

Nationally Notifiable Infectious Diseases and Conditions, United States: Annual Tables

Table 2I. Annual reported cases* of notifiable diseases, by region and reporting area, United States, U.S. Territories and Non-U.S. Residents, 2023

Reporting Area	Malaria	Measles†			Meloidosis‡
		Imported	Indigenous	Total	
U.S. Residents, excluding U.S. Territories	2,606	22	42	64	6
New England	103	—	—	—	1
Connecticut	15	—	—	—	—
Maine	5	—	—	—	—
Massachusetts	59	—	—	—	1
New Hampshire	7	—	—	—	—
Rhode Island	13	—	—	—	—
Vermont	4	—	—	—	—
Middle Atlantic	664	5	6	11	1
New Jersey	101	1	—	1	—
New York (excluding New York City)	99	—	—	—	—
New York City	338	1	—	1	1
Pennsylvania	126	3	6	9	—
East North Central	280	1	9	10	—
Illinois	103	1	4	5	—
Indiana	28	—	—	—	—
Michigan	32	—	—	—	—
Ohio	97	—	4	4	—
Wisconsin	20	—	1	1	—
West North Central	185	—	1	1	—
Iowa	33	—	—	—	—
Kansas	15	—	—	—	—
Minnesota	90	—	—	—	—
Missouri	21	—	1	1	—
Nebraska	13	—	—	—	—
North Dakota	9	—	—	—	—
South Dakota	4	—	—	—	—
South Atlantic	667	6	—	6	2
Delaware	13	—	—	—	—
District of Columbia	20	2	—	2	—
Florida	69	2	—	2	2
Georgia	74	—	—	—	—
Maryland	278	1	—	1	—
North Carolina	71	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	11	—	—	—	—
Virginia	127	1	—	1	N
West Virginia	4	—	—	—	—
East South Central	46	1	1	2	1
Alabama	10	—	—	—	—
Kentucky	12	1	1	2	—
Mississippi	5	—	—	—	1
Tennessee	19	—	—	—	—
West South Central	277	1	2	3	1
Arkansas	7	—	—	—	1
Louisiana	10	—	—	—	—
Oklahoma	10	—	—	—	—
Texas	250	1	2	3	—

Table 2I. Annual reported cases* of notifiable diseases, by region and reporting area, United States, U.S. Territories and Non-U.S. Residents, 2023

Reporting Area	Malaria	Measles†			Meloidosis‡
		Imported	Indigenous	Total	
Mountain	146	3	9	12	—
Arizona	51	—	—	—	—
Colorado	47	1	—	1	—
Idaho	7	1	9	10	—
Montana	2	—	—	—	—
Nevada	10	—	—	—	—
New Mexico	2	—	—	—	—
Utah	24	1	—	1	—
Wyoming	3	—	—	—	—
Pacific	238	5	14	19	—
Alaska	2	—	—	—	—
California	153	3	1	4	—
Hawaii	4	1	1	2	—
Oregon	9	—	1	1	—
Washington	70	1	11	12	—
U.S. Territories	—	—	—	—	—
American Samoa	—	—	—	—	—
Commonwealth of Northern Mariana Islands	—	—	—	—	—
Guam	—	—	—	—	—
Puerto Rico	—	—	—	—	—
U.S. Virgin Islands	—	—	—	—	—
Non-U.S. Residents	21	—	—	—	—
Total	2,627	22	42	64	6

—: No reported cases — The reporting jurisdiction did not submit any cases to CDC.

N: Not reportable — The disease or condition was not reportable by law, statute, or regulation in the reporting jurisdiction.

U: Unavailable — The data are unavailable.

* Cases are assigned to the reporting jurisdiction submitting the case to NNDSS if the case's country of usual residence is the United States, a U.S. territory, unknown, or country is not reported; otherwise, the case is assigned to the Non-U.S. Residents' category. Country of usual residence is currently not reported by all jurisdictions or for all conditions because this data element is only available in the HL7 generic version 2 and disease-specific message mapping guides. If a jurisdiction sends data in legacy formats, they are not able to send this information. For further information on interpretation of these data, see the [Guide to Interpreting Provisional and Finalized NNDSS Data](#).

† Measles is considered imported if the disease was acquired outside of the United States and is considered indigenous if the disease was acquired anywhere within the United States or it is not known where the disease was acquired.

‡ Beginning in 2023, melioidosis was added as a nationally notifiable condition, and confirmed and probable cases are published to align with the approved CSTE position statement 22-ID-08.

Notes:

1. These are **annual** cases of selected infectious national notifiable diseases from the National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System (NNDSS). NNDSS data reported by the 50 states, New York City, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. territories are collated and published. Cases are reported by state health departments to CDC weekly. Because source datasets may be updated as additional information is received, statistics in publications based on that source data may differ from what is presented in these tables. Source datasets for the 2023 annual tables were officially closed on November 7, 2024.

2. The list of national notifiable infectious diseases and conditions for 2023 and their national surveillance case definitions are available by navigating to the [Surveillance Case Definitions | CDC](#) web page, selecting "2023" for the notifiable condition list year, checking "Infectious" conditions, and clicking "Get Notifiable List by Year". Publication criteria for the finalized 2023 data are available at <https://www.cdc.gov/nndss/infectious-disease/notice-to-data-users.html>. See also [Guide to Interpreting Provisional and Finalized NNDSS Data](#).

3. Population estimates for incidence rates are July 1st, 2023 postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States for July 1, 2020, to July 1, 2023, by year, county, single year of age (range: 0 to 85+ years), bridged-race (American Indian or Alaska Native, Asian or Pacific Islander, Black or African American, White), Hispanic ethnicity (Hispanic or Latino, not Hispanic or Latino), and sex (Female, Male), prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau and the National Cancer Institute (NCI). The "Vintage 2023" population estimates for years 2020–2023 were released February 2025 by the National Cancer Institute at <https://seer.cancer.gov/popdata/>. For more information, see <https://seer.cancer.gov/popdata/singleages.html>. The choice of population denominators for incidence is based on the availability of population data at the time of publication preparation.

4. Annual tables for 2016 and later years are available on [CDC WONDER's NNDSS Annual Summary Data Query](#).

5. Annual summary reports from 1993–2015 are available as published in the [Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report](#).

6. NNDSS annual tables since 1952 are available at [CDC Stacks](#). To find them, search for "NNDSS" under Collections. Once in NNDSS Collections, navigate to the "Resource Type Specific" section on the left-hand side and select "Annual Reports" (1952–2015) or "Annual Tables" (2016–present).

7. For most conditions, national incidence rates are calculated as the number of reported cases for each infectious disease or condition divided by the U.S. resident population for the specified demographic population or the total U.S. resident population, multiplied by 100,000. When a national notifiable infectious condition is associated with a specific age restriction, the same restriction was applied to the population in the denominator of the incidence rate calculation. In addition, population data from reporting jurisdictions in which the disease or condition was not reportable or not available were excluded from the denominator of the incidence rate calculations.

Age restrictions in the numerator and denominator are applied for the following childhood conditions:

Zika virus disease, congenital (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)

Zika virus infection, congenital (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)

Haemophilus influenzae, invasive disease <5 years (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <5 years)

Invasive pneumococcal disease <5 years (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <5 years)

Influenza associated pediatric mortality (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <18 years)

Infant botulism (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)

Congenital rubella syndrome (age restriction in numerator and denominator is <1 year)

Perinatal hepatitis B infection (age restriction in numerator is ≤24 months; however, rates will not be calculated due to population estimates not being available for the specific sub-population required to align with the defined age restriction criteria)

Perinatal hepatitis C infection (age restriction in numerator is ≤ 36 months; however, rates will not be calculated due to population estimates not being available for the specific sub-population required to align with the defined age restriction criteria).

Data for congenital syphilis are aggregated by the infant's year of birth. The rate for congenital syphilis is based upon the number of reported cases per 100,000 live births, using natality data for 2023 (National Center for Health Statistics [Natality 2023](#), as compiled from data provided by the Vital Statistics Cooperative Program). Congenital syphilis cases are usually assigned to the mother's state of residence at the time of delivery. The mother's race and ethnicity are used for race- and ethnicity-specific rates of congenital syphilis cases.

8. Surveillance data reported by other CDC programs might vary from data reported in these tables because of differences in 1) the date used to aggregate the data, 2) the timing of reports, 3) the source of the data, 4) surveillance case definitions, and 5) policies regarding case jurisdiction (i.e., which jurisdiction should submit the case notification to CDC).

Suggested Citation:

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National Notifiable Diseases Surveillance System