

Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States and on Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended July 3, 1954

During the first half of 1954 the numbers of reported cases of infectious encephalitis, infectious hepatitis, measles, psittacosis, and whooping cough were significantly greater (25 percent or more) than for the same period of 1953. On the other hand, diphtheria continued its downward trend, and malaria cases were nearly 50 percent below the number for the first 6 months of 1953. None of the suspect cases of smallpox have been confirmed, and meningococcal infections decreased for the first time in several years.

During the first 6 months of this year, in spite of intensive observations, there have been no reported outbreaks of influenza A or isolation of type A virus in the United States. Influenza B has caused localized outbreaks in California and the midwest in the late winter and early spring. Influenza C has been recovered from a few cases of respiratory infection, but there is no evidence that it has caused outbreaks of illness. In Puerto Rico during the late winter, a mild outbreak of influenza A occurred, and a virus similar but not identical to strains A/FW/1/50 and A/FLW/1/52 was recovered by military laboratories.

Although there was a marked increase in cases of infectious encephalitis as compared with 1953, there have been no reports to indicate that any of these were arthropod-borne types of infection. Infectious hepatitis cases reported in the first half of 1954 were about 80 percent in excess of the same period of 1953. It is possible that some of the increase is due to more complete reporting. The figures indicate that this disease is now one of major public health importance. Measles was more prevalent than in 1953, which was to be expected, because of the cyclic character of the disease. A very marked increase in the number of psittacosis cases has occurred since the first of the year. About half of the 312 cases were traced to contact with turkeys, a few to exposure to pigeons, and the remainder to psittacine birds. Reports of the disease in man have been received from 29 States since January 1, 1954. Of these, Texas reported 148 cases; California, 20; Colorado, 19; Pennsylvania, 14; New York, 13; and New Jersey, 11.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Anthrax in animals

Dr. W. R. Giedt, Washington State Department of Health, gives preliminary information on an outbreak of anthrax in animals in a city zoo. Twenty-five deaths were reported.

Psittacosis

Dr. A. J. Chesley, Minnesota Department of Health, reports the isolation of psittacosis virus from a parakeet. The bird developed progressive respiratory symptoms and was killed and sent to the State Department of Health Laboratory where the virus was isolated. The parakeet was purchased in a local department store where birds were supplied by a company in Chicago. This is the second time psittacosis virus has been isolated from a bird traced to the Chicago store. The first was reported last week in the "Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report." No known human cases have developed from association with either of these birds.

The Alabama Department of Health reports 2 unrelated cases of psittacosis. No laboratory information was given for either

case. Both patients were in contact with wild birds outside their homes. In one instance, wild birds were the only source of contact. The patient involved buys feed and places it outside for the birds. She also cared for a sick robin found near her home. The other patient was in contact with parakeets and also with wild birds in his back yard. One parakeet, which belonged to his sister, did not appear to be sick. This bird was sold 2 months prior to onset of the brother's illness. He went shopping several days before he became ill and looked at birds in cages in a local store.

Salmonellosis

The Los Angeles County Department of Health reports an outbreak of salmonellosis in a private home. Five members of the family became ill with fever, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea after eating a turkey dinner. No food specimens were collected, but specimens examined from the 5 patients yielded S. oranienburg.

Gastro-enteritis

Dr. U. P. Kokko, Kentucky Department of Health, reports on 2 outbreaks of gastro-enteritis among passengers and crew members of 2 chartered flights from Louisville. Preliminary information on one, a flight to Newark, New Jersey, was given in the "Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report" last week. The other flight was to Seattle, in which 40 of 47 passengers and crew members became ill approximately $6\frac{1}{2}$ hours after eating lunch. The symptoms in both groups were the same-nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. In both instances, box lunches were served. They had been prepared and furnished by a local commissary. The lunches consisted of fried chicken, potato salad, pineapple salad with mayonnaise, spiced crab apple, spiced cake with icing, rolls, milk, and coffee. Three crew members on the second flight did not eat potato salad or dessert, and they did not become ill. Inspection of the commissary kitchen revealed broken screening, uncovered garbage cans, and many flies around open food. None of the food handlers had open sores or infected cuts on their hands. The laboratory examination of specimens from the remaining food, which was picked up the next day, showed general contamination including many colonies of E. coli and many colonies of nonhemolytic staphylococci. One colony of hemolytic coagulase positive Staphylococcus aureus was found in a chicken breast. An examination of the plant which supplied the chickens indicated that no conditions existed which would contribute to contamination of chickens dressed or packed at the plant.

Dr. A. L. Berkely, New York City Health Department, reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis following a church dinner given in a neighboring restaurant. The menu consisted of shrimp cocktail, mixed green salad, chicken consomme, roast chicken, frozen mixed vegetables, rissole potatoes, ice cream, and coffee. The sponsors were unable to furnish a list of addresses, thus all the participants could not be contacted. Each guest interviewed had eaten all foods. Since an investigation of the restaurant 3 days after the meal disclosed no unsatisfactory conditions, no samples of food were taken for laboratory examination. Stool specimens collected were negative on culture.

ts 2 unrelated cases The California Department of Public Health reports an outbreak of gastro-enteritis among approximately 40 persons who COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

50 SEVENTH STREET, N. E.

ate at a fraternity house. Of these, 27 are known to have become ill with headache, dizziness, abdominal pain, vomiting, and diarrhea from 28 to 40 hours following the meal. The dishes served were ham, turkey, potato salad, and macaroni and shrimp salad, The suspected vehicle of infection was the potato salad which was made and left unrefrigerated for about 17 hours before being served. Apparently none of this salad was available for bacteriological examination. A sample of mayonnaise used in its preparation yielded no pathogens. The one foodhandler, a cook, had no history of a recent illness and stool specimens collected were found to be negative. No specimens were collected from the patients.

Dr. S. B. Osgood, Oregon State Board of Health, reports a case of food poisoning in one member of a family of 4 persons. All 4 ate hamburgers for an evening meal, but only the victim ate custard pie. The patient became ill with vomiting, diarrhea, chills, and cold sweat $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours later. Laboratory examination of the remainder of the pie revealed coagulase positive hemolytic Staphylococcus aureus. The pie had been made by a bakery in another city and was delivered by truck, on the day of the incident, to a local grocery store. It is not known whether the pie was refrigerated prior to the time it was sent to the laboratory nor whether any illness has resulted from other pies of the same batch.

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	20	Sth WEEK								
				F1:	rst 26 wee	ke	Since s	Approxi- mate		
DISEASE	Ended July 3, 1954		Median 1949- 53	1954	1953	Median 1949-53	1953-54	1952-53	Median 1948-49 to 1952-53	sessonsl low point
		~		12	20	24	(1)	(1)	(¹)	(1)
Anthrax062	1 9 7)	7		6	20 13		$\binom{1}{1}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\ 1\\ 1\\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$		215
Botulism049.1	- 34	38		795	827		215	21		11
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	54 19	20	51	872	1,052	1,970	2,237	2.723	4.996	July 1
Diphtheria055	38	20	22	768	520	446	(i)	(-)	(1)	
Encephalitis, infectious082	28	29	~~~	/00	520	440	()		()	
Hepatitis, infectious,			'				(1)		(1)	(1)
and serum092,N998.5 pt.	843	498		30,937	17,391		$\binom{1}{1}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\binom{1}{1}$	$\binom{1}{\binom{1}{1}}$
Malaria110-117	15	59		241	519					
Measles085	14,773	7,250	7,940	585,994	388,584	437,666	622,086	420,018	467,056	Sept.
Meningococcal infections057	51	56	59	2,611	3,300	2,447	3,933	4,575	3,526	Sept.
Pollomyelitis080	565 ³ 13	625	481	² 4,703	4,676	3,182	23,151	3,095	2,177	Apr.
Peittacosis096.2 Rables in man094		. 3		312	21		$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
	-	-		3	3	3	$\binom{1}{1}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$	(1) (1)
Rocky Mountain spotted fever104A	9	15	21	109	129	131	(1)	(-)	(1)	(-)
Scarlet fever and streptococcal	1 016	1 244	652	101,941	95,066	56,060	136,575	131.654	79.266	Aug.
sore throat050,051 Smallpox084	1,816	1,244	- 652	101,941	53,000	13			(1)	(¹)
Trichiniasis128	10	80		148	221	13	$\binom{1}{1}$	$\binom{1}{1}$	(1)	(1)
Tularemia059	10	7	9	311	280	349	(1)	<u>\</u> 1	(1)	(1) (1)
Tularemia059 Typhoid fever040	32	61	59	862	888	944	453	583	541	Apr.
Typhus fever, endemic101	8	5		84	103		50	63		Apr.
Whooping cough056	-	680		428,323	16,991	27,471	⁴ 38,080		41,593	Oct.
wuooping congraaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	1,002	680	1,241	20,323	10,991	61,411	38,080	24,848	#T'282	000
Rabies in animals	117	96		4,136	4,033		(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

¹Information not available or frequencies are too small.

²Deductions: Indiana and Georgia, week ended June 26, 1 and 2 cases, respectively.

³Alabama, Colorado, Illinois, Missouri, and Pennsylvania, 1 case each; California and North Carolina, 2 cases each; Washington, 3 cases. ⁴Deduction: Arkansas, week ended February 6, 25 cases.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF MORBIDITY DATA

These provisional data are based on reports to the Public Health Service from health departments of each State and Territory and of one possession. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. Cases of anthrax, botulism, psittacosis, rabies in man, and smallpox are not shown in table 2, but a footnote to table 1 shows the States making the reports. In addition, when diseases of rare occurrence (cholera, dengue, plague, relapsing fever-louse borne, typhus fever-epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted at the end of table 1.

Symbols.-- 1 dash [-]: no cases reported; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JULY 4, 1953, AND JULY 3, 1954

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	BRUCEL (UNDU FEV	LANT	DIFET	HERIA	ENCEPHA INFEC		HEPAT: INFECT	IOUS,	м	ALARIA (110-117)	
AREA	(04		(05	5)	(08	2)	(092, N998		Civil	ian ¹	Mili	tary
	1954	195 3	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953
CONT. UNITED STATES	34	38	19	2 0	38	29	843	498	9	23	6	30
NEW ENGLAND	1	1	-	1	2	-	42	33	1	2	-	
Maine New Hampshire	-		-	-	_	-	8	8				3
Vermont	1	1	-			-	-			1	-	
Massachusetts Rhode Island	-	-		1	2	1	23 7	18	2	2	-	
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	-	_	4	7	1	1	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	3	-	3	3	12	19	208	60	-	-	-	
New York	3	-	2	1	9	17	159	54			-	
New Jersey Pennsylvania	-	-	- 1	1	3 -	2	9 40	- 6	×	-		
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	5	18	2	_	8	1	164	74	_		1	
Ohio	_		-	ца 1	_		32	13		2	-	
Indiana	-	-	1	-	1	-	10	11		E	-	
Illinois Michigan	3	8 3	1	-	- 7	1	38	20	-	-	-	
Wisconsin	2	7		-	-	-	66 18	24 6	-	-	1	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	10	10	1	2	1	2	143	73	4	2	- 1	
Minnesota	3	1	-	-	-	-	3 5	18	1	-		
Iowa	5	9	- 1	- 2	-	-	84	28	-	2	-	
North Dakota	-	-	-	-	1 3 -	1	13 1	7	<u></u>	2		
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-		1	2	N	-		
Nebraska Kansas	-	8 7 .	-	- 1		*	. e	6	ж Э	-	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	1	-	-	-	-	-	9	8	3	-	12	
Delaware	1	4	4	9	3	4	66	83	-	-	4	
Maryland		ک	2	-	-	<u>a</u> .	5 12	1	-			
District of Columbia	-	1941		-		14	12	1	-		-	
Virginia West Virginia	-	-	-	-	2	1	20	46	-	-		
North Carolina	-	1		-	- 1	- 2	4	9	-	-	-	
South Carolina	-	-	1	3			3	2	<u> </u>			
Georgia Florida	-	2	2		-	1		1	-	2 H)	2 - P	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	-	1	2	-		8	3	-	-	-	
	-	-	2	1	l	2	31	45	-	3		
Kentucky	-	-		-	- 1	- 2	8	4 13		-		
Alabama	1		1	0.00		-	7	9		. 2	1	
Mississippi	3	-	1	1	-	-	9	19	- 1	3	-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	4	2	5	1	1	1	89	57	2	15	-	
Arkansas-	1	1			-		2		-	2	-	
Oklahoma	1	- 1	- 1		- 1		12	- 8	Ξ.	5		
Texaa-	ź	-	4	1	÷.	î	72	49	2	8		
MOUNTAIN	6	-	1	1	1	-	31	13	-	1	-	
Montana	1		-		1	-		÷.	1.4	-	-	
daho	1	-	-	-		-	7	4	-	1	20	
yoming	2	-	1			-	3	1		-	-	155
WW Mexicon	-	-	-				1	-	1.00			199
Jtah-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	1	-	-		
Nevada	2	1	Ę	1	-	Ξ	2	3		-		
PACIFIC-	-	3	2 1	2	9	-	69	60	2	-	201024	_
ashington		_	-	-		_	24	9	<i>"</i>		1	2
- GRON-	-	1	1			-	18	25	1		1	1
allfornia-	-	2	τ.	2	9		27	26		-		1
LABKA		-	-		-			1	-	12		
Alaska	-	-	-	-		-	-	ĩ		-	- 1	

¹Includes cases not specified as civilian or military.

 Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAH, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JULY 4, 1953, AND JULY 3, 1954—Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

	MEASLES		MENI COC		POLIOMYELITIS (080)						ROCKY M	
AREA	(08	5)	INFEC (05	TIONS	Tot	al ²	Paral (080.0,		Nonpar (080	alytic .2)	(10	
1	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953
CONT. UNITED STATES	14,773	7,250	51	56	565	625	227	205	167	166	9	
NEW ENGLAND	1,490	95	2	4	13	19	5	7	7	7	-	
aine	62	25	-		2	3	-	-	1	2	-	
New Hampshire	27 42	- 1	-	1	-	1	-	-	-		-	
fassachusetts	1,073	44	ī	1	5	8	2	6	- 3	x [1 -	
Rhode Island	105	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	20	1	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	181	22 657	1	1 10	6	6	3	*	3	4	-	
Nev York	5,446	326	9	10	35 23	57	10 6	10	10 8	3	-	
lev Jersey	3,099 1,426	109	3	í	6	50	4	10	2	2	-	
ennaylvania	921	222	2	2	6	3	-	- 1	-	-	-	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	2,805	1,938	10	11	70	88	26	30	14	17	-	1
Ohio	747	209	1	3	20	23	3	7	2	3	-	
Indiana	278 614	141 414	1 5	1 5	9 14	13 21	5	- 9	1	- 3	1	
Michigan	733	587	2	2	24	29	10	14	11	11	-	
Wisconsin	433	587	1	-	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	516	390	2	2	63	71	24	24	21	25	-	
linnesota	95	33	-	1	10	24	2	13	5	10	-	
[ova	231 43	173 30	ī	-	13 7	16 8	5	5	4	9	-	
Forth Dakota	100	37	-	_	3'	1	-		-	-	-	
South Dakota	18	8	-	-	· · ·	ī	-	-	-	1	- 1	
Sebraska	11	12	-	-	14	11	8	6	5	3	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	18	97	1		16	10	6	-	5	-	-	
	1,055	390	9	11	92	108	31	38	24	25	2	
Maryland	34 190	10 45	1		1	3	1	4			- 1	
District of Columbia	17	2	-	-	-	2		-	-	2	-	
Virginia	269	75	-	4	5	13	2	9	3	4	-	
West Virginia	124 97	67 82	1	2	3 10	4 37	1	3 19	1 2	14	1	
South Carolina	26	20	2	-	9	7	1	1	2	-	1	
Georgia	135	46	3	3	24	19	8	-	3	2	-	
Florida	163	43		2	40	19	15	2	13	3	- 1	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	234	91	3	4	28	64	5	19	4	17	2	
Kentucky Tennessee	26 152	12 27	2	2	6	12	2	3 5	3 -	4	2	
Alabama	42	24	1	1	6	22	-	11	-	1 11	-	
Mississippi	14	28	-	1	10	16	3	-	1	-	-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,098	1,031	7	5	146	153	63	47	49	55	1	
Arkansas	24	36	1	1	11	13	6	7	4	6	-	
Oklahoma	18	13	2	2	18	18	12 3	7	6	11	1 :	
	112 944	65 917	-	2	13 104	41 81	42	16 17	37	12 26	1 -	
MOUNTAIN	437	510	3	2	37	14	13	-	10		4	
Montana	90	73	1	-	1		-	_	_	- 1	1	
Idaho	22	70	-	1	-	1	-	-		-	1	
WyomingColorado	1 41	41 159	2	ī	12	6	4		7		2	
New Mexico	26	31	-	-	8 3	2	5	-	-	-	-	
Arizona	153	53		-	6	1	3	-	1	-	-	
Otah	101 3	= 74	-	, 1 <u>-</u> .	6	4		= 2		-	5 × 1	
PACIFIC	1,692	2,148	6	7	81	51	50	30	28	15	_	
Washington												
Oregon	250 79	38 4 201	ī	1 -	3	6	1	- 1	1	ī	1 - 1	
California	1,363	1,563	5	6	76	43	48	29	26	14		
Alaska	3	25	-		2	-	1		1	-		
Havaii	22 70	3 43	-		10	1	9	-	1	-	-	1

²Includes cases not specified by type, category number (080.3).

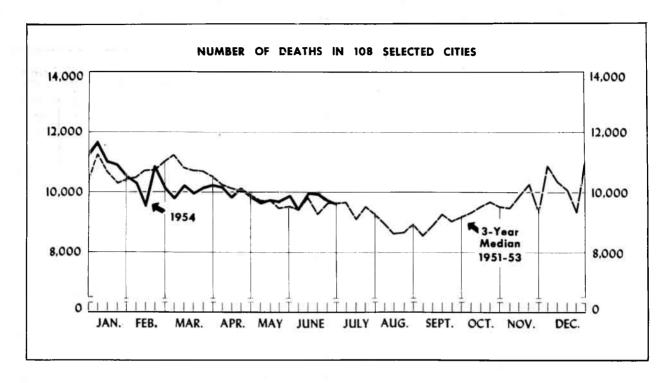
Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE, ALASKA, HAWAII, AND PUERTO RICO, FOR WEEKS ENDED JULY 4, 1953, AND JULY 3, 1954-Continued

(By place of occurrence. Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	SCARLET AND STREP SORE T (050,	HROAT	TRICHI- NIASIS (128)	TULAR (05		TYPH FEV (04	ER	TYPHUS FEVER, ENDEMIQ (101)	WEOO F COL (05	GH	RABI	
	1954	1953	1954	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1954	1953	1954	1953
CONT. UNITED STATES	1,016	1,244	10	13	7	32	61	8	1,002	680	117	96
NEW ENGLAND	98	84	1	-	-	-	2	-	50	47		A West
Maine New Hampshire	10	33 1	-	1	1	-	1	-	6	3	-	615
Vermont	1	2	-	-	-		1		1	4		15.22
MassachusettsRhode Island	68 2	28 3	1	2	_	22		1.5	26	32		< 2457
Connecticut	17	17		24	-		1	100	4	2	2.15	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	170	162	3	-	-	6	1	1	208	204	8	10
New York	125	119	1	-		1	-	1	111	146	8	9
New Jersey Pennsylvania	15	24	- 2	-	-		-	-	37	22	-	
EAST NORTE CENTRAL	30	19		-	-	5	1	-	60	36		1
Obio	128	124	-	-	-	4	4	÷ -	160	112	21	17
Indiana	16 17	25 9	-	-	-	3	3		29 15	18	3 11	1 12
Illinois	8	18	-	-	-	-	1		20	6	2	1
MichiganWisconsin	58 29	36 36	-	-	-	1	-		79 17	63 17	4	3
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	54	25	4	-	_	1	5		125	12	16	8
Minnesota	17	5	4	-	_	-	1	_	123	12	6	3
Iowa	6	4	-	-	-	- 2	1	-	5	4	2	-
Missouri North Dakota	21 3	6 3	_		-	1	1		100	3	8	5
South Dakota	-2	-	-	-	-		-	_	2	1.10		
Nebraska Kansas	2	6 1	-	-		-	2	-		- 4	-	(alies)
SOUTH ATLANTIC	104	105	_	3		-			5			
Delavare	104	105	511	-	1	4	19	3	82	74	22	1
Maryland	17	18		-	- 2	-	-	-	21	2 20	1 - 1	-
District of Columbia	3 47	4 54	-		-	-	-	-		5	100	
West Virginia	8	54 14	-	-	-	2	8	-	24 16	24 12	2 9	10
North Carolina	12	8	-	1	-	-	1	-	9	6	5	2
Georgia	7	- 3	-	2	ī	1	9	2	1	2	3	3
Florida	6	3	-	-	-	1	1	1	7	2	2	- i
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	26	32	-	-	-	5	8	1	27	36	8	25
Kentucky	14 8	12 13	-	-	-	1	3	- 1	14	12	1	4
Alabama	1	- 7	-	-		2	3 1	-	5 8	5	3	12
Mississippi	3	-	-	-	s-	-	1	. 1		16		9
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	721	424	-	10	1	9	15	3	133	97	32	15
Arkansas	30	20		1	_	4	5	-	14	13	3	.4
Louisiana	2	2	1	_	-	_	- 1	-	4	- 6	³ 8 4	ADMERT
Texas	681	400	-	9	1	5	9	3	111	78	17	11
MOUNTAIN	330	91		-	4	1	3	-	81	33	8	1
Montana	1	2	-	-	-				8	3	-	
Idaho	5 8	7 42			1.1	1	2	1	7	5		
Colorado	72	12	E.		1	-	-	-	18	2	-	
New Mexico	11 206	3	-	-	-	-	- 1		7 11	15 2	8	1.146
Btah	27	16		-	3	-	-		26	-	1	- 1
Kevada	-	1	L- 1	-	-	-	-	-	1			and a star
PACIFIC	185	197	2		1	2	4		136	65	2	1
Washington	16 16	17 24					2		15	6		111.30%
California	153	156	2		ī	- 2	1	1 . 2	15 106	48 11	2	1
laska	1	1	_	-	-		-	*	-	1		-
Iavaii	-	1	-	-	100	_	÷		8	8	-	

SReport for May.

I am the factor



The chart shows the number of deaths reported for 108 major cities of the United States by week for the current year, and, for comparison, the median of the number of deaths reported for the corresponding weeks of the 3 previous calendar years. (The median is the central one of the three values arranged in order of magnitude.) If a report is not received from a city in time to be included in the total for the current week, an estimate is made to maintain comparability for graphic presentation.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated, for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval between death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city where 50 deaths are the weekly average, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 ($d \pm 2\sqrt{d}$, where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 3.	DEATHS	IN	SELECTED	CITIES	BY	GEOGRAPHIC	DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

	26th week ended	25th week ended	26th week	Percent change, median	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 26 WEEKS				
AREA	July 3, 1954	June 26, 1954	median 1951-53	to current week	1954	1953	Percent change		
TOTAL: 103 REPORTING CITIES	9,095	9,104	9,046	+0.5	246,362	257,307	-4.3		
New England(14 cities)	606	669	634	-4.4	17,592	18,025	-2.4		
Middle Atlantic(16 cities)	2,669	2,718	2,880	-7.3	75,506	79,270	-4.		
East North Central(17 cities)	2,009	2,161	2,053	-2.1	56,418	58,518	-3.		
West North Central(8 cities)	810	730	674	+20.2	18,542	20,121	-7.8		
South Atlantic(9 cities)	687	684	724	-5.1	19,993	21,003	-4.8		
East South Cantral(7 cities)	436	385	383	+13.8	11,169	11,729	-4.8		
West South Central(13 cities)	872	734	790	+10.4	20,082	20,858	-3.		
Mountain(8 cities) Pacific(11 cities)	228 778	215 808	217 686	+5.1	6,026 21,034	6,594 21,189	-8.6		

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	26th week ended July	25th week ended June	CUMULATIV		CITY	26th week ended July	25th week ended June	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 26 WEEKS		
	3, 1954	26, 1954	1954	1953		3, 1954	26, 1954	1954	1953	
NEW ENGLAND					WEST NORTH CENTRAL-Con.			1.	12	
Boston	188	232	5,869	6,088	St. Louis	263	227	6,032	6,672	
Bridgeport	29	29	928	869	St. Paul	59	69	1,722	1,700	
Cambridge	23	33	758	757	Wichita	53	47	1,079	1,108	
Fall River	25 49	32 47	759	750	SOUTH ATLANTIC					
Lowell	18	24	1,208 744	1,214 685	Atlanta	107	98	2,725	2,800	
Lynn	25	20	572	577	Baltimore	196	184	5,698	6,119	
New Bedford	23	30	595	630	Charlotte	37 (63)	22 (35)	801 (1,301)	762	
New Haven	50	39	1,175	1,172	Miami	46	47	1,701	1,615	
Providence Somerville	53 10	48	1,585	1,612	Norfolk	32	25	781	842	
Springfield, Mass	45	21 36	383 1,046	414 1,049	Richmond	48	63	1,648	1,733	
Waterbury	16	24	648	701	Savannah	(29)	(23)	(740)		
Worcester	52	54	1,322	1,507	Tampa Washington, D. C	52	45 169	1,438 4,361	1,467 4,779	
					Wilmington, Del	22	31	840	886	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					EAST SOUTH CENTRAL				000	
Albany	27 (35)	40 (28)	1,162 (880)	1,194	Birminghem	90	75	1,997	1,895	
Buffalo	152	108	3,676	3,836	Chattanooga	43	45	1,153	1,273	
Canden	31	51	966	945	Knoxville		(32)		(871	
Elizabeth	17	.20	703	770	Louisville	126	123	2,832	2,837	
Erie	35	44	904	927	Memphis	1 71	66	2,430	2,777	
Jersey City Newark, N. J	91	(49) 59	2,580	(1,862) 2,818	Mobile	31 22	25 14	808 655	825 726	
New York City	1,419	1,454	40,719	42,851	Nashville	53	37	1,294	1,396	
Paterson	34	37	1,014	1,046				_,	_,	
Philadelphia	441	511	12,290	12,862	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL					
Pittsburgh	155	138	4,256	4,610	Austin	36	20	662	673	
Reading Rochester, N. Y	(25) 78	(26) 80	(545) 2,440	2,543	Baton Rouge Corpus Christi	31 23	25 15	584 430	374 476	
Schenectady	24	39	630	640	Dallag	110	101	2,547	2,535	
Scranton	(34)	(25)	(906)		El Paso	31	28	727	772	
Syracuse	60	53	1,444	1,402	Fort Worth	59	55	1,385	1,564	
Trenton Utica	49 30	34	1,210	1,296	Houston	142	111	3,215	3,266	
Yonkers	26	25 25	804 708	834 (696 (Little Rock	72	45 147	1,082	1,183 4,218	
		50	100	0.50	Oklahoma City	63	55	1,512	1,503	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL					San Antonio	72	65	2,012	2,189	
Akron		(45)		(1,551)	Shreveport	33	31	963	1,087	
Canton	26	25	758	734	Tulsa	39	36	1,097	1,018	
Chicago	659	810	19,352	20,113	MOUNTAIN					
Cincinnati Cleveland	171 206	139 195	3,681	3,889 5,499	Albuquerque	21	31	682	706	
Columbus	206	195	5,333 2,684	2,794	Colorado Springs	11	9	323	363	
Dayton	53	45	1,661	1,662	Denver	101	100	2,703	2,933	
Detroit	301	294	8,202	8,480	OgdenPhoeniz	4 23	7	261 565	322 618	
Evansville	31	31	810	894	Pueblo	18	12	342	356	
FlintFort Wayne	36 26	44 25	998 684	983 798	Salt Lake City	48	38	1,048	1,159	
Gary		(26)	684		Tucson	2	4	102	137	
Grand Rapids	36	41	1,043	1,031	PACIFIC					
Indianapolis	96	109	2,947	3,020	Berkeley	18	12	462	453	
MilwaukeePeoria	97	122	3,233	3,293	Long Beach	41	48	1,282	1,260	
South Bend	31 18	27 27	797 612	826 641	Los Angeles	¹ (752)		(11,565)	(11,843	
Toledo	82	72	2,338	2,445	Oakland	75	90	2,462	2,559	
Youngstown	43	50	1,285	1,416	Pasadena	38 97	38 111	² 2,616	906	
					Portland, Oreg	51	64	1,241	2,704	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL					San Diego	76	73	1,935	1,888	
Des Moines	49	58	1,289	1,318	San Francisco	188	189	4,873	5,104	
Duluth	37	23	701	704	Seattle	125	112	3,196	3,066	
Kansas City, Kans Kansas City, Mo	164	(33)	3 060	(907)	Spokane	47	45	1,184	1,096	
Minneapolis	164 107	133 107	3,060 3,057	3,343 3,475	Tacoma	22	26	898	891	
maha	78	66	1,602	1,801	Honolulu	·(35)	(27)		(826	

¹Reported for 2 weeks ended July 3. ²Correction of figure for week ended June 12: 238 should be 111.

Symbols. -- parentheses [()]: data not included in table 3; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

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