
2017 Case Counts in the US

2017 | [2016](#) | [2015](#)

Provisional Data as of September 13, 2017

Zika virus disease is a nationally notifiable condition. Cases are reported to CDC by state, territorial, and local health departments using standard case definitions. This webpage contains provisional data reported to ArboNET for **January 1, 2017 – September 13, 2017**.

US States

- 254 symptomatic Zika virus disease cases reported*
 - 251 cases in travelers returning from affected areas
 - 0 cases acquired through presumed local mosquito-borne transmission
 - 3 cases acquired through sexual transmission

US Territories

- 554 symptomatic Zika virus disease cases reported*
 - 0 cases in travelers returning from affected areas
 - 554 cases acquired through presumed local mosquito-borne transmission
 - 0 cases acquired through other routes†

Footnotes

*Excludes congenital disease cases. Data reported to the US Zika Pregnancy Registry for outcomes of pregnancies with laboratory evidence of possible Zika virus infection in the United States is available at [Outcomes of Pregnancies with Laboratory Evidence of Possible Zika Virus Infection in the United States](https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://www.cdc.gov/zika/geo/pregnancy-outcomes.html) (<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://www.cdc.gov/zika/geo/pregnancy-outcomes.html>).

†Sexually transmitted cases are not reported for US territories because with local transmission of Zika virus it is not possible to determine whether infection occurred due to mosquito-borne or sexual transmission.

See Also

Cases in Pregnant Women

(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://www.cdc.gov/zika/geo/pregwomen-uscases.html>)

CDC reports the number of pregnant women with any laboratory evidence of possible Zika virus infection in the United States and territories.

Pregnancy Outcomes

(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://www.cdc.gov/zika/geo/pregnancy-outcomes.html>)

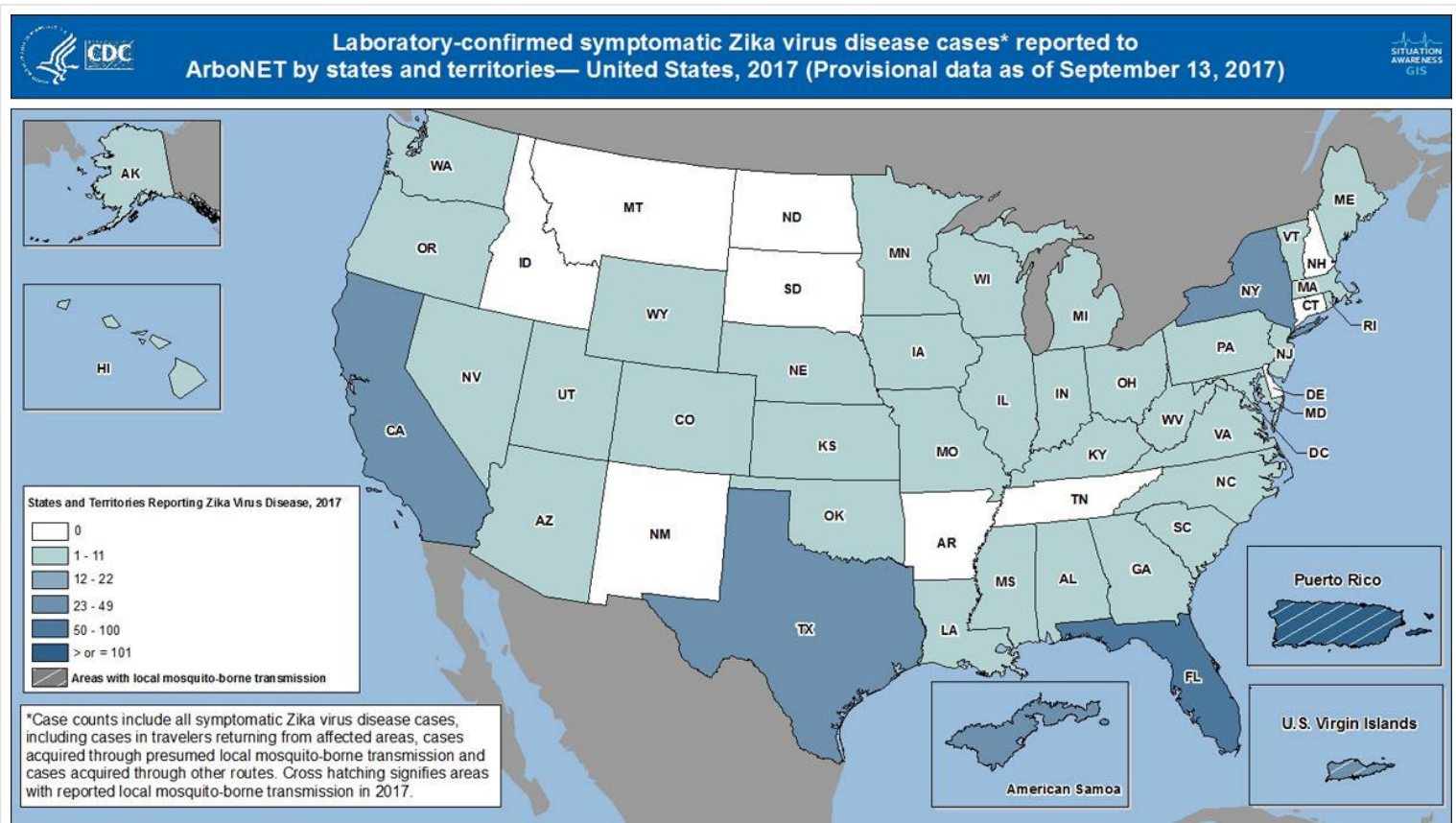
CDC reports the outcomes of pregnancies with laboratory evidence of possible Zika virus infection in the United States.

Information for Blood and Tissue Collection Centers

(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://www.cdc.gov/zika/blood-tissue-collection-centers.html>)

See information on areas of active Zika virus transmission risk for the purposes of blood and tissue safety intervention.

Cases by State and Territory



Laboratory-confirmed symptomatic Zika virus disease cases and presumptive viremic blood donors reported to ArboNET by states and territories— United States, 2017 (Provisional data as of September 13, 2017)

States	Symptomatic disease cases* (N=254)		Presumptive viremic blood donors† (N=9)	
	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
Alabama	3	(1)	0	(0)
Alaska	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Arizona	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Arkansas	0	(0)	0	(0)
California	25	(10)	2	(22)
Colorado	4	(2)	0	(0)
Connecticut	0	(0)	0	(0)
Delaware	0	(0)	0	(0)
District of Columbia	0	(0)	0	(0)
Florida	50	(20)	3	(33)
Georgia	2	(1)	0	(0)
Hawaii	2	(1)	0	(0)
Idaho	0	(0)	0	(0)
Illinois	3	(1)	0	(0)
Indiana	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Iowa	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Kansas	2	(1)	0	(0)
Kentucky	2	(1)	0	(0)
Louisiana	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Maine	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Maryland	9	(4)	0	(0)
Massachusetts	8	(3)	0	(0)

Michigan	7	(3)	0	(0)
Minnesota	5	(2)	0	(0)
Mississippi	2	(1)	0	(0)
Missouri	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Montana	0	(0)	0	(0)
Nebraska	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Nevada	1	(<1)	0	(0)
New Hampshire	0	(0)	0	(0)
New Jersey	6	(2)	0	(0)
New Mexico	0	(0)	0	(0)
New York	46	(18)	1	(11)
North Carolina	5	(2)	0	(0)
North Dakota	0	(0)	0	(0)
Ohio	3	(1)	0	(0)
Oklahoma	1	(<1)	0	(0)
Oregon	4	(2)	0	(0)
Pennsylvania	5	(2)	1	(11)
Rhode Island	3	(1)	0	(0)
South Carolina	2	(1)	0	(0)
South Dakota	0	(0)	0	(0)
Tennessee	0	(0)	0	(0)
Texas	23	(9)	1	(11)
Utah	3	(1)	0	(0)
Vermont	3	(1)	0	(0)
Virginia	5	(2)	0	(0)
Washington	6	(2)	0	(0)
West Virginia	1	(<1)	1	(11)
Wisconsin	3	(1)	0	(0)

Wyoming	2	(1)	0	(0)
	Symptomatic disease cases* (N=554)		Presumptive viremic blood donor† (N=3)	
Territories	No.	(%)	No.	(%)
American Samoa	39	(7)	0	(0)
Puerto Rico	474	(86)	3	(100)
U.S. Virgin Islands	41	(7)	0	(0)

Footnotes

*Includes reported confirmed and probable Zika virus disease cases per the CSTE case definitions (<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nndss/conditions/zika-virus-disease-non-congenital/case-definition/2016/06/>).

†Presumptive viremic blood donors are people who reported no symptoms at the time of donating blood, but whose blood tested positive when screened for the presence of Zika virus RNA by the blood collection agency. Some presumptive viremic blood donors develop symptoms after their donation or may have had symptoms in the past. These individuals may be reported as both Zika virus disease cases and presumptive viremic blood donors.





(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/https://tools.cdc.gov/medialibrary/index.aspx#/microsite/id/234558>).



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(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/http://www.cdc.gov/>)

National Center for Emerging and Zoonotic Infectious Diseases (NCEZID)

(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/http://www.cdc.gov/ncezid>)

Division of Vector-Borne Diseases (DVBD)

(<https://web.archive.org/web/20170919104657/http://www.cdc.gov/ncezid/dvbd/index.html>)