AR Solutions in Action

FISCAL YEAR

CDC's Investments to Combat Antibiotic Resistance Threats Nationwide

ALABAMA \$1,109,581

Funding for AR Activities Fiscal Year 2017



FUNDING TO STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS



\$397,540

RAPID DETECTION & RESPONSE to emerging drug-resistant germs is critical to contain the spread of these infections. With 2016 funding, Alabama rapidly responded to facility requests for assistance with HAI/AR outbreak investigations

in 136 healthcare facilities. Each facility received written guidance, including recommended infection control measures, equipping those facilities to prevent future outbreaks.



FOOD SAFETY projects protect communities by rapidly identifying drug-resistant foodborne bacteria to stop and solve outbreaks and improve prevention.

In Fiscal Year 2018, Alabama will ramp up testing to include whole genome sequencing of all Listeria, Salmonella, Campylobacter and E. coli isolates and simultaneously monitor these isolates for resistance genes. States upload the sequence data into PulseNet for nationwide monitoring of outbreaks and trends. When outbreaks are detected, local CDC-supported epidemiologists investigate the cases to stop spread.

FUNDING TO UNIVERSITIES & HEALTHCARE PARTNERS



UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA AT BIRMINGHAM: Innovative Prevention & Tracking

Using samples from eight hospitals, researchers will determine the prevalence of macrolide antibiotic resistance in Mycoplasma pneumoniae, how it spreads and how it affects patients.

Page 1 of 1 This data represents CDC's largest funding categories for AR. It shows domestic, extramural funding that supports AR activities from multiple funding lines. AR: antibiotic resistance HAI: healthcare-associated infection

