

# FUNDING TO STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS



## HAI/AR DETECT & RESPOND PROGRAMS guickly detect and then contain the spread of resistant infections, protecting patients from new resistance threats.

CDC and states are working together to scale up programs and HAI prevention infrastructure to identify, contain, and prevent HAIs, including those infections caused by antibiotic-resistant bacteria. Programs will use data for local response. All states and five major cities/territories will receive support and lab capacity to track and stop the "nightmare bacteria," carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE).



## HAI/AR PREVENTION PROGRAMS work with partners to prevent infection and contain spread of germs between patients and healthcare facilities, and increase antibiotic stewardship education, to protect patients.

With state HAI/AR prevention programs, CDC will implement more empowered prevention networks where public health and healthcare work together-to better prevent infections, contain spread, and improve antibiotic use.



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## FOOD SAFETY projects protect communities by rapidly identifying drug-resistant foodborne bacteria to stop and solve outbreaks and improve prevention.

To improve food safety, CDC works to rapidly identify and respond to drug-resistant foodborne bacteria and outbreaks by using whole genome sequencing and increasing lab testing of pathogens like Salmonella and Campylobacter. CDC promotes responsible antibiotic use in food-producing animals.

> AR: antibiotic resistance HAI: healthcare-associated infection

This data represents CDC's largest funding categories for AR. It shows domestic, extramural funding that supports AR activities from multiple funding lines.

Critical support empowering the nation to tackle antibiotic resistance, the global threat jeopardizing modern medicine.



**U.S. Department of** Health and Human Services **Centers for Disease Control and Prevention** 

wwwn.cdc.gov/ARInvestments