Morbidity and Mortality

Weekly Report

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Prepared by the

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

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ATLANTA 22, GEORGIA

Vol. 12, No. 22

PROVISIONAL INFORMATION ON SELECTED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES IN THE UNITED STATES AND ON DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED JUNE 1, 1963

MENINGOCOCCAL INFECTIONS - The 43 cases of meningococcal infections reported for the week ending June 1, 1963 brings the total of reported cases for the first 22 weeks to 1,267, approximately 8 percent above the corresponding total for any of the previous four years. The most notable increase in incidence has occurred in the State of California.

Cumulative cases of meningococcal infections for the first 22 weeks from 1959-1963 in the United States and and for California alone, and total U. S. cases for the years 1959-1962 are shown in the table below:

Cases Through 22nd Week	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
United States	1267	1065	1064	1175	1172
California	186	137	105	101	111
Annual Total					
United States		2133*	2232	2259	2180

^{*} Provisional

POLIOMYELITIS - Three cases of poliomyelitis (one paralytic) were reported this week, continuing the low incidence of this disease during 1963. The figure below demonstrates the comparative incidence of poliomyelitis in 1958, 1960, 1962, and 1963.

CURRENT U.S. POLIO INCIDENCE COMPARED WITH YEARS 1958, 1960, and 1962

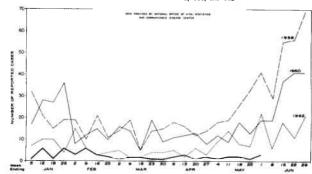


Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous week)

		22nd We	ek		Cumulative	
Disease	Ended	Ended	Median	Fi	irst 22 we	eks
Diffease	June 1, 1963	June 2, 1962	1958 - 1962	1963	1962	Median 1958 - 1962
Aseptic meningitis	25	16		489	411	
Brucellosis	9	3	11	145	161	307
Diphtheria	i 1	5	9	112	199	307
Encephalitis, infectious	22	32	31	622	648	618
Hepatitis, infectious and serum	624	904	633	20,953	28,299	16,917
Measles	13,000	16,375	15,553	292,431	369,960	316,180
Meningococcal infections	43	35	35	1,267	1,065	1,172
'Oliomyelitis, total	3	22	22	56	152	331
Paralytic	1	20	20	48	115	237
Nonparalytic	_	2	2	2	21	60
Unspecified	2		=	6	16	34
and Scarlet fever	5,508	5,729		195,593	179,432	
Tetanus	4	4	(***)	86	73	
lularemia	6	8		86	105	
Typhoid fever	3	13	10	149	193	226
(Rocky Mountain spotted)	1	6		19	28	
Rabies in Animals	67	72	64	1,731	1,861	1,776

Table 2. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

Anthrax: Botulism: Malaria: Md 1, Calif 1 Plague:	Cum. 1 5 41	Psittacosis: Rabies in Man: Smallpox: Typhus, murine:	Cum. 27 - - 3	
8		Typhao, marme.	-	ı

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

C. Perfringens Outbreaks - California

An extensive outbreak of food-borne illness attributed to Clostridium per/ringens occurred in January in Riverside County. The outbreak involved children 5 to 14 years of age in eight different schools and followed the ingestion of a school lunch cooked in a central kitchen and distributed by truck to the schools.

Of 1200 persons eating the suspect food at lunch, 350 became acutely ill within one to 12 hours later. The illness was characterized by vomiting, diarrhea, marked prostration and dehydration.

C. per/ringens was isolated in large numbers by anaerobic culture from samples of turkey served at the meal.

The outbreak was attributed to the prolonged period involved between cooking, distribution and serving coupled with inadequate temperature controls at all stages.

(Reported by Dr. Philip K. Condit and Dr. Rebecca L. Proctor, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, California Department of Public Health.)

Equine Influenza - Follow-up Report

Outbreaks of febrile respiratory disease in horses, which first appeared in Florida in mid-February, have continued to occur at racing meets, horse shows and stables through the northeast and mid-western parts of the country. (See MMWR, Vol. 12, pp. 157 and 167.)

Approximately 40 thoroughbred racing meets have been held since the Florida outbreak. Reports have been received from 15, of which 11 have had definite outbreaks of the disease.

Of 24 harness racing meets thus far in 1963, 4 had completed their racing program by mid-April and reported no equine influenza. Of the 20 meets held since mid-April, 16 have had serious epidemics of the disease; reports have not been received on the remaining 4. The first harness track affected was in New York on April 12. In late April and May, the disease appeared at numerous other tracks in the northeastern, eastern and mid-western States.

Western racing dates generally fall later in the year than in the eastern part of the United States, and cases of respiratory disease in horses have just begun to appear in States west of the Mississippi.

Viral isolates have been obtained from horses in Kentucky, Florida and Michigan. All grow rapidly in chick embryos. Results of complement fixation tests indicate that the causative agent belongs to the Influenza A virus group. Results of hemagglutination-inhibition tests run with all available anti-sera are negative, indicating that this is a previously unknown strain of Type A virus.

There is no evidence of widespread infection in man. Investigations of possible human illness related to these outbreaks are currently underway.

(Reported by Drs. E. R. Doll and J. T. Bryan, University of Kentucky; Drs. M. M. Sigel and G. H. Waddell, University of Miami; the Department of Epidemiology, University of Michigan; the Respiro-virus Unit, Laboratory Branch, CDC; Veterinarians and Epidemiologists of the State Health Departments; and teams from the Communicable Disease Center.)

Salmonella derby Epidemic - Follow-up

A total of 115 additional isolations of *S. derby* have been reported from the 50 States during the past week. Of these, 109 have been reported from the State of Pennsylvania (See MMWR, Vol. 12, pages 167, 173).

In all, 223 hospital-associated S. derby isolations have been reported from Pennsylvania, 97 from symptomatic patients and employees, 98 from asymptomatic patients and employees; 28 remain under investigation. A breakdown of this data by hospital is presented in the table.

ISOLATIONS OF SALMONELLA DERBY FROM PATIENTS AND HOSPITAL EMPLOYEES IN PENNSYLVANIA WITH AND WITHOUT SYMPTOMS

Symptomatic	Asymptomatic	Unknown	Total
59	42	24	125
22	33	4	59
9	23	0	32
3	0	0	3
2	0	0	2
2	0	0	2
97	98	28	223

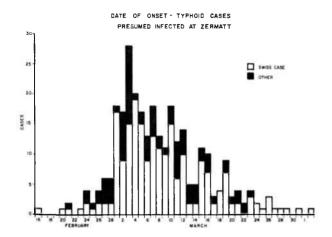
None of the isolations of S. derby from non-human sources reported in 1963 have as yet revealed an association with the present outbreak.

INTERNATIONAL NOTES

Typhoid Fever - Zermatt, Switzerland

Supplementary data regarding the recent typhoid epidemic originating in Zermatt, Switzerland has been provided by Dr. Reimert Ravenholt, Epidemiologist, Division of Foreign Quarantine, Paris.

To date, 347 cases have been reported from 10 different countries. There have been three deaths, two in Switzerland and one in England. The epidemic commenced on or about February 20, reached a peak on March 3 and declined through the end of March. The epidemic curve based on 297 Swiss, British, German, U.S. and Dutch cases is shown in the accompanying graph.



Based on the time periods during which those who developed typhoid had visited Zermatt, it is believed that the principle dissemination of the infection took place between February 13 and 22. In addition to 2000 villagers and transient workers, there were an estimated 8000 visitors during this period. Because of the relative inaccessibility of Zermatt, most visitors stay at least overnight in the town. Although data regarding the nationality of hotel guests for 1963 are not yet available, published figures for February, 1962 regarding hotel "guest-nights," by nationality, give a rough appraisal of the geographic dispersion of the visitors.

HOTEL GUEST-NIGHTS, FEBRUARY 1962 AND TYPHOID CASES 1963

Guest Nationality	Number Hotel Guest-nights	Reported Cases
Switzerland	20,613	212
Germany	16,533	23
United Kingdom	10,567	73
France	9,940	13
U.S.A and Canada	9,472	12
Belgium	2,416	1
Italy	2,361	4
Netherlands	1,365	5
Austria	584	3
Other European	1,174	1
Other	320	00
Total	75,345	347

At Zermatt, the cases occurred among visitors who had resided throughout the village during their visit; there was no apparent concentration in any one area.

The explosiveness of the outbreak and the wide dissemination of exposures throughout the town suggested water as the probable source of infection. Bacteriological examination of water during March revealed a high content of coliform organisms. Although chlorination of some water sources entering Zermatt was routinely carried out, it was considered inadequate. Chlorine levels were increased fourfold in mid-March when the problem was first suspected.

The means of contamination of the water is not clear. Several hundred Italian laborers working on various hydroelectric projects reside on the Zermatt watersheds. Many came from endemic areas in Italy; one is known to have developed typhoid fever during February. In addition to possible contamination of the watershed coupled with inadequate chlorination, there may also have been contamination through the water distribution system. One major defect was found in a principle water main.

Swiss authorities are actively pursuing their investigations. More complete data will be available in the future.

Smallpox - Stockholm

Three additional cases, two hospital acquired, were identified last week bringing to 19 the total number of smallpox cases comprising the current outbreak, according to information made available by Dr. Bo Zetterberg, Chief, Epidemiology Division, State Bacteriology Laboratory, Stockholm.

Two of the three cases are actually part of the second generation of transmission (See MMWR Vol. 12, pg. 174), having now been identified retrospectively by serologic means. Neither patient developed a rash. Both were nurses in the Stockholm Infectious Disease Hospital

(Continued on page 188)

SUMMARY OF PNEUMONIA AND INFLUENZA DEATHS

The weekly average number of pneumonia-influenza deaths for the four-week period ending June 1 was 387 as compared with an expected weekly average of 442.

PNEUMONIA-INFLUENZA DEATHS IN 108 CITIES

		WEEK E	NDING		4 Week	Weekly		
	5/11	5/18	5/25	6/1	Total	Average		
Observed	422	408	373	346	1,549	387		
Expected	457	447	437	428	1,769	442		
Excess	- 35	- 39	- 64	-82	-220	- 55		

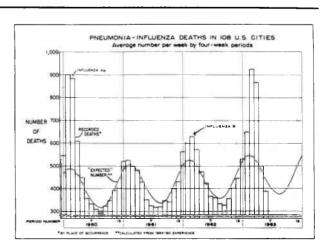


Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

JUNE 1, 1963 AND JUNE 2, 1962

	Polio	myelitis,	total c	ises	Poli	lomyeliti	s, paraly	tic	Poliomy nonpara	elitis, lytic		ptic ngitis
4			Cumu 1	ative			Cumu	lative				
Area	22nd	week	First 2	2 weeks	22nd	week	First 2	2 weeks	22nd	week	22nd	week
Ì	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962	1963	1962
UNITED STATES	3	22	56	152	1	20	48	115	250	2	25	16
				_				5	1000			
EW ENGLAND Maine	-	(-	-	1	7-	-	-	1	-	-	232	-
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vermont	-		-	-		-	2	-	-	2	-	-
Massachusetts	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
Rhode Island	-	-	_	-	-	170	-	1		-		_
Connecticut	-	•		1	-	-	-	1	. ₹		\ -	-
IDDLE ATLANTIC	2	3	8	33	-	3	6	20	-	2	2	2
New York	-	2	4	32	82	2	4	19	-	=	2	1
New Jersey		1	1	1		1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	2	-	3	-	-	-	1	3-2	-	=	-	1
AST NORTH CENTRAL	-	2.7	14	10	0.m	: - :	11	6	-	-	2	2
Ohio		1.7	4	4	·	-	3	4	(A)	-	1	1
Indiana. Illinois.	-	•	1	3	-	180	5	2	: * :	*	-	-
Michigan		-	6 2	2		:50	5	: • ·		1 -		-
Wisconsin	-	- 2	1	ī	-	-	2	-	-	-	1 -	1
EST NORTH CENTRAL	*1	22	2	7	-	_	2	4	_		2	
Minnesota	¥ 5	-	1	í	-	- 2	1	1		-	2	1 -
Iowa	-	9₩		3	_		<u></u>	2	_		-	_
Missouri	-	7 🖦	1	3	-		1	1	-	ا ـ	_	_
North Dakota	-		-	×	14	· **	<u> </u>		-	-	_	-
South Dakota	*			*	-		2	1.0	-	-	-	_
Nebraska	-	(-	-	-	300	> ≥	1 12	-	-	22	-	-
Kansas	~	:+:	100	-	-	(m)	-	-		=	-	-
OUTH ATLANTIC	=	\- <u>-</u> -	6	11		3 = €0	5	9	-	×	4	3
Delaware	5	(**)		1.00	-	· ;	-	-	·	-	1	-
Maryland	77	170		UT:		350	II #5	(- -	· ·	-	-	
District of Columbia	-	-	-	1	-	-	5	•	-	1 -	-	9200
Virginia	*	3.50	1	2	-	100	1	2	: - -:			2
North Carolina	2	720	2	2	-	2	2	2	(4)	<u> </u>	-	-
South Carolina	=		-	-	53%	(3)	-		- 	-	S	-50
Georgia	_	· ·	1	2	-	21	12	2	2	2		_
Florida	2 🛥	-	2	4	-		2	3		2	3	1
AST SOUTH CENTRAL		1	3	5	: <u>-</u> :	1	2	3	-	_	1	-
Kentucky	(1	•	2	-	1	-	2	¥3	<u> </u>	: <u>-</u> :	140
Tennessee	S #5		1	2		(+)	1	-		-	0=0	-
Alabama. Mississippi	1.7	-	2	1	-	-	1 -	1	-	~	1	-
	20				540		570		_		_	
EST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	18	14	62	1	16	14	53	-	2	3	
Louisiana	1	•	12	1 5	1	5	10	1	-	U.T.	(-	-
Oklahoma	-	_ [12	1	920	5	12	5	-	-	-	-
Texas	-	18	2	55	-	16	2	47	_	2	3	
OUNTAIN	-	_	-	7	-	-	_	_				
Montana	-	-	-	2	-	_		6		1 -	-	4
Idaho		2.00	-	-	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	-	_	1 -
Wyoming.	-	-	-	1	_	_	'	- i	_	-]	[
Colorado	-		-		200	-	: -:	_	_] _	_	4
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	7.0		-
Arizona. Utah	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	3	-	_	_	-
Nevada	-		=	1	-	-	-	1 -	-	_	-	-
ACIFIC	-	-	9	16			500		-	_		27
Washington	12		2	10	-		8	13	_	-	11	5
Oregon	14		1	1		-	1	1	-	_	_	[
California	-	-	8	15		-	7	12	_]	11	5
Alaska	-	-	2	-		-		- 12	-		-	3
Hawaii	100	740	2	54	-			-	-	-	_	-

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

JUNE 1, 1963 AND JUNE 2, 1962 - (Continued)

	Brucel	losis	Diphth	eria	Encepha infect		infe	Hepati ctious a		m	Meas	les
Area		Cumu-		Cumu-				22nd	week			
	22nd week	lative 22 weeks	22nd week	lative	20.1	,	Under	20 &			1	
,	1963	1963	1963			week	20 yr.	over		tal	22nd	week
UNITED STATES	9	145	1963	1963 112	1963	1962	1963 324	1963 278	1963	1962 904	1963	1962
	-				0.00	2000	888	(27)	0.000	555	13,000	16,37
NEW ENGLAND	3		<u> </u>	4	1	3	32 20	25 13	62	40	477	2,310
New Hampshire	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	- 1	-	-	3	13	33	16 1	11	24
Vermont	<u>=</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	61	11
Massachusetts	2	-	•	2	•	3	5	7	15	18	212	98
Rhode Island Connecticut	-	-	2	2	-	3	4	- 4	2 8	4	40 151	19: 76
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	_	4		10			75.375	-0.50	10000	5.8.5		
New York.	2	3	-	19 13	5 1	13	63 33	86 52	149 85	145 62	2,329	3,25
New Jersey	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	12	15	19	957 546	1,52 1,41
Pennsylvania		1	=	5	4	7	27	22	49	64	826	32
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	-	10	-	11	2	6	58	53	112	193	5,615	3,15
Ohio			=	1	1	1	10	13	24	65	539	62
IndianaIllinois	- 5	1	7	3		្ត	10	8	18	23	216	33
Michigan		8 1	Ī	3	1	3	5 32	7 23	12 55	38 65	684	77
Wisconsin	_	-	9	1	-	2	1	23	3	2	1,862 2,314	96 45
EST NORTH CENTRAL	4	102	1	32	_	1	6	8	14	37	319	41
Minnesota	-	7	2	15	-	20	2	3	5	16	44	9
Iowa Missouri	4	75	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	9	124	10
North Dakota		4	-	1	-	-	1	2	3	4	78	6
South Dakota.	-	5	-	9	-	-	1	1	1	1	73	15
Nebraska	-	5	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	= [
Kansas	-	6		0.00	: * :	1	1	1	2	5	NN	N
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	4	9	21	5	-	35	18	53	143	1,054	1,06
Delaware		-		-	-	-	1	-	1	-	51	2
Maryland District of Columbia	-	-	=	-	2	- 2	4 2	3	7	13	65	14
Virginia	2	2	<u> </u>	-	-	- 5	3	2	2	30	213	34
West Virginia	-	-	~	1	1	-	13	2	15	5	511	34
North Carolina	33 = 3	1		1	-	-	10	5	15	52	98	1
South Carolina Georgia	3. = 3	-	-	7	1	-	1	-	1	7	13	4
Florida	-	1	-	8	1	-	1	1 5	6	10 22	93	13
AST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	4	-	9		1	57	23	80	102	510	0.2
Kentucky	_		<u></u>	-		-	8	3	11	24	166	93 20
Tennessee	-	3	-	2	-	-	21	6	27	46	326	67
Alabama. Mississippi	_	1 -	3	7	-	1	23 5	3 11	26 16	17 15	17	2
(2.5)	-		-	0.596	0.00	1	3	11	10	15	1	2
EST SOUTH CENTRAL	1	10	-	13	1	3	19	10	29	76	442	1,42
Louisiana	-	3		1 2	-	1	1 4	2 2	3 6	15 16	41	
Oklahoma.	-	2		5	14.3	1	-	-	-	3	27	1
Texas	1	5	¥	5	1	1	14	6	20	42	374	1,39
NIATNUO1	1						1 .					
Montana	1	4	-	1	1	_	4	3 -	22	32 3	1,170	1,31 43
Idaho	-	-	-	-		_	2	_	4	1	115	6
Wyoming	-	1	=	-	-	-	-	_	380	2	19	5
Colorado New Mexico			5	:	7	-	-	-	4	7	379	39
Arizona.	1	2	1	1	1	-	2	1	3	5	NN	N
Utah	-	1	<u> </u>			_	- 1	- 2	7	5 8	501	19 11
Nevada	5405	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	1	120	7
ACIFIC	1	7	-	2	7	5	50	52	103	136	1,084	2,51
Washington	-	*	7		•	2	7	9	17	26	75	94
Oregon.	1	2 4	2	2	2 5	្ន	5	3	8	21	-	58
California. Alaska	-	4	ā	-	2	3	36	40	76	88	902	92
Hawaii	220	1	-	-	•	-	-	2	-	-	104	4

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

JUNE 1, 1963 AND JUNE 2, 1962 · (Continued)

	Meningo Infecti		Strepto Sore The Scarlet	roat &	Tetanus	Tickborne Typhus (Rcky Mt.	Tularemia	Typhoi	d Fever	Rabie	s in Anim	als
Area	22nd wk.	Cumu- lative 22 weeks		week	22nd wk	Spotted)	22nd wk.	22nd wk.	Cumu- lative 22 weeks	22nd	week	Cumu- lative 22 weeks
	1963	1963	1963	1962	1963	1963	1963	1963	1963	1963	1962	1963
UNITED STATES	43	1,267	5,508	5,729	4	1	6	3	149	67	72	1,731
NEW ENGLAND		79	649	384	_	_						1.0
Maine		13	108	16	-	1 -	_	_	6	1	_	18
New Hampshire	-	2	14	2	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	12
Vermont	-	2	8	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	_	5
Massachusetts Rhode Island	_	37 7	123 42	93 16	_	_	_	-	4	77.	-	
Connecticut	g -	18	354	257	<u> </u>		_	-	1	_	_	_
						,			-			
MIDDLE ATLANTIC		176	456	291	1	-	-	-	18	1	2	45
New York New Jersey		76 26	271	180 39	_	-	_	_	14	-	_	33
Pennsylvania.)	74	119	72	1	_	_	_	3	1	2	12
										-	_	12
EAST NORTH CENTRAL		203	667	549	-	-	-	-	8	14	15	267
OhioIndiana		59 24	48 89	57 69	_	<u> </u>	-	-	2	6	10	157
Illinois		28	72	155		-	1 -	_	1 3	4 3	1	30 39
Michigan.		66	235	117	_	-	-	-	1 1	-	2 =	26
Wisconsin	-	26	223	151	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	15
WEST NORTH CENTRAL.	3	75	192	121				7907				
Minnesota		13	132	131 25		_	1		9	21	18	403
Iowa		4	52	37		-	1 -	_	3 1	5 10	10	107 147
Missouri	1	27	4	1	_	-	_	_	5	4	3	74
North Dakota	-	3	86	55	-	_	-	-	-	1	3	12
South Dakota	-	4	13	3	-	-	-	846	140	<u>u</u>	2	49
Nebraska. Kansas	2	19	- [-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	6
Matibas	-	5	24	10	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	8
SOUTH ATLANTIC	11	232	391	397			_	1	31	2	3	278
Delaware	1	2	4	12	_	-	_	-	i	-	0.00	(*)
Maryland	4	37	50	28	-	-	-	-	3	-	_	-
Dist. of Columbia	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	· ·
Virginia. West Virginia.	4	58 13	118 123	131	_	_	1 -	3.77	4	2	1	102
North Carolina	1	39	16	62 8	-	1 -	[1	5 4	-	1	82
South Carolina		13	11	6	-	_	_		2	-	-	6
Georgia	-	12	3	4	-	-	_	-	2	-		33
Florida	1	54	64	146	-	-	-	-	10	-	1	51
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	_	100	773	593	_	<u> </u>	_	_	13	9	8	146
Kentucky	-	21	7	27	- 1	-	-	_	1	4	4	71
Tennessee	-	45	725	517	-	-	-	-	8	5	4	63
Alabama	-	18	19	-	_	_	-	-	4	-	-	12
Mississippi	-	16	22	49	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	5	135	559	620	1	1	5	1	27	10	24	363
Arkansas	-	8	-	3	-	-	5	1	13	1	5	23
Louisiana	2	55	15	1	-	-	-	-	5	1	-	35
Oklahoma	1 2	27 45	544	616	1	1 -	i -	-	2	1	2	32
Texas		4-0	344	010	1	_	-	-	7	7	17	273
MOUNTAIN	2	42	929	1,052	_	_	_	1.50	2	7		37
Montana.	-	3	14	28	-	-	_		- 1	75		-
Idaho.	_	3	79	150	-	-		-	-		: 	-
Wyoming Colorado	_	1 11	9 331	28 401	1 -	-	i -	•	. 	7	-	•
New Mexico	1	3	281	222	-	_	_	•	1	*	-	21
Arizona	1	7	104	144	_	-	_	-	1	6 1	-	21 16
Utah	-	11	111	73	-	-	r a	-	2	å	•	10
Nevada	-	3	-	6	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
PACIFIC	15	225	892	1 710	,			_				8
Washington	- 1	16	248	1,712 483	2 -	-	(*	1	35	2	2	174
Oregon	2	13	13	12	1	_	_	-	2	-	1	1
California	13	186	530	1,148	i	_	-	1	30	2	1	164
Alaska	-	5	-	60	-	-	_	5 - 2	1	-	30 - 0	9
Hawaii		5	101	9		i -	-	-	2	-	_	-
Puerto Rico		4										

Table 4 (B). REPORTED PNEUMONIA-INFLUENZA DEATHS IN REPORTING CITIES

(Tables 4(A), 4(B), 4(C), and 4(D) will be published in sequence covering a four-week period.) $^{\circ}$

Area		For week	s ending		Area		For week	s ending	
	5/11	5/18	5/25	6/1		5/11	5/18	5/25	6/:
EW ENGLAND:					SOUTH ATLANTIC:				
Boston, Mass	6	16	1	7	Atlanta, Ga	2	5	4	5
Bridgeport, Conn	3	4	4	1	Baltimore, Md	3	4	5]
Cambridge, Mass	0	0	0	0	Charlotte, N.C.	2	i	1	
Fall River, Mass	1	3	2	1	Jacksonville, Fla	2	1	ō]
Hartford, Conn	1	0	о	1	Miami, Fla	1	ō	Ö	
Lowell, Mass	3	3	4	2	Norfolk, Va.	3	4	ő]
Lynn, Mass	1	0	1	2	Richmond, Va	5	1	1	2
New Bedford, Mass	3	0	4	1	Savannah, Ga	3	2	3] 3
New Haven, Conn	0	1	0	0	St. Petersburg, Fla	6	2	3	:
Providence, R.I	2	2	4	2	Tampa, Fla	3	2	7	2
Somerville, Mass	1	1	0	0	Washington, D.C	7	9	8	
Springfield, Mass	4	6	7	6	Wilmington, Del	Ó	5	6	
Waterbury, Conn	0	0	о	0					'
Worcester, Mass	5	1	3	8	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:				
-		}			Birmingham, Ala	0	1	3	
IDDLE ATLANTIC:		1			Chattanooga, Tenn	4	ō	2] :
Albany, N.Y	1	3	1	3	Knoxville, Tenn	0	2	1	(
Allentown, Pa	2	2	ō	o o	Louisville, Ky.	4	8	7	
Buffalo, N.Y	6	3	2	6	Memphis, Tenn	1	3	6	
Camden, N.J	1	3	3	1	Mobile, Ala	1	3	0	
Elizabeth, N.J	1	2	0	2	Montgomery, Ala	1	5	3	
Erie, Pa	3	·· 3	3	4	Nashville, Tenn	٥	5	4	
Jersey City, N.J	2	3	2	4	Mashville, Tennis		, ,	4	:
Newark, N.J	4	2	5	4	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:			1	1
New York City, N.Y	80	71	50	51*	Austin, Tex	4	2		١.
Paterson, N.J	5	1	4	0	Baton Rouge, La	2	3	5	1 :
Philadelphia, Pa	11	12	11	8	Corpus Christi, Tex		1	3	;
Pittsburgh, Pa	6	10	9	7	Dallas, Tex	0 2	0	0) !
Reading, Pa	3	4	í	4	El Paso, Tex		3	5	
Rochester, N.Y	6	4	8	7	Fort Worth, Tex	0	2	4	
Schenectady, N.Y	1	1	0	í	Houston, Tex	4	1	4	;
Scranton, Pa	ō	i	1	Ō	Little Rock, Ark		3	0	9
Syracuse, N.Y	3	ō	o	1 1	New Orleans, La.	1	3	5	4
Trenton, N.J	5	4	2	5	Oklahoma City, Okla	7	4	3	9
Utica, N.Y	٥	3	2	1		3	1	2] :
Yonkers, N.Y	3	1	0	2	San Antonio, Tex	1 1	1 5	3	3
	,	1 1	"		Tulsa, Okla.	7	4	2] 3
AST NORTH CENTRAL:		1			Lucas, ontari	,	4	6	4
Akron, Ohio	1	0	2	0	MOUNTAIN:			1	
Canton, Ohio	3	3	3	2	Albuquerque, N. Mex	•			١.
Chicago, Ill	32	28	17	26	Colorado Springs, Colo	3	3	2	1 4
Cincinnati, Ohio	5	3	3	20	Denver, Colo	3	1	1	1 5
Cleveland, Ohio	4	4	2	1	Ogden, Utah	5	2	4	7
Columbus, Ohio	1	4		1 1	Phoenix, Ariz	0	2	2]
Dayton, Ohio	3		4		Pueblo, Colo.	5	3	2	2
Detroit, Mich		1	1	1		0	1	1	
Evansville, Ind	13	10	12	9	Salt Lake City, Utah Tucson, Ariz	3	0	1]
Flint, Mich	1	3	2	4	Incom, Alla	1	0	0	(
Fort Wayne, Ind	1	1	7	0	PACIFIC:				
Gary Tod	2	6	4	0	1		_		
Gary, Ind	3	3	2	0	Berkeley, Calif	0	0	0	9
Grand Rapids, Mich	4	0	6	3	Fresno, Calif	4	1	2	
Indianapolis, Ind	3	2	8	2	Glendale, Calif	1	0	0	(
Madison, Wis	0	0	0	0	Honolulu, Hawaii	1	3	1	:
Milwaukee, Wis	4	3	5	4	Long Beach, Calif	0	0	0	:
reoria, iii	1	0	1	0	Los Angeles, Calif	23	19	14	
Rockford, Ill	0	2	7	2	Oakland, Calif	5	5	2	:
South Bend, Ind	4	1	0	1	Pasadena, Calif	0	0	1	
Toledo, Ohio	7	9	4	4	Portland, Oreg	2	5	0	1
Youngstown, Ohio	2	1	1	0	Sacramento, Calif	2	0	0	
1					San Diego, Calif	3	3	3	
ST NORTH CENTRAL:					San Francisco, Calif	7	4	2	
Des Moines, Iowa	0	1	1	2	San Jose, Calif	8	4	7	
Duluth, Minn	1	0	0	1	Seattle, Wash	8	3	4	
Kansas City, Kans	5	0	2	2*	Spokane, Wash	Ö	1	1	
Kansas City, Mo	2	5	4	3	Tacoma, Wash	0	1	i	``
Lincoln, Nebr	4	1	2	0			1	+	<u> </u>
minneapolis, Minn	3	î	ō	o	San Juan, P.R	3	5	2	
Umaha, Nebr	2	3	2	2	,	٠			<u></u>
St. Louis, Mo	6	6	6	3					
St. Paul, Minn	2	4	2	3	Current Week Mortality fo	r 108 c	lected C	ities	
Wichita Kane	-	. 7	-	,	derical acer horeartey it				

^{*}Estimate - based on average percent of divisional total.
Totals for previous weeks include reported corrections.

NOTE: All deaths by place of occurrence.

in close contact with the smallpox cases admitted there. The first, a 44-year-old female, cared for Case No. 3 from April 27 to May 7 daily, including bathing and local treatment of the lesions. On May 9, the nurse developed fever and headache, as well as nausea and low back pain. Except for May 13 and 14, she continued to work throughout her illness until isolated on May 18. She was found to have a very high hemagglutination inhibition antibody titer suggesting recent infection. Her last vaccination prior to onset of illness was in 1962. She was also in daily contact with Cases 6 and 14, and directly or indirectly may have transmitted the disease to Case 14.

The second nurse, a 22-year-old female, also employed in the Stockholm Infectious Disease Hospital, had daily contact with Case No. 2 during the period April 27-May 7. On May 11, she experienced onset of headache, fever, and sore throat and was absent from work May 11 through May 13. No rash developed. A high HAI titer verified the diagnosis of smallpox. She had previously been vaccinated in 1950 but at the time of exposure had not yet been revaccinated under the hospital's annual revaccination program.

The final additional case is that of a 47-year-old man who had onset of illness May 21 while already isolated as a contact. He is the father of Case 7, the first identified case. He had never been vaccinated until 7 days before onset of illness.

The total number of hospital-acquired cases now stands at 6, one-third of the secondary indigenous cases. The evidence supports close contact as the primary requisite for spread both in the hospital and in the community. The disease has spread among persons vaccinated more than 7 years prior to the time of their exposure with 2 notable exceptions, both patients with mild disease without rash. The table below presents data on the vaccination status of the 18 indigenous cases:

Time Lapse Since	Indigenous	Clinical	Characteristics	
Last Vaccinated	Cases	Rash	No Rash	Deaths
7 yrs. or less	2	_	2	_
8-14 yrs.	3	1	2	_
15-24 yrs.	2	2	_	_
25-50 yrs.	4	3	1	_
More than 50 years	4	4	_	2
Never	3	3		1
Totals	18	13	5	3

INTERNATIONAL NOTES - QUARANTINE MEASURES Immunization Information for International Travel

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The following information should be added to the list of Yellow Fever Vaccination Centers in Section 6:

CITY: New York, New York

CENTER: Washington Heights District Health Center

New York City Department of Health

600 W. 168th Street Tel. WA 7-6300

CLINIC HOURS: Monday-Friday, 10-11 a.m.

FEE:

No

11brary 81 coc 7 61

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
Communicable Disease Center
Atlanta 22, Georgia

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