

# Epi-Aid — Epidemiologic Assistance



## What is an Epi-Aid?

An Epi-Aid is the mechanism CDC uses for public health authorities to request short-term (1–3 weeks) epidemiologic assistance. An Epi-Aid allows rapid response by CDC's Epidemic Intelligence Service (EIS) officers, who assist in investigating an infectious or non-infectious disease outbreak, natural or manmade disaster, or other public health emergency. The focus of the epidemiologic investigation is to make practical recommendations for actions to mitigate the urgent public health problem.

## Who participates?

An Epi-Aid team consists of an EIS officer and other CDC staff as needed, supervised by a CDC subject matter expert (SME). This team joins local staff in the field to assist the public health authority in that jurisdiction.

## Who can request an Epi-Aid?

A state, territorial, tribal, federal, or international public health authority *must* invite CDC to assist in the investigation. Public health authorities who can request an Epi-Aid include:

- State or territorial epidemiologists
- Tribal chiefs
- Foreign countries' ministers of health
- Federal agency officials
- American military base commanding generals
- CDC's Vessel Sanitation Program officials

## How is an Epi-Aid requested and approved?

1. The public health authority contacts the SME at CDC or the EIS program.
2. The CDC SME and EIS program communicate to discuss the Epi-Aid request. If CDC can support the Epi-Aid, the CDC SME notifies the requesting public health authority.
3. The requesting public health authority sends a letter of invitation to their CDC contact.
4. The EIS program approves the Epi-Aid.

## How does the public health authority benefit?

An Epi-Aid benefits the public health authority in several ways. Epi-Aids:

- Increase the workforce available for rapid response
- Streamline access to CDC subject matter experts and laboratory resources
- Build epidemiologic capacity through collaboration with CDC staff
- Provide the opportunity to train and mentor EIS officers and other trainees

## What is the role of the public health authority?

The public health authority provides overall leadership of the Epi-Aid investigation while benefitting from a collaborative relationship with the CDC team. The public health authority owns all data. After the Epi-Aid is completed, the public health authority can request CDC's continued assistance in data analysis, report writing, and presentation preparation. CDC may not publish or present the data without prior approval and clearance from the public health authority.

## Where can I get more information?

For more information about Epi-Aids, call the EIS office at 404-498-6110, send an e-mail to [EpiAid@cdc.gov](mailto:EpiAid@cdc.gov), or visit the [EIS website](#).

### Requesting an Epi-Aid

- **Contact the CDC subject matter expert directly, or**
- **Contact the EIS office**
  - ***At any time:*** E-mail [EpiAid@cdc.gov](mailto:EpiAid@cdc.gov)
  - ***During business hours (8:00 a.m.–4:30 p.m. ET):*** Call the EIS office at 404-498-6110
  - ***Exception: After business hours:*** Call the CDC Emergency Operations Center at 770-488-7100