

### **Overview**

Researchers examined the impact of work-related injuries on workers' wage and salary income and family net worth using data from the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth (1979 Cohort, N=12,686).

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#### See abstract:

http://bit.ly/20jSphe

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# Workplace Injuries Predict Long-

**KEY FINDINGS FROM RESEARCH** 

# Term Income Loss Economic consequences of workplace

Economic consequences of workplace injuries in the United States: Findings from the National Longitudinal Survey of Youth

Xiuwen Sue Dong, Xuanwen Wang, Julie A. Largay, and Rosemary Sokas. American Journal of Industrial Medicine, February 2016.

## **Key Findings**

- American workers who incurred an occupational injury between 1988 and 2000 severe enough to cause days away from work lost an average \$3,715 (in 2000 dollars) in annual income growth during the ten years post-injury, when compared with their non-injured counterparts.
- For workers who reported an occupational injury, but one that did not cause days away from work, the average annual income loss was about \$1,200 per year (in 2000 dollars).
- Striking income inequities existed among race/ethnicity, gender, educational attainment, and occupations; work-related injuries significantly exacerbate income disparities.
- Lost wages and disability following injury contributed to income loss for injured workers, but the loss was moderated by union membership.
- The long-term impact from workplace injury on family net worth was not significant.
- These findings are of special concern for the construction industry, which suffers from both an above-average occupational injury rate and below-average wage growth.

