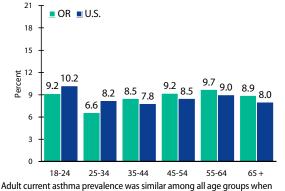
# **Asthma in Oregon**

Asthma is a chronic lung disease that affects an estimated 16.4 million adults (aged  $\geq$  18 years)<sup>1</sup> and 7.0 million children (aged < 18 years)<sup>1</sup> in the United States (U.S.), regardless of age, sex, race, or ethnicity. Although the exact cause of asthma is unknown and it cannot be cured, it can be controlled with self-management education, appropriate medical care, and avoiding exposure to environmental triggers. The following data provide an overview of the burden of asthma in Oregon (OR) compared with the U.S. **All stated comparisons (e.g., higher, lower, similar) indicate that the group is statistically significantly different than the reference group (e.g., adults aged 18-24 years, men, non-Hispanic whites, children aged 15-17 years, and boys).** 

## **Asthma Prevalence**

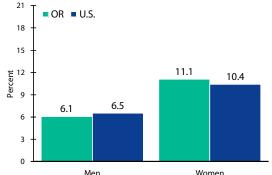
In 2008, an estimated 249,787 adults in Oregon had asthma. Adult lifetime asthma prevalence was14.9% and adult current asthma prevalence was 8.6% compared with U.S. rates of 13.3% and 8.5%, respectively<sup>2</sup>.

#### Adult Current Asthma Prevalence by Age, BRFSS, 2008



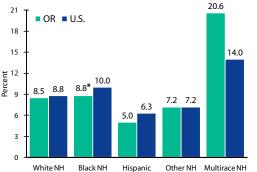
compared with adults aged 18-24 years in Oregon; however, the rate was highest among adults aged 18-24 years throughout the U.S.

#### Adult Current Asthma Prevalence by Sex, BRFSS, 2008



Adult current asthma prevalence was higher among women than men in Oregon. A similar pattern occurred throughout the U.S.

## Adult Current Asthma Prevalence by Race/Ethnicity, BRFSS, 2008



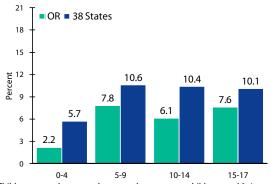
Adult current asthma prevalence was higher among non-Hispanic multirace persons and lower among Hispanic persons than non-Hispanic whites in Oregon; however, rates were higher among non-Hispanic multirace persons and non-Hispanic blacks throughout the U.S. \*The estimate is unstable.

National Center for Environmental Health

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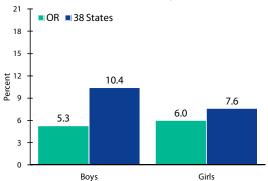
### In 2008, an estimated 46,436 children in Oregon had asthma. Child lifetime asthma prevalence was 9.7% and child current asthma prevalence was 5.6% compared with the 38 participating states' rates of 13.3% and 9.0%, respectively<sup>2</sup>.

#### Child Current Asthma Prevalence by Age, BRFSS, 2008



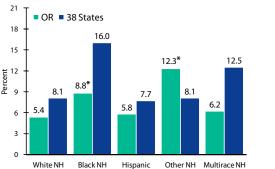
Child current asthma prevalence was lower among children aged 0-4 years than children aged 15-17 years in Oregon. A similar pattern occurred throughout the 38 participating states.

#### Child Current Asthma Prevalence by Sex, BRFSS, 2008



Child current asthma prevalence was similar among boys and girls in Oregon; however, the rate was higher among boys throughout the 38 participating states.

#### Child Current Asthma Prevalence by Race/Ethnicity, BRFSS, 2008

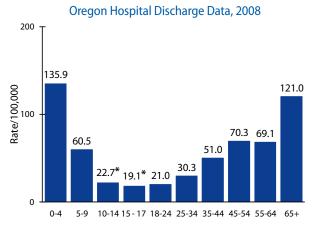


Child current asthma prevalence was similar among race/ethnic groups when compared with non-Hispanic whites in Oregon; however, rates were higher among non-Hispanic blacks and non-Hispanic multirace persons

throughout the 38 participating states. \*The estimate is unstable.



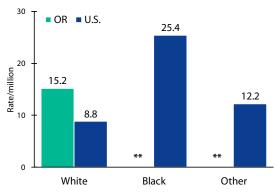
# **Asthma Hospitalizations**



The age-adjusted asthma hospitalization rate in Oregon was 61.6/100,000 persons<sup>3</sup> compared with the U.S. rate of 144/100,000 persons<sup>4</sup>. In Oregon, the hospitalization rate for children was 64.1/100,000 persons<sup>3</sup> and for adults was 62.5/100,000 persons<sup>3</sup>. \*The estimate is unstable.

# **Asthma Deaths**

Age-Adjusted Asthma Mortality Rate by Race, NVSS, 2007



Asthma was the underlying cause of death for 63 adults in Oregon<sup>5</sup>. The age-adjusted mortality rate in Oregon was 15.6/million and the U.S. rate was 11.0/million<sup>5</sup>. \*\*The estimate is suppressed.

# **Asthma Patient Education and Medication Use**

The National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI) Expert Panel Report 3: Guidelines for the Diagnosis and Management of Asthma includes recommendations by medical and public health experts to aid in the clinical practice of managing asthma. The NHLBI Guidelines focus on four areas of asthma management and care: Assessment and Monitoring, Patient Education, Control of Environmental Factors Contributing to Asthma Severity, and Pharmacologic Treatment. Items included in the following table are related to asthma patient education and medication use for adults with current asthma in Oregon.

Patient Education: Adults with Current Asthma <sup>6</sup>	Respondents	Yes
Ever taught how to recognize early signs or symptoms of an asthma episode	269	68%
Ever told what to do during an asthma attack	269	74%
Ever taught how to use a peak flow meter to adjust daily medications	272	34%
Ever given an asthma action plan	267	23%
Ever taken a course on how to manage asthma	273	9%

Medication Use: Adults with Current Asthma <sup>6</sup>	Respondents	Yes
Used a prescription asthma medication in the past 3 months <sup>7</sup>	271	70%

#### NOTES:

- 1. National Health Interview Survey (NHIS), 2008
- 2. Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS), 2008
- When the sample size is fewer than 50, prevalence estimates are considered unstable and should be interpreted with caution. Indicated with an asterisk (\*) All stated comparisons (e.g., higher, lower, similar) indicate that the group is statistically significantly different than the reference group (e.g., adults aged 18-24 years, men, non-Hispanic whites, children aged 15-17 years, and boys).
- 3. State Hospital Discharge Data, 2008

4. National Hospital Discharge Survey, 2008

- When estimates are based on fewer than 60 hospitalizations, they are considered unstable and should be interpreted with caution. Indicated with an asterisk (\*) 5. National Vital Statistics System (NVSS), 2007
- When estimates are based on fewer than 20 deaths in the numerator, they are considered unstable and should be interpreted with caution. Indicated with an asterisk (\*) When estimates are based on fewer than 10 deaths in the numerator, data are suppressed due to confidentiality. Indicated with double asterisks (\*\*)
- 6. Asthma Call-back Survey, 2008
- 7. Medication includes inhalers, pills, syrups, and nebulizers.

CDC's National Asthma Control Program For more information on asthma:

## http://www.cdc.gov/asthma

http://public.health.oregon.gov/PHD/ODPE/HPCDP/ASTHMA/Pages/index.aspx