## Steps to Protect from Ebola While You Wait for Help



### **Flipbook for Sierra Leone**

# **Remember Three Things**



### No touch

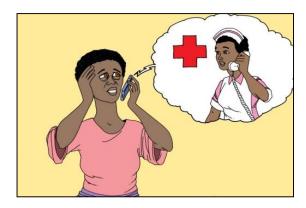


### Isolate the sick person



### **Call 117**

### If You Think Someone Has Ebola, Call 117 Right Away



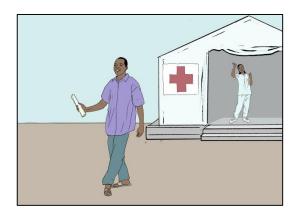
Dial **117** for help getting the sick person to a care facility



The sick person will get the best care and medicine at the facility

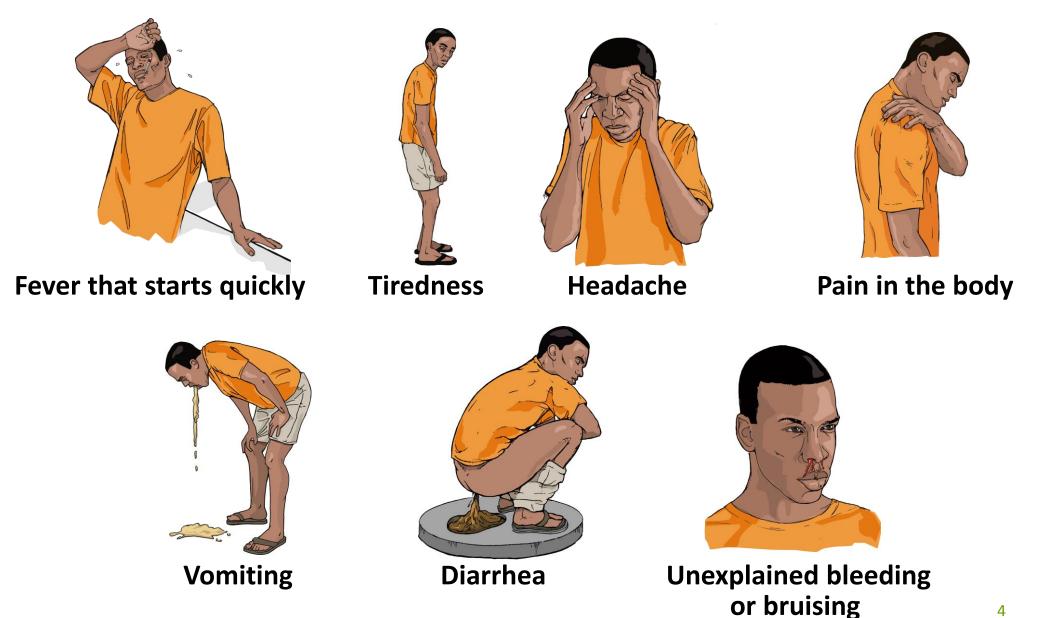


Wait for an ambulance. DO NOT take a taxi or motorbike



Early care at the facility can help the sick person survive Ebola

# **Signs and Symptoms of Ebola**



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### **Body fluids**















snot

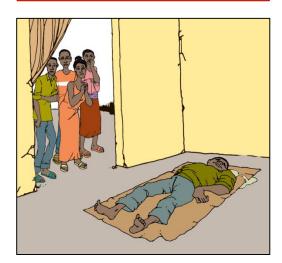


vaginal fluid

## How Do People Get Ebola?

Ebola is spread by contact with blood or body fluids from a person who is sick or who has died.

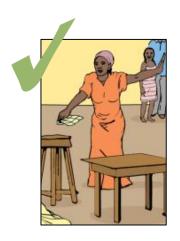
Someone who has died







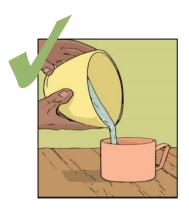
### While You Wait, Give "No Touch Care"



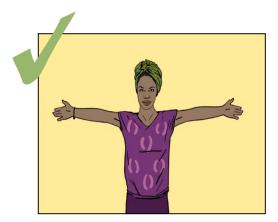
**DO** choose one person to help the sick person



**DO** separate the sick person. Give the sick person their own clothes, blankets, eating utensils and waste container



**DO** pour fluids or put food onto the sick person's cup or plate without touching, lifting, or moving it



**DO** keep everyone at least a meter (an arm's length) away from the sick person

## While You Wait, Do Not Touch



**DO NOT** touch a person who has died. Dial 117 for help



**DO NOT** touch the sick person's things



**DO NOT** put pills in the sick person's hand or mouth



**DO NOT** face the sick person. Stay to the side or behind them

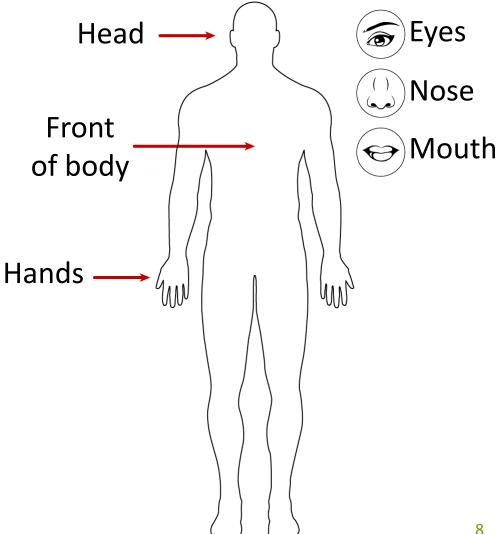
## If You Must Touch, Cover Yourself



If you must touch the sick person, their body fluids, or items the sick person has touched, be sure to protect yourself.

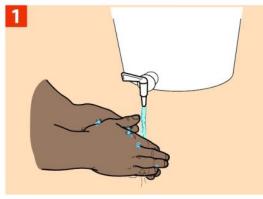
**Important: Always remove** and dispose of used gloves. Do not reuse gloves.

#### It is important to cover:



### **How To Wash Your Hands**

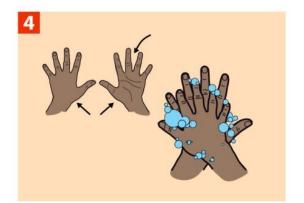
- Wash your hands with soap and water for 20-30 seconds.
- If soap and water are not available, use hand sanitizer or chlorinated water.
- If your hands are visibly dirty, use soap and water to wash your hands for 40-60 seconds (hand sanitizers will not work for this).



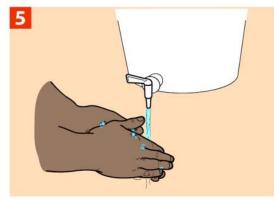
Wet hands with water.



Apply enough soap to cover all hand surfaces.



Wash the front and back of your hands and in between your fingers.



Rinse hands with water.



Rub hands together and scrub everywhere.



Dry hands completely using a single use towel or air dry.

### Wash Your Hands with Soap and Water

### After



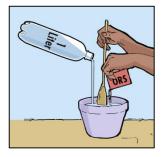
Helping a sick person, **before** you leave their area







### Before



#### Preparing ORS









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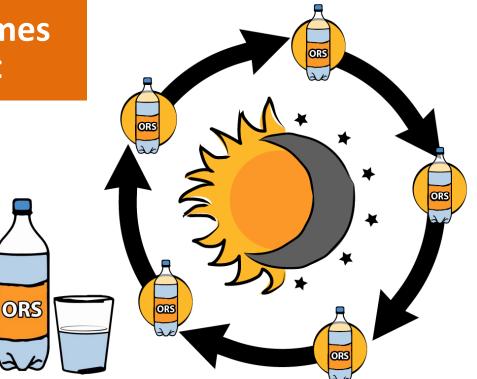
Cleaning



Using the latrine

## Giving Oral Rehydration Solution (ORS) Saves Lives

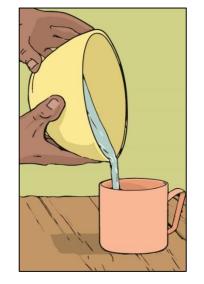
- Give ORS as soon as Ebola symptoms start
- ORS should be given many times throughout the day and night
- Give sick people as much ORS as they will drink
  - If you need to feed someone ORS, wear gloves and do not touch the sick person or their things
  - Stay to the side and do not face the sick person
  - If they're small or weak, you might need to feed them the ORS with a spoon
  - Sick adults may need 5-12 liters of ORS a day
- Stop ORS if vomiting and diarrhea stop



# **Making and Storing ORS**



Mix 1 ORS sachet with 1 liter of clean water



Pour the ORS into the sick person's cup without touching the cup

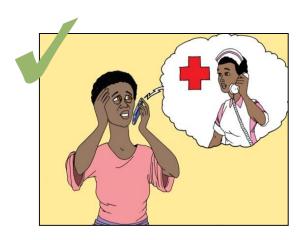
- Store ORS in a covered container
- Throw away unused ORS at the end of each day

### **Avoid Cleaning Up After a Sick Person!**





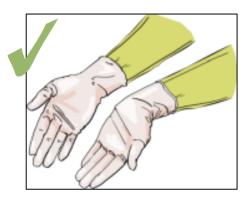
Cleaning up after sick people can spread Ebola, even if you try to be careful Touching a sick person, their things, or their body fluids can spread Ebola



## Call the decontamination team

For help finding a decontamination team in your area, CALL 117

# If You Must Clean Up



COVER YOUR SKIN, especially your hands. Wear gloves if you have them

Covering your skin will not always protect you from Ebola, but it can help



Use strong (0.5%) **chlorine solution** if you must clean up after a sick person



- **DO NOT** splash or spray. Move slowly
- **DO NOT** wipe surfaces with a dry towel
- **DO NOT** pour directly onto a spill; this can cause splashes

**DO NOT** reuse towels

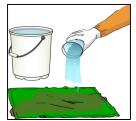
**DO NOT** dip a dirty towel into a bucket of chlorine solution; it will make the chlorine less effective

#### If You Must Clean Up: How to Clean Body Fluids and Waste

#### Steps for Cleaning and Disinfecting Body Fluids



 Cover your skin, especially your hands. Wear gloves if you have them



- 2. Lay a dry towel over the mess
- 3. Pour chlorine solution onto the towel.



4. Wipe up the mess with the wet towel



- Using a different towel, disinfect the area with chlorine solution. Wait 15 minutes
- 6. Wash covered (gloved) hands
  with chlorine solution, then wash
  bare hands with soap and water

#### How to get rid of waste



- Leave contaminated material like soiled towels in bags near the sick person
- The decontamination team will remove it
- If you must remove it yourself, burn it

# **Remember Three Things**



### No touch



### Isolate the sick person



### **Call 117**