Morbidity and Mortality





FEDERAL SECURITY AGENCY Public Health Service

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Provisional Information on Selected Notifiable Diseases in the United States for Week Ended February 28, 1953

The 105 cases of poliomyelitis reported in the United States is 18 more than the total (87) for the corresponding week of last year. Only 2 States reported significantly more cases for the current week than for the corresponding week of last year. They were (last year's figures in parentheses): California, 45 cases (15) and North Carolina, 5 (1).

The incidences of 3 notifiable diseases—measles, scarlet fever and streptococcal sore throat, and whooping cough—usually increase during this time of year and reach a peak sometime during the spring months. Of these, the incidence of whooping cough is reached last, usually the latter part of June.

For the "disease year," which began with the first week in September, a total of 89,135 cases of measles has been reported. This is less than half the number (196,046) reported for the corresponding period of the previous year. The median of the preceding 5 years is 122,390. Of the total reported for the current "disease year," 31,339 cases were in the East North Central States. Other geographic divisions reporting large numbers of cases were: West South Central, 12,192; Pacific, 11,774; and the West North Central, 11,242.

The number of whooping cough cases reported for the "disease year," which began with the first week of October, is 12,990 as compared with 23,617 for the corresponding period of last year. This is the third consecutive year in which the incidence of the disease has decreased from that of the previous year. For the current "disease year" the Middle Atlantic States have reported 3,808 cases. Two additional States, Texas and California, reported 1,362 and 1,254 cases, respectively. The total reported in these States represents about half of the total reported in the country as a whole.

The "disease year" for scarlet fever and streptococcal sore throat began with the first week in August 1952, and since that time a total of 69,263 cases has been reported in the United States. This figure is much larger than the number (37,572) reported for the corresponding period of the previous year. The numbers of cases previous to 1952 are understated because many States did not include cases of streptococcal sore throat in their reports. In Texas and Arizona, where large numbers of cases have been reported, the incidence has been decreasing for the past 2 months. Since the first week of last August these States reported 12,484 and 2,933 cases, respectively. Other States reporting large numbers of cases since the beginning of the current "disease year" are: New York, 6,387; Ohio, 3,510; Michigan, 3,348; and California, 3,271. During the past 2 months significant increases have occurred in Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Washington. For the current week these States reported 128, 145, 203, and 180, respectively.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Influenza

The following reports have been received by the Influenza Information Center, N. I. H., and the National Office of Vital Sta-

Dr. Dean Fisher, Maine Director of Health, reported on February 25, that many cases of influenza were still occurring in a few communities of the State. Incidence in the State was also thought to be much in excess of the actual numbers reported.

Samples of paired sera from two cities have been examined by the Massachusetts Department of Health Laboratory and showed a marked increase in hemagglutination titer against influenza

Dr. Sander Szittya, Chief Medical Officer, Cherokee Indian Hospital, North Carolina, reports that sporadic cases of influenza occurred during the first 10 days of January. A high incidence occurred between January 20 and February 10. A total of about 1,415 cases is estimated in the Indian population of 3,000. During the first half of the outbreak, the disease was mild with a short period of illness and few complications. As the epidemic progressed the disease became more severe, and 5 deaths occurred in cases complicated by pneumonia. Three deaths were of children under 5 years of age, and 2 were of persons over 60 years old.

The Virus Laboratory of the Washington State Department of Health reports the serologic identification of 4 cases of influenza A-prime (FM-1) antigen which occurred in the middle of February. W. R. Giedt, State Epidemiologist, reports that Whitman County (especially the town of Garfield) appeared to be more seriously affected than other areas. While only 76 cases of influenza were reported in this county, there were 54 cases of "virus pneumonia," and 148 of pneumonia. In the Garfield area, the several hundred cases of pneumonia were characterized by a leucopenia, generalized aching, and cough. All age groups were involved. In some patients streptococcal infections of the upper respiratory tract developed and were resistant to penicillin but responded to other antibiotics. In Pierce County, where a large number of infants apparently died suddenly of a virulent type of pneumonia late in 1952, investigation revealed only a slight increase as compared with previous years.

The number of deaths from influenza and pneumonia reported by 58 cities was 539 for the week ended February 21 as compared with 596 (corrected figure) for the previous week. The numbers reported for these cities by geographic division, with figures for the previous week in parentheses, were: New England, 41 (35); Middle Atlantic, 199 (200); East North Central, 106 (103, corrected figure); West North Central, 41 (61, corrected figure); South Atlantic, 54 (69); East South Central, 42 (53); West South Central, 19 (23); Mountain, 10 (21); and Pacific, 27 (31).

The WHO Regional Office (Pan American Sanitary Bureau) reports that a mild type of influenza was prevalent in Trinidad, British West Indies, during the month of January.

Endemic typus fever

Dr. H. Williams, Baltimore City Health Department, gives information on the case of endemic typhus fever reported in that city for the week ended February 7. The case was in a 60-year-old white man. Laboratory tests confirmed it as murine or flea-borne typhus. Rats were trapped in the area surrounding the patient's home and the disease was identified by laboratory tests of a rat caught in the back yard.

Infectious hepatitis

Dr. H. Kleinman, Bureau of Indian Affairs Hospital, Red Lake Agency Minnesota, states that 16 cases of infectious hepatitis have been reported for January among a population of about 2,000. Since the first week in November 1952, a total of 65 cases have been seen

by physicians. Of these, only 4 were in adults. Most of the cases were in children of early school age.

Dr. J. R. Lewis, Bureau of Indian Affairs Hospital, Haywood, Wisconsin, reports a small outbreak of infectious hepatitis in a rather mild form which has been present since September of 1952. Eleven patients were children 5 to 10 years of age. However, the age range was from 5 to 44 years. There were probably more cases in the area but they did not show up at the clinics.

Dr. S. Finkelstein, Bureau of Indian Affairs Hospital, Cass Lake, Minnesota, reports 3 cases of infectious hepatitis for January. All cases were in persons who live near the hospital. Seven more cases have occurred during February.

Typhoid fever

Dr. M. Lipari, District State Health Officer, New York State Department of Health, reports 6 cases of typhoid fever, bacteriophage type E., in persons living in a village. The source of infection of the first case was unknown. It was suspected that water was contaminated by a cesspool used by the first patient. The

water supply is from a drilled well, 128 feet deep, located in shale. The well is surrounded by cesspools and septic tanks. Attempts to trace the flow of sewage from cesspools and septic tanks to the well, by use of fluorescein, were unsuccessful. The investigation revealed that this outbreak was probably spread by contact and not by water.

Chemical food poisoning

Dr. H. C. Clare, Idaho Department of Public Health, reports 2 outbreaks of chemical food poisoning among 250 students who eat in a school dining room each day. The first outbreak involved 10 students. The second, which occurred about 2 weeks later, affected about 25 persons. In both instances the illness occurred among students who ate at tables where imitation grape jelly was served. Students who ate imitation strawberry and raspberry jellies, packed by the same company, did not become ill. The onset of illness in both outbreaks was less than 1 hour. Laboratory examination of samples revealed the presence of copper in the imitation grape jelly.

Table 1. COMPARATIVE DATA FOR CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

DISEASE	TOTAL WEEK	FOR ENDED	5-year median	Approxi- mate seasonal	SINCE S	VE TOTAL EASONAL WEEK	5-year median	CUMULATI FOR CA YE	LENDAR	5-year median 1948-
	Feb. 28, 1953	Feb. 23, 1952	1948- 52	low week ended	1952-53	1951-52	1947-48 through 1951-52	1953	1952	1948- 52
Anthrax062	12		2	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	5	7	11
Botulism049.1	-			(²) (²)	∂2 {	(2)	}2 {	4	3	
Brucellosis (undulant fever)044	24	29		(2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)	203	264	
Diphtheria055	50	48	150	July 1	2,034	2,787	5.697	386	606	1,346
Encephalitis, acute infectious082	21	20	14	(²)	(2)	(²)	(2)	132	162	86
Hepatitis, infectious,				I `´	\	\ \ /	, ,			
and serum092,N998.5 pt.	596	426		(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	⁹ 5,260	3,780	
Malaria110-117	5	19		(²) (²)	(²)	(²)	(2) (2)	80	248	
Measles085	10,301	22,594	17,057	Sept. 1	489,135	196,046	122,390	458,361	143,869	92,173
Meningococcal infections057	154	112	101	Sept. 1	2,424	2,079	1,704	1,192	924	708
Poliomyelitis, acute080	105	87	87	Apr. 1	57,471	28,327	28,327	1,225	955	891
Rabies in man094		1			(2)			_,	2	
Rocky Mountain spotted fever 104A	ו	า	l _	(²) (²)	(²)	(2) (2)	(2)	2	6	6
Scarlet fever and streptococcal	_	_		l `′	_ ` ' _	()	` ′	1		ľ
sore throat050.051	4,180	3,291	2,646	Aug. 1	69,263	37,572	37,572	33,661	21,661	18,159
Smallpox084	-, 100		_,010			(2)	(2)	,001	4	7
Trichiniasis128	2	1		\2\	2	<u>}2</u> {	(2)	29	27	
Tularemia059	6	9	19	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2)	(2) (2) (2)	89	135	174
Typhoid fever040	24	30	30	Apr. 1	2,í81	2,632	2,667	192	247	250
Typhus fever, endemic101	4	_		Apr. 1	175		,,,,,,	25	17	
Whooping cough056	544	961	1,604	Oct. 1	12,990	23,617	34,727	5,133	9,432	13,113
Rabies in animals	173	208		(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	1,292	1,344	

New York and Minnesota, 1 case each.

SOURCE AND NATURE OF DATA

These provisional data are based on reports from State and territorial health departments to the Public Health Service. They give the total number of cases of certain communicable diseases reported during the week usually ended the preceding Saturday. When the diseases which rarely occur (cholera. dengue, plague, typhus fever-epidemic, and yellow fever) are reported, they will be noted under the table above.

Symbols.—1 dash [-]: no cases reported; asterisk [*]: disease stated not notifiable; parentheses, [()]: data not included in total; 3 dashes [---] : data not available.

Not computed,

Deduction: Virginia, week ended February 21, 153 cases.

Deduction: Utah, week ended February 21, 35 cases.

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED DISEASES WITH COMPARATIVE DATA: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE FOR WEEK ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1953

(Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

		HERIA	INFECT AND S	'IOUS, ERUM	MEAS		1	TIONS	ACU		AND STRE	T FEVER PTOCOCCAL THROAT
AREA	(05		(092, N9	98.5 pt.)	(08 8th 1		(05		8th	 -	(050 8th	,051)
	1953	1952	1953	1952	1953	1952	1953	1952	1953	1952	1953	1952
						-			-			1952
UNITED STATES	50	48	596	426	10,301	22.594	154	112	105	87	4,180	3,291
NEW ENGLAND	-	-	50	4	211	4,087	6	5	-	2	437	151
Maine	-	-	27	2	95	295	-	-	-	-	119	- 1
New HampshireVermont		_	3	_	11 5	111 162	1	-	-!	-	12	6
Massachusetts	_	_	13	1	51	2,083	3	3		1	11	3 88
Rhode Island	-	-	_	1	6	219	2	2	-		40	5
Connecticut	-	-	7	-	43	1,217	-	-		1	128	48
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	3	4	90	57	623	8,739	23	19	6	5	803	631
New York	-	-	75	35	147	3,511	10	11	3	3	455	377
New Jersey	3	1	15	22	71	2,598	3	2		1	145	101
	7	٥	15		405	2,630	10	6	3	1	203	153
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	2	-	72	26	3,153	4,273	25	30	14	4	840	1,040
Ohio	2	-	19	12	1,197	700	13	8	3	-	249	287
Illinois		-	17 10	5 2	47 384	337 1,428	8	2 9	3	= 1	75 181	128 188
Michigan	H-	-	14	- 6	310	925	2	9	5	1	218	282
Wisconsin	-	-	12	1	1,215	883	-	2	1	2	117	155
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	3	5	82	62	905	520	13	10	6	8	257	202
Minnesota	_	2	16	3	225	20	6	_	1	6	80	58
10Wa	1	_	32	37	136	142	2	-	ı	II	35	31
Missouri	1	2	9	17	201	27	1	3	2	-	37	43
South Dakota	1	-	3 1	2	31	102	- 3	3 1	ī	1	43 10	21 1
nebraska	_	-	17	_	26	104		1	i	ī	19	5
Kansas	-	1	4	3	285	113	-	2		-	33	43
SOUTH ATLANTIC	13	14	124	91	580	2,058	27	12	14	13	454	301
Delaware	-	-		_	46	10	-	-	-	-	2	6
District of Columbia	4	_ [11	9	13 4	674 101	4 2	2		2	65	45 23
Virginia	1	4	71	35	89	434	10	_	_	_	279	82
West Virginia	2	1	22	3 .	169	161	4	2	2	2	16	36
North Carolina	1	1	9	17	98	91	1	3	5	1	37	79
Georgia	3	4 2	1 9	3 21	63	52 324	1 5	1	4	4	9 29	7 11
Florida	2	2	-	. 3	26	211	ı i	ı	3	4	13	12
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	5	в	91	107	295	1,471	22	15	7	5	132	73
Kentucky	_	4	- 5	49	20	250	4	2	1	1	85	18
rennessee	3	2	23	22	91	259	.3	7	1		40	39
MIADAMA	2	1	32	36	149	894	10 5	6	5	4	7	10
Mississippi	-	1	31	•	35	68			l i	_		6
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	8	12	17	9	2,458	360	16	13	9	26	535	196
Arkansas	<u>-</u>	1	4	3	187	43	1	2	2	1	45	12
Oklahoma	1	1 2	2	- 6	29 44	32 16	9	2	1	4	12	1 12
Texas	7	8	11	-	2,198	269	6	8	5	17	449	171
MOUNTAIN	14	1	15	27	661	413	1	_	3	6	257	305
Montana			_	1	103	101	_ [_	1	1	42	9
TORDO	12	-	1	-	29	11	- [-	ī	2	114	23
"yoming-	-	-	-	-	2	11	1		_	-	8	99
Colorado	1		7	2 13	239 17	104 21				2	16	12
1ZOna		1	-	5	101	42	-1	_	1		9	120
Udhdau	1	-	7	6	169	122	-	-	- =	+ ,-	65	39
Me vada	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	- 15	1	1
PACIFIC	2	4	55	43	1,415	673	21	8	46	18	465	392
Washington	1	1	6	14	153	93		- 11 -	1	3	180	46
	1	(⊕)	20	13	220	69	20	6	45	15	66 219	91 255
California	(-	3	29	16	1,042	511				1000		
Alaska	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(1)	(11)	(-)	(1) (-)	(-)	(2)	(1)	(-) (-) (-)
Puerto Rico	(4) (7)	(-) (12)	(1) (-)	(5) (-)	(-) (13)		(-) (-)	(-)	(2)	(-)	(-)	(-)

Weekly Morbidity Report

Table 2. CASES OF SPECIFIED DISEASES WITH COMPARATIVE DATA: UNITED STATES, EACH DIVISION AND STATE FOR WEEK ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1953—Continued

(Numbers under diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	TYPHOID		WHOOPIN		Brucellosis (undulant fever) (044)	Encephalitis, acute infec- tious (082)	Malaria (110-117)	Rocky Mountain spotted fever (104A)	Trichiniasis (128)	18 (059)	fever, ic (101)	n animala
Alten	8th v	reek	8th w	eek	lant (0	incepha acute tious	aria (110	ky M otte	chtn (1	Pularemia	Typhus ;	Rabiesin
	1953	1952	1953	1952	Bru	Enc. BC	Mal	Roc	Ħ	Pal	Typ] en	Rab
UNITED STATES	24	30	544	961	24	21	5	1	2	6.	4	173
NEW ENGLAND	-	2	46	72	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Maine New Hampshire		- S#3	14 ***	3 7	-	-	III (#:	·	-	100		-
Vermont	-	-	4	18		-		-	-	-	-	-
Rhode Island	Ē	2	18 1	39	1		-	-	- 3	÷	-	
Connecticut	=	7.2	9	5	983	1750	- 5	55%	100	-	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	4	6	155	128	3	6	-	_	2		-	9
New York		3	63	55	2	6	- ·	ν -	2		100	8
Pennsylvania	1 3	1 2	31 61	28 45	1		-	_			-	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	6	4	80					_			-	1
				120	2	8	p -		-	1	-	5
Ohio	2	1	20 2	24 9		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Illinois	3	1	3	17	1	1 3	-	_	-	ī	_	2
Michigan	1	1	3 5	42	, ī	. 4	_	-	-		-	2
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	-	1	20 7	28 26	- 11	-	1	-	-	-	-	1 14
	!				2	_	_	_	_	_	_	1
Minnesota Iowa	1 2	_	1	3 8	9	_] -	-	-	- 1	-	6
Missouri	1	-	2	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	3
North Dakota	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	4
South Dakota Nebraska		_	1	1	_[_	1	_	_		- [
Kansas] [2	1	_	_	-	_	-	-]	- 1	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC	2	9	38	107	2	2	1	1	-	1	- 1	44
Delaware	- :	- 1	1 10	- 8	-	-	-	-	-		-	- 1
District of Columbia	_		-		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Virginia	-	2	3	18	-	2	1		-	-	-	15
West Virginia	2	-	19	48	-		-	1	-		-	1 3
North Carolina	_	_	1	11, 2	- 1	_	_	_	_	1		4
Georgia	Í -	2	2	14	ī	- 1		-	- [-	-	20
Florida	-	4	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	2	2	32	102	-	-	s -	-	_	1	-	61 7
Kentucky Tennessee	1	2	18 3	47 19	_	_	_	_	_	- 1		21
Alabama		_	9	28	_	_	_	_	*	1	-	30
Mississippi	1	-	2	8	-	-	-	-	*	-	-	3
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	3	102	310	3	4	1	-	-	3	4	37
Arkansas	-	-	10	8	1	2	-	-	-	2	- 1	4
LouisianaOklahoma	- 1	2	1 7	9	1	2		_	_ [- [-	_
Texas	2	ī	84	291	ı	-	1	-	*	1	4	33
MOUNTAIN	1	2	10	32	1	1	-	-	-	-		1
Montana	1	-	1	- 2	1	1	-	-	- (4)	-	-	_
Idaho Wyoming	-		-	-	-]	-	_		-	-	2	-
Colorado	-	1	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
New Mexico	-	1	5	1	-	-	-	-	_ [- [1
Arizona	[]	2	22	_	-] -	-	11 (- 1	-	_
Nevada		_]	_]	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	2	2	74	64	1		2	_	_	_]	_	2
Washington		_	1	4			_	_	-	- 1	-	_
Oregon	-	-	18	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
California	2	2	55	57	1	-	2	-	-	-		2
Alaska	(-)	(-)	(-) (1)	(-) (-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Hawaii	(-) (6)	(-) (-)	(1) (19)	(-) (31)	(-)	(-) (-)	(-)	(-)	= {-}	(-) (-)	(-) (-)	(-) (2)
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Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED DESEASES: SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1953

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	Brucellosis (undulant fever) (044)	Diphtheria (055)	Encephalitis, acute infectious (082)	Hepatitis, infectious, and serum (092, N998.5 pt.)	Measles (085)	Meningococcal infections (057)	Poliomyelitis, acute (080)	Rocky Mountain spotted fever (104A)	Scarlet fever and streptococcal sore throat (050,051)	Trichiniasis (128)	Tularemia (059)	Typhoid fever (040)	Typhus fever, endemic (101)	Whooping cough (056)	Rabies in animals
New England															
Boston		-	=	2	3	1	-	-	29		-	-	-	11	
BridgeportCambridge	-	-	-		17	-		-	4	-	-	-	-	-	
Fall River		30	- 5		2		ž.		2	-		- 5		-	
nartford	-	- 5	3	•	3	1	1	-	10	-	_	- 1	- 1	-	
Lowell															
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New Bedford	•	-	1 14	1	6	-	/,₩	-	7		-	> ∶⊛			100
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MIDDLE ATLANTIC					1										
Albany			177	3	-		1100	-	5				-		
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Philadelphia	-	1	20	8	13	2	() (1.00	23	-	75	10-1	200	12	-
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Trenton	-	- 7	-		10	-	-	-	1	-	_	-	-	-	-
Yonkers		Ĭ	-	•	2	Ē	-	-	5			-	- :	-	
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EAST NORTH CENTRAL															
Akron			(****		7.7.7										
Canton	-	-		1	11		3.70	•	48	- 1		-:	- 1	2	
	-		2	2	33 19	3	-		19					2	
	Ξ.	-	ī		5		-	-	19	-	-	-	-	17	-
Deaton	=	U.S.	-	-	48	-	-	-	2	-	-		-	2	-
Detroit	-	55	-	•	9	1	12	-	1			(-)	-	1 17	-
"YADRV(11.		- 5	•		40	1	-	-	59 23	-	-		-	17	_
Plint	- 1		-	-	10	-	-		12		-	-	-	1	-
Fort Wayne	2	-	-	40	-	-		-	-	7	-	-	-	-	
Indiana.	2	75 4	949	·	*	-			5		•	-		3	-
MILVBURGE	*	-	200	**	5	8.7	1	•	12 1		-	-	- 20	7	
Peoria		1		***	203	5		-	4	-	-		- 5	-	
South Bend	7		1	- 1	23	-	-	-	2	-		1-1	-	-	-
ToledoYoungston	=			1	263	-	2	-	10		(₩)	1-0			-
G- south-	8	-		-	20	-	-	-	7	-	(=)			1	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL										VI.	3.7			200	
				18	17			-	9	-		-		1	
Duluth				18	-11										
Kansas City, Kans.	7.7.T.		(*0)	-	34	-	-	- 4	1	-				-	-
Minness-13) MO	-	N=		1	47	-	-	- 4	10				-	0.2	-
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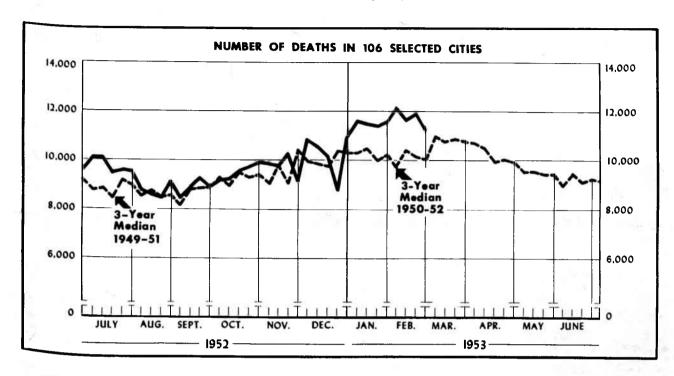
Weekly Morbidity Report

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED DISEASES: SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1953—Continued

(Numbers after diseases are category numbers of the Sixth Revision of the International Lists, 1948)

AREA	Brucellosis (undulant fever) (044)	Diphtheria (055)	Encephalitis, acute infectious (082)	Hepatitis, infectious, and serum (092, N998.5 pt.)	Меавlев (085)	Meningococcal infections (057)	Policmyelitis, acute (080)	Rocky Mountain spotted fever (104A)	Scarlet fever and streptococcal sore throat (050,051)	Trichiniasis (128)	Tularemia (059)	Typhoid fever (040)	Typhus fever, endemic (101)	Whooging cough (056)	Rabies in animals
SOUTH ATLANTIC															
Atlanta		2 1	-	2 2 2	1 6 6 - 9 2	1 1 3		-	4 38 - - 3 1 5		-	-	-	10	-
RichmondSavannah	-	-	-	- - 1	- 3 - 4 2	- - 2		- - -	- 3 4	-	-	-			
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL Birmingham Chattanooga	-	- -	-	3	1 -	ī	- -	- -	1	-		-	-	-	2
Knoxville	-	- - 1	-	2 4 -	5 33 - 1	3	-	-	3 3 1 -	- - -	-	-	-	-	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	=	_	-	= -	-	
Dallas		1			7 2 2 3 2 1	1	1		9 6 - 2 2 9 3 1 5 12		-	1		1	11
Albuquerque		-	-	- - 1 - - 1	17 16 34 7 15	1		-	11 - 2 11 2 4		-	-	-		
PACIFIC Long Beach Los Angeles Oakland Portland, Oreg Sacramento San Diego	-		-	2 3	147 35 36 4 6	1	1 1	-	1 20 2 7 1		-	1	-	9 2	1
San Francisco	-	-	-	3 - - 1	1	1 	-	-	39 1		- 	-	1.	1	

Provisional Statistics for Deaths in Selected Cities for Week Ended February 28, 1953



This is the ninth week in succession that the number of deaths reported in 108 major cities has exceeded the 3-year median for the corresponding week, 1950-52. For the 9-week period ended February 28, a total of 103,945 deaths was reported, 14 percent more than the total of 91,286 deaths for the 9 corresponding weekly 3-year medians. The excess for the current week ended February 28 was 12 percent. This increase in mortality is associated with the recent wide-spread outbreak of upper-respiratory infections.

The figures reported represent the number of death certificates received in the vital statistics offices during the week indicated, for deaths occurring in that city. Figures compiled in this way, by week of receipt, usually approximate closely the number of deaths occurring during the week. However, differences are to be expected because of variations in the interval

between death and receipt of the certificate.

While week-to-week changes in the total number of deaths reported for all major cities generally represent a change in mortality conditions, this may not be true for variations in weekly figures for each city. For example, in a city where 50 deaths are the weekly average, the number of deaths occurring in a week may be expected to vary by chance alone from 36 to 64 (d $\pm 2\sqrt{d}$, where d represents the average number of deaths per week).

The number of deaths in cities of the same size may also differ because of variations in the age, race, and sex composition of their populations, and because some cities are hospital centers serving the surrounding areas. Changes from year to year in the number of deaths may be due in part to population increases or decreases.

Table 4. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES BY GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

GEOGRAPHIC DIVISION	8th week ended	7th week ended	8th week	Percentage difference between	CUMULATIVE NUMBER FOR FIRST 6 WEEKS					
SECONDAPTIC DIVISION	Feb. 28, 1953	Feb. 21, 1953	median 1950-52	current week and median	1953	1952	Percentage difference			
TOTAL: 101 REPORTING CITIES	10,979	11.628	9,824	+11,8	91.172	81,490	+11.5			
New England	708 3,337 2,418 743 903 497 842 255	784 3,475 2,584 808 1,027 533 785 256	667 3,090 2,085 631 778 427 771 217	+6.1 +8.0 +16.0 +17.7 +16.1 +16.4 +9.2 +17.5	5,794 26,942 19,540 6,769 7,524 4,145 7,094 2,336	5,202 24,906 16,892 5,632 6,444 3,535 6,235 1,836	+11. +8. +15. +20. +16. +17. +13.			

Weekly Mortality Report

Table 5. DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 1953

(By place of occurrence, and week of filing certificate. Exclusive of fetal deaths)

CITY	7th week ended Feb.	6th week ended	CUMULATIVE FOR FIRST		CITY	7th week ended	6th week ended	CUMULATIVE FOR FIRST	
	21, 1953	Feb. 14, 1953	1953	1952		Feb. 21, 1953	Feb. 14, 1953	1953	1952
NEW ENGLAND					WEST NORTH CENTRAL-Con.				
Boston	252	267	2,012	1,785	St. Paul	67	67	603	51
widgeport	26	51	285	293	Wichita	52	44	379	37
Cambridge	29	34	235	269	SOUTH ATLANTIC				
Call River	36 57	35 70	248	220 368	Atlanta	,,,	,		
owell		(27	442	(198)	Baltimore	117 248	135 334	952	80
ynn	21	27	184	192	Charlotte	31	48	2,251 240	1,9
lew Bedford	29	31	224	193	Miami	75	135	589	50
lew Haven	43	48	414	336	Norfolk	51	30	317	25
rovidence	71	68	559	522	Richmond	83	70	635	55
Somerville	17	28	141	142	Tampa	60	86	568	52
Springfield, Mass	38	52	316	291	Washington, D. C	200	150	1,695	1,33
Waterbury	31	13	234	194	Wilmington, Del	38	39	277	27
orcester	58	60	500	397	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL]		
MIDDLE ATLANTIC					Birmingham	78	77	661	57
					Chattanooga	43	42	380	39
lbany	53 167	44 128	396	315	Knoxville	37	64	3 07	27
amden	39	37	1,200	1,149 ! 293	Louisville	139	137	986	82
Elizabeth	(36)		512	(309)	Memphis	103	104	1,024	81
rie	41	32	286	269	Mobile	36	42	300	26
ersey City	83	78	619	609	Montgomery	(23)	(38)	(272)	(2:
ewark, N. J	88	133	950	960	Nashville	61	67	487	39
ew York City	1,744	1,858	14,709	13,276	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL			l i	
aterson	44	56	341	336	Austin	21	24	246	1.
hiladelphia	561	572	4,160	3,986	Baton Rouge	13	16	111	12
ittsburgh	217	196	1,489	1,458	Corpus Christi	22	16	171	14
Rochester, N. Y	120	119	880	787	Dallas	104	80	856	75
chenectady	27	22	216	192	El Paso	28	21	281	24
racuse	56 41	6 4 62	480	423	Fort Worth	71	43	536	4.4
tica	35	43	417 253	386 240	Houston	131	104	1,119	1,0
Conkers	21	31	234	227	Little Rock	37	38	387	37
		01	101	551	New Orleans	200	211	1,463	1,22
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	1				Oklahoma City	60 91	57 88	513	46
kron	66	79	544	482	Shreveport	28	45	759 38 6	62
anton	36	31	247	254	Tulsa	36	42	266	32
hicago	825	866	7,009	5,727			1	200	34
incinnati	171	204	1,341	1, 165	MOUNTA IN				
leveland	253	258	1,820	1,701	Albuquerque	24	28	259	19
Columbus		(140)		(818)	Colorado Springs	7	13	122	_ '
ayton	56	74	526	479	Denver	120	111	1,071	86
etro1t	373	380	2,855	2,484	Ogden	17	12	108	,
vansville	40	23	305	275	Phoenix	32	33	219	1
lint	44	42	301	300	Pueblo	18	13 46	135 422	3.
ort Wayne	40	28	294	238 302	Salt Lake City Tucson	(8)	(2)		(
rand Rapidsndianapolis	50 127	39 125	365 1,030	895		(0)	1 1	(1)	`
Ilwaukee	114	161	1,170	969	PACIFIC				
eoria	29	43	269	266	Berkeley	14	20	159	1
outh Bend	30	18	197	186	Long Beach	61	57	412	4
oledo	103	141	772	759	Los Angeles	420	501	3,954	4,0
oungstown	61	72	495	410	Oaklend	105	100	856	8
					Pasadena	40	37	311	2
WEST NORTH CENTRAL					Portland, Oreg	93	111	861	8
Des Moines	50	41	458	426	Sacramento	57	52	424	3
ouluth		(36)			San Diego	81	89	622	1 6
Cansas City, Kans		(58		(180) (311)	San Francisco	209 109	230 101	1,798	1,6
Cansas City, Mo	147	124	1,227	956	Spokane	49	44	362	3
Minneapolis	112	152	1,188	949	Tacoma	38	34	298	ž
maha	57	65	622	503				(274)	(2
t. Louis	258	315	2,292	1,909	Honolulu	(42)	1 (25		

Symbols.—parentheses [()]: data not included in table 4; 3 dashes [---]: data not available.

GPO 45-4515