U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Prepared by the

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

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Vol. 13, No. 15

PROVISIONAL INFORMATION ON SELECTED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES IN THE UNITED STATES AND ON DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED APRIL 11, 1964

MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS

A total of 98 cases of meningococcal meningitis was reported for the week ended April 11. Of this total, 37 were reported from 3 States; California reported 17, Kentucky 12, and Missouri 8.

The 17 cases reported from California were from 8 separate counties stretching the entire length of the State.

Kentucky's 12 new cases raises its 1964 cumulative total to 31. Eight of the 12 cases this past week were reported from Fort Knox; 3 of the 8 cases were fatal. The remaining 4 cases, believed unrelated, were from scattered areas of the State. A sulfa prophylaxis program was held at Fort Knox.

Five of Missouri's 8 cases occurred in Ft. Leonard Wood personnel; 2 of the 5 were fatal. The remainder of

cases were from scattered areas of the State. Of Missouri's 26 cases this year, 12 were reported from Ft. Leonard Wood.

The 98 cases raise the cumulative total to 901 for the first 15 weeks. The 98 cases reported for the past week are about double the 5 year median (1959-1963), but the 1964 total to date is only 3 more than the total for the comparable period of 1963. The 1964 cumulative total is about 6 percent above the 5 year median.

Although the overall total is about the same as last year, many States in the South and Southeast as well as New Mexico and California have shown notable increases in cumulative 1964 total cases.

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

Section of the second section of	15th Wes	ek Ended	101, 10	Cumu1a	Weeks	
Disease	April 11, 1964	April 13, 1963	Median 1959 - 1963	1964	1963	Median 1959 - 1963
Aseptic meningitis	41	20	State of the state	Turbon inter-	all lymotenife	Lath Aspect
Brucellosis	27	22	00000	410	333	Line Lands Land
Diphtheria	6	6	10	106	93	158
Encephalitis, primary infectious	3	- 8	8	55	99	222
Encortaintis, primary intectious	31	-39	***	476	384	***
Encephalitis, post-infectious	24	7,	***	194	J- 364	
Hepatitis, infectious including	San berilana		a market to		distributions	Con It Eve
Serum hepatitis	771	792	836	13,736	15,489	15,489
Measles	26,935	17,542	17,542	167,274	178,245	183,291
meningococcal infections	98	54	51	901	898	852
" Total	See Service or	3	11	19	43	123
Paralytic	OF STREET	3	9	13	38	78
Nonparalytic	Chair NAR A	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO	9.70.000	5	2	
Unspecified		and Table 18		1	3	
Streptococcal Sore Throat and	THE PERSON		-and Table 1			to an outle
Scarlet fever	11,322	7,405		162,480	146,975	
*etanus	4	4	701 S	55	50	
aremia	3	4		76	58	
Typhoid fever	6	13	11	95	106	139
Rabies in Animals	109	100	100	1,250	1,056	1,208

Table 2. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.	material to the property and the same of	Cum.
Anthrax: Botulism: Leptospirosis: Malaria: Plague:	6 Ra 6 Sm	ittacosis: Gal bies in Man: allpox: phus- Murine: Rky Mt. Spotted: Tennl, Oklal	13 - - 2 6

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORT JIMSON WEED POISONING - TENNESSEE

An unusual outbreak of stramonium food poisoning related to jimson weed consumption was reported from Hawkins County, Tennessee. Five persons in all became ill between 5 minutes and 5 hours after consuming tomatoes which contained the alkaloid.

Five minutes after eating, 2 adults became acutely ill at the luncheon table with visual hallucinations, disorientation, generalized weakness, blurred vision, pronounced thirst, vertigo and nausea. They were hospitalized immediately. On physical examination, both had dilated, sluggishly reactive pupils. Within 5 hours of this meal, the 3 others sharing it had become ill with similar, but milder, symptoms.

The meal had consisted of fresh, sliced tomatoes, split pea soup, spaghetti, sweet milk, and cornbread. Both the split pea soup and spaghetti had been served 2 days earlier; they had been reheated for this meal.

One individual had consumed 3-1/2 slices of tomato and 4 others had eaten 1 slice each of fresh tomato. Commercially canned tomatoes were used in the spaghetti.

In a telephone call from the hospital to Dr. Cecil B. Tucker, Director, Division of Preventable Diseases, Tennessee State Health Department, it was noted that the tomatoes served at the meal had been "grown with jimson weed." Immediate examination of the State Toxicology files yielded a description of jimson weed poisoning, the toxic principal being the alkaloids stramonium, hyoscyamine, scopolamine, and stropine, Certain that jimson weed explained their symptoms, Dr. Tucker immediately telephoned this information to their physicians.

A description of each of the cases follows:

Case 1: Five minutes after eating 3-1/2 slices of tomatoes, a 48-year-old male developed blurred vision and experienced vertigo when he attempted to stand. Within the next hour, he experienced visual hallucinations (bugs and flowers). He attempted to pick objects out of the air and twist imaginary door knobs. He complained of extreme thirst, xerostomia, muscle spasms in the lower extremities, and mild cramping abdominal pain. When he presented to the emergency room, he was irrational, continued to hallucinate, and was incontinent of urine. His temperature was 99°F., blood pressure 120/80, pulse 100, and respirations 20. His face was moderately flushed and the oral mucous membranes were dry. Both pupils were widely dilated and reacted sluggishly to light. The remainder of the general physical and neurological examinations was unremarkable except for slight twitching of the lower extremities. Routine urinalysis and blood counts were normal.

The patient was started on oral pilocarpine after stramonium was implicated as the etiological agent, receiving a total of 30 mgm. during the night of admission. Rapid improvement followed with return of a clear sensorium. The patient was asymptomatic at the time of his discharge on October 30.

Case 2: Within five minutes after eating one tomato slice, a 30-year-old female cried out, "I'm going blind!" She became drowsy and laid her head on the table for a few moments. When she attempted to stand, her vision again became blurred and she experienced marked vertigo. Mild nausea, abdominal cramping pain, and vomiting followed within the hour. She complained of extreme thirst and xerostomia, unrelieved by repeated gulps of water. On arrival at the hospital, she was disoriented and was having visual hallucinations. She was unable to walk or sit without support. Her temperature was 99°F., blood pressure 130/80, pulse 88, and respirations 22. Both pupils were dilated and reacted sluggishly to light. She continued to complain of blurred vision. The oral mucous membranes were dry. There was moderate tenderness to abdominal palpation. The remainder of the examination was normal. A sedimentation rate of 42 mm. per hour was the only abnormal laboratory value. She received the same treatment as Case 1 and was discharged from the hospital 2 days after admission.

Cose 3: A 42-year-old female ate one tomato slice, felt somewhat "goofy" approximately one hour after the noon meal, and later experienced slight vertigo, xerostomia, generalized weakness, and loss of appetite. When examined that evening, she was found to have dilated, reactive pupils. Because of the mildness of her symptoms, she was not hospitalized but given 10 mgm. of pilocarpine orally at the emergency room. By the following day, she was entirely asymptomatic.

Case 4: A 31-year-old male experienced only mild nausea, diarrhea, and cramping abdominal pain approximately 5 hours following the noon meal. He are one tomato slice. He was not hospitalized and received no medications.

Case 5: A 3-year-old boy ate one tomato slice and remained asymptomatic until approximately 5 hours following the noon meal when he developed blurred vision, vertigo, loss of appetite, and visual hallucinations (crawling bugs). Later that evening, he was observed to have dilated, reactive pupils. During the following day, he complained of abdominal pain with vomiting and diarrhea. He was asymptomatic on the following evening. He was not hospitalized and received no medications.

The tomato consumed at the meal was obtained from a tomato plant grafted to the root of a jimson weed (Datura stramonium). This had been done in an attempt to produce a larger tomato, more resistant to cold.

Case Number 1 had become familiar with this grafting procedure through a neighbor (not a victim). This neighbor had attempted tomato grafting with several plants for 5 years, but had been successful only with the jimson weed. He had only occasionally tasted tomatoes from these plants. He never experienced ill effects.

The tomato consumed at the above meal was the first to be eaten from Case Number 1's plants. Following this incident, it was learned that Case Number 1's grafts were made with an above-ground secondary branch of the jimson weed, whereas the neighbor had always grafted the stalks to the roots below ground.

Tennessee health authorities conclude that this modification in technique may have accounted for the toxicity of Case Number 1's tomatoes.

One whole tomato was retrieved from Case Number 1's home and forwarded to the Tennessee Industrial Hygiene Laboratory. This was produced by the same grafting technique but did not come from the same plant that yielded the tomato consumed at the above meal. Three tomatoes were also obtained from the neighbor's home (grown by grafts made to the root stalks).

Case Number 1's tomato yielded 4.2 milligrams of stramonium alkaloids per 100 grams of tomato; the neighbor's tomatoes yielded 1.9 milligrams per 100 grams.

The tested tomato would contain about 1.0 milligrams of total alkaloid per slice, according to calculations from the laboratory results; since the ingested tomato was not analyzed, direct comparison of dosage and symptomatology is not possible

(Reported by W. L. Clark, M.D., Church Hill, Tenn.; R. H. Jernigan, M.D., Kingsport, Tenn.; J. W. Erwin, M.D., Director, Sullivan County Health Department; Margaret Davidson, R.N., Public Health Nurse, Hawkins County; and Cecil B. Tucker, M.D., Director, Division of Preventable Diseases, Tennessee State Health Department.)

Editor's Note: Numerous case reports of jimson weed poisoning have appeared in the medical literature; yet there is no available report of the stramonium alkaloids being transferred to a second plant grafted to the host jimson weed.

The jimson weed (Datura stramonium), also known as thorn apple, Jamestown weed, stink weed, devil's apple, and apple of Peru, is a species of the Solanacea family to which the red pepper, tobacco, tomato, and belladonna plants belong. The plant is prevalent in this country and in all temperate and tropical zones, flowering in late spring and with the fruit ripening in early fall. All parts of the plant are poisonous, especially the seeds. It is a rank-scented, tall, branched plant which attains a height of three to six feet with trumpet-shaped flowers and spinous capsule which contains numerous black-brown seeds. I

The plant grows wild around barn yards, manure piles, and road slides, and is readily available to the sampling of inquisitive children. Mitchell² reported that between 1950 and 1955, jimson weed intoxication accounted for 4 percent of pediatric patients admitted to the University of Virginia hospital because of the accidental ingestion of toxic substances. In this hospital this was approximately the same frequency as intoxications due to lead, alcohol, barbituates, and insecticides. Most cases result from the plant's use in Jimson weed tea, reported to be an effective treatment for asthma and other respiratory ailments.

REFERENCES

- Jennings, R.E.: Stramonium poisoning: review of the literature and report of two cases. J. Pediat. 6: 657, 1935.
- Mitchell, Joe E., and F.N. Mitchell: Jimson weed (Datura stramonium) poisoning in children. J. Pediat. 47:227, 1955.
- Goodman, L.S., and Alfred Gilman: The pharmacological basis of therapeutics, The Macmillan Company, second edition, New York, 1958, pages 552-553.

INFANT DEATHS IN 108 CITIES

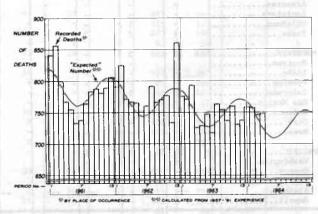
The weekly average number of infant deaths in 108 cities for the four-week period ending April 11 was 748 as compared with an expected 726 weekly average.

Total Deaths Under One Year of Age Recorded in 108 Cities

Design Control		Week E	_ 4 Week	Weekly			
	3/21	3/28	4/4	4/11	Total	Average	
Observed	786	706	739	761	2,992	748	
Expected	731	728	725	722	2,906	726	
Excess	55	-22	14	39	86	22	

DEATHS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE IN 108 U.S. CITIES

Average Number per Week by Four-Week Periods



(See Table, page 131)

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 11, 1964

AND

APRIL 13, 1963 (15th WEEK)

and Allek Inc. Co.	Aseptic		Encep	nalitis									
	Meningitis		Primary Post-Inf.		Poliomyelitis		, Total Cases		Poli	iomyelitis	itis, Paralytic		
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all the head of applications	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	
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Tennessee						1	1	1		1	TOTAL ST		
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Hawaii	4				-				0 10		DOM: TO	77 372	
			Ecoli				33	99	The state of				

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 11, 1964 AND APRIL 13, 1963 (15th WEEK) - Continued

4,116	Brucellosis		Diphtheria		Infectious Hepatitis including Serum Hepatitis						Typhoid Feve	
Area		Cum.		Cum.	Total	Under 20 years	20 years and over	Age Unknown	Cumu	lative	100	Cum
- BE - WI - I	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	196
UNITED STATES	6	106	3	55	771	357	348	66	13,736	15,489	6	9.
NEW ENGLAND		1	1	4	43	17	24	2	1,489	1,884	100	
Maine			-	1	15	5	10	1 2	526	873		
New Hampshire	-	-		-		-		0.0	121	126		
Vermont				-	8	5	2	1	183	27		
Massachusetts	. 100	1	1	3	6	2	4		290	561	100	
Rhode Island Connecticut		1	11-	1.00	5	1 4	4	1	68 301	48 249		
woninecticut.		97			11/4	100	2014		301	247		
MIDDLE ATLANTIC		2		4	196	86	110		3,092	3,012	1	1
New York City			- 1	1	44	15	29	. 1.3	439	362	12-421 45	
New York, Up-State.		1		-	69	35	34		1,384	1,368	1	1 50
New Jersey Pennsylvania		ī		2	42 41	17 19	25 22		560 709	467 815		
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EAST NORTH CENTRAL	1	15	- 1	6	122	64	42	16	2,052	2,431	2	2
Ohio	-	- 1	-		27	11	10	6	546	734		1
Indiana	-	1			15	4	11		169	219	1	
Illinois		10		6	17	4	6	7	322	508		o (a)
Michigan. Wisconsin	1	2 2		100	55 8	43	12	3	893 122	839 131	1	
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WEST NORTH CENTRAL	2	55	1	9	40	21	14	5	816	677	DATE OF THE	
Minnesota	-	2	1	2	9	4	4	1	65	114	-	
Iowa	1	27		•	6	3	2	1	119	117	-	
Missouri		4			6	1	5		200	285		
North Dakota		1		•		1-1 3-1			35	16	4.55	
South Dakota Nebraska	1	10	11	•	5	2	3		86	15	7.5	
Kansas	- 11	10	1 1	7	14	11		3	18 293	54 76		1
SECTION AND PROPERTY.			. X 1-		8 1.312		- W	3	293	/0		110
SOUTH ATLANTIC		6		11	83	41	36	6	1,354	1,659	2	2
Delaware		-	(* .		1	-	1	-	30	25		
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Alabama		3		2	8	5	3	1	133	619	-121161	-0.01-2
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Arkansas	1	5	1 1 1	10	74	44	28	2	992	1,043	41.71	
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Oklahoma		î	. 1		6	4	1	1	62	59		
Texas	1	2		8	41	22	18	1	612	667	1	
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MOUNTAIN. Montana.	1	11		1	55	18	9	28	920	1,087		
Idaho				Fet	8	4	4	-	85	169	17.16421	
Wyoming		5.1	1.1	1.50	2			2	68	160	100 (E)	
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Utah	1	8	-	-	4	2	2		82	122		
Nevada.	111	1			2		-	2	28	9	1	
PACIFIC		6	1	6	104	35	68	1	2 055	2 000		
Washington.		-	1	6	104	5	5		2,055	2,096 346	1.0	
Oregon.	-	1		-	13	2	10	1	212	312	1	
California		5	-		79	26	53		1,520	1,380		
Alaska									61	46		
Hawaii		- 1 - L	1 2		2	2			47	12	-	

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 13, 1964 AND APRIL 11, 1963 (--- 15th WEEK) · Continued

west blister 1	Measles		ningococca eningitis	1	Streptococcal Sore Throat and Scarlet Fever Tetanus				Tula	remia	Rabies in Animals		
Area	- The Table		Cumula	tive	144	- 1-4	o-1	Cum.	100	Cum.	1.91.7	Cum.	
	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	
UNITED STATES	26,935	98	901	898	11,322	7,405	* 4	55	3	76	109	1,250	
NEW ENGLAND	658	J - 1	26	62	1,425	909				57	1	4 2	
Maine	100	(C 45 S)	2	10 2	47	71 11		-		10.7	1	1	
New Hampshire Vermont	5 124	112	1	2	26	-		_ <u>_</u>	- 53	1650	0.001/200	1	
Massachusetts	190		13	28	250	169		- 1	17.1	100	4-11m3s	-	
Rhode Island	108	1-0	2	6	135	73		3- 31	- 1	100.4		·	
Connecticut	131	er te h	8	14	964	585		-	1	Fer y			
HIDDLE ATLANTIC	2,567	14	90	111	533	557		1	- 1	- 1	3	25	
New York City	765	5	17	13	41	52		- 4	- 1	-	2013	0.00	
New York, Up-State.	558	4	33	37	353	297		1.4		- 183	3	24	
New Jersey	646		14	19	80	106		1		100		1. 10	
Pennsylvania	598	5	26	42	59	102	- [19]	1	- F	14,51	4.15,790	11227	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	4,167	7	143	147	1,459	1,132		5	1	8	15	130	
Ohio	1,293	3	45	43	299	160	1.0	1 1	10.0	1	9	68	
Indiana	420 891	1	25 29	17 24	62 215	147 195		2		5	5	24	
Michigan.	794	1	32	44	576	410	-	1	1 23	1	eccontril	1:	
Wisconsin	769	î	12	19	307	220			- 0	î	THE PARTY	18	
EST NORTH CENTRAL	1694	10	50	55	506	209	1	3	- 1	21	44	402	
Minnesota	18	2	10	10	34	13		E 3	- 1	1	16	120	
Iowa	1405		2	2	140	55	1	1		1	13	139	
Missouri	16	8	26	24	56	13	-	2	- 1	13	5	71	
North Dakota	195		3	1	150	100		4.5	100	10.0	3	3	
Nebraska	60	- 1	4	3 13	44	10	1.4	3.0	[]	2000	7	101.2	
Kansas	NN	2 7-3	5	2	82	18		- 1	La Filt	6	e-order		
OUTH ATLANTIC	2380	17	197	184	1347	315	2	22		13	6	19	
Delaware	17		2	1	15	6	_	-	P 12	13			
Maryland	214	1	15	26	219	38	2.77	1	- 1	114	2-17-6-2-19		
Dist. of Columbia	20	2	7	3	14	4	-	4-10	- 1	- 27	120031	- 61	
Virginia	566	2	18	47	186	134	1	2	- 1- 0	3	3	14	
West Virginia North Carolina	635	2	16	9	412		-	40.00	1 1		a saled at	2.319	
South Carolina	61 360	2 6	33 29	29 12	26 79	31 19	¥.	7	11	3	Jac 1183	-0797	
Georgia	500	2	17	11	6	1	2.5	1	1. 1	7	2	2	
Florida	507	5 L-1	60	46	390	82	1	8	10	- 1	1	2	
AST SOUTH CENTRAL	5197	19	95	76	2018	962	1	8	Ľ.	16	8	19	
Kentucky	1908	12	31	19	181	49	î	1		1	-	2	
Tennessee	1494	4	34	33	1616	860	- 1	3	- 1	11	8	16	
Alabama	35	1	17	11	4	25	- 10	3	1	3		400	
Mississippi	1760	2	13	13	217	28	7.4	1	- 6	1		a spell	
VEST SOUTH CENTRAL	5933	8	77	103	983	698		8	3	14	18	20	
Arkansas	226	1 5	7 65	5 46	9	8 -		2	2	3	3 -	4 2	
Louisiana	53	= 12 =	3	18	74	16	- 14	3	- T1-	10	2	2	
Texas	5651	2	2	34	900	674	- E	3	1	1	13	11	
OUNTAIN	879	2	36	32	1742	1334			111	1,1	1	5	
Montana	124		-	1	89	50	H	2	111	4	5	460	
Idaho	117		1	î	171	179	1		1111111	1 -	411.514	- 77	
Wyoming	8 9 0	1.1	1	1	20	65	- 1	1	11-	1			
Colorado	151	1	7	7	699	545	- 1	- 10	-	1.7			
New Mexico	10	2	18	2	386	237	- 1	1			1	2 2	
Arizona	380 96		2 1	6 11	157 220	123 129	. 11	1013	1	2	4	100	
Nevada	1		6	3	- 220	6	_ []		[18			1200	
ACIFIC	3460	21	187	128	1309	1289	- 11	6	347	10	9	4	
Washington	798	1	16	11	336	497	17.1	-		-2-	9	-5483	
Oregon	318	2	11	6	41	38	1.7		1 1	14	40-1-5	THEFT	
California	2340	17	150	105	899	696		6		31	9	4	
Alaska			5	4		41				- 121		L. Wall	
Hawaii	4	1	5	2	33	17				- 1	-		
uerto Rico	238	1	9		4	1		19		113	1		

Table 4 (C). TOTAL DEATHS UNDER 1 YEAR OF AGE IN REPORTING CITIES

(Tables 4(A), 4(B), 4(C), and 4(D) will be published in sequence covering a four-week period.)

Area GRIGHT .U	Jan-U	For week	s ending		THE PERSON NAMED IN STREET	For weeks ending				
Buckly Recol	3/21	3/28	4/4	4/11	Area	3/21	3/28	4/4	4/11	
EW ENGLAND:				1917.5	SOUTH ATLANTIC:	2017	ET IDE	4 -0.1		
Boston, Mass.	19	16	18	18	Atlanta, Ga	8	7	16	9	
Bridgeport, Conn	2	3	2	F 245.A	Baltimore, Md	10	18	23	18	
Cambridge, Mass	2	1077136	0.000	1.30	Charlotte, N.C	<u> </u>	1	2	9	
Fall River, Mass	3	- 1		4	Jacksonville, Fla	11	4	8	6	
Hartford, Conn	4	1	8	6	Miami, Fla	5	6	7	5	
Lowell, Mass	1	becall or	1	3	Norfolk, Va.	1	5	3	5	
Lynn, Mass		1	1	-	Richmond, Va	9	7	5	6	
New Bedford, Mass	-	-	1	2	Savannah, Ga	4	1	2	2	
New Haven, Conn	6	2	3	6	St. Petersburg, Fla	4	3	1	1	
Providence, R.I	7	7	4	3	Tampa, Fla	6	6	3	3	
Somerville, Mass	2	1	-	-12	Washington, D.C	33	8	7	33	
Springfield, Mass	4	1	5	-	Wilmington, Del	5	10	3	3	
Waterbury, Conn	-	-	1	-	- January and the Samuel Co. To		and the sail	TWITTE ST	C15.15	
Worcester, Mass	1	-	2	4	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:			- VANA	26. 150	
		1			Birmingham, Ala	8	4	14	5	
IDDLE ATLANTIC:		1			Chattanooga, Tenn	6	1	7	5	
Albany, N.Y.	3	2	4	3	Knoxville, Tenn	2	5	1	2	
Allentown, Pa	1	2	3	4	Louisville, Ky	10	15	2017	9	
Buffalo, N.Y	4	9	10	8	Memphis, Tenn	14	10	11	8	
Camden, N.J.	4	3	4	4	Mobile, Ala	2	4	4	6	
Elizabeth, N.J	1	1	1	101	Montgomery, Ala	1 1	6	2	6	
Erie, Pa	2	1	1	3	Nashville, Tenn	8	5	8	2	
Jersey City, N.J	6	2	5	4	Wild Top of the Box and the state of the sta		H. PW.	12/24/17/24/19	16.4	
Newark, N.J	5	23	7	3	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:		nance t	d	44/11	
New York City, N.Y	95	90	77	104	Austin, Tex	4	2	2	2	
Paterson, N.J.	3	4	3	3	Baton Rouge, La.	2	1	2	SHOW -	
Philadelphia, Pa	28	16	28	44	Corpus Christi, Tex	3	2	2	1	
Pittsburgh, Pa	15	7	11	5	Dallas, Tex	12	11	13	16	
Reading, Pa	4	2	2	1	El Paso, Tex	9	4	11	6	
Rochester, N.Y	5	8	2	1	Fort Worth, Tex.	7	3	2	4	
Schenectady, N.Y	- 1	4	5	3	Houston, Tex	9	14	29	15	
Scranton, Pa	3	3		1	Little Rock, Ark	3	9	9	3	
Syracuse, N.Y	3	4	6	4	New Orleans, La	16	17	9	16	
Trenton, N.J	4	2	7	2	Oklahoma City, Okla	4	3	10	1	
Utica, N.Y	1	July 19	-	1	San Antonio, Tex	13	4	12	8	
Yonkers, N.Y	2	-	3	3	Shreveport, La	8	5	2	2	
AST NORTH CENTRAL:					Tulsa, Okla	1	1	3	4	
	2	1	2		THE THE LOUIS CONTRACTOR		O THITTE	THE ARMY	silal e	
Akron, Ohio	2	2	3	2	MOUNTAIN:	100				
Canton, Ohio	51	37	2 47	45	Albuquerque, N. Mex	2	1	m-1 327	2	
	12	12	4/	13	Colorado Springs, Colo	2	4	1	2	
Cincinnati, Ohio	14	16	14	6	Denver, Colo	9	5	11	6	
Columbus, Ohio	14	10	15	6	Ogden, Utah	1	1	-	-	
Dayton, Ohio	1	8	7	4	Phoenix, Ariz	11	5	2	6	
Detroit, Mich.	26	20	23	25	Pueblo, Colo	2		1	1	
Evansville, Ind.	4	3	2	23	Salt Lake City, Utah	5	7	4	2	
Flint, Mich.	2	5	3	3	Tucson, Ariz	2	2	1	3	
Fort Wayne, Ind	6	[]	1		DACTETC.		104		23	
Gary, Ind	2	4	8	3	PACIFIC:	2	CHI		23.	
Grand Rapids, Mich.	4	2	5	3	Berkeley, Calif	2	1 12	1		
Indianapolis, Ind	8	11	12	8	Fresno, Calif	4	1	3	6	
Madison, Wis	2	3	6	2	Glendale, Calif	2	2		2	
	7				Honolulu, Hawaii	9	2	11	4	
Milwaukee, Wis	1	10	3	13 8	Long Beach, Calif	4	6	3	1	
Peoria, Ill	1	1	3	8 2	Los Angeles, Calif	34	35	31	32	
Rockford, 111	1	6	3		Oakland, Calif.	5	10	6	4	
South Bend, Ind	5	5	6	2	Pasadena, Calif	1	3111		-	
Toledo, Ohio	4	4	0	5	Portland, Oreg	3	4	6	8	
Youngstown, Ohio	4	4	Ī	٥	Sacramento, Calif	3	9	1	4	
ST NORTH CENTRAL:					San Diego, Calif	11	6	7	6	
	5	2	4	7	San Francisco, Calif	3	11	7	15	
Des Moines, Iowa	1		1	2	San Jose, Calif	1	1	1	3	
Duluth, Minn	6	2	5	4	Seattle, Wash	1	7	10	6	
Kansas City, Kans	8	10	5		Spokane, Wash	1	4	1	-	
Kansas City, Mo	-		2	6	Tacoma, Wash	-	4	1	2	
Lincoln, Nebr	8	1 6	7	3		at any July	ordist of	Section 1	12.7	
Minneapolis, Minn		3		8	San Juan, P.R.	3	1			
Omaha, Nebr	8 22	11	6	3				-		
St. Louis, Mo St. Paul, Minn	6		7	17	Select seites 1.3					
was Paul, Minn.	0	3	/	7	OCurrent Week Mortality fo	r 108 Se	Tected Ci	tion		

Estimate - based on average percent of divisional total.

lotals for previous weeks include reported corrections.

NOTE: All deaths by place of occurrence.

INTERNATIONAL NOTES

POLIOMYELITIS - Chile

During the first week of February an outbreak of poliomyelitis began in Santiago Province. The outbreak reached its peak with a weekly total of 28 cases in the third week of that month and then declined. As of March 2 a total of 71 confirmed cases had been reported.

The decrease was attributed to the rapid mass vaccination carried out by the National Health Service throughout Santiago Province, which immunized 164,731 children in the age range 3 months to 3 years. A breakdown by age of the cases shows that 25 percent were under 1 year of age, 29 percent between 1 and 2 years and 22 percent between 2 and 3 years. The great majority of cases thus occurred in children under 3 years. The age distribution is similar to that observed in the epidemic of 1961. Of the cases 80 percent were unvaccinated, 10 percent were inadequately immunized and 10 percent had received the prescribed 2 doses of trivalent vaccine. Most of those in the last-mentioned group had completed their vaccination more than one year before the outbreak. Type I poliovirus was isolated from many patients. No type II or type III virus was isolated. From the rest of the country only isolated cases have been reported. (Reported in Weekly Epidemiological Report, Pan American Sanitary Bureau, WHO, April 1, 1964.)

QUARANTINE MEASURES

Immunization Information for International Travel 1963-64 Edition

Public Health Service Publication No. 384

The following information should be added to the list of Yellow Fever Vaccination Centers in Section 6:

Page 75

City:

Gastonia, North Carolina

Center:

Gaston County Health Department

615 N. Highland Street

Tel: 864-4331

Clinic Hours:

Tuesday, 2:00 p.m.

Fee:

Yes

The Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report, with a circulation of 11,000 is published by the Communicable Disease Center, Atlanta, Georgia.

Chief, Communicable Disease Center

Chief, Epidemiology Branch

Chief. Statistics Section

Asst. Chief, Statistics Section Chief, Surveillance Section

Editor, MMWR

James L. Goddard, M.D.

A. D. Langmuir, M.D.

R. E. Serfling, Ph.D.

I. L. Sherman, M.S.

D. A. Henderson, M.D.

L. K. Altman, M.D.

In addition to the established procedures for reporting morbidity and mortality, the Communicable Disease Center welcomes accounts of interesting outbreaks or cases. Such accounts should be addressed to:

> Lawrence K. Altman, M.D., Editor Marbidity and Mortality Weekly Report Communicable Disease Center Atlanta, Georgia 30333

Notes: These provisional data are based on weekly telegrams to the Communicable Disease Center by the individual State health departments. Symbols: - - - Data not available

Quantity zero Procedures for construction of various mortality curves may be obtained from Statistics Section, Communicable Disease Center, Public Health Service, U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Atlanta, Georgia 30333.

HEALTH, EDUCATION Communicable Disease Center PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE Atlanta, Georgia 30333 , AND WELFARE

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