

Nationally Notifiable Infectious Diseases and Conditions, United States: Annual Tables

TABLE 3. Annual reported cases of notifiable diseases, by month*, United States, excluding U.S. Territories and Non-U.S. Residents, 2023

Disease	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Unknown	Total
Anthrax	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Arboviral diseases														
Chikungunya virus disease	11	10	14	11	3	7	12	18	20	16	11	17	—	150
Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	4	1	—	—	—	—	7
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Jamestown Canyon virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	—	—	—	1	2	5	5	3	1	3	—	—	—	20
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	1	2	2	1	1	—	—	—	7
La Crosse virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	—	8	8	8	10	—	—	—	34
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Powassan virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	—	—	2	—	3	7	12	6	2	6	6	3	—	47
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
St. Louis encephalitis virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	5	5	2	1	—	—	14
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	5	—	—	—	—	7
West Nile virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	2	1	3	5	3	8	192	709	698	125	30	15	—	1,791
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	2	11	89	368	303	43	9	14	—	839
Western equine encephalitis virus disease														
Neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-neuroinvasive	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Babesiosis														
Confirmed	19	12	7	16	51	302	1,202	788	347	128	137	107	—	3,116
Probable	7	9	5	8	11	44	133	103	52	37	39	22	—	470
Total	26	21	12	24	62	346	1,335	891	399	165	176	129	—	3,586
Botulism														
Foodborne	1	—	1	2	1	1	1	4	1	1	—	4	—	17
Infant	14	10	18	19	16	16	7	14	20	7	17	16	—	174
Other (wound & unspecified)	2	—	1	1	1	1	5	—	—	1	2	—	—	14
Total	17	10	20	22	18	18	13	18	21	9	19	20	—	205
Brucellosis	5	4	10	21	18	11	13	10	17	8	9	19	—	145
Campylobacteriosis	4,674	4,567	4,858	6,567	6,161	7,369	11,403	8,621	9,087	6,331	5,394	6,515	—	81,547
Candida auris														
Clinical†	182	191	201	246	204	214	305	296	352	309	265	435	—	3,200
Screening‡	199	248	287	365	295	341	370	320	519	457	381	584	—	4,366
Carbapenemase-producing organisms (CPO), total§, ¶	387	474	452	671	483	492	599	561	843	619	612	717	—	6,910
Chancroid	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	4
Chlamydia trachomatis infection	127,196	130,740	130,998	161,053	129,081	121,939	159,049	136,016	161,295	127,256	118,582	145,239	—	1,648,444
Cholera	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	1	—	19
Coccidioidomycosis#														
Confirmed	1,248	1,138	1,286	1,464	1,219	1,171	1,646	1,541	2,089	1,914	2,347	3,622	—	20,685
Probable	16	21	15	27	30	26	30	27	33	27	26	49	—	327
Total	1,264	1,159	1,301	1,491	1,249	1,197	1,676	1,568	2,122	1,941	2,373	3,671	—	21,012
Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)														
Confirmed	847,186	599,725	392,852	291,116	154,873	110,016	183,988	399,702	531,415	327,208	357,206	699,346	1,618	4,896,251

TABLE 3. Annual reported cases of notifiable diseases, by month*, United States, excluding U.S. Territories and Non-U.S. Residents, 2023

Disease	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Unknown	Total
Probable**	340,969	257,431	165,891	131,350	81,817	63,109	108,230	254,384	309,039	181,109	204,955	373,025	2,862	2,474,171
Total	1,188,155	857,156	558,743	422,466	236,690	173,125	292,218	654,086	840,454	508,317	562,161	1,072,371	4,480	7,370,422
Cryptosporidiosis														
Confirmed	672	612	714	1,005	666	659	1,176	1,428	1,510	849	627	666	—	10,584
Probable	174	190	182	244	171	203	342	345	364	195	145	171	—	2,726
Total	846	802	896	1,249	837	862	1,518	1,773	1,874	1,044	772	837	—	13,310
Cyclosporiasis	18	13	10	70	292	1,035	2,102	647	161	45	35	35	—	4,463
Dengue virus infectionst††														
Dengue	61	32	41	36	34	59	217	256	353	293	264	298	—	1,944
Dengue-like illness	—	—	1	1	—	1	2	2	6	4	3	3	—	23
Severe dengue	3	2	1	2	1	1	4	5	8	12	7	7	—	53
Diphtheria	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2
Ehrlichiosis and Anaplasmosis														
<i>Anaplasma phagocytophilum</i> infection	28	20	42	213	676	1,395	2,543	845	362	381	523	251	—	7,279
<i>Ehrlichia chaffeensis</i> infection	18	14	9	75	204	400	576	249	171	87	49	55	—	1,907
<i>Ehrlichia ewingii</i> infection	—	—	—	—	4	5	7	6	3	—	—	1	—	26
Undetermined ehrlichiosis/anaplasmosis	—	1	1	3	6	13	31	16	10	4	2	2	—	89
Giardiasis	951	1,054	1,071	1,381	1,011	1,167	1,712	1,538	2,125	1,502	1,203	1,463	—	16,178
Gonorrhea††	46,965	45,936	45,347	56,248	45,248	44,880	59,326	49,014	60,619	48,057	44,501	55,121	—	601,262
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> , invasive disease														
Age <5 years														
Non-b serotype	13	9	10	14	20	17	8	6	9	6	12	15	—	139
Nontypeable	29	23	24	32	25	18	12	12	17	18	14	31	—	255
Serotype b	1	3	1	4	2	3	3	—	5	3	3	6	—	34
Unknown serotype	18	20	23	10	18	17	15	9	25	23	18	32	—	228
All ages, all serotypes	649	519	549	634	536	501	523	360	532	473	553	998	—	6,827
Hansen's disease	8	7	3	9	13	4	8	8	10	10	4	4	—	88
Hantavirus infection, non-hantavirus pulmonary syndrome§§	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome	1	1	1	7	4	2	2	4	3	—	1	—	—	26
Hemolytic uremic syndrome post-diarrheal	10	10	7	15	18	27	30	40	48	26	21	24	—	276
Hepatitis, Viral Disease¶¶														
Hepatitis A, acute	97	132	150	182	133	123	119	130	183	110	131	153	—	1,643
Hepatitis B, acute	170	176	175	218	170	172	208	207	182	179	155	200	—	2,212
Hepatitis B, perinatal infection	—	1	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2	—	2	—	7
Hepatitis C, acute														
Confirmed	394	446	431	476	430	407	493	376	399	347	333	432	—	4,964
Probable	53	54	45	51	41	45	59	44	53	40	37	52	—	574
Total	447	500	476	527	471	452	552	420	452	387	370	484	—	5,538
Hepatitis C, perinatal infection	19	23	19	32	13	18	16	16	23	18	18	20	—	235
Human immunodeficiency virus diagnoses	3,399	3,064	3,624	3,093	3,428	3,312	3,117	3,495	3,011	3,405	3,003	2,886	13	38,850
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality	24	20	21	12	5	8	6	8	5	5	8	20	—	142
Invasive pneumococcal disease														
Age <5 years														
Confirmed	90	105	94	119	77	68	53	35	83	96	134	160	—	1,114
Probable	7	6	5	7	6	6	3	2	7	3	3	12	—	67
Total	97	111	99	126	83	74	56	37	90	99	137	172	—	1,181
All ages														

TABLE 3. Annual reported cases of notifiable diseases, by month*, United States, excluding U.S. Territories and Non-U.S. Residents, 2023

Disease	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Unknown	Total
Confirmed	2,140	1,913	1,943	2,166	1,569	1,195	987	592	1,121	1,315	1,834	3,776	—	20,551
Probable	47	45	56	67	41	36	38	23	37	41	41	128	—	600
Total##	2,187	1,958	1,999	2,233	1,610	1,231	1,025	615	1,158	1,356	1,875	3,904	—	21,151
Legionellosis	423	306	333	472	549	591	1,178	905	1,177	868	574	725	—	8,101
Leptospirosis	7	9	4	6	6	3	18	12	7	11	5	6	—	94
Listeriosis***														
Confirmed	53	60	61	62	54	64	118	138	114	83	54	73	—	934
Probable	—	8	4	10	1	6	8	8	4	7	3	5	—	64
Total	53	68	65	72	55	70	126	146	118	90	57	78	—	998
Lyme disease+++														
Confirmed	39	45	56	99	185	568	1,027	767	419	133	110	82	—	3,530
Probable	3,047	3,092	2,971	4,201	4,921	8,481	21,206	14,229	9,463	5,393	4,603	4,331	—	85,938
Total	3,086	3,137	3,027	4,300	5,106	9,049	22,233	14,996	9,882	5,526	4,713	4,413	—	89,468
Malaria	173	124	98	150	172	221	348	308	365	208	176	263	—	2,606
Measles##														
Imported	1	1	2	2	3	1	1	1	4	1	—	5	—	22
Indigenous	4	—	1	2	1	2	1	2	4	7	3	15	—	42
Total	5	1	3	4	4	3	2	3	8	8	3	20	—	64
Melioidosis\$\$\$	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	1	—	6
Meningococcal disease														
All serogroups	36	36	37	34	36	30	43	29	28	22	32	75	—	438
Other serogroups	2	5	3	2	4	3	3	1	2	—	5	3	—	33
Serogroup B	7	1	3	—	4	4	6	2	2	1	1	13	—	44
Serogroups ACWY	15	24	22	24	20	17	27	21	14	15	19	42	—	260
Unknown serogroup	12	6	9	8	8	6	7	5	10	6	7	17	—	101
Mpox	166	77	61	60	79	109	137	99	103	274	246	319	—	1,730
Mumps	32	36	38	53	45	32	41	29	32	31	24	40	—	433
Novel Influenza A virus infections	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	3
Pertussis	302	335	361	382	391	419	492	404	685	788	1,034	1,470	—	7,063
Plague\$\$\$	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2
Poliomyelitis, paralytic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poliovirus infection, nonparalytic	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Psittacosis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Q fever														
Acute	12	12	22	21	14	19	20	13	19	9	8	12	—	181
Chronic	3	3	3	1	4	5	4	1	5	3	3	3	—	38
Total	15	15	25	22	18	24	24	14	24	12	11	15	—	219
Rabies														
Animal	182	184	219	356	307	283	403	495	552	289	203	206	30	3,709
Human	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Rubella	1	—	—	1	—	—	2	2	2	—	2	1	—	11
Rubella, congenital syndrome	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Salmonella Paratyphi infection###	13	17	15	13	12	8	27	18	21	13	8	16	—	181
Salmonella Typhi infection****	38	43	47	50	23	44	49	75	66	24	25	51	—	535
Salmonellosis (excluding S. Typhi infection and S. Paratyphi infection)+++	2,725	2,617	2,724	4,261	4,463	5,091	7,975	7,248	8,221	5,881	4,677	5,051	—	60,934
Severe acute respiratory syndrome-associated coronavirus disease	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC)	892	936	1,022	1,569	1,406	1,695	2,695	2,164	2,196	1,526	1,248	1,495	—	18,844
Shigellosis	1,169	1,142	1,175	1,500	1,320	1,525	2,171	2,090	2,590	1,919	2,281	2,887	—	21,769

TABLE 3. Annual reported cases of notifiable diseases, by month*, United States, excluding U.S. Territories and Non-U.S. Residents, 2023

Disease	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Unknown	Total
Smallpox	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Spotted fever rickettsiosis														
Confirmed	—	—	—	4	9	7	17	6	6	5	1	1	—	56
Probable	29	21	24	86	120	198	230	146	142	50	44	58	—	1,148
Total	29	21	24	90	129	205	247	152	148	55	45	59	—	1,204
Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome	69	80	92	129	81	84	70	31	34	55	47	119	—	891
Syphilis														
Congenital†††	350	325	316	282	322	292	344	338	307	318	345	343	—	3,882
Primary and secondary	4,448	4,330	4,533	5,244	4,204	4,085	5,154	4,102	5,077	3,840	3,522	4,449	—	52,988
Total§§§	16,489	16,880	17,450	20,795	16,828	15,817	20,329	16,281	19,553	15,807	14,582	18,308	—	209,119
Tetanus	—	—	—	2	1	2	4	3	1	1	3	1	—	18
Toxic shock syndrome (other than Streptococcal)	3	4	4	5	1	3	2	1	5	1	4	6	—	39
Trichinellosis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Tuberculosis	495	590	665	995	767	684	964	811	914	732	708	1,308	—	9,633
Tularemia	1	5	6	11	18	26	46	21	20	22	7	13	—	196
Vancomycin-intermediate Staphylococcus aureus	5	6	3	7	4	4	10	4	6	1	5	4	—	59
Vancomycin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus†††††	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
Varicella morbidity####	431	496	445	657	573	384	461	384	660	547	717	1,141	—	6,896
Varicella mortality	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	—	2	—	—	5
Vibriosis														
Confirmed	29	31	56	82	63	150	354	273	238	97	80	89	—	1,542
Probable	82	89	101	146	139	164	275	237	244	131	123	149	—	1,880
Total	111	120	157	228	202	314	629	510	482	228	203	238	—	3,422
Viral hemorrhagic fevers														
Chapare virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ebola virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Guanarito virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Junin virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lassa virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lujov virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Machupo virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Marburg virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sabia virus	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yellow fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Zika virus														
Zika virus disease, congenital*****	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Zika virus disease, non-congenital	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	1	—	6
Zika virus infection, congenital*****	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Zika virus infection, non-congenital	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1

—: No reported cases — The reporting jurisdiction did not submit any cases to CDC.

* Month is defined using MMWR week (https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/02/MMWR_Week_overview.pdf). MMWR week calendars can be found at <https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/event-codes-other-surveillance-resources/>.

† Beginning in 2023, only confirmed cases of *Candida auris* clinical are published to align with CSTE position statement 22-ID-05, whereas in previous years, confirmed and probable case classification statuses were published. Additionally, there may be case count discrepancies of *Candida auris* clinical cases reported by the NNDSS and the CDC's Mycotic Diseases Branch due to differences in data sources, reporting and aggregation methods. Please refer to the Mycotic Diseases Branch's [Tracking C. auris | Candida auris \(C. auris\) | CDC](#) for *Candida auris* case data reported by jurisdictions. These data are submitted to the CDC separately of NNDSS by jurisdictions and are published by location of the facility. Please also see Note #8.

‡ Beginning in 2023, *Candida auris* screening was added as a nationally notifiable condition, and confirmed cases are published to align with the approved CSTE position statement 22-ID-05. Additionally, there may be case count discrepancies of *Candida auris* screening cases reported by the NNDSS and the CDC's Mycotic Diseases Branch due to differences in data sources, reporting and aggregation methods. Please refer to the Mycotic Diseases Branch's [Tracking C. auris | Candida auris \(C. auris\) | CDC](#) for *Candida auris* case data reported by jurisdictions. These data are submitted to the CDC separately of NNDSS by jurisdictions and are published by location of the facility. Please also see Note #8.

§ CPO total is the sum of CP-CRE cases reported in MMWR year 2023, CPO, clinical cases, and CPO, screening cases.

¶ Beginning in 2023, cases began to be reported as carbapenemase-producing organisms, clinical or carbapenemase-producing organisms, screening. In previous years, only carbapenemase-producing carbapenem-resistant *Enterobacteriaceae* (CP-CRE) cases were reported.

For coccidioidomycosis surveillance reporting purposes, jurisdictions are grouped into high- and low-incidence categories. Probable cases are only reported from low-incidence jurisdictions, while

confirmed cases are reported from both high- and low-incidence jurisdictions.

** Of the reporting areas that submitted 2023 aggregate COVID-19 data to CDC, four did not submit probable cases. American Samoa, Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands, New York (excluding New York City), and U.S. Virgin Islands did not collect probable cases.

†† Counts include confirmed and probable dengue cases.

‡ Beginning in 2023, confirmed and probable cases of gonorrhea are published to align with the approved CSTE position statement 22-ID-03, whereas in previous years, all case classification statuses were published. This change may cause a decrease in published case counts when compared to previous years.

§§ Case counts may include Old World hantavirus infections, such as Seoul virus.

¶¶ Chronic hepatitis B and chronic hepatitis C data are not included in NNDSS tables but reported case counts are included in the annual Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Report, 2023, published online by CDC's Division of Viral Hepatitis, available at <https://www.cdc.gov/hepatitis/php/statistics-surveillance/>.

Counts include drug resistant and susceptible cases of Invasive Pneumococcal Disease. This condition was previously named *Streptococcus pneumoniae* invasive disease and cases were reported to CDC using different event codes to specify whether the cases were drug resistant or in a defined age group, such as <5 years.

*** Before 2019, probable cases were not reported, and cases in neonates ≤60 days of age were counted as one case in a mother-infant pair. Beginning in 2019, confirmed and probable cases are being reported, and maternal and neonatal cases are being counted separately.

††† For Lyme surveillance reporting purposes, jurisdictions are grouped into high- and low-incidence categories. Confirmed cases are only reported from low-incidence jurisdictions; however, probable cases are reported from both high- and low-incidence jurisdictions. For more information on jurisdiction classifications, visit <https://www.cdc.gov/lyme>. Currently high-incidence jurisdictions include Connecticut, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York (excluding New York City), New York City, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and the District of Columbia.

‡‡ Measles is considered imported if the disease was acquired outside of the United States and is considered indigenous if the disease was acquired anywhere within the United States or it is not known where the disease was acquired.

§§§ Beginning in 2023, melioidosis was added as a nationally notifiable condition, and confirmed and probable cases are published to align with the approved CSTE position statement 22-ID-08.

¶¶¶ Beginning in 2020, confirmed and probable plague cases began to be combined and published.

Beginning in January 2019, cases began to be reported as *Salmonella* Paratyphi infection. In 2018, cases were reported as paratyphoid fever. Prior to 2018, cases of paratyphoid fever were considered salmonellosis.

**** Beginning in January 2019, cases began to be reported as *Salmonella* Typhi infection. In previous years, cases were reported as typhoid fever.

†††† Beginning in January 2019, cases began to be reported as salmonellosis (excluding *Salmonella* Typhi infection and *Salmonella* Paratyphi infection). In 2018, cases were reported as salmonellosis (excluding paratyphoid fever and typhoid fever). Prior to 2018, cases of paratyphoid fever were considered salmonellosis.

‡‡‡ Congenital syphilis cases are usually assigned to the mother's state of residence at the time of delivery. Data for congenital syphilis are aggregated by the infant's year of birth.

§§§§ Includes the following categories: primary; secondary; early non-primary non-secondary; unknown duration or late; and congenital syphilis.

¶¶¶¶ Vancomycin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* cases reported in this table may not have been verified by CDC. CDC verified 0 vancomycin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* cases in 2023.

Beginning in 2023, varicella mortality will have an age restriction of <50 years applied to the numerator (i.e., case counts).

***** Data reported to ArboNET using the national surveillance case definition for congenital Zika virus infection (CSTE Position Statement 16-ID-01).

Notes:

- These are **annual** cases of selected infectious national notifiable diseases from the National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS). NNDSS data reported by the 50 states, New York City, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. territories are collated and published. Cases are reported by state health departments to CDC weekly. Because source datasets may be updated as additional information is received, statistics in publications based on that source data may differ from what is presented in these tables. Source datasets for the 2023 annual tables were officially closed on November 7, 2024.
- The list of national notifiable infectious diseases and conditions for 2023 and their national surveillance case definitions are available by navigating to the [Surveillance Case Definitions](#) | CDC web page, selecting "2023" for the notifiable condition list year, checking "Infectious" conditions, and clicking "Get Notifiable List by Year". Publication criteria for the finalized 2023 data are available at <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/infectious-disease/notice-to-data-users.html>. See also [Guide to Interpreting Provisional and Finalized NNDSS Data](#).
- Population estimates for incidence rates are July 1st, 2023 postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States for July 1, 2020, to July 1, 2023, by year, county, single year of age (range: 0 to 85+ years), bridged-race (American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian or Pacific Islander, Black or African American, White), Hispanic ethnicity (Hispanic or Latino, not Hispanic or Latino), and sex (Female, Male), prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau and the National Cancer Institute (NCI). The "Vintage 2023" population estimates for years 2020–2023 were released February 2025 by the National Cancer Institute at <https://seer.cancer.gov/popdata/>. For more information, see <https://seer.cancer.gov/popdata/singleages.html>. The choice of population denominators for incidence is based on the availability of population data at the time of publication preparation.
- Annual tables for 2016 and later years are available on [CDC WONDER's NNDSS Annual Summary Data Query](#).
- Annual summary reports from 1993–2015 are available as published in the [Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report](#).
- NNDSS annual tables since 1952 are available at [CDC Stacks](#). To find them, search for "NNDSS" under Collections. Once in NNDSS Collections, navigate to the "Resource Type Specific" section on the left-hand side and select "Annual Reports" (1952–2015) or "Annual Tables" (2016–present).
- For most conditions, national incidence rates are calculated as the number of reported cases for each infectious disease or condition divided by the U.S. resident population for the specified demographic population or the total U.S. resident population, multiplied by 100,000. When a national notifiable infectious condition is associated with a specific age restriction, the same restriction was applied to the population in the denominator of the incidence rate calculation. In addition, population data from reporting jurisdictions in which the disease or condition was not reportable or not available were excluded from the denominator of the incidence rate calculations.

Age restrictions in the numerator and denominator are applied for the following childhood conditions:

- Zika virus disease, congenital (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Zika virus infection, congenital (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Haemophilus influenzae*, invasive disease <5 years (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <5 years)
- Invasive pneumococcal disease <5 years (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <5 years)
- Influenza associated pediatric mortality (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <18 years)
- Infant botulism (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Congenital rubella syndrome (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)
- Perinatal hepatitis B infection (age restriction in numerator is ≤24 months; however, rates will not be calculated due to population estimates not being available for the specific sub-population required to align with the defined age restriction criteria)
- Perinatal hepatitis C infection (age restriction in numerator is ≤36 months; however, rates will not be calculated due to population estimates not being available for the specific sub-population required to align with the defined age restriction criteria).

Data for congenital syphilis are aggregated by the infant's year of birth. The rate for congenital syphilis is based upon the number of reported cases per 100,000 live births, using natality data for 2023 (National Center for Health Statistics [Natality 2023](#), as compiled from data provided by the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program). Congenital syphilis cases are usually assigned to the mother's state of residence at the time of delivery. The mother's race and ethnicity are used for race- and ethnicity-specific rates of congenital syphilis cases.

8. Surveillance data reported by other CDC programs might vary from data reported in these tables because of differences in 1) the date used to aggregate the data, 2) the timing of reports, 3) the source of the data, 4) surveillance case definitions, and 5) policies regarding case jurisdiction (i.e., which jurisdiction should submit the case notification to CDC).

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National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System