CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL

May 26, 1989 / Vol. 38 / No. 20

- 353 HIV Epidemic and AIDS: Trends in Knowledge – United States, 1987 and 1988
- 363 Malaria in Travelers Returning from Kenya: Failure of Self-Treatment with Pyrimethamine/Sulfadoxine
- 364 Predicting Future Cholesterol Levels for Coronary Heart Disease Risk Assessment

Current Trends

HIV Epidemic and AIDS: Trends in Knowledge – United States, 1987 and 1988

Education and information can play an important role in preventing human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) transmission by reducing high-risk behaviors and encouraging safe practices. To collect information for developing and targeting new education programs, the National Health Interview Survey (NHIS) began in August 1987 to include specific questions to assess the public's knowledge about the transmission, prevention, and consequences of HIV infection; attitudes toward persons already infected; and awareness and utilization of the HIV-antibody test.

NHIS is a continuous, cross-sectional household interview survey conducted by CDC's National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS). Each week, a national probability sample of the civilian, noninstitutionalized population is interviewed by Bureau of the Census personnel to obtain information on health, demographic, and other characteristics of each household member. Supplemental information is collected for all or a sample of household members. The 1987 and 1988 NHIS acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) knowledge and attitudes questionnaires were administered to one randomly chosen adult ≥18 years of age in each household. The estimates in this report are based on the approximately 3500 interviews completed each month.

The first NHIS AIDS Knowledge and Attitudes Survey was implemented from August to December 1987, and provisional survey results were published monthly (1-5). From January to April 1988, the NHIS AIDS questionnaire was revised to include questions about the brochure, "Understanding AIDS," which was mailed to every U.S. household in May and June. The revised AIDS Knowledge and Attitudes Survey was implemented in May 1988, and provisional results are being published periodically (6-9).

The current questionnaire contains items on self-assessed knowledge about AIDS, HIV transmission, perceived effectiveness of various preventive measures, experience with blood donation and testing, and self-assessed likelihood of being seropositive. In the survey, the term "AIDS virus" was used in place of HIV, and that wording has been maintained in this report. All estimates in this report are provisional. Unless otherwise indicated, all changes and differences cited in the text are statistically significant (p<0.05).

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES / PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

BASELINE FINDINGS

In August 1987, the proportions of U.S. adults who responded that they knew "a lot" and "some" about AIDS were 20% and 40%, respectively (Table 1). Sixty-seven percent of adults had discussed AIDS with a friend or relative; of those adults who had children 10–17 years of age, 60% had discussed AIDS with their children; 36% reported that their children had received AIDS education in school (Table 1).

Most adults answered that they had "no" chance (60%) or a "low" chance (30%) of acquiring the AIDS virus (Table 1). Although 70% of adults had heard of the blood test to detect the presence of HIV antibody, only 15% had had their blood tested, including 7% who reported having had their blood tested and 8% who reported having donated blood since 1985, when routine testing of donation began.

Thirty-four percent of adults considered use of a condom as "very effective" in preventing HIV infection, and 84% answered that having a monogamous relationship with an uninfected partner is a "very effective" preventive measure (Table 1). Two percent of adults responded that use of a diaphragm or spermicidal jelly, foam, or cream are "very effective" preventive techniques.

Most adults knew that AIDS is a fatal disease and that no cure for AIDS exists (89% and 83%, respectively) (Figure 1). Seventy-five percent answered that it was "definitely true" that the AIDS virus can be transmitted during sexual intercourse; 69%, that it was "definitely true" that a pregnant woman can pass the AIDS virus to her baby; 91%, that it was "very likely" that a person would acquire the AIDS virus from sharing needles for drug use with a person who has AIDS (not shown in the figure). The proportions of adults who responded that it was either "probably true" or "somewhat likely" that HIV could be transmitted in these three ways were 18%, 22%, and 5%, respectively.

Sixty-five percent of the adults responded that the following were "definitely false": a vaccine is available to the public that protects against the AIDS virus; AIDS is especially common in older persons; and it is possible to tell by looking at someone if he or she has the AIDS virus.

Seventy-four percent of respondents answered that it is "very unlikely" or "definitely not possible" to transmit the AIDS virus by living near a hospital or home for AIDS patients; 58%, by attending school with a child who has the AIDS virus; 53%, by working near someone with the AIDS virus; 40%, by using public toilets; and 27%, by sharing eating utensils with someone who has the AIDS virus (Figure 2).

CHANGES BETWEEN AUGUST 1987 AND AUGUST 1988

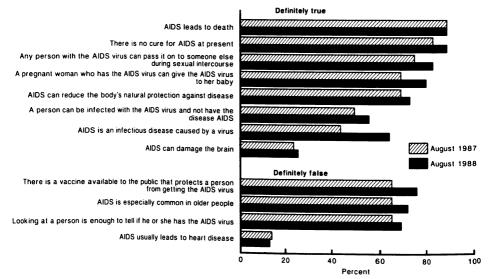
Between August 1987 and August 1988, both objective and self-assessed measures of knowledge increased (Figure 1). Over this period, the proportion of adults who answered that it was "definitely true" that AIDS is an infectious disease caused by a virus increased from 44% to 64%. The proportion responding that it was "definitely true" that a pregnant woman can transmit HIV to her baby increased from 69% to 80%. The proportion answering that it was "definitely false" that a vaccine exists that protects against HIV infection increased from 65% to 76%. The proportion of adults responding that they knew "a lot" about AIDS increased from 20% to 22%; adults answering that they knew "some" about AIDS increased from 40% to 44% (Table 1).

A substantial increase occurred in the proportion of adults who answered that the AIDS virus could *not* be transmitted through casual contact with infected persons (Figure 2). In August 1987, 35% of adults responded it was "very unlikely" that a person could become infected with the AIDS virus by working near someone with it,

Measure of knowledge	August 1987 (%)	August 1988 (%)
Self-perceived level of knowledge about AIDS:		
A lot	20	22
Some	40	44
A little	30	26
None	10	7
Percentage of adults who:		
Have ever heard of a blood test that can detect the AIDS virus infection	70	75
Have ever had their blood tested for the AIDS virus infection	15	17
Expect to have a blood test for the AIDS virus infection in the next 12 months	3	4
Have ever discussed AIDS with a friend or relative	67	65
Have ever discussed AIDS with their children aged 10-17	60	60
Report that their children aged 10-17 have received AIDS education in school	36	59
Self-perceived risk of getting the AIDS virus:		
High	1	0
Medium	4	2
Low	30	20
None	60	75
Don't know	5	3
Perceived effectiveness of selected methods of preventing AIDS virus transmission through sexual activity:		
Using a diaphragm–		
Very effective	2	2
Somewhat effective	11	12
Not at all effective	56	57
Don't know	31	29
Using a condom-		
Very effective	34	29
Somewhat effective	48	54
Not at all effective	6	4
Don't know	12	12
Using a spermicidal jelly, foam, or cream—		
Very effective	2	1
Somewhat effective	13	14
Not at all effective	54	55
Don't know	31	30
Two people who do not have the AIDS virus having sex <i>only</i> with each other—		
Very effective	84	84
Somewhat effective	9	7
Not at all effective	1	2
Don't know	6	8

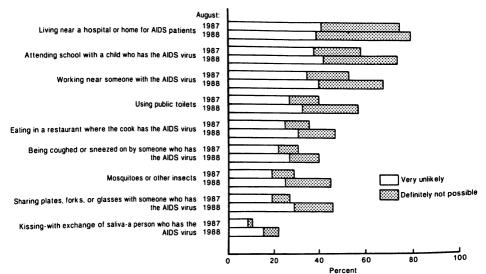
TABLE 1. Measures of knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors among adults surveyedabout HIV and AIDS – United States, August 1987 and August 1988

FIGURE 1. Provisional estimates of percentage of adults responding correctly to selected AIDS knowledge items – United States, August 1987 and August 1988



SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics, National Health Interview Survey.

FIGURE 2. Provisional estimates of percentage of adults who think it very unlikely or definitely not possible to transmit the AIDS virus in selected ways – United States, August 1987 and August 1988



SOURCE: National Center for Health Statistics, Division of Health Interview Statistics, National Health Interview Survey.

and 18% responded that it was "impossible." In August 1988, these proportions had increased to 40% and 27%, respectively.

The perceived effectiveness of condoms ("very effective" or "somewhat effective") in preventing HIV transmission remained essentially the same (Table 1), as did attitudes about the other forms of contraception and the perceived "effectiveness" of a mutually monogamous relationship with an uninfected partner.

The proportion of adults who had heard of the blood test for early diagnosis increased from 70% to 75%. In August 1988, 17% of adults had been tested, including 9% who reported having had their blood tested and 8% who reported having donated blood since 1985.

The proportion of adults reporting their chances of becoming infected with HIV as "high" or "medium" showed limited change (1% to <1% [nonsignificant], 4%–2%, respectively), but a large proportion shifted from the low-risk to no-risk category, the latter increasing from 60% to 75%.

Three percent of adults reported that they belonged to one or more of the groups associated with increased risk for HIV transmission. Among these persons, perceived risk for HIV transmission varied: 5% reported that their chances of already having been or of becoming infected with HIV were "high," 7% reported a "medium" chance, and 42% reported a "low" chance of infection.

The proportion of adults who reported discussing AIDS with their children aged 10–17 years remained at 60%; in contrast, the proportion who reported that their children had received AIDS education in school increased from 36% to 59%. Little change occurred in the proportion who reported having discussed AIDS with friends or relatives.

Reported by: Div of Health Interview Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics; National AIDS Information and Education Program, Office of the Deputy Director (HIV), CDC.

Editorial Note: In comparing August 1987 to August 1988, the most substantial increase in knowledge was related to transmission of HIV. The increases in the percentages of adults who considered it "very unlikely" or "definitely not possible" to transmit HIV through various forms of casual contact represent important gains in knowledge.

The overall gain in levels of knowledge about HIV and AIDS coincided with the national multimedia public awareness campaign. Analysis of the NHIS data is under way to assess the impact of one element of this campaign, the mailing of the brochure entitled "Understanding AIDS" to every U.S. household during May and June 1988. Evaluation of this and other public education efforts will help guide future campaigns so that progress can continue.

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(Continued on page 363)

	201	th Week End	ing	Cumulat	ive, 20th We	ek Ending
Disease	May 20, 1989	May 21, 1988	Median 1984-1988	May 20 , 1989	May 21, 1988	Median 1984-1988
Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome (AIDS)	585	U*	210	12,916	11,807	4,805
Asentic meninaitis	85	90	90	1,546	1,572	1,572
Encephalitis: Primary (arthropod-borne						
& unspec)	9	12	13	231	263	315
Post-infectious	1	2	2	32	40	40
Gonorrhea: Civilian	10,604	12,602	15,248	243,088	254,062	307,025
Military	159	188	316	4,182	4,779	6,572
Hepatitis: Type A	592	442	423	12,801	9,453	8,490
Type B	390	464	475	8,150	8,281	9,512
Non A, Non B	39	54	72	874	1,012	1,333
Unspecified	46	31	87	977	812	1,850
Legionellosis	8	22	11	306	344	237
Leprosy	5	3	3	55	73	84
Malaria	14	17	21	390	260	281
Measles: Total [†]	244	145	145	4,340	1,166	1,332
Indigenous	237	141	124	4,096	1,043	1,193
Imported	.7	4	9	244	123	139
Meningococcal infections	40	68	62	1,342	1,449	1,370
Mumps	93	100	100	2,170	2,330	1,585
Pertussis	22	72	54	728	859	822
Rubella (German measles)	6	6	16	124	82	196
Syphilis (Primary & Secondary): Civilian	511	714	524	14,844	14,346	10,803
Military	1	2	2	105	74	78
Toxic Shock syndrome	7	4	7	140	125	138
Tuberculosis	356	467	459	7,315	7,273	7,658
Tularemia	4	6	2	23	38	38
Typhoid Fever	8 7	1	3	157	137	112
Typhus fever, tick-borne (RMSF)		20	20	52	55	68
Rabies, animal	82	71	123	1,739	1,516	1,929

TABLE I. Summary – cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States

TABLE II. Notifiable diseases of low frequency, United States

	Cum. 1989		Cum. 1989
Anthrax Botulism: Foodborne Infant Other (Ohio 1) Brucellosis (Va. 1, Calif. 1) Cholera Congenital rubella syndrome Congenital syphilis, ages < 1 year Diphtheria	6 3 4 22 - 1 -	Leptospirosis (Oreg. 1) Plague Poliomyelitis, Paralytic Psittacosis Rabies, human Tetanus Trichinosis	51

*Because AIDS cases are not received weekly from all reporting areas, comparison of weekly figures may be misleading. Two of the 244 reported cases for this week were imported from a foreign country or can be directly traceable to a known internationally imported case within two generations.

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Wyo. 18 - - 47 91 15 1 -<		4		-	-	81	165	16	17		1		i
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Utah 103 12 1 1,745 1,605 1,605 1,60 33 3 Nev. 83 2 2 1,222 1,152 159 79 6 1 3 PACIFIC 2,854 322 29 13 26,418 30,842 5,169 1,639 290 328 27 2 Wash, 270 - 1 2,353 2,569 1,068 309 81 18 5 Oreg, 100 - - 1,111 1,157 897 163 33 6 1 Calif, 2,434 299 25 12 22,416 26,429 2,761 1,114 171 300 19 2 Alaska 5 2 3 - 349 417 382 21 5 2 1 Hawaii 45 21 1 - 189 270 61 2 2 1 Guam - - - 56 - - -	N. Mex.	31			-	543	524	224	82			-	-
Nev. B3 2 2 1,22 1,152 155 79 6 1 3 PACIFIC 2,854 322 29 13 26,418 30,842 5,169 1,639 290 328 27 2 Wash. 270 - - 1 2,353 2,569 1,068 309 81 18 5 Oreg. 100 - - 1,111 1,157 897 163 33 6 1 Calif. 2,434 299 25 12 22,416 26,429 2,761 1,144 171 300 19 2 Alaska 5 2 3 - 349 417 382 21 5 2 1 Hawaii 45 21 1 - 189 270 61 2 - 2 1 Guam - - - 56 - - - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>					-								-
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Oreg. 100 - - 1,111 1,157 897 163 33 6 1 Calif. 2,434 299 25 12 22,416 26,429 2,761 1,144 171 300 19 2 Alaska 5 2 3 - 349 417 382 21 5 2 1 Hawaii 45 21 1 - 189 270 61 2 - 2 1 Guam - - 56 - </td <td>Wash.</td> <td>270</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>29 2</td>	Wash.	270	-	-									29 2
Alaska 5 2 3 - 349 417 382 21 5 2 1 Hawaii 45 21 1 - 189 270 61 2 - 2 1 Guam - - - 56 - - - 1 P.R. 615 38 1 - 409 587 40 76 5 7 V.I. 16 - - 244 152 - 4 - - Other Samoa - - - 244 152 - - -	Oreg. Calif		-	-	-	1,111	1,157	897	163	33	6	1	1
Hawaii 45 21 1 - 189 270 61 2 - 2 Guan - - - 56 - - 2 1 P.R. 615 38 1 - 409 587 40 76 5 7 - VI. 16 - - 244 152 - 4 - -	Alaska				12								22
Guam	Hawaii	45											4
	Guam	-			-	-			-	_	-	•	-
V.I. 16 - 244 152 - 4	P.R.		38	1	-		587	40	76	5	7		7
		16	-	-	-	244		-				•	
C.N.M.I 20	C.N.M.I.	-				-			-	-	-	•	-

TABLE III. Cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending May 20, 1989 and May 21, 1988 (20th Week)

N: Not notifiable

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			Meas	es (Rub	eola)		Menin-		-				T		
Reporting Area	Malaria	Indig	enous	Impo	rted*	Total	gococcal Infections	Mumps			Pertussi	5		Rubella	1
	Cum. 1989	1989	Cum. 1989	1989	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1988	Cum. 1989	1989	Cum. 1989	1989	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1988	1989	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1988
UNITED STATES	390	237	4,096	7	244	1,166	1,342	93	2,170	22	728	859	6	124	82
NEW ENGLAND	23	6	48	-	14	64	97	-	19	-	102	78	2	4	1
Maine N.H.	1		1	:		56	13 11	-	10	:	4 5	11 22	2	2	-
Vt.	-	•	1	-	-	-	6	-	-	•	5	2	-	1	-
Mass. R.I.	14 5	6	9 35	-	12 2	1	44 1	:	8	:	83 2	33 1	-	1	1
Conn.	3	•	2	•	-	7	22	-	1	•	3	9	•	-	-
MID. ATLANTIC	63 13	13 8	292 23	4 4†§	111 81	344 6	175	2	101		45	36	2	7	8
Upstate N.Y. N.Y. City	20	5	30	-	13	25	55 25	2	47 10	:	25 2	21 1	2	1 6	1 5
N.J. Pa.	13 17	-	180 59	-	17	15 298	40	•	11	-	14	4	-	-	1
E.N. CENTRAL	19	•	688	3	41	230	55	-	33		4	10	•	•	1
Ohio	6		400	-	35	6	164 68	6	209 8	:	35 1	106 21	:	16 3	21
Ind. III.	3 4	-	17 271	-	-	19	19	•	18	-	8	47	-	-	
m. Mich.	4	-	2/1	35	4	46 17	44 26	6	95 75	:	- 19	6 16	-	12	17 4
Wis.	2	-	-	-	2	-	7		13	•	7	16	-	1	-
W.N. CENTRAL	11	11	286	-	2	10	37	2	276	2	19	36	-	2	-
Minn. Iowa	5 1	-	-	-	1	10	10	2	- 15	2	- 8	6 14	:	:	:
Mo.	4	•	205	-	-	-	9	-	42	-	9	5	•	1	-
N. Dak. S. Dak.	1	:	-	-	:	-	4		-		1	6 2	-	-	-
Nebr.	-		6	-	-	-	10	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kans.	-	11	75	-	1	-	4	-	217	-	1	3	-	1	-
S. ATLANTIC Del.	69 1	2 1	247 35	-	15 1	219	219 2	6	327	3	63	88	-	4	3
Md.	14		6	-	6	4	32	-	151		6	3 17	-	2	-
D.C. Va.	3 9	- 1	5 1	-	3 2	116	10	4	62	-	:		-	-	-
W. Va.	1		-	-	-	6	27 8	:	57 9	-	4 9	11	:	-	-
N.C. S.C.	10 3	•	159	-	:	1	31	-	12	1	16	25	•	1	-
Ga.	4	-	-	-		-	14 38	2	15 5	1	9	17	-		-
Fla.	24	•	41	•	3	92	57	•	16	1	19	15	-	1	3
E.S. CENTRAL	4	30	52	-	-	53	37	2	84	-	30	13	-	1	-
Ky. Tenn.	-	20	2 21	-		32	21 2	1	9 25	:	1 8	- 8		1	-
Ala.	2	10	29	-	-	-	11	-	6		21	3	-	-	-
Miss.	2	-	-	•		21	3	N	N	-		2	-	-	-
W.S. CENTRAL Ark.	18	169	2,081	:	23	9	112 4	63 8	873 85	1	23 10	63 5	1	12 1	6
La.	1	•	6	•	-	-	21	25	311		4	7	-	5	2
Okla. Tex.	1 16	169	23 2,052	:	23	8 1	8 79	5 25	151 326	1	9	24 27	-	1 5	1 3
MOUNTAIN	14	6	68		17	115	34	9	97	14	302	301	1	3	3
Mont.	-	•	12	•	1	-	1	-	2	-		1	-	ī	-
ldaho Wvo.	2 1	-	-	:	1	1			6 6	6	37	237	1	1	-
Colo.	1	2	30	•	1	114	13	4	11	-	18	7	-	-	1
N. Mex. Ariz.	1 6	1 3	12 14	2	14	-	18	N 5	N 65	- 8	4 236	2 31	-	-	-
Utah	-		-	-	-	-	2	-	3	-	6	21	-	-	1
Nev.	3	•	-	-	-	-	-	•	4	•	1	1	-	1	1
PACIFIC Wash.	169 10	:	334 6	-	21 10	264 1	467 44	3 2	184 17	2	109	138	-	75	40
Oreg.	8	-	-	-	4	3	32	Ň	N	-	23 4	30 4	-	1	-
Calif. Alaska	147 2	•	322	:	3	256	387 3	:	158	2	80	81	-	57	34
Hawaii	2		6	-	4	4	3 1	i	9	-	2	3 20	-	17	- 6
Guam	-	U	-	U	-	1	-	U	-	υ			υ	-	1
P.R. V.I.	-		303 2	:	-	158	3	-	1	-	2	6	-	4	i
Amer. Samoa	-	U	-	U	-	-	-	1 U	8	Ū	:	:	Ū	:	-
C.N.M.I.	-	U	-	υ	-	-		Ŭ	-	Ũ	-	-	ŭ	-	-

TABLE III. (Cont'd.) Cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending May 20, 1989 and May 21, 1988 (20th Week)

*For measles only, imported cases includes both out-of-state and international importations.

N: Not notifiable U: Unavailable [†]International [§]Out-of-state

Reporting Area	Syphilis (Primary &	(Civilian) Secondary)	Toxic- shock Syndrome	Tuber	culosis	Tula- remia	Typhoid Fever	Typhus Fever (Tick-borne) (RMSF)	Rabies, Animal
	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1988	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1988	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1989	Cum. 1989
UNITED STATES	14,844	14,346	140	7,315	7,273	23	157	52	1,739
NEW ENGLAND	643	380	4	183	137	-	10	1	2
Maine N.H.	5 2	5 4	2	3 12	3	-	-	-	1
N.H. Vt.	2	4	-	2	1			-	-
Mass.	194	163	-	95	88	-	5	;	-
R.I. Conn.	14 428	12 196	2	26 45	11 34	-	4 1	1	- 1
MID. ATLANTIC	2,727	2,945	24	1,472	1,341	1	43	4	221
Upstate N.Y.	305	193	3	111	215	-	5	2	4
N.Y. City N.J.	1,251 514	1,931 320	2 7	874 210	628 237	:	27 8	-	
Pa.	657	501	12	277	261	1	3	2	217
E.N. CENTRAL	578	438	17	848	839	2	18	8	33
Ohio	38	44	8	164	155	-	7	7	-
Ind.	25 276	21 229	4	69 363	86 344	1	1 6	1	2
III. Mich.	219	128	5	208	204		3	-	3
Wis.	20	16	-	44	50	1	ĩ	-	24
W.N. CENTRAL	128	87	23	208	188	4	5	3	232
Minn.	8	8	6 4	45 29	31	-	1	-	55
lowa Mo.	16 67	10 49	4	82	14 93	3	2 1	1 2	63 20
N. Dak.	1	1	-	7	4	-	-	-	13
S. Dak.	-	-	3	12	17	1	-	-	40
Nebr. Kans.	16 20	13 6	5 1	9 24	7 22		1	-	17 24
S. ATLANTIC	5,700	5,099	13	1,584	1,633	1	11	24	538
Del.	68	53	-	19	17	-	2	-	13
Md.	299	289	-	147	178	-	1	4	140
D.C. Va.	342 211	223 159	3	67 138	73 183	1	2 1	-	2 109
W. Va.	7	2	-	33	32	-	-	-	27
N.C.	357	295	4	164	119	-	2	14	-
S.C. Ga.	298 1,205	234 825	3 2	169 223	163 247		-	4 2	92 91
Fla.	2,913	3,019	ī	624	621		3	-	64
E.S. CENTRAL	997	798	3	616	579	3	1	6	164
Ky.	23	26	1	151	161	1	1	4	79
Tenn. Ala.	421	344 229	1 1	149 192	145 184	1	-	1	46
Miss.	334 219	199	-	124	89	1		1	39
W.S. CENTRAL	2,010	1,531	11	853	895	7	7	4	287
Ark.	129	70	1	94	91	3	-	1	39
La.	450	288	- 6	109	122	-	1	-	4
Okla. Tex.	30 1,401	63 1,110	4	74 576	82 600	4	1 5	2 1	42 202
MOUNTAIN	265	256	16	183	180	3	2	1	79
Mont.	205	230	-	5	- 180	-	-	-	34
Idaho	-	-	1	7		-	-	-	-
Wyo. Colo.	1 46	1 38	4	12	1 28	1	1	:	23
N. Mex.	40	38 19	4	33	28			1	11
Ariz.	70	73	8	85	82	-	1	-	10
Utah	9	9 114	- 1	19	10	2	-		-
Nev.	128			22	20			-	1
PACIFIC Wash.	1,796 91	2,812 91	29 2	1,368	1,481 83	2	60 2	1	183
Oreg.	113	114	-	73 50	48	-	4	1	-
Calif.	1,584	2,586	26	1,165	1,275	2	52	-	129
Alaska Hawaii	3 5	6 15	- 1	17	14 61		2	-	54
	5			63		-	2	-	-
Guam P.R.	209	1 257	-	91	7 86				21
V.I.	1	1	-	3	3	-		-	-
Amer. Samoa	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
C.N.M.I.	-	1	-	-	9	-	-	-	-

TABLE III. (Cont'd.) Cases of specified notifiable diseases, United States, weeks ending May 20, 1989 and May 21, 1988 (20th Week)

U: Unavailable

TABLE IV. Deaths in	121 U.S	S. cities,*	week ending
May 20,	1989 (2	Oth Week)

Paperting Area Auge Sets 55-44 25-44 124 C1 Total Paperting Area Auge >65 45-42 25-44 124 C1 Total NEW EVGL AND 6.20 440 10 41 9 20 39 S. ATLANTIC 1.214 694 272 18 51 60 64 Bridgeport Conn. 45 38 5 1 1 12 Alarata, Ga, Miran, Liss 155 1 1 4 166 21 23 7 1 4 16 21 37 5 24 1 1 4 16 22 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 3 1 2 2 1 3 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Τ</th><th>All Ca</th><th>uses, B</th><th>y Age</th><th>(Years)</th><th></th><th>P&I**</th><th> </th><th colspan="2">All C</th><th>uses, E</th><th>y Age</th><th>(Years)</th><th></th><th>P&I**</th></td<>		Τ	All Ca	uses, B	y Age	(Years)		P&I**		All C		uses, E	y Age	(Years)		P&I**
Boston, Mass. 164 89 45 10 12 Aufmar, Gas. 178 698 20 133 41 233 7 19 14 Cambridge, Mass. 21 15 5 1 - 1 Charlotte, NC. 75 40 21 9 1 4 6 Lowell, Mass. 24 12 2 1 - - 1 Charlotte, NC. 75 40 21 9 1 4 6 Lowell, Mass. 12 2 1 - - 1 Charlotte, NC. 75 44 18 6 2 3 3 5 2 1 1 5 36 6 1 1 3 5 2 1 44 16 2 3 3 5 2 1 44 10 1 36 10 1 3 6 2 2 1 44 10	Reporting Area		≥65	45-64	25-44	1-24	<1	1	I Reporting Area		≥65	45-64	25-44	1-24	<1	1
Data Diversion Descripting Mass. Descripting Mass. Descripting Mass. Descripting Descripting <thdescripting< th=""> Descripting Descripti</thdescripting<>	NEW ENGLAND					9	20	39	S ATLANTIC	1 214	694	272	136	<u>– 61</u>	60	64
Bridgeport, Lohn.45385-113Battimore, Md.19311341237916Charlote, Mass.2622 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>																
Fail River, Mass. 29 25 2 2 - - Jucksonvils, Fia. 95 56 57 35 24 81 11 2 Lowell, Mass. 22 20 3 1 - - Norfick, Va. 74 43 17 85 11 11 New Bedford, Mass. 32 2 3 1 - - Norfick, Va. 74 43 17 8 11 1 2 Swemanb, Ga. 36 36 3 1 1 2 2 7 1 12 Swemanb, Ga. 36 36 1 1 2 2 7 1 12 2 7 1 14 36 2 2 3 3 1 1 2 2 1 7 1 30 10 8 3 1 1 2 2 1 7 1 36 3 1 1 1 3 4 3 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 </td <td>Bridgeport, Conn.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td></td>	Bridgeport, Conn.					1										
Hentford, Conn. 68 44 16 6 1 1 4 Pertending File. 78. 99 59 29 59 29 39 1 5 2 2 2 2 1	Fall River Mass					-		1								
Lovell, Mass. 15 2 2 1						1		4								
Lynn, Mass. 15 12 4 1	Lowell, Mass.			3	1	-			Norfolk, Va.							
New Haven, Conn. 50 35 8 4 1 2 8 27 Fearset Number Added Stresson 36 33 3 1 2 3 Somerville, Mass. 8 8 7 1 -1 - - - Washington, Dcl. 157 35 28 6 - 1 - - - - - - 3 Edition, Dcl. 35 28 6 - 1 - - - - 3 Edition, Dcl. 35 28 6 - 1 - - - - 3 Edition, Dcl. 157 Chatanooga, Tenn, 57 43 9 2 2 1 5 8 Birmingham, Main, Tenn, 157 13 9 2 2 1 - 1 3 6 - 3 Morepoing, Tenn, 57 43 9 2 1 - 3 Ausin, Tenn, 157 43 9 2 1 -					1	-			Richmond, Va.							
Providence, R.I. 46 37 7 1 - 7 2 Yamman Jan Yinda. 97 34 4 3 3 - 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 1 1 4 4 5 3 0 10 8 6 6 5 5 5 1 1 5 4 2 0 21 49 Winnington, D.C. 177 31 38 6 30 10 8 6 6 Winnington, D.C. 177 5 1 38 6 30 10 8 6 6 1 1 3 5 Winnington, D.C. 177 5 5 5 1 1 5 4 5 4 2 0 21 49 1 40 10 ATLANT 2.619 171 50 0 27 4 8 7 3 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 4 5 4 2 0 21 49 1 40 10 ATLANT 2.619 171 50 0 27 4 8 7 3 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 5 1 1 5 2 5 1 1 4 5 1 2 2 6 2 2 2 5 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 5 1 5 2 5 1 4 1 1 4 0 1 2 4 - 1 7 1 2 1 1 4 0 1 2 5 1 3 4 4 5 1 2 4 5 1 3 4 4 5 1 1 1 7 5 1 5 1 5 2 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 1 5 2 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 1 5 2 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 1 5 2 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 1 5 2 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 1 5 1 - 2 1 5 1 3 2 4 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 2 4 4 1 1 7 7 2 1 5 5 1 4 1 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 2 4 4 1 1 7 7 2 5 5 1 4 1 1 4 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 2 4 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 2 4 4 1 1 7 7 2 5 1 1 5 1 2 4 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 2 4 4 2 1 1 7 7 2 5 1 1 5 1 2 4 4 1 1 7 7 1 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 1 3 2 2 4 3 1 1 1 1 1 - 3 1 1 5 5 5 1 4 1 1 1 4 5 3 3 9 1 9 5 5 5 5 1 1 5 5 5 1 1 5 5 5 1 1 5 5 5 1 1 5 5 5 1 1 5 1 5 5 1 1 5 1 5 5 1 1 5 1 5 5 1 1 5 1 5 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1 1 5 1					-	-								1		
Somerville, Mass. 8 8 -														-		
Springfield, Mass. 4.3 3 8 - 1 3 1 Wilmington, Del. 35 28 6 - 1 -	Somerville, Mass.	8	8	-	-	-	-	-								
Waterbury, Lohn, 29 29 2 2 7 1 3 Bir Schwarz 45 34 4 7 1 3 Bir Schwarz 66 34 4 8 75 25 24 24 8 55 Chartanooga, Fenn, 57 24 9 2 1 56 Allentown, Pa, 17 12 4 - 1 - Louisville, Fenn, 60 43 10 12 4 - 17 Birdiac, N.Y. 110 68 3 4 1 - - County ille, Ala. 70 49 12 5 1 3 4 Jersey City, N.J. 44 24 1 - - 2 Baton in Rouge, Ia. 70 43 11 - - 2 Baton in Rouge, Ia. 70 70 70 75 86 8.3 - - 1 2 10 16 12 1					-	1	3								-	-
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Birmingham, Als.} 102 \ 62 \ 24 \ 62 \ 73 \ 50 \ 73 \ 73 \ 73 \ 73 \ 73 \ 73 \ 73 \ 7$						-	-		-	750	501		54	20	21	49
Albarov, N.Y. 52 39 6 2 2 3 2 1 3 4 3 5 8 Albarov, P.A. 110 68 30 4 3 5 8 Memphik, Tenn. 167 140 12 2 4 7 7 1 4 2 2 1 3 4 3 5 8 Memphik, Tenn. 167 141 40 12 2 4 7 1 4 1 1 1 2 2 5 8 4 1 1 1 2 3 4 4 1 1 1 2 4 4 3 5 8 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 4 4 Ausin, Tex. 50 34 11 4 1 2 4 4 4 4 2 3 1 4 1 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	-							-								
Allentiown, Pa. 17 12 4 -									Chattanooga, Tenn.		43	9			1	
Buffalo, N.Y. 110 68 30 4 3 5 8 Lulawin, V. 29 6/ 2 6 2 4 - 1 Carnden, N.J. 48 29 9 6 - 3 - Monipola, Fan. 167 111 40 12 5 1 3 4 - 17 Elizabeth, N.J. 23 15 2 6 3 Monipola, Fan. 167 111 40 12 5 1 3 4 - 17 Elizabeth, N.J. 23 15 2 6 2 Bunville, Ten. 167 111 40 12 5 1 2 4 - 17 Jersey City, N.J. 44 24 11 7 - 2 2 $\sqrt{140}$ Network, N.S. 29 17 5 8 6 N.Y. City, N.Y. 1, 365 87 28 4 1 1 7 - 2 2 $\sqrt{140}$ Network, N.J. 44 24 11 7 - 2 2 $\sqrt{140}$ Network, N.J. 68 34 15 13 2 4 4 Austin, Tex. 5 3 44 11 4 - 1 2 2 Paterson, N.J. 34 19 10 5 - 2 Baton Rouge, La. 29 19 7 2 1 Phiatelphia, Pa. 407 261 82 45 9 10 26 Corpus Christi, Tex. 4 7 36 8 3 1 1 Phitsburgh, Pa. 1 68 51 9 6 - 2 3 Dullas, Tex. 198 106 54 23 11 4 7 3 Reaching, Pa. 1 33 2 7 2 - 1 4 4 Evolution, Tex. 198 106 54 23 11 4 7 3 Rochester, N. V. 10 26 1 1 2 1 - 1 1 Houston, Tex. 198 106 54 23 11 4 7 3 Rochester, N.Y. 10 5 86 1 7 2 4 4 Norston, Tex. 198 106 54 23 11 4 7 3 Rochester, N.Y. 10 5 8 1 7 2 - 1 4 4 Evolution, Tex. 198 106 54 23 11 4 7 3 Rochester, N.Y. 10 5 8 1 7 2 - 1 3 Houston, Tex. 198 106 54 23 11 4 7 3 Rochester, N.Y. 20 15 1 6 7 2 4 4 Norston, Tex. 194 124 44 11 9 6 5 13 1 - 1 1 Trenton, N.J. 29 21 3 4 - 1 2 San Antonio, Tex. 194 124 44 11 9 6 5 3 1 10 E.N. CENTRAL 2,341 1,511 475 186 75 95 100 MOUNTAIN 669 437 145 46 16 24 39 Yonkers, N.Y. 35 28 4 2 - 1 3 Tulsa, Okia. 89 66 14 5 3 1 10 2 4 Cancon, Ohio 37 23 7 4 1 3 4 - 2 4 Colon, Springe, Colo. 83 19 8 8 11 - 4 7 7 Cincipanal, Ohio 166 195 38 9 0 5 7 16 0 MOUNTAIN 669 437 145 46 16 24 39 Deriver, Colo, Soringe, Colo. 83 19 18 8 1 - 2 4 Control, Ohio 175 89 23 9 0 2 7 1 1 2 4 5 11 3 8 1 7 2 Columb, Ohio 175 89 23 9 12 1 6 2 11 3 2 - 1 3 Cincipanal, Ohio 166 195 24 10 2 16 3 14 2 4 4 17 1 2 5 1 1 Eversaville, Ind. 47 38 4 3 - 2 4 1 Consortinge, Colo. Soringe, Colo. 83 19 18 3 1 1 2 8 - 2 2 Columb, Ohio 116 7 20 9 13 2 7 1 1 2 4 5 1 1 3 8 4 9 1 Deriver, Colo, Soringe, Colo. 83 19 18 3 1 1 2 8 - 1 - 3 South Bend, Ind. 48 34 8 3 - 2 4 1 2 1 8 4 4 7 7 1 Miweakee,					-			2	Knoxville, Tenn.						3	
Lamden, N.J. 23 15 2 6		110	68			ġ.	5	8	Memphis Tenn							
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$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Ells}, \text{r.c.}} & \text{Nashville, Tenn.} & 148 & 89 & 29 & 17 & 5 & 8 & 6 \\ \text{N.Y. City, N.Y.} & 1,365 & 878 & 263 & 162 & 26 & 36 & 68 \\ \text{N.Y. City, N.Y.} & 1,365 & 878 & 263 & 162 & 26 & 36 & 68 \\ \text{N.Y. City, N.Y.} & 1,365 & 878 & 263 & 162 & 26 & 36 & 68 \\ \text{Nevark, N.J.} & 34 & 17 & 18 & 16 & 2 & 4 \\ \text{Austin, Tex.} & 182 & 10.05 & 377 & 169 & 66 & 44 & 62 \\ \text{Austin, Tex.} & 198 & 106 & 54 & 23 & 11 & 4 & 7 \\ \text{Phitaburgh, Pa.t} & 68 & 51 & 9 & 6 & - & 2 & 3 \\ \text{Bochester, N.Y.} & 105 & 86 & 16 & 2 & - & - & 1 \\ \text{Tettaburgh, Pa.t} & 88 & 106 & 54 & 23 & 11 & 4 & 7 \\ \text{Reading, Pa.} & 33 & 23 & 7 & 2 & - & - & 1 \\ \text{Reading, Pa.} & 106 & 54 & 23 & 11 & 4 & 7 \\ \text{Reading, Pa.} & 106 & 54 & 23 & 11 & 4 & 7 \\ \text{Reading, Pa.} & 106 & 54 & 23 & 11 & 4 & 7 \\ \text{Reading, Pa.} & 100 & 15 & 32 & - & - & - & 1 \\ \text{Screator, Pa.t} & 100 & 15 & 32 & - & - & - & 1 \\ \text{Streator, Pa.t} & 100 & 15 & 32 & - & - & - & 1 \\ \text{Streator, Pa.t} & 100 & 15 & 32 & - & - & - & 1 \\ \text{Streator, NY.} & 20 & 14 & 5 & 1 & - & - & - \\ \text{Streator, Pa.t} & 20 & 15 & 316 & 7 & 2 & 4 & 4 \\ \text{New Orleans, La.} & 116 & 65 & 23 & 17 & 9 & 2 & - \\ \text{Streator, NY.} & 20 & 14 & 5 & 1 & - & - & - \\ \text{Strewport, La.} & 41 & 125 & 11 & 3 & 2 & - & 3 \\ \text{Sorkers, NY.} & 35 & 28 & 4 & 2 & - & 1 & 3 \\ \text{Tuten, NY.} & 20 & 14 & 5 & 10 & 22 & 16 \\ \text{Alloquerque, N.Mex.} & 89 & 96 & 14 & 5 & 3 & 1 & 10 \\ \text{RO, Chrings, Colo.} & 31 & 8 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 4 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 37 & 22 & 7 & 4 & 1 & 3 & - & - & - \\ \text{Alloquerque, N.Mex.} & 89 & 15 & 8 & 4 & 2 & 8 \\ \text{Atron, Ohio} & 37 & 22 & 7 & 4 & 1 & 3 & - & 2 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 44 & 33 & 7 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 4 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 44 & 33 & 7 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 4 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 115 & 80 & 23 & 92 & 2 & 1 & 6 \\ \text{Dea Verings, Colo.} & 31 & 8 & 3 & 1 & 2 & 7 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 115 & 80 & 23 & 92 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 115 & 80 & 23 & 92 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 115 & 80 & 23 & 92 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ \text{Carpon, Ohio} & 116 & 81 & 11 & 7 & 102 \\ \text{Grand, Rapids, Mich.} & 54 & 38 & 7 & 2 & 3 \\ Carpon$						-	:	3		47						2
$ \begin{array}{c} V.Y. City, N.Y. \\ Paterson, N.J. \\ Paterson, N.J. \\ 34 \\ 19 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10$									Nashville, Tenn.	148	89	29	17	5	8	6
Newark, N.J. 68 34 15 13 2 4 Austin, Tex. 50 34 11 4 - 1 2 Paterson, N.J. 407 261 82 45 9 10 5 - 2 Baton Rouge, La. 29 9 7 2 1 - 1 - 36 Corpus Christi, Tex. 198 10 5 - 36 - - 10 - - - 36 - 11 14 12 44 14 12 44 10 - - - - 10 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>26</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,692</td> <td>1,036</td> <td>377</td> <td>169</td> <td>66</td> <td>44</td> <td></td>						26				1,692	1,036	377	169	66	44	
Philadeiphia, Pa. 407 261 82 45 9 10 25 Corpus Christi, Tex. 19 106 54 23 1 4 7 36 8 3 - - 1 Reading, Pa. 33 23 7 2 - 1 4 1 54 23 3 3 2 2 3 Brochester, NY. 105 86 16 2 1 1 1 - 1 1 Forw Nr. 100 11 4 5 3 0 4 2 3 4 1 1 9 2 3 4 1 1 9 2 3 4 1 1 9 2 3 3 1 10 10 116 12 3 1 10 10 10 11 14 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 </td <td>Newark, N.J.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td>	Newark, N.J.					2		4						-	1	2
Pittsburgh, P.a.t.68519623Dallas, Tex.19810654231147Reading, P.a.332372.14El Paso, Tex.3924832339Schenectady, N.Y.2015321Houston, Tex.s.73443616889241618Sycause, N.Y.2015323Houston, Tex.s.194124441196342.343						-	-							1	-	- 1
Reading P_{a} 33237214El Paso, Tex.392483223399Rochester, N.Y.10586162111<						9								11	4	
Rochester, N.Y. 105 86 16 2 1 1 Fort Worth, Tex. 102 71 14 5 3 9 9 9 Schenectady, N.Y. 24 21 1 1 - 3 Houston, Tex. 53 430 14 42 3 4 Stratuer, N.Y. 20 15 3 2 - - Little Rock, Ark. 53 30 14 42 3 4 Vinters, N.Y. 20 14 5 1 - - Shreveport, La. 116 65 31 7 2 - 3 Vinkers, N.Y. 25 28 4 2 - 1 3 7 3 1 10 E.N.CENTRAL 2,341 1,511 475 165 7 9 000 MOUNTAIN 669 437 145 46 16 24 8 20 8 1 7 2 3 10 Advon, Ohio 116 166 105 36 9 9						-			El Paso, Tex.							
$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c}$	Rochester, N.Y.	105	86		2		-	11			71	14	5	3		
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*Mortality data in this table are voluntarily reported from 121 cities in the United States, most of which have populations of 100,000 or more. A death is reported by the place of its occurrence and by the week that the death certificate was filed. Fetal deaths are not included. *Pneumonia and influenza. †Because of changes in reporting methods in these 3 Pennsylvania cities, these numbers are partial counts for the current week. Complete counts will be available in 4 to 6 weeks. †Total includes unknown ages. \$Data not available. Figures are estimates based on average of past available 4 weeks.

Vol. 38 / No. 20

MMWR

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Epidemiologic Notes and Reports

Malaria in Travelers Returning from Kenya: Failure of Self-Treatment with Pyrimethamine/Sulfadoxine

In August 1988, seven (88%) of eight U.S. citizens returning to Pennsylvania from a tour of western Kenya developed symptoms of malaria. Onset of symptoms occurred 10–74 days (median: 12 days) after arrival in the zone endemic for malaria. The travelers stayed 1 month in an area within 100 miles of Lake Victoria. Each took pyrimethamine 12.5 mg/dapsone 100 mg (Maloprim*) orally once a week starting 10 days before arrival at this site. All eight were exposed to mosquitoes at night, and all used insecticide and mosquito netting for protection. None of the eight had had malaria before this trip.

Each of the seven experienced fever, followed by chills, rigors, and diaphoresis. Five of the seven became ill while still in Kenya. In one of these five, symptoms resolved spontaneously within 2 days of onset; the other four took presumptive oral therapy with pyrimethamine 75 mg/sulfadoxine 1.5 g (Fansidar[®], 3 tablets) 2 days before returning to the United States. One of these four had symptom resolution after therapy with Fansidar[®]. One of the three travelers whose symptoms persisted after Fansidar[®] therapy had a therapeutic level of sulfadoxine (57 ppm) on her return to the United States.

Blood smears were examined for all three travelers who remained symptomatic after Fansidar[®] therapy, as well as for two additional travelers who became ill after returning to the United States. All five had blood smears diagnostic of *Plasmodium falciparum* malaria. All five were treated successfully with quinine and tetracycline. *Reported by: Div of Field Svcs, Epidemiology Program Office; Malaria Br, Div of Parasitic Diseases, Center for Infectious Diseases, CDC.*

Editorial Note: Malaria is endemic in large areas of sub-Saharan Africa, New Guinea, Latin America, and Asia. Travelers to areas with endemic malaria in sub-Saharan Africa and New Guinea are at particular risk for malaria even when recommended precautions such as mosquito netting, insecticides, and chemoprophylaxis are used. Approximately 150 U.S. travelers annually are diagnosed with *P. falciparum* malaria on return from abroad; most have visited sub-Saharan Africa (1). Resistance of *P. falciparum* to chloroquine extends throughout sub-Saharan Africa, and resistance to sulfa drugs and pyrimethamine has also been reported (2).

Prophylactic use of Maloprim and other pyrimethamine/sulfa compounds against malaria is not recommended for U.S. travelers. Rather, adults traveling to sub-

^{*}Use of trade names is for identification only and does not imply endorsement by the Public Health Service or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Malaria – Continued

Saharan locations where malaria is endemic should take chloroquine salt, 500 mg orally once each week (3). Travelers to these areas who have no history of sulfonamide intolerance should also take with them three Fansidar[®] tablets. If symptoms of malaria occur while the traveler is far from medical assistance, these three tablets of Fansidar[®] should be taken in a single oral dose as therapy for presumed malaria.

P. falciparum malaria can sometimes persist despite the use of appropriate therapy. Because of increased travel by U.S. citizens, primary-care physicians will continue to have a role not only in prevention but also in diagnosis and treatment of malaria in returning travelers.

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Progress in Chronic Disease Prevention

Predicting Future Cholesterol Levels for Coronary Heart Disease Risk Assessment

Elevated total serum cholesterol level is a major risk factor for coronary heart disease (1,2). The Adult Treatment Panel of the National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP), National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute (NHLBI), recommends that total serum cholesterol level be measured in all adults \geq 20 years of age at least once every 5 years (3). A desirable total serum cholesterol level for adults is <200 mg/dL (5.17 mmol/L). Persons with levels of 200–240 mg/dL (5.17–6.21 mmol/L) are classified as having borderline high blood cholesterol. Persons with levels >240 mg/dL (6.21 mmol/L) are classified as having high blood cholesterol.

Recently developed statistical models (4) (based on data from the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 1976–1980 [NHANES II] [5,6]) describe the relationship between age and cholesterol level for men and women aged 20–57 years. The models incorporate the observed variation in the NHANES II data, the average intraperson biologic variation, and the intralaboratory variation expected when total serum cholesterol is determined. Using these models, future cholesterol levels of persons 20–57 years of age whose total serum cholesterol has been measured can be predicted. Also, based on these models, the age at which they could expect to reach borderline high or high blood cholesterol levels in the absence of a cholesterol altering intervention can be anticipated.

Nomograms showing cholesterol projections by age have been constructed from the models (Figures 1 and 2). Based on the information in these nomograms, a 30-year-old woman with a measured total cholesterol of 155 mg/dL (4.01 mmol/L) could expect her cholesterol level to increase to 188 mg/dL (4.86 mmol/L) by age 50 and to reach borderline high by age 56 (curve labeled B in Figure 2). Generally, men

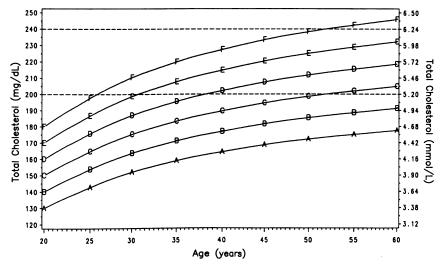
Vol. 38 / No. 20

MMWR

Cholesterol Levels - Continued

aged 20–30 can expect an annual increase in total cholesterol of approximately 2 mg/dL (0.05 mmol/L). From ages 30 to 60 years, the average annual increase for men declines to approximately 1 mg/dL (0.025 mmol/L). Annual increases in cholesterol levels for women differ from those for men. For ages 20–40, the average annual increase in total cholesterol for women is approximately 1.5 mg/dL (0.04 mmol/L); for ages 40–60, the average annual increase is approximately 2 mg/dL (0.05 mmol/L).

Reported by: Div of Environmental Health Laboratory Sciences, Center for Environmental Health and Injury Control, CDC.



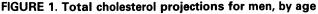
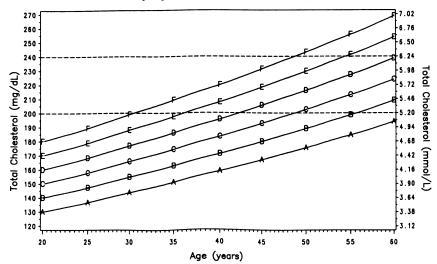


FIGURE 2. Total cholesterol projections for women, by age



Cholesterol Levels - Continued

Editorial Note: Since serum cholesterol levels normally increase 1–2 mg/dL (0.025–0.05 mmol/L) per year beginning in the late teens, young persons, even those with levels <200 mg/dL (5.17 mmol/L), should recognize their potential for future borderline high or high classification (7–9). Use of the nomograms can aid efforts to reduce cholesterol levels in young persons (10), a population not addressed by the most recent NHLBI-NCEP recommendations (3). Through dietary and exercise intervention, teenagers and young adults can begin reducing their cholesterol before it reaches borderline high levels (11,12).

The adequacy of the constructed models was demonstrated using the individual cholesterol determinations of participants in the Framingham Study (13). The reliability and applicability of these models for a given person will depend to a great extent on the analytical precision and accuracy of the laboratory that performed the total serum cholesterol measurement(s) (14).

Since both biologic (15) and laboratory variation (14) influence total cholesterol values, a minimum of two blood samples should be drawn and measured approximately 1 month apart (3); the average of the two results is used. If the second result differs from the first by >30 mg/dL (0.8 mmol/L), a third test should be obtained and the average of the three values used (3).

Implementation of the recent NHLBI-NCEP recommendations should lead to a reduction in coronary heart disease among adults who currently have borderline high or high cholesterol levels (16). Physicians and public health programs should be informed about the cholesterol by age projections (Figures 1 and 2). Knowledge and use of the projections could enhance the impact of these recommendations by providing an early warning to persons who could be at high risk in the future.

The reliable use of the cholesterol by age nomograms and the successful clinical application of the NHLBI-NCEP recommendations concerning critical physiologic cut-point levels for total and low-density lipoprotein cholesterol will depend on adequate standardization of the analytical measurement of lipoproteins and their constituents such as total cholesterol (14).

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MMWR

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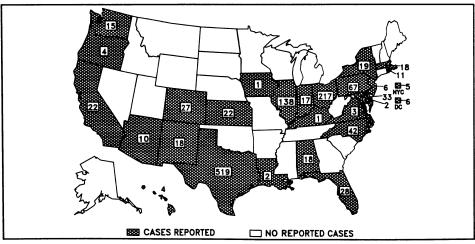


FIGURE I. Reported measles cases – United States, weeks 16-19, 1989

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The data in this report are provisional, based on weekly reports to CDC by state health departments. The reporting week concludes at close of business on Friday; compiled data on a national basis are officially released to the public on the succeeding Friday. The editor welcomes accounts of interesting cases, outbreaks, environmental hazards, or other public health problems of current interest to health officials. Such reports and any other matters pertaining to editorial or other textual considerations should be addressed to: Editor, *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, Centers for Disease Control, Atlanta, Georgia 30333; telephone (404) 332-4555.

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