WEST AFRICA
SMALLPOX ERADICATION/MEASLES CONTROL PROGRAM

SURVEILLANCE REPORT NO. 6
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I. CURRENT SMALLPOX MORBIDITY
II. GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION FOR SELECTED COUNTRIES, 1965 and 1966
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
BUREAU OF DISEASE PREVENTION AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL
NATIONAL
COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER SMALLPOX ERADICATION PROGRAM

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## PREFACE

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Summarized in this report is published information pertaining to the
West Africa Smallpox Eradication/Measles Control Program and information
received from Health officials, university investigators and other
pertinent sources. Much of the information is preliminary. It is
intended primarily for the use of those with responsibility for disease
control activities. Anyone desiring to quote this report should con-
tact the original investigator for confirmation and interpretation.
Contributions to the surveillance report are most welcome.
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National Communicable Disease Center
Smallpox Eradication Program

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## I. CURRENT SMALLPOX MORBIDITY

## A. Reported Cases, 1967


#### Abstract

According to notifications received by the World Health Organization through February 23, 1967, 769 cases of smallpox have been reported from the 19 countries participating in the West African Smallpox Eradication/Measles Control Program during 1967. It is interesting to note that even though reports have only been tabulated through the first seven weeks of 1967 , the trend of a continuing increase in reported cases over the comparable time periods for the preceding year is evident. Table 1 shows the 769 cases reported in 1967 compared with 655 for a similar time period during 1966 which is an increase of 17.4 percent. Countries that have not yet reported any cases during 1967 are not shown in Table 1.

A more detailed analysis of the 1967 data is not possible at this time as reports for February 4 to February 24 have not been received (Weekly Epidemiological Record, Numbers 6 and 7). In view of this tables showing the geographic distribution of these cases are not shown.


B. Provisional Data, 1966

Through February 23, 1967, notifications received by the WHO show a provisional total of 7,281 cases of smallpox during 1966, reported from the 19 countries participating in the Smallpox Eradication/Measles Control Program. This compares with 6,119 cases reported during the comparable time period of 1965, an increase of 19.0 percent. The numbers of cases by country are shown in Table 2 .

In Dahomey 31 additional cases were reported to WHO during the interval November 9 through December 13. Of these, thirteen cases were reported from the Subdivision of Ouidah during the week, $11 / 30-12 / 6$, and 7 cases were reported during the week, $12 / 7-12 / 13$, from the Subdivision of Nikki. The Subdivision of Porto-Novo reported 6 cases during the same four-week interval. Figure 1 reveals a slight upward trend in reported cases.

Guinea reported 10 cases during the three-week interval 11/611/26 with 9 being from Kindia and 1 from Dalaba.

Niger reported an additional 95 cases during the interval 11/15-12/31. Twenty-five of these cases were reported from Tessama Cercle, thirty-seven were reported from Tera Cercle and 18 from Niamey Cercle. The remaining cases were reported from Birni N'Konni, Maradi, Magaria and Tahoua. Figure 2 shows the seasonal distribution since 1960.

In Nigeria 4,900 cases ( 67 percent of all cases reported from the 19 participating countries), were reported to WHO. Of these, approximately 90 percent have been reported from the Northern Region.

In Sierra Leone, during the interval 9/24-11/26, 55 cases were reported. Twenty-six cases were reported from the Eastern Province, 19 from the Northern Province and 10 from the Western Area (excluding Freetown (PA) and Bonthe (P)). Delayed reports which were filed during the last week of December accounted for 103 additional cases. One-hundred and two of these were in the Northern Province and the other in the Eastern Province.

Togo reported 13 cases from the Region des Plateaux. The time interval for these reported cases was $11 / 14-12 / 4$. As seen in Figure 3 there has been a sharp decline of smallpox cases over the past five weeks.

In Upper Volta, smallpox continues to be reported from the Cercle of Dori as 7 cases were reported during the interval 8/1812/22.
II. GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION FOR SELECTED COUNTRIES, 1965 and 1966

In several countries major changes in geographic distribution of smallpox cases occurred between 1965 and 1966. These countries were Dahomey, Mali, Niger, Sierra Leone, Togo and Upper Volta. These differences are summarized in Tables 3-8 using provisional data compiled from the WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record. Slight differences between country totals in this report and those in Surveillance Report Number 3, dated October 1, 1966, should be noted. These differences occur because the totals which appeared in Surveillance Report Number 3 were obtained from the summary issue, Weekly Epidemiological Record, Number 21 (27 May, 1966) which reflects revisions which were not shown in individual weekly reports. Since these data by geographic area are preliminary, differences in totals are not to be considered critical and will be corrected pending future WHO publications.

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Attempts were made to determine if the endemic and/or epidemic areas between and within countries were contiguous. Using the maps available to us, it was noted that the political units of
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some countries have undergone name changes, thus making it difficult to plot the cases on maps. Hopefully, this problem will be resolved shortly and a more meaningful geographic analysis can be presented in a subsequent report.

During 1966 smallpox epidemics occurred in Dahomey Niger, Sierra Leone, Togo and Upper Volta. In Dahomey the Subdivision of Allada, Ouidah, and Dassa Zoume reported substantially more smallpox in 1966 than 1965 (Table 3). There continues to be evidence of an epidemic situation in the early part of 1967 with the Subdivision of Allada having reported almost half of the 1967 Dahomey cases (Table 2). (Geographic distribution is not given due to missing reports.)

In Mali a significant decrease in reported cases was evident in several Cercles. Perhaps the most noteworthy decreases were in the Djenne and Douentza Cercles of the Mopti Region. However, increases were noted in the Cercles of Nioro and San (Table 4).

In Niger the Cercles of Dosso, Niamey, Tillaberi and Tera showed substantial increases over the preceding year. Similarly, in Sierra Leone increases were noted in the Eastern, Northern and Southern Provinces. Likewise, for the Region des Plateaux in Togo, a rather large increase was apparent. Two reporting areas in Upper Volta for 1966 reported increases in smallpox, namely, BoboDioulasso and Dori Cercles. The numbers of cases reported for each of these countries are shown in Tables 5-8.


## Table 2. Reported Smallpox Cases in 19 West African Countries <br> 1965 and 1966

| Country | Most Recent Reporting Date$\qquad$ in 1966 | Cumulative No. of Cases |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1966* | 1965** |
| Cameroon | April 31 | 3(r) | $0(r)$ |
| C.A.R. | *** | 0 | 0 |
| Chad | *** | 0 | 74(i) |
| Congo(B) | December 5 | 2 | 81 |
| $\backslash$ Dahomey | December 13 | 490 | 168 |
| Gabon | *** | 0 - | 1 |
| Gambia | November 20 | 3 | 6 |
| Ghana | December 31 | 13(i,r) | 7 |
| Guinea | December 11 | 15 | 55 |
| - Ivory Coast | *** | 0 - | 8 |
| Liberia | *** | 0 - | 49 |
| Mali | December 31 | 285 | 632 |
| Mauritania | November 30 | 7 | 0 |
| - Niger | December 31 | 995 | 477 |
| , Nigeria | December 31 | 4900 | 4478 |
| $\rightarrow$ Senegal | *** | 0 | - 0 |
| - Sierra Leone | December 31 | 293 | 60 |
| Togo | December 25 | 200 | 10 |
| Upper Volta | December 31 | 75 | 13 |
|  | Total | 7281 | 6119 |
| * Reports received by wHO through February 23, 1967** Comparable time period in 1965 |  |  |  |
| *** No cases reported to WHO through February 23, 1967 |  |  |  |
|  | rted cases |  |  |
| (r) Revised |  |  |  |

table 3. Geographic Distribution of Reported Smallpox Cases by Reporting Area DAHOMEY, 1965 and $1966^{1}$

| Reporting Area |  | Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cercle | Subdivision | 1965 | 1966 |
| Abomey | Abomey | 112 | 35** |
|  | Ketou | 2 | - |
|  | Zagnanado | 30 | 2** |
| Athiene | Athiene | - | 16 |
|  | Grand-Popo | - | 18 |
|  | Parahoue | - | - |
| Cotonou | Calavi | - | -** |
|  | Cotonou | 7 | 26 |
| Djangou | - | - | - |
| Kandi | - | - | 1 |
| Natitingou | Kouandi | - | 1 |
|  | Natitingou | - | 1 |
|  | Tanguieta | - | - |
| Ouidah | Allada | 5 | 145 |
|  | Ouidah | 5 | 81 |
| Parakou | Bembereke | - | 4 |
|  | Nikki | - | 29 |
|  | Parakou | - | 3 |
| Porto-Novo | Adjohon | - | 22 |
|  | Pobe | 1 | 11 |
|  | Porto-Novo-banlieue | - | 33 |
|  | Sakete | - | 4 |
| Savalou | Savalou | 4 | 2 |
|  | Save | 2 | 2 |
| Centre Dep. Pref. | Dassa-Zoume, Circ. Med. | - | 52 |
| Nord-Ouest Dep. | Djougou, Circ. Med. | - | 2 |
|  | Total | 168* | 490 |

[^0]Table 4. Geographic Distribution of Reported Smallpox Cases by Reporting Area

$$
\text { MALI, } 1965 \text { and } 1966^{1}
$$

| Reporting Area |  | Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Region | Cercle | 1965 | 1966 |
| Bamako | Bamako | 9 | 3 |
|  | Banamba | 7 | - |
|  | Dioila | 2 | - |
|  | Koulikoro | 31 | 1 |
|  | Nava | 27 | - |
| Gao | Ansongo | 11 | 9 |
|  | Dire | 53 | 55 |
|  | Goundam | 25 | - |
|  | Kidal | 9 | - |
|  | Tombouctou | 8 | - |
|  | Gao | - | 15 |
| Kayes | Kita | 0 | 3 |
|  | Nioro | 39 | 72 |
| Mopti | Bandiagara | 5 | - |
|  | Bankass | 28 | - |
|  | Djenne | 204 | - |
|  | Douentza | 44 | - |
|  | Karo | 2 | - |
|  | Mopti | 9 | 5 |
|  | Niafunke | 74 | 24 |
|  | Tenenkou | 10 | 20 |
| Sikasso | Sikasso | 7 | - |
| Segou | Masina | 19 | - |
|  | San | 9 | 78 |
|  | Segou | 1 | - |
|  | Tominian | 1 | - |
|  | Total | 634* | 285 |

[^1]Table 5. Geographic Distribution of Reported Smallpox Cases by Reporting Area

$$
\text { NIGER, } 1965 \text { and } 1966^{1}
$$

Reporting Area (Cercle) $1965 \quad 1966$

| Agades | 4 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Birni N'Konni | 5 | 22 |
| Doutchi | - | 1 |
| Dogondoutchi | - | 2 |
| Dosso | 35 | 134 |
| Filinque | - | 52 |
| Goure | 21 | 32 |
| Madaoua | 34 | 19 |
| Magaria | 21 | 23 |
| Maradi | 101 | 18 |
| N'Guigmi | 55 | 28 |
| Niamey | 23 | 186 |
| Tillaberri | 2 | 149 |
| Tessaoua | 103 | 83 |
| Tahoua | 1 | 13 |
| Tera | 3 | 127 |
| Zinder |  | 71 |
|  |  | 106 |
|  |  |  |

[^2]Table 7. Geographic Distribution of Reported Smallpox Cases by Reporting Area TOGO, 1965 and $1966^{1}$

| Reporting Area |  | Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Region | Circumscription and Subdivision san | 1965 | 1966 |
| Region des Plateaux | Nuatja | 1 | 158 |
|  | Atakpame | - | 20 |
| Region Centrale | Niamtougou | 1 | 2 |
|  | Pagouda | - | 1 |
|  | Sokode | 2 | 1 |
| Region Maritime | Lome (excluding Lome(PA)) | 3 | 1 |
|  | Anecho Tabligbo | - | 3 |
| Lome ( PA) | - | - | 13 |
| Region des Savanes | Sansanne Mango | 3 | 1 |
|  | Total | 10 | 200 |

[^3]
# Table 6. Geographic Distribution of Reported Smallpox Cases by Reporting Area SIERRA LEONE, 1965 and $1966^{1}$ 

| Reporting Area | 1965 | 1966 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Eastern Province | 56 | 113 |
| Western Province <br> (excluding Freetown(PA) \& Bonthe(P)) | - | 27 |
| Northern Province | 3 | 127 |
| Lungi(Freetown Airport) | 1 | 16 |
| Southern Province | Total | - |
|  | 60 | $293^{*}$ |

[^4]-11-

Table 8. Geographic Distribution of Reported Smallpox Cases by Reporting Area UPPER VOLTA, 1965 and $1966^{1}$

| Reporting Area (Cercle) | 1965 | 1966 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |
| Bobo-Dioulasso | 0 | 40 |
| Nouna | 0 | 2 |
| Ouagadougou | 0 | 1 |
| Ouahigonya | 0 | 3 |
| Po | 2 | 3 |
| Kombissiri | 0 | 1 |
| Gaoua | 0 | 1 |
| Dori | 3 | 23 |
| Koudougou | 0 | 1 |
| Diebougou | 5 | 0 |
| Boromo | 1 | 0 |
|  | - |  |
|  |  | $11 *$ |

[^5]

Source: WHO Reports

Figure 1
Smallpox Cases by Week of Report Dahomey, 1966




Source: WHO Reports

Figure 3
Smallpox Cases by Date of Report Togo, 1966



[^0]:    1 Compiled from WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, 1965 and 1966.

    * Efforts are being made to account for the difference as reported in WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, Number 21, 27 May 1966.
    ** Includes Abomey-Calavi; includes Cove-Zagnanado.

[^1]:    1 Compiled from who Weekly Epidemiological Record, 1965 and 1966.

    * Efforts are being made to account for the difference as reported in WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, Number 21, 27 May 1966.

[^2]:    1 Compiled from WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record 1965 and 1966.

    * Efforts are being made to account for the difference as reported in WHO Epidemiological Record, Number 21, 27 May 1966.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Compiled from WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, 1965 and 1966.

[^4]:    1 Compiled from WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, 1965 and 1966.

    * An additional seven cases are reported but geographic distribution is not known.

[^5]:    1 Compiled from Who Weekly Epidemiological Record, 1965 and 1966.

    * Efforts are being made to account for the difference as reported in WHO Weekly Epidemiological Record, Number 21, 27 May 1966.

