# EXTINGUISHING THE TOBACCO EPIDEMIC in MONTANA

#### **THE PROBLEM**

Cigarette smoking remains the leading cause of preventable death and disability in the United States, despite a significant decline in the number of people who smoke. Over 16 million Americans have at least one disease caused by smoking. This amounts to \$170 billion in direct medical costs that could be saved every year if we could prevent youth from starting to smoke and help every person who smokes to quit.



# MONTANA KEY FACTS

In 2015, **38.5%** of Montana high school **youth** reported currently using **any tobacco product**, including e-cigarettes. Among Montana high school **youth**, **13.1%** reported currently smoking **cigarettes**.

# Was received from CDC for tobacco

prevention and control activities in FY 2016



## PUBLIC HEALTH RESPONSE TO TOBACCO USE IN MONTANA

Montana has made educating youth about the harms of tobacco use a key component in the state's plan to prevent youth use. From 2014-2016, Montana funded 40 grants for youth workgroups and summits throughout the state. The state also holds an annual "Native American Teens Against Commercial Tobacco" camp, attended by an average of 70 Native American youth representing several tribes in Montana. The three-day meeting includes opportunities for students to learn about the dangers of commercial tobacco. Three hundred and nine (75%) school districts in the state have comprehensive tobacco-free policies.



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www.cdc.gov/tobacco

#### CDC's ROLE IN ADVANCING STATE TOBACCO CONTROL PROGRAMS

Montana is one of 50 states plus DC that receives funding and technical support from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention to support comprehensive tobacco control efforts and quitlines. The Office on Smoking and Health (OSH) is the lead federal agency for comprehensive tobacco prevention and control. For decades, OSH has led public health efforts to prevent young people from using tobacco and to help all tobacco users to quit.

### CDC's TIPS FROM FORMER SMOKERS™ (Tips™) CAMPAIGN HELPS MONTANA SMOKERS QUIT SMOKING

Despite significant progress, tobacco use remains the leading preventable cause of death and disease in the US. The good news is that 7 out of 10 smokers want to quit smoking. That is why since 2012 CDC has been educating the public about the consequences of smoking and exposure to secondhand smoke and encouraging smokers to quit through a federally funded, national tobacco education campaign, *Tips From Former Smokers*. The campaign features former smokers suffering from the real consequences of smoking.

The *Tips* campaign connects smokers with resources to help them quit, including a quitline number (1-800-QUIT-NOW) which routes callers to their state quitline. The Montana quitline provides free cessation services, including counseling and medication. These services are effective in improving health outcomes and reducing healthcare costs.

"I was thinking about relapsing today and the new commercials came on. It changed my mind real fast. You don't understand the power of these commercials until you have made the decision to quit. Terrie Hall makes me cry every time ... that could easily be me."

1-800

QUIT-NOV

– Justin: January 2016

Incoming calls to the Montana state quitline increased by an average **21%** during the 2016 Tips campaign. The Campaign generated a total of **5,041** calls to the Montana state quitline from January 25<sup>th</sup> to June 12<sup>th</sup>, 2016.

## MONTANA TOBACCO PREVENTION & CONTROL PROGRAMS REDUCE HEALTHCARE COSTS

Tobacco prevention and control activities are a public health "best buy." Evidence-based, statewide tobacco control programs that are comprehensive, sustained, and accountable have been shown to reduce the number of people who smoke, as well as tobacco-related diseases and deaths. For every dollar spent on tobacco prevention, states can reduce tobacco-related health care expenditures and hospitalizations by up to \$55. The longer and more states invest, the larger the reductions in youth and adult smoking. A comprehensive statewide tobacco control program includes efforts to:



For more information on tobacco prevention and control, visit cdc.gov/tobacco.

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