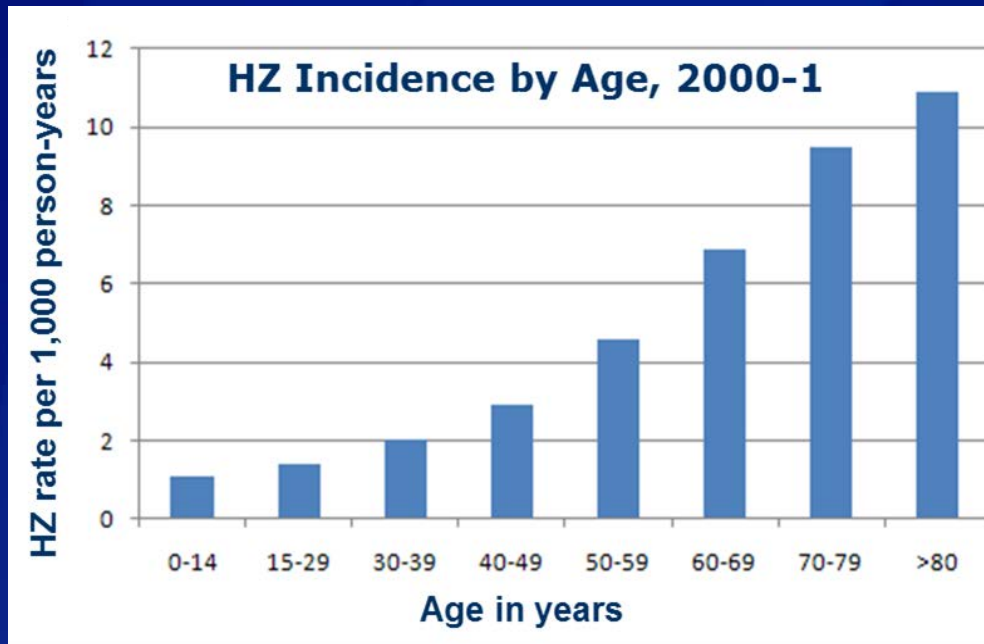
# Herpes Zoster Ophthalmicus (HZO)

---

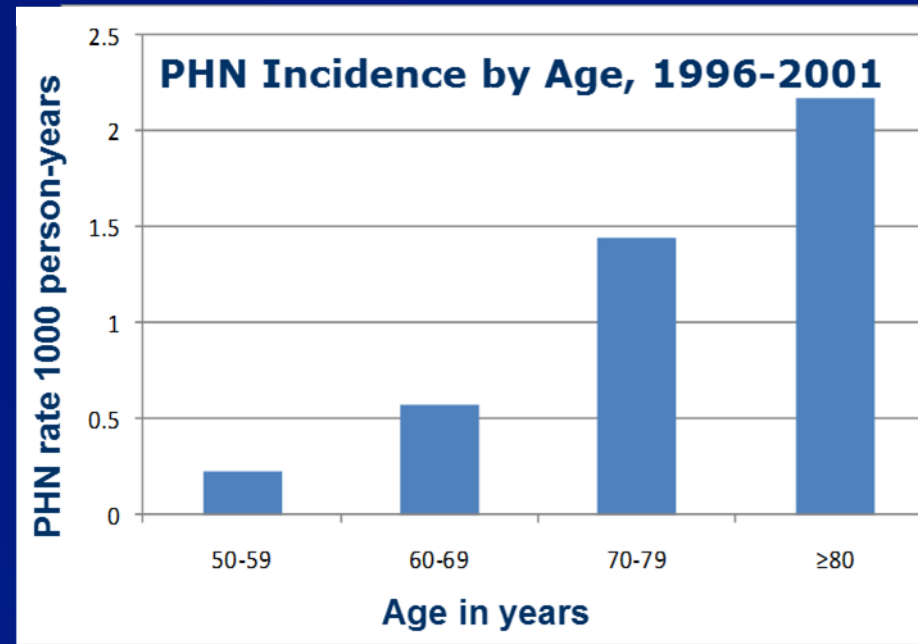


Courtesy of MN Oxman UCSD/San Diego VAMC

# Epidemiology of HZ



Marketscan administrative data,  
Insinga et al., J Gen Intern Med. 2005; 20:748-53.



PHN = 90 days of pain.

Olmsted County, MN,  
Yawn, et al., Mayo Clin Proc. 2007; 82:1341-9.

# Epidemiology of HZ in U.S.

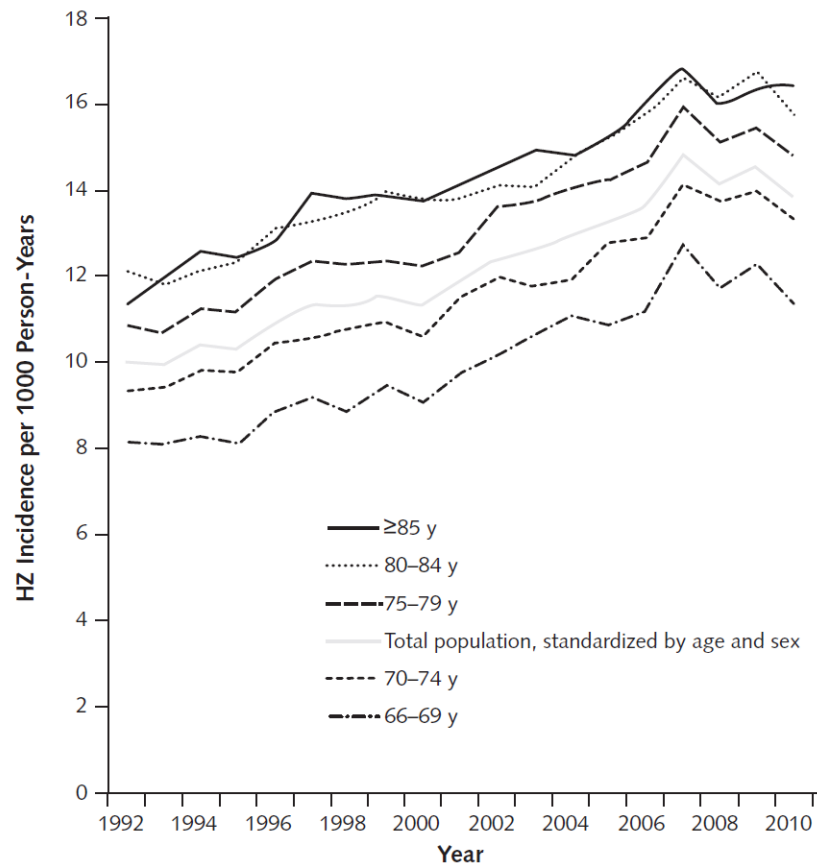
---

- Annual rate ~4 per 1000 population per year
- About 1 million cases in the U.S. annually
- Lifetime risk of developing HZ: about 30%
- Age-adjusted rates appear to be increasing



# Epidemiology of HZ in U.S.

Figure. HZ incidence among Medicare beneficiaries older than 65 years, by age group, 1992–2010.



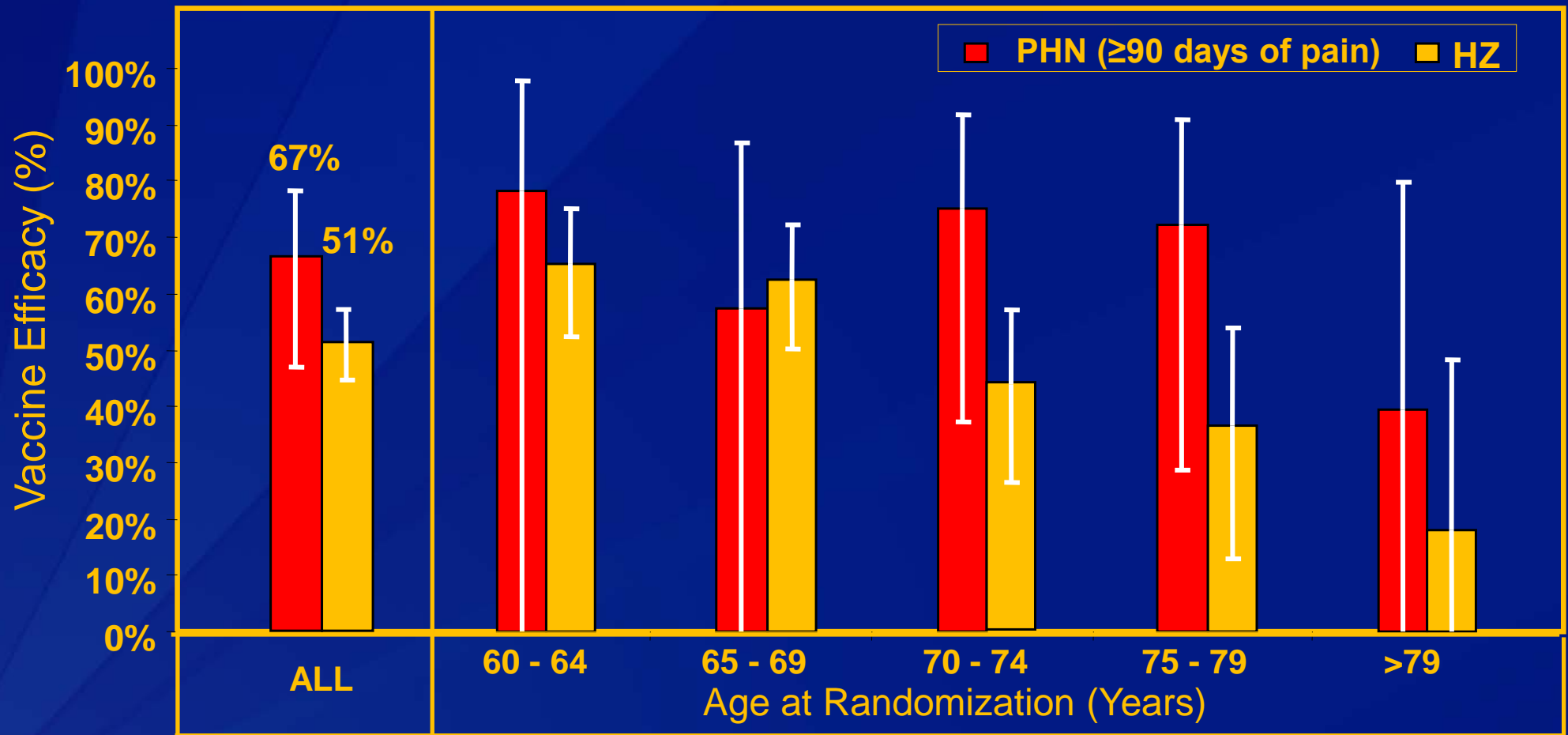


# Zoster Vaccine

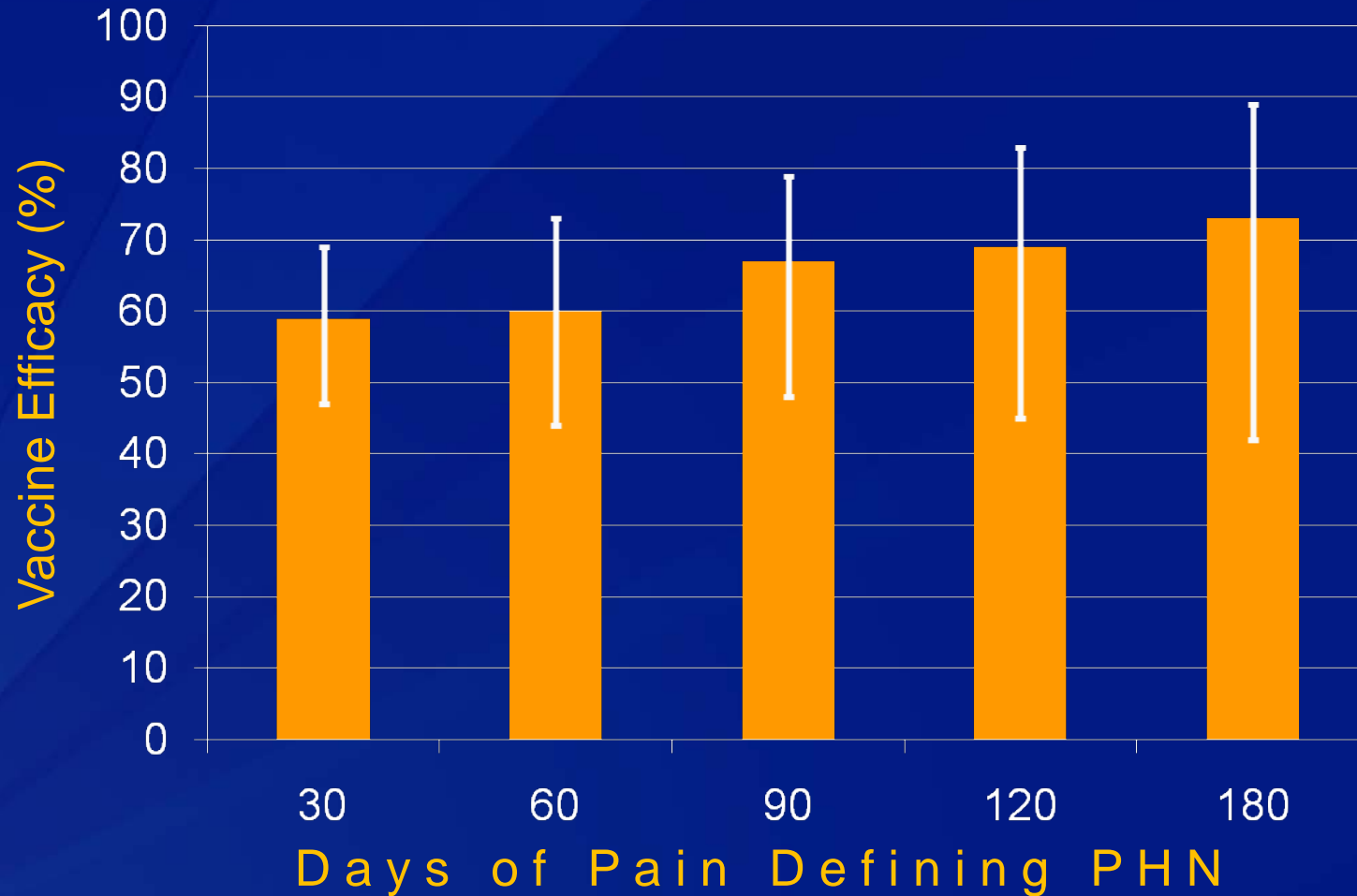
---

- Licensed 2006 based on Shingles Prevention Study (SPS)
  - >38,500 healthy adults  $\geq 60$ , followed  $\sim 3$  years
  - Attenuated OKA-strain VZV ( $\geq 14X$  titer in Varivax)
  - Vaccine efficacy: 51% vs. HZ, 67% vs. PHN
  - No serious adverse events (local reactions common)
  - ACIP recommendation: 1 dose to adults  $\geq 60$  years
- Results supported by subsequent observational studies

# SPS: Vaccine Efficacy by Age – HZ & PHN



# SPS: Vaccine Efficacy vs. PHN of Varying Duration



# More Recent Developments

---

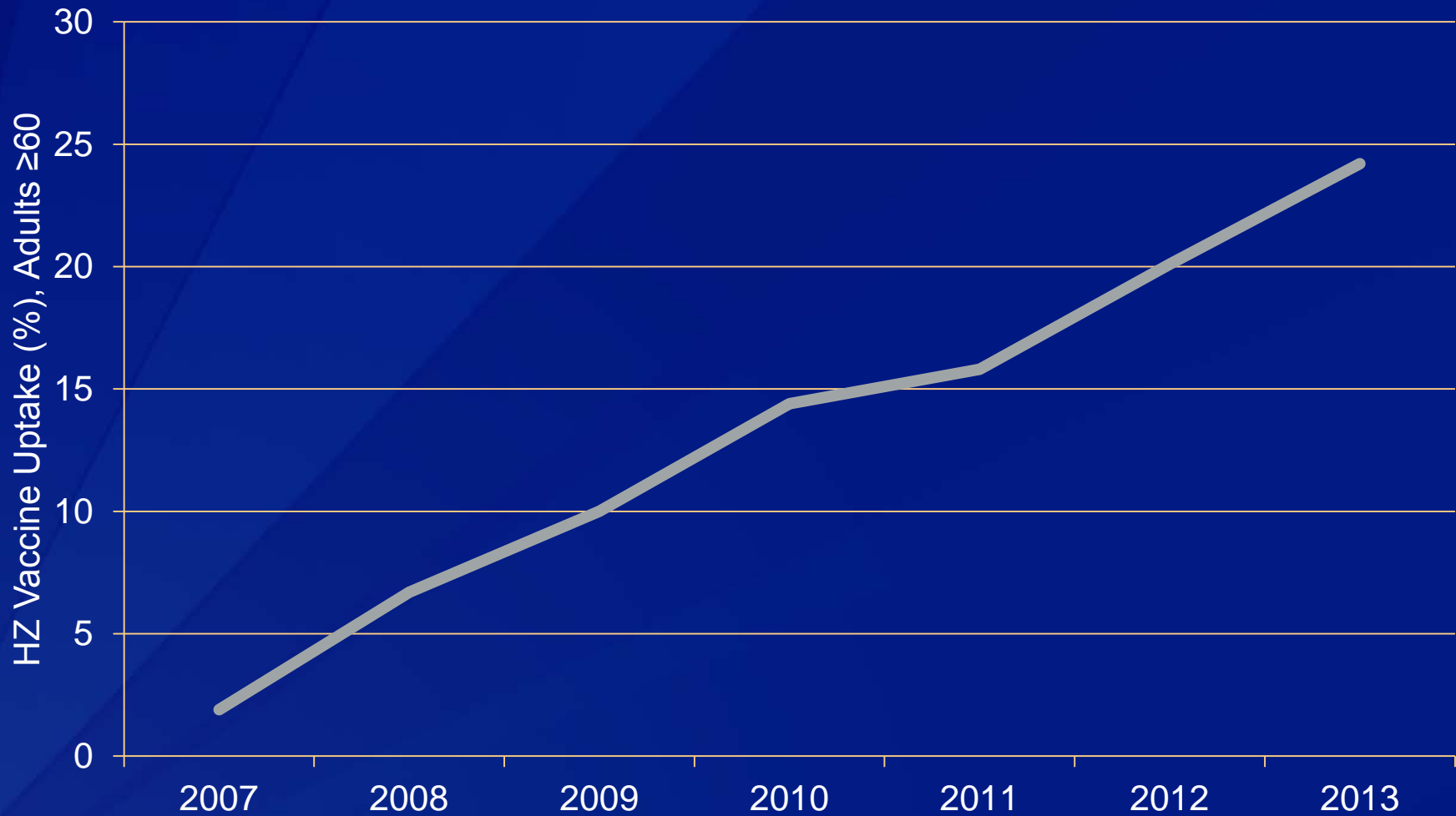
- Clinical trial of adults 50-59: vaccine efficacy vs. HZ 70%,
  - Zostavax licensed for adults 50-59 in 2011
- Follow up of original SPS-cohort to assess durability:
  - Effectiveness at 7-11 years reported as 21%, but study was not blinded, had modest precision, and lacked controls
- Second dose study: immunogenicity  $\geq 10$  years after 1<sup>st</sup> dose, compared to an initial dose in age-matched adults  $\geq 70$ 
  - Immunogenicity outcomes comparable in 2 arms, but these outcomes do not adequately predict protection

# More Recent Developments

---

- ACIP recommendations are unchanged: 1 dose of zoster vaccine routinely recommended for adults  $\geq 60$  years
- “Programmatic conservatism” given that:
  - HZ burden increases markedly with age
  - Duration of vaccine protection uncertain
  - Degree of protection provided by a 2<sup>nd</sup> dose uncertain

# Zoster Vaccine Uptake



\* 2007: National immunization Survey (Lu et al, Vaccine 27:882-7); 2008-13: NHIS (Am J Prev Med 40:e1-6 & unpublished)

# Zoster Vaccine Uptake

---

Why has uptake been sluggish?

- Price
- Storage & handling (frozen vaccine)
- Supply shortages (resolved)
- Medicare Part D reimbursement
- Lowered prioritization of adult vaccines
- General fragmentation of preventive care for seniors



**Thank You!!!**

