**SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE. Percentage of funding to national blood transfusion services from the Ministry of Health — 12 PEPFAR-supported sub-Saharan African countries,\* 2014–2016†**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Country** | **2014 (%)** | **2015 (%)** | **2016 (%)** | **% change 2014 to 2016** |
| Rwanda | 8 | 7 | 75 | +838 |
| Tanzania | 29 | 22 | 100 | +245 |
| Mozambique | 25 | 15 | 50 | +100 |
| Ethiopia | 54 | 75 | 100 | +85 |
| Zambia | 53 | 54 | 75 | +42 |
| Côte d’Ivoire | 67 | 84 | 100 | +33 |
| Nigeria | 5 | 3 | 6 | +20 |
| Ghana | 49 | 45 | 50 | +2 |
| Swaziland | 100 | 100 | 100 | 0 |
| Uganda | 52 | 82 | 52 | 0 |
| Lesotho | 43 | 37 | 25 | -42 |
| Kenya | 67 | 37 | 25 | -63 |

**Abbreviations:** PEPFAR = President’s Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief; GDBS = Global Database for Blood Safety.

\* No data were available for South Africa and Zimbabwe.

† 2014 and 2015 data from the GDBS database, 2016 self-reported.