

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

SALMONELLA

SURVEILLANCE



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For the month of September 1966

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PREFACE

Summarized in this report is information received from State and City Health Departments, university and hospital laboratories, the National Animal Disease Laboratory (USDA, ARS), Ames, Iowa, and other pertinent sources, domestic and foreign. Much of the information is preliminary. It is intended primarily for the use of those with responsibility for disease control activities. Anyone desiring to quote this report should contact the original investigator for confirmation and interpretation.

Contributions to the Surveillance Report are most welcome. Please address to:

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I. SUMMARY

In September, 1,824 isolations of salmonellae from humans were reported, an average of 456 isolations per week. This number represents a decrease of 26 (5.4 percent) from the weekly average of August 1966 and a decrease of 48 (9.5 percent) from the weekly average of September 1965. The cumulative number of isolations reported for the first 9 months of 1966 was 14,739, a decrease of 5.4 percent from the 15,585 isolations reported during this same period in 1965.

Reports of 546 nonhuman isolations of salmonellae were received during September, a decrease of 317 (36.7 percent) from August 1966.

II. REPORTS OF ISOLATIONS FROM THE STATES

A. Human

The seven most frequently reported serotypes during September were:

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Serotype</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Rank Last Month</u>
1	<u>S. typhi-murium</u> and <u>S. typhi-murium var.</u> <u>copenhagen</u>	560	30.7	1
2	<u>S. heidelberg</u>	157	8.6	2
3	<u>S. enteritidis</u>	130	7.1	5
4	<u>S. infantis</u>	120	6.6	4
5	<u>S. newport</u>	115	6.3	3
6	<u>S. saint-paul</u>	45	2.5	7
7	<u>S. blockley</u> and	44	2.4	Not Listed
7	<u>S. thompson</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>2.4</u>	6
	Total	1,215	66.6	
	Total (all serotypes)	1,824		

The age and sex distribution (Table III) is similar to previous months.

B. Nonhuman

Fifty-three different serotypes were reported from nonhuman sources by 33 states.

The seven most frequently reported serotypes during September were:

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Serotype</u>	<u>Predominant Source and Number</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Rank Last Month</u>
1	<u>S. typhi-murium</u> and <u>S. typhi-murium var.</u> <u>copenhagen</u>	Chicken (17) and Turkey (11)	76	13.9	1
2	<u>S. heidelberg</u>	Turkey (42) and Chicken (17)	70	12.8	2
3	<u>S. anatum</u>	Sewage (9) and Sewer swab (7)	38	7.0	3
4	<u>S. infantis</u>	Chicken (15) and Animal feed (10)	31	5.7	Not Listed
5	<u>S. saint-paul</u>	Turkey (25)	30	5.5	Not Listed
6	<u>S. montevideo</u>	Chicken (11)	26	4.8	Not Listed
7	<u>S. cubana</u>	Carmin dye (19)	<u>25</u>	<u>4.6</u>	Not Listed
	Total		296	54.3	
	Total (all serotypes)		546		

The most common nonhuman sources of salmonellae reported during September were turkeys, 152 (27.8 percent); chickens, 89 (16.3 percent); livestock feed, 52 (9.5 percent); sewage, 38 (7.0 percent); and animal feed, 23 (4.2 percent).

III. CURRENT INVESTIGATIONS

NONE

IV. REPORTS FROM THE STATES

NONE

V. SPECIAL REPORTS

NONE

VI. INTERNATIONAL

A. Belgium

Report of Isolations of Salmonella from Human Sources - Third Quarter 1966. Reported by E. van Oye, M.D., National Salmonella and Shigella Center of Belgium.

During the third quarter of 1966, 1,118 isolations of salmonellae from human sources were reported. The five most common serotypes are shown in the table below.

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Serotype</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>
1	<u>S. typhi-murium</u>	774	69.2
2	<u>S. panama</u>	115	10.3
3	<u>S. brandenburg</u>	74	6.6
4	<u>S. infantis</u>	30	3.3
5	<u>S. heidelberg</u>	26	2.3

The twofold increase in number of isolations as compared to the second quarter of 1966 is consistent with the expected summer seasonal increase. Salmonella adelaide, S. javiana, and S. muenster were isolated for the first time from humans in Belgium.

B. Czechoslovakia

Salmonella Surveillance in Czechoslovakia - 1965. Reported by Dr. D. Matejovska, CSc., Institute of Epidemiology and Microbiology, Prague.

There were 6,915 human isolations of salmonella including 45 different serotypes reported in Czechoslovakia in 1965. The ten most common serotypes isolated from man are shown in the following table. The order of the serotypes is remarkably similar to previous years.

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Serotype</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Percent</u>
1	<u>S. typhi-murium</u>	1,964	28.4
2	<u>S. enteritidis</u>	1,735	25.1
3	<u>S. anatum</u>	1,474	21.3
4	<u>S. newport</u>	300	4.3
5	<u>S. derby</u>	253	3.7
6	<u>S. muenchen</u>	224	3.2
7	<u>S. paratyphi B</u>	194	2.8
8	<u>S. bareilly</u>	185	2.7
9	<u>S. meleagridis</u>	87	1.3
10	<u>S. bovis-morbificans</u>	66	1.0

There were 10,907 isolations from animal and animal products reported to the Central State Veterinary Institutes, and the most common sources were pigs, cattle, and fowl.

VII. FOOD AND FEED SURVEILLANCE

A. Progress Report on Food Surveillance

Fifteen cake mix samples were received from Illinois and not included on last month's report. These were examined for salmonellae, shigellae, Escherichia coli, and coagulase positive staphylococci, and all were found to be negative.

One hundred seventy-four meat samples from seven states were examined for salmonellae, shigellae, E. coli, and coagulase positive staphylococci (Table VII). Most of the samples were from beef; ground beef was most frequently contaminated. Both E. coli and coagulase positive staphylococci were isolated from samples from every state represented in Table VII. Twenty of the 25 samples from Florida contained coagulase positive staphylococci. Five of 27 samples from New Mexico, 2 samples from New York City, and 1 sample from Virginia were positive for salmonellae. Three of the 5 positive samples from New Mexico, however, were from one source. Salmonellae were not found in meat products from other states.

All samples were negative for shigellae. Serotyping and phage typing results are not complete.

- B. Salmonella Contamination in a Precooked Pork Product. Abstracted from a presentation by M. Goldfield; presented at Salmonellosis Seminar sponsored by the Philadelphia Chapter Institute of Food Technology and the Philadelphia Health Department, January 11, 1966.

Recent salmonella investigations conducted in the New Jersey State Health Department concerned a single pork product prepared into a roll and cooked "ready-to-eat." The seven plants in the state processing this product were visited; 42 samples were obtained during the processing procedure, and 30 were taken from the final cooked product. All samples were cultured for salmonellae.

Salmonellae were recovered from 29 (41.4%) of the 72 samples, including 8 from the finished cooked product. Multiple isolations were obtained from several of the 29 positive samples, with a total of 40 salmonella isolations. Twelve different serotypes were identified, including 5 of the 7 types most frequently found to be associated with human infections in the United States during 1965. Interestingly, S. derby was the most frequently identified serotype, accounting for 11 of the 40 isolations.

During the study, several different methods of isolation were tried. The meat was inoculated in aliquots of 30 gm into 100 ml each of nutrient, tetrathionate and

selenite F broths. In addition, nutrient broth, after 24 hours of incubation, was used to inoculate an additional tube of tetrathionate. Subculture to plating media and incubation times and temperatures are indicated in Table VIII.

Only 1 of the 40 salmonella isolates was obtained by all of the techniques. Twenty-five of the 40 isolations were obtained from only one of the enrichment procedures. Selenite F enrichment at 43.5 C. and tetrathionate broth inoculated from a 24-hour culture in nutrient broth proved the most effective for this particular food product, but even these each yielded only 53 percent of the total number of isolates. Inoculation of plating media after each 24-hour period of incubation was important. Five isolates were obtained from selenite after a 24-hour period but not subsequently, and similarly, an additional three were each detected only at 48 hours and 72 hours, respectively.

Figure 1.

REPORTED HUMAN ISOLATIONS OF SALMONELLA
IN THE UNITED STATES

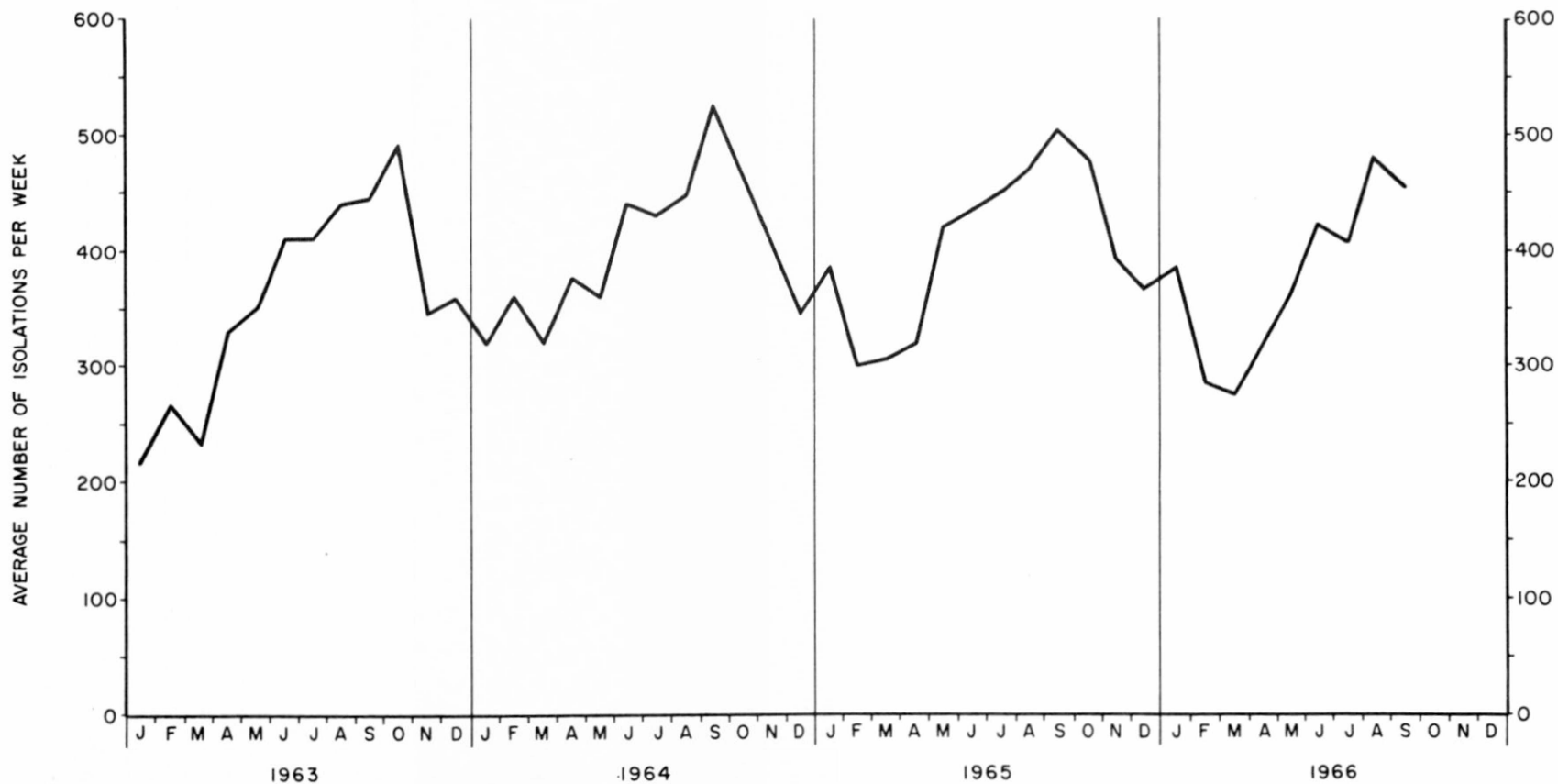


TABLE I (Continued)
COMMON SALMONELLA SEROTYPES ISOLATED FROM HUMANS IN THE UNITED STATES DURING SEPTEMBER, 1966

SEROTYPE	GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION AND REPORTING CENTER																				TOTAL	% OF TOTAL	1966 CUM. TOTAL	% OF 1966 CUM. TOTAL	1965 CUM. TOTAL	% OF 1965 CUM. TOTAL	SEROTYPE					
	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL					WEST SOUTH CENTRAL					MOUNTAIN					PACIFIC												OTHER				
	KY	TENN	ALA	MISS	TOT	ARK	LA	OKLA	TEX	TOT	MONT	IDA	WYO	COLO	NM	ARI	UTAH	NEV	TOT	WASH								ORE	CAL	ALAS	HAI	TOT
anatum																											20	1.1	233	1.6	218	anatum
bareilly																											13	.7	59	.4	86	bareilly
berta																											2	.1	27	.2	29	berta
blockley																											44	2.4	454	3.1	268	blockley
braenderup																											19	1.0	85	.6	62	braenderup
bredeney																											11	.6	96	.7	110	bredeney
chester																											6	13	86	16	90	chester
cholerae-suis v kun																											3	.2	21	.1	26	cholerae-suis v kun
cubana																											10	.5	116	.8	119	cubana
derby																											42	2.3	297	2.0	511	derby
enteritidis																											11	7.1	926	6.3	788	enteritidis
give																											7	.4	66	.4	89	give
heidelberg																											157	8.6	1,237	8.4	1,210	heidelberg
indiana																											2	.1	56	.4	44	indiana
infantis																											120	6.6	1,061	7.2	858	infantis
java																											19	1.0	286	1.9	127	java
javiana																											30	1.6	177	1.2	221	javiana
kentucky																											2	.1	17	.1	8	kentucky
litchfield																											13	.7	54	.4	63	litchfield
livingstone																											2	.1	19	.1	21	livingstone
manhattan																											15	.8	84	.6	92	manhattan
meleagridis																											7	.4	57	.4	67	meleagridis
miami																											7	.4	38	.3	27	miami
mississippi																											37	2.0	249	1.7	360	mississippi
montevideo																											37	2.0	249	1.7	360	montevideo
muenchen																											17	.9	152	1.0	162	muenchen
newington																											3	.2	34	.2	44	newington
newport																											115	6.3	887	6.0	887	newport
oranienburg																											38	2.1	311	2.1	470	oranienburg
panama																											24	1.3	192	1.3	176	panama
paratyphi B																											11	.6	115	.8	134	paratyphi B
poona																											4	.2	29	.2	36	poona
saint-paul																											45	2.5	544	3.7	560	saint-paul
san-diego																											13	.7	109	.7	207	san-diego
schwarzengrund																											5	.3	49	.3	80	schwarzengrund
senftenberg																											7	.4	46	.3	56	senftenberg
tennessee																											13	.7	99	.7	152	tennessee
thompson																											44	2.4	455	3.1	430	thompson
typhi																											37	2.0	510	3.5	567	typhi
typhi-murium																											20	1.1	185	1.3	219	typhi-murium
typhi-murium v cop																											24	1.3	126	.9	142	typhi-murium v cop
urbana																											2	.1	19	.1	24	urbana
weltvedren																											4	.2	29	.2	27	weltvedren
worthington																											3	.2	30	.2	34	worthington
untypable group B																											41	2.2	267	1.8	219	untypable group B
untypable group C1																											19	1.0	82	.6	66	untypable group C1
untypable group C2																											7	.4	40	.3	45	untypable group C2
untypable group D																											11	.6	43	.3	28	untypable group D
untypable group E																											3	.2	10	.1	46	untypable group E
untypable or unknown																											12	.7	60	.4	94	untypable or unknown
Total Common	13	21	14	8	56	31	105	14	75	225	10	4	0	27	24	11	6	1	83	26	25	166	2	40	259	1,756	96.3	14,231	96.6	15,585	Total Common	
Total Uncommon	0	1	0	0	1	0	8	1	12	21	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	3	0	2	4	68	3.7	508	3.4	9	Total Uncommon	
Grand Total	13	22	14	8	57	31	113	15	87	246	11	4	0	28	24	11	7	1	86	26	26	169	2	42	265	1,824	100.0	14,739	100.0	15,585	Grand Total	

TABLE II
UNCOMMON SALMONELLA SEROTYPES ISOLATED FROM HUMANS DURING 1966

SEROTYPE	REPORTING CENTER																																		
	ALA	ALAS	ARI	ARK	CALIF	COLO	CONN	DEL	DC	FLA	GA	HAI	IDA	ILL	IND	IOWA	KAN	KY	LA	ME	MD	MASS	MICH	MINN	MISS	MO	MONT	NEBR	NEV	NH	NJ	NM			
aberdeen					1																														
abortus-bovis															2																				
agama					1											1																			
alachua					1																														
albany					2																														
anager																																			
arkansas																																			
atlanta																																			
austin																																			
ball					2																														
berlin																																			
binza					3	1																													
bonaire					1																														
bonariensis																																			
bovis-morbificans		1			1										1																				
bradford																																			
brandenburg						2																													
california					2																														
carrau																																			
cerro																																			
chailey																																			
cholerae-suis					5																														
coleypark						1																													
colorado																																			
concord																																			
corvallis																																			
daytona																																			
drypool																																			
dublin					2																														
duesseldorf					1																														
duisburg																																			
eimsbuettel																																			
fayed																																			
gallinarum																																			
gaminara																																			
garoli																																			
glostrup																																			
grumpensis																																			
habana																																			
haifa																																			
hartford					2																														
ibadon																																			
inverness																																			
irumu																																			
kaapstad																																			
kottbus																																			
lanka					1																														
loma-linda																																			
luciana																																			
madelia																																			
manchester																																			
menston																																			
minnesota					2																														
mission																																			
njinwema																																			
molde																																			
muenster																																			
nagoya																																			
new-brunswick																																			
new-haw																																			
newlands																																			
nienstedten																																			
norwich																																			
ohio																																			
orion																																			
oritamerin																																			
oslo																																			
paratyphi-A																																			
paratyphi-B v odense																																			
paratyphi-C																																			
pomona																																			
pullorum																																			
reading																																			
rubislaw																																			
saphra																																			
sarajane																																			
verenban																																			
viegburg																																			
simsbury																																			
sohanina																																			

TABLE III

Age and Sex Distribution of Individuals Reported as Harboring Salmonellae
During September 1966

<u>Age (Years)</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Unknown</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Cumulative %</u>
Under 1	100	98	4	202	17.4	17.4
1 - 4	132	129	1	262	22.5	39.9
5 - 9	90	68		158	13.6	53.5
10 - 19	73	59	1	133	11.4	64.9
20 - 29	33	54		87	7.5	72.4
30 - 39	25	49		74	6.4	78.8
40 - 49	27	55	1	83	7.1	85.9
50 - 59	21	40	1	62	5.3	91.2
60 - 69	21	30		51	4.4	95.6
70 - 79	18	17		35	3.0	98.6
80+	9	6		15	1.3	99.9
Child (unspec.)	15	10	6	31		
Adult (unspec.)	6	22	1	29		
Unknown	<u>272</u>	<u>283</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>602</u>		
Total	842	920	62	1824		
% of Total	47.8	52.2				

TABLE VI
OTHER SEROTYPES REPORTED DURING 1966
FROM NONHUMAN SOURCES

SEROTYPE	MONTH(S)	REPORTING CENTER(S)	NUMBER OF ISOLATIONS
abortus-bovis	Mar	La	1
adelaide	Mar	La	1
alagbon	Mar	NJ	2
amager	May-Jul	Ark	2
amsterdam	Jan	Ohio	1
babelsburg	Jan	Ind	1
bareilly	Mar-Apr	Cal(2)	
	Mar-Apr-May-Aug	La(5)	
	Apr	Ind(1)	
	May	Ill(1)	
	Jun	DC(1)	
	Jun	Mich(2)	
	Jul	Wash(1)	
	Aug	Iowa(1)	
	Aug	Minn(2)	
	Aug	Neb(6)	
	Aug	Utah(1)	23
berta	Feb	Ga(2)	
	May	Cal(1)	3
birmingham	Jun	La	1
bovis-morbificans	Jan	Cal(1)	
	Aug	DC(2)	3
bradford	Jan	NJ	1
braenderup	Jan-Feb	Ark(4)	
	Jan	Cal(1)	
	Jan	Miss(1)	
	Feb	Ala(1)	
	Feb	Tex(1)	
	Mar	Va(1)	
	Apr-Jul	Conn(6)	15
cambridge	Apr	La	1
caracas	Mar	La	1
carrau	Apr	Mass	2
champaign	Mar	La	2
cholerae-suis	Feb	Cal(1)	
	Aug	Miss(2)	3
colorado	Mar	NJ	1
corvallis	Apr-Jun	La	2
dublin	Jan-Feb-Mar-Apr-May		
	Jun-Jul	Cal(26)	
	Jan-Mar-Apr-Aug	Utah(6)	32
emek	Jul	Tex	1

TABLE VI (Continued)
OTHER SEROTYPES REPORTED DURING 1966
FROM NONHUMAN SOURCES

SEROTYPE	MONTH(S)	REPORTING CENTER(S)	NUMBER OF ISOLATIONS
eppendorf	Jan	NJ	1
fayed	Apr	La(1)	
	Apr	NC(1)	2
gaminara	Jul	La(1)	
	Aug	Tex(1)	2
grumpensis	Mar-Jul-Aug	La	5
habana	Apr	Md	1
halmstad	Mar	La	4
hamilton	Jan	La	1
hartford	Mar	Fla	1
indiana	Jan	Fla(1)	
	Jan	NJ(6)	
	Feb-Mar-Apr-May-Jun	Ind(14)	
	Feb	La(1)	
	Mar	Iowa(3)	
	Mar	Miss(1)	
	Mar	Pa(1)	
	Jun	Ill(1)	
	Jul	SC(1)	
	Aug	Mo(3)	32
kaapstad	Mar	La	1
kottbus	Feb	Ga	1
lexington	Jan	Cal(1)	
	Mar-May	La(3)	
	Mar	NJ(2)	
	May	Minn(1)	
	Jun	Wisc(1)	8
lille	Mar	NJ	1
litchfield	Apr	Cal(1)	
	May	Conn(4)	
	May	Ga(1)	
	May	Kan(2)	
	Jun-Jul	Fla(9)	
	Jul	Ohio(1)	
	Jul	Wash(1)	19
madelia	Jul	SC(1)	
	Aug	Cal(1)	2
meleagridis	Jan-Feb-Apr	Cal(4)	
	Feb-May-Jul	Wisc(3)	
	Mar-Aug	Ind(2)	
	Mar-May	La(2)	
	May	Minn(1)	12
miami	Feb	Cal(1)	
	Feb	Tex(1)	
	Jul	Fla(1)	
	Jul	Wash(1)	4
mikawashima	Jul	Ind	2
minneapolis	May	Cal	1
mission	Mar	Ohio(1)	
	May	La(1)	2

TABLE VI (Continued)
OTHER SEROTYPES REPORTING DURING 1966
FROM NONHUMAN SOURCES

SEROTYPE	MONTH(S)	REPORTING CENTER(S)	NUMBER OF ISOLATIONS
mississippi new-brunswick	Mar	La	1
	Mar-May	Ill(2)	
	Apr-May-Jun-Jul	Ind(34)	
	May-Jun	Minn(37)	
	Jun	Wisc(2)	
	Jul	Mich(2)	77
new-haw norwich	Mar	NJ	1
	Jul	Conn(1)	
	Jul	Mich(1)	
ohio	Aug	Okla(2)	4
	Feb	Iowa(7)	
	Feb	Minn(1)	
	Jun	NJ(1)	
	Jun	NYA(1)	10
orion	Jan	Miss(4)	
	Jan	Ohio(1)	
	Feb	Wisc(2)	
	Mar	Ill(1)	
	Apr	Ind(1)	
	May-Jun	La(2)	
	Jul	Minn(1)	12
oslo paratyphi-B	Jan-Mar-May	Cal	5
	Mar	Md(1)	
	Mar	Tex(1)	
	Apr-May	Ohio(3)	
	Jul	Wash(1)	6
pharr pomona	Jan	Mich	1
	Mar	NJ	1
portland rubislaw	Jul	Wash	1
	Jul	Conn(1)	
	Jul	La(2)	
	Aug	Ind(1)	4
seremban stockholm	Aug	Kan	1
	May	Ohio	1
taksony	Feb-Aug	Cal(2)	
	Apr	Md(1)	
	Jun	Ga(1)	4
teddington tournai	Aug	La	1
	Mar	NJ	1
tuebinger typhi typhi-suis	Jan	Mich	1
	Jan	Mo	1
	Feb-Mar	Cal(6)	
	Mar	Minn(1)	7
vejle westhampton	Apr	La	1
	Mar	Kan	1
Total			343

TABLE VII

Source	Total No. Samples	Total No. Brands	Type Food	No. Samples	No. Brands	Results No. Positive Samples			Coag. Pos. Staph.
						Salmo- nellae	Shi- gellae	E. coli	
Virginia	24	9	Beef Frankfurters	11	6	-	-	1	1
			Beef Steaks	4	2	-	-	2	1
			Ground Chuck	3	2	-	-	-	-
			Ground Beef	2	1	-	-	-	-
			Ground Beef with Spleens	2	1	1*	-	1	-
			Air Dried Beef	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Pork Sausage	1	1	-	-	1	1
			Total	24		1	-	5	3
Washington	23	3	Stew Beef	2	2	-	-	-	1
			Weiners	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Cube Steak	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Ox Tail	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Ground Round	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Short Ribs of Beef	2	2	-	-	-	1
			Chopped Sirloin	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Ground Beef	2	2	-	-	2	-
			Sirloin Tip Steak	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Top Round Steak	2	2	-	-	-	-
			T-Bone Steak	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Beef Shank	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Eye of Round Steak	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Beef Heart	1	1	-	-	-	-
Beef Tongue	1	1	-	-	1	-			
Total	23		-	-	3	2			
Florida	25	19	Ground Beef	20	18	-	-	2	16
			Ground Chuck	3	2	-	-	-	2
			Chopped Sirloin	2	1	-	-	-	2
			Total	25		-	-	2	20
Illinois	26	18	Beef Sausage	3	3	-	-	-	-
			Beef Bacon	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Smoked Pastrami	1	1	-	-	-	1
			Sliced Beef	5	5	-	-	1	-
			Beef Frankfurters	5	5	-	-	1	1
			Luncheon Meat	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Corned Beef	3	3	-	-	-	-
			Bologna	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Beef Steak	2	2	-	-	1	-
			Ground Beef	3	3	-	-	-	1
Total	26		-	-	3	3			
New York City	24	21	Ground Beef	13	12	1**	-	5	4
			Beef Frankfurters	10	10	-	-	2	2
			Beef Steak	1	1	1	-	-	-
			Total	24		2	-	7	6

TABLE VII(Continued)

<u>Source</u>	<u>Total No. Samples</u>	<u>Total No. Brands</u>	<u>Type Food</u>	<u>No. Samples</u>	<u>No. Brands</u>	<u>Salmo- nellae</u>	<u>Shi- gellae</u>	<u>E. coli</u>	<u>Coag. Pos. Staph.</u>
New Mexico	27	13	Ground Beef	21	11	5***	-	6	7
			Ground Round	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Beef Wieners	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Beef Bologna	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Ground Chuck	<u>1</u>	1	-	-	-	-
			Total	<u>27</u>				<u>5</u>	<u>-</u>
Louisiana	25	13	Horsemeat	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Filet Mignon	1	1	-	-	1	1
			Ground Beef	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Beef Frankfurters	1	1	-	-	-	1
			Stew Beef	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Beef Bologna	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Sliced Beef	3	2	-	-	1	-
			Eye of Round Steak	1	1	-	-	-	1
			Beef Tongue (ready to eat)	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Corned Beef (ready to eat)	3	2	-	-	-	-
			Beef Liver	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Veal Steak	2	2	-	-	-	-
			Chopped Beef Sirloin (bacon wrapped)	3	1	-	-	1	-
			Tenderloin Steak	1	1	-	-	-	-
			Beef Steaks	2	1	-	-	-	1
			Top Sirloin	<u>1</u>	1	-	-	-	-
			Total	<u>25</u>				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Grand Total				174		8	-	29	45

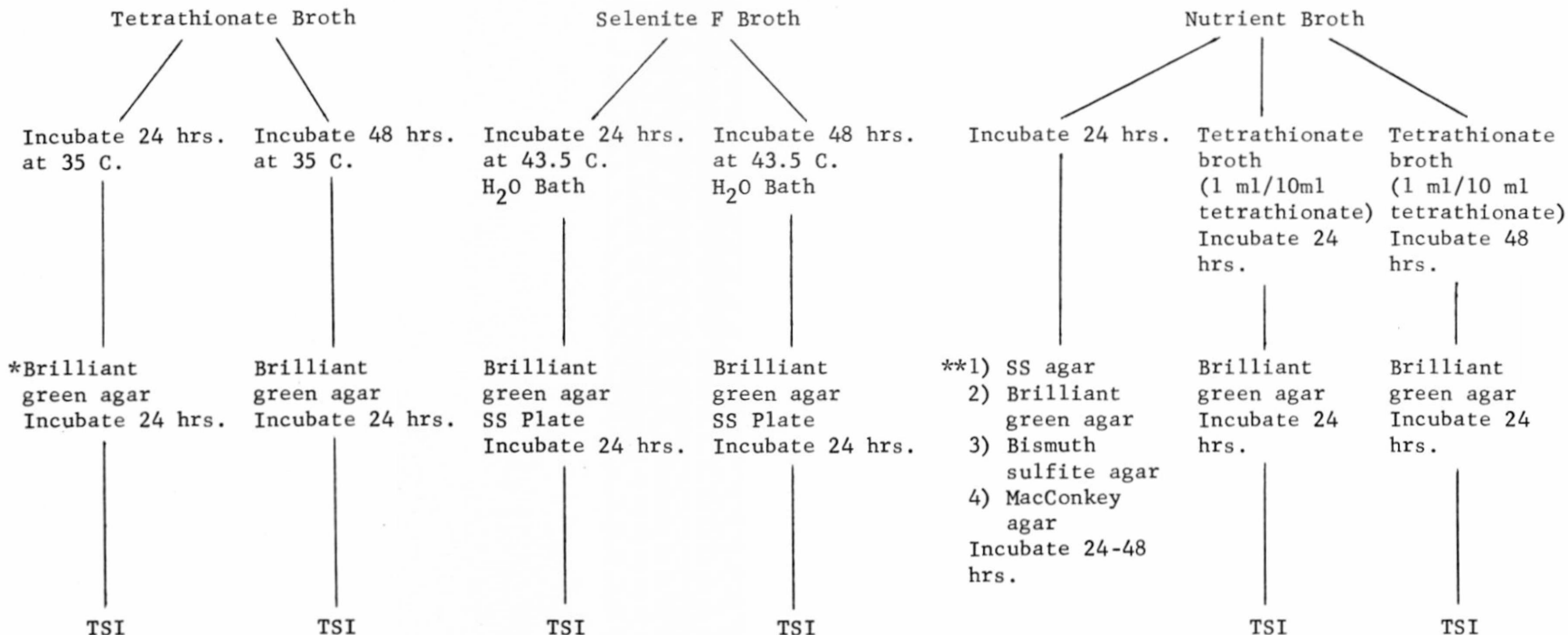
* Virginia - S. derby

** New York - S. muenster - 1
typing incomplete - 1

*** New Mexico - S. anatum - 2
S. javiana - 1
S. heidelberg - 1
typing incomplete - 1

TABLE VIII

Flow Sheet for Salmonella Isolation in Foods
30 gm. sample for 100 ml. broth



* Brilliant green agar contains sodium sulfadiazine, 8 mg. per 100 ml. of brilliant green agar.

** Plating of 4 different culture media from nonselective nutrient broth serves purpose of (1) rapid recovery of salmonella if present in large concentration and (2) to ascertain general nature of bacterial flora.