

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE. Sex and age of patients with extensively drug-resistant* shigellosis (N = 492) — United States, 2011–2023

Year	Total	No. (row %) [†]		Children and adolescents aged <18 yrs
		Adults aged ≥ 18 yrs		
		Men	Women	
2011–2015 [§]	0	0 (—)	0 (—)	0 (—)
2016	2	0 (0)	2 (100)	0 (0)
2017	1	1 (100)	0 (0)	0 (0)
2018	2	1 (50)	0 (0)	1 (50)
2019	10	6 (60)	2 (20)	2 (20)
2020	21	19 (90)	2 (10)	0 (0)
2021	41	35 (85)	4 (10)	2 (5)
2022	143	123 (86)	13 (9)	7 (5)
2023	272	239 (88)	26 (10)	7 (3)
Total	492	424 (86)	49 (10)	19 (4)

Abbreviation: XDR = extensively drug-resistant

*XDR *Shigella* are resistant to ampicillin, azithromycin, ceftriaxone, ciprofloxacin, and trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole, based on antimicrobial susceptibility testing, whole-genome sequencing, or both.

[†] Percentages might not sum to 100% because of rounding.

[§] No XDR *Shigella* cases were reported during 2011–2015; the first XDR cases were identified in 2016. The study period begins in 2011 because azithromycin was added to the [National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System](#) testing panel that year, and resistance to azithromycin is part of the XDR case definition.